Second Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 18-0770.01 Jerry Barry x4341

HOUSE BILL 18-1261

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Weissman,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

(None),

House Committees

Senate Committees

Judiciary

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING THE "COLORADO ARBITRATION FAIRNESS ACT".

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill applies to certain consumer and employment arbitrations and:

- ! Establishes ethical standards for arbitrators;
- ! Specifies that any party may challenge in court the impartiality of an arbitrator or arbitration services provider;
- ! Requires specified disclosures by arbitrators and arbitration services providers; and
- ! Authorizes injunctive relief against an arbitrator or

arbitration services provider who engages in certain specified acts.

1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 7 to article
3	22 of title 13 as follows:
4	PART 7
5	COLORADO ARBITRATION FAIRNESS ACT
6	13-22-701. Short title. The short title of this part 7 is the
7	"COLORADO ARBITRATION FAIRNESS ACT".
8	13-22-702. Legislative declaration. THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
9	FINDS AND DECLARES THAT IT IS THE POLICY OF THE STATE TO ENSURE
10	THAT PRIVATE ARBITRATION IS FAIR AND IMPARTIAL AND, INSOFAR AS
11	POSSIBLE UNDER FEDERAL LAW, ACCESSIBLE AND AFFORDABLE FOR ALL
12	CONSUMERS AND EMPLOYEES, AND ENACTS THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS
13	TO AMEND COLORADO'S "UNIFORM ARBITRATION ACT", PART 2 OF THIS
14	ARTICLE 22, AS IT APPLIES TO CONSUMERS AND EMPLOYEES.
15	13-22-703. Definitions. As used in this part 7, unless the
16	CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
17	(1) "ADVERSARIAL OR SYMPATHETIC RELATIONSHIP" INCLUDES A
18	SIGNIFICANT PERSONAL OR PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE OR RELATIONSHIP
19	ALIGNED WITH FEWER THAN ALL PARTIES TO THE DISPUTE.
20	(2) "ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER" MEANS ANY COMPANY,
21	ORGANIZATION, ASSOCIATION, AGENCY, BOARD, OR COMMISSION THAT
22	SPONSORS OR ADMINISTERS ARBITRATIONS OR IS INVOLVED IN APPOINTING
23	OR PROVIDING ARBITRATORS; EXCEPT THAT THIS TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE
24	ANY LABOR ORGANIZATION OR OTHER PARTY TO A COLLECTIVE
25	BARGAINING AGREEMENT THAT INITIATES AN ARBITRATION PURSUANT TO

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2	EMPLOYER.
3	(3) "CLIENT" MEANS A PERSON USING THE SERVICES OF A
4	PROFESSIONAL PERSON; EXCEPT THAT A PARTY TO AN ARBITRATION
5	PROCEEDING IS NOT AN ARBITRATOR'S CLIENT.
6	(4) "CONSUMER" MEANS A PERSON WHO:
7	(a) IS AN ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL PURCHASER OR RECIPIENT OF A
8	PARTY'S, A PARTY'S AGENT'S, OR A PARTY'S INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR'S
9	GOODS, SERVICES, OR REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY;
10	(b) Is a successor in interest to an actual purchaser or
11	RECIPIENT WHO PURCHASED THE PARTY'S, PARTY'S AGENT'S, OR PARTY'S
12	INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR'S GOODS, SERVICES, OR REAL OR PERSONAL
13	PROPERTY; OR
14	(c) Alleges damages caused by a party's, party's agent's,
15	OR PARTY'S INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR'S GOODS, SERVICES, PROPERTY,
16	OR ACTION OR INACTION, OTHER THAN DAMAGES SUSTAINED BY A
17	FOR-PROFIT SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP OR FOR-PROFIT BUSINESS ENTITY.
18	(5) "EMPLOYEE" MEANS ANY PERSON EMPLOYED BY ANOTHER AS
19	DEFINED BY STATE LAW. "EMPLOYEE" ALSO MEANS ANY PERSON WHO IS
20	NOT CLASSIFIED BY A BUSINESS AS AN EMPLOYEE BUT WHO CLAIMS TO BE
21	AN EMPLOYEE AND WHOSE CLAIMS AGAINST THE PURPORTED EMPLOYER
22	THAT ARE SUBJECT OR POTENTIALLY SUBJECT TO AN AGREEMENT
23	GOVERNED BY THIS PART 7 RELATE TO THIS ALLEGED MISCLASSIFICATION.
24	(6) "EVIDENT PARTIALITY", AS USED IN THIS PART 7 AND IN
25	SECTION 13-22-223, INCLUDES CIRCUMSTANCES WHEN:
26	(a) AN ARBITRATOR OR ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER FAILS TO
27	SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLY WITH THE DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED

THE TERMS OF AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN A LABOR ORGANIZATION AND AN

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1	BY SECTION 13-22-707; AND
2	(b) A PARTY DISCOVERS EVIDENCE OF THE ARBITRATOR'S
3	POTENTIAL PARTIALITY MORE THAN THIRTY CALENDAR DAYS AFTER
4	SELECTION OF THE ARBITRATOR.
5	(7) "LEGAL ISSUE CONFLICT" MEANS A LEGAL ISSUE THAT LIKELY
6	WILL BE PRESENTED TO THE ARBITRATOR, THE RESOLUTION OF WHICH
7	LEGAL ISSUE BY THE ARBITRATOR LIKELY WOULD BE CONTRARY TO THE
8	INTERESTS OF ONE OR MORE OF:
9	(a) THE ARBITRATOR OR ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER; OR
10	(b) The arbitrator's or the arbitrator's employer's
11	CURRENT CLIENTS OR A CLIENT'S INDUSTRY OR TRADE GROUP.
12	(8) "PECUNIARY INTEREST" OR "FINANCIAL INTEREST" INCLUDES
13	A LEGAL ISSUE CONFLICT.
14	(9) "PERSON" MEANS:
15	(a) An individual, corporation, estate, trust, partnership,
16	LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, UNINCORPORATED ASSOCIATION, OR TWO OR
17	MORE OF SUCH INDIVIDUALS OR ENTITIES HAVING A JOINT OR COMMON
18	INTEREST;
19	(b) ANY OTHER LEGAL OR COMMERCIAL ENTITY; OR
20	(c) AN AGENT, TRUSTEE, REPRESENTATIVE, OR OTHER INDIVIDUAL
21	OR ENTITY ACTING ON BEHALF OF A PERSON.
22	(10) (a) "POTENTIAL PARTIALITY" MEANS THAT, BASED ON THE
23	TOTALITY OF THE FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES, A REASONABLE PERSON
24	WOULD CONCLUDE THAT THE IMPARTIALITY OF AN ARBITRATOR OR
25	ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER MAY BE COMPROMISED OR IMPROPERLY
26	OR UNDULY INFLUENCED IF HE OR SHE IS ASKED TO DECIDE ONE OR MORE
27	MATTERS SUBJECT TO THE ARBITRATION DUE TO AN ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL

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1	CONFLICT OF INTEREST, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, A PECUNIARY
2	INTEREST, A BUSINESS RELATIONSHIP, A FAMILIAL RELATIONSHIP, AN
3	ADVERSARIAL OR SYMPATHETIC RELATIONSHIP, OR A LEGAL ISSUE
4	CONFLICT ON THE PART OF THE ARBITRATOR OR ARBITRATION SERVICES
5	PROVIDER.
6	(b) "POTENTIAL PARTIALITY" ALSO EXISTS IF A JUDICIAL OFFICER'S
7	SIMILAR INTEREST IN THE OUTCOME OF A DISPUTE BEFORE THAT OFFICER
8	WOULD DISQUALIFY HIM OR HER UNDER THE COLORADO CODE OF JUDICIAL
9	CONDUCT FROM PRESIDING OVER A PROCEEDING OR WOULD DISQUALIFY
10	AN ATTORNEY UNDER THE COLORADO RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT
11	FROM REPRESENTING A CLIENT. ADDITIONALLY, AN ARBITRATOR'S OR
12	ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER'S FAILURE TO MAKE ANY OF THE
13	DISCLOSURES REQUIRED IN SECTION 13-22-707 OR STANDARDS DESCRIBED
14	IN SECTION 13-22-705 OR THE ARBITRATOR'S OR ARBITRATION SERVICES
15	PROVIDER'S BREACH OF ANY OF THE REQUIREMENTS IN THIS PART 7
16	CONSTITUTES POTENTIAL PARTIALITY.
17	13-22-704. Application. (1) This part 7 applies to all
18	ARBITRATIONS REQUIRED BY A PREDISPUTE ARBITRATION AGREEMENT IN
19	WHICH A CONSUMER OR EMPLOYEE ASSERTS A CLAIM OR COUNTERCLAIM,
20	EXCEPT FOR ARBITRATIONS CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO A COLLECTIVE
21	BARGAINING AGREEMENT. THIS PART 7 DOES NOT APPLY TO ARBITRATIONS
22	CONDUCTED OR ADMINISTERED BY A SELF-REGULATORY ORGANIZATION,
23	AS DEFINED BY THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", 15
24	U.S.C. SEC. 78a, OR REGULATIONS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO THAT ACT.
25	(2) EXCEPT WHEN THEY CONFLICT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS
26	PART 7, THE PROVISIONS OF THE "UNIFORM ARBITRATION ACT", PART 2 OF
27	THIS ARTICLE 22, APPLY TO CONSUMER AND EMPLOYMENT ARBITRATIONS.

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1	13-22-705. Ethical standards for arbitrators. (1) Bias,
2	prejudice, and harassment. (a) AN ARBITRATOR SHALL PERFORM HIS OR
3	HER DUTIES, INCLUDING ADMINISTRATIVE DUTIES, WITHOUT BIAS OR
4	PREJUDICE.
5	(b) AN ARBITRATOR SHALL NOT, IN THE PERFORMANCE OF HIS OR
6	HER DUTIES, BY WORDS OR CONDUCT, MANIFEST BIAS OR PREJUDICE, OR
7	ENGAGE IN HARASSMENT, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO BIAS,
8	PREJUDICE, OR HARASSMENT BASED UPON RACE, SEX, GENDER, RELIGION,
9	NATIONAL ORIGIN, ETHNICITY, DISABILITY, AGE, SEXUAL ORIENTATION,
10	MARITAL STATUS, SOCIOECONOMIC STATUS, OR POLITICAL AFFILIATION,
11	AND SHALL NOT DIRECT OTHERS SUBJECT TO THE ARBITRATOR'S DIRECTION
12	AND CONTROL TO DO SO.
13	(c) AN ARBITRATOR SHALL REQUIRE ATTORNEYS IN PROCEEDINGS
14	TO REFRAIN FROM MANIFESTING BIAS OR PREJUDICE OR ENGAGING IN
15	HARASSMENT BASED UPON ATTRIBUTES INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO
16	RACE, SEX, GENDER, RELIGION, NATIONAL ORIGIN, ETHNICITY, DISABILITY,
17	AGE, SEXUAL ORIENTATION, MARITAL STATUS, SOCIOECONOMIC STATUS,
18	OR POLITICAL AFFILIATION, AGAINST PARTIES, WITNESSES, ATTORNEYS, OR
19	OTHERS.
20	(d) The restrictions of subsections $(1)(b)$ and $(1)(c)$ of this
21	SECTION DO NOT PRECLUDE ARBITRATORS OR ATTORNEYS FROM MAKING
22	LEGITIMATE REFERENCE TO THE LISTED FACTORS OR SIMILAR FACTORS
23	WHEN THEY ARE RELEVANT TO AN ISSUE IN A PROCEEDING.
24	(2) External influences on arbitrator conduct. (a) AN
25	ARBITRATOR SHALL NOT BE SWAYED BY PUBLIC CLAMOR OR FEAR OF
26	CRITICISM.
27	(b) An arbitrator shall not permit family, social,

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2	INFLUENCE THE ARBITRATOR'S CONDUCT OR JUDGMENT.
3	(c) AN ARBITRATOR SHALL NOT CONVEY OR PERMIT OTHERS TO
4	CONVEY THE IMPRESSION THAT ANY PERSON OR ORGANIZATION IS IN A
5	POSITION TO INFLUENCE THE ARBITRATOR.
6	(3) Disqualification. (a) An arbitrator shall disqualify
7	HIMSELF OR HERSELF IN ANY PROCEEDING IN WHICH THE ARBITRATOR'S
8	IMPARTIALITY MIGHT REASONABLY BE QUESTIONED, INCLUDING BUT NOT
9	LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING CIRCUMSTANCES:
10	(I) The arbitrator has a personal bias or prejudice
11	CONCERNING A PARTY OR A PARTY'S ATTORNEY, OR PERSONAL
12	KNOWLEDGE OF FACTS THAT ARE IN DISPUTE IN THE PROCEEDING;
13	(II) THE ARBITRATOR KNOWS THAT THE ARBITRATOR, THE
14	ARBITRATOR'S SPOUSE, DOMESTIC PARTNER, OR CIVIL UNION PARTNER, OR
15	A PERSON WITHIN THE THIRD DEGREE OF RELATIONSHIP TO EITHER OF
16	THEM, OR THE SPOUSE, DOMESTIC PARTNER, OR CIVIL UNION PARTNER OF
17	SUCH A PERSON, IS:
18	(A) A PARTY TO THE PROCEEDING, OR AN OFFICER, DIRECTOR,
19	GENERAL PARTNER, MANAGING MEMBER, OR TRUSTEE OF A PARTY;
20	(B) ACTING AS AN ATTORNEY IN THE PROCEEDING;
21	(C) A PERSON WHO HAS MORE THAN A DE MINIMIS INTEREST THAT
22	COULD BE SUBSTANTIALLY AFFECTED BY THE PROCEEDING; OR
23	(D) LIKELY TO BE A MATERIAL WITNESS IN THE PROCEEDING;
24	(III) THE ARBITRATOR KNOWS THAT HE OR SHE, INDIVIDUALLY OR
25	AS A FIDUCIARY, OR THE ARBITRATOR'S SPOUSE, DOMESTIC PARTNER, CIVIL
26	UNION PARTNER, PARENT, CHILD, OR OTHER MEMBER OF THE
27	ARBITRATOR'S FAMILY RESIDING IN THE ARBITRATOR'S HOUSEHOLD, HAS

POLITICAL, FINANCIAL, OR OTHER INTERESTS OR RELATIONSHIPS TO

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1	AN ECONOMIC INTEREST IN THE SUBJECT MATTER IN CONTROVERSY OR IN
2	A PARTY TO THE PROCEEDING;
3	(IV) THE ARBITRATOR, WHILE AN ARBITRATOR, HAS MADE A
4	PUBLIC STATEMENT, OTHER THAN IN AN ARBITRATION PROCEEDING,
5	DECISION, OR OPINION, THAT COMMITS OR APPEARS TO COMMIT THE
6	ARBITRATOR TO REACH A PARTICULAR RESULT OR RULE IN A PARTICULAR
7	WAY IN THE PROCEEDING OR CONTROVERSY; OR
8	(V) THE ARBITRATOR:
9	(A) SERVED AS AN ATTORNEY IN THE MATTER IN CONTROVERSY,
10	OR WAS ASSOCIATED WITH AN ATTORNEY WHO PARTICIPATED
11	SUBSTANTIALLY AS AN ATTORNEY IN THE MATTER DURING SUCH
12	ASSOCIATION;
13	(B) SERVED IN GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYMENT, AND IN SUCH
14	CAPACITY PARTICIPATED PERSONALLY AND SUBSTANTIALLY AS AN
15	ATTORNEY OR PUBLIC OFFICIAL CONCERNING THE PROCEEDING, OR HAS
16	PUBLICLY EXPRESSED IN SUCH CAPACITY AN OPINION CONCERNING THE
17	MERITS OF THE PARTICULAR MATTER IN CONTROVERSY;
18	(C) WAS A MATERIAL WITNESS CONCERNING THE MATTER; OR
19	(D) PREVIOUSLY PRESIDED AS AN ARBITRATOR OVER THE MATTER
20	IN ANOTHER RELATED PROCEEDING.
21	(b) AN ARBITRATOR SHALL KEEP INFORMED ABOUT THE
22	ARBITRATOR'S PERSONAL AND FIDUCIARY ECONOMIC INTERESTS, AND
23	MAKE A REASONABLE EFFORT TO KEEP INFORMED ABOUT THE PERSONAL
24	ECONOMIC INTERESTS OF THE ARBITRATOR'S SPOUSE, DOMESTIC PARTNER,
25	CIVIL UNION PARTNER, AND MINOR CHILDREN RESIDING IN THE
26	ARBITRATOR'S HOUSEHOLD.
27	(c) AN APRITATOR SHALL NOT APRITATE A DISDLITE IF THE

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1	ARBITRATION INVOLVES A CONCURRENT CONFLICT OF INTEREST. A
2	CONCURRENT CONFLICT OF INTEREST EXISTS IF:
3	(I) THE MATTERS TO BE DECIDED IN THE ARBITRATION MAY BE
4	DIRECTLY ADVERSE TO THE ARBITRATOR'S NONARBITRATION BUSINESS OR
5	CLIENT; OR
6	(II) THERE IS A SIGNIFICANT RISK THAT THE ARBITRATOR'S ABILITY
7	TO PRESIDE OVER THE ARBITRATION WILL BE MATERIALLY LIMITED BY THE
8	ARBITRATOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES TO A CLIENT, A FORMER CLIENT, AN
9	INDUSTRY OR TRADE GROUP, OR A THIRD PERSON OR BY A PERSONAL
10	INTEREST OF THE ARBITRATOR.
11	(d) AN ARBITRATOR SUBJECT TO DISQUALIFICATION MAY DISCLOSE
12	THE BASIS OF THE ARBITRATOR'S DISQUALIFICATION AND MAY ASK THE
13	PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS TO CONSIDER, OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF
14	THE ARBITRATOR, WHETHER TO WAIVE DISQUALIFICATION. IF, FOLLOWING
15	THE DISCLOSURE, THE PARTIES AND ATTORNEYS AGREE IN WRITING,
16	WITHOUT PARTICIPATION BY THE ARBITRATOR, THAT THE ARBITRATOR
17	SHOULD NOT BE DISQUALIFIED, THE ARBITRATOR MAY PARTICIPATE IN THE
18	PROCEEDING.
19	(4) Violation. A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTIONS (1) TO (3) OF THIS
20	SECTION CONSTITUTES EVIDENT PARTIALITY.
21	13-22-706. Conflicts of interest, bias, or prejudice as grounds
22	for disqualification. (1) IN ANY MATTER SUBJECT TO ARBITRATION, ANY
23	PARTY MAY CHALLENGE IN COURT, PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-22-205, THE
24	IMPARTIALITY OF THE ARBITRATOR OR ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER.
25	THE PARTY MUST CHALLENGE THE POTENTIAL PARTIALITY OF THE
26	ARBITRATOR OR ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER NOT LATER THAN
27	THIRTY CALENDAR DAYS AFTER THE ARBITRATOR'S AND ARBITRATOR

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1	SERVICES PROVIDER'S DISCLOSURES ARE DUE PURSUANT TO SECTION
2	13-22-707 (1)(b).
3	(2) UPON ESTABLISHING BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE
4	POTENTIAL OR EVIDENT PARTIALITY OF THE ARBITRATOR, THE COURT
5	SHALL DISQUALIFY THE ARBITRATOR FROM SERVING AS AN ARBITRATOR
6	IN THE ARBITRATION AND SHALL APPOINT AN ARBITRATOR PURSUANT TO
7	SECTION 13-22-211 (1).
8	(3) UPON ESTABLISHING BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE
9	POTENTIAL OR EVIDENT PARTIALITY OF THE ARBITRATION SERVICES
10	PROVIDER, THE COURT SHALL DISQUALIFY THE ARBITRATION SERVICES
11	PROVIDER FROM ADMINISTERING THE ARBITRATION AND SHALL APPOINT
12	AN ARBITRATOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-22-211 (1).
13	13-22-707. Required disclosures - arbitration conflicts
14	checklist. (1) (a) (I) BEFORE AN ARBITRATOR OR ARBITRATION SERVICES
15	PROVIDER MUST MAKE ANY OF THE DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY THIS PART
16	7, THE PARTIES TO THE ARBITRATION SHALL EACH DISCLOSE AN
17	ARBITRATION CONFLICTS CHECKLIST. THE ARBITRATION CONFLICTS
18	CHECKLIST MUST DESCRIBE AND DISCLOSE IN GOOD FAITH, TO THE EXTENT
19	SUCH INFORMATION IS KNOWN OR REASONABLY AVAILABLE TO THE PARTY:
20	(A) THE MATERIAL, FACTUAL, AND LEGAL ISSUES THEY CONTEND
21	ARE DISPUTED AND TO BE RESOLVED IN THE ARBITRATION;
22	(B) THE IDENTITIES OF THE PARTIES TO THE ARBITRATION,
23	INCLUDING A DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS OR OCCUPATION OF THE
24	PARTIES TO THE ARBITRATION;
25	(C) THE PARTIES' AGENTS, REPRESENTATIVES, EMPLOYEES, OR
26	INDEPENDENT CONTRACTORS, TO THE EXTENT SUCH AGENT,
27	REPRESENTATIVE, EMPLOYEE, OR INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR HAS

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1	KNOWLEDGE RELEVANT TO THE CLAIMS OR DEFENSES OF ANY PARTY;
2	(D) THE PARTIES' COUNSEL;
3	(E) ANY LIABILITY INSURERS OR OTHER INSURERS THAT MAY
4	PROVIDE COVERAGE FOR AN AWARD; AND
5	(F) SUCH OTHER MATTERS AS THE PARTIES BELIEVE IN GOOD FAITH
6	OF WHICH A PROSPECTIVE ARBITRATOR SHOULD REASONABLY BE MADE
7	AWARE IN ORDER FOR THAT ARBITRATOR TO EVALUATE WHETHER HE OR
8	SHE HAS POTENTIAL PARTIALITY.
9	(II) THE PARTY DEMANDING ARBITRATION OR THE PARTY THAT
10	FILED THE LAWSUIT GIVING RISE TO THE ARBITRATION SHALL SUBMIT THE
11	ARBITRATION CONFLICTS CHECKLIST, AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
12	(1)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION, TO ALL PARTIES TO THE ARBITRATION, ANY
13	ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER INVOLVED IN THE ARBITRATION, AND
14	ANY KNOWN POTENTIAL ARBITRATORS WITHIN SEVEN CALENDAR DAYS
15	AFTER THE FILING OF AN ARBITRATION DEMAND OR A COURT ORDER
16	COMPELLING ARBITRATION.
17	(III) WITHIN SEVEN CALENDAR DAYS AFTER RECEIVING AN
18	ARBITRATION CONFLICTS CHECKLIST FROM THE PARTY THAT DEMANDED
19	ARBITRATION OR FILED THE LAWSUIT GIVING RISE TO THE ARBITRATION,
20	ALL OTHER PARTIES TO THE ARBITRATION SHALL SUBMIT AN ARBITRATION
21	CONFLICTS CHECKLIST TO ALL OTHER PARTIES TO THE ARBITRATION, ANY
22	ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER INVOLVED IN THE ARBITRATION, AND
23	ANY KNOWN PROSPECTIVE ARBITRATORS.
24	(IV) A PARTY TO AN ARBITRATION SHALL AMEND HIS OR HER
25	ARBITRATION CONFLICTS CHECKLIST BEFORE ALL ARBITRATORS ARE
26	SELECTED AND HAVE AGREED TO SERVE AS ARBITRATORS IF THE PARTY
27	LEARNS THAT THE INFORMATION IS INCOMPLETE OR INCORRECT IN SOME

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1	MATERIAL RESPECT. OTHER PARTIES, THE ARBITRATOR, AND THE
2	ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER SHALL SUPPLEMENT THEIR CHECKLIST
3	OR DISCLOSURES WITHIN SEVEN CALENDAR DAYS AFTER RECEIVING AN
4	AMENDMENT OR SUPPLEMENT IF THE NEW INFORMATION WOULD HAVE
5	REQUIRED SUCH DISCLOSURE IF INCLUDED IN AN INITIAL CHECKLIST.
6	(V) A PARTY TO AN ARBITRATION SHALL NOT ASSERT AS A BASIS
7	TO DISQUALIFY AN ARBITRATOR OR ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER OR
8	TO VACATE AN ARBITRATION AWARD ANY APPEARANCE OF POTENTIAL
9	PARTIALITY THAT REASONABLY SHOULD HAVE BEEN IDENTIFIED AND
10	DISCLOSED BY AN ARBITRATOR BUT FOR THE FAILURE OF THAT PARTY TO
11	TIMELY DISCLOSE INFORMATION IN THAT PARTY'S ARBITRATION CONFLICTS
12	CHECKLIST.
13	(VI) THE DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS IN THIS SECTION DO NOT
14	REQUIRE THE DISCLOSURE OF ANY INFORMATION SUBJECT TO THE
15	ATTORNEY-CLIENT PRIVILEGE OR OTHER PROTECTION FROM DISCLOSURE.
16	NOTWITHSTANDING SUCH PROTECTION, WHEN INFORMATION SUBJECT TO
17	THE DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS IN THIS SECTION IS PROTECTED FROM
18	DISCLOSURE, THE FACT THAT SUCH INFORMATION EXISTS MUST BE
19	DISCLOSED. THE GENERAL NATURE OF THE INFORMATION, DESCRIBED IN
20	A SUFFICIENT MANNER TO ALLOW THE PARTIES TO EVALUATE THE
21	POTENTIAL CONFLICT, MUST ALSO BE DISCLOSED.
22	(b) Before the appointment or selection of any
23	ARBITRATORS, AN ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER SHALL DISCLOSE IN
24	WRITING TO THE PARTIES SUBJECT TO THE ARBITRATION THE FOLLOWING:
25	(I) ANY PAST, PRESENT, OR CURRENTLY EXPECTED FINANCIAL OR
26	PROFESSIONAL RELATIONSHIP OR AFFILIATION BETWEEN THE ARBITRATION
27	SERVICES PROVIDER AND A PARTY OR ATTORNEYS IN THE ARBITRATION,

SERVICES PROVIDER AND A PARTY OR ATTORNEYS IN THE ARBITRATION,

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1	INCLUDING:
2	(A) ANY FINANCIAL INTEREST THAT THE ARBITRATION SERVICES
3	PROVIDER HAS IN ANY OF THE PARTIES TO THE ARBITRATION OR THEIR
4	ATTORNEYS;
5	(B) ANY FINANCIAL INTEREST THAT ANY OF THE PARTIES TO THE
6	ARBITRATION OR THEIR ATTORNEYS HAVE IN THE ARBITRATION SERVICES
7	PROVIDER; AND
8	(C) EXCEPT FOR PAYMENT FOR ARBITRATION SERVICES, WHETHER
9	THE ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER HAS RECEIVED A GIFT, BEQUEST, OR
10	OTHER THING OF VALUE FROM A PARTY, AN ATTORNEY IN THE
11	ARBITRATION, A LAW FIRM WITH WHICH AN ATTORNEY IN THE
12	ARBITRATION IS CURRENTLY ASSOCIATED, OR ANY PARTIES' LIABILITY
13	INSURERS;
14	(II) ANY AGREEMENTS THE ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER HAS
15	WITH ANY OF THE PARTIES TO THE ARBITRATION, THEIR COUNSEL, AND
16	THEIR LIABILITY INSURERS AND THEIR ATTORNEYS, INCLUDING, WITHOUT
17	LIMITATION, ANY DISCOUNT, COMPENSATION, OR REFERRAL
18	ARRANGEMENTS MADE AVAILABLE TO ANY OF THE PARTIES TO THE
19	ARBITRATION AND ARRANGEMENTS REGARDING HOW, WHERE, OR WHEN
20	THE ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER WILL ADMINISTER DISPUTES
21	BETWEEN THE PARTIES TO THE ARBITRATION; AND
22	(III) ANY SOLICITATION MADE TO A PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR A
23	PARTY TO THE ARBITRATION, INCLUDING PRIVATE PRESENTATIONS MADE
24	TO A PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR A PARTY BY THE ARBITRATION SERVICES
25	PROVIDER, OR ORAL OR WRITTEN DISCUSSIONS, MEETINGS, OR
26	NEGOTIATIONS TO DESIGNATE THE ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER AS
27	THE ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER FOR A PARTY. SOLICITATIONS DO

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1	NOT INCLUDE ADVERTISEMENTS TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.
2	(c) PRIOR TO THE SELECTION OF AN ARBITRATOR, BUT AFTER ALI
3	PARTIES TO THE ARBITRATION HAVE DELIVERED THEIR ARBITRATION
4	CONFLICTS CHECKLISTS OR RESPONSIVE ARBITRATION CONFLICTS
5	CHECKLISTS TO THE ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER, AND THE
6	ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER HAS PROVIDED SUCH ARBITRATION
7	CONFLICTS CHECKLISTS TO THE PROSPECTIVE ARBITRATOR, THE
8	ARBITRATOR MUST DISCLOSE:
9	(I) THE USUAL OCCUPATION OR BUSINESS OF THE ARBITRATOR;
10	(II) IF THE ARBITRATOR IS A PRACTICING ATTORNEY, THE GENERAL
11	NATURE OF THE PRACTICE AND TYPES OF CLIENTS SERVED BY THAT
12	ATTORNEY;
13	(III) ANY BUSINESS, PECUNIARY, SOCIAL, FAMILIAL, LEGAL, OR
14	OTHER SIGNIFICANT RELATIONSHIP THE ARBITRATOR HAS WITH ANY OF THE
15	PERSONS SUBJECT TO THE ARBITRATION, THEIR COUNSEL, AND THEIR
16	LIABILITY INSURERS OR OTHER INSURERS DISCLOSED BY THE PARTIES THAT
17	MAY PROVIDE COVERAGE FOR THE AWARD;
18	(IV) ANY PECUNIARY OR FINANCIAL INTEREST THE ARBITRATOR
19	MAY HAVE RELATING TO THE ISSUES IN THE ARBITRATION OR THE
20	OUTCOME OF THE ARBITRATION;
21	(V) ANY CIRCUMSTANCES THAT MIGHT REASONABLY GIVE THE
22	APPEARANCE OF POTENTIAL PARTIALITY ON THE PART OF THE ARBITRATOR
23	IN LIGHT OF THE MATTERS DISCLOSED IN THE ARBITRATION CONFLICTS
24	CHECKLISTS OR RESPONSIVE ARBITRATION CONFLICTS CHECKLISTS; AND
25	(VI) A LIST OF ALL OF THE ARBITRATIONS THAT THE ARBITRATOR
26	HAS PARTICIPATED IN AS AN ARBITRATOR DURING THE PRIOR FIVE YEARS
27	AND, TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT POSSIBLE IN CONSIDERATION OF

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1	REASONABLE PRIVACY CONCERNS AND ENFORCEABLE CONFIDENTIALITY
2	AGREEMENTS, THE NAMES OF THE PARTIES TO THOSE ARBITRATIONS AND
3	THEIR ATTORNEYS, ALONG WITH COPIES OF THE DECISIONS AND AWARDS
4	RENDERED.
5	(d) THE DISCLOSURES BY THE ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER
6	AND ANY POTENTIAL ARBITRATORS THAT THIS SECTION REQUIRES MUST BE
7	MADE NO LATER THAN TWENTY-ONE CALENDAR DAYS AFTER THE
8	ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER OR POTENTIAL ARBITRATOR RECEIVES
9	THE RESPONSIVE ARBITRATION CONFLICTS CHECKLIST.
10	(e) ALL ARBITRATORS AND ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDERS
11	HAVE A CONTINUING DUTY TO PROMPTLY SUPPLEMENT THEIR DISCLOSURE
12	THROUGH THE DATE THAT THEY RENDER THEIR DECISION OR AWARD OR
13	THAT THE ARBITRATION HAS TERMINATED, WHICHEVER OCCURS SOONER.
14	13-22-708. Injunctive relief available against arbitration
15	services providers. (1) ANY PARTY TO AN ARBITRATION IS ENTITLED TO
16	APPROPRIATE INJUNCTIVE RELIEF IN COURT AGAINST ANY ARBITRATOR OR
17	ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER WHO ENGAGES IN ANY OF THE
18	FOLLOWING ACTS:
19	(a) ADMINISTERING OR CONDUCTING AN ARBITRATION FOR WHICH
20	THE ARBITRATOR OR ARBITRATION SERVICES PROVIDER HAS POTENTIAL OR
21	EVIDENT PARTIALITY;
22	(b) APPOINTING AN ARBITRATOR WHO HAS POTENTIAL OR EVIDENT
23	PARTIALITY; OR
24	(c) FAILING TO SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS
25	OF THIS PART 7.
26	13-22-709. Waiver - severability. (1) NO RIGHT CONFERRED BY
27	THIS PART 7 MAY BE WAIVED BEFORE THE DISPUTE SUBJECT TO

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1	ARBITRATION HAS ARISEN, AND ANY SUCH WAIVER IS ONLY EFFECTIVE IF
2	MADE IN A WRITING SIGNED BY THE PARTIES TO THE ARBITRATION.
3	(2) EVERY PROVISION OF THIS PART 7 AND EACH OF ITS SECTIONS
4	AND SUBSECTIONS IS SEVERABLE.
5	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-22-204, amend
6	(3)(a) as follows:
7	13-22-204. Effect of agreement to arbitrate - nonwaivable
8	provisions. (3) (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this
9	subsection (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION, a party to an
10	agreement to arbitrate or arbitration proceeding may not waive, or the
11	parties may not vary the effect of, the requirements of this section or
12	section 13-22-203 (1), 13-22-207, 13-22-214, 13-22-218, 13-22-220 (4)
13	or (5), 13-22-222, 13-22-223, 13-22-224, 13-22-225 (1) or (2), or
14	13-22-229, OR PART 7 OF THIS ARTICLE 22.
15	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-22-212, add (7)
16	as follows:
17	13-22-212. Disclosure by arbitrators. (7) EXCEPT FOR THE
18	CONTINUING OBLIGATIONS IMPOSED BY SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION,
19	This section does not apply to arbitrations covered by part $7\mathrm{of}$
20	THIS ARTICLE 22.
21	SECTION 4. Effective date - applicability. This act takes effect
22	upon passage and applies to arbitrations conducted pursuant to arbitration
23	demands filed and orders to compel arbitration entered on or after said
24	date.
25	SECTION 5. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
26	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
27	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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