Second Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 18-0941.01 Michael Dohr x4347

HOUSE BILL 18-1409

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Lee and Herod,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Lundberg and Fields, Priola

House Committees

Senate Committees

Judiciary

A BILL FOR AN ACT CONCERNING THE CREATION OF THE COMMUNITY CRIME SURVIVORS GRANT PROGRAM, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, PAYING FOR THE GRANT PROGRAM BY CREATING A PRESUMPTION IN FAVOR OF GRANTING PAROLE TO NONVIOLENT OFFENDERS.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill creates the community crime survivors grant program (grant program) in the department of public health and environment (department) to provide funding to eligible entities that provide support

services to crime survivors and other interventions that are intended to reduce repeat victimization. The department shall administer the grant program in accordance with policies developed by the executive director of the department. The grant program is repealed, effective September 1, 2023. Before such repeal, the department of regulatory agencies shall perform a sunset review of the grant program.

The bill creates a presumption in favor of granting parole to a nonviolent offender who has reached his or her parole eligibility date and who is not disqualified from such presumption by any of several described conditions. The presumption may be overcome and an otherwise eligible inmate's parole may be denied only if, after consideration of the statutory release guidelines, a majority of the members of the state board of parole (board) find that an inmate presents a substantial risk to reoffend.

If the board finds an inmate's parole plan inadequate, it may delay the parole release decision and require the department of corrections to submit within 30 days a revised parole plan developed in conjunction with the inmate.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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SECTION 1. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly finds and declares that:

- (a) Victimization, particularly from violent crime, is a recognized public health problem. Unfortunately, victimization is rarely an isolated experience, and people who have been victimized in the past have a higher risk for future victimization.
- (b) The impacts of victimization can extend significantly beyond the immediate impact of the crime and have long-term negative effects on a victim's physical and mental well-being, personal relationships, productivity, earning potential, and life expectancy;
- (c) Currently, most victim services are offered by or funded by criminal justice agencies. Although this model has many benefits, it also has limitations that can limit victims' access to services, particularly over the long term.

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1	(d) These limitations result in significant gaps in support for crime			
2	survivors, particularly those survivors who have been historically			
3	underserved, including people of color, men, and young adults; and			
4	(e) A community-based, public-health approach can broaden the			
5	reach of victim services, particularly in the area of prevention of repea			
6	victimization.			
7	(2) Now, therefore, the general assembly declares that:			
8	(a) The purpose of this act is to create a five-year pilot program			
9	to expand community-based support services for victims and other			
10	interventions aimed at reducing repeat victimization;			
11	(b) The model devised in this legislation is based on the successful			
12	grant program enacted in House Bill 14-1355 to provide			
13	community-based reentry services for people leaving prison;			
14	(c) In 2018, the department of regulatory affairs submitted its			
15	sunset review report and recommended reauthorization of the House Bill			
16	14-1355 grant program. The reauthorization is being considered by the			
17	general assembly as House Bill 18-1176.			
18	(d) Justice reinvestment is a legislative strategy that reinvests			
19	savings from criminal justice reforms into strategies that effectively			
20	advance community health and safety. Justice reinvestment has been			
21	utilized in many states across the country, including Colorado.			
22	(e) It is appropriate to implement parole reforms and to reinvest			
23	savings from the reforms to fund the community crime survivors grant			
24	program created in this act.			
25	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 8 to article			
26	20.5 of title 25 as follows:			
27	PART 8			

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1	COMMUNITY CRIME SURVIVORS GRANT PROGRAM				
2	25-20.5-801. Community crime survivors grant program -				
3	created. (1) Subject to available appropriations, on and after				
4	July 1, 2018, the department shall develop and implement the				
5	COMMUNITY CRIME SURVIVORS GRANT PROGRAM, REFERRED TO IN THIS				
6	PART 8 AS THE "GRANT PROGRAM", TO PROVIDE FUNDING TO ELIGIBLE				
7	ENTITIES THAT PROVIDE SUPPORT SERVICES TO CRIME SURVIVORS AND				
8	OTHER INTERVENTIONS THAT ARE INTENDED TO REDUCE REPEAT				
9	VICTIMIZATION. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ADMINISTER THE GRANT				
10	PROGRAM IN ACCORDANCE WITH POLICIES DEVELOPED BY THE EXECUTIVE				
11	DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS				
12	SECTION.				
13	(2) On or before July 1, 2018, the executive director of the				
14	DEPARTMENT SHALL DEVELOP POLICIES FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE				
15	GRANT PROGRAM, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING:				
16	(a) A COMPETITIVE PROCESS FOR THE SELECTION OF A				
17	THIRD-PARTY GRANT ADMINISTRATOR; AND				
18	(b) THE CONTENT AND TIMING OF STATUS REPORTS PROVIDED BY				
19	THE THIRD-PARTY GRANT ADMINISTRATOR TO THE DEPARTMENT.				
20	(3) THE THIRD-PARTY GRANT ADMINISTRATOR MUST BE SELECTED				
21	ON OR BEFORE SEPTEMBER 2, 2018, AND THE CONTRACT BETWEEN THE				
22	DEPARTMENT AND THE THIRD-PARTY GRANT ADMINISTRATOR MUST BE				
23	FINALIZED ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2019. THE THIRD-PARTY GRANT				
24	ADMINISTRATOR MUST:				
25	(a) BE A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION IN GOOD STANDING WITH THE				
26	SECRETARY OF STATE'S OFFICE;				
27	(h) HAVE EVDEDIENCE AS A THIRD-DARTY ADMINISTRATOR FOR A				

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1	STATE, MULTISTATE, OR FEDERAL GRANT PROGRAM;				
2	(c) BE CAPABLE OF PROVIDING A UNIFIED CASE MANAGEMENT,				
3	FINANCIAL, AND DATA COLLECTION SYSTEM RELATED TO SERVICES AND				
4	PAYMENTS RECEIVED UNDER THE GRANT PROGRAM;				
5	(d) BE CAPABLE OF PROVIDING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND OTHER				
6	ORGANIZATIONAL DEVELOPMENT TO GRANTEES TO IMPROVE DELIVERY OF				
7	SERVICES, FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT, OR DATA COLLECTION; AND				
8	(e) HAVE EXPERIENCE AND COMPETENCY IN WORKING IN				
9	UNDERSERVED COMMUNITIES, PARTICULARLY COMMUNITIES OF COLOR.				
10	(4) IN AWARDING GRANTS FROM THE GRANT PROGRAM EACH				
11	FISCAL YEAR, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL RELEASE AS MUCH AS				
12	ONE-QUARTER OF THE AMOUNT ANNUALLY APPROPRIATED TO THE GRANT				
13	PROGRAM TO THE THIRD-PARTY GRANT ADMINISTRATOR AT THE TIME THE				
14	INITIAL CONTRACT IS EXECUTED AND AT THE BEGINNING OF EACH FISCAL				
15	YEAR.				
16	(5) On or before January 15, 2019, the third-party grant				
17	ADMINISTRATOR SHALL DEVELOP THE FOLLOWING, SUBJECT TO APPROVAL				
18	BY THE DEPARTMENT:				
19	(a) Grant guidelines and eligibility criteria for				
20	APPLICANTS, INCLUDING CRITERIA THAT PRIORITIZE UNDERSERVED CRIME				
21	SURVIVORS. INCLUDING PEOPLE OF COLOR, YOUNG ADULTS, AND MEN;				
22	(b) A PROCESS AND TIMELINE WHEREBY AN ELIGIBLE ENTITY MAY				
23	APPLY FOR A GRANT;				
24	(c) A PROCESS FOR DETERMINING THE AMOUNT OF EACH GRANT				
25	THAT IS AWARDED; AND				
26	(d) PERFORMANCE METRICS AND DATA COLLECTION TO BE				
7	DEOLUDED OF CDANTEES				

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1	(6) THE GRANT ADMINISTRATOR SHALL MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS				
2	TO THE DEPARTMENT ON WHETHER TO AWARD OR DENY A GRANT AND				
3	SHALL PROVIDE WRITTEN RATIONALE EACH GRANT CYCLE TO THE				
4	DEPARTMENT. AFTER THE REVIEW OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS, THE				
5	DEPARTMENT SHALL AWARD OR DENY A GRANT.				
6	(7) PERMISSIBLE USES OF GRANT MONEY PROVIDED PURSUANT TO				
7	THE GRANT PROGRAM INCLUDE DIRECT SERVICES TO CRIME SURVIVORS,				
8	RESTORATIVE JUSTICE, AND OTHER INTERVENTIONS INTENDED TO REDUCE				
9	REPEAT VICTIMIZATION.				
10	(8) (a) To be eligible to receive a grant from the grant				
11	PROGRAM, AN ENTITY MUST BE:				
12	(I) A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION IN GOOD STANDING AND				
13	REGISTERED WITH THE FEDERAL INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE AND THE				
14	COLORADO SECRETARY OF STATE'S OFFICE;				
15	(II) A SCHOOL;				
16	(III) A TRIBAL AGENCY OR PROGRAM; OR				
17	(IV) A PROFESSIONAL WHO IS REGULATED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF				
18	REGULATORY AGENCIES.				
19	(b) A GRANTEE MAY NOT DECLINE TO SERVE A VICTIM BASED				
20	UPON:				
21	(I) WHETHER THE VICTIM REPORTED THE CRIME TO LAW				
22	ENFORCEMENT OR COOPERATED IN ANY PROSECUTION;				
23	(II) THE LENGTH OF TIME THAT HAS ELAPSED SINCE THE				
24	VICTIMIZATION; OR				
25	(III) THE LOCATION OF THE VICTIMIZATION.				
26	25-20.5-802. Repeal of part - sunset review. This part 8 is				
27	DEDEALED EFFECTIVE SEDTEMBED 1 2023 RECODE ITS DEDEAL THE				

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1	DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES SHALL REVIEW THE GRANT			
2	PROGRAM IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 2-3-1203.			
3	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 2-3-1203, add			
4	(14)(a)(VI) as follows:			
5	2-3-1203. Sunset review of advisory committees - legislative			
6	declaration - definition - repeal. (14) (a) The following statutory			
7	authorizations for the designated advisory committees are scheduled for			
8	repeal on September 1, 2023:			
9	(VI) THE COMMUNITY CRIME SURVIVORS GRANT PROGRAM			
10	CREATED IN SECTION 25-20.5-801.			
11	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 17-22.5-404.8			
12	as follows:			
13	17-22.5-404.8. Presumption of parole - nonviolent offenders.			
14	(1) THERE IS A PRESUMPTION IN FAVOR OF GRANTING PAROLE TO AN			
15	INMATE AT THE INITIAL OR ANY SUBSEQUENT PAROLE APPLICATION WHO			
16	HAS REACHED HIS OR HER PAROLE ELIGIBILITY DATE AND WHO:			
17	(a) IS NOT SERVING A SENTENCE FOR A CONVICTION OF ANY CRIME			
18	OF VIOLENCE, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-1.3-406 (2); ANY OFFENSE			
19	ENUMERATED IN SECTION 24-4.1-302 (1); A CLASS 2 OR CLASS 3 FELONY;			
20	OR ANY CLASS 1 DRUG FELONY;			
21	(b) Has not incurred a class I code of penal discipline			
22	VIOLATION WITHIN THE PRECEDING THIRTY-SIX MONTHS OR SINCE HIS OR			
23	HER ADMISSION TO PRISON IF HE OR SHE HAS BEEN INCARCERATED FOR			
24	LESS THAN THIRTY-SIX MONTHS;			
25	(c) HAS NOT INCURRED A CLASS II CODE OF PENAL DISCIPLINE			
26	VIOLATION WITHIN THE PRECEDING TWELVE MONTHS OR SINCE HIS OR HER			
27	ADMISSION TO PRISON IF HE OR SHE HAS BEEN INCARCERATED FOR LESS			

1	THAN TWELVE MONTHS;				
2	(d) HAS PARTICIPATED IN ALL PROGRAMS THAT HAVE BEEN				
3	RECOMMENDED AND MADE AVAILABLE TO HIM OR HER, UNLESS SUCH				
4	PROGRAMS MAY BE ORDERED AS A CONDITION OF PAROLE;				
5	(e) HAS A PAROLE PLAN APPROVED BY THE DIVISION OF ADULT				
6	PAROLE;				
7	(f) DOES NOT HAVE A FELONY WARRANT, A DETAINER, OR PENDING				
8	CRIMINAL CHARGES IN COLORADO OR ANOTHER STATE OR AN				
9	IMMIGRATION DETAINER, UNLESS THE ORDER OF PAROLE IS TO THE				
10	CUSTODY OF THE AGENCY ISSUING THE WARRANT, DETAINER, OR CRIMINAL				
11	CHARGES; AND				
12	(g) IS RECOMMENDED FOR RELEASE BY THE ADMINISTRATIVE				
13	RELEASE GUIDELINE INSTRUMENT DESCRIBED IN SECTION 17-22.5-107.				
14	(2) IF THE STATE BOARD OF PAROLE FINDS AN INMATE'S PAROLE				
15	PLAN INADEQUATE, IT MAY DELAY THE PAROLE RELEASE DECISION AND				
16	REQUIRE THE DEPARTMENT TO SUBMIT WITHIN THIRTY DAYS A REVISED				
17	PAROLE PLAN DEVELOPED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE INMATE.				
18	(3) THE PRESUMPTION DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS				
19	SECTION MAY BE OVERCOME AND AN INMATE'S PAROLE MAY BE DENIED				
20	ONLY IF, AFTER CONSIDERATION OF THE STATUTORY RELEASE GUIDELINES				
21	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 17-22.5-404, A MAJORITY OF THE MEMBERS OF THE				
22	STATE BOARD OF PAROLE FIND THAT AN INMATE PRESENTS A SUBSTANTIAL				
23	RISK TO REOFFEND.				
24	(4) THE CHAIRPERSON OF THE STATE BOARD OF PAROLE SHALL				
25	REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT, AND THE DEPARTMENT SHALL INCLUDE IN				
26	ITS ANNUAL PRESENTATION BEFORE THE COMMITTEES OF REFERENCE				
2.7	PURSUANT TO SECTION 2-7-203 THE NUMBER OF PERSONS WHO WERE				

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1	CONSIDERED FOR PAROLE BY	THE BOARD PURSUA	ANT TO THIS SECTION, T	THE

- NUMBER OF SUCH PERSONS WHO WERE GRANTED PAROLE, AND THE
- 3 NUMBER OF SUCH PERSONS WHO WERE DENIED PAROLE.

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- SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-2-201, amend (4)(a) as follows:
 - **17-2-201. State board of parole duties definitions.** (4) The board has the following powers and duties:
 - (a) To meet as often as necessary every month to consider all applications for parole. EXCEPT AS DESCRIBED IN SECTIONS 17-22.5-404.5, 17-22.5-404.7, AND 17-22.5-404.8, the board may parole any person who is sentenced or committed to a correctional facility when such person has served his or her minimum sentence, less time allowed for good behavior, and there is a strong and reasonable probability that the person will not thereafter violate the law and that release of such person from institutional custody is compatible with the welfare of society. If the board refuses an application for parole, the board shall reconsider the granting of parole to such person within one year thereafter, or earlier if the board so chooses, and shall continue to reconsider the granting of parole each year thereafter until such person is granted parole or until such person is discharged pursuant to law; except that, if the person applying for parole was convicted of any class 3 sexual offense described in part 4 of article 3 of title 18, C.R.S., a habitual criminal offense as defined in section 18-1.3-801 (2.5), C.R.S., or of any offense subject to the requirements of section 18-1.3-904, C.R.S., the board need only reconsider granting parole to such person once every three years, until the board grants such person parole or until such person is discharged pursuant to law, or if the person applying for parole was convicted of a

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class 1 or class 2 felony that constitutes a crime of violence, as defined in section 18-1.3-406, C.R.S., the board need only reconsider granting parole to such person once every five years, until the board grants such person parole or until such person is discharged pursuant to law.

SECTION 6. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds, determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.