# **Second Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly** STATE OF COLORADO

# INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 22-0408.01 Jane Ritter x4342

**SENATE BILL 22-023** 

### SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Gonzales,

### HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Bacon and Gonzales-Gutierrez,

# **Senate Committees**

#### **House Committees**

Judiciary

101

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING **PROHIBITING** DECEPTIVE **TACTICS** DURING 102 INTERROGATION OF A JUVENILE.

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill prohibits a law enforcement officer or an agent who assists, cooperates with, or otherwise facilitates a custodial interrogation with a juvenile (law enforcement official) from using deception and false facts or beliefs (deception) to obtain a statement or admission from the juvenile. Any statement or admission obtained during the course of a juvenile custodial interrogation in which a law enforcement official knowingly uses deception is presumptively inadmissible against the juvenile in an evidentiary hearing unless the prosecution proves by clear and convincing evidence that the statement or admission was made voluntarily.

The bill requires law enforcement officials to electronically record all juvenile custodial interrogations.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 19-2.5-203.1 as 3 follows: 4 19-2.5-203.1. Interrogation of juveniles - prohibited tactics -5 definitions. (1) A STATEMENT OR ADMISSION OF A JUVENILE AND ANY 6 FRUITS MADE AS A RESULT OF THE JUVENILE'S CUSTODIAL INTERROGATION 7 BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIAL OR AGENT ARE PRESUMPTIVELY 8 INADMISSIBLE AGAINST THE JUVENILE AT ANY SUBSEQUENT JUDICIAL 9 PROCEEDING IF THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIAL OR AGENT KNOWINGLY 10 USES DECEPTION PRIOR TO OR DURING THE INTERROGATION, UNLESS THE 11 PROSECUTION ESTABLISHES AT AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING PRIOR TO TRIAL, 12 BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE AND BASED ON THE TOTALITY OF 13 THE CIRCUMSTANCES, THAT THE STATEMENT OR ADMISSION WAS MADE 14 VOLUNTARILY DESPITE THE DECEPTION. IN ASSESSING THE TOTALITY OF 15 THE CIRCUMSTANCES, THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER ALL EVIDENCE 16 PRESENTED CONCERNING THE VULNERABILITY OF THE JUVENILE TO ANY 17 DECEPTION USED DURING THE INTERROGATION. 18 (2) A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIAL OR AGENT SHALL 19 ELECTRONICALLY RECORD ALL JUVENILE INTERROGATIONS PURSUANT TO 20 SECTION 16-3-601 WITHOUT REGARD TO THE NATURE OF THE OFFENSE 21 THAT THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIAL OR AGENT REASONABLY BELIEVES 22 IS BEING INVESTIGATED.

-2- SB22-023

1	(3) As used in this section:
2	(a) "AGENT" MEANS AN ADULT WHO ASSISTS, COOPERATES WITH,
3	OR OTHERWISE FACILITATES THE CUSTODIAL INTERROGATION OF A
4	JUVENILE, INCLUDING AN ADULT WHO HOLDS A JUVENILE AT A SCHOOL OR
5	AT A SCHOOL-RELATED ACTIVITY FOR PURPOSES OF LAW ENFORCEMENT
6	APPREHENSION.
7	(b) "DECEPTION" MEANS TO KNOWINGLY COMMUNICATE ONE OR
8	MORE FALSE FACTS OR BELIEFS TO A JUVENILE WHO IS THE SUBJECT OF A
9	CUSTODIAL INTERROGATION. A FALSE FACT OR BELIEF MAY INCLUDE BUT
10	IS NOT LIMITED TO STATEMENTS REGARDING EVIDENCE OR UNAUTHORIZED
11	STATEMENTS REGARDING POTENTIAL LENIENCY BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT
12	OFFICIAL, PROSECUTOR, JUDGE, JUROR, OR ANY OTHER JUVENILE OFFICER.
13	SECTION 2. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
14	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
15	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

-3- SB22-023