

FISCAL NOTE

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□ TABOR Refund

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Bill Topic: MINIMUM WAGE REQUIREMENT WAIVER

Summary of Fiscal Impact:

State Revenue (not estimated)

□ State Transfer

Statutory Public Entity

This bill allows an applicant or employee to opt-out of minimum wage laws and requires employers to post notice of the option. It will create an ongoing minimal workload increase for state and local agencies. The impact to state revenue has not

been estimated.

Appropriation Summary:

No appropriation is required.

Fiscal Note Status:

This fiscal note reflects the introduced bill.

Summary of Legislation

This bill allows an applicant or employee to waive his or her right to the payment of a minimum wage and requires employers to post notice about a right to negotiate wages.

Background

Colorado's minimum wage. Prior to 2007, Colorado's minimum wage law was set by federal law. In 2006, Colorado voters adopted an amendment to the state constitution that raised the minimum wage from \$5.15 per hour to \$6.85 per hour beginning in 2007, and from \$2.13 to \$3.02 less than the state minimum wage for tipped workers. In 2016, Colorado voters again amended the state constitution to increase the state minimum wage from \$8.31 to \$9.30 per hour beginning on January 1, 2017, after which it increases annually by \$0.90 per hour until it reaches \$12.00 per hour on January 1, 2020. Beginning January 1, 2021, it will be adjusted each year thereafter by the increase in the CPI. Colorado law does not allow cities to enact minimum wage laws separate from that of the state. The federal minimum wage is currently set at \$7.25 per hour, and \$2.13 for tipped workers.

Table 1 shows the Colorado minimum wage and tipped employee minimum wage from 2006 to 2020.

Table 1 Colorado State Minimum Wage, 2006-2020

Effective Year	Minimum Wage	Tipped Employee Minimum Wage
2006	\$5.15	\$2.13
2007	\$6.85	\$3.83
2008	\$7.02	\$4.26
2009	\$7.28	\$4.26
2010	\$7.24	\$4.22
2011	\$7.36	\$4.34
2012	\$7.64	\$4.62
2013	\$7.78	\$4.76
2014	\$8.00	\$4.98
2015	\$8.23	\$5.21
2016	\$8.31	\$5.29
2017	\$9.30	\$6.28
2018	\$10.20	\$7.18
2019	\$11.10	\$8.08
2020	\$12.00	\$8.98

Source: Colorado Department of Labor and Employment; Colo. Const. art. XVIII, § 15.

State Revenue

The bill's impact on state revenue has not been estimated. This fiscal note does not estimate how the measure will affect individuals' wages and the subsequent impact on tax collections nor does it estimate the overall impact to businesses and the economy. Such an estimate would rely on many secondary factors outside the scope of this analysis.

State Expenditures

Based on current job classifications and wages, most state workers earn more than the minimum wage. However, state employers paying minimum wage will be required to post and maintain a notice informing job applicants and employees that they have the right to negotiate wages. This workload increase is expected to be minimal. These departments are: Agriculture, Corrections, Higher Education, and Natural Resources.

Local Government, School District, and Statutory Public Entity Impact

Similar to the state, local governments, school districts, and statutory public entities paying minimum wage will be required to post and maintain a notice informing job applicants and employees that they have the right to negotiate wages.

HB 18-1106

Effective Date

The bill takes effect August 8, 2018, if the General Assembly adjourns on May 9, 2018, as scheduled, and no referendum petition is filed.

State and Local Government Contacts

Agriculture
Health Care Policy and Financing
Information Technology
Natural Resources

Corrections Higher Education Law Counties Human Services Municipalities