Second Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 24-0219.01 Nicole Myers x4326

SENATE BILL 24-210

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

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Senate Committees State, Veterans, & Military Affairs **House Committees**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING MODIFICATIONS TO LAWS REGARDING ELECTIONS.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill modifies the "Uniform Election Code of 1992", the law regarding initiatives and referendums, and the "Fair Campaign Practices Act".

Elections generally. The bill specifies that the county clerk and recorder, as the chief election official for the county, sets the operational hours of the clerk and recorder's office.

Qualification and registration of electors. The bill changes the age at which an individual may preregister to vote from 16 to 15 years

old; repeals the authorization for a 17-year-old who is preregistered to vote as an 18-year-old in a general election from voting as a 17-year-old in a primary election or presidential primary election that precedes that general election.

Political party organization. The bill specifies that when a state senatorial district or state representative district is comprised of one or more whole counties or of a part of one county and all or a part of one or more other counties, a state senatorial central committee or a state representative central committee consists of the elected precinct committee persons, as well as the chairpersons, vice-chairpersons, and secretary of the several party county central committees, who reside within the state senatorial district or the state representative district.

Access to ballot by candidates. The bill specifies that the law prohibiting a candidate who was defeated in a primary election from participating in a general election does not apply to a candidate for president of the United States; makes the deadlines for a candidate to file a petition in a congressional vacancy election consistent with other deadlines; makes the general timeline for circulating petitions to get on the ballot applicable to presidential electors for unaffiliated presidential candidates; aligns the minor political party candidate petition calendar with the major political party candidate petition calendar; clarifies that an unaffiliated candidate for president of the United States is exempt from the requirement that a candidate be registered as unaffiliated with a political party in the statewide voter registration system prior to the general election; repeals the ability of a preregistrant to sign a petition to nominate a candidate for a primary election; requires a candidate or candidate committee, recall committee, or representative of a minority party petition to submit a paid circulator report, if applicable, to the secretary of state (secretary); and modifies the timing for a candidate to cure a nominating petition signature deficiency.

Notice and preparation of elections. The bill requires the secretary to administer a pilot program that allows the county clerk and recorder or designated election official (clerk) of a county with at least 10,000 but fewer than 37,500 active electors and with at least 3 cities or towns where the second and third largest cities or towns that are located entirely within the county both have less than 3% of the active electors in the county, to request a waiver of the requirement to designate 3 voter service and polling centers (VSPC) on election day and instead designate at least 2 VSPCs on election day; repeals an obsolete provision specifying data to be used to determine the number of students enrolled at an institution of higher education during the COVID-19 pandemic; specifies that for a general election, a county shall establish a drop box on each campus of an institution of higher education located within the county that has 1,000, rather than 2,000, or more enrolled students; clarifies that each clerk is required to ensure that primary election ballots are printed

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in accordance with existing law; repeals obsolete language regarding voting equipment and makes a necessary conforming amendment; updates several provisions regarding the use of voting systems to align with current practice; requires the secretary to approve or deny an application from a political subdivision to purchase a new electromechanical voting system within 30 days of receiving the application; modifies the standards for accessible voting systems to align with federal standards; and repeals obsolete language regarding direct recording electronic voting systems.

Election judges. The bill changes the deadline by which the county chairperson of each major political party in a county is required to certify to the clerk the names and addresses of registered electors recommended to serve as election judges in the county.

Conduct of elections. The bill allows a registered elector who will not have been a Colorado resident for at least 22 days immediately before a general election to cast a provisional ballot, which includes only a vote for president and vice president, in that election; extends the deadline for the secretary to adopt rules concerning the tabulation, reporting, and canvassing of results for a coordinated election using instant runoff voting conducted by multiple counties from January 1, 2025, to January 1, 2026; makes conforming amendments in connection with the repeal of a preregistrant's authorization to vote in a primary election; updates provisions regarding voting machines and the inspection of voting machines by election judges; repeals obsolete provisions regarding sample ballots, the seal on voting machines, the manner of voting by eligible electors, write-in ballots, and how voting system software is installed; clarifies that the secretary will conduct a random audit of voting devices only if a risk-limiting audit is not possible after an election; and extends the deadlines for the secretary to promulgate rules necessary to conduct risk limiting audits in an election using instant runoff voting and for a county to audit an election using instant runoff voting conducted as part of a coordinated election from January 1, 2025, to January 1, 2026.

Mail ballot elections. The bill allows a clerk to request a waiver from the secretary of state exempting the county from the remote location drop box ballot collection requirements and specifies alternative collection requirements if a waiver is granted; repeals obsolete provisions that direct clerks how to count ballots that are cast on electronic or electromechanical vote tabulating equipment; specifies the conditions under which an elector may request a replacement ballot from the clerk; and modifies the time by which an elector must request a replacement ballot from the clerk.

Recounts. The bill repeals obsolete provisions regarding recounts in nonpartisan local elections and clarifies who has standing to request a recount challenge.

Certificates of election and election contests. The bill repeals obsolete language regarding the election of precinct officers and

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duplicative language regarding the resolution of tie votes and specifies that a contest concerning a presidential elector must be filed with the supreme court no later than 24 days after the general election and specifies the deadline for the supreme court to rule on such a contest.

Recall elections. The bill modifies the deadline for filing a nomination petition for a candidate to succeed an officer who is sought to be recalled.

Initiative and referendum. The bill repeals an obsolete provision regarding filing a paid circulator report with the secretary and repeals obsolete language regarding the effective date of the bills enacted during the 2020 legislative session that included an act subject to petition clause.

Fair campaign practices. The bill prohibits a natural person who is not a citizen of the United States, a foreign government, or a foreign corporation from making a direct ballot issue or ballot question expenditure in connection with an election on a ballot issue or ballot question in the state; specifies that a candidate seeking reelection does not have to file an additional disclosure statement filed pursuant to current law if the incumbent has filed the annual report required by law within the last 30 days from which the incumbent becomes a candidate for reelection; clarifies that any person may file a complaint with the secretary of state about a candidate not complying with the disclosure statement requirements; and requires a candidate for specified offices to amend the disclosure statement when there is a substantial change of interests in connection with which the disclosure is required.

The bill modifies the public official disclosure requirements specified in the "Colorado Sunshine Act of 1972" to require that specified public officials file an annual disclosure statement with the secretary and to amend the disclosure statement when there is a substantial change of interests in connection with which the disclosure is required; requires specified public officials who are serving in office in the 2024 calendar year, but who have not filed an annual disclosure statement in the 2024 calendar year, to file a disclosure statement within a specified amount of time; requires the disclosure statements to be available on the secretary's website; repeals a provision that allows a public official to file an income tax return with the secretary in lieu of filing certain information required in the disclosure statement; allows any person who believes that a public official is not complying with the public official's disclosure requirements to file a complaint with a specified individual or entity as determined based on the office held by the public official and requires the secretary to notify the appropriate individual or entity if an official does not timely file the required annual disclosure statement; and requires an individual who receives a complaint to investigate the complaint using existing procedures.

In addition, the bill amends the "Colorado Open Records Act" to specify that if a clerk receives a request for records that are in active use,

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in storage, or otherwise not readily available, and the request is made during an election for which the clerk is the designated election official, the clerk may take additional time to fulfill the request under certain circumstances.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-1-110, add (3.5) 3 as follows: 4 1-1-110. Powers of county clerk and recorder and deputy -5 **communication to electors.** (3.5) AS THE CHIEF ELECTION OFFICIAL FOR 6 THE COUNTY, AND TO COMPLY WITH THIS CODE AND THE RULES AND 7 ORDERS PROMULGATED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE, THE COUNTY CLERK 8 AND RECORDER SHALL SET OPERATIONAL HOURS FOR THE CLERK AND 9 RECORDER'S OFFICE. 10 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-2-101, amend 11 (2)(a)(I); and **repeal** (2)(c) as follows: 12 1-2-101. Qualifications for registration - preregistration. 13 Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, upon (2) (a) (I) 14 satisfactory proof of age, every person who is otherwise qualified to 15 register and is sixteen FIFTEEN years of age or older but will not have 16 reached eighteen years of age by the date of the next election may 17 preregister and update his or her THE PERSON'S preregistered information 18 by any means authorized in this article for persons eighteen years of age 19 or older. Upon reaching eighteen years of age, the person is automatically 20 registered. 21 (c) A person preregistered under this subsection (2) who is 22 seventeen years of age on the date of a primary election or presidential 23 primary election and who will be eighteen years of age on the date of the

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1	next general election is entitled to vote in the primary election or
2	presidential primary election.
3	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-2-202.5, amend
4	(3)(a)(I) as follows:
5	1-2-202.5. Online voter registration - online changes in elector
6	information. (3) The electronic voter registration form must include:
7	(a) (I) The questions "Are you a citizen of the United States of
8	America?", "Are you at least sixteen FIFTEEN years of age?", "Do you
9	understand that you must be at least seventeen years old and turning
10	eighteen years old on or before the date of the next general election to be
11	eligible to vote in a primary election, and at least eighteen years old to be
12	eligible to vote in any other election?", "Have you resided in Colorado for
13	at least twenty-two days immediately prior to the election?","Do you
14	reside in the precinct in which you intend to register?", "Is the address
15	you have listed your sole legal place of residence for purposes of
16	voting?", and "Do you affirm that you will not cast more than one ballot
17	in any election?" and places for the elector to input answers to the
18	questions.
19	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-2-205, amend (2)
20	as follows:
21	1-2-205. Self-affirmation made by elector. (2) Each elector
22	making application for registration or preregistration shall make the
23	following self-affirmation: "I,, affirm that I am a citizen of the United
24	States; I have been a resident of Colorado for at least twenty-two days
25	immediately before an election I intend to vote in; I am at least sixteen
26	FIFTEEN years old; and I understand that I must be at least eighteen to be
27	eligible to vote in any election. I further affirm that the residence address

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1 I provided is my sole legal place of residence. I certify under penalty of 2 perjury that the information I have provided on this application is true to 3 the best of my knowledge and belief; and that I have not, nor will I, cast 4 more than one ballot in any election." 5 **SECTION 5.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-2-402, amend (3) 6 as follows: 7 1-2-402. Registration by high school deputy registrars - rules. 8 (3) A high school deputy registrar may have available an official 9 application form for voter registration for each student who is eighteen 10 years of age or who will be eighteen years of age at the time of the next 11 election. A high school deputy registrar may have available an official 12 application form for preregistration for each student who is sixteen 13 FIFTEEN years of age. 14 **SECTION 6.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-3-103, amend 15 (5)(a) and (6)(a) as follows: 16 **1-3-103.** Party committees. (5) (a) When a state senatorial 17 district is comprised of one or more whole counties or of a part of one 18 county and all or a part of one or more other counties, a state senatorial 19 central committee shall consist of THE ELECTED PRECINCT COMMITTEE 20 PERSONS, the chairpersons, vice-chairpersons, and secretary of the several 21 party county central committees, who reside within the state senatorial 22 district. If any of those officers do not reside in the state senatorial 23 district, replacements shall be provided who do reside in the district. The 24 state senatorial central committee shall also include the elected state 25 senator of the party for the state senatorial district, the state 26 representatives of the party who reside within the state senatorial district, 27 and a chairperson, vice-chairperson, and secretary of the state senatorial

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central committee, who may or may not be elected from among, but shall be elected by, the chairpersons, vice-chairpersons, and secretary, the state senator, and the state representatives.

(6) (a) When a state representative district is comprised of one or more whole counties or of a part of one county and all or a part of one or more other counties, a state representative central committee shall consist of THE ELECTED PRECINCT COMMITTEE PERSONS, the chairpersons, vice-chairpersons, and secretary of the several party county central committees, who reside within the state representative district. If any of those officers do not reside in the state representative district, replacements shall be provided who do reside in the district. The state representative central committee shall also include the elected state representative of the party for the state representative district, each state senator of the party who resides within that representative district, and a chairperson, vice-chairperson, and secretary of the state representative central committee, who may or may not be elected from among, but shall be elected by, the chairpersons, vice-chairpersons, and secretary, the state representative, and the state senators.

SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 1-4-105 as follows:

1-4-105. Defeated candidate ineligible. No person who has been defeated as a candidate in a primary election shall be eligible for election to the same office by ballot or as a write-in candidate in the next general election unless the party vacancy committee nominates that person; EXCEPT THAT THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-403, amend (2)

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1	as follows:
2	1-4-403. Nomination of unaffiliated candidates for
3	congressional vacancy election. (2) Petitions must be filed by 3 p.m.
4	THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS on the twentieth day after the date of the order
5	issued by the governor.
6	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-802, amend
7	(1)(d), (1)(f), and (1)(g)(II) as follows:
8	1-4-802. Petitions for nominating minor political party and
9	unaffiliated candidates for a partisan office. (1) Candidates for
10	partisan public offices to be filled at a general or congressional vacancy
11	election who do not wish to affiliate with a major political party may be
12	nominated, other than by a primary election or a convention, in the
13	following manner:
14	(d) (I) No petition to nominate an unaffiliated candidate, except
15	petitions for candidates for vacancies to unexpired terms of
16	representatives in congress, and for presidential electors, shall be
17	circulated or any signatures obtained thereon earlier than one hundred
18	seventy-three days before the general election.
19	(II) No petition to nominate a minor political party candidate shall
20	be circulated nor any signatures obtained thereon earlier than the first
21	Monday in February BUSINESS DAY IN JANUARY in the general election
22	year.
23	(f) (I) Except as provided by subparagraph (II) of this paragraph
24	(f) IN SUBSECTION (1)(f)(II) OF THIS SECTION, petitions shall MUST be filed
25	no later than 3 p.m. THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS on the one hundred
26	seventeenth day before the general election or, for a congressional
27	vacancy election, no later than 3 p.m. THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS on the

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twentieth day after the date of the order issued by the governor.

(II) Petitions to nominate candidates of minor political parties
must be filed no later than the close of business on the eighty-fifth day
before the primary election as specified in section 1-4-101 THIRD
TUESDAY IN MARCH OR ON THE SEVENTY-FIFTH DAY AFTER THE FIRST
BUSINESS DAY IN JANUARY, WHICHEVER IS LATER.

(g) (II) For general elections, no person shall be placed in nomination by petition unless the person is an eligible elector of the political subdivision or district in which the officer is to be elected and unless the person was registered as affiliated with a minor political party or as unaffiliated, as shown in the statewide voter registration system, no later than the first business day of the January immediately preceding the general election for which the person desires to be placed in nomination; except that, if such nomination is for a nonpartisan election, the person shall be an eligible elector of the political subdivision or district and be a registered elector, as shown in the statewide voter registration system, on the date of the earliest signature on the petition. This section does not apply to candidates seeking the office of president of the United States.

SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **repeal** 1-4-806 as follows:

1-4-806. Preregistrants eligible to sign petitions. A preregistrant who is eligible to vote in a primary election under section 1-2-101 (2)(c) is eligible to sign a petition under this part 8 to nominate a candidate for the primary election or for the next general election.

SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **add** 1-4-905.7 as follows:

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1	1-4-905.7. Expenditures related to petition circulation - report
2	- penalty - definitions. (1) As used in this section, unless the
3	CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
4	(a) "Expenditure" means a payment to a circulator.
5	(b) "False address" means a street address, post office
6	BOX, CITY, STATE, OR ANY OTHER DESIGNATION OF PLACE USED IN A
7	CIRCULATOR'S AFFIDAVIT THAT DOES NOT REPRESENT THE CIRCULATOR'S
8	CORRECT ADDRESS OF PERMANENT DOMICILE AT THE TIME THE
9	CIRCULATOR CIRCULATED PETITIONS. "FALSE ADDRESS" DOES NOT
10	INCLUDE AN ADDRESS THAT MERELY OMITS THE DESIGNATION OF
11	"STREET", "AVENUE", "BOULEVARD", OR ANY COMPARABLE TERM BUT
12	DOES INCLUDE THE OMISSION OF THE APARTMENT OR UNIT NUMBER,
13	WHERE APPLICABLE, OF THE PLACE OF RESIDENCE.
14	(c) "REPORT" MEANS THE REPORT REQUIRED TO BE FILED
15	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION.
16	(2) NO LATER THAN TEN DAYS AFTER THE DATE THAT A
17	CANDIDATE, RECALL, OR MINOR PARTY PETITION IS FILED WITH THE
18	SECRETARY OF STATE, THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE,
19	RECALL COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION
20	MUST SUBMIT TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE A REPORT THAT STATES THE
21	DATES OF CIRCULATION BY ALL CIRCULATORS WHO WERE PAID TO
22	CIRCULATE A SECTION OF THE PETITION, THE TOTAL HOURS FOR WHICH
23	EACH CIRCULATOR WAS PAID TO CIRCULATE A SECTION OF THE PETITION,
24	THE GROSS AMOUNT OF WAGES PAID FOR SUCH HOURS, AND ANY
25	ADDRESSES USED BY CIRCULATORS ON THEIR AFFIDAVITS THAT THE
26	CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL COMMITTEE, OR
27	REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION, OR THEIR AGENTS,

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HAVE DETERMINED, PRIOR TO PETITION FILING, TO BE FALSE ADDRESSES.

(3) (a) WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE DATE THE REPORT IS FILED, A REGISTERED ELECTOR MAY FILE A COMPLAINT ALLEGING A VIOLATION OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE REPORT SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION. THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION COMMITTEE MAY CURE THE ALLEGED VIOLATION BY ADDITIONALLY FILING A REPORT OR AN ADDENDUM TO THE ORIGINAL REPORT WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE DATE THE COMPLAINT IS FILED. IF THE VIOLATION IS NOT CURED, A HEARING OFFICER SHALL CONDUCT A HEARING ON THE COMPLAINT WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF THE ADDITIONAL FILING OR THE DEADLINE FOR THE ADDITIONAL FILING, WHICHEVER IS SOONER.

- (b) (I) AFTER A HEARING IS HELD, IF THE HEARING OFFICER DETERMINES THAT THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION INTENTIONALLY VIOLATED THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION, THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION SHALL BE SUBJECT TO A PENALTY THAT IS EQUAL TO THREE TIMES THE AMOUNT OF ANY EXPENDITURES THAT WERE OMITTED FROM OR ERRONEOUSLY INCLUDED IN THE REPORT.
- (II) IF THE HEARING OFFICER DETERMINES THAT THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION INTENTIONALLY MISSTATED A MATERIAL FACT IN THE REPORT OR OMITTED A MATERIAL FACT FROM THE REPORT, OR IF THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL COMMITTEE, OR

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1	$REPRESENTATIVES\ OF\ THE\ MINOR\ PARTY\ PETITION\ NEVER\ FILED\ A\ REPORT,$
2	THE REGISTERED ELECTOR WHO INSTITUTED THE PROCEEDINGS MAY
3	COMMENCE A CIVIL ACTION TO RECOVER REASONABLE ATTORNEY FEES
4	AND COSTS FROM THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE COMMITTEE, RECALL
5	COMMITTEE, OR REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINOR PARTY PETITION.
6	(c) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, ANY
7	PROCEDURES RELATED TO A COMPLAINT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY THE
8	"STATE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT", ARTICLE 4 OF TITLE 24.
9	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-4-908, amend
10	(1.5)(b)(I) and $(1.5)(b)(II)$ as follows:
11	1-4-908. Review of petition - signature verification -
12	notification - cure - rules. (1.5) (b) (I) If it is determined that the
13	signature on the petition does not match the signature of the eligible
14	elector stored in the statewide voter registration database, or if a signature
15	verification device is unable to determine that the signatures match, a
16	second review shall be made by an employee of the secretary of state's
17	office or a designee trained in signature verification. If the employee or
18	designee agrees that the signatures do not match, the secretary of state
19	shall within three days of determining the signature deficiency, notify the
20	candidate of such deficiency.
21	(II) To cure a signature that failed the signature verification
22	process described in subsection (1.5)(b)(I) of this section, a candidate
23	must provide the secretary of state with a statement, signed by the elector
24	whose signature failed the verification process, that states substantially
25	that the elector signed the petition. The statement must be accompanied
26	by a copy of the elector's identification, as defined in section 1-1-104
27	(19.5). The secretary of state shall prescribe the form for the statement.

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1	To cure the signature deficiency, the candidate must return the statement
2	and a copy of the elector's identification to the secretary of state within
3	three FIVE days of the date the secretary notifies the candidate of the
4	signature deficiency.
5	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-102.9, amend
6	(1)(a)(III) introductory portion and (5)(b); repeal (1)(b.5)(V)(B); and add
7	(1)(a)(V) as follows:
8	1-5-102.9. Voter service and polling centers - number required
9	- services provided - drop-off locations - definition. (1) (a) For general
10	elections, each county clerk and recorder shall designate a minimum
11	number of voter service and polling centers, as follows:
12	(III) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION $(1)(a)(V)$
13	OF THIS SECTION, for counties with at least ten thousand but fewer than
14	thirty-seven thousand five hundred active electors:
15	(V) THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL DEVELOP AND ADMINISTER
16	a pilot program for elections conducted on or after July 1, 2024,
17	BUT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2027, THAT ALLOWS THE COUNTY CLERK AND
18	RECORDER OR DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL OF A COUNTY THAT HAS AT
19	LEAST TEN THOUSAND BUT FEWER THAN THIRTY-SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE
20	HUNDRED ACTIVE ELECTORS, THAT HAS AT LEAST THREE MUNICIPALITIES,
21	AND IN WHICH THE SECOND AND THIRD LARGEST MUNICIPALITIES THAT
22	ARE LOCATED ENTIRELY WITHIN THE COUNTY BOTH HAVE LESS THAN
23	THREE PERCENT OF THE ACTIVE ELECTORS IN THE COUNTY, TO REQUEST A
24	WAIVER OF THE REQUIREMENT TO DESIGNATE A MINIMUM OF THREE VOTER
25	SERVICE AND POLLING CENTERS ON ELECTION DAY PURSUANT TO
26	SUBSECTION (1)(a)(III) OF THIS SECTION. IF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
27	ALLOWS A WAIVER PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION $(1)(a)(V)$, THE COUNTY

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1	THAT REQUESTED THE WAIVER IS REQUIRED TO DESIGNATE A MINIMUM OF
2	TWO VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTERS ON ELECTION DAY. THE
3	SECRETARY OF STATE MAY ALLOW A WAIVER PURSUANT TO THIS
4	SUBSECTION (1)(a)(V) TO ONLY ONE COUNTY DURING THE PILOT
5	PROGRAM.
6	(b.5) (V) (B) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(b.5)(V)(A) of this
7	section, due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, for any election
8	for which the number of enrolled students would be based on data from
9	the fall semester of 2020, the secretary of state shall use data for the fall
10	semester of 2019 instead of data from the fall semester of 2020 to
11	determine the number of enrolled students for purposes of subsection
12	(1)(b.5)(I) of this section. The department of higher education shall
13	provide the data for the fall semester of 2019 to the secretary of state on
14	or before October 1, 2021.
15	(5) (b) For a general election, in addition to the requirements of
16	subsection (5)(a) of this section, a county shall establish a drop box on
17	each campus of a state AN institution of higher education, AS DEFINED IN
18	SECTION 23-3.1-102 (5), located within the county that has two ONE
19	thousand or more enrolled students as determined in accordance with
20	subsection (1)(b.5)(III) of this section.
21	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-402, amend (1)
22	introductory portion and (1)(a) as follows:
23	1-5-402. Primary election ballots. (1) No later than thirty-two
24	days before the primary election, the county clerk and recorder shall
25	prepare a separate ballot for each political party. The COUNTY CLERK AND
26	RECORDER SHALL ENSURE THAT THE ballots shall be ARE printed in the
27	following manner:

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1	(a) THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER SHALL ENSURE THAT all
2	official ballots shall be ARE printed according to the provisions of
3	sections 1-5-407 and 1-5-408 SECTION 1-5-407; except that across the top
4	of each ballot shall MUST be printed the name of the political party for
5	which the ballot is to be used.
6	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-5-408 as
7	follows:
8	1-5-408. Form of ballots - electronic voting. (1) Ballot cards
9	placed upon voting equipment shall, so far as practicable, be arranged as
10	provided by sections 1-5-402, 1-5-403, and 1-5-404; except that they shall
11	be of the size and design required by the voting equipment and may be
12	printed on a number of separate ballot cards that are placed on the voting
13	equipment.
14	(2) If votes are recorded on a ballot card, a separate write-in ballot
15	may be provided, which may be in the form of a paper ballot or envelope
16	on which the elector may write in the title of the office and the name of
17	a qualified write-in candidate.
18	(3) Polling locations that use electromechanical voting systems
19	may use ballot cards of different colors to ensure that electors receive a
20	full ballot. Such polling locations may also use ballot cards of different
21	colors for each party at primary elections.
22	(4) Repealed.
23	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-5-610 as
24	follows:
25	1-5-610. Preparation for use - electromechanical voting.
26	(1) Prior to an election in which an electronic ELECTROMECHANICAL
27	voting system is to be used, the designated election official shall have all

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system components prepared for voting and shall inspect and determine that each vote recorder or voting device COMPONENT is in proper working order. The designated election official shall cause a sufficient number of recorders or devices SYSTEM COMPONENTS to be delivered to each election precinct VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER in which an electronic ELECTROMECHANICAL voting system is to be used.

(2) The designated election official shall supply each election precinct VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER in which vote recorders or voting devices ELECTROMECHANICAL VOTING SYSTEMS are to be used with a sufficient number of ballots, ballot cards, sample ballots, AND ballot boxes, and write-in ballots and with such other supplies and forms as may be required. Each ballot or ballot card shall have a serially numbered stub attached, which shall be removed by an election judge before the ballot or ballot card is deposited in the ballot box.

SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-617, **amend** (4) as follows:

1-5-617. Examination - testing - certification. (4) Within thirty days after deciding to certify an electronic or electromechanical voting system, the secretary of state shall make a report on the system containing a description of the system and its operation. with drawings or photographs showing the system. The secretary of state shall send a notice of certification and a copy of the report to the voting system provider that submitted the system for certification. The secretary of state shall notify the governing bodies of the political subdivisions of the state of the certification and make the notice of certification and report available to them upon request.

SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **repeal** 1-5-620 as

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10110WS:	fol	lows:
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2	1-5-620. Electromechanical voting system information -
3	software. When a political subdivision purchases or adopts an electronic
4	or electromechanical voting system, the vendor of the system shall send
5	to the secretary of state copies of the software user and operator manuals,
6	and any other information, specifications, or documentation required by
7	the secretary of state relating to a certified system and its equipment. Any
8	such information or materials that are not on file with and approved by
9	the secretary of state, including any updated or modified materials, shall
10	not be used in an election.
11	SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-623, amend (3);
12	and repeal (1) and (2) as follows:
13	1-5-623. Purchase of new electromechanical voting systems -
14	approval of secretary of state - rules. (1) (a) The general assembly
15	hereby finds and declares that, over the past decade, voting technology
16	used in the state has undergone dramatic changes, creating confusion and
17	difficulties for election administrators, state government, and the voting
18	public. Efforts to address this confusion have been complicated by the
19	timing of periodic substantial investments in voting technology by county
20	governments necessitated by changes in federal and state law.
21	(b) Now, therefore, by enacting this section, the general assembly
22	intends that:
23	(I) Between May 15, 2009, and the 2014 general election, any
24	voting system purchased by a political subdivision shall be a paper-based
25	voting system as defined in section 1-1-104 (23.5);
26	(II) The acquisition of electronic voting systems be suspended in

order to assess existing and emerging voting technologies; and

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(III) Substantial investment by political subdivisions before the 2014 general election in alternate technologies that will frustrate the intent of the general assembly as specified in paragraph (a) of this subsection (1) is discouraged and disfavored.

- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part 6, any existing electronic voting device or any related component of the device that was used by a political subdivision in conducting the 2008 general election may continue to be used by the political subdivision on and after May 15, 2009, as long as the device or component is used in accordance with either the conditions of use under which the device or component was originally certified for the 2008 general election or in accordance with alternate conditions of use established by the secretary of state.
- (3) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, on and after May 15, 2009, No political subdivision may purchase a new electronic ELECTROMECHANICAL voting device or system or any related component of such device or system without obtaining the prior approval of the secretary of state for such purchase. in accordance with the requirements of this subsection (3).
- (b) Subject to the requirements of paragraph (a) of this subsection (3) SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION, if a political subdivision desires to purchase a new electronic ELECTROMECHANICAL voting device or system or any related component of such device or AN ELECTROMECHANICAL VOTING system, the political subdivision shall submit a written application to the secretary of state for approval of the purchase. The application POLITICAL SUBDIVISION shall be made APPLY by means of any forms or procedures established by the secretary. Within three business days of receiving the application, the secretary shall grant

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of deliy the application. In reviewing the application, the secretary sham
consider, among other relevant factors, the total effect of the purchase at
issue in light of other purchases by the political subdivision on voting
systems or components of such systems on or after May 15, 2009, and the
needs of the political subdivision. In making the determination, the
secretary shall prevent political subdivisions from making substantial
investments in alternate technologies that will frustrate the intent of the
general assembly as specified in subsection (1) of this section and shall
consider, among other relevant factors: THE SECRETARY SHALL APPROVE
OR DENY THE APPLICATION IN WRITING WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF RECEIVING
THE APPLICATION.
(I) Whether the purchase is intended to replace damaged or
defective equipment or to accommodate an increase in population in the
political subdivision;
(II) Whether the purchase requires a new contract or agreement
that would be entered into by the political subdivision and one or more
vendors; and
(III) A comparison of the purchase under review with the average
capital expenditures by the political subdivision on the administration of
elections on an annual basis for the four consecutive years prior to the
year in which the application is submitted in order to discourage an
investment in technology with a limited useful life in accordance with the
intent of the general assembly as specified in subsection (1) of this
section.
SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-5-704, amend (1)
introductory portion and (1)(h) as follows:

1-5-704. Standards for accessible voting systems.

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1	(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article ARTICLE 5, each
2	voting system certified by the secretary of state for use in local, state, and
3	federal elections shall MUST have the capability to accept accessible voter
4	interface devices in the voting system configuration to allow the voting
5	system to meet the following minimum standards:
6	(h) For voice signals transmitted to the elector, the voting system
7	shall provide a gain HAVE AN adjustable up to a minimum of twenty
8	decibels with at least one intermediate step of twelve decibels AUDIO
9	VOLUME THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS USED IN COLORADO FOR
10	CERTIFICATION OF A VOTING SYSTEM.
11	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-5-705 as
12	follows:
13	1-5-705. Accessible voter interface devices - minimum
14	requirement. A voting system must include at least one direct recording
15	electronic voting system specially equipped for individuals with
16	disabilities or other accessible voter interface device installed at each
17	polling location that meets the requirements of this section PART 7.
18	SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-6-103, amend
19	(1)(a) and (2) as follows:
20	1-6-103. Recommendations by county chairperson. (1) (a) No
21	later than the last FIRST Tuesday of April in even-numbered years, the
22	county chairperson of each major political party in the county shall certify
23	to the county clerk and recorder the names and addresses of registered
24	electors recommended to serve as election judges for FROM each precinct
25	in the county.
26	(2) The county chairperson, or, if there is no county chairperson,
27	the committeepersons who submitted the list of registered electors in

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1	accordance with section 1-6-102 (2) shall designate the order of
2	preference of the names of the registered electors recommended to serve
3	as election judges. for each precinct The county clerk and recorder shall
4	select election judges from each precinct list in the county chairperson's,
5	or, if there is no county chairperson, the committeeperson's, order of
6	preference.
7	SECTION 23. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-110, add (6) as
8	follows:
9	1-7-110. Preparing to vote in person. (6) A REGISTERED
10	ELECTOR WHO WILL NOT HAVE BEEN A COLORADO RESIDENT FOR AT LEAST
11	TWENTY-TWO DAYS IMMEDIATELY BEFORE A GENERAL ELECTION MAY
12	Cast a provisional ballot, in accordance with article 8.5 of this
13	TITLE 1, THAT INCLUDES ONLY A VOTE FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE
14	PRESIDENT IN THAT GENERAL ELECTION.
15	SECTION 24. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-118, amend (5)
16	as follows:
17	1-7-118. Ranked voting in a coordinated election - procedure
18	- costs - definition. (5) On or before April 1, 2023, the secretary of state
19	shall adopt rules concerning the tabulation, reporting, and canvassing of
20	results for a coordinated election using instant runoff voting conducted
21	by a single county. On or before January 1, 2025 JANUARY 1, 2026, the
22	rules must include provisions for an instant runoff voting election
23	conducted by multiple counties.
24	SECTION 25. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-201, amend (1)
25	and (2.3) as follows:
26	1-7-201. Voting at primary election. (1) Any registered elector
27	including a preregistrant who is eligible under section 1-2-101 (2)(c), who

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has declared an affiliation with a political party that is participating in a primary election and who desires to vote for candidates of that party at a primary election shall show identification, as defined in section 1-1-104 (19.5), write his or her THE REGISTERED ELECTOR'S name and address on a form available at the voter service and polling center, and give the form to one of the election judges.

(2.3) An eligible unaffiliated elector including a preregistrant who is eligible under section 1-2-101 (2)(c), is entitled to vote in the primary election of a major political party without affiliating with that political party. To vote in a political party's primary election without declaring an affiliation with the political party, any eligible unaffiliated elector shall declare to the election judges the name of the political party in whose primary election the elector wishes to vote. Thereupon, the election judges shall deliver the appropriate party ballot to the elector. In addition, any eligible unaffiliated elector may openly declare to the election judges the name of the political party with which the elector wishes to affiliate and complete the necessary forms. An eligible elector must separately date and sign or date and initial a declaration of affiliation with a political party form in such manner that the elector clearly acknowledges that the affiliation has been properly recorded. Thereupon, the election judges shall deliver the appropriate party ballot to the eligible elector.

SECTION 26. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **amend** 1-7-401 as follows:

1-7-401. Judges to inspect machines. In each polling location using voting machines VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER, the election judges shall meet at the polling location before the time set for the opening of the polls at each election. Before the polls are open for

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1	election, each judge shall VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER ON EACH
2	DAY OF VOTING AT THAT LOCATION. THE JUDGES SHALL carefully examine
3	each machine ELECTROMECHANICAL VOTING SYSTEM COMPONENT AND
4	BALLOT BOX used in the polling location VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING
5	CENTER to ensure that no vote SEAL has yet been east BROKEN. and that
6	every counter, except the protective counter, registers zero.
7	SECTION 27. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-402 as
8	follows:
9	1-7-402. Sample ballots - ballot labels. (1) The designated
10	election official shall provide each polling location in which voting
11	machines are to be used with two sample ballots, which shall be arranged
12	in the form of a diagram showing the front of the voting machine as it
13	will appear after the official ballot labels are arranged thereon for voting
14	on election day. The sample ballots may be either in full or reduced size
15	and shall be delivered and submitted for public inspection in the same
16	manner as provided by law for sample ballots used in nonmachine voting.
17	(2) The designated election official shall also prepare the official
18	ballot for each voting machine and shall place the official ballot on each
19	voting machine to be used in polling locations under the election official's
20	supervision and shall deliver the required number of voting machines to
21	each polling location no later than the day before the polling locations
22	open.
23	SECTION 28. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-405 as
24	follows:
25	1-7-405. Seal on voting machine. The designated election official
26	shall supply each election precinct with a seal for each voting machine to
27	be used in the precinct for the purpose of sealing the machine after the

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1	polls are closed. The designated election official shall also provide an
2	envelope for the return of the keys to each voting machine along with the
3	election returns.
4	SECTION 29. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-406 as
5	follows:
6	1-7-406. Close of polls and count - seals. As soon as the polls are
7	closed on election day, the election judges shall immediately lock and seal
8	each voting machine against further voting, and it shall so remain for a
9	period of thirty days unless otherwise ordered by the court and except as
10	provided in section 1-7-407. Immediately after each machine is locked
11	and sealed, the election judges shall open the counting compartment and
12	proceed to count the votes. After the total vote for each candidate and
13	ballot issue has been ascertained, the election judges shall record on a
14	certificate the number of votes cast, in numerical figures only, and return
15	it to the designated election official.
16	SECTION 30. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-407 as
17	follows:
18	1-7-407. Close of polls - primary. In the event no election contest
19	is filed by any candidate in a primary election within the time prescribed
20	by section 1-11-203, the county clerk and recorder may unlock and break
21	the seals of voting machines at any time after the fifteenth day following
22	the date of the primary election.
23	SECTION 31. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-7-503 as
24	follows:
25	1-7-503. Manner of voting. (1) Each eligible elector, upon
26	receiving a ballot, shall immediately proceed unaccompanied to one of
27	the voting booths provided. To cast a vote, the eligible elector shall

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clearly fill the oval, connect the arrow, or otherwise appropriately mark the name of the candidate or the names of the joint candidates of the elector's choice for each office to be filled. In the case of a ballot issue, the elector shall clearly fill the oval, connect the arrow, or otherwise appropriately mark the appropriate place opposite the answer that the elector desires to give. Before leaving the voting booth, the eligible elector, without displaying the marks thereon, shall place the ballot in the privacy envelope so that the contents of the ballot or ballot card in the ballot box.

- (2) Each eligible elector who has prepared the ballot and is ready to vote shall then leave the voting booth and approach the election judges having charge of the ballot box. The eligible elector shall give his or her name to one of the election judges. The elector shall, in full view of the election judges, deposit the ballot or ballot card in the ballot box, with the official endorsement on the ballot or ballot card facing upward.
- (3) In precincts which use electronic voting equipment in which voting is by a method other than a ballot, each voter shall be listed by name in the pollbook and shall be given an entry card to the electronic voting device.
- (4) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (1) or (2) of this section to the contrary, at a polling location at which a ballot marking device, as defined in section 1-5-702 (2.5), is available for accessible voting, the election judge in charge of the ballot box shall deposit every elector's ballot card in the ballot box.

SECTION 32. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **repeal** 1-7-505 as follows:

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1	1-7-505. Close of polls - security of voting machinery. (1) After
2	the polls have been closed, the election judges shall secure the vote
3	recorders or the voting devices, or both, against further use.
4	(2) and (3) Repealed.
5	SECTION 33. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-507, repeal (5)
6	as follows:
7	1-7-507. Electronic vote-counting - procedure. (5) Write-in
8	ballots may be counted by the election judges or at the counting centers.
9	SECTION 34. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-512, amend
10	(1)(a) and (1)(b) as follows:
11	1-7-512. Voting system providers - duties. (1) A voting system
12	provider under contract to provide a voting system to a political
13	subdivision in this state shall:
14	(a) Notify COORDINATE WITH the secretary of state of TO SUPPORT
15	the installation of any hardware, firmware, or software prior to the
16	installation or of any change in the election software or the IN ANY
17	COMPONENT OF THE voting system;
18	(b) Place in escrow with the secretary of state or an independent
19	escrow agent approved by the secretary of state immediately after the
20	installation of election software, one copy of the state certified election
21	software that was installed in each political subdivision, along with
22	supporting documentation;
23	SECTION 35. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-514, amend
24	(1)(a)(I); and add (6) as follows:
25	1-7-514. Random audit. (1) (a) (I) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE
26	PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (6) OF THIS SECTION, following each primary,
27	general, coordinated, or congressional district vacancy election, the

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secretary of state shall publicly initiate a manual random audit to be conducted by each county. Unless the secretary approves an alternative method for a particular county that is based on a proven statistical sampling plan and will achieve a higher level of statistical confidence, the secretary shall randomly select not less than five percent of the voting devices used in each county to be audited; except that, where a central count voting device is in use in the county, the rules promulgated by the secretary pursuant to subsection (5) of this section shall require an audit of a specified percentage of ballots counted within the county.

- (6) This section applies only if the secretary of state determines that a risk-limiting audit, as described in section 1-7-515, cannot be performed.
- SECTION 36. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7-515, amend (4)(b) as follows:
 - 1-7-515. Risk-limiting audits rules legislative declaration definitions. (4) (b) (I) On or before January 1, 2025 JANUARY 1, 2026, the secretary of state shall promulgate rules in accordance with article 4 of title 24 as necessary to conduct risk limiting audits in an election using instant runoff voting. In connection with the promulgation of the rules, the secretary shall consult recognized statistical experts, equipment vendors, and county clerk and recorders, and shall consider best practices for conducting risk-limiting audits. The secretary of state may consult with additional auditing experts.
 - (II) A county shall audit an election using instant runoff voting conducted as part of a coordinated election before January 1, 2025 JANUARY 1, 2026, in accordance with rules adopted by the secretary of state related to ranked choice or instant runoff voting, or, if no such rules

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1 are adopted, in accordance with procedures adopted by the county clerk 2 and recorder. 3 **SECTION 37.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7.5-107, amend 4 (3)(a)(I); and **add** (4.3)(c)(III) as follows: 5 1-7.5-107. Procedures for conducting mail ballot election -6 primary elections - first-time voters casting a mail ballot after having 7 registered by mail to vote - in-person request for ballot - return 8 **envelope requirements - repeal.** (3) (a) (I) Not sooner than twenty-two 9 days before a general, primary, or other mail ballot election, and no later 10 than eighteen days before the election, the county clerk and recorder or 11 designated election official shall mail to each active registered elector, at 12 the last mailing address appearing in the registration records and in 13 accordance with United States postal service regulations, a mail ballot 14 packet, which must be marked "DO NOT FORWARD. ADDRESS 15 CORRECTION REQUESTED.", or any other similar statement that is in 16 accordance with United States postal service regulations. For a primary 17 mail ballot election, active registered electors includes preregistrants eligible to vote in that primary under section 1-2-101 (2)(c). Nothing in 18 19 this subsection (3) affects any provision of this code governing the 20 delivery of mail ballots to an absent uniformed services elector, 21 nonresident overseas elector, or resident overseas elector covered by the 22 federal "Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act", 52 23 U.S.C. sec. 20301 et seq. 24 (4.3) (c) (III) A COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER MAY REQUEST A 25 WAIVER FROM THE SECRETARY OF STATE EXEMPTING THE COUNTY FROM 26 THE DROP BOX BALLOT COLLECTION REQUIREMENTS IN SUBSECTION

(4.3)(c)(I) OF THIS SECTION. IF THE SECRETARY OF STATE GRANTS THE

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1	WAIVER, THE COUNTY CLERK SHALL ARRANGE FOR THE COLLECTION OF
2	BALLOTS BY BIPARTISAN TEAMS OF ELECTION JUDGES FROM ALL EXEMPT
3	DROP BOX LOCATIONS ONCE THEY ARE OPEN AS OFTEN AS NECESSARY, BUT
4	AT LEAST ONCE EACH WEEK AFTER THE INITIAL MAILING OF BALLOTS
5	$\hbox{under subsection (3)(a)(I) of this section, until the Friday before}\\$
6	ELECTION DAY. THE COUNTY CLERK MUST POST A NOTICE ON EACH
7	EXEMPT DROP BOX OF THE DATES AND APPROXIMATE TIMES BALLOTS WILL
8	BE COLLECTED.
9	SECTION 38. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7.5-115, amend
10	(1)(b); and repeal and reenact, with amendments, (1)(a) as follows:
11	1-7.5-115. Emergency voting - replacement ballots - electronic
12	transfer - rules - definition. (1) (a) (I) AN ELECTOR MAY REQUEST A
13	REPLACEMENT BALLOT BY SUBMITTING A PERSONALLY SIGNED, WRITTEN
14	STATEMENT TO THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER OR DESIGNATED
15	ELECTION OFFICIAL WHEN ONE OF THE FOLLOWING APPLIES:
16	(A) ON ELECTION DAY, THE ELIGIBLE ELECTOR IS CONFINED IN A
17	HOSPITAL OR PLACE OF RESIDENCE;
18	(B) ON ELECTION DAY, THE ELIGIBLE ELECTOR'S IMMEDIATE
19	FAMILY RELATED TO THE SECOND DEGREE BY BLOOD, ADOPTION,
20	MARRIAGE, OR CIVIL UNION PARTNERSHIP IS CONFINED IN A HOSPITAL OR
21	PLACE OF RESIDENCE AND REQUIRES THE ELIGIBLE ELECTOR'S CARE OR
22	CONSTANT PRESENCE;
23	(C) ON ELECTION DAY, THE ELECTOR IS A MEMBER OF A RELIGION
24	THAT FORBIDS SECULAR ACTIVITY;
25	(D) ON ELECTION DAY, THE ELECTOR IS EMPLOYED AS A FIRST
26	RESPONDER, MEMBER OF LAW ENFORCEMENT, OR HEALTH CARE WORKER
27	AND IS UNABLE TO LEAVE THE STATION, POST, OR PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT

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1	OR IS UNABLE TO RETURN TO THE ELECTOR'S HOME COUNTY; OR
2	(E) EIGHT OR FEWER DAYS BEFORE THE LAST DAY OF THE
3	ELECTION, THE ELECTOR IS UNABLE TO VOTE IN PERSON DUE TO
4	EMERGENCY CONDITIONS SUCH AS A NATURAL DISASTER.
5	(II) Upon receipt of a written statement pursuant to
6	SUBSECTION (1)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION, THE COUNTY CLERK AND
7	RECORDER OR DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL SHALL PROVIDE THE
8	REPLACEMENT BALLOT AT THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY CLERK AND
9	RECORDER OR DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL DURING THE REGULAR
10	BUSINESS HOURS OF THE OFFICE, TO ANY AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF
11	THE ELECTOR.
12	(III) THE AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ELECTOR SHALL
13	ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF THE REPLACEMENT BALLOT WITH A
14	SIGNATURE, NAME, AND ADDRESS OF RESIDENCE.
15	(IV) AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (1)(a), UNLESS THE CONTEXT
16	OTHERWISE REQUIRES, "AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE" MEANS A PERSON
17	WHO POSSESSES A WRITTEN STATEMENT FROM THE ELECTOR CONTAINING
18	THE ELECTOR'S SIGNATURE, NAME, AND ADDRESS OF RESIDENCE,
19	INDICATING THAT THE ELECTOR IS UNABLE TO VOTE IN PERSON AFTER THE
20	LAST DAY TO MAIL A BALLOT, AND REQUESTING THAT THE REPLACEMENT
21	BALLOT BE GIVEN TO THE AUTHORIZED PERSON AS IDENTIFIED BY NAME
22	AND ADDRESS OF RESIDENCE.
23	(b) A request for a replacement ballot under this section shall be
24	made before 5 p.m. on the day of the election, and the ballot must be
25	returned no later than 7 p.m. on the day of the election.
26	SECTION 39. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-7.5-205, repeal
27	(2)(c) as follows:

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1	1-7.5-205. Counting mail ballots. (2) Mail ballots must be
2	counted in one of the following ways:
3	(c) Ballots that are east directly on electronic or electromechanical
4	vote-tabulating equipment at a voter service and polling center in lieu of
5	a mail ballot shall be counted in the same manner as provided for the
6	counting of ballots in part 6 of article 5 and parts 4 and 5 of article 7 of
7	this title.
8	SECTION 40. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-10.5-104
9	as follows:
10	1-10.5-104. Recount for nonpartisan elections not coordinated
11	by county clerk and recorder. If it appears, as evidenced by the abstract
12	of votes cast that a recount is required for any office, ballot question, or
13	ballot issue, the designated election official shall order a recount of the
14	votes cast for the office, the ballot issue, or ballot question no later than
15	the twenty-fifth day after the election. Any recount under this section
16	shall be completed no later than the fortieth day after the election.
17	SECTION 41. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-10.5-109, amend
18	(1) as follows:
19	1-10.5-109. Challenge of recount - definition. (1) (a) AS USED
20	IN THIS SECTION, "INTERESTED PARTY" MEANS:
21	(I) A CANDIDATE, POLITICAL PARTY, OR POLITICAL ORGANIZATION
22	OF A CANDIDATE;
23	(II) A PETITION REPRESENTATIVE IDENTIFIED PURSUANT TO
24	SECTION 1-40-113 FOR A BALLOT ISSUE OR BALLOT QUESTION;
25	(III) THE GOVERNING BODY THAT REFERRED A BALLOT QUESTION
26	OR BALLOT ISSUE TO THE ELECTORATE; OR
27	(IV) THE AGENT OF AN ISSUE COMMITTEE THAT IS REQUIRED TO

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REPORT CONTRIBUTIONS PURSUANT TO THE "FAIR CAMPAIGN PRACTICES

2 ACT", ARTICLE 45 OF THIS TITLE 1, THAT EITHER SUPPORTED OR OPPOSED

3 A BALLOT QUESTION OR BALLOT ISSUE OF A RACE, QUESTION, OR ISSUE

4 THAT IS BEING RECOUNTED.

(a) (a.5) Any interested party that requested TO a REQUIRED OR REQUESTED recount of a county, state, national, or district office of state concern, or any party to such recount that has reasonable grounds to believe that the recount is not being conducted in a fair, impartial, and uniform manner may apply to the district court of the city and county of Denver for an order requiring the county clerk and recorder to stop the recount and to give the secretary of state access to all pertinent election records used in conducting the recount and requiring the secretary of state to conduct the recount. The SECRETARY OF STATE MAY EMPLOY ASSISTANTS AND CLERKS AS NECESSARY TO CONDUCT THE RECOUNT. The county clerk and recorder shall be an official observer during any recount conducted by the secretary of state.

(b) Any interested party that requested TO a REQUIRED OR REQUESTED recount of any other local office, ballot question, or ballot issue or any party to such recount that has reasonable grounds to believe that the designated election official is not conducting the recount in a fair, impartial, and uniform manner may apply to the district court for the political subdivision for an order requiring the designated election official to stop the recount and to give the appropriate official who will take over conducting the recount access to all pertinent election records and requiring the appropriate official to conduct the recount. If the county clerk and recorder is not the designated election official, then the county clerk and recorder is the appropriate official to conduct the recount. If the

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1	county clerk and recorder is the designated election official, then the
2	secretary of state is the appropriate official to conduct the recount. THE
3	SECRETARY OF STATE OR COUNTY CLERK MAY EMPLOY ASSISTANTS AND
4	CLERKS AS NECESSARY TO CONDUCT THE RECOUNT. The designated
5	election official shall be an official observer during any recount
6	conducted pursuant to this subsection (1).
7	SECTION 42. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-11-104 as
8	follows:
9	1-11-104. Certificates of election for county officers. Except in
10	the case of offices for which a recount is required, immediately after the
11	final abstract of votes cast for county and precinct officers has been
12	prepared and certified, the county clerk and recorder shall make a
13	certificate of election, or a certificate of nomination in the case of a
14	primary election, for each person declared to be elected or nominated to
15	each office and shall deliver the certificates to that person.
16	SECTION 43. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-11-106 as
17	follows:
18	1-11-106. Delivery of certified list of results. Upon the
19	organization of the house of representatives, the secretary of state shall
20	deliver to the speaker of the house a certified list of candidates elected to
21	each state office and of each member elected to the general assembly
22	showing the member's district. If the secretary of state is unable to certify
23	the candidate elected to state office or the member elected to the general
24	assembly from a particular district, the secretary of state shall also deliver
25	a list of the state offices or districts for which no certification may be
26	made. The speaker, upon receipt of the certified list and, if delivered, the

list of offices and districts for which no certification may be made and

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1	before proceeding to other business, shall open and announce the results
2	in the presence of a majority of the members of both houses of the general
3	assembly, who shall assemble for that purpose in the chamber of the
4	house of representatives. The person having the highest number of votes
5	for any of the offices shall be declared duly elected by the presiding
6	officer of the joint assembly. The two houses on joint ballot shall then
7	resolve any tie votes which are on the certified list of results.
8	SECTION 44. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 1-11-204 as
9	follows:
10	1-11-204. Contests for presidential elector. The supreme court
11	OF THIS STATE has original jurisdiction for the adjudication of contests
12	concerning presidential electors and shall prescribe rules for practice and
13	proceedings for such contests. No justice of the court who is a contestor
14	in the election contest shall be permitted to hear and determine the matter.
15	A CONTEST MUST BE FILED WITH THE SUPREME COURT NO LATER THAN
16	TWENTY-FOUR DAYS AFTER THE GENERAL ELECTION NOTWITHSTANDING
17	THE FACT THAT A RECOUNT MAY BE ONGOING. THE SUPREME COURT IS
18	REQUIRED TO RULE ON A CONTEST BEFORE THE DEADLINE TO ISSUE AND
19	SUBMIT THE CERTIFICATE OF ASCERTAINMENT PURSUANT TO THE
20	REQUIREMENTS OF THE FEDERAL "ELECTORAL COUNT REFORM AND
21	PRESIDENTIAL TRANSITION IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 2022", 3 U.S.C. SEC.
22	5. THE SUPREME COURT SHALL PRIORITIZE ELECTION CONTESTS OF
23	PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS OVER ALL REGULAR BUSINESS OF THE COURT SO
24	THAT ELECTION RESULTS ARE DETERMINED AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE.
25	SECTION 45. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-12-117, amend
26	(1) as follows:
27	1-12-117. Nomination of successor - ballot certification.

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1	(1) For partisan elections, a candidate to succeed the officer sought to be
2	recalled must meet the qualifications of a party candidate or an
3	unaffiliated candidate as provided in part 8 of article 4 of this title 1 and
4	must be nominated by a political party petition or an unaffiliated petition
5	as provided in part 9 of article 4 of this title 1. Nomination petitions may
6	be circulated beginning the first date on which a protest may be filed and
7	must be filed no later than FIFTEEN CALENDAR DAYS PRIOR TO THE DATE
8	FOR HOLDING THE ELECTION AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 1-12-111 FOR STATE
9	RECALL ELECTIONS AND twenty-five calendar days prior to the date for
10	holding the election as provided in section 1-12-111 FOR OTHER RECALL
11	ELECTIONS. If the election is to be held with a general election,
12	nomination petitions must be filed no later than five days prior to the date
13	to certify ballot content for the general election.
14	SECTION 46. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-40-121, repeal
15	(2)(b) as follows:
16	1-40-121. Designated representatives - expenditures related to
17	petition circulation - report - penalty - definitions. (2) No later than
18	ten days after the date that the petition is filed with the secretary of state,
19	the designated representatives of the proponents must submit to the
20	secretary of state a report that:
21	(b) Includes any other expenditures made by any person or issue
22	committee related to the circulation of petitions for signatures. Such
23	information shall include the name of the person or issue committee and
24	the amount of the expenditure.
25	SECTION 47. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 1-40-136 as
26	follows:
27	1-40-136. Bills enacted in the second regular session of the

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1 seventy-second general assembly that include an act subject to 2 petition clause - legislative declaration. (1) (a) The general assembly 3 finds and declares that: 4 (I) The second regular session of the seventy-second general 5 assembly convened on January 8, 2020, and was scheduled to adjourn 6 sine die on May 6, 2020, pursuant to section 8 of article V of the state 7 constitution and Joint Rule 23 (d) of the joint rules of the senate and 8 house of representatives, which deems the constitutional maximum for 9 the legislative session of one hundred twenty calendar days to be one 10 hundred twenty consecutive calendar days; 11 (II) Joint Rule 44 (g) of the joint rules of the senate and house of 12 representatives states that the "maximum of one hundred twenty calendar 13 days . . . shall be counted as one hundred twenty separate working 14 calendar days if the Governor has declared a state of disaster emergency"; 15 (III) On March 10, 2020, the governor declared a disaster 16 emergency due to the presence of coronavirus disease 2019, known as "COVID-19", and the public health crisis necessitated the temporary 17 adjournment of the second regular session of the seventy-second general 18 19 assembly; 20 (IV) On March 16, 2020, concerned that any legislation enacted 21 after May 6, 2020, could be subject to challenge if Joint Rule 44 (g) were 22 deemed unconstitutional, the general assembly submitted an interrogatory 23 to the Colorado supreme court; 24 (V) On April 1, 2020, the Colorado supreme court found in In re: 25 Interrogatory on House Joint Resolution 20-1006, 2020 CO 23 (Colo. 26 2020), that Joint Rule 44 (g) was constitutional. Consequently, once it 27 reconvenes, the second regular session of the seventy-second general

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assembly may continue for the fifty-two remaining legislative days.

(VI) The governor has extended the declared disaster emergency several times, which will now expire thirty days from May 7, 2020, and it is likely that the governor's declared disaster emergency will be further extended; and

(VII) The second regular session of the seventy-second general assembly remained in temporary adjournment until it reconvened on May 26, 2020, which will be counted as the sixty-ninth legislative day. It is uncertain when the general assembly will adjourn sine die, but it could be as late as July 30, 2020, under Joint Rule 44 (g) or later if the body undertakes another temporary adjournment.

- (b) The general assembly further finds and declares that:
- (I) If a bill does not include a safety clause, it is subject to the people's referendum power under section 1 of article V of the state constitution, which provides that a person can file a referendum petition up to ninety days after a general assembly's adjournment sine die to place an act, or an item, section, or part of an act on the ballot at a general election;
- (II) When the seventy-second general assembly commenced its second regular session on January 8, 2020, and until it reconvened on May 26, 2020, the act subject to petition clause specified that if a referendum petition were filed against an act, or an item, section, or part of an act, it would be placed on the ballot for the November 2020 general election;
- (III) The act subject to petition clause implicates two interlocking issues, both of which have constitutional, statutory, and practical dimensions;

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(IV) If a petition is filed within the ninety days allowed by the state constitution, the office of the secretary of state must validate the petition to determine if it is sufficient. Before the election, the office of the secretary of state must also certify the content of the ballot and county elerk and recorders must print and mail ballots in accordance with deadlines set forth in both state and federal law.

(V) At the same time, the constitution requires legislative council staff to distribute the ballot information booklets, which includes an analysis of each measure placed on the ballot, at least thirty days before the election. This process also involves multiple steps.

(VI) Because of the delayed adjournment sine die due to COVID-19, there will not be sufficient time after the constitutional deadline to file petitions to meet the deadline in federal law for the distribution of ballots to uniformed and overseas citizens or the deadline in the state constitution for the distribution of the ballot information booklets for the 2020 general election on November 3;

(VII) Section 1 (4)(a) of article V of the state constitution specifies that "elections on measures initiated by or referred to the people of the state shall be held at the biennial regular general election". While under normal circumstances this is understood to mean the general election that follows the session of the general assembly that passed the bill, the constitution does not specify that the election be held at the next general election.

(VIII) Because of the delayed adjournment sine die due to COVID-19, and the resulting inability to place bills referred by petition on the ballot for the 2020 general election, it is reasonable to interpret section 1 (4)(a) of article V of the state constitution to mean the

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1	November 2022 general election histead of the November 2020 general
2	election;
3	(IX) Referencing the November 2022 general election instead of
4	the November 2020 general election preserves the right of referendum,
5	affords the ability to comply with the other statutory and constitutional
6	deadlines for the November 2020 election, and avoids the uncertainty that
7	might come with the risk of legal challenges if this issue is not addressed;
8	(X) Amending the act subject to petition clause in each bill could
9	require amending hundreds of pending bills and would require changing
10	the act subject to petition clause in over seventy enacted bills; and
11	(XI) It is a more efficient solution to enact this section to address
12	the issue for all bills enacted in the second regular session of the
13	seventy-second general assembly.
14	(c) The general assembly further finds and declares that:
15	(I) The act subject to petition clause in bills that were pending or
16	enacted prior to the temporary adjournment of the second regular session
17	of the seventy-second general assembly on March 14, 2020, make
18	reference to August 5, 2020, as the possible effective date of such bills if
19	adjournment sine die was on May 6, 2020; and
20	(II) Because the adjournment sine die of the second regular
21	session of the seventy-second general assembly was delayed beyond May
22	6, 2020, this section is intended to reiterate that unless a later date is
23	otherwise specified in the act, the effective date for any act, or an item,
24	section or part of an act with an act subject to petition clause is 12:01 a.m.
25	on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after
26	adjournment sine die, not August 5, 2020.
27	(2) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, for any act, item,

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1	section, or part of an act that is enacted by bill with an act subject to
2	petition clause during the second regular session of the seventy-second
3	general assembly:
4	(a) The act, item, section, or part of the act takes effect at 12:01
5	a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after
6	adjournment sine die of the second regular session of the seventy-second
7	general assembly, unless a later date is otherwise specified in the act; and
8	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (2)(a) of this section, if a
9	referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the
10	state constitution against such an act, item, section, or part of the act
11	within the ninety-day period after adjournment sine die of the second
12	regular session of the seventy-second general assembly, then the act, item,
13	section, or part of the act will not take effect unless approved by the
14	people at the general election to be held in November 2022 and, in such
15	case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote
16	thereon by the governor.
17	SECTION 48. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-45-103.7, add
18	(5.7) as follows:
19	1-45-103.7. Contribution limits - county offices - school district
20	director - treatment of independent expenditure committees -
21	contributions from limited liability companies - voter instructions on
22	spending limits - definitions. (5.7) A NATURAL PERSON WHO IS NOT A
23	CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES, A FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, OR A FOREIGN
24	CORPORATION SHALL NOT MAKE ANY DIRECT BALLOT ISSUE OR BALLOT
25	QUESTION EXPENDITURE IN CONNECTION WITH AN ELECTION ON A BALLOT
26	ISSUE OR BALLOT QUESTION IN THE STATE.
27	SECTION 49. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 1-45-110, amend

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1 (2.5), (3.5), and (4) as follows: 2 1-45-110. Candidate affidavit - disclosure statement. (2.5) A 3 candidate seeking reelection does not have to file another disclosure 4 statement required by subsection (2)(a) of this section if the incumbent 5 has filed the annual report required by section 24-6-202 (2) WITHIN 6 THIRTY DAYS OF THE DATE ON WHICH THE INCUMBENT BECAME A 7 CANDIDATE FOR REELECTION. 8 (3.5) Any complaints IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER PROCESS 9 PROVIDED IN LAW OR RULE, ANY PERSON MAY FILE A COMPLAINT WITH THE 10 SECRETARY OF STATE about a candidate not complying with the 11 requirements of this section. shall be treated as a campaign finance 12 complaint pursuant to section 1-45-111.7 (2)(a). 13 (4) Any disclosure statement required by subsection (2) of this 14 section shall be amended no more than thirty days after any termination, 15 or acquisition, OR SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE of interests as to which 16 disclosure is required. 17 SECTION 50. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-6-202, amend 18 (1) introductory portion, (1.5), (2)(a), (2)(f), (3), (5), and (7); repeal (1.7), 19 (4), and (6); and **add** (1.3), (8), (9), and (10) as follows: 20 24-6-202. Disclosure - contents - filing - false or incomplete 21 filing - penalty. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (1.7) of 22 this section, Not later than the January 10 following his or her election, 23 reelection, appointment, or retention in office, written disclosure, OF EACH 24 CALENDAR YEAR, EACH OF THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS SHALL FILE AN 25 ANNUAL DISCLOSURE STATEMENT WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF 26 COLORADO in such form as the secretary of state shall prescribe

PRESCRIBES, stating the interests named INFORMATION SPECIFIED in

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1	subsection (2) of this section: shall be made to and filed with the secretary
2	of state of Colorado by
3	(1.3) If an individual begins serving in one of the positions
4	SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION AFTER JANUARY 10 AND
5	HAS NOT FILED A DISCLOSURE STATEMENT WITHIN THE PREVIOUS THIRTY
6	DAYS, THE INDIVIDUAL SHALL FILE A DISCLOSURE STATEMENT NO LATER
7	THAN TEN DAYS AFTER ASSUMING THE POSITION.
8	(1.5) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section apply to any
9	person INDIVIDUAL who is serving in any position noted in said SPECIFIED
10	IN subsection (1) on July 1, 1979 of this section on or after January
11	1,2024. If an individual who is specified in subsection (1) of this
12	SECTION IS SERVING IN OFFICE IN THE $2024\mathrm{CALENDAR}$ YEAR BUT HAS NOT
13	$\label{eq:filed} \textit{filed an annual disclosure statement in the 2024 calendar year,}$
14	THE INDIVIDUAL SHALL FILE A DISCLOSURE STATEMENT NO LATER THAN
15	July 1, 2024, or in accordance with the requirements specified in
16	SUBSECTION (1.3) of this section, whichever is sooner.
17	(1.7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any
18	person who has timely filed an amended statement with the secretary of
19	state pursuant to subsection (4) of this section is not required to
20	additionally file a disclosure statement satisfying the requirements of
21	subsection (1) of this section by the January 10 following his or her
22	election, reelection, appointment, or retention in office.
23	(2) Disclosure must include the following for the previous
24	calendar year, unless otherwise specified:
25	(a) The names, and amounts, disclosed as a range included AS
26	PROVIDED in the form prescribed by the secretary of state, of any source

or sources of any income, including capital gains, whether or not taxable,

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of the person making disclosure, the person's spouse, and any minor children residing with the person making the disclosure;

- (f) The name of each creditor to whom the person making disclosure, the person's spouse, or the person's minor children owe money in excess of one thousand dollars, including the interest rate and the highest amount owed, disclosed as a range included AS PROVIDED in the form prescribed by the secretary of state, for the calendar year covered in the statement;
- (3) Any disclosure statement shall be amended no more than thirty days after any termination, or acquisition, OR SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE of interests as to which disclosure is required.
- (4) (a) Any person required by this section to file a disclosure statement shall, on or before January 10 of each calendar year, file an amended statement with the secretary of state or notify the secretary of state in writing that the person has had no change of condition since the previous filing of a disclosure statement.
- (b) Any incumbent seeking reelection is not required to file a separate disclosure statement required by section 1-45-110 if the incumbent has filed a disclosure statement as required by subsection (4)(a) of this section.
- (5) Each disclosure statement amended statement, or notification that no amendment is required shall be IS public information available to any person upon request during normal working hours AND SHALL BE MADE AVAILABLE ON THE SECRETARY OF STATE'S WEBSITE.
- (6) Any person subject to the provisions of this section may elect to file with the secretary of state annually a copy of his federal income tax return and any separate federal income tax return filed by his spouse or

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minor children residing with him together with a certified statement of any investments held by him, his spouse, or minor children residing with him which are not reflected by the income tax returns in lieu of complying with the provisions of subsections (1) to (4) of this section, which tax return and any statement filed under the provisions of this subsection (6) shall be public information.

- (7) Any person who willfully files a false or incomplete disclosure statement, amendment, or notice that no amendment is required, or who willfully files a false or incomplete copy of any federal income tax return or a false or incomplete certified statement of investments, or who willfully fails to make any filing required by this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than five thousand dollars.
- (8) IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER PROCESS PROVIDED IN LAW OR RULE, INCLUDING ARTICLE XXIX OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION, ANY PERSON WHO BELIEVES AN OFFICIAL LISTED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION IS NOT SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLYING WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION MAY FILE A COMPLAINT WITH THE FOLLOWING:
- (a) THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE AND THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE;
- (b) THE CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES;
- (c) THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES FOR MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION;
 - (d) The board secretary and the chair of the board of

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1	REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO FOR MEMBERS OF THE BOARD
2	OF REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO;
3	(e) THE BOARD SECRETARY AND THE CHAIR OF THE STATE BOARD
4	OF EDUCATION FOR MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION;
5	(f) The office of attorney regulation counsel for a
6	DISTRICT ATTORNEY;
7	(g) THE COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL DISCIPLINE FOR A JUSTICE OR
8	JUDGE OF A COURT OF RECORD; AND
9	(h) The district attorney for any of the individuals
10	SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION.
11	(9) Upon receiving a complaint, the person or persons
12	RECEIVING THE COMPLAINT SHALL FOLLOW ANY EXISTING PROCEDURES
13	FOR INVESTIGATING ETHICS COMPLAINTS OR VIOLATIONS.
14	(10) If an official specified in subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) of
15	THIS SECTION DOES NOT TIMELY FILE THE REQUIRED ANNUAL DISCLOSURE
16	STATEMENT, THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL FORWARD NOTIFICATION TO
17	THE APPROPRIATE INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (8) OF
18	THIS SECTION.
19	SECTION 51. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-72-203, add
20	(3)(d) as follows:
21	24-72-203. Public records open to inspection.
22	(3) (d) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS SECTION, IF
23	THE PUBLIC RECORDS REQUESTED ARE IN THE CUSTODY AND CONTROL OF
24	A COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER BUT ARE IN ACTIVE USE, IN STORAGE, OR
25	OTHERWISE NOT READILY AVAILABLE AT THE TIME A REQUESTER ASKS TO
26	EXAMINE THEM, AND THE REQUEST IS MADE DURING AN ELECTION FOR
7	WHICH THE COLINTY OF ERK AND RECORDER IS THE DESIGNATED EFFCTION

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1	OFFICIAL, THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER MAY, AT THE COUNTY
2	CLERK AND RECORDER'S DISCRETION, TAKE ADDITIONAL TIME TO FULFILL
3	THE REQUEST AS FOLLOWS:
4	(I) DURING THE PERIOD BEGINNING ON THE SIXTIETH DAY BEFORE
5	ELECTION DAY AND CONCLUDING WITH THE DATE BY WHICH THE COUNTY
6	CLERK AND RECORDER CERTIFIES THE FINAL OFFICIAL ABSTRACT OF VOTES
7	CAST FOR THE APPLICABLE ELECTION, THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER
8	MAY EXTEND THE PERIOD FOR PRODUCTION OF RECORDS UP TO AN
9	ADDITIONAL TEN WORKING DAYS PAST THE SEVEN-DAY EXTENSION
10	ALLOWED UNDER SUBSECTION (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION;
11	(II) THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER SHALL PROVIDE WRITTEN
12	NOTICE OF THE EXTENSION TO THE REQUESTER WITHIN THREE WORKING
13	DAYS FROM THE DATE OF THE REQUEST;
14	(III) THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER MAY NOT EXTEND THE
15	PERIOD FOR PRODUCTION OF ANY RECORD THAT:
16	(A) IS A LIST OF VOTERS, A LIST OF VOTERS WHO HAVE RETURNED
17	THEIR BALLOTS, OR A LIST OF VOTERS WHO HAVE BALLOTS THAT NEED TO
18	BE CURED; OR
19	(B) IS NECESSARY FOR AN INTERESTED PARTY, AS DEFINED IN
20	SECTION 1-10.5-106 (1), TO DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT TO REQUEST A
21	RECOUNT UNDER SECTION 1-10.5-106, OR TO FACILITATE THE CONDUCT OF
22	A RECOUNT; AND
23	(IV) A REQUESTER WHOSE PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST IS SUBJECT
24	TO THE EXTENSION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION $(3)(d)(I)$ of this section
25	MAY APPLY TO THE DISTRICT COURT UNDER THE PROCEDURES SET FORTH
26	IN SECTION 1-1-113 FOR AN ORDER DIRECTING THE COUNTY CLERK AND
27	RECORDER TO PRODUCE THE REQUESTED RECORDS OR SHOW CAUSE WHY

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1	THE ADDITIONAL EXTENSION PERIOD APPLIES.
2	SECTION 52. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 30-10-109
3	as follows:
4	30-10-109. Office hours. All county offices shall MUST be kept
5	open for the transaction of county business on the days and during the
6	hours designated by resolution of the board of county commissioners.
7	However, all clerks of court, CLERK AND RECORDERS, and sheriffs shall
8	be ARE subject, at all times, to the command of the people, and each
9	thereof shall at all hours, night and day, be prepared to attend such duties
10	as may reasonably be required of them.
11	SECTION 53. Effective date. This act takes effect upon passage;
12	except that section 11 of this act and section 1-4-802 (1)(d)(II) and
13	(1)(f)(II), C.R.S., as amended in section 9 of this act, takes effect January
14	1, 2025.
15	SECTION 54. Safety clause. The general assembly finds,
16	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
17	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety or for appropriations for
18	the support and maintenance of the departments of the state and state
19	institutions.

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