# First Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **PREAMENDED**

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 23-0195.01 Brita Darling x2241

**HOUSE BILL 23-1110** 

#### **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

Michaelson Jenet and Hartsook, Jodeh

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Health & Insurance Appropriations

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING REQUIRING HEALTH-CARE COVERAGE FOR BIOMARKER 102 TESTING.

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://leg.colorado.gov">http://leg.colorado.gov</a>.)

The bill requires all individual and group health benefit plans to provide coverage for biomarker testing if the testing is supported by medical and scientific evidence. Biomarker testing is defined as an analysis of a patient's tissue, blood, or other biospecimen for the presence of an indicator of normal biological processes, pathogenic processes, or pharmacologic responses to a specific therapeutic intervention.

The bill requires the commissioner of insurance to implement biomarker testing coverage for all individual and group health benefit plans issued or renewed on or after January 1, 2025.

Biomarker testing is subject to the health benefit plan's annual deductibles, copayment, or coinsurance but is not subject to any annual or lifetime maximum benefit limit.

If a carrier requires prior authorization for biomarker testing, the bill requires the carrier to use an expedited prior authorization process.

Subject to federal authorization and federal financial participation, beginning July 1, 2024, the bill includes coverage for biomarker testing as part of the state medical assistance program if the testing is supported by medical and scientific evidence.

Under the state medical assistance program, the bill requires an expedited utilization review and prior authorization process, as well as an appeal process if biomarker testing is denied.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 10-16-104, add (26) 3 as follows: 4 10-16-104. Mandatory coverage provisions - definitions -5 rules. (26) Biomarker testing. (a) ALL INDIVIDUAL AND GROUP HEALTH 6 BENEFIT PLANS ISSUED OR RENEWED IN THIS STATE ON OR AFTER JANUARY 7 1, 2025, SHALL PROVIDE COVERAGE FOR BIOMARKER TESTING PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (26). 8 9 (b) COVERAGE MUST INCLUDE BIOMARKER TESTING FOR 10 DIAGNOSIS, TREATMENT, APPROPRIATE MANAGEMENT, OR ONGOING 11 MONITORING OF A COVERED PERSON'S DISEASE OR CONDITION WHEN THE 12 TEST IS SUPPORTED BY MEDICAL AND SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE, INCLUDING: 13 (I) LABELED INDICATIONS FOR AN FDA-APPROVED OR 14 FDA-CLEARED TEST; 15 (II) INDICATED TESTS FOR AN FDA-APPROVED DRUG; 16 (III) WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS ON FDA-APPROVED DRUG 17 LABELS;

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1	(IV) CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES NATIONAL
2	COVERAGE DETERMINATIONS OR MEDICARE ADMINISTRATIVE
3	CONTRACTOR LOCAL COVERAGE DETERMINATIONS; OR
4	(V) NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINES
5	AND CONSENSUS STATEMENTS.
6	(c) The coverage required by this subsection $(26)$ is subject
7	TO ANNUAL DEDUCTIBLES, COPAYMENTS, OR COINSURANCE
8	REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN BUT IS NOT SUBJECT TO
9	ANY ANNUAL OR LIFETIME MAXIMUM BENEFIT LIMIT.
10	(d) The coverage required by this subsection (26) must be
11	PROVIDED IN A MANNER THAT LIMITS UNREASONABLE DISRUPTIONS IN
12	CARE, INCLUDING LIMITING THE NEED FOR MULTIPLE BIOPSIES OR
13	BIOSPECIMEN SAMPLES.
14	(e) A CARRIER MAY REQUIRE PRIOR AUTHORIZATION FOR
15	BIOMARKER TESTING IN THE SAME MANNER THAT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION
16	IS REQUIRED FOR ANY OTHER COVERED BENEFIT AND CONSISTENT WITH
17	SECTION 10-16-112.5.
18	(f) The commissioner shall implement this subsection $(26)$
19	AND SHALL ADOPT RULES CONSISTENT WITH AND AS ARE NECESSARY TO
20	IMPLEMENT THIS SUBSECTION (26).
21	(g) As used in this subsection (26):
22	$(I) \ "BIOMARKER" MEANS A CHARACTERISTIC THAT IS OBJECTIVELY\\$
23	MEASURED AND EVALUATED AS AN INDICATOR OF NORMAL BIOLOGICAL
24	PROCESSES, PATHOGENIC PROCESSES, OR PHARMACOLOGIC RESPONSES TO
25	A SPECIFIC THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTION, INCLUDING KNOWN GENE-DRUG
26	INTERACTIONS FOR MEDICATIONS BEING CONSIDERED FOR USE OR
27	ALREADY BEING ADMINISTERED. "BIOMARKER" INCLUDES GENE

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1	MUTATIONS, CHARACTERISTICS OF GENES, OR PROTEIN EXPRESSION.
2	(II) "BIOMARKER TESTING" MEANS THE ANALYSIS OF A PATIENT'S
3	TISSUE, BLOOD, OR OTHER BIOSPECIMEN FOR THE PRESENCE OF A
4	BIOMARKER AND IS INCLUSIVE OF DIAGNOSTIC, MONITORING, PROGNOSTIC,
5	PHARMACOGENOMIC, AND PREDICTIVE TESTS. "BIOMARKER TESTING"
6	INCLUDES SINGLE-ANALYTE TESTS, MULTIPLEX PANEL TESTS, PROTEIN
7	EXPRESSION, AND WHOLE EXOME, WHOLE GENOME, AND WHOLE
8	TRANSCRIPTOME SEQUENCING. "BIOMARKER TESTING" DOES NOT INCLUDE
9	DIRECT-TO-CONSUMER GENETIC TESTS.
10	(III) "CONSENSUS STATEMENTS" MEANS STATEMENTS DEVELOPED
11	BY AN INDEPENDENT, MULTIDISCIPLINARY PANEL OF EXPERTS UTILIZING
12	A TRANSPARENT METHODOLOGY AND REPORTING STRUCTURE AND WITH
13	A CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY. CONSENSUS STATEMENTS ARE
14	DEVELOPED FOR SPECIFIC CLINICAL CIRCUMSTANCES AND ARE BASED ON
15	THE BEST AVAILABLE EVIDENCE FOR THE PURPOSE OF OPTIMIZING THE
16	OUTCOMES OF CLINICAL CARE.
17	(IV) "NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINES"
18	MEANS EVIDENCE-BASED CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINES DEVELOPED BY
19	INDEPENDENT ORGANIZATIONS OR MEDICAL PROFESSIONAL SOCIETIES
20	UTILIZING A TRANSPARENT METHODOLOGY AND REPORTING STRUCTURE
21	AND WITH A CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY. CLINICAL PRACTICE
22	GUIDELINES:
23	(A) ESTABLISH STANDARDS OF CARE INFORMED BY A SYSTEMATIC
24	REVIEW OF EVIDENCE AND AN ASSESSMENT OF THE BENEFITS AND RISKS OF
25	ALTERNATIVE CARE OPTIONS; AND
26	(B) INCLUDE RECOMMENDATIONS INTENDED TO OPTIMIZE PATIENT
27	CARE.

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1	(V) "URGENT HEALTH-CARE SERVICE" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS
2	SET FORTH IN SECTION 10-16-112.5 (7)(f).
3	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25.5-5-202, add
4	(1)(z) as follows:
5	25.5-5-202. Basic services for the categorically needy - optional
6	services. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2) of this section,
7	the following are services for which federal financial participation is
8	available and that Colorado has selected to provide as optional services
9	under the medical assistance program:
10	(z) BIOMARKER TESTING, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 25.5-5-334.
11	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25.5-5-334 as
12	follows:
13	25.5-5-334. Biomarker testing - federal authorization - prior
14	authorization - definitions. (1) As used in this section, unless the
15	CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
16	(a) "BIOMARKER" MEANS A CHARACTERISTIC THAT IS OBJECTIVELY
17	MEASURED AND EVALUATED AS AN INDICATOR OF NORMAL BIOLOGICAL
18	PROCESSES, PATHOGENIC PROCESSES, OR PHARMACOLOGIC RESPONSES TO
19	A SPECIFIC THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTION, INCLUDING KNOWN GENE-DRUG
20	INTERACTIONS FOR MEDICATIONS BEING CONSIDERED FOR USE OR
21	ALREADY BEING ADMINISTERED. "BIOMARKER" INCLUDES GENE
22	MUTATIONS, CHARACTERISTICS OF GENES, OR PROTEIN EXPRESSION.
23	(b) "BIOMARKER TESTING" MEANS THE ANALYSIS OF A PATIENT'S
24	TISSUE, BLOOD, OR OTHER BIOSPECIMEN FOR THE PRESENCE OF A
25	BIOMARKER AND IS INCLUSIVE OF DIAGNOSTIC, MONITORING, PROGNOSTIC,
26	PHARMACOGENOMIC, AND PREDICTIVE TESTS. "BIOMARKER TESTING"
27	INCLUDES SINGLE-ANALYTE TESTS, MULTIPLEX PANEL TESTS, PROTEIN

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1	EXPRESSION, AND WHOLE EXOME, WHOLE GENOME, AND WHOLE
2	TRANSCRIPTOME SEQUENCING. "BIOMARKER TESTING" DOES NOT INCLUDE
3	DIRECT-TO-CONSUMER GENETIC TESTS.
4	(c) "Consensus statements" means statements developed
5	BY AN INDEPENDENT, MULTIDISCIPLINARY PANEL OF EXPERTS UTILIZING
6	A TRANSPARENT METHODOLOGY AND REPORTING STRUCTURE AND WITH
7	A CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY. CONSENSUS STATEMENTS ARE
8	DEVELOPED FOR SPECIFIC CLINICAL CIRCUMSTANCES AND ARE BASED ON
9	THE BEST AVAILABLE EVIDENCE FOR THE PURPOSE OF OPTIMIZING THE
10	OUTCOMES OF CLINICAL CARE.
11	(d) "FDA" MEANS THE FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION IN THE
12	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES.
13	(e) "NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINES"
14	MEANS EVIDENCE-BASED CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINES DEVELOPED BY
15	INDEPENDENT ORGANIZATIONS OR MEDICAL PROFESSIONAL SOCIETIES
16	UTILIZING A TRANSPARENT METHODOLOGY AND REPORTING STRUCTURE
17	AND WITH A CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY. CLINICAL PRACTICE
18	GUIDELINES:
19	(I) ESTABLISH STANDARDS OF CARE INFORMED BY A SYSTEMATIC
20	REVIEW OF EVIDENCE AND AN ASSESSMENT OF THE BENEFITS AND RISKS OF
21	ALTERNATIVE CARE OPTIONS; AND
22	(II) INCLUDE RECOMMENDATIONS INTENDED TO OPTIMIZE PATIENT
23	CARE.
24	(f) "URGENT HEALTH-CARE SERVICE" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS
25	SET FORTH IN SECTION 10-16-112.5 (7)(f).
26	(2) SUBJECT TO FEDERAL AUTHORIZATION AND FEDERAL
27	FINANCIAL PARTICIPATION, ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 2024, THE MEDICAL

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2	IN SUBSECTIONS (3) AND (4) OF THIS SECTION.
3	(3) (a) COVERAGE MUST INCLUDE BIOMARKER TESTING FOR
4	DIAGNOSIS, TREATMENT, APPROPRIATE MANAGEMENT, OR ONGOING
5	MONITORING OF A RECIPIENT'S DISEASE OR CONDITION WHEN THE TEST IS
6	SUPPORTED BY MEDICAL AND SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE, INCLUDING:
7	(I) LABELED INDICATIONS FOR AN FDA-APPROVED OR
8	FDA-CLEARED TEST;
9	(II) INDICATED TESTS FOR AN FDA-APPROVED DRUG;
10	(III) WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS ON FDA-APPROVED DRUG
11	LABELS;
12	(IV) CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES NATIONAL
13	COVERAGE DETERMINATIONS OR MEDICARE ADMINISTRATIVE
14	CONTRACTOR LOCAL COVERAGE DETERMINATIONS; OR
15	(V) NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINES
16	AND CONSENSUS STATEMENTS.
17	(b) A MANAGED CARE ENTITY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 25.5-5-403,
18	THAT IS CONTRACTED WITH THE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM TO
19	DELIVER SERVICES SHALL PROVIDE BIOMARKER TESTING IN THE SAME
20	SCOPE, DURATION, AND FREQUENCY AS BIOMARKER TESTING IS PROVIDED
21	TO OTHER PERSONS ENROLLED IN THE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.
22	(4) The medical assistance program must not impose a
23	LIFETIME LIMIT ON BIOMARKER TESTING FOR A RECIPIENT.
24	(5) A RECIPIENT AND PROVIDER SHALL HAVE ACCESS TO A
25	CLEAR, READILY ACCESSIBLE, AND CONVENIENT PROCESS TO REQUEST AN
26	APPEAL IF BIOMARKER TESTING IS DENIED. THE PROCESS MUST BE READILY
27	ACCESSIBLE ONLINE TO ALL RECIPIENTS AND PROVIDERS.

ASSISTANCE PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE BIOMARKER TESTING AS SET FORTH

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- SECTION 4. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
- determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
- 3 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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