Second Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 22-0535.01 Richard Sweetman x4333

SENATE BILL 22-114

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING FIRE SUPPRESSION PONDS.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Section 1 of the bill makes legislative findings and declarations. **Section 2** allows a board of county commissioners (board) to apply to the state engineer for the designation of a pond as a fire suppression pond. The director of the division of fire prevention and control (director) in the department of public safety is required to promulgate rules to establish criteria for boards, in consultation with fire protection districts, to use to identify and evaluate potential fire suppression ponds. For each pond that is identified and under consideration as a potential fire suppression pond,

a board must provide notice of such fact to the state engineer and to interested parties included in the substitute water supply plan notification list established for the water division in which the pond is located.

Section 2 also prohibits the state engineer from draining any pond:

- While the pond is under consideration for designation as a fire suppression pond;
- If the state engineer has designated the pond as a fire suppression pond; or
- On and after the effective date of the bill, and until the date upon which the director promulgates rules, with exceptions.

Section 2 also states that a fire suppression pond and the water associated with it:

- Are not considered a water right;
- Do not have a priority for the purpose of determining water rights; and
- May not be adjudicated as a water right.

Section 3 requires the state engineer to review applications received from boards and, at the state engineer's discretion, designate ponds as fire suppression ponds. An application is presumed to be approved if the state engineer does not respond to the application within 63 days after the application is received by the state engineer. The state engineer may not designate any pond as a fire suppression pond unless the pond existed as of January 1, 1975.

Section 3 also allows the state engineer to impose reasonable requirements on a board as a condition of designating a pond as a fire suppression pond and requires a board and a fire protection district to inspect a fire suppression pond at least annually.

The designation of a pond as a fire suppression pond expires 20 years after the date of the designation. Before the expiration, the board and the fire protection district must perform a needs assessment of the pond. If the needs assessment demonstrates that the pond is in compliance with criteria established in the director's rules, the board and fire protection district shall notify the state engineer of such fact, and the state engineer shall redesignate the pond as a fire suppression pond. If the needs assessment demonstrates that the pond is not in compliance with the criteria, the board and fire protection district may either:

- Notify the state engineer that the designation of the pond as a fire suppression pond should be rescinded or allowed to expire; or
- Provide to the state engineer a plan and a timeline for bringing the pond back into compliance with such criteria.

Section 4 states that the designation of fire suppression ponds by the state engineer does not cause material injury to vested water rights.

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2	SECTION 1. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly
3	finds that:
4	(a) Colorado is facing a wildfire crisis;
5	(b) In 2020, Colorado experienced three of the largest wildfires
6	in its history, and in 2021, the Marshall fire broke yet another record,
7	becoming the most destructive fire in Colorado history by burning more
8	than one thousand homes worth five hundred million dollars in total;
9	(c) These four recent and catastrophic wildfires burned more than
10	six hundred thousand acres, causing significant devastation and property
11	loss;
12	(d) The Colorado state forest service and the front range
13	watershed wildfire protection working group have found that
14	high-severity fires can significantly impact water quality and watershed
15	conditions;
16	(e) Recent fires have tended to be much larger and more severe
17	than those in the past, and as such, have severely damaged soils and
18	watersheds, leading to heavy erosion and sediment damage in streams;
19	and
20	(f) Functional watersheds are vital for water quality and healthy
21	ecosystems and to protect water resources from post-fire flood damage.
22	(2) The general assembly also finds that:
23	(a) More resources are needed for wildfire mitigation to reduce
24	fire risk and to keep fires from becoming large and catastrophic;
25	(b) Although Colorado is committed to taking meaningful action
26	to mitigate wildfires, several remote areas in the state lack sufficient

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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1	resources to suppress fires without external support;
2	(c) In emergency situations, rapid action is vital and any delay
3	increases the risk of a fire becoming catastrophic;
4	(d) In the past, the general assembly has recognized the need to
5	use available water resources in a fire event and has authorized the
6	emergency use of wells for firefighting purposes;
7	(e) Using water resources to fight fires in emergencies is in the
8	public interest and may be critical in protecting life, property, and
9	infrastructure;
10	(f) When water is not available in close proximity, firefighters
11	may also rely on nearby ponds to fill fire trucks and suppress fires as
12	quickly as possible;
13	(g) Existing ponds in Colorado have proven to be critical fire
14	suppression resources, particularly in remote areas that are not equipped
15	with other fire suppression resources such as fire hydrants;
16	(h) The state engineer may order ponds to be drained or backfilled
17	if they are found to deplete streams out of priority;
18	(i) Some ponds that are subject to drainage may be critical
19	firefighting resources for remote, high-risk areas of Colorado, and if such
20	ponds are drained, firefighters could be left ill-equipped to respond to and
21	suppress fires;
22	(j) A process is necessary to preserve ponds that are deemed
23	critical for firefighting purposes; and
24	(k) Preserving fire suppression ponds will help:
25	(I) Ensure resources are available to help keep communities safe
26	in the event of structure fires, grassland fires, and other fire emergencies;
27	and

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I	(II) Keep fires from becoming large and thereby protect lives,
2	homes, critical watersheds, water supply assets, infrastructure, and key
3	ecological and wildlife resources.
4	(3) Therefore, the general assembly declares that it is in the public
5	interest to create a process to identify, designate, and preserve critical fire
6	suppression ponds.
7	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 37-82-107 as
8	follows:
9	37-82-107. Fire suppression ponds - legislative declaration -
10	needs assessment - notice of consideration required - restriction on
11	draining of ponds - rules - no water right created - repeal. (1) THE
12	GENERAL ASSEMBLY HEREBY DECLARES THAT FIRE SUPPRESSION PONDS
13	ARE ESSENTIAL FOR THE PROTECTION OF PUBLIC SAFETY AND WELFARE,
14	PROPERTY, AND THE ENVIRONMENT.
15	(2) A BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, IN CONSULTATION WITH
16	ITS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT, MAY APPLY TO THE STATE ENGINEER
17	PURSUANT TO SECTION 37-80-124 FOR THE DESIGNATION OF A POND
18	WITHIN THE BORDERS OF THE COUNTY AS A FIRE SUPPRESSION POND.
19	(3) (a) Before applying for the designation of a pond as a
20	FIRE SUPPRESSION POND, A BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, IN
21	CONSULTATION WITH ITS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT, SHALL:
22	(I) IDENTIFY PONDS IN LOCATIONS WHERE THE OUTBREAK OF A
23	FIRE COULD RESULT IN A MAJOR WILDFIRE DISASTER; AND
24	(II) PERFORM A NEEDS ASSESSMENT OF EACH SUCH POND, WHICH
25	NEEDS ASSESSMENT SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN ONE YEAR AFTER THE
26	BOARD PROVIDES THE NOTICE DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS
27	SECTION.

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1	(b) IN PERFORMING A NEEDS ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO
2	SUBSECTION (3)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION, A BOARD OF COUNTY
3	COMMISSIONERS, IN CONSULTATION WITH ITS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT,
4	SHALL:
5	(I) IDENTIFY THE REFILL MECHANISM OF THE POND, WHETHER BY:
6	(A) GROUNDWATER;
7	(B) DIVERSION ON THE STREAM CHANNEL;
8	(C) DIVERSION OFF THE STREAM CHANNEL; OR
9	(D) WELL; AND
10	(II) APPLY THE CRITERIA ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO RULES
11	PROMULGATED BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE DIVISION OF FIRE PREVENTION
12	AND CONTROL PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (8) OF THIS SECTION.
13	(4) FOR EACH POND THAT IS IDENTIFIED AND UNDER
14	CONSIDERATION AS A POTENTIAL FIRE SUPPRESSION POND PURSUANT TO
15	SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION, A BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
16	SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE OF SUCH FACT TO THE STATE ENGINEER. THE
17	NOTICE MUST INDICATE THE LOCATION AND APPROXIMATE SURFACE AREA
18	OF THE POND.
19	
20	(5) If a pond is located in whole or in part upon private
21	PROPERTY, A BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS SHALL ACQUIRE THE
22	VOLUNTARY WRITTEN APPROVAL OF EACH OWNER OF PRIVATE PROPERTY
23	THAT ABUTS THE POND BEFORE THE BOARD APPLIES TO THE STATE
24	ENGINEER FOR THE DESIGNATION OF THE POND AS A FIRE SUPPRESSION
25	POND.
26	(6) If a board of county commissioners notifies the state
27	ENGINEED DI IDSI IANT TO SURSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION THAT A DOND IS

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1	UNDER CONSIDERATION AS A FIRE SUPPRESSION POND, THE BOARD SHALL
2	NOTIFY THE STATE ENGINEER PROMPTLY IF AND WHEN THE POND IS NO
3	LONGER UNDER SUCH CONSIDERATION.
4	(7) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF LAW TO THE
5	CONTRARY, EXCEPT AS MAY BE REQUIRED TO ADDRESS DAM SAFETY
6	CONCERNS, THE STATE ENGINEER SHALL NOT ORDER ANY POND TO BE
7	DRAINED OR BACKFILLED OR PROCEED WITH ANY EXISTING ORDER TO
8	DRAIN OR BACKFILL A POND:
9	(a) IF THE STATE ENGINEER HAS RECEIVED NOTICE PURSUANT TO
10	SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION THAT THE POND IS UNDER
11	CONSIDERATION BY A BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS FOR
12	DESIGNATION AS A FIRE SUPPRESSION POND, DURING THE PENDENCY OF
13	THAT CONSIDERATION;
14	(b) IF THE STATE ENGINEER HAS DESIGNATED THE POND AS A FIRE
15	SUPPRESSION POND PURSUANT TO SECTION $\underline{37-80-124}$ and the pond is
16	OPERATING IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGNATION; OR
17	(c) (I) On and after the effective date of this section, and
18	UNTIL THE DATE UPON WHICH THE DIRECTOR OF THE DIVISION OF FIRE
19	PREVENTION AND CONTROL PROMULGATES RULES PURSUANT TO
20	SUBSECTION (8) OF THIS SECTION; EXCEPT THAT, DURING SUCH TIME, THE
21	STATE ENGINEER MAY ENFORCE AN ORDER TO DRAIN A <u>POND</u> IF THE STATE
22	ENGINEER FIRST PROVIDES NOTICE OF THE ORDER TO THE BOARD OF
23	COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE POND IS LOCATED
24	AND ALLOWS THE BOARD FOURTEEN DAYS TO RESPOND.
25	(II) This subsection $\underline{(7)(c)}$ is repealed, effective July 1, 2023.
26	(8) (a) On or before May 1, 2023, the director of the
27	DIVISION OF FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL IN THE DEPARTMENT OF

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1	PUBLIC SAFETY, PURSUANT TO THE DIRECTOR'S AUTHORITY UNDER
2	SECTION 24-33.5-1203.5, SHALL PROMULGATE RULES ESTABLISHING
3	CRITERIA FOR BOARDS OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, IN CONSULTATION
4	WITH FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICTS, TO USE TO IDENTIFY AND EVALUATE
5	POTENTIAL FIRE SUPPRESSION PONDS, AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF
6	THIS SECTION. AT A MINIMUM, THE CRITERIA MUST REQUIRE THAT A FIRE
7	SUPPRESSION POND:
8	(I) BE READILY ACCESSIBLE BY A FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT, FIRE
9	DEPARTMENT, OR OTHER FIREFIGHTING ENTITY;
10	(II) BE LOCATED IN THE WILDLAND-URBAN INTERFACE OR
11	ANOTHER LOCATION THAT FACES AN ELEVATED THREAT OF FIRE RISK; AND
12	(III) BE LOCATED IN AN AREA WITHOUT TIMELY OR ADEQUATE
13	ACCESS TO FIRE HYDRANTS OR OTHER WATER SUPPLIES AND WHERE THE
14	POND PROVIDES A NEEDED SUPPLY.
15	
16	(b) Before promulgating the rules described in subsection
17	(8)(a) OF THIS SECTION, THE DIRECTOR OF THE DIVISION OF FIRE
18	PREVENTION AND CONTROL SHALL SOLICIT AND CONSIDER INPUT FROM:
19	(I) THE STATE ENGINEER;
20	(II) LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, INCLUDING COUNTIES;
21	(III) WATER PROVIDERS; AND
22	(IV) FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICTS AND OTHER FIREFIGHTING
23	ENTITIES.
24	(9) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the
25	CONTRARY, A FIRE SUPPRESSION POND AND THE WATER ASSOCIATED WITH
26	IT:
27	(a) ARE NOT CONSIDERED A WATER RIGHT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION

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1	37-92-103 (12);
2	(b) Do not have a priority, as defined in Section 37-92-103
3	(10); AND
4	(c) May not be adjudicated pursuant to section 37-92-302.
5	(10) The Colorado water conservation board or the
6	DIVISION OF FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL IN THE DEPARTMENT OF
7	PUBLIC SAFETY, SUBJECT TO AVAILABLE APPROPRIATIONS, MAY PROVIDE
8	FINANCIAL SUPPORT TO A BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS TO
9	FACILITATE THE BOARD'S ACQUISITION OF AUGMENTATION WATER FOR
10	PONDS THAT SATISFY THE CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY RULES
11	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (8) OF THIS SECTION BUT ARE
12	NOT DESIGNATED AS FIRE SUPPRESSION PONDS.
13	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 37-80-124 as
14	follows:
15	37-80-124. State engineer - designation of fire suppression
16	ponds - conditional requirements - inspections - expiration of
17	designation - database - reviews by water courts. (1) FOR THE
18	PURPOSES OF SECTION 37-82-107, THE STATE ENGINEER SHALL:
19	(a) REVIEW APPLICATIONS RECEIVED FROM BOARDS OF COUNTY
20	COMMISSIONERS CONCERNING THE DESIGNATION OF PONDS AS FIRE
21	SUPPRESSION PONDS; AND
22	(b) AT THE STATE ENGINEER'S DISCRETION, DESIGNATE PONDS AS
23	FIRE SUPPRESSION PONDS.
24	(2) IN CONSIDERING WHETHER TO DESIGNATE A POND AS A FIRE
25	SUPPRESSION POND, THE STATE ENGINEER SHALL CONSIDER WHETHER THE
26	POND SATISFIES THE CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY
27	THE DIVISION OF FIDE DREVENTION AND CONTROL DURSIANT TO SECTION

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1	37-82-107 <u>(8).</u>
2	(3) THE STATE ENGINEER MAY ESTABLISH A STANDARD WRITTEN
3	OR ELECTRONIC FORM FOR BOARDS OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS TO USE TO
4	APPLY FOR THE DESIGNATION OF A POND AS A FIRE SUPPRESSION POND.
5	(4) If a board of county commissioners submits to the
6	STATE ENGINEER AN APPLICATION FOR THE DESIGNATION OF A POND AS A
7	FIRE SUPPRESSION POND PURSUANT TO SECTION 37-82-107, THE
8	APPLICATION IS PRESUMED TO BE APPROVED IF THE STATE ENGINEER DOES
9	NOT RESPOND TO THE APPLICATION WITHIN SIXTY-THREE DAYS AFTER THE
10	APPLICATION IS RECEIVED BY THE STATE ENGINEER.
11	(5) As a condition of designating a pond as a fire
12	SUPPRESSION POND PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE STATE ENGINEER
13	MAY IMPOSE REASONABLE REQUIREMENTS ON A BOARD OF COUNTY
14	COMMISSIONERS, INCLUDING REQUIREMENTS FOR MEASURING AND
15	RECORDING DEVICES.
16	(6) If the state engineer designates a pond as a fire
17	SUPPRESSION POND PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE BOARD OF COUNTY
18	COMMISSIONERS OF THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE POND IS LOCATED AND THE
19	FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SHALL INSPECT THE POND AT LEAST ANNUALLY
20	TO ENSURE THAT:
21	(a) THE POND IS PROPERLY MAINTAINED;
22	(b) Any firefighting infrastructure associated with the
23	POND IS FUNCTIONAL; AND
24	(c) The approximate surface area of the pond has not
25	CHANGED.
26	(7) If the state engineer denies an application for the

DESIGNATION OF A POND AS A FIRE SUPPRESSION POND, THE STATE

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2	COMMISSIONERS THE REASONS FOR THE STATE ENGINEER'S DENIAL AND AN
3	OPPORTUNITY TO DISCUSS THE DENIAL WITH THE STATE ENGINEER.
4	(8) (a) THE DESIGNATION OF A POND AS A FIRE SUPPRESSION POND
5	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION EXPIRES TWENTY YEARS AFTER THE DATE OF
6	THE DESIGNATION.
7	(b) BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF THE DESIGNATION OF A POND AS
8	A FIRE SUPPRESSION POND, THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF THE
9	COUNTY IN WHICH THE POND IS LOCATED AND THE FIRE PROTECTION
10	DISTRICT SHALL PERFORM A NEEDS ASSESSMENT OF THE POND, AS
11	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 37-82-107 (3).
12	(c) IF THE NEEDS ASSESSMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (8)(b) OF
13	THIS SECTION INDICATES THAT THE POND CONTINUES TO SATISFY THE
14	CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO SECTION
15	37-82-107 (8), the board and the fire protection district shall
16	NOTIFY THE STATE ENGINEER OF SUCH FACT, AND THE STATE ENGINEER
17	SHALL REDESIGNATE THE POND AS A FIRE SUPPRESSION POND.
18	(d) If the needs assessment described in subsection (8)(b)
19	OF THIS SECTION INDICATES THAT THE POND NO LONGER SATISFIES THE
20	CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO SECTION
21	37-82-107 (8), THE BOARD AND THE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SHALL
22	EITHER:
23	(I) NOTIFY THE STATE ENGINEER THAT THE DESIGNATION OF THE
24	POND AS A FIRE SUPPRESSION POND SHOULD BE RESCINDED OR ALLOWED
25	TO EXPIRE; OR
26	(II) PROVIDE TO THE STATE ENGINEER A PLAN AND TIMELINE FOR
27	BRINGING THE POND BACK INTO COMPLIANCE WITH THE CRITERIA.

ENGINEER SHALL PROVIDE THE APPLICANT BOARD OF COUNTY

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1	(9) THE STATE ENGINEER SHALL ESTABLISH A DATABASE FOR
2	THE ADMINISTRATION OF PONDS THAT ARE DESIGNATED AS FIRE
3	SUPPRESSION PONDS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
4	(10) $\underline{(a)}$ Notwithstanding any provision of law to the
5	CONTRARY, THE STATE ENGINEER SHALL NOT DESIGNATE ANY POND AS A
6	FIRE SUPPRESSION POND UNLESS:
7	(I) THE POND EXISTED WITH THE SAME OR GREATER SURFACE AREA
8	<u>AS OF JUNE 1, 1972;</u>
9	(II) DECREED STORAGE RIGHTS FOR THE POND ARE LIMITED TO USE
10	WITHIN THE POND AND ONLY LIVESTOCK WATERING, WILDLIFE, OR OTHER
11	NONCONSUMPTIVE USES;
12	(III) THE POND IS NOT INCLUDED AS A STRUCTURE IN A DECREED
13	PLAN FOR AUGMENTATION, AN APPROPRIATIVE RIGHT OF EXCHANGE, OR
14	A STATE-APPROVED SUBSTITUTE WATER SUPPLY PLAN;
15	(IV) THE SURFACE AREA OF THE POND DOES NOT EXCEED SIX
16	ACRES; AND
17	(V) THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS THAT REQUESTED
18	THE DESIGNATION HAS PROVIDED NOTICE OF THE REQUEST TO INTERESTED
19	PARTIES INCLUDED IN THE SUBSTITUTE WATER SUPPLY PLAN NOTIFICATION
20	LIST ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 37-92-308 (6) FOR THE WATER
21	DIVISION IN WHICH THE POND IS LOCATED.
22	(b) The notice described in subsection (10)(a)(V) of this
23	SECTION MUST INCLUDE:
24	(I) THE RESULTS OF THE NEEDS ASSESSMENT CONDUCTED FOR THE
25	POND PURSUANT TO SECTION 37-82-107 (3)(a)(II);
26	(II) A COPY OF THE APPLICATION FOR DESIGNATION OF THE POND
27	AS A FIRE SUPPRESSION POND, WHICH APPLICATION WAS SUBMITTED TO

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1	THE STATE ENGINEER BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS; AND
2	(III) A STATEMENT THAT A HOLDER OF A DECREED WATER RIGHT
3	HAS THIRTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE SUBMISSION OF THE APPLICATION TO
4	PROVIDE EVIDENCE OF MATERIAL INJURY TO THE STATE ENGINEER, AS
5	<u>DESCRIBED IN SECTION 37-92-602 (8)(i).</u>
6	(11) (a) WITHIN THIRTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE STATE ENGINEER
7	DESIGNATES A POND AS A FIRE SUPPRESSION POND, A HOLDER OF A
8	DECREED WATER RIGHT MAY FILE WITH THE WATER CLERK OF THE WATER
9	DIVISION IN WHICH THE FIRE SUPPRESSION POND IS LOCATED A PETITION
10	FOR REVIEW OF THE STATE ENGINEER'S DECISION.
11	(b) Upon receiving a petition described in subsection (11)(a)
12	OF THIS SECTION, A WATER JUDGE SHALL CONDUCT A REVIEW OF THE
13	STATE ENGINEER'S DECISION DE NOVO BASED ON THE ADMINISTRATIVE
14	RECORD.
15	(c) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS SECTION TO THE
16	CONTRARY, A WATER JUDGE MAY NULLIFY THE STATE ENGINEER'S
17	DESIGNATION OF A POND AS A FIRE SUPPRESSION POND IF, AFTER
18	CONSIDERING THE ENTIRE RECORD, INCLUDING ANY EVIDENCE OF
19	MATERIAL INJURY, THE JUDGE FINDS THAT:
20	(I) IN APPLYING FOR SUCH DESIGNATION, THE BOARD OF COUNTY
21	COMMISSIONERS DID NOT DESCRIBE A POND THAT COMPLIES WITH
22	CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE
23	DIVISION OF FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL IN THE DEPARTMENT OF
24	PUBLIC SAFETY PURSUANT TO SECTION 37-82-107 (8); OR
25	(II) THE STATE ENGINEER'S DECISION DID NOT ACCORD WITH THE
26	REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (10) OF THIS SECTION.
2.7	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 37-92-602, amend

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1	(8)(a) and (8)(b) introductory portion; and add (8)(b)(III) and (8)(i) as
2	follows:
3	37-92-602. Exemptions - presumptions - legislative declaration
4	- definitions. (8) (a) The general assembly hereby declares that storm
5	water detention and infiltration facilities, and post-wildland fire facilities,
6	AND FIRE SUPPRESSION PONDS are essential for the protection of public
7	safety and welfare, property, and the environment.
8	(b) For the purposes of AS USED IN this subsection (8):
9	(III) "FIRE SUPPRESSION POND" MEANS A POND WITH WATER THAT
10	MAY BE USED IN A FIRE EMERGENCY, WHICH POND HAS BEEN:
11	(A) IDENTIFIED AS A POTENTIAL FIRE SUPPRESSION POND BY A
12	BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS IN CONSULTATION WITH A FIRE
13	PROTECTION DISTRICT PURSUANT TO SECTION 37-82-107; AND
14	(B) DESIGNATED AS A FIRE SUPPRESSION POND BY THE STATE
15	ENGINEER PURSUANT TO SECTION 37-80-124.
16	(i) If a board of county commissioners applies to the state
17	ENGINEER FOR THE DESIGNATION OF A FIRE SUPPRESSION POND PURSUANT
18	TO SECTION 37-82-107, AND THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 37-80-124
19	(10) AND ANY RULES PROMULGATED BY THE DIVISION OF FIRE PREVENTION
20	AND CONTROL PURSUANT TO SECTION 37-82-107 (8) ARE SATISFIED, THE
21	PROPOSED FIRE SUPPRESSION POND IS PRESUMED TO CAUSE NO MATERIAL
22	INJURY TO THE VESTED WATER RIGHTS OF OTHERS. A HOLDER OF A
23	DECREED WATER RIGHT MAY REBUT THE PRESUMPTION BY PROVIDING
24	EVIDENCE TO THE STATE ENGINEER SUFFICIENT TO SHOW THAT MATERIAL
25	INJURY HAS OCCURRED OR WILL OCCUR TO THE DECREED WATER RIGHT.
26	SECTION 5. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
2.7	takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the

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- 1 ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly; except
- 2 that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V
- 3 of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this
- 4 act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take
- 5 effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
- 6 November 2022 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the
- 7 official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

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