# First Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **ENGROSSED**

LLS NO. R17-0922.01 Sharon Eubanks x4336

HJR17-1013

## **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

Hansen and Michaelson Jenet,

### **SENATE SPONSORSHIP**

Fields and Merrifield,

#### **House Committees**

#### **Senate Committees**

	HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 17-1013
101	URGING THE IMMEDIATE RESCISSION OF THE EXECUTIVE ORDER
102	REGARDING THE ENTRY OF FOREIGN NATIONALS INTO THE
103	United States that was issued by the President of the
104	United States on January 27, 2017.
1	WHEREAS, Since its founding, the United States of America has
2	been a nation of immigrants; and
3	WHEREAS, Throughout its history, the United States of America
4	has welcomed people seeking refuge from war, famine, terrorism, and
5	other atrocities occurring in other nations on every continent; and
6	WHEREAS, In 1948, Congress passed the federal "Displaced
7	Persons Act of 1948" following World War II to aid in the settlement of
8	400,000 displaced persons; and

1 2 3 4 5	to the 1967 United Nations Protocol on the status of refugees, and since 1975, the United States has accepted more than 3,300,000 refugees from the former Soviet Union, Africa, Asia, Europe, the Middle East, and Latin America; and
6 7 8 9	WHEREAS, Throughout its history, the United States has benefited from the significant contributions of immigrants, asylum-seekers, and refugees who have become scientists, inventors, and entrepreneurs; and
10 11 12 13	WHEREAS, President Donald J. Trump signed a sweeping Executive Order on Friday, January 27, 2017, (January 27th Executive Order) that blocks as many as 218,000,000 people from entering the United States; and
14 15 16	WHEREAS, The January 27th Executive Order prohibits entry of any refugee awaiting re-settlement in the United States for 120 days, including refugees who had already received visas; and
17 18 19 20	WHEREAS, The January 27th Executive Order also bars citizens of seven primarily Muslim countries – Iraq, Iran, Syria, Somalia, Sudan, Libya, and Yemen – from entering the United States for 90 days, including students and workers who had already received visas; and
21 22 23	WHEREAS, The January 27th Executive Order bars entry by all Syrian refugees into the United States for an indefinite period of time, including people who had already received visas; and
24 25 26	WHEREAS, Since its signing, the January 27th Executive Order has had a grave impact on individuals, families, and businesses around the globe; and
27 28 29	WHEREAS, Individuals and families who hold visas, green cards, or dual citizenship have been detained, delayed, or refused entry to the United States since the January 27th Executive Order took effect; and
30 31 32 33	WHEREAS, Those individuals who have been denied expedient entry into the United States include individuals who have aided the United States' armed forces in various theaters of armed conflict, including Afghanistan and Iraq; and

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2	disproportionate impact on Muslims; and
3 4 5	WHEREAS, The preference of one religion over another is contrary to the traditions, statutes, and the Constitution of the United States; and
6 7 8 9 10	WHEREAS, Religious, civic, and business leaders, including clergy of various faiths and denominations, leaders of many of America's largest companies, and elected officials belonging to both major political parties have all publicly expressed strong opposition to the January 27th Executive Order and its implications; now, therefore,
11 12	Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the Seventy-first General Assembly of the State of Colorado, the Senate concurring herein:
13 14	That we, the members of the Colorado General Assembly, find that:
15 16 17 18 19 20	(1) The United States should continue to thoroughly review refugee, asylum, and immigration applications on an individual basis to ensure that those entering the country do not pose a threat to public safety, but such reviews should be conducted without establishing a blanket ban on all refugees or immigrants from particular countries and religions; and
21 22 23 24 25	(2) The January 27th Executive Order runs counter to the values of this nation enshrined by our founders in the Declaration of Independence, affirmed by our Constitution of the United States and statutory law, and celebrated by many of our national symbols, including the Statue of Liberty; and
26 27	(3) Federal judges in at least five states have partially blocked the enforcement of the January 27th Executive Order; and
28 29 30 31 32	(4) In particular, some federal judges have found that there is a strong likelihood that the January 27th Executive Order violates the Due Process and Equal Protection guarantees of the United States Constitution and that enforcement of the January 27th Executive Order is likely to cause irreparable harm; and
33	(5) The President of the United States should immediately rescind

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## the January 27th Executive Order; and

2	(6) Absent immediate action by the President of the United States,
3	Congress should act to supersede and render moot the President's January
4	27th Executive Order and, in doing so, restore certainty and predictability
5	to United States immigration law and affirm, as a matter of policy, the
6	promise of liberty and freedom to people around the world who are facing
7	hardship.

Be It Further Resolved, That copies of this Joint Resolution be sent to President Donald J. Trump, Vice President and President of the Senate Michael Pence, the Majority Leader of the United States Senate Mitchell McConnell, Jr., the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives Paul Ryan, Jr., the Honorable Governor John Hickenlooper, and each member of Colorado's Congressional Delegation.

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