Second Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the Second House

LLS NO. 22-0883.05 Jacob Baus x2173

HOUSE BILL 22-1326

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING MEASURES TO ADDRESS SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND, IN
102	CONNECTION THEREWITH, CHANGING THE CRIMINAL PENALTIES
103	ASSOCIATED WITH SYNTHETIC OPIATES; USING A SUBSTANCE
104	ABUSE ASSESSMENT TO DIRECT APPROPRIATE TREATMENT AT
105	SENTENCING; PROVIDING OPIATE ANTAGONISTS IN THE
106	COMMUNITY; PROVIDING SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS
107	IN THE COMMUNITY; CREATING IMMUNITY FOR FURNISHING
108	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS; PROVIDING TREATMENT
109	FOR PERSONS IN THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM; DEVELOPING
110	A FENTANYL PREVENTION AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN;
111	PROVIDING FUNDING FOR SUBSTANCE <u>USE</u> AND HARM
112	REDUCTION; EVALUATING THE SUBSTANCE <u>USE</u> AND HARM
113	REDUCTION NEEDS ACROSS THE STATE; REQUIRING A

SENATE Amended 2nd Reading May 5, 2022

> HOUSE d Reading Unamended April 25, 2022

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading April 22, 2022

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment.

Capital letters or bold & italic numbers indicate new material to be added to existing statute.

Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill makes the unlawful possession of any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that weighs more than 4 grams and contains any amount of fentanyl, carfentanal, or an analog thereof a level 4 drug felony.

The bill creates an exemption to the unlawful possession of a controlled substance offense for employees, agents, or volunteers of certain agencies who are in possession of the controlled substance, including fentanyl, carfentanal, or an analog thereof, for the purpose of safe disposal of the controlled substance.

The bill makes the unlawful distribution, manufacturing, dispensing, or sale of a material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing fentanyl, carfentanal, or an analog thereof:

- A level 1 drug felony if it weighs more than 50 grams;
- A level 2 drug felony if it weighs more than 4 grams, but not more than 50 grams; and
- A level 3 drug felony if it weighs not more than 4 grams.

The bill makes it a level 1 drug felony if the defendant unlawfully distributed, manufactured, dispensed, or sold a material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing fentanyl, carfentanal, or an analog thereof, and a person died as a proximate cause of using or consuming it.

The bill makes a defendant a special offender, making them subject to a level 1 drug felony, if:

- The defendant introduced or imported into Colorado any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that weighs more than 4 grams and contains fentanyl or carfentanal; or
- The defendant unlawfully distributed, manufactured, dispensed, or sold a material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing fentanyl or carfentanal, and the defendant possessed pill or tablet manufacturing equipment with the intent to use the equipment in the manufacture of a controlled substance.

For certain offenses, the bill requires a court to order placement in a residential treatment facility for treatment of an addiction that includes

-2- 1326

fentanyl, carfentanal, or an analog thereof as a condition of probation if recommended pursuant to a substance abuse assessment. Furthermore, for certain offenses, a court is required to order a fentanyl education class, which is developed by the office of behavioral health.

The bill expands the list of eligible entities that are eligible for standing orders to receive opiate antagonists.

The bill creates immunity from civil liability for certain persons who or entities that act in good faith to furnish a non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection test to another person.

The bill requires a jail, upon release, to provide opiate antagonists and prescribe medication for an opiate use disorder to certain persons.

The bill requires community corrections programs to assess individuals residing in the programs for substance use withdrawal symptoms and develop protocols for medical detoxification monitoring, medication-assisted treatment, and other appropriate withdrawal management care.

The bill permits the correctional treatment board to direct money in the correctional treatment cash fund for drug overdose prevention, opiate antagonists, and non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests.

The bill permits a school district board of education, the charter school institute, or governing board of a nonpublic school to adopt and implement a policy to permit a school to acquire and maintain non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests and furnish them on school grounds.

For the 2022-23 fiscal year, the bill requires the appropriation of \$20 million from the behavioral and mental health cash fund to the opiate antagonist bulk purchase fund.

For the 2022-23 fiscal year, the bill requires the appropriation of \$300,000 to the department of public health and environment for the purchase and distribution of non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests to eligible entities.

The bill requires the department of public health and environment to develop and implement a statewide fentanyl prevention and education campaign.

The bill expands the types of entities that are eligible for a harm reduction grant and the permissible uses of the grant funds. For the 2022-23 fiscal year, the bill requires the appropriation of \$6 million from the behavioral and mental health cash fund to the harm reduction grant program cash fund.

The bill requires a jail that receives funding through the jail-based behavioral health services program to develop protocols for medication-assisted treatment and withdrawal management care and develop and implement a policy that describes the provision of medication-assisted treatment to individuals upon release. For the 2022-23 fiscal year, the bill requires the appropriation of \$3 million from

-3-

the behavioral and mental health cash fund for these purposes.

The bill requires each managed service organization to evaluate current supply and necessary demand within its region for certain harm reduction and treatment services and report their findings to the general assembly.

The bill requires the legislative services agencies of the general assembly to perform a post-enactment review of certain criminal provisions 3 years following the act becoming law.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 3 finds and declares that: 4 (a) The illegal distribution of synthetic opiates, including fentanyl, 5 carfentanil, benzimidazole opiate, and analogs thereof, presents a serious 6 health risk in Colorado and across the country; 7 (b) The increase in the number of overdose deaths in Colorado 8 demands a comprehensive response by communities and elected officials, 9 designed to reduce the risks of harm to all people and recalibrate the 10 criminal justice system's response to illegal distribution of these 11 dangerous drugs; 12 Colorado has not adequately funded behavioral health 13 interventions, treatment, overdose prevention, and other supportive 14 services that research demonstrates reduce the risk of harm and the 15 recovery of people suffering from a behavioral health disorder; 16 (d) Funding for supervised-injection sites is prohibited; 17 (e) The prosecution of drug dealers who manufacture, distribute, 18 dispense, or sell fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u>, <u>benzimidazole opiate</u>, and analogs 19 thereof, not the prosecution of low-level drug possessors, is a priority for

(f) Colorado's good samaritan law, which encourages people to

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21

Colorado: and

-4- 1326

seek medical assistance for people who are suffering from an overdose crisis, is an important public policy that can assist in saving lives.

- (2) Therefore, it is the intent of the general assembly to:
- (a) Direct additional resources to communities and agencies to allow more effective and healthy interventions and treatment for people who use fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u>, <u>benzimidazole opiate</u>, or analogs thereof, and develop an effective public education campaign about the dangers of these drugs and their presence in other drugs; and
- (b) Enact a properly calibrated sentencing scheme, prescribing specific penalties for the unlawful manufacturing, distribution, dispensing, or selling of fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u>, <u>benzimidazole opiate</u>, and analogs thereof, including specifically designed penalties for people whose manufacturing, distribution, dispensing, or selling leads to the death of another person.
- (3) The general assembly finds that for the purpose of performing a post-enactment review of the implementation of <u>House Bill 22-1326</u>, it is necessary to review the following statewide data for three years subsequent to the passage of <u>House Bill 22-1326</u> in order to assess its impact on sentencing and filing of counts based on the good samaritan law pursuant to section 18-1-711, Colorado Revised Statutes, and the criminal provisions designed to address the distribution of fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u>, <u>benzimidazole opiate</u>, and analogs thereof, resulting in death:
- (a) From the judicial department, the number of cases filed that include a violation of section 18-18-405 (2)(a)(I)(D), (2)(b)(I)(D), and (2)(c)(V), Colorado Revised Statutes; the judicial district where each case was filed; and the sentence imposed upon conviction for each case;
 - (b) From the judicial department, the number of cases filed that

-5- 1326

1	include a violation of section 18-18-405 (2)(a)(III)(A), Colorado Revised
2	Statutes; the judicial district where the case was filed; information on
3	other charges filed in the same case; the sentence imposed upon
4	conviction for each case; and a summary of the facts and circumstances
5	of the case as evidenced by the arrest warrant; and
6	(c) From each district attorney, the information pursuant to section
7	18-1-711 (6), Colorado Revised Statutes.
8	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-403.5, add
9	(2.5), (2.7), <u>(6),</u> as follows:
10	18-18-403.5. Unlawful possession of a controlled substance -
11	notice to revisor of statutes - repeal. (2.5) (a) NOTWITHSTANDING
12	SUBSECTION (2)(c) OF THIS SECTION, ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2022, A PERSON
13	WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION BY KNOWINGLY
14	POSSESSING:
15	(I) ANY MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION THAT
16	WEIGHS MORE THAN ONE GRAM AND NOT MORE THAN FOUR GRAMS AND
17	CONTAINS ANY QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE</u>
18	OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204
19	(2)(g), COMMITS A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY.
20	(II) ANY MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION THAT
21	WEIGHS NOT MORE THAN ONE GRAM AND CONTAINS ANY QUANTITY OF
22	FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN ANALOG
23	THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), COMMITS A LEVEL
24	1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR; EXCEPT THAT A FOURTH OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE
25	FOR A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBSECTION (2.5)(a)(II) IS A LEVEL 4 DRUG
26	FELONY.
77	(b) This subsection (2.5) is repealed effective June 30, 2025

-6- 1326

1	(2.7) (a) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS
2	SECTION BY POSSESSING ANY MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR
3	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINS A QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL,
4	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
5	SECTION 18-18-204 $(2)(g)$, THAT IS MORE THAN SIXTY PERCENT OF THE
6	TOTAL COMPOSITION OF THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR
7	PREPARATION, COMMITS A LEVEL 2 DRUG FELONY.
8	(b) (I) This subsection (2.7) takes effect at 12:01 a.m. thirty
9	DAYS AFTER THE DATE IDENTIFIED IN THE NOTICE PROVIDED TO THE
10	REVISOR OF STATUTES BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE COLORADO BUREAU OF
11	INVESTIGATION THAT THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION HAS THE
12	RESOURCES TO DETERMINE THE QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> ,
13	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
14	SECTION $18-18-204(2)(g)$, COMPARED TO THE TOTAL COMPOSITION OF THE
15	MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION, OR ON THE DATE OF
16	THE NOTICE TO THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IF THE NOTICE DOES NOT
17	SPECIFY A DIFFERENT DATE.
18	(II) THE DIRECTOR OF THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
19	SHALL NOTIFY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN WRITING WHEN THE
20	CONDITION SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION $(2.7)(b)(I)$ of this section has
21	OCCURRED BY E-MAILING THE NOTICE TO
22	REVISOROFSTATUTES.GA@STATE.CO.US.
23	(III) CONCURRENT WITH THE NOTICE REQUIRED IN SUBSECTION
24	(2.7)(b)(II), THE DIRECTOR OF THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
25	SHALL NOTIFY THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, THE
26	PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE, THE CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
27	THE GOVERNOR, THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, THE STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER,

-7- 1326

1	AND EACH DISTRICT ATTORNEY IN THE STATE, THAT THE COLORADO
2	BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION HAS THE RESOURCES TO DETERMINE THE
3	QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN
4	ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), COMPARED
5	TO THE TOTAL COMPOSITION OF THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR
6	PREPARATION.
7	(IV) This subsection (2.7)(b) is repealed, effective one year
8	AFTER NOTICE TO THE REVISOR OF STATUTES PURSUANT TO THIS
9	SUBSECTION $(2.7)(b)(II)$.
10	(6) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION TO THE
11	CONTRARY, A PEACE OFFICER SHALL NOT ARREST AND A DISTRICT
12	ATTORNEY SHALL NOT CHARGE OR PROSECUTE AN EMPLOYEE, AGENT, OR
13	VOLUNTEER OF AN ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SECTION 12-30-110 (1)(a) WHO,
14	IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THE PERSON'S DUTIES, IS IN POSSESSION OF A
15	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, INCLUDING FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> ,
16	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
17	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), FOR THE PURPOSE OF SAFE DISPOSAL OF THE
18	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, INCLUDING FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> ,
19	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
20	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAW. AS
21	USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (6), "SAFE DISPOSAL" MEANS THE PROCEDURE
22	AND PROCESS FOR DEPOSITING THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, INCLUDING
23	FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN ANALOG
24	THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), IN A SECURE
25	CONTAINER FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT TO SUBSEQUENTLY ACCESS AND
26	DISPOSE OF.
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-8-

1	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-405, amend
2	$(2)(b)(I)(B), (2)(b)(I)(C), (2)(c)(III), and (2)(c)(IV); and {\it add} (2)(a)(I)(D), \\$
3	(2)(a)(III), (2)(b)(I)(D), and (2)(c)(V) as follows:
4	18-18-405. Unlawful distribution, manufacturing, dispensing,
5	or sale. (2) Except as otherwise provided for an offense concerning
6	marijuana and marijuana concentrate in section 18-18-406 and for special
7	offenders as provided in section 18-18-407, any person who violates any
8	of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section:
9	(a) Commits a level 1 drug felony and is subject to the mandatory
10	sentencing provisions in section 18-1.3-401.5 (7) if:
11	(I) The violation involves any material, compound, mixture, or
12	preparation that weighs:
13	(D) MORE THAN FIFTY GRAMS AND CONTAINS FENTANYL,
14	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
15	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g); OR
16	(III) (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 18-1-711 (3)(i), THE
17	DEFENDANT COMMITTED A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (2)(a)(I)(D),
18	(2)(b)(I)(D), or $(2)(c)(V)$ of this section, and the actions in
19	$ \hbox{VIOLATIONOFSUBSECTION(2)(a)(I)(D),(2)(b)(I)(D), or(2)(c)(V) of this }$
20	SECTION ARE THE PROXIMATE CAUSE OF THE DEATH OF ANOTHER PERSON
21	WHO USED OR CONSUMED THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR
22	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINED FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> ,
23	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
24	SECTION $18-18-204$ (2)(g).
25	(B) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (2)(a)(III)(A) OF THIS
26	SECTION, A DEFENDANT WHO COMMITTED A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION
2.7	(2)(c)(V) OF THIS SECTION AND THE ACTIONS IN VIOLATION OF

-9- 1326

1	SUBSECTION (2)(C)(V) OF THIS SECTION ARE THE PROXIMATE CAUSE OF
2	THE DEATH OF ANOTHER PERSON WHO USED OR CONSUMED THE MATERIAL,
3	COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION THAT CONTAINED FENTANYL,
4	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
5	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE
6	MANDATORY SENTENCING REQUIREMENT AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION
7	18-1.3-401.5 (7).
8	(b) Commits a level 2 drug felony if:
9	(I) The violation involves any material, compound, mixture, or
10	preparation that weighs:
11	(B) More than seven grams, but not more than one hundred twelve
12	grams, and contains methamphetamine, heroin, ketamine, or cathinones;
13	or
14	(C) More than ten milligrams, but not more than fifty milligrams,
15	and contains flunitrazepam; OR
16	(D) More than four grams, but not more than fifty grams,
17	AND CONTAINS FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN
18	ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g);
19	(c) Commits a level 3 drug felony if the violation involves any
20	material, compound, mixture, or preparation that weighs:
21	(III) Not more than ten milligrams and contains flunitrazepam; or
22	(IV) More than four grams and contains a schedule III or schedule
23	IV controlled substance; OR
24	(V) NOT MORE THAN FOUR GRAMS AND CONTAINS FENTANYL,
25	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
26	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g).
27	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-407, amend

-10-

1	(1)(c); and add (1)(h) as follows:
2	18-18-407. Special offender - definitions. (1) A person who
3	commits a felony offense pursuant to this part 4 under any one or more of
4	the following aggravating circumstances commits a level 1 drug felony
5	and is a special offender:
6	(c) The defendant committed the violation and in the course of
7	that violation, introduced or imported into the state of Colorado more than
8	fourteen grams of any schedule I or II controlled substance listed in part
9	2 of this article or ARTICLE 18; more than seven grams of
10	methamphetamine, heroin, ketamine, or cathinones; or ten milligrams of
11	flunitrazepam; OR ANY MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION
12	THAT WEIGHS MORE THAN FOUR GRAMS AND CONTAINS FENTANYL,
13	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
14	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g);
15	(h) THE DEFENDANT COMMITTED A VIOLATION OF SECTION
16	18-18-405(2)(a)(I)(D), (2)(b)(I)(D), or (2)(c)(V), and the defendant
17	POSSESSED PILL OR TABLET MANUFACTURING EQUIPMENT WITH THE
18	INTENT TO USE THE EQUIPMENT IN THE MANUFACTURE OF A CONTROLLED
19	SUBSTANCE.
20	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1-711, amend
21	(3)(g) and (3)(h); and add (3)(i) and (6) as follows:
22	18-1-711. Immunity for persons who suffer or report an
23	emergency drug or alcohol overdose event - definitions - repeal.
24	(3) The immunity described in subsection (1) of this section applies to
25	the following criminal offenses:
26	(g) Possession of drug paraphernalia, as described in section
27	18-18-428; and

-11- 1326

1	(h) Illegal possession or consumption of ethyl alcohol or
2	marijuana by an underage person or illegal possession of marijuana
3	paraphernalia by an underage person, as described in section 18-13-122;
4	AND
5	(i) A VIOLATION OF SECTION 18-18-405 (2)(a)(III)(A), IF THE
6	UNLAWFUL DISTRIBUTION, MANUFACTURING, DISPENSING, OR SALE OF THE
7	MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION WEIGHS NOT MORE
8	THAN FOUR GRAMS AND CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF FENTANYL,
9	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
10	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g).
11	(6) (a) Starting on July 1, 2022, and for three years
12	THEREAFTER, A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT RESPONDS TO AN
13	EMERGENCY DRUG OR ALCOHOL OVERDOSE EVENT SHALL REPORT TO THE
14	DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE IN THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY'S
15	JURISDICTION WHETHER AN ARREST WAS MADE AS A RESULT OF THE
16	INVESTIGATION OF AN EMERGENCY DRUG OR ALCOHOL OVERDOSE EVENT
17	OR WHEN AN ARREST WAS NOT MADE PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF

(b) Starting on July 1, 2022, and for three years thereafter, each district attorney's office that receives a report regarding an arrest from Law enforcement pursuant to subsection (6)(a) of this section shall prepare a report indicating each instance when a person was not prosecuted for an offense pursuant to this section if the event involved fentanyl, <u>Carfentanil</u>, <u>Benzimidazole opiate</u>, or an analog thereof as described in section 18-18-204 (2)(g). If the district attorney prosecutes a person who sought emergency assistance for an

THIS SECTION.

-12-

1	EMERGENCY DRUG OR ALCOHOL OVERDOSE EVENT IF THE EVENT
2	INVOLVED FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN
3	ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THE
4	DISTRICT ATTORNEY SHALL PREPARE A REPORT DETAILING THE FACTS AND
5	CIRCUMSTANCES FOR THE DECISION THAT THE IMMUNITY PROVISIONS OF
6	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION DID NOT APPLY.
7	(c) EACH DISTRICT ATTORNEY SHALL PROVIDE THE REPORTS
8	COLLECTED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (6) TO THE LEGISLATIVE
9	SERVICE AGENCIES OF THE COLORADO GENERAL ASSEMBLY FOR THE
10	PURPOSE OF A POST-ENACTMENT REVIEW.
11	(d) This subsection (6) is repealed, effective July 1, 2026.
12	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-401.5, amend
1.0	(7) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10
13	(7), $(10)(a)(III)$, and $(10)(a)(IV)$; and add (2.5) , $(10)(a)(V)$, and (14) as
13 14	(7), $(10)(a)(111)$, and $(10)(a)(1V)$; and add (2.5) , $(10)(a)(V)$, and (14) as follows:
14	follows:
14 15	follows: 18-1.3-401.5. Drug felonies classified - presumptive and
14 15 16	follows: 18-1.3-401.5. Drug felonies classified - presumptive and aggravated penalties. (2.5) It is the intent of the general assembly
14151617	follows: 18-1.3-401.5. Drug felonies classified - presumptive and aggravated penalties. (2.5) It is the intent of the general assembly that sentencing for crimes that involve fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u> ,
14 15 16 17 18	follows: 18-1.3-401.5. Drug felonies classified - presumptive and aggravated penalties. (2.5) It is the intent of the general assembly that sentencing for crimes that involve fentanyl, <u>Carfentanil</u> , <u>Benzimidazole opiate</u> , or any analog thereof, as described in
14 15 16 17 18 19	follows: 18-1.3-401.5. Drug felonies classified - presumptive and aggravated penalties. (2.5) It is the intent of the general assembly that sentencing for crimes that involve fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u> , <u>benzimidazole opiate</u> , or any analog thereof, as described in section 18-18-204 (2)(g), even in small quantities, reflect the high
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	18-1.3-401.5. Drug felonies classified - presumptive and aggravated penalties. (2.5) It is the intent of the general assembly that sentencing for crimes that involve fentanyl, <u>Carfentanil</u> , <u>Benzimidazole opiate</u> , or any analog thereof, as described in section 18-18-204 (2)(g), even in small quantities, reflect the high risk of addiction and death associated with fentanyl,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	18-1.3-401.5. Drug felonies classified - presumptive and aggravated penalties. (2.5) It is the intent of the general assembly that sentencing for crimes that involve fentanyl, <u>Carfentanil</u> , <u>Benzimidazole opiate</u> , or any analog thereof, as described in section 18-18-204 (2)(g), even in small quantities, reflect the high risk of addiction and death associated with fentanyl, <u>Carfentanil</u> , <u>Benzimidazole opiate</u> , or any analog thereof.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	follows: 18-1.3-401.5. Drug felonies classified - presumptive and aggravated penalties. (2.5) It is the intent of the general assembly that sentencing for crimes that involve fentanyl, <u>Carfentanil</u> , <u>Benzimidazole opiate</u> , or any analog thereof, as described in section 18-18-204 (2)(g), even in small quantities, reflect the high risk of addiction and death associated with fentanyl, <u>Carfentanil</u> , <u>Benzimidazole opiate</u> , or any analog thereof. Therefore, the education and treatment procedures provided in
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	18-1.3-401.5. Drug felonies classified - presumptive and aggravated penalties. (2.5) It is the intent of the general assembly that sentencing for crimes that involve fentanyl, <u>Carfentanil</u> , <u>Benzimidazole opiate</u> , or any analog thereof, as described in section 18-18-204 (2)(g), even in small quantities, reflect the high risk of addiction and death associated with fentanyl, <u>Carfentanil</u> , <u>Benzimidazole opiate</u> , or any analog thereof. Therefore, the education and treatment procedures provided in section 18-1.3-410 must be implemented to address this
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	18-1.3-401.5. Drug felonies classified - presumptive and aggravated penalties. (2.5) It is the intent of the general assembly that sentencing for crimes that involve fentanyl, <u>Carfentanil</u> , <u>Benzimidazole opiate</u> , or any analog thereof, as described in section 18-18-204 (2)(g), even in small quantities, reflect the high risk of addiction and death associated with fentanyl, <u>Carfentanil</u> , <u>Benzimidazole opiate</u> , or any analog thereof. Therefore, the education and treatment procedures provided in section 18-1.3-410 must be implemented to address this substantial health risk.

-13-

the defendant to a term of incarceration in the department of corrections
of at least eight years but not more than thirty-two years. The presence of
one or more of the aggravating circumstances provided in paragraph (a)
of subsection (10) SUBSECTION (10)(a) of this section or in section
18-18-407 (1) requires the court to sentence a defendant convicted of a
level 1 drug felony to a term of incarceration in the department of
corrections of at least twelve years but no more than thirty-two years. The
court may impose a fine in addition to imprisonment.
(10) (a) Except for a level 1 drug felony, the presence of one or
more of the following aggravating circumstances at the time of the
commission of a drug felony offense requires the court, if it sentences the
defendant to incarceration, to sentence the defendant to a term of at least
the midpoint in the presumptive range but not more than the maximum
term of the aggravated range:
(III) The defendant was under confinement, in prison, or in any
correctional institution as a convicted felon, or an escapee from any
correctional institution for another felony; or
(IV) The defendant was on probation for or on bond while
awaiting sentencing following revocation of probation for a delinquent
act that would have constituted a felony if committed by an adult; OR
(V) THE DEFENDANT COMMITTED A VIOLATION OF SECTION
18-18-405 (2)(a)(III)(A), AND THE UNLAWFUL DISTRIBUTION,
MANUFACTURING, DISPENSING, OR SALE OF THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND,
MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION WEIGHED MORE THAN FIFTY GRAMS AND
CONTAINED FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN
ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION $18-18-204$ (2)(g).
(14) (a) Notwithstanding sursection (2) (a) of this section

-14- 1326

1	FOR THE PURPOSE OF SENTENCING A PERSON CONVICTED OF A LEVEL 4
2	DRUG FELONY COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2022, IN VIOLATION OF
3	SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), A COURT SHALL EITHER SENTENCE AN
4	OFFENDER TO PROBATION FOR UP TO TWO YEARS, WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF
5	A TOTAL OF ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS IN COUNTY JAIL, OR FOR A THIRD
6	OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE, A TOTAL OF UP TO THREE HUNDRED SIXTY-FOUR
7	DAYS IN COUNTY JAIL, WHICH MAY BE IMPOSED IN WHOLE OR IN PART
8	DURING THE TIME PERIOD OF PROBATION AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION
9	OR AS A SANCTION FOR A VIOLATION OF PROBATION; OR SENTENCE AN
10	OFFENDER TO UP TO ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS IN THE COUNTY JAIL;
11	EXCEPT THAT FOR A THIRD OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE, THE COURT MAY
12	SENTENCE AN OFFENDER TO UP TO THREE HUNDRED SIXTY-FOUR DAYS IN
13	THE COUNTY JAIL IF THE COURT SENTENCES THE OFFENDER TO JAIL. IN
14	ADDITION TO THE SENTENCE TO PROBATION OR TO THE COUNTY JAIL, THE
15	COURT MAY IMPOSE A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
16	(b) A COURT MAY SENTENCE A PERSON CONVICTED OF A LEVEL 4
17	DRUG FELONY COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2022, IN VIOLATION OF
18	SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), TO A COUNTY JAIL SENTENCING ALTERNATIVE
19	PROVIDED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-106 OR PLACEMENT IN A
20	COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION
21	PROVIDED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-301 (4) AS A SENTENCING
22	ALTERNATIVE.
23	(c) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW TO THE
24	CONTRARY, AN OFFENDER CONVICTED OF A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY
25	COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2022, IN VIOLATION OF SECTION
26	18-18-403.5 (2.5), IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE
27	DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS OR A MANDATORY PERIOD OF PAROLE.

-15- 1326

1	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 18-1.3-410 as
2	follows:
3	18-1.3-410. Fentanyl education and treatment program.
4	(1) UPON CONVICTION OF ANY OFFENSE PURSUANT TO PART 4 OF ARTICLE
5	18 of this title 18 for a material, compound, mixture, or
6	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL,
7	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
8	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE A SUBSTANCE
9	ABUSE ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-209. THE SUBSTANCE
10	ABUSE ASSESSMENT MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION REGARDING THE
11	PERSON'S HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, SPECIFICALLY THE USE OF
12	FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN ANALOG
13	THEREOF; THE PERSON'S AMENABILITY TO TREATMENT; AND THE LEVEL OF
14	TREATMENT, IF ANY, NECESSARY TO ADDRESS THE PERSON'S SUBSTANCE
15	<u>USE</u> DISORDER TO BE PROVIDED DURING THE PERSON'S PROBATION OR
16	DEFERRED JUDGMENT SUPERVISION.
17	(2) If the substance abuse assessment described in
18	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS COMMUNITY-BASED
19	TREATMENT, THE PERSON SHALL COMPLETE THE ASSESSED LEVEL OF
20	TREATMENT CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-1.3-209.
21	(3) (a) If the substance abuse assessment described in
22	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS AS A CONDITION OF
23	PROBATION PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY FOR
24	TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL,
25	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, THE COURT SHALL
26	ORDER RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION. THE
27	RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY MUST BE APPROVED BY THE OFFICE OF

-16- 1326

1	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH IN THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES AND
2	DESIGNED FOR TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL,
3	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF.
4	PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION
5	IS LIMITED TO THE PERIOD OF TIME THAT THE PLACEMENT IS CLINICALLY
6	NECESSARY. THE RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM
7	THE CORRECTIONAL TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO
8	SECTION 18-19-103 (4), FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED
9	BY THE COURT TO BE INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED
10	COUNSEL, OR IS OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF THE
11	PLACEMENT.
12	(b) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION TO
13	THE CONTRARY, THE COURT MAY ORDER NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
14	AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION IF THE COURT MAKES FINDINGS ON THE
15	RECORD THAT A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY DOES NOT EXIST, IS
16	NOT ACCESSIBLE FOR THE PERSON WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME,
17	OR NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT IS AVAILABLE TO ADDRESS THE
18	PERSON'S TREATMENT NEEDS.
19	(4) A PERSON, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PERSON IS RECEIVING
20	TREATMENT IN A COMMUNITY-BASED OR RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
21	FACILITY PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OR (3) OF THIS SECTION, MUST
22	COMPLETE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE
23	OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127. THE
24	FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION
25	REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF SYNTHETIC
26	OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH, ACCESS TO
27	AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY

-17- 1326

1	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
2	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
3	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. THE FENTANYL
4	EDUCATION PROGRAM COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
5	TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4),
6	FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE
7	INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS
8	OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF PLACEMENT.
9	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 18-1.3-410 as
10	follows:
11	18-1.3-410. Fentanyl education and treatment program.
12	(1) UPON CONVICTION OF ANY OFFENSE PURSUANT TO PART 4 OF ARTICLE
13	18 of this title 18 for a material, compound, mixture, or
14	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> ,
15	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
16	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE A SUBSTANCE
17	ABUSE ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-209. THE SUBSTANCE
18	ABUSE ASSESSMENT MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION REGARDING THE
19	PERSON'S HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, SPECIFICALLY THE USE OF
20	FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN ANALOG
21	THEREOF; THE PERSON'S AMENABILITY TO TREATMENT; AND THE LEVEL OF
22	TREATMENT, IF ANY, NECESSARY TO ADDRESS THE PERSON'S SUBSTANCE
23	<u>USE</u> DISORDER TO BE PROVIDED DURING THE PERSON'S PROBATION OR
24	DEFERRED JUDGMENT SUPERVISION.
25	(2) If the substance abuse assessment described in
26	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS COMMUNITY-BASED
27	TREATMENT, THE PERSON SHALL COMPLETE THE ASSESSED LEVEL OF

-18- 1326

1	TREATMENT CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-1.3-209.
2	(3) (a) If the substance abuse assessment described in
3	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS AS A CONDITION OF
4	PROBATION PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY FOR
5	TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL.
6	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, THE COURT SHALL
7	ORDER RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION. THE
8	RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY MUST BE APPROVED BY THE
9	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN
10	SERVICES AND DESIGNED FOR TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT
11	INCLUDES FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN
12	ANALOG THEREOF. PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM AS A
13	CONDITION OF PROBATION IS LIMITED TO THE PERIOD OF TIME THAT THE
14	PLACEMENT IS CLINICALLY NECESSARY. THE RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT
15	COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL TREATMENT CASH FUND
16	EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4), FOR A PERSON ON
17	PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE INDIGENT, IS
18	REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS OTHERWISE UNABLE
19	TO AFFORD THE COST OF THE PLACEMENT.
20	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (3)(a) of this section to
21	THE CONTRARY, THE COURT MAY ORDER NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
22	AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION IF THE COURT MAKES FINDINGS ON THE
23	RECORD THAT A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY DOES NOT EXIST, IS
24	NOT ACCESSIBLE FOR THE PERSON WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME.
25	OR NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT IS AVAILABLE TO ADDRESS THE
26	PERSON'S TREATMENT NEEDS.

 $(4)\ A\, \text{PERSON}, \text{REGARDLESS}\, \text{OF}\, \text{WHETHER}\, \text{THE}\, \text{PERSON}\, \text{IS}\, \text{RECEIVING}$

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-19-

2	FACILITY PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OR (3) OF THIS SECTION, MUST
3	COMPLETE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE
4	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127.
5	THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION
6	REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF SYNTHETIC
7	OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH, ACCESS TO
8	AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
9	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
10	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
11	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. THE FENTANYL
12	EDUCATION PROGRAM COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
13	TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4),
14	FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE
15	INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS
16	OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF PLACEMENT.
17	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-501, amend
18	(1)(d.5)(I) as follows:
19	18-1.3-501. Misdemeanors classified - drug misdemeanors and
20	drug petty offenses classified - penalties - legislative intent -
21	definitions. (1) (d.5) (I) (A) It is the intention of the general assembly to
22	classify most drug possession on and after March 1, 2020, as a
23	misdemeanor offense with different sentencing options and limited
24	incarceration penalties. The purpose of this sentencing scheme is to
25	provide offenders who are assessed to be in need of treatment or other
26	intervention with probation supervision in conjunction with effective
27	medical and behavioral intervention and treatment. For those drug

TREATMENT IN A COMMUNITY-BASED OR RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT

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-20-

1	possessors who are not in need of treatment, sentencing by the courts
2	system should be limited. This sentencing scheme recognizes that drug
3	use and possession is primarily a health concern and should be treated as
4	such by Colorado courts.
5	(B) FURTHERMORE, IT IS THE INTENT OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
6	THAT SENTENCING FOR CRIMES THAT INVOLVE FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u>
7	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
8	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), EVEN IN SMALL QUANTITIES, REFLECT THE HIGH
9	RISK OF ADDICTION AND DEATH ASSOCIATED WITH FENTANYL
10	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR ANY ANALOG THEREOF.
11	THEREFORE, THE EDUCATION AND TREATMENT PROCEDURES PROVIDED IN
12	SECTION <u>18-1.3-510</u> MUST BE IMPLEMENTED TO ADDRESS THIS
13	SUBSTANTIAL HEALTH RISK.
14	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add <u>18-1.3-510</u> as
15	follows:
16	<u>18-1.3-510.</u> Fentanyl education and treatment program.
17	(1) UPON CONVICTION OF ANY OFFENSE PURSUANT TO PART 4 OF ARTICLE
18	18 of this title 18 for a material, compound, mixture, or
19	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u>
20	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
21	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE A SUBSTANCE
22	ABUSE ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-209. THE SUBSTANCE
23	ABUSE ASSESSMENT MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION REGARDING THE
24	PERSON'S HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, SPECIFICALLY THE USE OF
25	FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR ANY ANALOG
26	THEREOF; THE PERSON'S AMENABILITY TO TREATMENT; AND THE LEVEL OF
27	TREATMENT, IF ANY, NECESSARY TO ADDRESS THE PERSON'S SUBSTANCE

-21- 1326

1	<u>USE</u> DISORDER TO BE PROVIDED DURING THE PERSON'S PROBATION OR
2	DEFERRED JUDGMENT SUPERVISION.
3	(2) If the substance abuse assessment described in
4	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS COMMUNITY-BASED
5	TREATMENT, THE PERSON SHALL COMPLETE THE ASSESSED LEVEL OF
6	TREATMENT CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-1.3-209.
7	(3) (a) If the substance abuse assessment described in
8	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS AS A CONDITION OF
9	PROBATION PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY FOR
10	TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> ,
11	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, THE COURT SHALL
12	ORDER RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION. THE
13	RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY MUST BE APPROVED BY THE OFFICE OF
14	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH IN THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES AND
15	DESIGNED FOR TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL,
16	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF.
17	PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION
18	IS LIMITED TO THE PERIOD OF TIME THAT THE PLACEMENT IS CLINICALLY
19	NECESSARY. THE RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM
20	THE CORRECTIONAL TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO
21	SECTION 18-19-103 (4), FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED
22	BY THE COURT TO BE INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED
23	COUNSEL, OR IS OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF THE
24	PLACEMENT.
25	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (3)(a) of this section to
26	THE CONTRARY, THE COURT MAY ORDER NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
27	AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION IF THE COURT MAKES FINDINGS ON THE

-22- 1326

1	RECORD THAT A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY DOES NOT EXIST, IS
2	NOT ACCESSIBLE FOR THE PERSON WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME,
3	OR NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT IS AVAILABLE TO ADDRESS THE
4	PERSON'S TREATMENT NEEDS.
5	(4) A PERSON, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PERSON IS RECEIVING
6	TREATMENT IN A COMMUNITY-BASED OR RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
7	FACILITY PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OR (3) OF THIS SECTION, MUST
8	COMPLETE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE
9	OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127. THE
10	FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION
11	REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF SYNTHETIC
12	OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH, ACCESS TO
13	AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
14	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
15	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
16	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. THE FENTANYL
17	EDUCATION PROGRAM COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
18	TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4),
19	FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE
20	INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS
21	OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF PLACEMENT.
22	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add <u>18-1.3-510</u> as
23	follows:
24	<u>18-1.3-510.</u> Fentanyl education and treatment program.
25	(1) Upon conviction of any offense pursuant to part 4 of article
26	18 of this title 18 for a material, compound, mixture, or
27	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL,

-23-

1 BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN 2 SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE A SUBSTANCE 3 ABUSE ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-209. THE SUBSTANCE 4 ABUSE ASSESSMENT MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION REGARDING THE 5 PERSON'S HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, SPECIFICALLY THE USE OF 6 FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR ANY ANALOG 7 THEREOF; THE PERSON'S AMENABILITY TO TREATMENT; AND THE LEVEL OF 8 TREATMENT, IF ANY, NECESSARY TO ADDRESS THE PERSON'S SUBSTANCE 9 <u>USE</u> DISORDER TO BE PROVIDED DURING THE PERSON'S PROBATION OR 10 DEFERRED JUDGMENT SUPERVISION. 11 (2) IF THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE ASSESSMENT DESCRIBED IN 12 SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS COMMUNITY-BASED 13 TREATMENT, THE PERSON SHALL COMPLETE THE ASSESSED LEVEL OF 14 TREATMENT CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-1.3-209. 15 (3) (a) If the substance abuse assessment described in 16

(3) (a) If the substance abuse assessment described in subsection (1) of this section recommends as a condition of probation placement in a residential treatment facility for treatment of an addiction that includes fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u>, <u>benzimidazole opiate</u>, or an analog thereof, the court shall order residential treatment as a condition of probation. The residential treatment facility must be approved by the behavioral health administration in the department of human services and designed for treatment of an addiction that includes fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u>, <u>benzimidazole opiate</u>, or an analog thereof. Placement in a residential program as a condition of probation is limited to the period of time that the placement is clinically necessary.

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-24- 1326

1	COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL TREATMENT CASH FUND,
2	EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4), FOR A PERSON ON
3	PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE INDIGENT, IS
4	REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS OTHERWISE UNABLE
5	TO AFFORD THE COST OF THE PLACEMENT.
6	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (3)(a) of this section to
7	THE CONTRARY, THE COURT MAY ORDER NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
8	AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION IF THE COURT MAKES FINDINGS ON THE
9	RECORD THAT A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY DOES NOT EXIST, IS
10	NOT ACCESSIBLE FOR THE PERSON WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME,
11	OR NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT IS AVAILABLE TO ADDRESS THE
12	PERSON'S TREATMENT NEEDS.
13	(4) A PERSON, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PERSON IS RECEIVING
14	TREATMENT IN A COMMUNITY-BASED OR RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
15	FACILITY PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OR (3) OF THIS SECTION, MUST
16	COMPLETE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE
17	$\label{eq:behavioral} BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127.$
18	THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION
19	REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF SYNTHETIC
20	OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH, ACCESS TO
21	AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
22	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
23	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
24	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. THE FENTANYL
25	EDUCATION PROGRAM COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
26	TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4),
27	FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE

-25- 1326

1	INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS
2	OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF PLACEMENT.
3	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-30-110, amend
4	(1)(a)(VI), (1)(b) introductory portion, (2)(b), (3)(c), (4)(b), and (7)(a);
5	and add (1)(a)(VIII), (1)(a)(IX), (1)(a)(X), (1)(a)(XI), (1)(a)(XII),
6	(1)(a)(XIII), (1)(a)(XIV), (1)(a)(XV), (1)(a)(XVI), (1)(a)(XVII),
7	(1)(a)(XVIII), (1)(a)(XIX), (1)(a)(XX), (1)(a)(XXI), (3.5), (7)(a.3),
8	(7)(a.5), (7)(a.7), (7)(b.2), (7)(b.3), (7)(b.4), (7)(b.7), (7)(b.8), (7)(h.3),
9	and (7)(h.7) as follows:
10	12-30-110. Prescribing or dispensing opiate antagonists -
11	authorized recipients - definitions. (1) (a) A prescriber may prescribe
12	or dispense, directly or in accordance with standing orders and protocols,
13	an opiate antagonist to:
14	(VI) A person described in section 25-20.5-1001; or
15	(VIII) AN INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION, OR AN EMPLOYEE
16	OR AGENT OF THE INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION;
17	(IX) A LIBRARY, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF THE LIBRARY;
18	(X) A COMMUNITY SERVICE ORGANIZATION, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR
19	AGENT OF THE COMMUNITY SERVICE ORGANIZATION;
20	(XI) A RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATION, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF
21	THE RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATION;
22	(XII) A LOCAL JAIL, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF THE LOCAL
23	JAIL;
24	(XIII) A MULTIJURISDICTIONAL JAIL, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT
25	OF THE MULTIJURISDICTIONAL JAIL;
26	(XIV) A MUNICIPAL JAIL, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF THE
27	MUNICIPAL JAIL;

-26- 1326

I	(XV) A CORRECTIONAL FACILITY, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF
2	THE CORRECTIONAL FACILITY;
3	(XVI) A PRIVATE CONTRACT PRISON, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT
4	OF THE PRIVATE CONTRACT PRISON;
5	(XVII) A COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM, OR AN EMPLOYEE
6	OR AGENT OF THE COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM;
7	(XVIII) A PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR
8	AGENT OF THE PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM;
9	(XIX) A PROBATION DEPARTMENT, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF
10	THE PROBATION DEPARTMENT;
11	(XX) A LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH AGENCY, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR
12	AGENT OF THE LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH AGENCY; OR
13	(XXI) A MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL.
14	(b) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee or
15	volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school, or
16	employee or agent of a school; a person described in section
17	25-20.5-1001; a mental health professional; or a unit of local government;
18	A PERSON OR ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION
19	may, pursuant to an order or standing orders and protocols:
20	(2) (b) A law enforcement agency, first responder, harm reduction
21	organization, person described in section 25-20.5-1001, mental health
22	professional, or unit of local government AN ENTITY DESCRIBED IN
23	SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION is strongly encouraged to educate
24	employees, AGENTS, and volunteers, as well as persons receiving an
25	opiate antagonist from the law enforcement agency, first responder, harm
26	reduction organization, person described in section 25-20.5-1001, mental
27	health professional, or unit of local government, THE ENTITY DESCRIBED

-27- 1326

1	IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION on the use of an optate antagonist
2	for overdose, including instruction concerning risk factors for overdose,
3	recognizing an overdose, calling emergency medical services, rescue
4	breathing, and administering an opiate antagonist.
5	(3) A prescriber described in subsection (7)(h) of this section does
6	not engage in unprofessional conduct or is not subject to discipline
7	pursuant to section 12-240-121, 12-255-120, or 12-280-126, as
8	applicable, if the prescriber issues standing orders and protocols
9	regarding opiate antagonists or prescribes or dispenses, pursuant to an
10	order or standing orders and protocols, an opiate antagonist in a
11	good-faith effort to assist:
12	(c) The following persons A PERSON OR ENTITY DESCRIBED IN
13	SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION in responding to, treating, or
14	otherwise assisting an individual who is experiencing or is at risk of
15	experiencing an opiate-related drug overdose event or a friend, family
16	member, or other person in a position to assist an at-risk individual.
17	(I) A law enforcement agency or first responder;
18	(II) An employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization;
19	(III) A school district, school, or employee or agent of a school;
20	(IV) A person described in section 25-20.5-1001;
21	(V) A mental health professional; or
22	(VI) A unit of local government.
23	(3.5) (a) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS TITLE 12 OR
24	RULES IMPLEMENTING THIS TITLE 12, A PRESCRIBER PRESCRIBING OR
25	DISPENSING AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION,
26	OTHER THAN A PHARMACIST OR OTHER PRESCRIBER PRESCRIBING AND
27	DISPENSING FROM A PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUTLET OR PHARMACY, IS NOT

-28- 1326

1	REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH LAWS RELATING TO LABELING, STORAGE, OR
2	RECORD KEEPING FOR THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST.
3	(b) A PRESCRIBER PRESCRIBING OR DISPENSING AN OPIATE
4	ANTAGONIST EXEMPTED FROM LABELING, STORAGE, OR RECORD-KEEPING
5	REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (3.5):
6	(I) Does not engage in unprofessional conduct or is not
7	SUBJECT TO DISCIPLINE PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-240-121 OR 12-255-120,
8	AS APPLICABLE; AND
9	(II) IS NOT SUBJECT TO CIVIL LIABILITY OR CRIMINAL
10	PROSECUTION, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 13-21-108.7(4) AND 18-1-712(3),
11	RESPECTIVELY.
12	(4) (b) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee
13	or volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school,
14	or employee or agent of a school; a person described in section
15	25-20.5-1001; or a unit of local government A PERSON OR ENTITY
16	DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION acting in accordance
17	with this section is not subject to civil liability or criminal prosecution, as
18	specified in sections 13-21-108.7 (3) and 18-1-712 (2), respectively.
19	(7) As used in this section:
20	(a) "First responder" means: "COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS
21	PROGRAM" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 17-27-102
22	(3).
23	(I) A peace officer, as defined in section 16-2.5-101;
24	(II) A firefighter, as defined in section 29-5-203 (10); or
25	(III) A volunteer firefighter, as defined in section 31-30-1102 (9).
26	(a.3) "COMMUNITY SERVICE ORGANIZATION" MEANS A NONPROFIT
27	OPGANIZATION THAT IS IN GOOD STANDING AND DEGISTEDED WITH THE

-29- 1326

1	FEDERAL INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE AND THE COLORADO SECRETARY
2	OF STATE'S OFFICE THAT PROVIDES SERVICES TO INDIVIDUALS AT RISK OF
3	EXPERIENCING AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT, OR TO THE
4	INDIVIDUALS' FAMILY MEMBERS, FRIENDS, OR OTHER PERSONS IN A
5	POSITION TO ASSIST THE INDIVIDUAL.
6	(a.5) "CORRECTIONAL FACILITY" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET
7	FORTH IN SECTION 17-1-102 (1.7).
8	(a.7) "FIRST RESPONDER" MEANS:
9	(I) A PEACE OFFICER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 16-2.5-101;
10	(II) A FIREFIGHTER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 29-5-203 (10);
11	(III) A VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
12	31-30-1102 (9); OR
13	(IV) AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER, AS DEFINED IN
14	SECTION 25-3.5-103 (8).
15	(b.2) "Institution of higher education" means a public or
16	NONPUBLIC INSTITUTION THAT AWARDS ANY TYPE OF POSTSECONDARY
17	CERTIFICATE, DEGREE, OR OTHER CREDENTIAL, AND IS LOCATED IN
18	COLORADO.
19	(b.3) "Local jail" has the same meaning as set forth in
20	SECTION 17-1-102 (7).
21	(b.4) "LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH AGENCY" MEANS AN AGENCY
22	ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1-506.
23	(b.7) "MULTIJURISDICTIONAL JAIL" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS
24	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 17-26.5-101.
25	(b.8) "Municipal jail" has the same meaning as described in
26	SECTION 31-15-401 (1)(j).
27	(h.3) "PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS

-30-

DESCRIBED IN SECTION 16-4-106.

2 (h.7) "PRIVATE CONTRACT PRISON" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 17-1-102 (7.3).

SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-21-108.7, amend (3)(a) and (3)(b)(I) as follows:

- 13-21-108.7. Persons rendering emergency assistance through the administration of an opiate antagonist limited immunity legislative declaration definitions. (3) General immunity. (a) A person, other than a health-care provider or a health-care facility, who acts in good faith to furnish or administer an opiate antagonist, including an expired opiate antagonist, to an individual the person believes to be suffering an opiate-related drug overdose event or to an individual who is in a position to assist the individual at risk of experiencing an opiate-related overdose event is not liable for any civil damages for acts or omissions made as a result of the act or for any act or omission made if the opiate antagonist is stolen, DEFECTIVE, OR PRODUCES AN UNINTENDED RESULT.
- 18 (b) This subsection (3) also applies to:
 - (I) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school, or employee or agent of a school acting in accordance with section 12-30-110 (1)(b), (2)(b), and (4)(b) and, as applicable, section 22-1-119.1; a mental health professional, as defined in section 12-30-110 (7)(b.5); or a unit of local government, as defined in section 29-3.5-101 (4) A PERSON OR ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SECTION 12-30-110 (1)(a); EXCEPT THAT AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A SCHOOL MUST BE ACTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 12-30-110 (1)(b), (2)(b), AND (4)(b), AND, AS

-31-

1	APPLICABLE, SECTION 22-1-119.1; and
2	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 13-21-108.8 as
3	follows:
4	13-21-108.8. Persons furnishing a non-laboratory synthetic
5	opiate detection test - limited immunity - definition. (1) EXCEPT AS
6	PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, A PERSON WHO OR ENTITY
7	THAT ACTS IN GOOD FAITH TO FURNISH A NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC
8	OPIATE DETECTION TEST, INCLUDING AN EXPIRED NON-LABORATORY
9	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST, TO ANOTHER PERSON IS NOT LIABLE
10	FOR ANY CIVIL DAMAGES FOR ACTS, OMISSIONS MADE AS A RESULT OF THE
11	ACT, OR FOR ANY ACT OR OMISSION MADE IF THE NON-LABORATORY
12	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST IS STOLEN, DEFECTIVE, OR PRODUCES
13	AN INACCURATE RESULT.
14	(2) A MANUFACTURER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-21-401 (1), OF
15	NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS IS NOT IMMUNE
16	FROM LIABILITY AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION.
17	(3) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, "NON-LABORATORY
18	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST" MEANS A PRODUCT THAT IS
19	INTENDED OR DESIGNED TO DETECT THE PRESENCE OF A SYNTHETIC
20	OPIATE.
21	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-26-140, amend
22	(1); and add (3) as follows:
23	17-26-140. Continuity of care for persons released from jail.
24	(1) If a person is treated for a substance use disorder throughout AT ANY
25	TIME DURING the person's incarceration, the county jail shall, at a
26	minimum, conduct the following before releasing the person from the
27	county jail's custody:

-32-

1	(a) Provide post-release resources developed pursuant to section
2	17-1-103 (1)(r) to the person; and
3	(b) Provide a list of available substance use providers, to the
4	extent the office of behavioral health in the state department has such a
5	list available;
6	(c) IF THE PERSON RECEIVED OR HAS BEEN ASSESSED TO RECEIVE
7	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT WHILE IN JAIL, HAS A HISTORY OF
8	SUBSTANCE USE IN THE COMMUNITY OR WHILE IN JAIL, OR REQUESTS
9	OPIATE ANTAGONISTS UPON RELEASE, PROVIDE THE PERSON, UPON
10	RELEASE FROM THE JAIL, AT LEAST EIGHT MILLIGRAMS OF AN OPIATE
11	ANTAGONIST VIA INHALATION OR ITS EQUIVALENT AND PROVIDE
12	EDUCATION TO THE PERSON ABOUT THE APPROPRIATE USE OF THE
13	MEDICATION; AND
14	(d) If the Person Received Medication-assisted treatment
15	WHILE IN JAIL, HAS A HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, OR REQUESTS OPIATE
16	USE-DISORDER MEDICATION, PRESCRIBE TO THE PERSON, UPON RELEASE
17	FROM THE JAIL, MEDICATION FOR AN OPIATE USE DISORDER AND PROVIDE
18	EDUCATION TO THE PERSON ABOUT THE APPROPRIATE USE OF THE
19	MEDICATION, AND PROVIDE THE PERSON WITH A REFERRAL TO AT LEAST
20	ONE MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROVIDER LOCATED IN THE AREA
21	WHERE THE PERSON WILL RESIDE AFTER RELEASE FROM THE JAIL.
22	(3) As used in this section, "opiate antagonist" means
23	NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE OR ANY SIMILARLY ACTING DRUG THAT IS
24	NOT A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AND THAT IS APPROVED BY THE FEDERAL
25	FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF A DRUG
26	OVERDOSE.
27	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-26-140, amend

-33-

1	<u>(1); and add (3)</u> as follows:
2	17-26-140. Continuity of care for persons released from jail.
3	(1) If a person is treated for a substance use disorder throughout AT ANY
4	TIME DURING the person's incarceration, the county jail shall, at a
5	minimum, conduct the following before releasing the person from the
6	county jail's custody:
7	(a) Provide post-release resources developed pursuant to section
8	17-1-103 (1)(r) to the person; and
9	(b) Provide a list of available substance use providers, to the
10	extent the office of behavioral health ADMINISTRATION in the state
11	department OF HUMAN SERVICES has such a list available;
12	(c) IF THE PERSON RECEIVED OR HAS BEEN ASSESSED TO RECEIVE
13	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT WHILE IN JAIL, HAS A HISTORY OF
14	SUBSTANCE USE IN THE COMMUNITY OR WHILE IN JAIL, OR REQUESTS
15	OPIATE ANTAGONISTS UPON RELEASE, PROVIDE THE PERSON, UPON
16	RELEASE FROM THE JAIL, AT LEAST EIGHT MILLIGRAMS OF AN OPIATE
17	ANTAGONIST VIA INHALATION OR ITS EQUIVALENT AND PROVIDE
18	EDUCATION TO THE PERSON ABOUT THE APPROPRIATE USE OF THE
19	MEDICATION; AND
20	(d) IF THE PERSON RECEIVED MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT
21	WHILE IN JAIL, HAS A HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, OR REQUESTS OPIATE
22	USE-DISORDER MEDICATION, PRESCRIBE TO THE PERSON, UPON RELEASE
23	FROM THE JAIL, MEDICATION FOR AN OPIATE USE DISORDER AND PROVIDE
24	EDUCATION TO THE PERSON ABOUT THE APPROPRIATE USE OF THE
25	MEDICATION, AND PROVIDE THE PERSON WITH A REFERRAL TO AT LEAST
26	ONE MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROVIDER LOCATED IN THE AREA
27	WHERE THE PERSON WILL RESIDE AFTER RELEASE FROM THE JAIL.

-34- 1326

1	(3) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, "OPIATE ANTAGONIST" MEANS
2	NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE OR ANY SIMILARLY ACTING DRUG THAT IS
3	NOT A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AND THAT IS APPROVED BY THE FEDERAL
4	FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF A DRUG
5	OVERDOSE.
6	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-27-104, amend
7	(12) as follows:
8	17-27-104. Community corrections programs operated by
9	units of local government, state agencies, or nongovernmental
10	agencies. (12) (a) The administrators of a community corrections
11	program established pursuant to this section may implement a behavioral
12	or mental health disorder screening program to screen the persons
13	accepted and placed in the community corrections program. If the
14	administrators choose to implement a behavioral or mental health disorder
15	screening program, the administrators shall use the standardized
16	screening instrument developed pursuant to section 16-11.9-102 and
17	conduct the screening in accordance with procedures established pursuant
18	to said section.
19	(b) (I) Starting on or before July 1, 2023, a community
20	CORRECTIONS PROGRAM ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL
21	DEVELOP PROTOCOLS TO IDENTIFY WITHDRAWAL SYMPTOMS, DETERMINE
22	WHETHER A MEDICAL REFERRAL IS NEEDED, AND ENSURE INDIVIDUALS
23	HAVE ACCESS TO APPROPRIATE MEDICAL PROFESSIONALS AS NECESSARY.
24	<u>IN INSTANCES WHEN A MEDICALLY SUPERVISED DETOXIFICATION APPEARS</u>
25	NECESSARY, COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM STAFF SHALL ASSIST
26	THE INDIVIDUAL WITH ACCESSING A LOCAL EMERGENCY PROVIDER OR
27	MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION FOR NECESSARY TREATMENT.

-35-

2	
_	CORRECTIONS PROGRAM ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL
3	PROVIDE MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT. IF A COMMUNITY
4	CORRECTIONS PROGRAM DOES NOT PROVIDE MEDICATION-ASSISTED
5	TREATMENT, COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM STAFF SHALL ASSIST
6	THE INDIVIDUAL WITH ACCESSING A COMMUNITY-BASED
7	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROVIDER. A COMMUNITY
8	CORRECTIONS PROGRAM THAT DOES NOT PROVIDE A
9	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (12),
10	SHALL SUBMIT A REPORT BY JULY 1, 2023, TO THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL
11	JUSTICE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY DESCRIBING THE BARRIERS
12	TO OFFERING THE SERVICES AND WHAT RESOURCES ARE NECESSARY TO
13	PROVIDE MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT.
14	SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1-712, amend
15	(2)(b)(I) as follows:
	(2)(0)(1) us folio (1).
16	18-1-712. Immunity for a person who administers an opiate
16 17	
	18-1-712. Immunity for a person who administers an opiate
17	18-1-712. Immunity for a person who administers an opiate antagonist during an opiate-related drug overdose event - definitions.
17 18	18-1-712. Immunity for a person who administers an opiate antagonist during an opiate-related drug overdose event - definitions. (2) General immunity. (b) This subsection (2) also applies to:
17 18 19	18-1-712. Immunity for a person who administers an opiate antagonist during an opiate-related drug overdose event - definitions. (2) General immunity. (b) This subsection (2) also applies to: (I) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee or
17 18 19 20	18-1-712. Immunity for a person who administers an opiate antagonist during an opiate-related drug overdose event - definitions. (2) General immunity. (b) This subsection (2) also applies to: (I) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school, or
17 18 19 20 21	18-1-712. Immunity for a person who administers an opiate antagonist during an opiate-related drug overdose event - definitions. (2) General immunity. (b) This subsection (2) also applies to: (I) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school, or employee or agent of a school acting in accordance with section
17 18 19 20 21 22	18-1-712. Immunity for a person who administers an opiate antagonist during an opiate-related drug overdose event - definitions. (2) General immunity. (b) This subsection (2) also applies to: (I) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school, or employee or agent of a school acting in accordance with section 12-30-110 (1)(b), (2)(b), and (4)(b) and, as applicable, section
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	18-1-712. Immunity for a person who administers an opiate antagonist during an opiate-related drug overdose event - definitions. (2) General immunity. (b) This subsection (2) also applies to: (I) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school, or employee or agent of a school acting in accordance with section 12-30-110 (1)(b), (2)(b), and (4)(b) and, as applicable, section 22-1-119.1; a mental health professional, as defined in section 12-30-110
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	18-1-712. Immunity for a person who administers an opiate antagonist during an opiate-related drug overdose event - definitions. (2) General immunity. (b) This subsection (2) also applies to: (I) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school, or employee or agent of a school acting in accordance with section 12-30-110 (1)(b), (2)(b), and (4)(b) and, as applicable, section 22-1-119.1; a mental health professional, as defined in section 12-30-110 (7)(b.5); or a unit of local government, as defined in section 29-3.5-101

(II) STARTING ON OR BEFORE JULY 1, 2023, A COMMUNITY

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-36-

1	APPLICABLE, SECTION 22-1-119.1; and
2	SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-19-103, amend
3	(5)(c)(VI) and (5)(c)(VII); and add (5)(c)(VIII) as follows:
4	18-19-103. Source of revenues - allocation of money.
5	(5) (c) The board may direct that money in the correctional treatment
6	cash fund may be used for the following purposes:
7	(VI) Recovery support services, including offender reentry; and
8	(VII) Administrative support to the correctional treatment board
9	including, but not limited to, facilitating and coordinating data collection,
10	conducting data analysis, developing contracts, preparing reports,
11	scheduling and staffing board and subcommittee meetings, and engaging
12	in budget planning and analysis; AND
13	(VIII) DRUG OVERDOSE PREVENTION, INCLUDING
14	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT FOR OPIATE DEPENDENCE, OPIATE
15	ANTAGONISTS, AND NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION
16	TESTS.
17	SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 22-1-119.2 as
18	follows:
19	22-1-119.2. Policy for employee and agent furnishing
20	non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests - definition. (1) A
21	SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF EDUCATION OF A PUBLIC SCHOOL, THE STATE
22	CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE FOR AN INSTITUTE CHARTER SCHOOL, OR THE
23	GOVERNING BOARD OF A NONPUBLIC SCHOOL MAY ADOPT AND IMPLEMENT
24	A POLICY WHEREBY A SCHOOL UNDER ITS JURISDICTION MAY ACQUIRE AND
25	MAINTAIN A SUPPLY OF NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION
26	TESTS, AND AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF THE SCHOOL MAY FURNISH
27	NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS ON SCHOOL

-37-

1	GROUNDS TO ANY INDIVIDUAL.
2	(2) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, "NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC
3	OPIATE DETECTION TEST" MEANS A PRODUCT THAT IS INTENDED OR
4	DESIGNED TO DETECT THE PRESENCE OF A SYNTHETIC OPIATE.
5	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-115, amend
6	(5); and add (6) as follows:
7	25-1.5-115. Opiate antagonist bulk purchase fund - creation
8	-rules - report - <u>appropriation -</u> definition - repeal. (5) As used in this
9	section, "eligible entity" means A PERSON OR ENTITY DESCRIBED IN
10	SECTION 12-30-110 (1)(a); EXCEPT THAT AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A
11	SCHOOL MUST BE ACTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 12-30-110
12	(1)(b), (2)(b), AND (4)(b), AND, AS APPLICABLE, SECTION 22-1-119.1.
13	(a) A unit of local government, as defined in section 29-3.5-101
14	(4);
15	(b) A person making an opiate antagonist available pursuant to
16	section 25-20.5-1001;
17	(c) The following entities, if the entity has adopted a policy
18	allowing the acquisition, maintenance, and administration of opiate
19	antagonists pursuant to section 22-1-119.1:
20	(I) A school district board of education of a public school;
21	(II) The state charter school institute for an institute charter
22	school; or
23	(III) A governing board of a nonpublic school.
24	(d) A harm reduction organization, as defined in section
25	12-30-110 (7)(b);
26	(e) A law enforcement agency; or
27	(f) A first responder, as defined in section 12-30-110 (7)(a).

-38-

1	(6) (a) FOR THE 2022-23 STATE FISCAL YEAR, THE GENERAL
2	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE <u>NINETEEN MILLION SEVEN HUNDRED</u>
3	THOUSAND DOLLARS FROM THE BEHAVIORAL AND MENTAL HEALTH CASH
4	FUND, CREATED IN SECTION 24-75-230, TO THE FUND.
5	(b) This subsection (6) is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
6	SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25-1.5-115.3
7	as follows:
8	25-1.5-115.3. Non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests
9	- appropriation - definitions - repeal. (1) FOR THE 2022-23 STATE
10	FISCAL YEAR, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE <u>SIX</u> HUNDRED
11	THOUSAND DOLLARS TO THE DEPARTMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF
12	PURCHASING NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS.
13	Any unexpended money remaining at the end of the 2022-23 state
14	FISCAL YEAR FROM THIS APPROPRIATION:
15	(a) Does not revert to the general fund or any other
16	<u>FUND;</u>
17	(b) May be used by the department in the 2023-24 state
18	FISCAL YEAR WITHOUT FURTHER APPROPRIATION; AND
19	(c) Must not be used for any other purpose other than the
20	PURPOSE SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION.
21	(2) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DISTRIBUTE THE NON-LABORATORY
22	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS TO ELIGIBLE ENTITIES. THE
23	DEPARTMENT MAY PRIORITIZE THE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-LABORATORY
24	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS TO ELIGIBLE ENTITIES BASED ON THE
25	NEED OF EACH ENTITY AND THE AVAILABILITY OF THE NON-LABORATORY
26	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS AS DETERMINED BY THE
27	DEPARTMENT.

-39-

1	(3) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE
2	REQUIRES:
3	(a) "ELIGIBLE ENTITY" MEANS A PERSON OR ENTITY DESCRIBED IN
4	SECTION 12-30-110 (1)(a); EXCEPT THAT AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A
5	SCHOOL MUST BE ACTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 12-30-110
6	(1)(b), (2)(b), OR (4)(b), AND, AS APPLICABLE, SECTION 22-1-119.2.
7	(b) "Non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection test"
8	MEANS A PRODUCT THAT IS INTENDED OR DESIGNED TO DETECT THE
9	PRESENCE OF A SYNTHETIC OPIATE.
10	(4) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
11	SECTION 23. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25-1.5-115.5
12	as follows:
13	25-1.5-115.5. Fentanyl prevention and education campaign -
14	website. (1) Subject to available appropriations, beginning in the
15	2022-23 STATE FISCAL YEAR, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DEVELOP,
16	IMPLEMENT, AND MAINTAIN AN ONGOING STATEWIDE PREVENTION AND
17	EDUCATION CAMPAIGN TO ADDRESS THE FENTANYL EDUCATION NEEDS IN
18	THE STATE. IN THE PREVENTION AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN, THE DIVISION
19	SHALL PROVIDE INFORMATION TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC ABOUT FENTANYL,
20	ITS DANGERS, PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES TO AVOID RISKS AND PREVENT
21	HARM CAUSED BY FENTANYL, RESOURCES FOR ADDICTION TREATMENT
22	AND SERVICES, AND LAWS REGARDING FENTANYL, INCLUDING CRIMINAL
23	PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING AN OVERDOSE EVENT
24	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. ANY UNEXPENDED MONEY REMAINING
25	AT THE END OF THE 2022-23 STATE FISCAL YEAR FROM THIS
26	APPROPRIATION:
2.7	(a) Does not revert to the general fund or any other

-40-

1	<u>FUND;</u>
2	(b) May be used by the department in the 2023-24 and
3	2024-25 STATE FISCAL YEARS WITHOUT FURTHER APPROPRIATION; AND
4	(c) Must not be used for any other purpose other than the
5	PURPOSE SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION.
6	(2) In further ance of the goals of the fent anyl prevention
7	AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN, THE DIVISION MAY USE TELEVISION
8	ADVERTISING, RADIO BROADCASTS, PRINT MEDIA, DIGITAL STRATEGIES, OR
9	ANY OTHER MEDIA DEEMED NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE BY THE
10	DIVISION TO REACH THE TARGET AUDIENCES OF THE CAMPAIGN.
11	(3) In further ance of the goals of the fent anyl prevention
12	AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN, THE DIVISION SHALL PROVIDE AT LEAST FIVE
13	REGIONAL TRAINING SESSIONS DURING THE 2022-23 FISCAL YEAR FOR
14	COMMUNITY PARTNERS TO IMPLEMENT YOUTH HEALTH DEVELOPMENT
15	STRATEGIES.
16	(4) IN FURTHERANCE OF THE GOALS OF THE FENTANYL PREVENTION
17	AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN, THE DIVISION SHALL DEVELOP, IMPLEMENT,
18	AND MAINTAIN A WEBSITE TO SERVE AS THE STATE RESOURCE FOR THE
19	MOST ACCURATE AND TIMELY INFORMATION REGARDING FENTANYL. AT
20	A MINIMUM, THE WEBSITE MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION CONCERNING
21	FENTANYL, ITS DANGERS, PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES TO AVOID RISKS
22	AND PREVENT HARM CAUSED BY FENTANYL, RESOURCES FOR ADDICTION
23	TREATMENT AND SERVICES, AND LAWS REGARDING FENTANYL, INCLUDING
24	CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING AN OVERDOSE EVENT
25	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711.
26	SECTION 24. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-20.5-1101,
27	amend (1), (2), (3)(a), and (4) as follows:

-41- 1326

1	25-20.5-1101. Harm reduction grant program - creation -
2	application - permissible uses - department duties. (1) Subject to
3	available appropriations, the department shall develop and implement a
4	harm reduction grant program, referred to in this section as the "grant
5	program", to PREVENT OVERDOSE DEATHS AND reduce health risks
6	associated with drug use. and improve coordination between law
7	enforcement agencies, public health agencies, and community-based
8	organizations. The department may contract with an independent entity
9	for the administration of the grant program.
10	(2) (a) To be eligible to receive grant funding pursuant to this part
11	11, an entity must be: a nonprofit organization in good standing and
12	registered with the federal internal revenue service and the Colorado
13	secretary of state's office, a local public health agency established
14	pursuant to section 25-1-506, or a law enforcement agency.
15	(I) A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION THAT IS IN GOOD STANDING AND
16	REGISTERED WITH THE FEDERAL INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE AND THE
17	COLORADO SECRETARY OF STATE'S OFFICE;
18	(II) A LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH AGENCY ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO
19	SECTION 25-1-506;
20	(III) A TRIBAL AGENCY OR PROGRAM;
21	(IV) A FEDERALLY QUALIFIED HEALTH CENTER, AS DEFINED IN THE
22	FEDERAL "SOCIAL SECURITY ACT", 42 U.S.C. SEC. 1395x (aa)(4);
23	(V) A RURAL HEALTH CLINIC, AS DEFINED IN THE FEDERAL "SOCIAL
24	SECURITY ACT", 42 U.S.C. SEC. 1395x (aa)(2);
25	(VI) A BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ENTITY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
26	<u>25-27.6-102 (6); OR</u>
27	(VII) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.

-42- 1326

1	(b) AN ELIGIBLE ENTITY MAY SUBMIT A PROPOSAL ON BEHALF OF
2	A GROUP OF ELIGIBLE ENTITIES, AND APPORTION GRANT FUNDS
3	ACCORDINGLY, TO FOSTER COMMUNITY COLLABORATION AND COLLECTIVE
4	IMPACT.
5	(c) Grantees must be willing to provide services to individuals
6	who may not be ready to seek addiction treatment services or who are in
7	recovery.
8	(3) On or before November 1, 2019, the department shall develop:
9	(a) Eligibility criteria for nonprofit organizations, local public
10	health agencies, and law enforcement agencies THE ENTITIES DESCRIBED
11	IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION;
12	(4) (a) Permissible uses of funding provided pursuant to this grant
13	program include GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES, AND DIRECT AND
14	INDIRECT PROJECT COSTS INCLUDING, but are not limited to:
15	(I) (a) Trainings relevant to the field of harm reduction which
16	THAT may include how to administer naloxone OVERDOSE PREVENTION,
17	SAFER SUBSTANCE USE PRACTICES, SAFE DISPOSAL, AND ACCESS TO AND
18	ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
19	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS;
20	(H) (b) Purchasing and providing sterile equipment,
21	NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, and syringe
22	disposal equipment;
23	(HII) (c) Providing direct services to persons who have come into
24	contact with or who are at risk of coming into contact with the criminal
25	justice system, which may include accessing treatment and health-care
26	services, overdose prevention activities, and recovery support services;
27	(IV) (d) Outreach and engagement to people who come into

-43- 1326

1	contact with or who are at risk of coming into contact with the criminal
2	justice system and who are in need of mental health or substance use
3	disorder services TREATMENT, OVERDOSE PREVENTION, HARM REDUCTION,
4	OR RECOVERY SUPPORT SERVICES;
5	(V) (e) Facilitating communication, training, and technical
6	assistance among law enforcement agencies, public health agencies, and
7	community-based harm reduction agencies IN ORDER TO DIVERT PEOPLE
8	FROM THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM;
9	(VI) Coordinating local efforts regarding co-responder and
10	diversion programs; and
11	(VII) (f) Auricular acudetox training and services;
12	(g) Public education and outreach about synthetic
13	OPIATES, OVERDOSE RISKS, RECOGNIZING AN OVERDOSE EVENT,
14	RESOURCES FOR ADDICTION TREATMENT AND SERVICES, ACCESS TO AND
15	ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
16	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
17	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
18	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711;
19	(h) Local conventions for the purpose of developing
20	COMMUNITY-BASED APPROACHES FOR OVERDOSE PREVENTION, EARLY
21	INTERVENTION, AND HARM REDUCTION SERVICES;
22	(i) DEVELOPING, OR EXPANDING EXISTING, COMMUNITY-BASED
23	ORGANIZATIONS THAT PROVIDE OVERDOSE PREVENTION, EARLY
24	INTERVENTION, AND HARM REDUCTION SERVICES;
25	(j) EVIDENCE-BASED RESEARCH CONCERNING BEST OR PROMISING
26	PRACTICES IN OVERDOSE PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION, HARM
2.7	REDUCTION AND MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROTOCOLS:

-44- 1326

1	(K) DEVELOPING STRATEGIES FOR SERVING POPULATIONS WHO ARE
2	AT A HIGHER RISK OF OVERDOSE AND LIVE IN UNDERSERVED AREAS; AND
3	(1) SUPPORT FOR A LIAISON WITH EXPERIENCE COLLABORATING
4	WITH COMMUNITY-BASED ORGANIZATIONS AND LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH
5	AGENCIES.
6	(b) In order to ensure grantees are coordinating efforts across
7	public health and criminal justice systems at the local level, funding may
8	be used to support a harm reduction and law enforcement liaison who has
9	experience working with community-based organizations, local public
10	health agencies, and law enforcement agencies.
11	SECTION 25. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-20.5-1102, add
12	(5) as follows:
13	25-20.5-1102. Harm reduction grant program cash fund -
14	creation - repeal. (5) (a) FOR THE 2022-23 STATE FISCAL YEAR, THE
15	GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE SIX MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE
16	BEHAVIORAL AND MENTAL HEALTH CASH FUND, CREATED IN SECTION
17	24-75-230, TO THE FUND.
18	(b) This subsection (5) is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
19	SECTION 26. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-60-106, amend
20	(4) introductory portion, (4)(b), and (5)(a); as follows:
21	27-60-106. Jail-based behavioral health services program -
22	purpose - created - funding - repeal. (4) Subject to available
23	appropriations, the office may SHALL require a county jail that receives
24	funding through the program to:
25	(b) Assess all individuals booked into the jail facility WHEN
26	BOOKED INTO THE JAIL FACILITY AND AT ANY TIME SUBSEQUENT TO
27	BOOKING WHEN CLINICALLY INDICATED for substance use withdrawal

-45- 1326

1	symptoms and develop protocols for medical detoxification monitoring
2	procedures, MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, OR OTHER APPROPRIATE
3	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE;
4	(5) (a) The office shall require a county jail that receives funding
5	through the program to have a policy in place on or before January 1,
6	2020, that describes how medication-assisted treatment, as it is defined
7	in section 23-21-803, will be provided, when necessary, to individuals
8	confined in the county jail. THE OFFICE SHALL REQUIRE A COUNTY JAIL
9	THAT RECEIVES FUNDING THROUGH THE PROGRAM TO DEVELOP,
10	IMPLEMENT, AND PUBLISH A POLICY ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2023,
11	THAT DESCRIBES THE PROVISION OF MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT
12	AND OTHER APPROPRIATE WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE UPON
13	RELEASE FROM JAIL.
14	
15	SECTION 27. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-60-106, amend
16	(4) introductory portion, (4)(b), and (5)(a); as follows:
17	27-60-106. Jail-based behavioral health services program -
18	purpose - created - funding - repeal. (4) Subject to available
19	appropriations, the office may BHA SHALL require a county jail that
20	receives funding through the program to:
21	(b) Assess all individuals booked into the jail facility WHEN
22	BOOKED INTO THE JAIL FACILITY AND AT ANY TIME SUBSEQUENT TO
23	BOOKING WHEN CLINICALLY INDICATED for substance use withdrawal
24	symptoms and develop protocols for medical detoxification monitoring
25	procedures, MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, OR OTHER APPROPRIATE
26	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE;

-46- 1326

1	funding through the program to have a policy in place on or before
2	January 1, 2020, that describes how medication-assisted treatment, as it
3	is defined in section 23-21-803, will be provided, when necessary, to
4	individuals confined in the county jail. THE BHA SHALL REQUIRE A
5	COUNTY JAIL THAT RECEIVES FUNDING THROUGH THE PROGRAM TO
6	DEVELOP, IMPLEMENT, AND PUBLISH A POLICY ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1,
7	2023, THAT DESCRIBES THE PROVISION OF MEDICATION-ASSISTED
8	TREATMENT AND OTHER APPROPRIATE WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE
9	UPON RELEASE FROM JAIL.
10	
11	SECTION 28. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-107.7 as
12	follows:
13	27-80-107.7. Increase synthetic opiate treatment - report.
14	(1) On or before January 1, 2023, each managed service
15	ORGANIZATION DESIGNATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-107 SHALL
16	EVALUATE THE CURRENT SUPPLY AND NECESSARY DEMAND WITHIN ITS
17	REGION FOR:
18	(a) The number of medication-assisted treatment
19	PROVIDERS EMPLOYED BY THE MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION WHO
20	ARE TRAINED TO PROVIDE MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT TO A
21	PERSON WHO HAS CONSUMED SYNTHETIC OPIATES;
22	(b) Ambulatory withdrawal management and medical
23	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT SPECIFIC TO SYNTHETIC OPIATES;
24	(c) THE PROVISION OF RECOVERY SERVICES AT PUBLIC HIGH
25	SCHOOLS; AND
26	(d) THE PROVISION OF RECOVERY RESIDENCES, AS DEFINED IN
27	SECTION 25-1.5-108.5.

-47- 1326

1	(2) In its hearing for the 2024 legislative session, the
2	DEPARTMENT SHALL INCLUDE AS PART OF ITS "STATE MEASUREMENT FOR
3	ACCOUNTABLE, RESPONSIVE, AND TRANSPARENT (SMART)
4	GOVERNMENT ACT" HEARING REQUIRED BY SECTION 2-7-203, THE
5	MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS' FINDINGS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION
6	(1) OF THIS SECTION.
7	SECTION 29. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-127 as
8	follows:
9	27-80-127. Fentanyl education and treatment program. THE
10	OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SHALL DEVELOP A FENTANYL EDUCATION
11	PROGRAM FOR THE PURPOSE OF SECTIONS $18-1.3-410$ and $\underline{18-1.3-510}$. The
12	FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION
13	REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF SYNTHETIC
14	OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH, ACCESS TO
15	AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
16	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
17	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
18	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. THE OFFICE OF
19	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH MAY UPDATE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM
20	CURRICULUM AS NECESSARY.
21	SECTION 30. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-127 as
22	follows:
23	27-80-127. Fentanyl education and treatment program. THE
24	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION SHALL DEVELOP A FENTANYL
25	EDUCATION PROGRAM FOR THE PURPOSE OF SECTIONS 18-1.3-410 AND
26	18-1.3-510. The Fentanyl Education program must include
27	INFORMATION REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF

-48- 1326

1	SYNTHETIC OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH,
2	ACCESS TO AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND
3	NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS
4	REGARDING SYNTHETIC OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND
5	IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION
6	18-1-711. THE BHA MAY UPDATE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM
7	CURRICULUM AS NECESSARY.
8	SECTION 31. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-103.5,
9	amend (3)(c) and (3)(d); and add (3)(e) as follows:
10	18-1.3-103.5. Felony convictions - vacate and enter conviction
11	on misdemeanor after successful completion. (3) This section applies
12	to convictions for the following offenses:
13	(c) Possession of more than twelve ounces of marijuana or more
14	than three ounces of marijuana concentrate; or
15	(d) A violation of section 18-18-415; OR
16	(e) A VIOLATION OF SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5)(a).
17	SECTION 32. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-72-706, amend
18	(1)(b)(II) and $(1)(b)(III)$ as follows:
19	24-72-706. Sealing of criminal conviction records. (1) Sealing
20	of conviction records. (b) (II) If the offense is a class 2 or class 3
21	misdemeanor, or any drug misdemeanor, OR A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY FOR
22	A CONVICTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), the motion may
23	be filed two years after the later of the date of the final disposition of all
24	criminal proceedings against the defendant or the release of the defendant
25	from supervision concerning a criminal conviction.
26	(III) If the offense is a class 4, class 5, or class 6 felony, a level 3
2.7	or level 4 drug felony EXCEPT A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY FOR A CONVICTION

-49- 1326

1	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), or a class 1 misdemeanor, the
2	motion may be filed three years after the later of the date of the final
3	disposition of all criminal proceedings against the defendant or the
4	release of the defendant from supervision concerning a criminal
5	conviction.
6	SECTION 33. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-801, amend
7	(2)(a)(I); and add $(2)(c)$ as follows:
8	18-1.3-801. Punishment for habitual criminals.
9	(2) (a) (I) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this
10	subsection (2) SUBSECTIONS (2)(b), (2)(c), and in subsection (5) of this
11	section, every person convicted in this state of any felony, who has been
12	three times previously convicted, upon charges separately brought and
13	tried, and arising out of separate and distinct criminal episodes, either in
14	this state or elsewhere, of a felony or, under the laws of any other state,
15	the United States, or any territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United
16	States, of a crime which, if committed within this state, would be a
17	felony, shall be adjudged an habitual criminal and shall be punished:
18	(2) (c) The provisions of subsection (2)(a) of this section do
19	NOT APPLY TO A CONVICTION FOR A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY COMMITTED ON
20	OR AFTER JULY 1, 2022, PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), OR A
21	CONVICTION FOR A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY
22	1, 2022, FOR ATTEMPT OR CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT UNLAWFUL POSSESSION
23	OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN ANALOG
24	THEREOF, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), EVEN IF THE
25	PERSON HAS BEEN PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED OF THREE OR MORE
26	QUALIFYING FELONY CONVICTIONS.
27	SECTION 34 In Colorado Revised Statutes add part 14 to

-50-

1	article 20.5 of title 25 as follows:
2	PART 14
3	HOUSE BILL 22-1326 INDEPENDENT STUDY
4	25-20.5-1401. Independent study - report - repeal. (1) (a) BY
5	JANUARY 1, 2023, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONTRACT WITH AN
6	INDEPENDENT ENTITY TO CONDUCT A STUDY AND PUBLISH A REPORT
7	CONCERNING THE IMPACT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF HOUSE BILL 22-1326.
8	(b) The department shall consult with the judicial
9	DEPARTMENT, THE OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH, AND OTHER
10	STAKEHOLDERS IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT IN DEVELOPING AND
11	ISSUING A REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS TO ENSURE CANDIDATES HAVE
12	EXPERTISE IN DATA COLLECTION AND PROGRAM ANALYSIS, AND RELEVANT
13	CRIMINAL LAW AND HARM REDUCTION ISSUES.
14	(2) At a minimum, the independent entity shall identify
15	AND REPORT FINDINGS REGARDING AVAILABLE DATA AND INFORMATION
16	FROM JULY 1, 2019, THROUGH JUNE 30, 2024, OBTAINED FROM THE
17	COLORADO JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT AND TREATMENT PROVIDERS SERVING
18	THE PROBATION POPULATION. DATA AND INFORMATION FROM CASES FILED
19	AND PRACTICES IMPLEMENTED PRIOR TO JULY 1, 2022, MUST BE INCLUDED
20	IN THE STUDY IN AN EFFORT TO ESTABLISH BASELINE INFORMATION, AS
21	NECESSARY. THE DATA AND INFORMATION MUST BE REPORTED BOTH ON
22	A STATEWIDE BASIS AND DISAGGREGATED BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT. THE
23	DATA AND INFORMATION MUST INCLUDE, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO:
24	(a) EVERY CASE WITH A CHARGE FILED PURSUANT TO SECTION
25	18-18-403.5 (2.5) FOR THE UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF FENTANYL
26	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF
27	INCLUDING:

-51- 1326

1	(I) WHETHER A MISDEMEANOR OR FELONY CHARGE WAS FILED;
2	(II) WHETHER AN ARREST WAS MADE OR A SUMMONS WAS ISSUED
3	FOR THE CHARGE;
4	(III) WHETHER ANOTHER CRIMINAL CHARGE WAS FILED IN THE
5	CASE, AND IF SO, WHAT CHARGE;
6	(IV) THE DISPOSITION OF THE CASE, INCLUDING THE SENTENCE
7	IMPOSED;
8	(V) WHETHER THE DEFENDANT IS CURRENTLY SERVING THE
9	SENTENCE AND IF THE SENTENCE INCLUDES PROBATION SUPERVISION;
10	(VI) WHETHER THE DEFENDANT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE
11	SENTENCE, INCLUDING IF THE DEFENDANT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED AN
12	INITIAL PROBATIONARY SENTENCE OR WHETHER PROBATION WAS REVOKED
13	AND RESULTED IN INCARCERATION IN JAIL OR PRISON;
14	(VII) IF PROBATION WAS REVOKED, WHETHER THE REVOCATION
15	WAS FOR A NEW CRIMINAL CASE OR A TECHNICAL VIOLATION;
16	(VIII) WHETHER <u>SUBSTANCE USE</u> TREATMENT WAS ORDERED AND,
17	IF SO, WHAT TYPE, INCLUDING WHETHER THE COURT ORDERED PLACEMENT
18	IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-410
19	or <u>18-1.3-510;</u> and
20	(IX) THE RACE, GENDER, AND AGE OF THE DEFENDANT, AND
21	WHETHER THE DEFENDANT WAS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED
22	COUNSEL OR OTHERWISE DETERMINED TO BE <u>INDIGENT.</u>
23	(3) At a minimum, the independent entity shall identify
24	AND REPORT FINDINGS BASED ON AVAILABLE DATA AND INFORMATION
25	OBTAINED FROM THE OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH, THE DEPARTMENT
26	OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, MANAGED SERVICE
27	ORGANIZATIONS, AND OTHER APPLICABLE AGENCIES AND TREATMENT

-52- 1326

1	PROVIDERS, REGARDING:
2	(a) THE PREVENTION AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN DEVELOPED BY
3	THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-115.5 AND THE
4	FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE OFFICE OF
5	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127, INCLUDING THE
6	METHOD AND REACH OF THE CAMPAIGN AND PROGRAM;
7	(b) THE IMPLEMENTATION OF MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT
8	AND OTHER APPROPRIATE WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE BY EVERY
9	<u>JAIL;</u>
10	(c) THE ELIGIBLE ENTITIES THAT PURCHASED OPIATE ANTAGONISTS
11	THROUGH THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST BULK PURCHASE FUND PURSUANT TO
12	SECTION $25-1.5-115$, INCLUDING THE AMOUNT OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS
13	PURCHASED BY EACH ELIGIBLE ENTITY AND THE REVENUE RECEIVED BY
14	THE BULK PURCHASE FUND;
15	(d) The eligible entities that received non-laboratory
16	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-115.3
17	AND THE AMOUNT OF NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION
18	TESTS RECEIVED BY EACH ELIGIBLE ENTITY;
19	(e) THE HARM REDUCTION GRANT PROGRAM, CREATED IN SECTION
20	25-20.5-1101, INCLUDING:
21	(I) THE GRANTEES, THE USES OF EACH GRANT, THE AMOUNT OF THE
22	GRANT AWARD, THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE SERVED BY THE GRANT, AND ANY
23	AVAILABLE OUTCOME MEASURES AS A RESULT OF THE GRANT USES;
24	(II) STRATEGIES DEVELOPED AND IMPLEMENTED THROUGH THE
25	PROGRAM, IF ANY, FOR SERVING POPULATIONS WHO ARE AT A HIGHER RISK
26	OF OVERDOSE AND LIVE IN UNDERSERVED AREAS; AND
27	(III) EVIDENCE-BASED RESEARCH DEVELOPED THROUGH THE

-53-

1	PROGRAM CONCERNING BEST OR PROMISING PRACTICES IN OVERDOSE
2	PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION, HARM REDUCTION, AND
3	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT;
4	(f) Every overdose death caused by fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u> ,
5	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, OCCURRING IN A JAIL,
6	PRISON, OR RESIDENTIAL COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS FACILITY OR WHILE
7	UNDER PROBATION, PAROLE, OR PRETRIAL RELEASE;
8	(g) The managed service organizations contracts
9	DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-107.8 TO PROVIDE SHORT-TERM
10	RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT FOR WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT, CRISIS
11	STABILIZATION, OR MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, INCLUDING THE
12	NUMBER OF FACILITIES, THEIR LOCATION, SERVICES PROVIDED, AND THE
13	NUMBER OF PERSONS SERVED; AND
14	(h) THE TRAINING AND COORDINATION EFFORTS DEVELOPED AND
15	IMPLEMENTED BY THE MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS WITH FIRST
16	RESPONDERS AND REFERRING ENTITIES REGARDING THE AVAILABLE
17	SERVICES TO BE UTILIZED IN LIEU OF ARREST AND TRANSPORT TO JAIL.
18	(4) The independent entity shall request all necessary
19	DATA NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE STUDY, AND EACH AGENCY OR
20	ORGANIZATION SHALL ESTABLISH ANY DATA SHARING AGREEMENT
21	NECESSARY, SUBJECT TO ALL FEDERAL AND STATE PRIVACY LAWS
22	NECESSARY TO PROTECT PRIVACY, TO SUPPORT THE STUDY.
23	(5) By December 31, 2024, the independent entity shall
24	SUBMIT A COMPLETED COMPREHENSIVE REPORT OF ITS FINDINGS
25	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION TO THE DEPARTMENT.
26	(6) By January 31, 2025, the department shall publish the
27	REPORT ON ITS WEBSITE AND SHALL SUBMIT THE REPORT TO THE

-54- 1326

1	JUDICIARY COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE
2	SENATE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES.
3	(7) This part 14 is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
4	SECTION 35. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 14 to
5	article 20.5 of title 25 as follows:
6	PART 14
7	HOUSE BILL 22-1326 INDEPENDENT STUDY
8	25-20.5-1401. Independent study - report - repeal. (1) (a) BY
9	JANUARY 1, 2023, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONTRACT WITH AN
10	INDEPENDENT ENTITY TO CONDUCT A STUDY AND PUBLISH A REPORT
11	CONCERNING THE IMPACT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF $\frac{1}{2}$ House $\frac{1}{2}$ Bill $\frac{1}{2}$ 22-1326.
12	(b) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONSULT WITH THE JUDICIAL
13	DEPARTMENT, THE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION, AND OTHER
14	STAKEHOLDERS IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT IN DEVELOPING AND
15	ISSUING A REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS TO ENSURE CANDIDATES HAVE
16	EXPERTISE IN DATA COLLECTION AND PROGRAM ANALYSIS, AND RELEVANT
17	CRIMINAL LAW AND HARM REDUCTION ISSUES.
18	(2) AT A MINIMUM, THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY SHALL IDENTIFY
19	AND REPORT FINDINGS REGARDING AVAILABLE DATA AND INFORMATION
20	FROM JULY 1, 2019, THROUGH JUNE 30, 2024, OBTAINED FROM THE
21	COLORADO JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT AND TREATMENT PROVIDERS SERVING
22	THE PROBATION POPULATION. DATA AND INFORMATION FROM CASES FILED
23	AND PRACTICES IMPLEMENTED PRIOR TO \overline{J} ULY $1, 2022$, MUST BE INCLUDED
24	IN THE STUDY IN AN EFFORT TO ESTABLISH BASELINE INFORMATION, AS
25	NECESSARY. THE DATA AND INFORMATION MUST BE REPORTED BOTH ON
26	A STATEWIDE BASIS AND DISAGGREGATED BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT. THE
2.7	DATA AND INFORMATION MUST INCLUDE BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO:

-55-

1	(a) EVERY CASE WITH A CHARGE FILED PURSUANT TO SECTION
2	18-18-403.5 (2.5) FOR THE UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF FENTANYL,
3	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF,
4	INCLUDING:
5	(I) WHETHER A MISDEMEANOR OR FELONY CHARGE WAS FILED;
6	(II) WHETHER AN ARREST WAS MADE OR A SUMMONS WAS ISSUED
7	FOR THE CHARGE;
8	(III) WHETHER ANOTHER CRIMINAL CHARGE WAS FILED IN THE
9	CASE, AND IF SO, WHAT CHARGE;
10	(IV) THE DISPOSITION OF THE CASE, INCLUDING THE SENTENCE
11	IMPOSED;
12	(V) WHETHER THE DEFENDANT IS CURRENTLY SERVING THE
13	SENTENCE AND IF THE SENTENCE INCLUDES PROBATION SUPERVISION;
14	(VI) WHETHER THE DEFENDANT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE
15	SENTENCE, INCLUDING IF THE DEFENDANT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED AN
16	INITIAL PROBATIONARY SENTENCE OR WHETHER PROBATION WAS REVOKED
17	AND RESULTED IN INCARCERATION IN JAIL OR PRISON;
18	(VII) IF PROBATION WAS REVOKED, WHETHER THE REVOCATION
19	WAS FOR A NEW CRIMINAL CASE OR A TECHNICAL VIOLATION;
20	(VIII) WHETHER SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT WAS ORDERED AND,
21	IF SO, WHAT TYPE, INCLUDING WHETHER THE COURT ORDERED PLACEMENT
22	IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-410
23	or <u>18-1.3-510;</u> and
24	(IX) THE RACE, GENDER, AND AGE OF THE DEFENDANT, AND
25	WHETHER THE DEFENDANT WAS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED
26	COUNSEL OR OTHERWISE DETERMINED TO BE <u>INDIGENT.</u>
27	(3) AT A MINIMUM THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY SHALL IDENTIFY

-56- 1326

1	AND REPORT FINDINGS BASED ON AVAILABLE DATA AND INFORMATION
2	OBTAINED FROM THE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION, THE
3	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, MANAGED SERVICE
4	ORGANIZATIONS, AND OTHER APPLICABLE AGENCIES AND TREATMENT
5	PROVIDERS, REGARDING:
6	(a) THE PREVENTION AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN DEVELOPED BY
7	THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-115.5 AND THE
8	FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE BEHAVIORAL
9	HEALTH ADMINISTRATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127, INCLUDING
10	THE METHOD AND REACH OF THE CAMPAIGN AND PROGRAM;
11	(b) THE IMPLEMENTATION OF MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT
12	AND OTHER APPROPRIATE WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE BY EVERY
13	<u>JAIL;</u>
14	(c) THE ELIGIBLE ENTITIES THAT PURCHASED OPIATE ANTAGONISTS
15	THROUGH THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST BULK PURCHASE FUND PURSUANT TO
16	SECTION 25-1.5-115, INCLUDING THE AMOUNT OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS
17	PURCHASED BY EACH ELIGIBLE ENTITY AND THE REVENUE RECEIVED BY
18	THE BULK PURCHASE FUND;
19	(d) THE ELIGIBLE ENTITIES THAT RECEIVED NON-LABORATORY
20	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-115.3
21	AND THE AMOUNT OF NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION
22	TESTS RECEIVED BY EACH ELIGIBLE ENTITY;
23	(e) The harm reduction grant program, created in section
24	25-20.5-1101, INCLUDING:
25	(I) THE GRANTEES, THE USES OF EACH GRANT, THE AMOUNT OF THE
26	GRANT AWARD, THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE SERVED BY THE GRANT, AND ANY
2.7	AVAILABLE OUTCOME MEASURES AS A RESULT OF THE GRANT USES:

-57- 1326

1	(II) STRATEGIES DEVELOPED AND IMPLEMENTED THROUGH THE
2	PROGRAM, IF ANY, FOR SERVING POPULATIONS WHO ARE AT A HIGHER RISK
3	OF OVERDOSE AND LIVE IN UNDERSERVED AREAS; AND
4	(III) EVIDENCE-BASED RESEARCH DEVELOPED THROUGH THE
5	PROGRAM CONCERNING BEST OR PROMISING PRACTICES IN OVERDOSE
6	PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION, HARM REDUCTION, AND
7	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT;
8	(f) Every overdose death caused by fentanyl, <u>Carfentanil</u> ,
9	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, OCCURRING IN A JAIL,
10	PRISON, OR RESIDENTIAL COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS FACILITY OR WHILE
11	UNDER PROBATION, PAROLE, OR PRETRIAL RELEASE;
12	(g) The managed service organization contracts
13	DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-107.8 TO PROVIDE SHORT-TERM
14	RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT FOR WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT, CRISIS
15	STABILIZATION, OR MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, INCLUDING THE
16	NUMBER OF FACILITIES, THEIR LOCATION, SERVICES PROVIDED, AND THE
17	NUMBER OF PERSONS SERVED; AND
18	(h) THE TRAINING AND COORDINATION EFFORTS DEVELOPED AND
19	IMPLEMENTED BETWEEN MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS, FIRST
20	RESPONDERS, AND REFERRING ENTITIES REGARDING THE AVAILABLE
21	SERVICES TO BE UTILIZED IN LIEU OF ARREST AND TRANSPORT TO JAIL.
22	(4) THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY SHALL REQUEST ALL NECESSARY
23	DATA NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE STUDY, AND EACH AGENCY OR
24	ORGANIZATION SHALL ESTABLISH ANY DATA-SHARING AGREEMENT
25	NECESSARY, SUBJECT TO ALL FEDERAL AND STATE PRIVACY LAWS
26	NECESSARY TO PROTECT PRIVACY, TO SUPPORT THE STUDY.
27	(5) By December 31, 2024, the independent entity shall

-58-

1	SUBMIT A COMPLETED COMPREHENSIVE REPORT OF ITS FINDINGS
2	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION TO THE DEPARTMENT.
3	(6) By January 31, 2025, the department shall publish the
4	REPORT ON ITS WEBSITE AND SHALL SUBMIT THE REPORT TO THE
5	JUDICIARY COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE
6	SENATE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES.
7	(7) This part 14 is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
8	SECTION 36. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-107.8 as
9	follows:
10	27-80-107.8. Withdrawal management and crisis service
11	expansion - appropriation. (1) On or before January 1, 2023, Each
12	MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION SHALL:
13	(a) CONTRACT TO PROVIDE SHORT-TERM RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT
14	FOR WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT, CRISIS STABILIZATION, OR
15	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT FOR PERSONS IN IMMEDIATE NEED OF
16	DETOXIFICATION AND STABILIZATION SERVICES, WITH A PROVIDER WHO IS
17	LICENSED BY THE STATE OF $\overline{\text{C}}$ OLORADO TO PROVIDE THOSE SERVICES. $\overline{\text{THE}}$
18	MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION IS ENCOURAGED TO CONTRACT WITH
19	CRISIS SERVICE PROVIDERS THAT HAVE EXISTING CONTRACTS WITH
20	ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES ORGANIZATIONS FOR THE PURPOSE OF
21	PROVIDING CRISIS STABILIZATION SERVICES FOR INDIVIDUALS WHO NEED
22	SUBSTANCE USE SERVICES.
23	(b) DEVELOP A PAYMENT SCHEDULE THAT INCLUDES ADMISSION
24	AND SERVICE RATES FROM THE MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION TO THE
25	PROVIDER, AND ORGANIZATIONAL FUNDING FOR TRAINING AND
26	COORDINATION WITH FIRST RESPONDERS OR REFERRING ENTITIES; AND
27	(c) PROVIDE TRAINING TO, AND ONGOING COORDINATION WITH,

-59- 1326

1	FIRST RESPONDERS OR REFERRING ENTITIES CONCERNING THE AVAILABLE
2	SERVICES TO BE UTILIZED IN LIEU OF ARREST AND TRANSPORT TO JAIL, TO
3	THE GREATEST EXTENT POSSIBLE.
4	(2) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, the general
5	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE TEN MILLION DOLLARS TO THE OFFICE OF
6	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH TO BE DISTRIBUTED TO MANAGED SERVICE
7	ORGANIZATIONS FOR THE PURPOSE OF IMPLEMENTING THIS SECTION. ANY
8	UNEXPENDED MONEY REMAINING AT THE END OF THE 2022-23 STATE
9	FISCAL YEAR FROM THIS APPROPRIATION:
10	(a) Does not revert to the general fund or any other
11	FUND;
12	(b) MAY BE USED BY THE OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH IN THE
13	2023-24 OR 2024-25 STATE FISCAL YEARS WITHOUT FURTHER
14	APPROPRIATION; AND
15	(c) MUST NOT BE USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE OTHER THAN THE
16	PURPOSES SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION.
17	SECTION 37. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-107.8 as
18	follows:
19	27-80-107.8. Withdrawal management and crisis service
20	expansion - appropriation. (1) ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2023, EACH
21	MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION SHALL:
22	(a) CONTRACT TO PROVIDE SHORT-TERM RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT
23	FOR WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT, CRISIS STABILIZATION, OR
24	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT FOR PERSONS IN IMMEDIATE NEED OF
25	DETOXIFICATION AND STABILIZATION SERVICES, WITH A PROVIDER WHO IS
26	LICENSED BY THE STATE OF COLORADO TO PROVIDE THOSE SERVICES. $\underline{\text{THE}}$
27	MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION IS ENCOURAGED TO CONTRACT WITH

-60-

1	CRISIS SERVICE PROVIDERS THAT HAVE EXISTING CONTRACTS WITH
2	ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES ORGANIZATIONS FOR THE PURPOSE OF
3	PROVIDING CRISIS STABILIZATION SERVICES FOR INDIVIDUALS WHO NEED
4	SUBSTANCE USE SERVICES.
5	(b) DEVELOP A PAYMENT SCHEDULE THAT INCLUDES ADMISSION
6	AND SERVICE RATES FROM THE MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION TO THE
7	PROVIDER, AND ORGANIZATIONAL FUNDING FOR TRAINING AND
8	COORDINATION WITH FIRST RESPONDERS OR REFERRING ENTITIES; AND
9	(c) Provide training to, and ongoing coordination with,
10	FIRST RESPONDERS OR REFERRING ENTITIES CONCERNING THE AVAILABLE
11	SERVICES TO BE UTILIZED IN LIEU OF ARREST AND TRANSPORT TO JAIL, TO
12	THE GREATEST EXTENT POSSIBLE.
13	(2) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, the general
14	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE TEN MILLION DOLLARS TO THE
15	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION TO BE DISTRIBUTED TO MANAGED
16	SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS FOR THE PURPOSE OF IMPLEMENTING THIS
17	SECTION. ANY UNEXPENDED MONEY REMAINING AT THE END OF THE
18	2022-23 STATE FISCAL YEAR FROM THIS APPROPRIATION:
19	(a) Does not revert to the general fund or any other
20	FUND;
21	(b) MAY BE USED BY THE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION
22	In the $2023-24$ or $2024-25$ state fiscal years without further
23	APPROPRIATION; AND
24	(c) Must not be used for any other purpose other than the
25	PURPOSES SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION.
26	SECTION 38. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 24-33.5-525 as
27	follows:

-61-

1	24-33.5-525. Synthetic opiate poisoning investigation and
2	distribution interdiction grant program - creation - duties - rules -
3	reports - appropriation - definition - repeal. (1) There is created in
4	THE DIVISION THE SYNTHETIC OPIATE POISONING INVESTIGATION AND
5	DISTRIBUTION INTERDICTION GRANT PROGRAM, REFERRED TO IN THIS
6	SECTION AS THE "GRANT PROGRAM", TO PROVIDE GRANTS TO LAW
7	ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES FOR THE PURPOSE OF INVESTIGATING DEATHS
8	CAUSED BY SYNTHETIC OPIATE POISONING AND DISRUPTING SYNTHETIC
9	OPIATE SUPPLIES.
10	(2) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY APPLY FOR A GRANT FOR
11	THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES ONLY:
12	(a) Investigating deaths and serious injuries caused by
13	ILLEGAL SYNTHETIC OPIATE POISONING;
14	(b) INVESTIGATING, ENFORCING, AND PROSECUTING SYNTHETIC
15	OPIATE IMPORTATION AND HIGH-LEVEL DISTRIBUTION NETWORKS,
16	INCLUDING MULTIJURISDICTIONAL AND MULTISTATE INVESTIGATIONS AND
17	ENFORCEMENT OPERATIONS, TO REDUCE THE SUPPLY OF ILLEGAL
18	SYNTHETIC OPIATES AND PRECURSOR CHEMICALS IN COLORADO;
19	(c) TECHNOLOGY, EQUIPMENT, AND TRAINING TO ENHANCE
20	INTELLIGENCE, INFORMATION-SHARING CAPABILITIES, AND INTERAGENCY
21	COLLABORATION AMONG FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT
22	PARTNERS REGARDING SYNTHETIC OPIATE IMPORTATION AND HIGH-LEVEL
23	DISTRIBUTION NETWORKS; AND
24	(d) ANALYZING EMERGENT TRENDS IN MARKETS, INCLUDING THE
25	USE OF THE POSTAL SERVICE, PRIVATE COURIER, COMMERCIAL CARGO, AND
26	THE INTERNET, FOR THE IMPORT AND DISTRIBUTION OF ILLEGAL SYNTHETIC
27	OPIATES THROUGH A SYSTEMATIC AND STANDARDIZED APPROACH,

-62- 1326

1	INCLUDING THE USE OF NOVEL, HIGH-FREQUENCY, AND REAL-TIME
2	SYSTEMS TO ENHANCE MARKET SURVEILLANCE.
3	(3) (a) SUBJECT TO AVAILABLE APPROPRIATIONS, GIFTS, GRANTS,
4	OR DONATIONS, THE DIVISION SHALL ADMINISTER THE GRANT PROGRAM
5	AND SHALL AWARD GRANTS AS PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION.
6	(b) THE DIVISION MAY SEEK, ACCEPT, AND EXPEND GIFTS, GRANTS,
7	OR DONATIONS FROM PRIVATE OR PUBLIC SOURCES FOR THE PURPOSES OF
8	THIS SECTION.
9	(4) The division may promulgate such rules as may be
10	NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT THE GRANT PROGRAM, INCLUDING RULES
11	CONCERNING REQUIRED PERFORMANCE METRICS, DATA COLLECTION, AND
12	OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION THAT GRANTEES ARE REQUIRED TO
13	REPORT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5) OF THIS SECTION.
14	(5) (a) On or before August 1, 2023, and on or before
15	AUGUST 1 EACH YEAR THEREAFTER, EACH GRANT RECIPIENT THAT
16	RECEIVED A GRANT THROUGH THE GRANT PROGRAM IN THE PRECEDING
17	STATE FISCAL YEAR SHALL SUBMIT A NARRATIVE AND FINANCIAL REPORT
18	OF GRANT EXPENSES TO THE DIVISION IN A FORMAT REQUIRED BY THE
19	DIVISION. AT A MINIMUM, THE REPORT MUST INCLUDE A DESCRIPTION OF
20	THE USES OF THE GRANT MONEY, INCLUDING METRICS, DATA, AND OTHER
21	RELEVANT INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE DIVISION, DURING THE
22	APPLICABLE GRANT TERM. THE DIVISION MAY PROMULGATE RULES
23	REGARDING REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, INCLUDING ADDITIONAL
24	INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED IN THE REPORT.
25	(b) On or before December 1, 2023, and on or before
26	DECEMBER 1 EACH YEAR THEREAFTER FOR THE DURATION OF THE GRANT
27	PROGRAM, THE DIVISION SHALL SUBMIT A SUMMARIZED REPORT TO THE

-63-

1	JUDICIARY COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE
2	SENATE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES. AT A MINIMUM, THE REPORT
3	MUST INCLUDE THE INFORMATION PROVIDED BY GRANT RECIPIENTS TO THE
4	DIVISION PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (5).
5	(6) THE DIVISION SHALL CONSULT THE P.O.S.T. BOARD DIRECTOR,
6	OR THE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE, AND THE DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL OF
7	THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW,
8	CREATED IN SECTION 24-31-102 (2), CONCERNING THE IMPLEMENTATION
9	OF THIS SECTION, INCLUDING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR POTENTIAL GRANT
10	RECIPIENTS AND EXPENDITURES.
11	(7) THE DIVISION SHALL CONSULT THE OPIOID CRISIS RECOVERY
12	FUNDS ADVISORY COMMITTEE, CREATED IN SECTION 27-81-118,
13	CONCERNING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS SECTION, INCLUDING
14	RECOMMENDATIONS FOR POTENTIAL GRANT RECIPIENTS AND
15	EXPENDITURES, AND ASSISTANCE SEEKING GIFTS, GRANTS, AND
16	DONATIONS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION.
17	(8) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise
18	REQUIRES, "LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY" HAS THE SAME MEANING SET
19	FORTH IN SECTION 24-32-124 (1)(e), AND INCLUDES A DISTRICT
20	ATTORNEY'S OFFICE, A MULTIJURISDICTIONAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TASK
21	FORCE THAT INCLUDES A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY AS DEFINED BY
22	SECTION 24-32-124 (1)(e), OR A POLICE DEPARTMENT FOR A PRIVATE OR
23	STATE INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.
24	(9) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2026.
25	SECTION 39. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 24-31-115 as
26	<u>follows:</u>
2.7	24-31-115. Online fentanyl trafficking - study - report -

-64- 1326

1	appropriation - repeat. (1) THE ATTORNEY GENERAL SHALL STUDY THE
2	USE OF THE INTERNET, INCLUDING RETAIL, PAYMENT, AND SOCIAL MEDIA
3	PLATFORMS, FOR THE PURPOSE OF TRAFFICKING FENTANYL, FENTANYL
4	ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND
5	COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.
6	(2) The study must, at a minimum:
7	(a) Examine the prevalence of the availability and
8	ACCESSIBILITY FOR FENTANYL, FENTANYL ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS
9	THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS
10	THROUGH THE INTERNET;
11	(b) Identify website policies and practices intended to
12	PREVENT THE USE OF THE WEBSITE FOR TRAFFICKING FENTANYL.
13	FENTANYL ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND
14	COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS;
15	(c) Identify laws implemented by other states or the
16	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT INTENDED TO PREVENT THE USE OF THE INTERNET
17	FOR TRAFFICKING FENTANYL, FENTANYL ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS
18	THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS:
19	<u>AND</u>
20	(d) Examine any other relevant data, information, or
21	RESOURCES, AS DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW.
22	CONCERNING THE USE OF THE INTERNET FOR TRAFFICKING FENTANYL.
23	FENTANYL ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND
24	COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.
25	(3) By March 1, 2023, the attorney general shall complete
26	AND PUBLISH A REPORT OF ITS FINDINGS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF
27	THIS SECTION. THE REPORT MUST ALSO INCLUDE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR

-65-

1	POTENTIAL STATE LEGISLATION:
2	(a) To prevent the use of the internet for trafficking,
3	DISTRIBUTING, OR SUPPLYING FENTANYL, FENTANYL ANALOGS OR
4	COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND COUNTERFEIT
5	PRESCRIPTION DRUGS;
6	(b) CONCERNING CRIMINAL AND CIVIL LIABILITY FOR THE USE OF
7	THE INTERNET FOR TRAFFICKING, DISTRIBUTING, OR SUPPLYING FENTANYL,
8	FENTANYL ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND
9	COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS;
10	(c) REGARDING CONSUMER REPORTING MECHANISMS FOR
11	REPORTING TO LAW ENFORCEMENT OR THE ONLINE PLATFORM THE USE OF
12	A WEBSITE OR ONLINE ACCOUNT FOR TRAFFICKING FENTANYL, FENTANYL
13	ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND
14	COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS; AND
15	(d) REGARDING ANY OTHER PUBLIC POLICY CHANGES NECESSARY
16	TO REDUCE OR ELIMINATE THE USE THE INTERNET FOR TRAFFICKING,
17	DISTRIBUTING, OR SUPPLYING FENTANYL, FENTANYL ANALOGS OR
18	COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND COUNTERFEIT
19	PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.
20	(4) The attorney general shall invite the United States
21	ATTORNEY FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLORADO TO COLLABORATE, CONSULT,
22	OR PROVIDE ANY AVAILABLE ASSISTANCE IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THE
23	ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DUTIES PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
24	(5) By March 1, 2023, the attorney general shall submit
25	THE COMPLETED REPORT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION
26	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEES,
27	OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES.

-66- 1326

1	(6) FOR THE 2022-23 STATE FISCAL YEAR, THE GENERAL
2	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND
3	DOLLARS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS
4	SECTION.
5	(7) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2023.
6	SECTION 40. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-204, amend
7	(2)(b)(V) as follows:
8	18-18-204. Schedule II. (2) Unless specifically excepted by
9	Colorado or federal law or Colorado or federal regulation or more
10	specifically included in another schedule, the following controlled
11	substances are listed in schedule II:
12	(b) Any of the following synthetic opiates, including any isomers,
13	esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers of them that
14	are theoretically possible within the specific chemical designation:
15	(V) Carfentanal CARFENTANIL;
16	SECTION 41. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-60-114 as
17	<u>follows:</u>
18	27-60-114. Study of health effects of felonizing fentanyl
19	possession - repeal. (1) No later than November 1, 2022, the office
20	SHALL CONTRACT WITH AN INDEPENDENT NONPROFIT OR EDUCATIONAL
21	ENTITY THAT HAS EXPERTISE IN CLINICAL EPIDEMIOLOGY, BIOSTATISTICS,
22	SUBSTANCE USE AND ADDICTION, DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS, AND,
23	IF POSSIBLE, THE INTERSECTION BETWEEN THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM
24	AND SUBSTANCE USE, TO CONDUCT AN INDEPENDENT STUDY OF THE
25	HEALTH EFFECTS OF CRIMINAL PENALTIES PURSUANT TO CHANGES TO
26	SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5) IN HOUSE BILL 22-1326, ENACTED IN 2022. AT
27	A MINIMUM, THE STUDY MUST ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING:

-67- 1326

1	(a) WHETHER THE PENALTIES PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5
2	<u>(2.5):</u>
3	(I) DECREASED OR INCREASED FENTANYL-RELATED OVERDOSES,
4	BOTH FATAL AND NONFATAL, AMONG INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A
5	FELONY COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH MISDEMEANOR
6	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS
7	WITH OPIATE MISUSE OR USE DISORDER NOT CHARGED WITH CRIMINAL
8	POSSESSION OF OPIATES; AND
9	(II) INCREASED OR DECREASED INITIATION AND RETENTION OF
10	EVIDENCE-BASED, EFFECTIVE TREATMENT FOR INDIVIDUALS CHARGED
11	WITH AN OPIATE USE DISORDER AMONG INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A
12	FELONY COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH MISDEMEANOR
13	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS
14	WITH OPIATE MISUSE OR USE DISORDER WHO WERE NOT CHARGED WITH
15	<u>CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF OPIATES;</u>
16	(b) DIFFERENTIAL HEALTH OUTCOMES FOR INDIVIDUALS BASED ON
17	THE INDIVIDUAL'S RACE, GENDER, ETHNICITY, AGE, ECONOMIC STATUS,
18	PREGNANCY OR POSTPARTUM STATUS, OR HOUSING STATUS, FOR
19	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A FELONY PURSUANT TO SECTION
20	18-18-403.5 (2.5), COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A
21	MISDEMEANOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED
22	TO INDIVIDUALS WITH OPIATE MISUSE OR USE DISORDERS WHO WERE NOT
23	CHARGED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5). DIFFERENTIAL
24	HEALTH OUTCOMES TO CONSIDER INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO,
25	FATAL AND NONFATAL OVERDOSES AND INITIATION AND RETENTION ON
26	MEDICATIONS FOR OPIATE USE DISORDER.
27	(c) Whether effective, evidence-based treatment for

-68-

1	OPIATE USE DISORDER IN THE GENERAL POPULATION DIMINISHED IN
2	QUALITY OR QUANTITY AS A RESULT OF INDIVIDUALS ORDERED BY THE
3	COURT INTO TREATMENT BASED ON CHARGES BROUGHT PURSUANT TO
4	<u>SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5); AND</u>
5	(d) Whether Penalties pursuant to Section 18-18-403.5(2.5)
6	IMPACT THE LIKELIHOOD OF INDIVIDUALS ADDICTED TO FENTANYL TO
7	SEEK OR RECEIVE TREATMENT, PROVIDE HELP TO ANOTHER PERSON IN THE
8	CASE OF AN OVERDOSE, OR UTILIZE NALOXONE, NON-LABORATORY
9	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND OTHER HARM REDUCTION
10	RESOURCES.
11	(2) (a) THE OFFICE SHALL MAKE REASONABLE EFFORTS TO PROVIDE
12	NECESSARY DATA REQUESTED BY THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY TO COMPLETE
13	THE STUDY REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION. THE
14	OFFICE SHALL ESTABLISH A DATA-SHARING AGREEMENT WITH, AT A
15	MINIMUM, THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, THE
16	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CARE POLICY AND FINANCING, THE JUDICIAL
17	DEPARTMENT, THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS, THE DEPARTMENT OF
18	REGULATORY AGENCIES, AND, IF FEASIBLE, COUNTY SHERIFFS AND
19	COUNTY CORONERS, TO PROVIDE DATA TO THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY
20	INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
21	(I) ALL REASONABLY AVAILABLE CRIMINAL JUSTICE DATA
22	REQUESTED BY THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY;
23	(II) OPIATE OVERDOSE DEATH RECORDS, INCLUDING TOXICOLOGY
24	REPORTS, IF AVAILABLE;
25	(III) PRESCRIPTION DATA FOR MEDICATION FOR OPIATE USE
26	DISORDER, INCLUDING FOR INDIVIDUALS IN JAIL OR PRISON CHARGED
2.7	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5):

-69-

1	(IV) ENCOUNTERS WITH EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES
2	PROVIDERS, LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, OR HEALTH-CARE FACILITIES
3	FOR FATAL AND NONFATAL FENTANYL OR OTHER OPIATE-RELATED
4	OVERDOSE; AND
5	(V) AVAILABLE INFORMATION REGARDING THE HISTORY OF
6	OVERDOSE, INCARCERATION, AND SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT FOR
7	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5),
8	INCLUDING WHETHER THE INDIVIDUAL HAS SOUGHT AND BEEN DENIED
9	ON-DEMAND TREATMENT.
10	(b) The independent entity may perform a qualitative
11	ASSESSMENT BY, AT A MINIMUM, CONDUCTING FOCUS GROUPS OR
12	INTERVIEWS WITH A REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE OF INDIVIDUALS WHO USE
13	DRUGS AND SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER CARE PROVIDERS AND HARM
14	REDUCTION PROVIDERS ACROSS THE STATE AND CONTINUUM.
15	(c) No later than December 31, 2024, the independent
16	ENTITY SHALL SUBMIT A COMPREHENSIVE REPORT OF THE ENTITY'S
17	FINDINGS TO THE OFFICE.
18	(d) No later than January 31, 2025, the office shall
19	PUBLISH THE REPORT ON THE OFFICE'S WEBSITE AND SUBMIT THE REPORT
20	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, THE HOUSE
21	OF REPRESENTATIVES PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND HUMAN
22	SERVICES COMMITTEE, THE SENATE HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
23	COMMITTEE, AND THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, OR THEIR
24	SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES.
25	(3) The costs associated with performing the study
26	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
27	TREATMENT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 18-19-103 (4).

-70-

1	(4) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
2	SECTION 42. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-19-103, amend
3	(5)(c)(VI) and (5)(c)(VII); and add (5)(c)(VIII) as follows:
4	18-19-103. Source of revenues - allocation of money - repeal.
5	(5) (c) The board may direct that money in the correctional treatment
6	cash fund may be used for the following purposes:
7	(VI) Recovery support services, including offender reentry; and
8	(VII) Administrative support to the correctional treatment board
9	including, but not limited to, facilitating and coordinating data collection,
10	conducting data analysis, developing contracts, preparing reports,
11	scheduling and staffing board and subcommittee meetings, and engaging
12	in budget planning and analysis; AND
13	(VIII) (A) THE STUDY OF HEALTH EFFECTS OF FELONIZING
14	FENTANYL POSSESSION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-60-114.
15	(B) This subsection (5)(c)(VIII) is repealed, effective July
16	<u>1, 2025.</u>
17	SECTION 43. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-50-802, as
18	part 8 of article 50 of title 27 as added by House Bill 22-1278, as
19	<u>follows:</u>
20	27-50-802. Study of health effects of felonizing fentanyl
21	possession - repeal. (1) No later than November 1, 2022, the BHA
22	SHALL CONTRACT WITH AN INDEPENDENT NONPROFIT OR EDUCATIONAL
23	ENTITY THAT HAS EXPERTISE IN CLINICAL EPIDEMIOLOGY, BIOSTATISTICS,
24	SUBSTANCE USE AND ADDICTION, DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS, AND,
25	IF POSSIBLE, THE INTERSECTION BETWEEN THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM
26	AND SUBSTANCE USE, TO CONDUCT AN INDEPENDENT STUDY OF THE
27	HEALTH EFFECTS OF CRIMINAL PENALTIES PURSUANT TO CHANGES TO

-71- 1326

1	SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5) IN HOUSE BILL 22-1326, ENACTED IN 2022. AT
2	A MINIMUM, THE STUDY MUST ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING:
3	(a) Whether the penalties pursuant to section 18-18-403.5
4	<u>(2.5):</u>
5	(I) DECREASED OR INCREASED FENTANYL-RELATED OVERDOSES,
6	BOTH FATAL AND NONFATAL, AMONG INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A
7	FELONY COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH MISDEMEANOR
8	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS
9	WITH OPIATE MISUSE OR USE DISORDER NOT CHARGED WITH CRIMINAL
10	POSSESSION OF OPIATES; AND
11	(II) INCREASED OR DECREASED INITIATION AND RETENTION OF
12	EVIDENCE-BASED, EFFECTIVE TREATMENT FOR INDIVIDUALS CHARGED
13	WITH AN OPIATE USE DISORDER AMONG INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A
14	FELONY COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH MISDEMEANOR
15	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS
16	WITH OPIATE MISUSE OR USE DISORDER WHO WERE NOT CHARGED WITH
17	<u>CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF OPIATES;</u>
18	(b) DIFFERENTIAL HEALTH OUTCOMES FOR INDIVIDUALS BASED ON
19	THE INDIVIDUAL'S RACE, GENDER, ETHNICITY, AGE, ECONOMIC STATUS,
20	PREGNANCY OR POSTPARTUM STATUS, OR HOUSING STATUS, FOR
21	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A FELONY PURSUANT TO SECTION
22	18-18-403.5 (2.5), COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A
23	MISDEMEANOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED
24	TO INDIVIDUALS WITH OPIATE MISUSE OR USE DISORDERS WHO WERE NOT
25	CHARGED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5). DIFFERENTIAL
26	HEALTH OUTCOMES TO CONSIDER INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO,
27	FATAL AND NONFATAL OVERDOSES AND INITIATION AND RETENTION ON

-72- 1326

1	MEDICATIONS FOR OPIATE USE DISORDER.
2	(c) Whether effective, evidence-based treatment for
3	OPIATE USE DISORDER IN THE GENERAL POPULATION DIMINISHED IN
4	QUALITY OR QUANTITY AS A RESULT OF INDIVIDUALS ORDERED BY THE
5	COURT INTO TREATMENT BASED ON CHARGES BROUGHT PURSUANT TO
6	SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5); AND
7	(d) Whether Penalties Pursuant to Section 18-18-403.5(2.5)
8	IMPACT THE LIKELIHOOD OF INDIVIDUALS ADDICTED TO FENTANYL TO
9	SEEK OR RECEIVE TREATMENT, PROVIDE HELP TO ANOTHER PERSON IN THE
10	CASE OF AN OVERDOSE, OR UTILIZE NALOXONE, NON-LABORATORY
11	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND OTHER HARM REDUCTION
12	RESOURCES.
13	(2) (a) THE BHA SHALL MAKE REASONABLE EFFORTS TO PROVIDE
14	NECESSARY DATA REQUESTED BY THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY TO COMPLETE
15	THE STUDY REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION. THE
16	BHA SHALL ESTABLISH A DATA-SHARING AGREEMENT WITH, AT A
17	MINIMUM, THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, THE
18	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CARE POLICY AND FINANCING, THE JUDICIAL
19	DEPARTMENT, THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS, THE DEPARTMENT OF
20	REGULATORY AGENCIES, AND, IF FEASIBLE, COUNTY SHERIFFS AND
21	COUNTY CORONERS, TO PROVIDE DATA TO THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY
22	INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
23	(I) ALL REASONABLY AVAILABLE CRIMINAL JUSTICE DATA
24	REQUESTED BY THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY;
25	(II) OPIATE OVERDOSE DEATH RECORDS, INCLUDING TOXICOLOGY
26	REPORTS, IF AVAILABLE;
27	(III) Prescription data for medication for opiate use

-73- 1326

1	DISORDER, INCLUDING FOR INDIVIDUALS IN JAIL OR PRISON CHARGED
2	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5);
3	(IV) ENCOUNTERS WITH EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES
4	PROVIDERS, LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, OR HEALTH-CARE FACILITIES
5	FOR FATAL AND NONFATAL FENTANYL OR OTHER OPIATE-RELATED
6	OVERDOSE; AND
7	(V) AVAILABLE INFORMATION REGARDING THE HISTORY OF
8	OVERDOSE, INCARCERATION, AND SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT FOR
9	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5),
10	INCLUDING WHETHER THE INDIVIDUAL HAS SOUGHT AND BEEN DENIED
11	ON-DEMAND TREATMENT.
12	(b) The independent entity may perform a qualitative
13	ASSESSMENT BY, AT A MINIMUM, CONDUCTING FOCUS GROUPS OR
14	INTERVIEWS WITH A REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE OF INDIVIDUALS WHO USE
15	DRUGS AND SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER CARE PROVIDERS AND HARM
16	REDUCTION PROVIDERS ACROSS THE STATE AND CONTINUUM.
17	(c) No later than December 31, 2024, the independent
18	ENTITY SHALL SUBMIT A COMPREHENSIVE REPORT OF THE ENTITY'S
19	FINDINGS TO THE BHA.
20	(d) No Later than January 31, 2025, the BHA shall publish
21	THE REPORT ON THE BHA'S WEBSITE AND SUBMIT THE REPORT TO THE
22	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, THE HOUSE OF
23	REPRESENTATIVES PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND HUMAN
24	SERVICES COMMITTEE, THE SENATE HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
25	COMMITTEE, AND THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, OR THEIR
26	SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, AS PART OF ITS "STATE MEASUREMENT FOR
27	ACCOUNTABLE, RESPONSIVE, AND TRANSPARENT (SMART)

-74- 1326

1	GOVERNMENT ACT" PRESENTATION REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION
2	<u>2-7-203.</u>
3	(3) The costs associated with performing the study
4	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
5	TREATMENT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 18-19-103 (4).
6	(4) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
7	SECTION 44. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-19-103, amend
8	(5)(c)(VI) and (5)(c)(VII); and add (5)(c)(VIII) as follows:
9	18-19-103. Source of revenues - allocation of money - repeal.
10	(5) (c) The board may direct that money in the correctional treatment
11	cash fund may be used for the following purposes:
12	(VI) Recovery support services, including offender reentry; and
13	(VII) Administrative support to the correctional treatment board
14	including, but not limited to, facilitating and coordinating data collection,
15	conducting data analysis, developing contracts, preparing reports,
16	scheduling and staffing board and subcommittee meetings, and engaging
17	in budget planning and analysis; AND
18	(VIII) (A) THE STUDY OF HEALTH EFFECTS OF FELONIZING
19	FENTANYL POSSESSION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-50-802.
20	(B) This subsection (5)(c)(VIII) is repealed, effective July
21	<u>1, 2025.</u>
22	SECTION 45. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-26-104.9,
23	amend (1), (2), and (3); and add (1.5), (4), and (5) as follows:
24	17-26-104.9. Opioid treatment for a person in custody -
25	definitions - repeal. (1) (a) A facility, whether operated by a
26	governmental entity or private contractor, may make available opioid
27	agonists and opioid antagonists to a person in custody with an opioid use

-75- 1326

1	disorder. The facility is strongly encouraged to maintain the treatment of
2	the person throughout the duration of the person's incarceration, as
3	medically necessary.
4	(b) This subsection (1) is repealed effective July 1, 2023.
5	(1.5) By July 1, 2023, a facility, whether operated by a
6	GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY OR PRIVATE CONTRACTOR, SHALL PROVIDE
7	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, AND OTHER APPROPRIATE
8	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE TO A PERSON WITH A SUBSTANCE USE
9	DISORDER THROUGH THE DURATION OF THE PERSON'S INCARCERATION, AS
10	MEDICALLY NECESSARY. AT A MINIMUM:
11	(a) THE FACILITY SHALL PERFORM A NON-MEDICAL EVALUATION
12	OF THE PERSON UPON ENTRY INTO CUSTODY AT THE FACILITY FOR
13	SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER.
14	(b) THE FACILITY SHALL OFFER MEDICATION APPROVED BY THE
15	FEDERAL FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION THAT ARE APPROVED TO
16	TREAT OPIATE USE DISORDER, WHICH MUST INCLUDE AGONISTS, PARTIAL
17	AGONISTS, AND ANTAGONISTS, TO A PERSON IN CUSTODY WITH AN OPIATE
18	USE DISORDER. THE PERSON, IN COLLABORATION WITH THE TREATING
19	PROVIDER, MUST BE GIVEN A CHOICE CONCERNING WHAT MEDICATION IS
20	PRESCRIBED, AND THE FACILITY MUST PROVIDE THE MEDICATION
21	REQUESTED. A PERSON MAY REQUEST TO CHANGE THEIR MEDICATION AT
22	ANY TIME WHILE IN CUSTODY.
23	(c) If the person indicates that the person has a substance
24	USE DISORDER, OR THE NON-MEDICAL EVALUATION PERFORMED PURSUANT
25	TO SUBSECTION (1.5)(a) INDICATES THAT THE PERSON MAY HAVE A
26	SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER, THE FACILITY SHALL REFER THE PERSON TO
27	THE FACILITY'S MEDICAL PROVIDER FOR AN EVALUATION, AND

-76- 1326

1	SUBSEQUENT DIAGNOSIS, PRESCRIPTION, OR INDUCTION OF
2	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT.
3	(d) If an individual is admitted to the jail and has a
4	PRESCRIPTION FOR MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, THE JAIL SHALL
5	CONTINUE THE MEDICATION WITHOUT DELAY.
6	(2) Qualified medication administration personnel may, in
7	accordance with a written physician's order, administer opioid agonists
8	and opioid antagonists pursuant to subsection (1) AND (1.5) of this
9	section.
10	(3) A facility may contract with community-based health
11	providers, LOCAL PROVIDERS, OR STATE MOBILE MEDICATION-ASSISTED
12	TREATMENT UNIT PROVIDERS for the implementation of this section.
13	(4) The jail shall provide the individual with a referral to
14	A SUBSTANCE USE PROVIDER WITH THE CAPABILITY TO CONTINUE THE
15	INDIVIDUAL'S MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT AND THE CARE
16	COORDINATION INFRASTRUCTURE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 27-60-204 UPON
17	RELEASE FROM CUSTODY.
18	(5) Counties are encouraged to use county funding
19	AVAILABLE FROM A SETTLEMENT OR DAMAGE AWARD FROM
20	OPIATE-RELATED LITIGATION TO SUPPORT JAILS IN COMPLYING WITH THE
21	REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION.
22	SECTION 46. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-60-106.7 as
23	<u>follows:</u>
24	27-60-106.7. Technical assistance to jails - appropriation -
25	repeal. (1) The office of behavioral health shall provide
26	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO FACILITIES IN MEETING THEIR REQUIREMENTS
2.7	PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-26-104.9 (1.5). TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

-77- 1326

1	INCLUDES DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF
2	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, APPROVAL OF PRESCRIBERS BY THE
3	UNITED STATES DRUG ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, AND OTHER APPROPRIATE
4	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE, AND ASSISTANCE WITH IDENTIFYING
5	BULK PURCHASING OPPORTUNITIES FOR NECESSARY SERVICES.
6	(2) (a) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, the general
7	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE THREE MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE
8	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND MENTAL HEALTH CASH FUND, CREATED IN
9	SECTION 24-75-230, TO THE OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH FOR THE
10	PURPOSE OF PROVIDING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO JAILS WITH MEETING
11	THEIR REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-26-104.9, INCLUDING
12	PROVIDING FUNDING TO JAILS TO COVER THE SERVICES REQUIRED
13	PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-26-104.9.
14	(b) This subsection (2) is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
15	SECTION 47. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-50-802, as
16	part 8 of article 50 of title 27 as added by House Bill 22-1278, as
17	<u>follows:</u>
18	27-50-802. Technical assistance to jails - appropriation -
19	repeal. (1) The behavioral health administration shall provide
20	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO FACILITIES IN MEETING THEIR REQUIREMENTS
21	PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-26-104.9 (1.5). TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE
22	INCLUDES DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF
23	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, APPROVAL OF PRESCRIBERS BY THE
24	UNITED STATES DRUG ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, AND OTHER APPROPRIATE
25	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE, AND ASSISTANCE WITH IDENTIFYING
26	BULK PURCHASING OPPORTUNITIES FOR NECESSARY SERVICES.
27	(2) (a) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, the general

-78-

1	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE THREE MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE
2	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND MENTAL HEALTH CASH FUND, CREATED IN
3	SECTION 24-75-230, TO THE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION FOR
4	THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO JAILS WITH
5	MEETING THEIR REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-26-104.9,
6	INCLUDING PROVIDING FUNDING TO JAILS TO COVER THE SERVICES
7	REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-26-104.9.
8	(b) This subsection (2) is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
9	SECTION 48. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 14 to
10	article 20.5 of title 25 as follows:
11	<u>PART 14</u>
12	OVERDOSE DETECTION MAPPING APPLICATION PROGRAM
13	25-20.5-1401. Overdose detection mapping application
14	program. On or before January 1, 2023, emergency medical
15	SERVICE PROVIDERS, EMERGENCY DEPARTMENTS, STATE AND LOCAL LAW
16	ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, SHERIFFS' OFFICES, AND CORONERS MAY
17	PARTICIPATE IN THE WEB-BASED OVERDOSE DETECTION MAPPING
18	APPLICATION PROGRAM TO REPORT INCIDENCES OF FATAL AND NON-FATAL
19	DRUG OVERDOSES AND SYNTHETIC OPIATE POISONINGS. EMERGENCY
20	DEPARTMENTS, STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES,
21	SHERIFFS' OFFICES, AND CORONERS ARE ENCOURAGED TO REPORT DATA
22	NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER THE INCIDENT OR AFTER
23	RECEIVING THE INCIDENT TOXICOLOGY REPORT. ALL INCIDENT DATA MUST
24	BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE DEPARTMENT. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY LAW
25	TO THE CONTRARY, LAW ENFORCEMENT SHALL NOT USE DATA FROM THE
26	OVERDOSE DETECTION MAPPING APPLICATION PROGRAM FOR WELFARE
27	CHECKS, WARRANT CHECKS, OR CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS.

-79- 1326

1	SECTION 49. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 15 to
2	article 20.5 of title 25 as follows:
3	<u>PART 15</u>
4	OVERDOSE TRENDS REVIEW COMMITTEE
5	25-20.5-1501. Colorado overdose trends review committee -
6	recommendations - report - repeal. (1) The department shall
7	CONVENE INTERESTED STAKEHOLDERS FOR THE PURPOSE OF DEVELOPING
8	RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF AN OVERDOSE TRENDS
9	REVIEW COMMITTEE THAT WOULD BE RESPONSIBLE FOR:
10	(a) IDENTIFYING AND REVIEWING CERTAIN CASES OF NON-FATAL
11	AND FATAL DRUG-RELATED OVERDOSES THAT OCCUR IN COLORADO;
12	(b) Identifying the causes of overdoses and
13	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS, AND CONDUCTING A REVIEW OF OTHER
14	FACTORS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, HOUSING STATUS OR CRIMINAL
15	JUSTICE SYSTEM INVOLVEMENT;
16	(c) Developing evidence-based recommendations to
17	ADDRESS PREVENTABLE OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS, INCLUDING
18	LEGISLATION, POLICIES, AREAS FOR SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH, RULES,
19	TRAINING, AND BEST PRACTICES THAT SUPPORT THE HEALTH AND SAFETY
20	OF INDIVIDUALS WHO USE SUBSTANCES THAT MAY CAUSE OVERDOSES IN
21	COLORADO, AND PREVENT OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;
22	(d) Making annual policy-related and funding-related
23	RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE GOVERNOR AND THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
24	ABOUT DRUG TRENDS, INCLUDING SYNTHETIC DRUGS THAT MAY IMPACT
25	THE HEALTH AND WELL-BEING OF COLORADANS AND THAT PRESENT A
26	HIGH RISK FOR CAUSING OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS; AND
27	(e) ESTABLISHING A PROCESS FOR DATA SHARING BETWEEN STATE

-80-

1	DEPARTMENTS, COUNTIES, AND OTHER RELEVANT ENTITIES IN ORDER TO
2	ACCESS NECESSARY DATA CONCERNING NON-FATAL AND FATAL
3	DRUG-RELATED OVERDOSES IN COLORADO.
4	(2) In convening the interested stakeholders pursuant to
5	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL INVITE A
6	VARIETY OF INTERESTED STAKEHOLDERS, INCLUDING PUBLIC HEALTH
7	EXPERTS, PHYSICIANS, LAW ENFORCEMENT, CORONERS, AND PERSONS WHO
8	HAVE EXPERIENCED AN OVERDOSE.
9	(3) On or before September 1, 2023, the department shall
10	SUBMIT A REPORT OF ITS RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING THE
11	ESTABLISHMENT OF AN OVERDOSE TRENDS REVIEW COMMITTEE TO THE
12	JOINT BUDGET COMMITTEE AND ANY SUBSTANCE USE INTERIM COMMITTEE
13	EXISTING AT THAT TIME.
14	(4) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ESTABLISH AN OVERDOSE TRENDS
15	REVIEW COMMITTEE BY SEPTEMBER 1, 2024.
16	SECTION 50. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 25.5-5-509
17	as follows:
18	25.5-5-509. Substance use disorder - prescription drugs -
19	opiate antagonist. (1) Notwithstanding any provisions of this part 5 to
20	the contrary, for the treatment of a substance use disorder, in
21	promulgating rules, and subject to any necessary federal authorization, the
22	state board shall authorize reimbursement for at least one federal food and
23	drug administration-approved ready-to-use opioid overdose reversal drug
24	without prior authorization.
25	(2) (a) As used in this subsection (2), unless the context
26	OTHERWISE REQUIRES, "OPIATE ANTAGONIST" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS
27	SET FORTH IN SECTION 12-30-110 (7)(d)

-81- 1326

1	(b) A HOSPITAL OR EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT SHALL RECEIVE
2	REIMBURSEMENT UNDER THE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM FOR THE
3	COST OF AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST IF, IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION
4	12-30-110, A PRESCRIBER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 12-30-110 (7)(h),
5	DISPENSES AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST UPON DISCHARGE TO A MEDICAL
6	ASSISTANCE RECIPIENT WHO IS AT RISK OF EXPERIENCING AN
7	OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT OR TO A FAMILY MEMBER,
8	FRIEND, OR OTHER PERSON IN A POSITION TO ASSIST A MEDICAL
9	ASSISTANCE RECIPIENT WHO IS AT RISK OF EXPERIENCING AN
10	OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT.
11	(c) The state department shall seek federal financial
12	PARTICIPATION FOR THE COST OF REIMBURSEMENT FOR THE OPIATE
13	ANTAGONIST, BUT SHALL PROVIDE REIMBURSEMENT TO THE HOSPITAL OR
14	EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT FOR THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST USING STATE
15	MONEY UNTIL FEDERAL FINANCIAL PARTICIPATION IS AVAILABLE.
16	SECTION 51. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-81-104, amend
17	(1)(q) and (1)(r); and add (1)(s) as follows:
18	27-81-104. Duties of the office of behavioral health - review.
19	(1) In addition to duties prescribed by section 27-80-102, the office of
20	behavioral health shall:
21	(q) Encourage all health and disability insurance programs to
22	include substance use disorders as a covered illness; and
23	(r) Submit to the governor an annual report covering the activities
24	of the office of behavioral health; AND
25	(s) Train emergency departments and certified peace
26	OFFICERS IN THE PROCEDURES REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTIONS
27	27-81-111 AND 27-81-112.

-82- 1326

1	SECTION 52. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-81-104, amend
2	(1)(q) and (1)(r); and add (1)(s) as follows:
3	27-81-104. Duties of the office of behavioral health - review.
4	(1) In addition to duties prescribed by section 27-80-102, the office of
5	behavioral health THE BHA shall:
6	(q) Encourage all health and disability insurance programs to
7	include substance use disorders as a covered illness; and
8	(r) Submit to the governor an annual report covering the activities
9	of the office of behavioral health BHA; AND
10	(s) Train emergency departments and certified peace
11	OFFICERS IN THE PROCEDURES REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTIONS
12	<u>27-81-111 AND 27-81-112.</u>
13	SECTION 53. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-81-112, amend
14	(1) as follows:
15	27-81-112. Involuntary commitment of a person with a
16	substance use disorder. (1) The court may commit a person to the
17	custody of the office of behavioral health upon the petition of the person's
18	spouse or guardian, a relative, a physician, an advanced practice nurse,
19	the administrator in charge of an approved treatment facility, A CERTIFIED
20	PEACE OFFICER, or any other responsible person. The petition must allege
21	that the person has a substance use disorder and that the person has
22	threatened or attempted to inflict or inflicted physical harm on himself or
23	herself THE PERSON'S SELF or on another and that unless committed, the
24	person is likely to inflict physical harm on himself or herself THE
25	PERSON'S SELF or on another or that the person is incapacitated by
26	substances. A refusal to undergo treatment does not constitute evidence
2.7	of lack of judgment as to the need for treatment. The petition must be

-83-

1	accompanied by a certificate of a licensed physician who has examined
2	the person within ten days before submission of the petition, unless the
3	person whose commitment is sought has refused to submit to a medical
4	examination, in which case the fact of refusal must be alleged in the
5	petition, or an examination cannot be made of the person due to the
6	person's condition. The certificate must set forth the physician's findings
7	in support of the petition's allegations.
8	SECTION 54. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-81-112, amend
9	(1) as follows:
10	27-81-112. Involuntary commitment of a person with a
11	substance use disorder. (1) The court may commit a person to the
12	custody of the office of behavioral health BHA upon the petition of the
13	person's spouse or guardian, a relative, a physician, an advanced practice
14	nurse, the administrator in charge of an approved treatment facility, A
15	CERTIFIED PEACE OFFICER, or any other responsible person. The petition
16	must allege that the person has a substance use disorder and that the
17	person has threatened or attempted to inflict or inflicted physical harm on
18	himself or herself THE PERSON'S SELF or on another and that unless
19	committed, the person is likely to inflict physical harm on himself or
20	herself THE PERSON'S SELF or on another or that the person is incapacitated
21	by substances. A refusal to undergo treatment does not constitute
22	evidence of lack of judgment as to the need for treatment. The petition
23	must be accompanied by a certificate of a licensed physician who has
24	examined the person within ten days before submission of the petition,
25	unless the person whose commitment is sought has refused to submit to
26	a medical examination, in which case the fact of refusal must be alleged
27	in the petition, or an examination cannot be made of the person due to the

-84- 1326

1	person's condition. The certificate must set forth the physician's findings
2	in support of the petition's allegations.
3	SECTION 55. Accountability. Notwithstanding the requirement
4	to conduct a review of the implementation of this act either two or five
5	years after the enactment of this act, three years after this act becomes law
6	and in accordance with section 2-2-1201, Colorado Revised Statutes, the
7	legislative service agencies of the Colorado general assembly shall
8	conduct a post-enactment review of the implementation of this act
9	utilizing the information contained in the legislative declaration set forth
10	in section 1 of this act.
11	SECTION <u>56.</u> Appropriation. (1) For the 2022-23 state
12	fiscal year, \$14,389,055 is appropriated to the department of human
13	services for use by the behavioral health administration. This
14	appropriation consists of \$10,986,092 from the general fund, \$402,963
15	from the correctional treatment cash fund created in section 18-19-103
16	(4)(a), C.R.S., and \$3,000,000 from the behavioral and mental health cash
17	fund created in section 24-75-230 (2)(a), C.R.S., which is of money the
18	state received from the federal coronavirus state fiscal recovery fund. To
19	implement this act, the administration may use this appropriation as
20	follows:
21	(a) \$286,092 from the general fund for program administration
22	related to community behavioral health administration, which amount is
23	based on an assumption that the administration will require an additional
24	<u>3.6</u> FTE;
25	(b) \$10,000,000 from the general fund for treatment and
26	detoxification programs related to substance use treatment and prevention
27	services pursuant to section 27-80-107.8 (2), C.R.S.;

-85-

1	(c) \$700,000 from the general fund for managed service
2	organization regional evaluations related to substance use treatment and
3	prevention services;
4	(d) \$252,963 from the correctional treatment cash fund created in
5	section 18-19-103 (4)(a), C.R.S., for a study on the health effects of
6	criminal penalties related to substance use treatment and prevention
7	services, which amount is based on an assumption that the administration
8	will require an additional 0.5 FTE;
9	(e) \$150,000 from the correctional treatment cash fund created in
10	section 18-19-103 (4)(a), C.R.S., for a fentanyl education program related
11	to substance use treatment and prevention services; and
12	(\underline{f}) \$3,000,000 from the behavioral and mental health cash fund
13	created in section 24-75-230 (2)(a), C.R.S., for jail-based behavioral
14	health services related to integrated behavioral health services. Any
15	money appropriated in this subsection (1)(d) not expended prior to July
16	1, 2023, is further appropriated to the administration from July 1, 2023,
17	through December 30, 2024, for the same purpose.
18	(2) Pursuant to section 27-80-107.8 (2)(b), C.R.S., any money
19	appropriated in subsection (1)(b) not expended prior to July 1, 2023, is
20	further appropriated to the division through June 30, 2025, for the same
21	<u>purpose.</u>
22	(3) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$869,288 is appropriated to
23	the judicial department for use by probation and related services. This
24	appropriation consists of \$138,362 from the general fund and \$730,926
25	from the correctional treatment cash fund created in section 18-19-103
26	(4)(a), C.R.S. To implement this act, the department may use this
27	appropriation as follows:

-86-

1	(a) \$138,362 for probation programs, which amount is based on
2	an assumption that the department will require an additional 1.6 FTE; and
3	(b) \$730,926 from the correctional treatment cash fund created in
4	section 18-19-103 (4)(a), C.R.S., for offender treatment and services.
5	(4) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$150,000 is appropriated to
6	the department of law for use by administration. This appropriation is
7	from the general fund. To implement this act, the department may use this
8	appropriation for operating expenses.
9	(5) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$5,792,413 is appropriated
10	to the department of public health and environment for use by the
11	prevention services division. This appropriation is from the general fund.
12	To implement this act, the division may use this appropriation for
13	administration as follows:
14	(a) \$112,413 for personal services and related operating expenses.
15	which amount is based on an assumption that the division will require an
16	additional 1.5 FTE;
17	(b) \$300,000 for non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests
18	<u>pursuant to section 25-1.5-115.3 (1), C.R.S.;</u>
19	(c) \$5,000,000 for an education campaign pursuant to section
20	<u>25-1.5-115.5 (1), C.R.S.;</u>
21	(d) \$50,000 for regional trainings pursuant to section 25-1.5-115.5
22	(3), C.R.S.;
23	(e) \$30,000 for website development pursuant to section
24	25-25-1.5-115.5 (4), C.R.S.; and
25	(f) \$300,000 for an independent study pursuant to section
26	<u>25-20.5-1401, C.R.S.</u>
27	(6) Any money appropriated in subsection (5)(b) not expended

-87- 1326

1	prior to July 1, 2023, is further appropriated to the division for the
2	2023-24 state fiscal year.
3	(7) Any money appropriated in subsection (5)(c) not expended
4	prior to July 1, 2023, is further appropriated to the division through June
5	30, 2025, for the same purpose.
6	(8) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$7,000,000 is appropriated
7	to the department of public safety for use by the division of criminal
8	justice. This appropriation is from the general fund and is based on an
9	assumption that the division will require an additional 1.8 FTE. To
10	implement this act, the division may use this appropriation for DCJ
11	administrative services. Any money appropriated in this subsection (8)
12	not expended prior to July 1, 2023, is further appropriated to the division
13	for the 2023-2 24 state fiscal year.
14	(9) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$360,000 is appropriated to
15	the department of health care policy and financing. This appropriation is
16	from the general fund. To implement this act, the department may use this
17	appropriation for medical services premiums.
18	(10) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, $$19,700,000$ is appropriated
19	to the opiate antagonist bulk purchase fund created in section 25-1.5-115
20	(1)(a), C.R.S. This appropriation is from the behavioral and mental health
21	cash fund created in section 24-75-230 (2)(a), C.R.S., and is of money the
22	state received from the federal coronavirus state fiscal recovery fund. The
23	department of public health and environment is responsible for the
24	accounting related to this appropriation.
25	(11) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$6,000,000 is appropriated
26	to the harm reduction grant program cash fund created in section
27	25-20.5-1102 (1), C.R.S. This appropriation is from the behavioral and

-88- 1326

1	mental health cash fund created in section 24-75-230 (2)(a), C.R.S., and
2	is of money the state received from the federal coronavirus state fiscal
3	recovery fund. The department of public health and environment is
4	responsible for the accounting related to this appropriation.
5	(12) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$300,000 is appropriated to
6	the department of public health and environment for use by the prevention
7	services division. This appropriation is from the behavioral and mental
8	health cash fund created in section 24-75-230 (2)(a), C.R.S., which is of
9	money the state received from the federal coronavirus state fiscal
10	recovery fund. To implement this act, the division may use this
11	appropriation for administration. Any money appropriated in this
12	subsection (6) not expended prior to July 1, 2023, is further appropriated
13	to the division from July 1, 2023, through December 30, 2024.
14	SECTION 57. Effective date - applicability. This act takes
14 15	SECTION <u>57.</u> Effective date - applicability. This act takes effect on January 1, 2023; except that:
15	effect on January 1, 2023; except that:
15 16	effect on January 1, 2023; except that: (1) Sections 1, 12, 13, 14, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 34, 35, and
15 16 17	effect on January 1, 2023; except that: (1) Sections 1, 12, 13, 14, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 34, 35, and 36 take effect on July 1, 2022;
15 16 17 18	effect on January 1, 2023; except that: (1) Sections 1, 12, 13, 14, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 34, 35, and 36 take effect on July 1, 2022; (2) Sections 2, 3, 4, and 5 take effect on July 1, 2022, and applies
15 16 17 18 19	effect on January 1, 2023; except that: (1) Sections 1, 12, 13, 14, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 34, 35, and 36 take effect on July 1, 2022; (2) Sections 2, 3, 4, and 5 take effect on July 1, 2022, and applies to offenses committed on or after said date;
15 16 17 18 19 20	effect on January 1, 2023; except that: (1) Sections 1, 12, 13, 14, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 34, 35, and 36 take effect on July 1, 2022; (2) Sections 2, 3, 4, and 5 take effect on July 1, 2022, and applies to offenses committed on or after said date; (3) Sections 7, 10, 15, 26, and 29 take effect only if House Bill
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	effect on January 1, 2023; except that: (1) Sections 1, 12, 13, 14, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 34, 35, and 36 take effect on July 1, 2022; (2) Sections 2, 3, 4, and 5 take effect on July 1, 2022, and applies to offenses committed on or after said date; (3) Sections 7, 10, 15, 26, and 29 take effect only if House Bill 22-1278 does not become law; and
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	effect on January 1, 2023; except that: (1) Sections 1, 12, 13, 14, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 34, 35, and 36 take effect on July 1, 2022; (2) Sections 2, 3, 4, and 5 take effect on July 1, 2022, and applies to offenses committed on or after said date; (3) Sections 7, 10, 15, 26, and 29 take effect only if House Bill 22-1278 does not become law; and (4) Sections 8, 11, 16, 27, and 30 take effect only if House Bill
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	effect on January 1, 2023; except that: (1) Sections 1, 12, 13, 14, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 34, 35, and 36 take effect on July 1, 2022; (2) Sections 2, 3, 4, and 5 take effect on July 1, 2022, and applies to offenses committed on or after said date; (3) Sections 7, 10, 15, 26, and 29 take effect only if House Bill 22-1278 does not become law; and (4) Sections 8, 11, 16, 27, and 30 take effect only if House Bill 22-1278 becomes law.

-89-