Second Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 22-0883.05 Jacob Baus x2173

HOUSE BILL 22-1326

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING MEASURES TO ADDRESS SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND, IN
102	CONNECTION THEREWITH, CHANGING THE CRIMINAL PENALTIES
103	ASSOCIATED WITH SYNTHETIC OPIATES; USING A SUBSTANCE
104	ABUSE ASSESSMENT TO DIRECT APPROPRIATE TREATMENT AT
105	SENTENCING; PROVIDING OPIATE ANTAGONISTS IN THE
106	COMMUNITY; PROVIDING SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS
107	IN THE COMMUNITY; CREATING IMMUNITY FOR FURNISHING
108	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS; PROVIDING TREATMENT
109	FOR PERSONS IN THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM; DEVELOPING
110	A FENTANYL PREVENTION AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN;
111	PROVIDING FUNDING FOR SUBSTANCE <u>USE</u> AND HARM
112	REDUCTION; EVALUATING THE SUBSTANCE USE AND HARM
113	REDUCTION NEEDS ACROSS THE STATE; REQUIRING A

Reading Unamended April 25, 2022

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading April 22, 2022

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill makes the unlawful possession of any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that weighs more than 4 grams and contains any amount of fentanyl, carfentanal, or an analog thereof a level 4 drug felony.

The bill creates an exemption to the unlawful possession of a controlled substance offense for employees, agents, or volunteers of certain agencies who are in possession of the controlled substance, including fentanyl, carfentanal, or an analog thereof, for the purpose of safe disposal of the controlled substance.

The bill makes the unlawful distribution, manufacturing, dispensing, or sale of a material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing fentanyl, carfentanal, or an analog thereof:

- A level 1 drug felony if it weighs more than 50 grams;
- A level 2 drug felony if it weighs more than 4 grams, but not more than 50 grams; and
- A level 3 drug felony if it weighs not more than 4 grams.

The bill makes it a level 1 drug felony if the defendant unlawfully distributed, manufactured, dispensed, or sold a material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing fentanyl, carfentanal, or an analog thereof, and a person died as a proximate cause of using or consuming it.

The bill makes a defendant a special offender, making them subject to a level 1 drug felony, if:

- The defendant introduced or imported into Colorado any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that weighs more than 4 grams and contains fentanyl or carfentanal; or
- The defendant unlawfully distributed, manufactured, dispensed, or sold a material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing fentanyl or carfentanal, and the defendant possessed pill or tablet manufacturing equipment with the intent to use the equipment in the manufacture of a controlled substance.

For certain offenses, the bill requires a court to order placement in a residential treatment facility for treatment of an addiction that includes

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fentanyl, carfentanal, or an analog thereof as a condition of probation if recommended pursuant to a substance abuse assessment. Furthermore, for certain offenses, a court is required to order a fentanyl education class, which is developed by the office of behavioral health.

The bill expands the list of eligible entities that are eligible for standing orders to receive opiate antagonists.

The bill creates immunity from civil liability for certain persons who or entities that act in good faith to furnish a non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection test to another person.

The bill requires a jail, upon release, to provide opiate antagonists and prescribe medication for an opiate use disorder to certain persons.

The bill requires community corrections programs to assess individuals residing in the programs for substance use withdrawal symptoms and develop protocols for medical detoxification monitoring, medication-assisted treatment, and other appropriate withdrawal management care.

The bill permits the correctional treatment board to direct money in the correctional treatment cash fund for drug overdose prevention, opiate antagonists, and non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests.

The bill permits a school district board of education, the charter school institute, or governing board of a nonpublic school to adopt and implement a policy to permit a school to acquire and maintain non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests and furnish them on school grounds.

For the 2022-23 fiscal year, the bill requires the appropriation of \$20 million from the behavioral and mental health cash fund to the opiate antagonist bulk purchase fund.

For the 2022-23 fiscal year, the bill requires the appropriation of \$300,000 to the department of public health and environment for the purchase and distribution of non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests to eligible entities.

The bill requires the department of public health and environment to develop and implement a statewide fentanyl prevention and education campaign.

The bill expands the types of entities that are eligible for a harm reduction grant and the permissible uses of the grant funds. For the 2022-23 fiscal year, the bill requires the appropriation of \$6 million from the behavioral and mental health cash fund to the harm reduction grant program cash fund.

The bill requires a jail that receives funding through the jail-based behavioral health services program to develop protocols for medication-assisted treatment and withdrawal management care and develop and implement a policy that describes the provision of medication-assisted treatment to individuals upon release. For the 2022-23 fiscal year, the bill requires the appropriation of \$3 million from

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the behavioral and mental health cash fund for these purposes.

The bill requires each managed service organization to evaluate current supply and necessary demand within its region for certain harm reduction and treatment services and report their findings to the general assembly.

The bill requires the legislative services agencies of the general assembly to perform a post-enactment review of certain criminal provisions 3 years following the act becoming law.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 3 finds and declares that: 4 (a) The illegal distribution of synthetic opiates, including fentanyl, 5 carfentanil, benzimidazole opiate, and analogs thereof, presents a serious 6 health risk in Colorado and across the country; 7 (b) The increase in the number of overdose deaths in Colorado 8 demands a comprehensive response by communities and elected officials, 9 designed to reduce the risks of harm to all people and recalibrate the 10 criminal justice system's response to illegal distribution of these 11 dangerous drugs; 12 Colorado has not adequately funded behavioral health 13 interventions, treatment, overdose prevention, and other supportive 14 services that research demonstrates reduce the risk of harm and the 15 recovery of people suffering from a behavioral health disorder; 16 (d) Funding for supervised-injection sites is prohibited; 17 (e) The prosecution of drug dealers who manufacture, distribute, 18 dispense, or sell fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u>, <u>benzimidazole opiate</u>, and analogs 19 thereof, not the prosecution of low-level drug possessors, is a priority for

(f) Colorado's good samaritan law, which encourages people to

20

21

Colorado: and

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seek medical assistance for people who are suffering from an overdose crisis, is an important public policy that can assist in saving lives.

- (2) Therefore, it is the intent of the general assembly to:
- (a) Direct additional resources to communities and agencies to allow more effective and healthy interventions and treatment for people who use fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u>, <u>benzimidazole opiate</u>, or analogs thereof, and develop an effective public education campaign about the dangers of these drugs and their presence in other drugs; and
- (b) Enact a properly calibrated sentencing scheme, prescribing specific penalties for the unlawful manufacturing, distribution, dispensing, or selling of fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u>, <u>benzimidazole opiate</u>, and analogs thereof, including specifically designed penalties for people whose manufacturing, distribution, dispensing, or selling leads to the death of another person.
- (3) The general assembly finds that for the purpose of performing a post-enactment review of the implementation of <u>House Bill 22-1326</u>, it is necessary to review the following statewide data for three years subsequent to the passage of <u>House Bill 22-1326</u> in order to assess its impact on sentencing and filing of counts based on the good samaritan law pursuant to section 18-1-711, Colorado Revised Statutes, and the criminal provisions designed to address the distribution of fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u>, <u>benzimidazole opiate</u>, and analogs thereof, resulting in death:
- (a) From the judicial department, the number of cases filed that include a violation of section 18-18-405 (2)(a)(I)(D), (2)(b)(I)(D), and (2)(c)(V), Colorado Revised Statutes; the judicial district where each case was filed; and the sentence imposed upon conviction for each case;
 - (b) From the judicial department, the number of cases filed that

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1	include a violation of section 18-18-405 (2)(a)(III)(A), Colorado Revised
2	Statutes; the judicial district where the case was filed; information on
3	other charges filed in the same case; the sentence imposed upon
4	conviction for each case; and a summary of the facts and circumstances
5	of the case as evidenced by the arrest warrant; and
6	(c) From each district attorney, the information pursuant to section
7	18-1-711 (6), Colorado Revised Statutes.
8	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-403.5, add
9	(2.5), (2.7), <u>(6)</u> , and (7) as follows:
10	18-18-403.5. Unlawful possession of a controlled substance -
11	notice to revisor of statutes - repeal. (2.5) (a) NOTWITHSTANDING
12	SUBSECTION (2)(c) OF THIS SECTION, ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2022, A PERSON
13	WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION BY KNOWINGLY
14	POSSESSING:
15	(I) ANY MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION THAT
16	WEIGHS MORE THAN ONE GRAM AND NOT MORE THAN FOUR GRAMS AND
17	CONTAINS ANY QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE</u>
18	OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204
19	(2)(g), AND THE PERSON KNEW OR HAD REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE
20	THAT THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION CONTAINED
21	ANY QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE,</u> OR
22	AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g),
23	COMMITS A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY.
24	(II) ANY MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION THAT
25	WEIGHS NOT MORE THAN ONE GRAM AND CONTAINS ANY QUANTITY OF
26	FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN ANALOG
27	THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), COMMITS A LEVEL

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1	1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR; EXCEPT THAT A FOURTH OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE
2	FOR A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBSECTION (2.5)(a)(II) IS A LEVEL 4 DRUG
3	FELONY.
4	(b) This subsection (2.5) is repealed, effective June $30,2025$.
5	(2.7) (a) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS
6	SECTION BY POSSESSING ANY MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR
7	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINS A QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL,
8	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
9	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THAT IS MORE THAN SIXTY PERCENT OF THE
10	TOTAL COMPOSITION OF THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR
11	PREPARATION, COMMITS A LEVEL 2 DRUG FELONY.
12	(b) (I) This subsection (2.7) takes effect at $12:01$ a.m. thirty
13	DAYS AFTER THE DATE IDENTIFIED IN THE NOTICE PROVIDED TO THE
14	REVISOR OF STATUTES BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE COLORADO BUREAU OF
15	INVESTIGATION THAT THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION HAS THE
16	RESOURCES TO DETERMINE THE QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL,
17	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
18	SECTION $18-18-204(2)(g)$, COMPARED TO THE TOTAL COMPOSITION OF THE
19	MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION, OR ON THE DATE OF
20	THE NOTICE TO THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IF THE NOTICE DOES NOT
21	SPECIFY A DIFFERENT DATE.
22	(II) THE DIRECTOR OF THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
23	SHALL NOTIFY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN WRITING WHEN THE
24	CONDITION SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (2.7)(b)(I) OF THIS SECTION HAS
25	OCCURRED BY E-MAILING THE NOTICE TO
26	REVISOROFSTATUTES.GA@STATE.CO.US.
27	(III) CONCURRENT WITH THE NOTICE REQUIRED IN SUBSECTION

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1	(2. /)(b)(11), THE DIRECTOR OF THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
2	SHALL NOTIFY THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, THE
3	PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE, THE CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
4	THE GOVERNOR, THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, THE STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER,
5	AND EACH DISTRICT ATTORNEY IN THE STATE, THAT THE COLORADO
6	BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION HAS THE RESOURCES TO DETERMINE THE
7	QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN
8	ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), COMPARED
9	TO THE TOTAL COMPOSITION OF THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR
10	PREPARATION.
11	(IV) This subsection $(2.7)(b)$ is repealed, effective one year
12	AFTER NOTICE TO THE REVISOR OF STATUTES PURSUANT TO THIS
13	SUBSECTION $(2.7)(b)(II)$.
14	(6) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION TO THE
15	CONTRARY, A PEACE OFFICER SHALL NOT ARREST AND A DISTRICT
16	ATTORNEY SHALL NOT CHARGE OR PROSECUTE AN EMPLOYEE, AGENT, OR
17	VOLUNTEER OF AN ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SECTION 12-30-110 (1)(a) WHO,
18	IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THE PERSON'S DUTIES, IS IN POSSESSION OF A
19	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, INCLUDING FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL,
20	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
21	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), FOR THE PURPOSE OF SAFE DISPOSAL OF THE
22	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, INCLUDING FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> ,
23	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
24	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAW. AS
25	USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (6), "SAFE DISPOSAL" MEANS THE PROCEDURE
26	AND PROCESS FOR DEPOSITING THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, INCLUDING
27	FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG

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1	THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), IN A SECURE
2	CONTAINER FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT TO SUBSEQUENTLY ACCESS AND
3	DISPOSE OF.
4	(7) Notwithstanding subsection (2.5) of this section, on or
5	AFTER JULY 1 , 2022 , the possession of an opiate antagonist or a
6	NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST MUST NOT BE USED
7	AS EVIDENCE TO PROVE THE PERSON KNEW OR HAD REASONABLE CAUSE TO
8	BELIEVE THAT THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION
9	CONTAINED ANY QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE
10	OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204
11	(2)(g).
12	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-405, amend
13	(2)(b)(I)(B), (2)(b)(I)(C), (2)(c)(III), and (2)(c)(IV); and add (2)(a)(I)(D),
14	(2)(a)(III), (2)(b)(I)(D), and (2)(c)(V) as follows:
15	18-18-405. Unlawful distribution, manufacturing, dispensing,
16	or sale. (2) Except as otherwise provided for an offense concerning
17	marijuana and marijuana concentrate in section 18-18-406 and for special
18	offenders as provided in section 18-18-407, any person who violates any
19	of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section:
20	(a) Commits a level 1 drug felony and is subject to the mandatory
21	sentencing provisions in section 18-1.3-401.5 (7) if:
22	(I) The violation involves any material, compound, mixture, or
23	preparation that weighs:
24	(D) MORE THAN FIFTY GRAMS AND CONTAINS FENTANYL,
25	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
26	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g); OR
27	(III) (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 18-1-711 (3)(i), THE

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1	DEFENDANT COMMITTED A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (2)(a)(I)(D)
2	(2)(b)(I)(D), or $(2)(c)(V)$ of this section, and the actions in
3	$ \ \text{VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION } (2)(a)(I)(D), (2)(b)(I)(D), \text{ or } (2)(c)(V) \text{ of this } (2)(a)(I)(D), (2)(b)(I)(D), \text{ or } (2)(c)(V) \text{ of this } (2)(a)(I)(D), (2)(a)(I)(D), \text{ or } (2)(a)(D), o$
4	SECTION ARE THE PROXIMATE CAUSE OF THE DEATH OF ANOTHER PERSON
5	WHO USED OR CONSUMED THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR
6	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINED FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u>
7	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
8	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g).
9	(B) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (2)(a)(III)(A) OF THIS
10	SECTION, A DEFENDANT WHO COMMITTED A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION
11	(2)(c)(V) OF THIS SECTION, AND THE ACTIONS IN VIOLATION OF
12	SUBSECTION (2)(c)(V) OF THIS SECTION ARE THE PROXIMATE CAUSE OF
13	THE DEATH OF ANOTHER PERSON WHO USED OR CONSUMED THE MATERIAL,
14	COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION THAT CONTAINED FENTANYL,
15	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
16	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE
17	MANDATORY SENTENCING REQUIREMENT AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION
18	18-1.3-401.5 (7).
19	(b) Commits a level 2 drug felony if:
20	(I) The violation involves any material, compound, mixture, or
21	preparation that weighs:
22	(B) More than seven grams, but not more than one hundred twelve
23	grams, and contains methamphetamine, heroin, ketamine, or cathinones
24	or
25	(C) More than ten milligrams, but not more than fifty milligrams,
26	and contains flunitrazepam; OR
27	(D) More than four grams, but not more than fifty grams.

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1	AND CONTAINS FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN
2	ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g);
3	(c) Commits a level 3 drug felony if the violation involves any
4	material, compound, mixture, or preparation that weighs:
5	(III) Not more than ten milligrams and contains flunitrazepam; or
6	(IV) More than four grams and contains a schedule III or schedule
7	IV controlled substance; OR
8	(V) NOT MORE THAN FOUR GRAMS AND CONTAINS FENTANYL,
9	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
10	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g).
11	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-407, amend
12	(1)(c); and add (1)(h) as follows:
13	18-18-407. Special offender - definitions. (1) A person who
14	commits a felony offense pursuant to this part 4 under any one or more of
15	the following aggravating circumstances commits a level 1 drug felony
16	and is a special offender:
17	(c) The defendant committed the violation and in the course of
18	that violation, introduced or imported into the state of Colorado more than
19	fourteen grams of any schedule I or II controlled substance listed in part
20	2 of this article or ARTICLE 18; more than seven grams of
21	methamphetamine, heroin, ketamine, or cathinones; or ten milligrams of
22	flunitrazepam; OR ANY MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION
23	THAT WEIGHS MORE THAN FOUR GRAMS AND CONTAINS FENTANYL,
24	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
25	DESCRIBED IN SECTION $18-18-204$ (2)(g);
26	(h) The defendant committed a violation of section
27	18-18-405 (2)(a)(I)(D), (2)(b)(I)(D), or (2)(c)(V), and the defendant

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2	INTENT TO USE THE EQUIPMENT IN THE MANUFACTURE OF A CONTROLLED
3	SUBSTANCE.
4	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1-711, amend
5	(3)(g) and (3)(h); and add (3)(i) and (6) as follows:
6	18-1-711. Immunity for persons who suffer or report an
7	emergency drug or alcohol overdose event - definitions - repeal.
8	(3) The immunity described in subsection (1) of this section applies to
9	the following criminal offenses:
10	(g) Possession of drug paraphernalia, as described in section
11	18-18-428; and
12	(h) Illegal possession or consumption of ethyl alcohol or
13	marijuana by an underage person or illegal possession of marijuana
14	paraphernalia by an underage person, as described in section 18-13-122;
15	AND
16	(i) A VIOLATION OF SECTION 18-18-405 (2)(a)(III)(A), IF THE
17	UNLAWFUL DISTRIBUTION, MANUFACTURING, DISPENSING, OR SALE OF THE
18	MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION WEIGHS NOT MORE
19	THAN FOUR GRAMS AND CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF FENTANYL,
20	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
21	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g).
22	(6) (a) Starting on July 1, 2022, and for three years
23	THEREAFTER, A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT RESPONDS TO AN
24	EMERGENCY DRUG OR ALCOHOL OVERDOSE EVENT SHALL REPORT TO THE
25	DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE IN THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY'S
26	JURISDICTION WHETHER AN ARREST WAS MADE AS A RESULT OF THE
27	INVESTIGATION OF AN EMERGENCY DRUG OR ALCOHOL OVERDOSE EVENT

POSSESSED PILL OR TABLET MANUFACTURING EQUIPMENT WITH THE

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1	OR WHEN AN ARREST WAS NOT MADE PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF
2	THIS SECTION.
3	(b) Starting on July 1, 2022, and for three years
4	THEREAFTER, EACH DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE THAT RECEIVES A
5	REPORT REGARDING AN ARREST FROM LAW ENFORCEMENT PURSUANT TO
6	$\hbox{\it SUBSECTION}(6)(a)\hbox{\it OFTHISSECTIONSHALLPREPAREAREPORTINDICATING}$
7	EACH INSTANCE WHEN A PERSON WAS NOT PROSECUTED FOR AN OFFENSE
8	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION IF THE EVENT INVOLVED FENTANYL,
9	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
10	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g). IF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
11	PROSECUTES A PERSON WHO SOUGHT EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE FOR AN
12	EMERGENCY DRUG OR ALCOHOL OVERDOSE EVENT IF THE EVENT
13	INVOLVED FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN
14	ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THE
15	DISTRICT ATTORNEY SHALL PREPARE A REPORT DETAILING THE FACTS AND
16	CIRCUMSTANCES FOR THE DECISION THAT THE IMMUNITY PROVISIONS OF
17	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION DID NOT APPLY.
18	(c) EACH DISTRICT ATTORNEY SHALL PROVIDE THE REPORTS
19	COLLECTED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (6) TO THE LEGISLATIVE
20	SERVICE AGENCIES OF THE COLORADO GENERAL ASSEMBLY FOR THE
21	PURPOSE OF A POST-ENACTMENT REVIEW.
22	(d) This subsection (6) is repealed, effective July 1, 2026.
23	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-401.5, amend
24	(7), (10)(a)(III), and (10)(a)(IV); and add (2.5), (10)(a)(V), and (14) as
25	follows:
26	18-1.3-401.5. Drug felonies classified - presumptive and
27	aggravated penalties. (2.5) It is the intent of the general assembly

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1	THAT SENTENCING FOR CRIMES THAT INVOLVE FENTANYL, $\underline{CARFENTANIL}$,
2	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR ANY ANALOG THEREOF, AS DESCRIBED IN
3	SECTION 18-18-204 $\underline{(2)(g)}$, EVEN IN SMALL QUANTITIES, REFLECT THE HIGH
4	RISK OF ADDICTION AND DEATH ASSOCIATED WITH FENTANYL,
5	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR ANY ANALOG THEREOF.
6	THEREFORE, THE EDUCATION AND TREATMENT PROCEDURES PROVIDED IN
7	SECTION 18-1.3-410 MUST BE IMPLEMENTED TO ADDRESS THIS
8	SUBSTANTIAL HEALTH RISK.
9	(7) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 18-18-405 (2)(a)(III)(B),
10	notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, if the
11	defendant is convicted of a level 1 drug felony, the court shall sentence
12	the defendant to a term of incarceration in the department of corrections
13	of at least eight years but not more than thirty-two years. The presence of
14	one or more of the aggravating circumstances provided in paragraph (a)
15	of subsection (10) SUBSECTION (10)(a) of this section or in section
16	18-18-407 (1) requires the court to sentence a defendant convicted of a
17	level 1 drug felony to a term of incarceration in the department of
18	corrections of at least twelve years but no more than thirty-two years. The
19	court may impose a fine in addition to imprisonment.
20	(10) (a) Except for a level 1 drug felony, the presence of one or
21	more of the following aggravating circumstances at the time of the
22	commission of a drug felony offense requires the court, if it sentences the
23	defendant to incarceration, to sentence the defendant to a term of at least
24	the midpoint in the presumptive range but not more than the maximum
25	term of the aggravated range:
26	(III) The defendant was under confinement, in prison, or in any
27	correctional institution as a convicted felon, or an escapee from any

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correctional	institution	tor another	telony, or
correctional	montanon	101 unounci	iciony, or

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2	(IV) The defendant was on probation for or on bond while
3	awaiting sentencing following revocation of probation for a delinquen
4	act that would have constituted a felony if committed by an adult; OR
5	(V) THE DEFENDANT COMMITTED A VIOLATION OF SECTION
6	18-18-405 (2)(a)(III)(A), AND THE UNLAWFUL DISTRIBUTION
7	MANUFACTURING, DISPENSING, OR SALE OF THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND
8	MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION WEIGHED MORE THAN FIFTY GRAMS AND
9	CONTAINED FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AM
10	ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g).
11	(14) (a) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION
12	FOR THE PURPOSE OF SENTENCING A PERSON CONVICTED OF A LEVEL 4
13	DRUG FELONY COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY $1, 2022$, IN VIOLATION OF
14	SECTION $18-18-403.5$ (2.5), A COURT SHALL EITHER SENTENCE AN
15	OFFENDER TO PROBATION FOR UP TO TWO YEARS, WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF
16	A TOTAL OF ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS IN COUNTY JAIL, OR FOR A THIRI
17	OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE, A TOTAL OF UP TO THREE HUNDRED SIXTY-FOUR
18	DAYS IN COUNTY JAIL, WHICH MAY BE IMPOSED IN WHOLE OR IN PART
19	DURING THE TIME PERIOD OF PROBATION AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION
20	OR AS A SANCTION FOR A VIOLATION OF PROBATION; OR SENTENCE AN
21	OFFENDER TO UP TO ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS IN THE COUNTY JAIL
22	EXCEPT THAT FOR A THIRD OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE, THE COURT MAY
23	SENTENCE AN OFFENDER TO UP TO THREE HUNDRED SIXTY-FOUR DAYS IN
24	THE COUNTY JAIL IF THE COURT SENTENCES THE OFFENDER TO JAIL. IN
25	ADDITION TO THE SENTENCE TO PROBATION OR TO THE COUNTY JAIL, THI
26	COURT MAY IMPOSE A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS
27	(b) A COURT MAY SENTENCE A PERSON CONVICTED OF A LEVEL 4

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1	DRUG FELONY COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2022, IN VIOLATION OF
2	SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), TO A COUNTY JAIL SENTENCING ALTERNATIVE
3	PROVIDED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-106 OR PLACEMENT IN A
4	COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION
5	PROVIDED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-301 (4) AS A SENTENCING
6	ALTERNATIVE.
7	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
8	CONTRARY, AN OFFENDER CONVICTED OF A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY
9	COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2022, IN VIOLATION OF SECTION
10	18-18-403.5 (2.5), IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE
11	DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS OR A MANDATORY PERIOD OF PAROLE.
12	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 18-1.3-410 as
13	follows:
14	18-1.3-410. Fentanyl education and treatment program.
15	(1) UPON CONVICTION OF ANY OFFENSE PURSUANT TO PART 4 OF ARTICLE
16	18 of this title 18 for a material, compound, mixture, or
17	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> ,
18	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
19	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE A SUBSTANCE
20	ABUSE ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-209. THE SUBSTANCE
21	ABUSE ASSESSMENT MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION REGARDING THE
22	PERSON'S HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, SPECIFICALLY THE USE OF
23	FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN ANALOG
24	THEREOF; THE PERSON'S AMENABILITY TO TREATMENT; AND THE LEVEL OF
25	TREATMENT, IF ANY, NECESSARY TO ADDRESS THE PERSON'S SUBSTANCE
26	<u>USE</u> DISORDER TO BE PROVIDED DURING THE PERSON'S PROBATION OR
27	DEFERRED JUDGMENT SUPERVISION.

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1	(2) If the substance abuse assessment described in
2	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS COMMUNITY-BASED
3	TREATMENT, THE PERSON SHALL COMPLETE THE ASSESSED LEVEL OF
4	TREATMENT CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-1.3-209.
5	(3) (a) If the substance abuse assessment described in
6	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS AS A CONDITION OF
7	PROBATION PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY FOR
8	TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> ,
9	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, THE COURT SHALL
10	ORDER RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION. THE
11	RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY MUST BE APPROVED BY THE OFFICE OF
12	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH IN THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES AND
13	DESIGNED FOR TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL,
14	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF.
15	PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION
16	IS LIMITED TO THE PERIOD OF TIME THAT THE PLACEMENT IS CLINICALLY
17	NECESSARY. THE RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM
18	THE CORRECTIONAL TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO
19	SECTION 18-19-103 (4), FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED
20	BY THE COURT TO BE INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED
21	COUNSEL, OR IS OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF THE
22	PLACEMENT.
23	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (3)(a) of this section to
24	THE CONTRARY, THE COURT MAY ORDER NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
25	AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION IF THE COURT MAKES FINDINGS ON THE
26	RECORD THAT A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY DOES NOT EXIST, IS
2.7	NOT ACCESSIBLE FOR THE PERSON WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME

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1	OR NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT IS AVAILABLE TO ADDRESS THE
2	PERSON'S TREATMENT NEEDS.
3	(4) A PERSON, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PERSON IS RECEIVING
4	TREATMENT IN A COMMUNITY-BASED OR RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
5	FACILITY PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OR (3) OF THIS SECTION, MUST
6	COMPLETE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE
7	OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127. THE
8	FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION
9	REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF SYNTHETIC
10	OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH, ACCESS TO
11	AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
12	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
13	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
14	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. THE FENTANYL
15	EDUCATION PROGRAM COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
16	TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4),
17	FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE
18	INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS
19	OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF PLACEMENT.
20	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 18-1.3-410 as
21	follows:
22	18-1.3-410. Fentanyl education and treatment program.
23	(1) Upon conviction of any offense pursuant to part 4 of article
24	18 of this title 18 for a material, compound, mixture, or
25	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> ,
26	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
27	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE A SUBSTANCE

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- 1 ABUSE ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-209. THE SUBSTANCE
- 2 ABUSE ASSESSMENT MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION REGARDING THE
- 3 PERSON'S HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, SPECIFICALLY THE USE OF
- 4 FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u>, <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u>, OR AN ANALOG
- 5 THEREOF; THE PERSON'S AMENABILITY TO TREATMENT; AND THE LEVEL OF
- 6 TREATMENT, IF ANY, NECESSARY TO ADDRESS THE PERSON'S SUBSTANCE
- 7 USE DISORDER TO BE PROVIDED DURING THE PERSON'S PROBATION OR
- 8 DEFERRED JUDGMENT SUPERVISION.

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9 (2) If the substance abuse assessment described in subsection (1) of this section recommends community-based treatment, the person shall complete the assessed level of

TREATMENT CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-1.3-209.

(3) (a) IF THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE ASSESSMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY FOR TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, THE COURT SHALL ORDER RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION. THE RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY MUST BE APPROVED BY THE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES AND DESIGNED FOR TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF. PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION IS LIMITED TO THE PERIOD OF TIME THAT THE PLACEMENT IS CLINICALLY NECESSARY. THE RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4), FOR A PERSON ON

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1	PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE INDIGENT, IS
2	REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS OTHERWISE UNABLE
3	TO AFFORD THE COST OF THE PLACEMENT.
4	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (3)(a) of this section to
5	THE CONTRARY, THE COURT MAY ORDER NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
6	AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION IF THE COURT MAKES FINDINGS ON THE
7	RECORD THAT A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY DOES NOT EXIST, IS
8	NOT ACCESSIBLE FOR THE PERSON WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME,
9	OR NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT IS AVAILABLE TO ADDRESS THE
10	PERSON'S TREATMENT NEEDS.
11	(4) A PERSON, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PERSON IS RECEIVING
12	TREATMENT IN A COMMUNITY-BASED OR RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
13	FACILITY PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OR (3) OF THIS SECTION, MUST
14	COMPLETE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE
15	${\tt BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127.}$
16	THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION
17	REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF SYNTHETIC
18	OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH, ACCESS TO
19	AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
20	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
21	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
22	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. THE FENTANYL
23	EDUCATION PROGRAM COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
24	TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4),
25	FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE
26	INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS
27	OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF PLACEMENT.

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1	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-501, amend
2	(1)(d.5)(I) as follows:
3	18-1.3-501. Misdemeanors classified - drug misdemeanors and
4	drug petty offenses classified - penalties - legislative intent -
5	definitions. (1) (d.5) (I) (A) It is the intention of the general assembly to
6	classify most drug possession on and after March 1, 2020, as a
7	misdemeanor offense with different sentencing options and limited
8	incarceration penalties. The purpose of this sentencing scheme is to
9	provide offenders who are assessed to be in need of treatment or other
10	intervention with probation supervision in conjunction with effective
11	medical and behavioral intervention and treatment. For those drug
12	possessors who are not in need of treatment, sentencing by the courts
13	system should be limited. This sentencing scheme recognizes that drug
14	use and possession is primarily a health concern and should be treated as
15	such by Colorado courts.
16	(B) FURTHERMORE, IT IS THE INTENT OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
17	THAT SENTENCING FOR CRIMES THAT INVOLVE FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL,
18	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
19	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), EVEN IN SMALL QUANTITIES, REFLECT THE HIGH
20	RISK OF ADDICTION AND DEATH ASSOCIATED WITH FENTANYL,
21	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR ANY ANALOG THEREOF.
22	THEREFORE, THE EDUCATION AND TREATMENT PROCEDURES PROVIDED IN
23	SECTION <u>18-1.3-510</u> MUST BE IMPLEMENTED TO ADDRESS THIS
24	SUBSTANTIAL HEALTH RISK.
25	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add <u>18-1.3-510</u> as
26	follows:
27	18-1.3-510. Fentanyl education and treatment program.

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1 (1) UPON CONVICTION OF ANY OFFENSE PURSUANT TO PART 4 OF ARTICLE 2 18 OF THIS TITLE 18 FOR A MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR 3 PREPARATION THAT CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL, 4 BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN 5 SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE A SUBSTANCE 6 ABUSE ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-209. THE SUBSTANCE 7 ABUSE ASSESSMENT MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION REGARDING THE 8 PERSON'S HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, SPECIFICALLY THE USE OF 9 FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR ANY ANALOG 10 THEREOF; THE PERSON'S AMENABILITY TO TREATMENT; AND THE LEVEL OF 11 TREATMENT, IF ANY, NECESSARY TO ADDRESS THE PERSON'S SUBSTANCE 12 USE DISORDER TO BE PROVIDED DURING THE PERSON'S PROBATION OR 13 DEFERRED JUDGMENT SUPERVISION. 14 IF THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE ASSESSMENT DESCRIBED IN (2) 15 SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS COMMUNITY-BASED 16 TREATMENT, THE PERSON SHALL COMPLETE THE ASSESSED LEVEL OF 17 TREATMENT CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-1.3-209. 18 (3) (a) If the substance abuse assessment described in 19 SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS AS A CONDITION OF 20 PROBATION PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY FOR 21 TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL, 22 BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, THE COURT SHALL 23 ORDER RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION. THE 24 RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY MUST BE APPROVED BY THE OFFICE OF 25 BEHAVIORAL HEALTH IN THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES AND 26 DESIGNED FOR TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL,

CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF.

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1	PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION
2	IS LIMITED TO THE PERIOD OF TIME THAT THE PLACEMENT IS CLINICALLY
3	NECESSARY. THE RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM
4	THE CORRECTIONAL TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO
5	SECTION 18-19-103 (4), FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED
6	BY THE COURT TO BE INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED
7	COUNSEL, OR IS OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF THE
8	PLACEMENT.
9	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (3)(a) of this section to
10	THE CONTRARY, THE COURT MAY ORDER NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
11	AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION IF THE COURT MAKES FINDINGS ON THE
12	RECORD THAT A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY DOES NOT EXIST, IS
13	NOT ACCESSIBLE FOR THE PERSON WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME,
14	OR NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT IS AVAILABLE TO ADDRESS THE
15	PERSON'S TREATMENT NEEDS.
16	(4) A PERSON, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PERSON IS RECEIVING
17	TREATMENT IN A COMMUNITY-BASED OR RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
18	FACILITY PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OR (3) OF THIS SECTION, MUST
19	COMPLETE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE
20	OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127. THE
21	FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION
22	REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF SYNTHETIC
23	OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH, ACCESS TO
24	AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
25	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
26	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
27	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. THE FENTANYL

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1	EDUCATION PROGRAM COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
2	TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4),
3	FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE
4	INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS
5	OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF PLACEMENT.
6	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add <u>18-1.3-510</u> as
7	follows:
8	<u>18-1.3-510.</u> Fentanyl education and treatment program.
9	(1) UPON CONVICTION OF ANY OFFENSE PURSUANT TO PART 4 OF ARTICLE
10	18 of this title 18 for a material, compound, mixture, or
11	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> ,
12	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
13	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE A SUBSTANCE
14	ABUSE ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-209. THE SUBSTANCE
15	ABUSE ASSESSMENT MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION REGARDING THE
16	PERSON'S HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, SPECIFICALLY THE USE OF
17	FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR ANY ANALOG
18	THEREOF; THE PERSON'S AMENABILITY TO TREATMENT; AND THE LEVEL OF
19	TREATMENT, IF ANY, NECESSARY TO ADDRESS THE PERSON'S <u>SUBSTANCE</u>
20	<u>USE</u> DISORDER TO BE PROVIDED DURING THE PERSON'S PROBATION OR
21	DEFERRED JUDGMENT SUPERVISION.
22	(2) If the substance abuse assessment described in
23	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS COMMUNITY-BASED
24	TREATMENT, THE PERSON SHALL COMPLETE THE ASSESSED LEVEL OF
25	TREATMENT CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-1.3-209.
26	(3) (a) If the substance abuse assessment described in
27	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS AS A CONDITION OF

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1	PROBATION PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY FOR
2	TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL, $\underline{\text{CARFENTANIL}}$,
3	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, THE COURT SHALL
4	ORDER RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION. THE
5	RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY MUST BE APPROVED BY THE
6	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN
7	SERVICES AND DESIGNED FOR TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT
8	INCLUDES FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN
9	ANALOG THEREOF. PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM AS A
10	CONDITION OF PROBATION IS LIMITED TO THE PERIOD OF TIME THAT THE
11	PLACEMENT IS CLINICALLY NECESSARY. THE RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT
12	COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL TREATMENT CASH FUND,
13	EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4), FOR A PERSON ON
14	PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE INDIGENT, IS
15	REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS OTHERWISE UNABLE
16	TO AFFORD THE COST OF THE PLACEMENT.
17	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (3)(a) of this section to
18	THE CONTRARY, THE COURT MAY ORDER NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
19	AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION IF THE COURT MAKES FINDINGS ON THE
20	RECORD THAT A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY DOES NOT EXIST, IS
21	NOT ACCESSIBLE FOR THE PERSON WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME,
22	OR NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT IS AVAILABLE TO ADDRESS THE
23	PERSON'S TREATMENT NEEDS.
24	(4) A PERSON, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PERSON IS RECEIVING
25	TREATMENT IN A COMMUNITY-BASED OR RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
26	FACILITY PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OR (3) OF THIS SECTION, MUST
27	COMPLETE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE

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1	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127.
2	THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION
3	REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF SYNTHETIC
4	OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH, ACCESS TO
5	AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
6	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
7	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
8	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. THE FENTANYL
9	EDUCATION PROGRAM COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
10	TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4),
11	FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE
12	INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS
13	OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF PLACEMENT.
14	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-30-110, amend
15	(1)(a)(VI), (1)(b) introductory portion, (2)(b), (3)(c), (4)(b), and (7)(a);
16	and add (1)(a)(VIII), (1)(a)(IX), (1)(a)(X), (1)(a)(XI), (1)(a)(XII),
17	(1)(a)(XIII), (1)(a)(XIV), (1)(a)(XV), (1)(a)(XVI), (1)(a)(XVII),
18	(1)(a)(XVIII), (1)(a)(XIX), (1)(a)(XX), (1)(a)(XXI), (3.5), (7)(a.3),
19	(7)(a.5), (7)(a.7), (7)(b.2), (7)(b.3), (7)(b.4), (7)(b.7), (7)(b.8), (7)(h.3), (7)(a.5), (7)(a.7), (7)(
20	and (7)(h.7) as follows:
21	12-30-110. Prescribing or dispensing opiate antagonists -
22	authorized recipients - definitions. (1) (a) A prescriber may prescribe
23	or dispense, directly or in accordance with standing orders and protocols,
24	an opiate antagonist to:
25	(VI) A person described in section 25-20.5-1001; or
26	(VIII) AN INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION, OR AN EMPLOYEE
27	OR AGENT OF THE INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION;

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1	(IX) A LIBRARY, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF THE LIBRARY;
2	(X) A COMMUNITY SERVICE ORGANIZATION, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR
3	AGENT OF THE COMMUNITY SERVICE ORGANIZATION;
4	(XI) A RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATION, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF
5	THE RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATION;
6	(XII) A LOCAL JAIL, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF THE LOCAL
7	JAIL;
8	(XIII) A MULTIJURISDICTIONAL JAIL, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT
9	OF THE MULTIJURISDICTIONAL JAIL;
10	(XIV) A MUNICIPAL JAIL, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF THE
11	MUNICIPAL JAIL;
12	(XV) A CORRECTIONAL FACILITY, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF
13	THE CORRECTIONAL FACILITY;
14	(XVI) A PRIVATE CONTRACT PRISON, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT
15	OF THE PRIVATE CONTRACT PRISON;
16	(XVII) A COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM, OR AN EMPLOYEE
17	OR AGENT OF THE COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM;
18	(XVIII) A PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR
19	AGENT OF THE PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM;
20	(XIX) A PROBATION DEPARTMENT, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF
21	THE PROBATION DEPARTMENT;
22	(XX) A LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH AGENCY, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR
23	AGENT OF THE LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH AGENCY; OR
24	(XXI) A MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL.
25	(b) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee or
26	volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school, or
27	employee or agent of a school; a person described in section

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25-20.5-1001; a mental health professional; or a unit of local government;

A PERSON OR ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION may, pursuant to an order or standing orders and protocols:

- (2) (b) A law enforcement agency, first responder, harm reduction organization, person described in section 25-20.5-1001, mental health professional, or unit of local government AN ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION is strongly encouraged to educate employees, AGENTS, and volunteers, as well as persons receiving an opiate antagonist from the law enforcement agency, first responder, harm reduction organization, person described in section 25-20.5-1001, mental health professional, or unit of local government, THE ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION on the use of an opiate antagonist for overdose, including instruction concerning risk factors for overdose, recognizing an overdose, calling emergency medical services, rescue breathing, and administering an opiate antagonist.
- (3) A prescriber described in subsection (7)(h) of this section does not engage in unprofessional conduct or is not subject to discipline pursuant to section 12-240-121, 12-255-120, or 12-280-126, as applicable, if the prescriber issues standing orders and protocols regarding opiate antagonists or prescribes or dispenses, pursuant to an order or standing orders and protocols, an opiate antagonist in a good-faith effort to assist:
- (c) The following persons A PERSON OR ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION in responding to, treating, or otherwise assisting an individual who is experiencing or is at risk of experiencing an opiate-related drug overdose event or a friend, family member, or other person in a position to assist an at-risk individual.

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1	(1) A law enforcement agency or first responder;
2	(II) An employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization;
3	(III) A school district, school, or employee or agent of a school;
4	(IV) A person described in section 25-20.5-1001;
5	(V) A mental health professional; or
6	(VI) A unit of local government.
7	(3.5) (a) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS TITLE 12 OR
8	RULES IMPLEMENTING THIS TITLE 12, A PRESCRIBER PRESCRIBING OR
9	DISPENSING AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION,
10	OTHER THAN A PHARMACIST OR OTHER PRESCRIBER PRESCRIBING AND
11	DISPENSING FROM A PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUTLET OR PHARMACY, IS NOT
12	REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH LAWS RELATING TO LABELING, STORAGE, OR
13	RECORD KEEPING FOR THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST.
14	(b) A PRESCRIBER PRESCRIBING OR DISPENSING AN OPIATE
15	ANTAGONIST EXEMPTED FROM LABELING, STORAGE, OR RECORD-KEEPING
16	REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (3.5):
17	(I) Does not engage in unprofessional conduct or is not
18	SUBJECT TO DISCIPLINE PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-240-121 OR 12-255-120,
19	AS APPLICABLE; AND
20	(II) IS NOT SUBJECT TO CIVIL LIABILITY OR CRIMINAL
21	PROSECUTION, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 13-21-108.7(4) AND 18-1-712(3),
22	RESPECTIVELY.
23	(4) (b) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee
24	or volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school,
25	or employee or agent of a school; a person described in section
26	25-20.5-1001; or a unit of local government A PERSON OR ENTITY
27	DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION acting in accordance

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1	with this section is not subject to civil liability or criminal prosecution, as
2	specified in sections 13-21-108.7 (3) and 18-1-712 (2), respectively.
3	(7) As used in this section:
4	(a) "First responder" means: "COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS
5	PROGRAM" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 17-27-102
6	(3).
7	(I) A peace officer, as defined in section 16-2.5-101;
8	(II) A firefighter, as defined in section 29-5-203 (10); or
9	(III) A volunteer firefighter, as defined in section 31-30-1102 (9).
10	(a.3) "COMMUNITY SERVICE ORGANIZATION" MEANS A NONPROFIT
11	ORGANIZATION THAT IS IN GOOD STANDING AND REGISTERED WITH THE
12	FEDERAL INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE AND THE COLORADO SECRETARY
13	OF STATE'S OFFICE THAT PROVIDES SERVICES TO INDIVIDUALS AT RISK OF
14	EXPERIENCING AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT, OR TO THE
15	INDIVIDUALS' FAMILY MEMBERS, FRIENDS, OR OTHER PERSONS IN A
16	POSITION TO ASSIST THE INDIVIDUAL.
17	(a.5) "CORRECTIONAL FACILITY" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET
18	FORTH IN SECTION 17-1-102 (1.7).
19	(a.7) "FIRST RESPONDER" MEANS:
20	(I) A PEACE OFFICER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 16-2.5-101;
21	(II) A FIREFIGHTER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 29-5-203 (10);
22	(III) A VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
23	31-30-1102 (9); OR
24	(IV) AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER, AS DEFINED IN
25	SECTION 25-3.5-103 (8).
26	(b.2) "Institution of higher education" means a public or
27	NONDURI IC INSTITUTION THAT AWARDS ANV TVDE OF POSTSECONDARY

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2	COLORADO.
3	(b.3) "LOCAL JAIL" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN
4	SECTION 17-1-102 (7).
5	(b.4) "LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH AGENCY" MEANS AN AGENCY
6	ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1-506.
7	(b.7) "MULTIJURISDICTIONAL JAIL" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS
8	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 17-26.5-101.
9	(b.8) "Municipal jail" has the same meaning as described in
10	SECTION 31-15-401 (1)(j).
11	(h.3) "Pretrial services program" has the same meaning as
12	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 16-4-106.
13	(h.7) "PRIVATE CONTRACT PRISON" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS
14	SET FORTH IN SECTION 17-1-102 (7.3).
15	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-21-108.7,
16	amend (3)(a) and (3)(b)(I) as follows:
17	13-21-108.7. Persons rendering emergency assistance through
18	the administration of an opiate antagonist - limited immunity -
19	legislative declaration - definitions. (3) General immunity. (a) A
20	person, other than a health-care provider or a health-care facility, who
21	acts in good faith to furnish or administer an opiate antagonist, including
22	
	an expired opiate antagonist, to an individual the person believes to be
23	an expired opiate antagonist, to an individual the person believes to be suffering an opiate-related drug overdose event or to an individual who
23 24	
	suffering an opiate-related drug overdose event or to an individual who
24	suffering an opiate-related drug overdose event or to an individual who is in a position to assist the individual at risk of experiencing an
24 25	suffering an opiate-related drug overdose event or to an individual who is in a position to assist the individual at risk of experiencing an opiate-related overdose event is not liable for any civil damages for acts

CERTIFICATE, DEGREE, OR OTHER CREDENTIAL, AND IS LOCATED IN

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1	UNINTENDED RESULT.
2	(b) This subsection (3) also applies to:
3	(I) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee or
4	volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school, or
5	employee or agent of a school acting in accordance with section
6	12-30-110 (1)(b), (2)(b), and (4)(b) and, as applicable, section
7	22-1-119.1; a mental health professional, as defined in section 12-30-110
8	(7)(b.5); or a unit of local government, as defined in section 29-3.5-101
9	(4) A Person or entity described in Section 12-30-110 (1)(a); except
10	THAT AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A SCHOOL MUST BE ACTING IN
11	ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION $12-30-110(1)(b)$, $(2)(b)$, AND $(4)(b)$, AND, AS
12	APPLICABLE, SECTION 22-1-119.1; and
13	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 13-21-108.8 as
14	follows:
15	13-21-108.8. Persons furnishing a non-laboratory synthetic
16	opiate detection test - limited immunity - definition. (1) EXCEPT AS
17	PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, A PERSON WHO OR ENTITY
18	
	THAT ACTS IN GOOD FAITH TO FURNISH A NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC
19	THAT ACTS IN GOOD FAITH TO FURNISH A NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST, INCLUDING AN EXPIRED NON-LABORATORY
19 20	
	OPIATE DETECTION TEST, INCLUDING AN EXPIRED NON-LABORATORY
20	OPIATE DETECTION TEST, INCLUDING AN EXPIRED NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST, TO ANOTHER PERSON IS NOT LIABLE
20 21	OPIATE DETECTION TEST, INCLUDING AN EXPIRED NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST, TO ANOTHER PERSON IS NOT LIABLE FOR ANY CIVIL DAMAGES FOR ACTS, OMISSIONS MADE AS A RESULT OF THE
202122	OPIATE DETECTION TEST, INCLUDING AN EXPIRED NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST, TO ANOTHER PERSON IS NOT LIABLE FOR ANY CIVIL DAMAGES FOR ACTS, OMISSIONS MADE AS A RESULT OF THE ACT, OR FOR ANY ACT OR OMISSION MADE IF THE NON-LABORATORY
20212223	OPIATE DETECTION TEST, INCLUDING AN EXPIRED NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST, TO ANOTHER PERSON IS NOT LIABLE FOR ANY CIVIL DAMAGES FOR ACTS, OMISSIONS MADE AS A RESULT OF THE ACT, OR FOR ANY ACT OR OMISSION MADE IF THE NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST IS STOLEN, DEFECTIVE, OR PRODUCES
2021222324	OPIATE DETECTION TEST, INCLUDING AN EXPIRED NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST, TO ANOTHER PERSON IS NOT LIABLE FOR ANY CIVIL DAMAGES FOR ACTS, OMISSIONS MADE AS A RESULT OF THE ACT, OR FOR ANY ACT OR OMISSION MADE IF THE NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST IS STOLEN, DEFECTIVE, OR PRODUCES AN INACCURATE RESULT.

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1	(3) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, "NON-LABORATORY
2	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST" MEANS A PRODUCT THAT IS
3	INTENDED OR DESIGNED TO DETECT THE PRESENCE OF A SYNTHETIC
4	OPIATE.
5	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-26-140, amend
6	(1); and add (3) as follows:
7	17-26-140. Continuity of care for persons released from jail.
8	(1) If a person is treated for a substance use disorder throughout AT ANY
9	TIME DURING the person's incarceration, the county jail shall, at a
10	minimum, conduct the following before releasing the person from the
11	county jail's custody:
12	(a) Provide post-release resources developed pursuant to section
13	17-1-103 (1)(r) to the person; and
14	(b) Provide a list of available substance use providers, to the
15	extent the office of behavioral health in the state department has such a
16	list available;
17	(c) IF THE PERSON RECEIVED OR HAS BEEN ASSESSED TO RECEIVE
18	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT WHILE IN JAIL, HAS A HISTORY OF
19	SUBSTANCE USE IN THE COMMUNITY OR WHILE IN JAIL, OR REQUESTS
20	OPIATE ANTAGONISTS UPON RELEASE, PROVIDE THE PERSON, UPON
21	RELEASE FROM THE JAIL, AT LEAST <u>EIGHT MILLIGRAMS OF AN OPIATE</u>
22	ANTAGONIST VIA INHALATION OR ITS EQUIVALENT AND PROVIDE
23	EDUCATION TO THE PERSON ABOUT THE APPROPRIATE USE OF THE
24	MEDICATION; AND
25	(d) IF THE PERSON RECEIVED MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT
26	WHILE IN JAIL, HAS A HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, OR REQUESTS OPIATE
27	USE-DISORDER MEDICATION, PRESCRIBE TO THE PERSON, UPON RELEASE

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1	FROM THE JAIL, MEDICATION FOR AN OPIATE USE DISORDER AND PROVIDE
2	EDUCATION TO THE PERSON ABOUT THE APPROPRIATE USE OF THE
3	MEDICATION, AND PROVIDE THE PERSON WITH A REFERRAL TO AT LEAST
4	ONE MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROVIDER LOCATED IN THE AREA
5	WHERE THE PERSON WILL RESIDE AFTER RELEASE FROM THE JAIL.
6	(3) As used in this section, "opiate antagonist" means
7	NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE OR ANY SIMILARLY ACTING DRUG THAT IS
8	NOT A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AND THAT IS APPROVED BY THE FEDERAL
9	FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF A DRUG
10	OVERDOSE.
11	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-26-140, amend
12	(1); and add (3) as follows:
13	17-26-140. Continuity of care for persons released from jail.
14	(1) If a person is treated for a substance use disorder throughout AT ANY
15	TIME DURING the person's incarceration, the county jail shall, at a
16	minimum, conduct the following before releasing the person from the
17	county jail's custody:
18	(a) Provide post-release resources developed pursuant to section
19	17-1-103 (1)(r) to the person; and
20	(b) Provide a list of available substance use providers, to the
21	extent the office of behavioral health ADMINISTRATION in the state
22	department OF HUMAN SERVICES has such a list available;
23	(c) IF THE PERSON RECEIVED OR HAS BEEN ASSESSED TO RECEIVE
24	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT WHILE IN JAIL, HAS A HISTORY OF
25	SUBSTANCE USE IN THE COMMUNITY OR WHILE IN JAIL, OR REQUESTS
26	OPIATE ANTAGONISTS UPON RELEASE, PROVIDE THE PERSON, UPON
27	RELEASE FROM THE JAIL, AT LEAST <u>EIGHT MILLIGRAMS OF AN OPIATE</u>

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1	ANTAGONIST VIA INHALATION OR ITS EQUIVALENT AND PROVIDE
2	EDUCATION TO THE PERSON ABOUT THE APPROPRIATE USE OF THE
3	MEDICATION; AND
4	(d) IF THE PERSON RECEIVED MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT
5	WHILE IN JAIL, HAS A HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, OR REQUESTS OPIATE
6	USE-DISORDER MEDICATION, PRESCRIBE TO THE PERSON, UPON RELEASE
7	FROM THE JAIL, MEDICATION FOR AN OPIATE USE DISORDER AND PROVIDE
8	EDUCATION TO THE PERSON ABOUT THE APPROPRIATE USE OF THE
9	MEDICATION, AND PROVIDE THE PERSON WITH A REFERRAL TO AT LEAST
10	ONE MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROVIDER LOCATED IN THE AREA
11	WHERE THE PERSON WILL RESIDE AFTER RELEASE FROM THE JAIL.
12	(3) As used in this section, "opiate antagonist" means
13	NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE OR ANY SIMILARLY ACTING DRUG THAT IS
14	NOT A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AND THAT IS APPROVED BY THE FEDERAL
15	FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF A DRUG
16	OVERDOSE.
17	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-27-104, amend
18	(12) as follows:
19	17-27-104. Community corrections programs operated by
20	units of local government, state agencies, or nongovernmental
21	agencies. (12) (a) The administrators of a community corrections
22	program established pursuant to this section may implement a behavioral
23	or mental health disorder screening program to screen the persons
24	accepted and placed in the community corrections program. If the
25	administrators choose to implement a behavioral or mental health disorder
26	screening program, the administrators shall use the standardized
27	screening instrument developed pursuant to section 16-11.9-102 and

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1	conduct the screening in accordance with procedures established pursuant
2	to said section.
3	(b) (I) Starting on or before July 1, 2023, a community
4	CORRECTIONS PROGRAM ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL
5	DEVELOP PROTOCOLS TO IDENTIFY WITHDRAWAL SYMPTOMS, DETERMINE
6	WHETHER A MEDICAL REFERRAL IS NEEDED, AND ENSURE INDIVIDUALS
7	HAVE ACCESS TO APPROPRIATE MEDICAL PROFESSIONALS AS NECESSARY.
8	IN INSTANCES WHEN A MEDICALLY SUPERVISED DETOXIFICATION APPEARS
9	NECESSARY, COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM STAFF SHALL ASSIST
10	THE INDIVIDUAL WITH ACCESSING A LOCAL EMERGENCY PROVIDER OR
11	MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION FOR NECESSARY TREATMENT.
12	(II) STARTING ON OR BEFORE JULY 1, 2023, A COMMUNITY
13	CORRECTIONS PROGRAM ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL
14	PROVIDE MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT. IF A COMMUNITY
15	CORRECTIONS PROGRAM DOES NOT PROVIDE MEDICATION-ASSISTED
16	TREATMENT, COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM STAFF SHALL ASSIST
17	THE INDIVIDUAL WITH ACCESSING A COMMUNITY-BASED
18	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROVIDER. A COMMUNITY
19	CORRECTIONS PROGRAM THAT DOES NOT PROVIDE A
20	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (12),
21	SHALL SUBMIT A REPORT BY JULY 1, 2023, TO THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL
22	JUSTICE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY DESCRIBING THE BARRIERS
23	TO OFFERING THE SERVICES AND WHAT RESOURCES ARE NECESSARY TO
24	PROVIDE MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT.
25	SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1-712, amend
26	(2)(b)(I) as follows:
27	18-1-712 Immunity for a person who administers an opiate

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1	antagonist during an opiate-related drug overdose event - definitions.
2	(2) General immunity. (b) This subsection (2) also applies to:
3	(I) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee or
4	volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school, or
5	employee or agent of a school acting in accordance with section
6	12-30-110 (1)(b), (2)(b), and (4)(b) and, as applicable, section
7	22-1-119.1; a mental health professional, as defined in section 12-30-110
8	(7)(b.5); or a unit of local government, as defined in section 29-3.5-101
9	(4) A PERSON OR ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SECTION 12-30-110 (1)(a); EXCEPT
10	THAT AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A SCHOOL MUST BE ACTING IN
11	ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 12-30-110 (1)(b), (2)(b), AND (4)(b), AND, AS
12	APPLICABLE, SECTION 22-1-119.1; and
13	SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-19-103, amend
14	(5)(c)(VI) and (5)(c)(VII); and add (5)(c)(VIII) as follows:
15	18-19-103. Source of revenues - allocation of money.
16	(5) (c) The board may direct that money in the correctional treatment
17	cash fund may be used for the following purposes:
18	(VI) Recovery support services, including offender reentry; and
19	(VII) Administrative support to the correctional treatment board
20	including, but not limited to, facilitating and coordinating data collection,
21	conducting data analysis, developing contracts, preparing reports,
22	scheduling and staffing board and subcommittee meetings, and engaging
23	in budget planning and analysis; AND
24	(VIII) Drug overdose prevention, including
25	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT FOR OPIATE DEPENDENCE, OPIATE
26	ANTAGONISTS, AND NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION
27	TESTS.

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1	SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 22-1-119.2 as
2	follows:
3	22-1-119.2. Policy for employee and agent furnishing
4	non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests - definition. (1) A
5	SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF EDUCATION OF A PUBLIC SCHOOL, THE STATE
6	CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE FOR AN INSTITUTE CHARTER SCHOOL, OR THE
7	GOVERNING BOARD OF A NONPUBLIC SCHOOL MAY ADOPT AND IMPLEMENT
8	A POLICY WHEREBY A SCHOOL UNDER ITS JURISDICTION MAY ACQUIRE AND
9	MAINTAIN A SUPPLY OF NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION
10	TESTS, AND AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF THE SCHOOL MAY FURNISH
11	NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS ON SCHOOL
12	GROUNDS TO ANY INDIVIDUAL.
13	(2) As used in this section, "non-laboratory synthetic
14	OPIATE DETECTION TEST" MEANS A PRODUCT THAT IS INTENDED OR
15	DESIGNED TO DETECT THE PRESENCE OF A SYNTHETIC OPIATE.
16	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-115, amend
17	(5); and add (6) as follows:
18	25-1.5-115. Opiate antagonist bulk purchase fund - creation
19	- rules - report - definition - repeal. (5) As used in this section,
20	"eligible entity" means A PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUTLET, AS DEFINED BY
21	SECTION 12-280-103 (43), OR A PERSON OR ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SECTION
22	12-30-110 (1)(a); EXCEPT THAT AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A SCHOOL
23	MUST BE ACTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION $12-30-110(1)(b)$, $(2)(b)$,
24	AND (4)(b), AND, AS APPLICABLE, SECTION 22-1-119.1.
25	(a) A unit of local government, as defined in section 29-3.5-101
26	(4);
27	(b) A person making an opiate antagonist available pursuant to

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1	section 25-20.5-1001;
2	(c) The following entities, if the entity has adopted a policy
3	allowing the acquisition, maintenance, and administration of opiate
4	antagonists pursuant to section 22-1-119.1:
5	(I) A school district board of education of a public school;
6	(II) The state charter school institute for an institute charter
7	school; or
8	(III) A governing board of a nonpublic school.
9	(d) A harm reduction organization, as defined in section
10	12-30-110 (7)(b);
11	(e) A law enforcement agency; or
12	(f) A first responder, as defined in section 12-30-110 (7)(a).
13	(6) (a) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, the general
14	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE TWENTY MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE
15	BEHAVIORAL AND MENTAL HEALTH CASH FUND, CREATED IN SECTION
16	24-75-230, TO THE FUND.
17	(b) This subsection (6) is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
18	SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25-1.5-115.3
19	as follows:
20	25-1.5-115.3. Non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests
21	- appropriation - definitions - repeal. (1) FOR THE 2022-23 STATE
22	FISCAL YEAR, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE THREE
23	HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS TO THE DEPARTMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF
24	PURCHASING NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS.
25	ANY UNEXPENDED MONEY REMAINING AT THE END OF THE 2022-23 STATE
26	FISCAL YEAR FROM THIS APPROPRIATION:
27	(a) Does not revert to the general fund or any other

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1	<u>FUND;</u>
2	(b) May be used by the department in the 2023-24 state
3	FISCAL YEAR WITHOUT FURTHER APPROPRIATION; AND
4	(c) Must not be used for any other purpose other than the
5	PURPOSE SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION.
6	(2) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DISTRIBUTE THE NON-LABORATORY
7	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS TO ELIGIBLE ENTITIES. THE
8	DEPARTMENT MAY PRIORITIZE THE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-LABORATORY
9	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS TO ELIGIBLE ENTITIES BASED ON THE
10	NEED OF EACH ENTITY AND THE AVAILABILITY OF THE NON-LABORATORY
11	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS AS DETERMINED BY THE
12	DEPARTMENT.
13	(3) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE
14	REQUIRES:
15	(a) "Eligible entity" means a person or entity described in
16	SECTION 12-30-110 (1)(a); EXCEPT THAT AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A
17	SCHOOL MUST BE ACTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 12-30-110
18	(1)(b), (2)(b), OR (4)(b), AND, AS APPLICABLE, SECTION 22-1-119.2.
19	(b) "Non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection test"
20	MEANS A PRODUCT THAT IS INTENDED OR DESIGNED TO DETECT THE
21	PRESENCE OF A SYNTHETIC OPIATE.
22	(4) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
23	SECTION 23. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25-1.5-115.5
24	as follows:
25	25-1.5-115.5. Fentanyl prevention and education campaign -
26	website. (1) Subject to available appropriations, beginning in the
2.7	2022-23 STATE FISCAL YEAR THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DEVELOP

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1	IMPLEMENT, AND MAINTAIN AN ONGOING STATEWIDE PREVENTION AND
2	EDUCATION CAMPAIGN TO ADDRESS THE FENTANYL EDUCATION NEEDS IN
3	THE STATE. IN THE PREVENTION AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN, THE DIVISION
4	SHALL PROVIDE INFORMATION TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC ABOUT FENTANYL,
5	ITS DANGERS, PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES TO AVOID RISKS AND PREVENT
6	HARM CAUSED BY FENTANYL, RESOURCES FOR ADDICTION TREATMENT
7	AND SERVICES, AND LAWS REGARDING FENTANYL, INCLUDING CRIMINAL
8	PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING AN OVERDOSE EVENT
9	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. ANY UNEXPENDED MONEY REMAINING
10	AT THE END OF THE 2022-23 STATE FISCAL YEAR FROM THIS
11	APPROPRIATION:
12	(a) Does not revert to the general fund or any other
13	<u>FUND;</u>
14	(b) May be used by the department in the 2023-24 and
15	2024-25 STATE FISCAL YEARS WITHOUT FURTHER APPROPRIATION; AND
16	(c) Must not be used for any other purpose other than the
17	PURPOSE SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION.
18	(2) IN FURTHERANCE OF THE GOALS OF THE FENTANYL PREVENTION
19	AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN, THE DIVISION MAY USE TELEVISION
20	ADVERTISING, RADIO BROADCASTS, PRINT MEDIA, DIGITAL STRATEGIES, OR
21	ANY OTHER MEDIA DEEMED NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE BY THE
22	DIVISION TO REACH THE TARGET AUDIENCES OF THE CAMPAIGN.
23	(3) IN FURTHERANCE OF THE GOALS OF THE FENTANYL PREVENTION
24	AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN, THE DIVISION SHALL PROVIDE AT LEAST FIVE
25	REGIONAL TRAINING SESSIONS DURING THE 2022-23 FISCAL YEAR FOR
26	COMMUNITY PARTNERS TO IMPLEMENT YOUTH HEALTH DEVELOPMENT
27	STRATEGIES.

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2	AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN, THE DIVISION SHALL DEVELOP, IMPLEMENT,
3	AND MAINTAIN A WEBSITE TO SERVE AS THE STATE RESOURCE FOR THE
4	MOST ACCURATE AND TIMELY INFORMATION REGARDING FENTANYL. AT
5	A MINIMUM, THE WEBSITE MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION CONCERNING
6	FENTANYL, ITS DANGERS, PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES TO AVOID RISKS
7	AND PREVENT HARM CAUSED BY FENTANYL, RESOURCES FOR ADDICTION
8	TREATMENT AND SERVICES, AND LAWS REGARDING FENTANYL, INCLUDING
9	CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING AN OVERDOSE EVENT
10	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711.
11	SECTION 24. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-20.5-1101,
12	amend (1), (2), (3)(a), and (4) as follows:
13	25-20.5-1101. Harm reduction grant program - creation -
14	application - permissible uses - department duties. (1) Subject to
15	available appropriations, the department shall develop and implement a
16	harm reduction grant program, referred to in this section as the "grant
17	program", to PREVENT OVERDOSE DEATHS AND reduce health risks
18	associated with drug use. and improve coordination between law
19	enforcement agencies, public health agencies, and community-based
20	organizations. The department may contract with an independent entity
21	for the administration of the grant program.
22	(2) (a) To be eligible to receive grant funding pursuant to this part
23	11, an entity must be: a nonprofit organization in good standing and
24	registered with the federal internal revenue service and the Colorado
25	secretary of state's office, a local public health agency established
26	pursuant to section 25-1-506, or a law enforcement agency.
27	(I) A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION THAT IS IN GOOD STANDING AND

 $(4) \ In \ further ance \ of \ the \ goals \ of \ the \ fent any LPREVENTION$

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1	REGISTERED WITH THE FEDERAL INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE AND THE
2	COLORADO SECRETARY OF STATE'S OFFICE;
3	(II) A LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH AGENCY ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO
4	SECTION 25-1-506;
5	(III) A TRIBAL AGENCY OR PROGRAM;
6	(IV) A FEDERALLY QUALIFIED HEALTH CENTER, AS DEFINED IN THE
7	FEDERAL "SOCIAL SECURITY ACT", 42 U.S.C. SEC. 1395x (aa)(4);
8	$(V)\ A \text{RURAL HEALTH CLINIC}, \text{as defined in the federal "Social}$
9	SECURITY ACT", 42 U.S.C. SEC. 1395x (aa)(2);
10	(VI) A BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ENTITY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
11	<u>25-27.6-102 (6); or</u>
12	(VII) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.
13	(b) AN ELIGIBLE ENTITY MAY SUBMIT A PROPOSAL ON BEHALF OF
14	A GROUP OF ELIGIBLE ENTITIES, AND APPORTION GRANT FUNDS
15	ACCORDINGLY, TO FOSTER COMMUNITY COLLABORATION AND COLLECTIVE
16	IMPACT.
17	(c) Grantees must be willing to provide services to individuals
18	who may not be ready to seek addiction treatment services or who are in
19	recovery.
20	(3) On or before November 1, 2019, the department shall develop:
21	(a) Eligibility criteria for nonprofit organizations, local public
22	health agencies, and law enforcement agencies THE ENTITIES DESCRIBED
23	IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION;
24	(4) (a) Permissible uses of funding provided pursuant to this grant
25	program include GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES, AND DIRECT AND
26	INDIRECT PROJECT COSTS INCLUDING, but are not limited to:
27	(I) (a) Trainings relevant to the field of harm reduction which

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1	THAT may include how to administer naloxone OVERDOSE PREVENTION,
2	SAFER SUBSTANCE USE PRACTICES, SAFE DISPOSAL, AND ACCESS TO AND
3	ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
4	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS;
5	(H) (b) Purchasing and providing sterile equipment,
6	NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, and syringe
7	disposal equipment;
8	(HI) (c) Providing direct services to persons who have come into
9	contact with or who are at risk of coming into contact with the criminal
10	justice system, which may include accessing treatment and health-care
11	services, overdose prevention activities, and recovery support services;
12	(IV) (d) Outreach and engagement to people who come into
13	contact with or who are at risk of coming into contact with the criminal
14	justice system and who are in need of mental health or substance use
15	disorder services TREATMENT, OVERDOSE PREVENTION, HARM REDUCTION,
16	OR RECOVERY SUPPORT SERVICES;
17	(V) (e) Facilitating communication, training, and technical
18	assistance among law enforcement agencies, public health agencies, and
19	community-based harm reduction agencies IN ORDER TO DIVERT PEOPLE
20	FROM THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM;
21	(VI) Coordinating local efforts regarding co-responder and
22	diversion programs; and
23	(VII) (f) Auricular acudetox training and services;
24	(g) Public education and outreach about synthetic
25	OPIATES, OVERDOSE RISKS, RECOGNIZING AN OVERDOSE EVENT,
26	RESOURCES FOR ADDICTION TREATMENT AND SERVICES, ACCESS TO AND
27	ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY

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1	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
2	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
3	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711;
4	(h) Local conventions for the purpose of developing
5	COMMUNITY-BASED APPROACHES FOR OVERDOSE PREVENTION, EARLY
6	INTERVENTION, AND HARM REDUCTION SERVICES;
7	(i) DEVELOPING, OR EXPANDING EXISTING, COMMUNITY-BASED
8	ORGANIZATIONS THAT PROVIDE OVERDOSE PREVENTION, EARLY
9	INTERVENTION, AND HARM REDUCTION SERVICES;
10	(j) EVIDENCE-BASED RESEARCH CONCERNING BEST OR PROMISING
11	PRACTICES IN OVERDOSE PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION, HARM
12	REDUCTION, AND MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROTOCOLS;
13	(k) DEVELOPING STRATEGIES FOR SERVING POPULATIONS WHO ARE
14	AT A HIGHER RISK OF OVERDOSE AND LIVE IN UNDERSERVED AREAS; AND
15	(1) SUPPORT FOR A LIAISON WITH EXPERIENCE COLLABORATING
16	WITH COMMUNITY-BASED ORGANIZATIONS AND LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH
17	AGENCIES.
18	(b) In order to ensure grantees are coordinating efforts across
19	public health and criminal justice systems at the local level, funding may
20	be used to support a harm reduction and law enforcement liaison who has
21	experience working with community-based organizations, local public
22	health agencies, and law enforcement agencies.
23	SECTION 25. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-20.5-1102, add
24	(5) as follows:
25	25-20.5-1102. Harm reduction grant program cash fund -
26	creation - repeal. (5) (a) FOR THE 2022-23 STATE FISCAL YEAR, THE
27	GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE SIX MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE

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1	BEHAVIORAL AND MENTAL HEALTH CASH FUND, CREATED IN SECTION
2	24-75-230, TO THE FUND.
3	(b) This subsection (5) is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
4	SECTION 26. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-60-106, amend
5	(4) introductory portion, (4)(b), and (5)(a); as follows:
6	27-60-106. Jail-based behavioral health services program -
7	purpose - created - funding - repeal. (4) Subject to available
8	appropriations, the office may SHALL require a county jail that receives
9	funding through the program to:
10	(b) Assess all individuals booked into the jail facility WHEN
11	BOOKED INTO THE JAIL FACILITY AND AT ANY TIME SUBSEQUENT TO
12	BOOKING WHEN CLINICALLY INDICATED for substance use withdrawal
13	symptoms and develop protocols for medical detoxification monitoring
14	procedures, MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, OR OTHER APPROPRIATE
15	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE;
16	(5) (a) The office shall require a county jail that receives funding
17	through the program to have a policy in place on or before January 1,
18	2020, that describes how medication-assisted treatment, as it is defined
19	in section 23-21-803, will be provided, when necessary, to individuals
20	confined in the county jail. THE OFFICE SHALL REQUIRE A COUNTY JAIL
21	THAT RECEIVES FUNDING THROUGH THE PROGRAM TO DEVELOP,
22	IMPLEMENT, AND PUBLISH A POLICY ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2023,
23	THAT DESCRIBES THE PROVISION OF MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT
24	AND OTHER APPROPRIATE WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE UPON
25	RELEASE FROM JAIL.
26	
27	SECTION 27. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-60-106, amend

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1	(4) introductory portion, (4)(b), and (5)(a); $\underline{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}}$ as follows:
2	27-60-106. Jail-based behavioral health services program -
3	purpose - created - funding - repeal. (4) Subject to available
4	appropriations, the office may BHA SHALL require a county jail that
5	receives funding through the program to:
6	(b) Assess all individuals booked into the jail facility WHEN
7	BOOKED INTO THE JAIL FACILITY AND AT ANY TIME SUBSEQUENT TO
8	BOOKING WHEN CLINICALLY INDICATED for substance use withdrawal
9	symptoms and develop protocols for medical detoxification monitoring
10	procedures, MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, OR OTHER APPROPRIATE
11	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE;
12	(5) (a) The office BHA shall require a county jail that receives
13	funding through the program to have a policy in place on or before
14	January 1, 2020, that describes how medication-assisted treatment, as it
15	is defined in section 23-21-803, will be provided, when necessary, to
16	individuals confined in the county jail. THE BHA SHALL REQUIRE A
17	COUNTY JAIL THAT RECEIVES FUNDING THROUGH THE PROGRAM TO
18	DEVELOP, IMPLEMENT, AND PUBLISH A POLICY ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1,
19	2023, THAT DESCRIBES THE PROVISION OF MEDICATION-ASSISTED
20	TREATMENT AND OTHER APPROPRIATE WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE
21	UPON RELEASE FROM JAIL.
22	
23	SECTION 28. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-107.7 as
24	follows:
25	27-80-107.7. Increase synthetic opiate treatment - report.
26	(1) On or before January 1, 2023, each managed service
27	ORGANIZATION DESIGNATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-107 SHALL

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2	REGION FOR:
3	(a) The number of medication-assisted treatment
4	PROVIDERS EMPLOYED BY THE MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION WHO
5	ARE TRAINED TO PROVIDE MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT TO A
6	PERSON WHO HAS CONSUMED SYNTHETIC OPIATES;
7	(b) AMBULATORY WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT AND MEDICAL
8	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT SPECIFIC TO SYNTHETIC OPIATES;
9	(c) The provision of recovery services at public high
10	SCHOOLS; AND
11	(d) THE PROVISION OF RECOVERY RESIDENCES, AS DEFINED IN
12	SECTION 25-1.5-108.5.
13	(2) In its hearing for the 2024 legislative session, the
14	DEPARTMENT SHALL INCLUDE AS PART OF ITS "STATE MEASUREMENT FOR
15	ACCOUNTABLE, RESPONSIVE, AND TRANSPARENT (SMART)
16	GOVERNMENT ACT" HEARING REQUIRED BY SECTION 2-7-203, THE
17	MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS' FINDINGS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION
18	(1) OF THIS SECTION.
19	SECTION 29. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-127 as
20	follows:
21	27-80-127. Fentanyl education and treatment program. THE
22	OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SHALL DEVELOP A FENTANYL EDUCATION
23	PROGRAM FOR THE PURPOSE OF SECTIONS 18-1.3-410 AND <u>18-1.3-510.</u> THE
24	FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION
25	REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF SYNTHETIC
26	OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH, ACCESS TO
27	AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY

EVALUATE THE CURRENT SUPPLY AND NECESSARY DEMAND WITHIN ITS

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1	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
2	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
3	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. THE OFFICE OF
4	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH MAY UPDATE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM
5	CURRICULUM AS NECESSARY.
6	SECTION 30. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-127 as
7	follows:
8	27-80-127. Fentanyl education and treatment program. THE
9	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION SHALL DEVELOP A FENTANYL
10	EDUCATION PROGRAM FOR THE PURPOSE OF SECTIONS 18-1.3-410 AND
11	18-1.3-510. The fentanyl education program must include
12	INFORMATION REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF
13	SYNTHETIC OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH,
14	ACCESS TO AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND
15	NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS
16	REGARDING SYNTHETIC OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND
17	IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION
18	18-1-711. THE BHA MAY UPDATE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM
19	CURRICULUM AS NECESSARY.
20	SECTION 31. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-103.5,
21	amend (3)(c) and (3)(d); and add (3)(e) as follows:
22	18-1.3-103.5. Felony convictions - vacate and enter conviction
23	on misdemeanor after successful completion. (3) This section applies
24	to convictions for the following offenses:
25	(c) Possession of more than twelve ounces of marijuana or more
26	than three ounces of marijuana concentrate; or
27	(d) A violation of section 18-18-415; OR

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1	(e) A VIOLATION OF SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5)(a).
2	SECTION 32. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-72-706, amend
3	(1)(b)(II) and (1)(b)(III) as follows:
4	24-72-706. Sealing of criminal conviction records. (1) Sealing
5	of conviction records. (b) (II) If the offense is a class 2 or class 3
6	misdemeanor, or any drug misdemeanor, OR A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY FOR
7	A CONVICTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), the motion may
8	be filed two years after the later of the date of the final disposition of all
9	criminal proceedings against the defendant or the release of the defendant
10	from supervision concerning a criminal conviction.
11	(III) If the offense is a class 4, class 5, or class 6 felony, a level 3
12	or level 4 drug felony EXCEPT A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY FOR A CONVICTION
13	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), or a class 1 misdemeanor, the
14	motion may be filed three years after the later of the date of the final
15	disposition of all criminal proceedings against the defendant or the
16	release of the defendant from supervision concerning a criminal
17	conviction.
18	SECTION 33. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-801, amend
19	(2)(a)(I); and add (2)(c) as follows:
20	18-1.3-801. Punishment for habitual criminals.
21	(2) (a) (I) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this
22	subsection (2) SUBSECTIONS (2)(b), (2)(c), and in subsection (5) of this
23	section, every person convicted in this state of any felony, who has been
24	three times previously convicted, upon charges separately brought and
25	tried, and arising out of separate and distinct criminal episodes, either in
26	this state or elsewhere, of a felony or, under the laws of any other state,
27	the United States, or any territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United

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1	States, of a crime which, if committed within this state, would be a
2	felony, shall be adjudged an habitual criminal and shall be punished:
3	(2) (c) The provisions of subsection (2)(a) of this section do
4	NOT APPLY TO A CONVICTION FOR A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY COMMITTED ON
5	OR AFTER JULY 1, 2022, PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), OR A
6	CONVICTION FOR A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY
7	1, 2022, FOR ATTEMPT OR CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT UNLAWFUL POSSESSION
8	OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u> , <u>BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE</u> , OR AN ANALOG
9	THEREOF, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), EVEN IF THE
10	PERSON HAS BEEN PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED OF THREE OR MORE
11	QUALIFYING FELONY CONVICTIONS.
12	SECTION 34. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 14 to
13	article 20.5 of title 25 as follows:
14	PART 14
15	HOUSE BILL 22-1326 INDEPENDENT STUDY
16	25-20.5-1401. Independent study - report - repeal. (1) (a) BY
17	JANUARY 1, 2023, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONTRACT WITH AN
18	INDEPENDENT ENTITY TO CONDUCT A STUDY AND PUBLISH A REPORT
19	CONCERNING THE IMPACT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF $\overline{\text{House Bill 22-1326}}$.
20	(b) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONSULT WITH THE JUDICIAL
21	DEPARTMENT, THE OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH, AND OTHER
22	STAKEHOLDERS IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT IN DEVELOPING AND
23	ISSUING A REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS TO ENSURE CANDIDATES HAVE
24	EXPERTISE IN DATA COLLECTION AND PROGRAM ANALYSIS, AND RELEVANT
25	CRIMINAL LAW AND HARM REDUCTION ISSUES.
26	(2) AT A MINIMUM, THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY SHALL IDENTIFY
27	AND REPORT FINDINGS REGARDING AVAILABLE DATA AND INFORMATION

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1	FROM JULY 1, 2019, THROUGH JUNE 30, <u>2024</u> , <u>OBTAINED FROM THE</u>
2	COLORADO JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT AND TREATMENT PROVIDERS SERVING
3	THE PROBATION POPULATION. DATA AND INFORMATION FROM CASES FILED
4	AND PRACTICES IMPLEMENTED PRIOR TO JULY 1, 2022, MUST BE INCLUDED
5	IN THE STUDY IN AN EFFORT TO ESTABLISH BASELINE INFORMATION, AS
6	NECESSARY. THE DATA AND INFORMATION MUST BE REPORTED BOTH ON
7	A STATEWIDE BASIS AND DISAGGREGATED BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT. THE
8	DATA AND INFORMATION MUST INCLUDE, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO:
9	(a) EVERY CASE WITH A CHARGE FILED PURSUANT TO SECTION
10	18-18-403.5 (2.5) FOR THE UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF FENTANYL,
11	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF,
12	INCLUDING:
13	(I) WHETHER A MISDEMEANOR OR FELONY CHARGE WAS FILED;
14	(II) WHETHER AN ARREST WAS MADE OR A SUMMONS WAS ISSUED
15	FOR THE CHARGE;
16	(III) WHETHER ANOTHER CRIMINAL CHARGE WAS FILED IN THE
17	CASE, AND IF SO, WHAT CHARGE;
18	(IV) THE DISPOSITION OF THE CASE, INCLUDING THE SENTENCE
19	IMPOSED;
20	(V) WHETHER THE DEFENDANT IS CURRENTLY SERVING THE
21	SENTENCE AND IF THE SENTENCE INCLUDES PROBATION SUPERVISION;
22	(VI) WHETHER THE DEFENDANT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE
23	SENTENCE, INCLUDING IF THE DEFENDANT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED AN
24	INITIAL PROBATIONARY SENTENCE OR WHETHER PROBATION WAS REVOKED
25	AND RESULTED IN INCARCERATION IN JAIL OR PRISON;
26	(VII) IF PROBATION WAS REVOKED, WHETHER THE REVOCATION
27	WAS FOR A NEW CRIMINAL CASE OR A TECHNICAL VIOLATION;

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1	(VIII) WHETHER <u>SUBSTANCE USE</u> TREATMENT WAS ORDERED AND,
2	IF SO, WHAT TYPE, INCLUDING WHETHER THE COURT ORDERED PLACEMENT
3	IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-410
4	or <u>18-1.3-510;</u> and
5	(IX) THE RACE, GENDER, AND AGE OF THE DEFENDANT, AND
6	WHETHER THE DEFENDANT WAS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED
7	COUNSEL OR OTHERWISE DETERMINED TO BE <u>INDIGENT.</u>
8	(3) At a minimum, the independent entity shall identify
9	AND REPORT FINDINGS BASED ON AVAILABLE DATA AND INFORMATION
10	OBTAINED FROM THE OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH, THE DEPARTMENT
11	OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, MANAGED SERVICE
12	ORGANIZATIONS, AND OTHER APPLICABLE AGENCIES AND TREATMENT
13	PROVIDERS, REGARDING:
14	(a) THE PREVENTION AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN DEVELOPED BY
15	THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-115.5 AND THE
16	FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE OFFICE OF
17	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127, INCLUDING THE
18	METHOD AND REACH OF THE CAMPAIGN AND PROGRAM;
19	(b) THE IMPLEMENTATION OF MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT
20	AND OTHER APPROPRIATE WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE BY EVERY
21	<u>JAIL;</u>
22	(c) THE ELIGIBLE ENTITIES THAT PURCHASED OPIATE ANTAGONISTS
23	THROUGH THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST BULK PURCHASE FUND PURSUANT TO
24	SECTION 25-1.5-115, INCLUDING THE AMOUNT OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS
25	PURCHASED BY EACH ELIGIBLE ENTITY AND THE REVENUE RECEIVED BY
26	THE BULK PURCHASE FUND;
27	(d) THE ELIGIBLE ENTITIES THAT RECEIVED NON-LABORATORY

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1	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-115.3
2	AND THE AMOUNT OF NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION
3	TESTS RECEIVED BY EACH ELIGIBLE ENTITY;
4	(e) THE HARM REDUCTION GRANT PROGRAM, CREATED IN SECTION
5	25-20.5-1101, INCLUDING:
6	(I) THE GRANTEES, THE USES OF EACH GRANT, THE AMOUNT OF THE
7	GRANT AWARD, THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE SERVED BY THE GRANT, AND ANY
8	AVAILABLE OUTCOME MEASURES AS A RESULT OF THE GRANT USES;
9	(II) STRATEGIES DEVELOPED AND IMPLEMENTED THROUGH THE
10	PROGRAM, IF ANY, FOR SERVING POPULATIONS WHO ARE AT A HIGHER RISK
11	OF OVERDOSE AND LIVE IN UNDERSERVED AREAS; AND
12	(III) EVIDENCE-BASED RESEARCH DEVELOPED THROUGH THE
13	PROGRAM CONCERNING BEST OR PROMISING PRACTICES IN OVERDOSE
14	PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION, HARM REDUCTION, AND
15	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT;
16	(f) Every overdose death caused by fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u> ,
17	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, OCCURRING IN A JAIL,
18	PRISON, OR RESIDENTIAL COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS FACILITY OR WHILE
19	UNDER PROBATION, PAROLE, OR PRETRIAL RELEASE;
20	(g) THE MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS CONTRACTS
21	DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-107.8 TO PROVIDE SHORT-TERM
22	RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT FOR WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT, CRISIS
23	STABILIZATION, OR MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, INCLUDING THE
24	NUMBER OF FACILITIES, THEIR LOCATION, SERVICES PROVIDED, AND THE
25	NUMBER OF PERSONS SERVED; AND
26	(h) THE TRAINING AND COORDINATION EFFORTS DEVELOPED AND
27	IMPLEMENTED BY THE MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS WITH FIRST

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1	RESPONDERS AND REFERRING ENTITIES REGARDING THE AVAILABLE
2	SERVICES TO BE UTILIZED IN LIEU OF ARREST AND TRANSPORT TO JAIL.
3	(4) The independent entity shall request all necessary
4	DATA NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE STUDY, AND EACH AGENCY OR
5	ORGANIZATION SHALL ESTABLISH ANY DATA SHARING AGREEMENT
6	NECESSARY, SUBJECT TO ALL FEDERAL AND STATE PRIVACY LAWS
7	NECESSARY TO PROTECT PRIVACY, TO SUPPORT THE STUDY.
8	(5) By December 31, 2024, the independent entity shall
9	SUBMIT A COMPLETED COMPREHENSIVE REPORT OF ITS FINDINGS
10	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION TO THE DEPARTMENT.
11	(6) By January 31, 2025, the department shall publish the
12	REPORT ON ITS WEBSITE AND SHALL SUBMIT THE REPORT TO THE
13	JUDICIARY COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE
14	SENATE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES.
15	(7) This part 14 is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
16	SECTION 35. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 14 to
17	article 20.5 of title 25 as follows:
18	PART 14
19	HOUSE BILL 22-1326 INDEPENDENT STUDY
20	25-20.5-1401. Independent study - report - repeal. (1) (a) BY
21	JANUARY 1, 2023, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONTRACT WITH AN
22	INDEPENDENT ENTITY TO CONDUCT A STUDY AND PUBLISH A REPORT
23	CONCERNING THE IMPACT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF HOUSE BILL 22-1326.
24	(b) The department shall consult with the judicial
25	DEPARTMENT, THE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION, AND OTHER
26	STAKEHOLDERS IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT IN DEVELOPING AND
27	ISSUING A REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS TO ENSURE CANDIDATES HAVE

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1	EXPERTISE IN DATA COLLECTION AND PROGRAM ANALYSIS, AND RELEVANT
2	CRIMINAL LAW AND HARM REDUCTION ISSUES.
3	(2) AT A MINIMUM, THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY SHALL IDENTIFY
4	AND REPORT FINDINGS REGARDING AVAILABLE DATA AND INFORMATION
5	FROM JULY 1, 2019, THROUGH JUNE 30, 2024, OBTAINED FROM THE
6	COLORADO JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT AND TREATMENT PROVIDERS SERVING
7	THE PROBATION POPULATION. DATA AND INFORMATION FROM CASES FILED
8	AND PRACTICES IMPLEMENTED PRIOR TO JULY 1, 2022, MUST BE INCLUDED
9	IN THE STUDY IN AN EFFORT TO ESTABLISH BASELINE INFORMATION, AS
10	NECESSARY. THE DATA AND INFORMATION MUST BE REPORTED BOTH ON
11	A STATEWIDE BASIS AND DISAGGREGATED BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT. THE
12	DATA AND INFORMATION MUST INCLUDE, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO:
13	(a) EVERY CASE WITH A CHARGE FILED PURSUANT TO SECTION
14	18-18-403.5 (2.5) FOR THE UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF FENTANYL,
15	CARFENTANIL, BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF,
16	INCLUDING:
17	(I) WHETHER A MISDEMEANOR OR FELONY CHARGE WAS FILED;
18	(II) WHETHER AN ARREST WAS MADE OR A SUMMONS WAS ISSUED
19	FOR THE CHARGE;
20	(III) WHETHER ANOTHER CRIMINAL CHARGE WAS FILED IN THE
21	CASE, AND IF SO, WHAT CHARGE;
22	(IV) THE DISPOSITION OF THE CASE, INCLUDING THE SENTENCE
23	IMPOSED;
24	(V) WHETHER THE DEFENDANT IS CURRENTLY SERVING THE
25	SENTENCE AND IF THE SENTENCE INCLUDES PROBATION SUPERVISION;
26	(VI) WHETHER THE DEFENDANT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE
27	SENTENCE, INCLUDING IF THE DEFENDANT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED AN

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1	INITIAL PROBATIONARY SENTENCE OR WHETHER PROBATION WAS REVOKED
2	AND RESULTED IN INCARCERATION IN JAIL OR PRISON;
3	(VII) IF PROBATION WAS REVOKED, WHETHER THE REVOCATION
4	WAS FOR A NEW CRIMINAL CASE OR A TECHNICAL VIOLATION;
5	(VIII) WHETHER SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT WAS ORDERED AND,
6	IF SO, WHAT TYPE, INCLUDING WHETHER THE COURT ORDERED PLACEMENT
7	IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-410
8	or <u>18-1.3-510;</u> and
9	(IX) THE RACE, GENDER, AND AGE OF THE DEFENDANT, AND
10	WHETHER THE DEFENDANT WAS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED
11	COUNSEL OR OTHERWISE DETERMINED TO BE <u>INDIGENT.</u>
12	(3) At a minimum, the independent entity shall identify
13	AND REPORT FINDINGS BASED ON AVAILABLE DATA AND INFORMATION
14	OBTAINED FROM THE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION, THE
15	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, MANAGED SERVICE
16	ORGANIZATIONS, AND OTHER APPLICABLE AGENCIES AND TREATMENT
17	PROVIDERS, REGARDING:
18	(a) THE PREVENTION AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN DEVELOPED BY
19	THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-115.5 AND THE
20	FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE BEHAVIORAL
21	HEALTH ADMINISTRATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127, INCLUDING
22	THE METHOD AND REACH OF THE CAMPAIGN AND PROGRAM;
23	(b) THE IMPLEMENTATION OF MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT
24	AND OTHER APPROPRIATE WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE BY EVERY
25	<u>JAIL;</u>
26	$\underline{\text{(c)}}$ The eligible entities that purchased opiate antagonists
27	THROUGH THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST BULK PURCHASE FUND PURSUANT TO

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1	SECTION 25-1.5-115, INCLUDING THE AMOUNT OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS
2	PURCHASED BY EACH ELIGIBLE ENTITY AND THE REVENUE RECEIVED BY
3	THE BULK PURCHASE FUND;
4	(d) THE ELIGIBLE ENTITIES THAT RECEIVED NON-LABORATORY
5	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-115.3
6	AND THE AMOUNT OF NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION
7	TESTS RECEIVED BY EACH ELIGIBLE ENTITY;
8	(e) THE HARM REDUCTION GRANT PROGRAM, CREATED IN SECTION
9	25-20.5-1101, INCLUDING:
10	(I) THE GRANTEES, THE USES OF EACH GRANT, THE AMOUNT OF THE
11	GRANT AWARD, THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE SERVED BY THE GRANT, AND ANY
12	AVAILABLE OUTCOME MEASURES AS A RESULT OF THE GRANT USES;
13	(II) STRATEGIES DEVELOPED AND IMPLEMENTED THROUGH THE
14	PROGRAM, IF ANY, FOR SERVING POPULATIONS WHO ARE AT A HIGHER RISK
15	OF OVERDOSE AND LIVE IN UNDERSERVED AREAS; AND
16	(III) EVIDENCE-BASED RESEARCH DEVELOPED THROUGH THE
17	PROGRAM CONCERNING BEST OR PROMISING PRACTICES IN OVERDOSE
18	PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION, HARM REDUCTION, AND
19	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT;
20	(f) Every overdose death caused by fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u>
21	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIATE, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, OCCURRING IN A JAIL,
22	PRISON, OR RESIDENTIAL COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS FACILITY OR WHILE
23	UNDER PROBATION, PAROLE, OR PRETRIAL RELEASE;
24	(g) THE MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION CONTRACTS
25	DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-107.8 TO PROVIDE SHORT-TERM
26	RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT FOR WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT, CRISIS
27	STABILIZATION, OR MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, INCLUDING THE

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1	NUMBER OF FACILITIES, THEIR LOCATION, SERVICES PROVIDED, AND THE
2	NUMBER OF PERSONS SERVED; AND
3	(h) THE TRAINING AND COORDINATION EFFORTS DEVELOPED AND
4	IMPLEMENTED BETWEEN MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS, FIRST
5	RESPONDERS, AND REFERRING ENTITIES REGARDING THE AVAILABLE
6	SERVICES TO BE UTILIZED IN LIEU OF ARREST AND TRANSPORT TO JAIL.
7	(4) The independent entity shall request all necessary
8	DATA NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE STUDY, AND EACH AGENCY OR
9	ORGANIZATION SHALL ESTABLISH ANY DATA-SHARING AGREEMENT
10	NECESSARY, SUBJECT TO ALL FEDERAL AND STATE PRIVACY LAWS
11	NECESSARY TO PROTECT PRIVACY, TO SUPPORT THE STUDY.
12	(5) By December 31, 2024, the independent entity shall
13	SUBMIT A COMPLETED COMPREHENSIVE REPORT OF ITS FINDINGS
14	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION TO THE DEPARTMENT.
15	$(\underline{6})$ By January 31, 2025, the department shall publish the
16	REPORT ON ITS WEBSITE AND SHALL SUBMIT THE REPORT TO THE
17	JUDICIARY COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE
18	SENATE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES.
19	(7) This part 14 is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
20	SECTION 36. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-107.8 as
21	follows:
22	27-80-107.8. Withdrawal management and crisis service
23	expansion - appropriation. (1) ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2023, EACH
24	MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION SHALL:
25	(a) CONTRACT TO PROVIDE SHORT-TERM RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT
26	FOR WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT, CRISIS STABILIZATION, OR
27	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT FOR PERSONS IN IMMEDIATE NEED OF

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1	DETOXIFICATION AND STABILIZATION SERVICES, WITH A PROVIDER WHO IS
2	LICENSED BY THE STATE OF COLORADO TO PROVIDE THOSE SERVICES.
3	(b) DEVELOP A PAYMENT SCHEDULE THAT INCLUDES ADMISSION
4	AND SERVICE RATES FROM THE MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION TO THE
5	PROVIDER, AND ORGANIZATIONAL FUNDING FOR TRAINING AND
6	COORDINATION WITH FIRST RESPONDERS OR REFERRING ENTITIES; AND
7	(c) PROVIDE TRAINING TO, AND ONGOING COORDINATION WITH,
8	FIRST RESPONDERS OR REFERRING ENTITIES CONCERNING THE AVAILABLE
9	SERVICES TO BE UTILIZED IN LIEU OF ARREST AND TRANSPORT TO JAIL, TO
10	THE GREATEST EXTENT POSSIBLE.
11	(2) FOR THE 2022-23 STATE FISCAL YEAR, THE GENERAL
12	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE TEN MILLION DOLLARS TO THE OFFICE OF
13	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH TO BE DISTRIBUTED TO MANAGED SERVICE
14	ORGANIZATIONS FOR THE PURPOSE OF IMPLEMENTING THIS SECTION. ANY
15	UNEXPENDED MONEY REMAINING AT THE END OF THE 2022-23 STATE
16	FISCAL YEAR FROM THIS APPROPRIATION:
17	(a) Does not revert to the general fund or any other
18	FUND;
19	(b) MAY BE USED BY THE OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH IN THE
20	2023-24 OR 2024-25 STATE FISCAL YEARS WITHOUT FURTHER
21	APPROPRIATION; AND
22	(c) Must not be used for any other purpose other than the
23	PURPOSES SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION.
24	SECTION 37. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-107.8 as
25	follows:
26	27-80-107.8. Withdrawal management and crisis service
2.7	expansion - appropriation. (1) ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2023, EACH

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1	MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION SHALL:
2	(a) CONTRACT TO PROVIDE SHORT-TERM RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT
3	FOR WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT, CRISIS STABILIZATION, OR
4	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT FOR PERSONS IN IMMEDIATE NEED OF
5	DETOXIFICATION AND STABILIZATION SERVICES, WITH A PROVIDER WHO IS
6	LICENSED BY THE STATE OF COLORADO TO PROVIDE THOSE SERVICES.
7	(b) DEVELOP A PAYMENT SCHEDULE THAT INCLUDES ADMISSION
8	AND SERVICE RATES FROM THE MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION TO THE
9	PROVIDER, AND ORGANIZATIONAL FUNDING FOR TRAINING AND
10	COORDINATION WITH FIRST RESPONDERS OR REFERRING ENTITIES; AND
11	(c) PROVIDE TRAINING TO, AND ONGOING COORDINATION WITH,
12	FIRST RESPONDERS OR REFERRING ENTITIES CONCERNING THE AVAILABLE
13	SERVICES TO BE UTILIZED IN LIEU OF ARREST AND TRANSPORT TO JAIL, TO
14	THE GREATEST EXTENT POSSIBLE.
15	(2) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, the general
16	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE TEN MILLION DOLLARS TO THE
17	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION TO BE DISTRIBUTED TO MANAGED
18	SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS FOR THE PURPOSE OF IMPLEMENTING THIS
19	SECTION. ANY UNEXPENDED MONEY REMAINING AT THE END OF THE
20	2022-23 STATE FISCAL YEAR FROM THIS APPROPRIATION:
21	(a) Does not revert to the general fund or any other
22	FUND;
23	(b) MAY BE USED BY THE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION
24	IN THE 2023-24 OR 2024-25 STATE FISCAL YEARS WITHOUT FURTHER
25	APPROPRIATION; AND
26	(c) MUST NOT BE USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE OTHER THAN THE
27	PURPOSES SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION.

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1	SECTION 38. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 24-33.5-525 as
2	follows:
3	24-33.5-525. Synthetic opiate poisoning investigation and
4	distribution interdiction grant program - creation - duties - rules -
5	reports - appropriation - definition - repeal. (1) There is created in
6	THE DIVISION THE SYNTHETIC OPIATE POISONING INVESTIGATION AND
7	DISTRIBUTION INTERDICTION GRANT PROGRAM, REFERRED TO IN THIS
8	SECTION AS THE "GRANT PROGRAM", TO PROVIDE GRANTS TO LAW
9	ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES FOR THE PURPOSE OF INVESTIGATING DEATHS
10	CAUSED BY SYNTHETIC OPIATE POISONING AND DISRUPTING SYNTHETIC
11	OPIATE SUPPLIES.
12	(2) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY APPLY FOR A GRANT FOR
13	THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES ONLY:
14	(a) Investigating deaths and serious injuries caused by
15	ILLEGAL SYNTHETIC OPIATE POISONING;
16	(b) INVESTIGATING, ENFORCING, AND PROSECUTING SYNTHETIC
17	OPIATE IMPORTATION AND HIGH-LEVEL DISTRIBUTION NETWORKS.
18	INCLUDING MULTIJURISDICTIONAL AND MULTISTATE INVESTIGATIONS AND
19	ENFORCEMENT OPERATIONS, TO REDUCE THE SUPPLY OF ILLEGAL
20	SYNTHETIC OPIATES AND PRECURSOR CHEMICALS IN COLORADO;
21	(c) TECHNOLOGY, EQUIPMENT, AND TRAINING TO ENHANCE
22	INTELLIGENCE, INFORMATION-SHARING CAPABILITIES, AND INTERAGENCY
23	COLLABORATION AMONG FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT
24	PARTNERS REGARDING SYNTHETIC OPIATE IMPORTATION AND HIGH-LEVEL
25	DISTRIBUTION NETWORKS; AND
26	(d) Analyzing emergent trends in markets, including the
27	USE OF THE POSTAL SERVICE, PRIVATE COURIER, COMMERCIAL CARGO, AND

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1	THE INTERNET, FOR THE IMPORT AND DISTRIBUTION OF ILLEGAL SYNTHETIC
2	OPIATES THROUGH A SYSTEMATIC AND STANDARDIZED APPROACH,
3	INCLUDING THE USE OF NOVEL, HIGH-FREQUENCY, AND REAL-TIME
4	SYSTEMS TO ENHANCE MARKET SURVEILLANCE.
5	(3) (a) SUBJECT TO AVAILABLE APPROPRIATIONS, GIFTS, GRANTS,
6	OR DONATIONS, THE DIVISION SHALL ADMINISTER THE GRANT PROGRAM
7	AND SHALL AWARD GRANTS AS PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION.
8	(b) THE DIVISION MAY SEEK, ACCEPT, AND EXPEND GIFTS, GRANTS,
9	OR DONATIONS FROM PRIVATE OR PUBLIC SOURCES FOR THE PURPOSES OF
10	THIS SECTION.
11	(4) The division may promulgate such rules as may be
12	NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT THE GRANT PROGRAM, INCLUDING RULES
13	CONCERNING REQUIRED PERFORMANCE METRICS, DATA COLLECTION, AND
14	OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION THAT GRANTEES ARE REQUIRED TO
15	REPORT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5) OF THIS SECTION.
16	(5) (a) On or before August 1, 2023, and on or before
17	AUGUST 1 EACH YEAR THEREAFTER, EACH GRANT RECIPIENT THAT
18	RECEIVED A GRANT THROUGH THE GRANT PROGRAM IN THE PRECEDING
19	STATE FISCAL YEAR SHALL SUBMIT A NARRATIVE AND FINANCIAL REPORT
20	OF GRANT EXPENSES TO THE DIVISION IN A FORMAT REQUIRED BY THE
21	DIVISION. AT A MINIMUM, THE REPORT MUST INCLUDE A DESCRIPTION OF
22	THE USES OF THE GRANT MONEY, INCLUDING METRICS, DATA, AND OTHER
23	RELEVANT INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE DIVISION, DURING THE
24	APPLICABLE GRANT TERM. THE DIVISION MAY PROMULGATE RULES
25	REGARDING REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, INCLUDING ADDITIONAL
26	INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED IN THE REPORT.
2.7	(b) On or before December 1, 2023, and on or before

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1	DECEMBER I EACH YEAR THEREAFTER FOR THE DURATION OF THE GRANT
2	PROGRAM, THE DIVISION SHALL SUBMIT A SUMMARIZED REPORT TO THE
3	JUDICIARY COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE
4	SENATE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES. AT A MINIMUM, THE REPORT
5	MUST INCLUDE THE INFORMATION PROVIDED BY GRANT RECIPIENTS TO THE
6	DIVISION PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (5).
7	(6) THE DIVISION SHALL CONSULT THE P.O.S.T. BOARD DIRECTOR,
8	OR THE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE, AND THE DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL OF
9	THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW,
10	CREATED IN SECTION 24-31-102 (2), CONCERNING THE IMPLEMENTATION
11	OF THIS SECTION, INCLUDING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR POTENTIAL GRANT
12	RECIPIENTS AND EXPENDITURES.
13	(7) THE DIVISION SHALL CONSULT THE OPIOID CRISIS RECOVERY
14	FUNDS ADVISORY COMMITTEE, CREATED IN SECTION 27-81-118,
15	CONCERNING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS SECTION, INCLUDING
16	RECOMMENDATIONS FOR POTENTIAL GRANT RECIPIENTS AND
17	EXPENDITURES, AND ASSISTANCE SEEKING GIFTS, GRANTS, AND
18	DONATIONS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION.
19	(8) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise
20	REQUIRES, "LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY" HAS THE SAME MEANING SET
21	FORTH IN SECTION 24-32-124 (1)(e), AND INCLUDES A DISTRICT
22	ATTORNEY'S OFFICE, A MULTIJURISDICTIONAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TASK
23	FORCE THAT INCLUDES A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY AS DEFINED BY
24	SECTION 24-32-124 (1)(e), OR A POLICE DEPARTMENT FOR A PRIVATE OR
25	STATE INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.
26	(9) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2026.
27	SECTION 39. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 24-31-115 as

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1	<u>follows:</u>
2	24-31-115. Online fentanyl trafficking - study - report
3	appropriation - repeal. (1) The attorney general shall study the
4	USE OF THE INTERNET, INCLUDING RETAIL, PAYMENT, AND SOCIAL MEDIA
5	PLATFORMS, FOR THE PURPOSE OF TRAFFICKING FENTANYL, FENTANYL
6	ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND
7	COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.
8	(2) THE STUDY MUST, AT A MINIMUM:
9	(a) Examine the prevalence of the availability and
10	ACCESSIBILITY FOR FENTANYL, FENTANYL ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS
11	THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS
12	THROUGH THE INTERNET;
13	(b) Identify website policies and practices intended to
14	PREVENT THE USE OF THE WEBSITE FOR TRAFFICKING FENTANYL
15	FENTANYL ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND
16	COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS;
17	(c) Identify laws implemented by other states or this
18	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT INTENDED TO PREVENT THE USE OF THE INTERNET
19	FOR TRAFFICKING FENTANYL, FENTANYL ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS
20	THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS
21	AND
22	(d) Examine any other relevant data, information, of
23	RESOURCES, AS DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW
24	CONCERNING THE USE OF THE INTERNET FOR TRAFFICKING FENTANYL
25	FENTANYL ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, ANI
26	COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.
27	(3) By March 1, 2023, the attorney general shall complete

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1	AND PUBLISH A REPORT OF ITS FINDINGS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF
2	THIS SECTION. THE REPORT MUST ALSO INCLUDE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR
3	POTENTIAL STATE LEGISLATION:
4	(a) To prevent the use of the internet for trafficking.
5	DISTRIBUTING, OR SUPPLYING FENTANYL, FENTANYL ANALOGS OR
6	COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND COUNTERFEIT
7	PRESCRIPTION DRUGS;
8	(b) CONCERNING CRIMINAL AND CIVIL LIABILITY FOR THE USE OF
9	THE INTERNET FOR TRAFFICKING, DISTRIBUTING, OR SUPPLYING FENTANYL.
10	FENTANYL ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND
11	COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS;
12	(c) REGARDING CONSUMER REPORTING MECHANISMS FOR
13	REPORTING TO LAW ENFORCEMENT OR THE ONLINE PLATFORM THE USE OF
14	A WEBSITE OR ONLINE ACCOUNT FOR TRAFFICKING FENTANYL, FENTANYL
15	ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND
16	COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS; AND
17	(d) REGARDING ANY OTHER PUBLIC POLICY CHANGES NECESSARY
18	TO REDUCE OR ELIMINATE THE USE THE INTERNET FOR TRAFFICKING.
19	DISTRIBUTING, OR SUPPLYING FENTANYL, FENTANYL ANALOGS OR
20	COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND COUNTERFEIT
21	PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.
22	(4) The attorney general shall invite the United States
23	ATTORNEY FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLORADO TO COLLABORATE, CONSULT.
24	OR PROVIDE ANY AVAILABLE ASSISTANCE IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THE
25	ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DUTIES PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
26	(5) By March 1, 2023, the attorney general shall submit
27	THE COMPLETED REPORT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION

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1	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEES,
2	OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES.
3	(6) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, the general
4	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND
5	DOLLARS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS
6	<u>SECTION.</u>
7	(7) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2023.
8	SECTION 40. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-204, amend
9	(2)(b)(V) as follows:
10	18-18-204. Schedule II. (2) Unless specifically excepted by
11	Colorado or federal law or Colorado or federal regulation or more
12	specifically included in another schedule, the following controlled
13	substances are listed in schedule II:
14	(b) Any of the following synthetic opiates, including any isomers,
15	esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers of them that
16	are theoretically possible within the specific chemical designation:
17	(V) Carfentanal CARFENTANIL;
18	SECTION 41. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-60-114 as
19	<u>follows:</u>
20	27-60-114. Study of health effects of felonizing fentanyl
21	possession - repeal. (1) No Later than November 1, 2022, the office
22	SHALL CONTRACT WITH AN INDEPENDENT NONPROFIT OR EDUCATIONAL
23	ENTITY THAT HAS EXPERTISE IN CLINICAL EPIDEMIOLOGY, BIOSTATISTICS,
24	SUBSTANCE USE AND ADDICTION, DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS, AND,
25	IF POSSIBLE, THE INTERSECTION BETWEEN THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM
26	AND SUBSTANCE USE, TO CONDUCT AN INDEPENDENT STUDY OF THE
27	HEALTH EFFECTS OF CRIMINAL PENALTIES PURSUANT TO CHANGES TO

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1	SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5) IN HOUSE BILL 22-1326, ENACTED IN 2022. AT
2	A MINIMUM, THE STUDY MUST ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING:
3	(a) Whether the penalties pursuant to section 18-18-403.5
4	<u>(2.5):</u>
5	(I) DECREASED OR INCREASED FENTANYL-RELATED OVERDOSES,
6	BOTH FATAL AND NONFATAL, AMONG INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A
7	FELONY COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH MISDEMEANOR
8	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS
9	WITH OPIATE MISUSE OR USE DISORDER NOT CHARGED WITH CRIMINAL
10	POSSESSION OF OPIATES; AND
11	(II) INCREASED OR DECREASED INITIATION AND RETENTION OF
12	EVIDENCE-BASED, EFFECTIVE TREATMENT FOR INDIVIDUALS CHARGED
13	WITH AN OPIATE USE DISORDER AMONG INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A
14	FELONY COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH MISDEMEANOR
15	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS
16	WITH OPIATE MISUSE OR USE DISORDER WHO WERE NOT CHARGED WITH
17	<u>CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF OPIATES;</u>
18	(b) DIFFERENTIAL HEALTH OUTCOMES FOR INDIVIDUALS BASED ON
19	THE INDIVIDUAL'S RACE, GENDER, ETHNICITY, AGE, ECONOMIC STATUS,
20	PREGNANCY OR POSTPARTUM STATUS, OR HOUSING STATUS, FOR
21	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A FELONY PURSUANT TO SECTION
22	18-18-403.5 (2.5), COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A
23	MISDEMEANOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED
24	TO INDIVIDUALS WITH OPIATE MISUSE OR USE DISORDERS WHO WERE NOT
25	CHARGED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5). DIFFERENTIAL
26	HEALTH OUTCOMES TO CONSIDER INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO,
27	FATAL AND NONFATAL OVERDOSES AND INITIATION AND RETENTION ON

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1	MEDICATIONS FOR OPIATE USE DISORDER.
2	(c) Whether effective, evidence-based treatment for
3	OPIATE USE DISORDER IN THE GENERAL POPULATION DIMINISHED IN
4	QUALITY OR QUANTITY AS A RESULT OF INDIVIDUALS ORDERED BY THE
5	COURT INTO TREATMENT BASED ON CHARGES BROUGHT PURSUANT TO
6	<u>SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5); AND</u>
7	(d) Whether Penalties Pursuant to Section 18-18-403.5 (2.5)
8	IMPACT THE LIKELIHOOD OF INDIVIDUALS ADDICTED TO FENTANYL TO
9	SEEK OR RECEIVE TREATMENT, PROVIDE HELP TO ANOTHER PERSON IN THE
10	CASE OF AN OVERDOSE, OR UTILIZE NALOXONE, NON-LABORATORY
11	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND OTHER HARM REDUCTION
12	RESOURCES.
13	(2) (a) The office shall make reasonable efforts to provide
14	NECESSARY DATA REQUESTED BY THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY TO COMPLETE
15	THE STUDY REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION. THE
16	OFFICE SHALL ESTABLISH A DATA-SHARING AGREEMENT WITH, AT A
17	MINIMUM, THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, THE
18	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CARE POLICY AND FINANCING, THE JUDICIAL
19	DEPARTMENT, THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS, THE DEPARTMENT OF
20	REGULATORY AGENCIES, AND, IF FEASIBLE, COUNTY SHERIFFS AND
21	COUNTY CORONERS, TO PROVIDE DATA TO THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY
22	INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
23	(I) ALL REASONABLY AVAILABLE CRIMINAL JUSTICE DATA
24	REQUESTED BY THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY;
25	(II) OPIATE OVERDOSE DEATH RECORDS, INCLUDING TOXICOLOGY
26	REPORTS, IF AVAILABLE;
2.7	(III) Prescription data for medication for opiate use

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1	DISORDER, INCLUDING FOR INDIVIDUALS IN JAIL OR PRISON CHARGED
2	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5);
3	(IV) ENCOUNTERS WITH EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES
4	PROVIDERS, LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, OR HEALTH-CARE FACILITIES
5	FOR FATAL AND NONFATAL FENTANYL OR OTHER OPIATE-RELATED
6	OVERDOSE; AND
7	(V) AVAILABLE INFORMATION REGARDING THE HISTORY OF
8	OVERDOSE, INCARCERATION, AND SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT FOR
9	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5),
10	INCLUDING WHETHER THE INDIVIDUAL HAS SOUGHT AND BEEN DENIED
11	ON-DEMAND TREATMENT.
12	(b) The independent entity may perform a qualitative
13	ASSESSMENT BY, AT A MINIMUM, CONDUCTING FOCUS GROUPS OR
14	INTERVIEWS WITH A REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE OF INDIVIDUALS WHO USE
15	DRUGS AND SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER CARE PROVIDERS AND HARM
16	REDUCTION PROVIDERS ACROSS THE STATE AND CONTINUUM.
17	(c) No later than December 31, 2024, the independent
18	ENTITY SHALL SUBMIT A COMPREHENSIVE REPORT OF THE ENTITY'S
19	FINDINGS TO THE OFFICE.
20	(d) No later than January 31, 2025, the office shall
21	PUBLISH THE REPORT ON THE OFFICE'S WEBSITE AND SUBMIT THE REPORT
22	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, THE HOUSE
23	OF REPRESENTATIVES PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND HUMAN
24	SERVICES COMMITTEE, THE SENATE HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
25	COMMITTEE, AND THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, OR THEIR
26	SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES.
27	(3) The costs associated with performing the study

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2	TREATMENT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 18-19-103 (4).
3	(4) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
4	SECTION 42. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-19-103, amend
5	(5)(c)(VI) and (5)(c)(VII); and add (5)(c)(VIII) as follows:
6	18-19-103. Source of revenues - allocation of money - repeal.
7	(5) (c) The board may direct that money in the correctional treatment
8	cash fund may be used for the following purposes:
9	(VI) Recovery support services, including offender reentry; and
10	(VII) Administrative support to the correctional treatment board
11	including, but not limited to, facilitating and coordinating data collection,
12	conducting data analysis, developing contracts, preparing reports,
13	scheduling and staffing board and subcommittee meetings, and engaging
14	in budget planning and analysis; AND
15	(VIII) (A) THE STUDY OF HEALTH EFFECTS OF FELONIZING
16	FENTANYL POSSESSION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-60-114.
17	(B) This subsection (5)(c)(VIII) is repealed, effective July
18	<u>1, 2025.</u>
19	SECTION 43. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-50-802, as
20	part 8 of article 50 of title 27 as added by House Bill 22-1278, as
21	<u>follows:</u>
22	27-50-802. Study of health effects of felonizing fentanyl
23	possession - repeal. (1) No later than November 1, 2022, the BHA
24	SHALL CONTRACT WITH AN INDEPENDENT NONPROFIT OR EDUCATIONAL
25	ENTITY THAT HAS EXPERTISE IN CLINICAL EPIDEMIOLOGY, BIOSTATISTICS,
26	SUBSTANCE USE AND ADDICTION, DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS, AND,
27	IF POSSIBLE, THE INTERSECTION BETWEEN THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM

PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL

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1	AND SUBSTANCE USE, TO CONDUCT AN INDEPENDENT STUDY OF THE
2	HEALTH EFFECTS OF CRIMINAL PENALTIES PURSUANT TO CHANGES TO
3	SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5) IN HOUSE BILL 22-1326, ENACTED IN 2022. AT
4	A MINIMUM, THE STUDY MUST ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING:
5	(a) Whether the Penalties pursuant to Section 18-18-403.5
6	<u>(2.5):</u>
7	(I) DECREASED OR INCREASED FENTANYL-RELATED OVERDOSES,
8	BOTH FATAL AND NONFATAL, AMONG INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A
9	FELONY COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH MISDEMEANOR
10	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS
11	WITH OPIATE MISUSE OR USE DISORDER NOT CHARGED WITH CRIMINAL
12	POSSESSION OF OPIATES; AND
13	(II) INCREASED OR DECREASED INITIATION AND RETENTION OF
14	EVIDENCE-BASED, EFFECTIVE TREATMENT FOR INDIVIDUALS CHARGED
15	WITH AN OPIATE USE DISORDER AMONG INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A
16	FELONY COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH MISDEMEANOR
17	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS
18	WITH OPIATE MISUSE OR USE DISORDER WHO WERE NOT CHARGED WITH
19	CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF OPIATES;
20	(b) DIFFERENTIAL HEALTH OUTCOMES FOR INDIVIDUALS BASED ON
21	THE INDIVIDUAL'S RACE, GENDER, ETHNICITY, AGE, ECONOMIC STATUS,
22	PREGNANCY OR POSTPARTUM STATUS, OR HOUSING STATUS, FOR
23	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A FELONY PURSUANT TO SECTION
24	18-18-403.5 (2.5), COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A
25	MISDEMEANOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED
26	TO INDIVIDUALS WITH OPIATE MISUSE OR USE DISORDERS WHO WERE NOT
27	CHARGED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5). DIFFERENTIAL

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1	HEALTH OUTCOMES TO CONSIDER INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO,
2	FATAL AND NONFATAL OVERDOSES AND INITIATION AND RETENTION ON
3	MEDICATIONS FOR OPIATE USE DISORDER.
4	(c) Whether effective, evidence-based treatment for
5	OPIATE USE DISORDER IN THE GENERAL POPULATION DIMINISHED IN
6	QUALITY OR QUANTITY AS A RESULT OF INDIVIDUALS ORDERED BY THE
7	COURT INTO TREATMENT BASED ON CHARGES BROUGHT PURSUANT TO
8	SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5); AND
9	(d) Whether Penalties Pursuant to Section 18-18-403.5(2.5)
10	IMPACT THE LIKELIHOOD OF INDIVIDUALS ADDICTED TO FENTANYL TO
11	SEEK OR RECEIVE TREATMENT, PROVIDE HELP TO ANOTHER PERSON IN THE
12	CASE OF AN OVERDOSE, OR UTILIZE NALOXONE, NON-LABORATORY
13	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND OTHER HARM REDUCTION
14	RESOURCES.
15	(2) (a) THE BHA SHALL MAKE REASONABLE EFFORTS TO PROVIDE
16	NECESSARY DATA REQUESTED BY THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY TO COMPLETE
17	THE STUDY REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION. THE
18	BHA SHALL ESTABLISH A DATA-SHARING AGREEMENT WITH, AT A
19	MINIMUM, THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, THE
20	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CARE POLICY AND FINANCING, THE JUDICIAL
21	DEPARTMENT, THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS, THE DEPARTMENT OF
22	REGULATORY AGENCIES, AND, IF FEASIBLE, COUNTY SHERIFFS AND
23	COUNTY CORONERS, TO PROVIDE DATA TO THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY
24	INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
25	(I) ALL REASONABLY AVAILABLE CRIMINAL JUSTICE DATA
26	REQUESTED BY THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY;
2.7	(II) OPIATE OVERDOSE DEATH RECORDS INCLUDING TOXICOLOGY

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1	REPORTS, IF AVAILABLE;
2	(III) PRESCRIPTION DATA FOR MEDICATION FOR OPIATE USE
3	DISORDER, INCLUDING FOR INDIVIDUALS IN JAIL OR PRISON CHARGED
4	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5);
5	(IV) ENCOUNTERS WITH EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES
6	PROVIDERS, LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, OR HEALTH-CARE FACILITIES
7	FOR FATAL AND NONFATAL FENTANYL OR OTHER OPIATE-RELATED
8	OVERDOSE; AND
9	(V) AVAILABLE INFORMATION REGARDING THE HISTORY OF
10	OVERDOSE, INCARCERATION, AND SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT FOR
11	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5),
12	INCLUDING WHETHER THE INDIVIDUAL HAS SOUGHT AND BEEN DENIED
13	ON-DEMAND TREATMENT.
14	(b) The independent entity may perform a qualitative
15	ASSESSMENT BY, AT A MINIMUM, CONDUCTING FOCUS GROUPS OR
16	INTERVIEWS WITH A REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE OF INDIVIDUALS WHO USE
17	DRUGS AND SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER CARE PROVIDERS AND HARM
18	REDUCTION PROVIDERS ACROSS THE STATE AND CONTINUUM.
19	(c) No later than December 31, 2024, the independent
20	ENTITY SHALL SUBMIT A COMPREHENSIVE REPORT OF THE ENTITY'S
21	FINDINGS TO THE BHA.
22	(d) No later than January 31, 2025, the BHA shall publish
23	THE REPORT ON THE BHA'S WEBSITE AND SUBMIT THE REPORT TO THE
24	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, THE HOUSE OF
25	REPRESENTATIVES PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND HUMAN
26	SERVICES COMMITTEE, THE SENATE HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
27	COMMITTEE, AND THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, OR THEIR

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1	SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, AS PART OF ITS "STATE MEASUREMENT FOR
2	ACCOUNTABLE, RESPONSIVE, AND TRANSPARENT (SMART)
3	GOVERNMENT ACT" PRESENTATION REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION
4	<u>2-7-203.</u>
5	(3) The costs associated with performing the study
6	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
7	TREATMENT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 18-19-103 (4).
8	(4) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
9	SECTION 44. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-19-103, amend
10	(5)(c)(VI) and (5)(c)(VII); and add (5)(c)(VIII) as follows:
11	18-19-103. Source of revenues - allocation of money - repeal.
12	(5) (c) The board may direct that money in the correctional treatment
13	cash fund may be used for the following purposes:
14	(VI) Recovery support services, including offender reentry; and
15	(VII) Administrative support to the correctional treatment board
16	including, but not limited to, facilitating and coordinating data collection,
17	conducting data analysis, developing contracts, preparing reports,
18	scheduling and staffing board and subcommittee meetings, and engaging
19	in budget planning and analysis; AND
20	(VIII) (A) THE STUDY OF HEALTH EFFECTS OF FELONIZING
21	FENTANYL POSSESSION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-50-802.
22	(B) This subsection (5)(c)(VIII) is repealed, effective July
23	<u>1, 2025.</u>
24	SECTION 45. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-26-104.9,
25	amend (1), (2), and (3); and add (1.5) and (4) as follows:
26	17-26-104.9. Opioid treatment for a person in custody -
27	definitions - repeal. (1) (a) A facility, whether operated by a

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1	governmental entity or private contractor, may make available opioid
2	agonists and opioid antagonists to a person in custody with an opioid use
3	disorder. The facility is strongly encouraged to maintain the treatment of
4	the person throughout the duration of the person's incarceration, as
5	medically necessary.
6	(b) This subsection (1) is repealed effective July 1, 2023.
7	(1.5) By July 1, 2023, a facility, whether operated by a
8	GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY OR PRIVATE CONTRACTOR, SHALL PROVIDE
9	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, AND OTHER APPROPRIATE
10	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE TO A PERSON WITH A SUBSTANCE USE
11	DISORDER THROUGH THE DURATION OF THE PERSON'S INCARCERATION, AS
12	MEDICALLY NECESSARY. AT A MINIMUM:
13	(a) THE FACILITY SHALL OFFER OPIATE AGONIST TREATMENT TO A
14	PERSON IN CUSTODY WITH AN OPIATE USE DISORDER AT INTAKE TO THE
15	FACILITY OR AT THE REQUEST OF THE PERSON IN CUSTODY. THE FACILITY
16	SHALL ONLY OFFER OPIATE ANTAGONIST TREATMENT FOR OPIATE USE
17	DISORDER WHEN SPECIFICALLY REQUESTED BY THE PERSON OR WHEN
18	MEDICALLY NECESSARY.
19	(b) THE FACILITY SHALL PERFORM A NON-MEDICAL EVALUATION
20	OF THE PERSON UPON ENTRY INTO CUSTODY AT THE FACILITY FOR
21	SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER.
22	(c) If the person indicates that the person has a substance
23	USE DISORDER, OR THE NON-MEDICAL EVALUATION PERFORMED PURSUANT
24	TO SUBSECTION (1.5)(b) INDICATES THAT THE PERSON MAY HAVE A
25	SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER, THE FACILITY SHALL REFER THE PERSON TO
26	THE FACILITY'S MEDICAL PROVIDER FOR AN EVALUATION, AND
27	SUBSEQUENT DIAGNOSIS, PRESCRIPTION, OR INDUCTION OF AN OPIATE

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1	AGONIST, AS MEDICALLY APPROPRIATE.
2	(d) THE FACILITY SHALL MAKE AVAILABLE DAILY A QUALIFIED
3	MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION PERSONNEL.
4	(e) If an individual is admitted to the jail and has a
5	PRESCRIPTION FOR MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, THE JAIL SHALL
6	CONTINUE THE MEDICATION WITHOUT DELAY.
7	(2) Qualified medication administration personnel may, in
8	accordance with a written physician's order, administer opioid agonists
9	and opioid antagonists pursuant to subsection (1) AND (1.5) of this
10	section.
11	(3) A facility may contract with community-based health
12	providers, LOCAL PROVIDERS, OR MOBILE UNIT PROVIDERS for the
13	implementation of this section.
14	(4) The jail shall provide the individual with a referral to
15	A SUBSTANCE USE PROVIDER WITH THE CAPABILITY TO CONTINUE THE
16	INDIVIDUAL'S MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT AND THE CARE
17	COORDINATION INFRASTRUCTURE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 27-60-204 UPON
18	RELEASE FROM CUSTODY.
19	SECTION 46. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-60-106.7 as
20	<u>follows:</u>
21	27-60-106.7. Technical assistance to jails - appropriation -
22	repeal. (1) The office of behavioral health shall provide
23	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO FACILITIES IN MEETING THEIR REQUIREMENTS
24	PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-26-104.9 (1.5). TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE
25	INCLUDES DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF
26	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, APPROVAL OF PRESCRIBERS BY THE
27	United States drug enforcement agency, and other appropriate

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1	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE, AND ASSISTANCE WITH IDENTIFYING
2	BULK PURCHASING OPPORTUNITIES FOR NECESSARY SERVICES.
3	(2) (a) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, the general
4	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE THREE MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE
5	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND MENTAL HEALTH CASH FUND, CREATED IN
6	SECTION 24-75-230, TO THE OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH FOR THE
7	PURPOSE OF PROVIDING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO JAILS WITH MEETING
8	THEIR REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-26-104.9.
9	(b) This subsection (2) is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
0	SECTION 47. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-50-802, as
1	part 8 of article 50 of title 27 as added by House Bill 22-1278, as
12	<u>follows:</u>
3	27-50-802. Technical assistance to jails - appropriation -
.4	repeal. (1) The Behavioral Health administration shall provide
15	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO FACILITIES IN MEETING THEIR REQUIREMENTS
16	PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-26-104.9 (1.5). TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE
17	INCLUDES DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF
18	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, APPROVAL OF PRESCRIBERS BY THE
19	UNITED STATES DRUG ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, AND OTHER APPROPRIATE
20	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE, AND ASSISTANCE WITH IDENTIFYING
21	BULK PURCHASING OPPORTUNITIES FOR NECESSARY SERVICES.
22	(2) (a) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, the general
23	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE THREE MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE
24	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND MENTAL HEALTH CASH FUND, CREATED IN
25	SECTION 24-75-230, TO THE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION FOR
26	THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO JAILS WITH
27	MEETING THEIR REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-26-104.9.

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(b) This subsection (2) is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
SECTION 48. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 14 to
article 20.5 of title 25 as follows:
<u>PART 14</u>
OVERDOSE DETECTION MAPPING APPLICATION PROGRAM
25-20.5-1401. Overdose detection mapping application
program. On or before July 1, 2023, the department shall require
EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDERS, CORONERS, EVERY STATE OR
LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY AND SHERIFF'S OFFICE IN THE STATE,
AND EMERGENCY DEPARTMENTS TO PARTICIPATE IN THE OVERDOSE
DETECTION MAPPING APPLICATION PROGRAM TO REPORT INCIDENCES OF
FATAL AND NON-FATAL DRUG OVERDOSES AND SYNTHETIC OPIATE
POISONINGS. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY LAW TO THE CONTRARY, LAW
ENFORCEMENT SHALL NOT USE THE OVERDOSE DETECTION MAPPING
APPLICATION PROGRAM FOR WELFARE CHECKS, WARRANT CHECKS, OR
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS.
SECTION 49. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-60-114 as
<u>follows:</u>
27-60-115. Colorado overdose prevention review committee -
creation - duties - repeal. (1) On July 1, 2024, the Colorado
OVERDOSE PREVENTION REVIEW COMMITTEE IS CREATED IN THE OFFICE,
REFERRED TO IN THIS SECTION AS THE "COMMITTEE", FOR THE PURPOSE OF:
(a) REVIEWING SPECIFIC CASES OF NON-FATAL AND FATAL
DRUG-RELATED OVERDOSES THAT OCCUR IN COLORADO;
(b) Identifying the causes of overdoses and
OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATH AND CONDUCTING A REVIEW OF OTHER
FACTORS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, HOUSING STATUS OR CRIMINAL

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1	JUSTICE INVOLVEMENT;
2	(c) DEVELOPING EVIDENCE-BASED RECOMMENDATIONS TO
3	ADDRESS PREVENTABLE OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATH, INCLUDING
4	LEGISLATION, POLICIES, AREAS FOR FURTHER SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH,
5	RULES, TRAINING, AND BEST PRACTICES THAT WILL SUPPORT THE HEALTH
6	AND SAFETY OF INDIVIDUALS WHO USE SUBSTANCES THAT MAY CAUSE
7	OVERDOSE IN COLORADO AND PREVENT OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS; AND
8	(d) ANNUALLY MAKE POLICY-RELATED AND FUNDING-RELATED
9	RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE GOVERNOR AND THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
10	ABOUT DRUG TRENDS, INCLUDING SYNTHETIC DRUGS THAT MAY IMPACT
11	THE HEALTH AND WELL-BEING OF COLORADANS AND THAT PRESENT A
12	HIGH RISK FOR CAUSING OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS.
13	(2) (a) The executive director of the state department
14	SHALL APPOINT THE FOLLOWING MEMBERS TO SERVE ON THE COMMITTEE:
15	(I) Two members who have experienced an overdose or
16	HAVE A SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER;
17	(II) Two physicians with expertise in addiction medicine,
18	ONE OF WHOM HAS EXPERTISE IN MEDICAL COMPLICATIONS OF SUBSTANCE
19	<u>USE;</u>
20	(III) TWO PUBLIC HEALTH OR EPIDEMIOLOGY EXPERTS WITH
21	EXPERTISE IN SUBSTANCE USE;
22	(IV) A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEYS APPOINTED
23	BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE COLORADO DISTRICT ATTORNEYS'
24	COUNCIL;
25	(V) A REPRESENTATIVE OF COUNTY SHERIFFS, APPOINTED BY THE
26	DIRECTOR OF A STATEWIDE ORGANIZATION REPRESENTING SHERIFFS;
27	(VI) A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CHIEFS OF POLICE, APPOINTED BY

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1	THE PRESIDENT OF A STATEWIDE ORGANIZATION OF CHIEFS OF POLICE;
2	(VII) A PUBLIC DEFENDER;
3	(VIII) A REPRESENTATIVE FROM A HARM REDUCTION
4	ORGANIZATION; AND
5	(IX) A SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT OR RECOVERY PROVIDER.
6	(b) EACH MEMBER'S TERM IS THREE YEARS; EXCEPT THAT THE
7	TERM OF THE FIRST SIX MEMBERS APPOINTED IS TWO YEARS. MEMBERS
8	MAY SERVE UP TO THREE TERMS. THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL FILL
9	ANY VACANCIES ON THE COMMITTEE.
10	(c) The executive director shall make an effort to include
11	COMMITTEE MEMBERS WORKING IN AND REPRESENTING COMMUNITIES
12	THAT ARE DIVERSE WITH REGARD TO RACE, ETHNICITY, IMMIGRATION
13	STATUS, ENGLISH PROFICIENCY, INCOME, WEALTH, AND GEOGRAPHIC
14	REGION OF THE STATE, INCLUDING BOTH URBAN AND RURAL AREAS.
15	(3) The committee may form special ad hoc panels to
16	FURTHER INVESTIGATE DRUG TRENDS, OVERDOSES AND
17	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS WHEN THE NEED ARISES.
18	(4) THE COMMITTEE SHALL:
19	(a) REVIEW A REPRESENTATIVE SUBSET OF NON-FATAL AND FATAL
20	OVERDOSES IN COLORADO;
21	(b) REVIEW MEDICAL RECORDS AND OTHER RELEVANT DATA
22	RELATED TO EACH OVERDOSE DEATH, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO,
23	WHETHER THE PERSON WAS RECENTLY ENGAGED IN TREATMENT OR
24	PREVIOUSLY INCARCERATED;
25	(c) TAKE STEPS TO IMPROVE THE QUALITY AND SCOPE OF DATA
26	OBTAINED THROUGH INVESTIGATIONS AND REVIEW OF OVERDOSES AND
27	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;

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1	(d) IDENTIFY TRENDS AND PATTERNS ACROSS RACIAL,
2	GEOGRAPHIC, AND OTHER GROUPS RELATED TO OVERDOSES AND
3	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;
4	(e) DEVELOP EVIDENCE-BASED RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE
5	PREVENTION OF OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS AND
6	DELIVER THE RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE LEGISLATURE AND GOVERNOR;
7	(f) PERFORM ANY OTHER FUNCTIONS AS RESOURCES ALLOW TO
8	ENHANCE THE CAPABILITY OF THE STATE TO REDUCE AND PREVENT
9	OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;
10	(g) Advise the office in the administration's work on
11	DECREASING OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;
12	(h) Inform the legislature and governor of drug trends
13	NATIONALLY, INCLUDING IF A NEW DRUG TREND OCCURS AND WHAT THE
14	STATE MAY DO TO MITIGATE ANY FORTHCOMING HARM THE DRUG MAY
15	HAVE ON THE STATE; AND
16	(i) FACILITATE THE DEVELOPMENT OF A COMPREHENSIVE
17	STATEWIDE DATABASE FOR THE PURPOSE OF ADDRESSING THE OVERDOSE
18	<u>CRISIS.</u>
19	(5) THE OFFICE SHALL COMPILE REPORTS IN DISAGGREGATED AND
20	DE-IDENTIFIED FORMS ON TRENDS OR OTHER FINDINGS AND
21	RECOMMENDATIONS ON A BI-ANNUAL BASIS FOR DISTRIBUTION IN AN
22	EFFORT TO FURTHER STUDY THE CAUSES AND PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH
23	OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS THAT MAY BE DISTRIBUTED
24	TO POLICY MAKERS, LAW ENFORCEMENT, HEALTH-CARE PROVIDERS AND
25	FACILITIES, BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PROVIDERS, PUBLIC HEALTH
26	PROFESSIONALS, AND OTHERS NECESSARY TO REDUCE OVERDOSES AND
27	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS.

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1	(6) (a) (I) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY LAW, THE
2	COMMITTEE MAY ACCESS MEDICAL RECORDS RELATED TO OVERDOSE
3	DEATHS UPON REQUEST AT ANY TIME UP TO SEVEN YEARS AFTER THE LAST
4	TREATMENT OF A PATIENT.
5	(II) A HEALTH-CARE PROVIDER OR A HEALTH-CARE FACILITY
6	LICENSED OR CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 3 OF THIS TITLE 25 SHALL
7	PROVIDE MEDICAL RECORDS TO THE DEPARTMENT CONCERNING EACH
8	OVERDOSE DEATH FOR ACCESS BY THE MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE.
9	(III) UPON REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT, A LAW ENFORCEMENT
10	OFFICER SHALL PROVIDE A POLICE REPORT, AND A CORONER SHALL
11	PROVIDE RECORDS OF THE CORONER AND MEDICAL EXAMINER
12	INVESTIGATIONS, THAT INVOLVE A OVERDOSE DEATH TO THE COMMITTEE.
13	(IV) A HEALTH-CARE PROVIDER, PHARMACIST, HEALTH-CARE
14	FACILITY, LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, OR CORONER IS NOT CIVILLY OR
15	CRIMINALLY LIABLE FOR THE RELEASE OF MEDICAL RECORDS WHEN
16	MAKING A GOOD-FAITH EFFORT TO COMPLY WITH THIS SUBSECTION (6).
17	(b) (I) THE DISCUSSIONS IN COMMITTEE MEETINGS OR MEETINGS
18	OF AN AD HOC PANEL FORMED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-52-104 (3)
19	CONCERNING DETAILS OF A OVERDOSE DEATH THAT COULD IDENTIFY AN
20	INDIVIDUAL INVOLVED ARE CONFIDENTIAL AND ARE NOT SUBJECT TO
21	<u>SECTION 24-6-402.</u>
22	(II) THE COMMITTEE MEETING NOTES, STATEMENTS, MEDICAL
23	RECORDS, REPORTS, COMMUNICATIONS, AND MEMORANDA OBTAINED BY
24	THE COMMITTEE THAT CONTAIN INFORMATION THAT COULD IDENTIFY AN
25	INDIVIDUAL INVOLVED IN A OVERDOSE DEATH ARE CONFIDENTIAL AND ARE
26	NOT SUBJECT TO THE "COLORADO OPEN RECORDS ACT", PART 2 OF
27	ARTICLE 72 OF TITLE 24.

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1	(III) MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE ARE NOT SUBJECT TO
2	SUBPOENA IN ANY CIVIL, CRIMINAL, OR ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING
3	REGARDING THE INFORMATION PRESENTED IN OR OPINIONS FORMED AS A
4	RESULT OF A MEETING OR COMMUNICATION OF THE COMMITTEE; EXCEPT
5	THAT THIS SUBSECTION (2)(C) DOES NOT PREVENT A MEMBER OF THE
6	COMMITTEE FROM TESTIFYING REGARDING INFORMATION OR OPINIONS
7	OBTAINED INDEPENDENTLY OF THE COMMITTEE OR THAT ARE PUBLIC
8	INFORMATION.
9	(IV) Notes, statements, medical records, reports,
10	COMMUNICATIONS, AND MEMORANDA THAT ARE CONFIDENTIAL PURSUANT
11	TO SUBSECTIONS (2)(a) AND (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION ARE NOT;
12	(A) SUBJECT TO SUBPOENA, DISCOVERY, OR INTRODUCTION INTO
13	EVIDENCE IN ANY CIVIL, CRIMINAL, OR ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING,
14	UNLESS THE SUBPOENA IS DIRECTED TO A SOURCE THAT IS SEPARATE AND
15	APART FROM THE COMMITTEE. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION LIMITS OR
16	RESTRICTS THE RIGHT TO DISCOVER OR USE IN A CIVIL, CRIMINAL, OR
17	ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING NOTES, STATEMENTS, MEDICAL RECORDS,
18	REPORTS, COMMUNICATIONS, OR MEMORANDA THAT ARE AVAILABLE FROM
19	ANOTHER SOURCE SEPARATE AND APART FROM THE COMMITTEE AND THAT
20	ARISE ENTIRELY INDEPENDENT OF THE COMMITTEE'S ACTIVITIES.
21	(B) ADMISSIBLE AS EVIDENCE IN ANY ACTION IN ANY COURT OR
22	BEFORE ANY TRIBUNAL, BOARD, AGENCY, OR PERSON AND SHALL NOT BE
23	EXHIBITED OR DISCLOSED IN ANY WAY BY ANY PERSON UNLESS THE
24	INFORMATION WAS OBTAINED FROM ANOTHER SOURCE THAT IS SEPARATE
25	AND APART FROM THE COMMITTEE, EXCEPT AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO
26	FURTHER THE DUTIES OF THE COMMITTEE OR IN RESPONSE TO AN ALLEGED
27	VIOLATION OF A CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION

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1	(6)(b)(V) OF THIS SECTION.
2	(V) EACH COMMITTEE MEMBER SHALL SIGN A CONFIDENTIALITY
3	AGREEMENT THAT REQUIRES THE MEMBER'S ADHERENCE TO SUBSECTIONS
4	(6)(b)(I) AND (6)(b)(II) OF THIS SECTION. A MEMBER WHO KNOWINGLY
5	VIOLATES THE CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT COMMITS A PETTY OFFENSE.
6	(7) THE COMMITTEE AND THE DEPARTMENT SHALL COMPLY WITH
7	ALL APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND RULES RELATING TO THE
8	TRANSMISSION OF HEALTH INFORMATION.
9	(8) This section is repealed, effective September 1, 2033.
10	BEFORE THE REPEAL, THE FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMITTEE ARE SCHEDULED
11	FOR REVIEW IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 2-3-1203.
12	SECTION 50. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-50-802, as
13	part 8 of article 50 of title 27 as added by House Bill 22-1278, as
14	<u>follows:</u>
15	27-50-802. Colorado overdose prevention review committee -
16	creation - duties - repeal. (1) On July 1, 2024, the Colorado
17	OVERDOSE PREVENTION REVIEW COMMITTEE IS CREATED IN THE
18	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION, REFERRED TO IN THIS SECTION AS
19	THE "COMMITTEE", FOR THE PURPOSE OF:
20	(a) REVIEWING SPECIFIC CASES OF NON-FATAL AND FATAL
21	DRUG-RELATED OVERDOSES THAT OCCUR IN COLORADO;
22	(b) IDENTIFYING THE CALIGES OF OVERDOGES AND
23	(b) Identifying the causes of overdoses and
23	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATH AND CONDUCTING A REVIEW OF OTHER
24	3-7
	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATH AND CONDUCTING A REVIEW OF OTHER
24	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATH AND CONDUCTING A REVIEW OF OTHER FACTORS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, HOUSING STATUS OR CRIMINAL

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1	LEGISLATION, POLICIES, AREAS FOR FURTHER SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH,
2	RULES, TRAINING, AND BEST PRACTICES THAT WILL SUPPORT THE HEALTH
3	AND SAFETY OF INDIVIDUALS WHO USE SUBSTANCES THAT MAY CAUSE
4	OVERDOSE IN COLORADO AND PREVENT OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS; AND
5	(d) ANNUALLY MAKE POLICY-RELATED AND FUNDING-RELATED
6	RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE GOVERNOR AND THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
7	ABOUT DRUG TRENDS, INCLUDING SYNTHETIC DRUGS THAT MAY IMPACT
8	THE HEALTH AND WELL-BEING OF COLORADANS AND THAT PRESENT A
9	HIGH RISK FOR CAUSING OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS.
10	(2) (a) THE COMMISSIONER SHALL APPOINT THE FOLLOWING
11	MEMBERS TO SERVE ON THE COMMITTEE:
12	(I) Two members who have experienced an overdose or
13	HAVE A SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER;
14	(II) Two physicians with expertise in addiction medicine,
15	ONE OF WHOM HAS EXPERTISE IN MEDICAL COMPLICATIONS OF SUBSTANCE
16	<u>USE;</u>
17	(III) TWO PUBLIC HEALTH OR EPIDEMIOLOGY EXPERTS WITH
18	EXPERTISE IN SUBSTANCE USE;
19	(IV) A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEYS APPOINTED
20	BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE COLORADO DISTRICT ATTORNEYS'
21	COUNCIL;
22	(V) A REPRESENTATIVE OF COUNTY SHERIFFS, APPOINTED BY THE
23	DIRECTOR OF A STATEWIDE ORGANIZATION REPRESENTING SHERIFFS;
24	(VI) A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CHIEFS OF POLICE, APPOINTED BY
25	THE PRESIDENT OF A STATEWIDE ORGANIZATION OF CHIEFS OF POLICE;
26	(VII) A PUBLIC DEFENDER;
27	(VIII) A REPRESENTATIVE FROM A HARM REDUCTION

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1	ORGANIZATION; AND
2	(IX) A SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT OR RECOVERY PROVIDER.
3	(b) Each member's term is three years; except that the
4	TERM OF THE FIRST SIX MEMBERS APPOINTED IS TWO YEARS. MEMBERS
5	MAY SERVE UP TO THREE TERMS. THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL FILL
6	ANY VACANCIES ON THE COMMITTEE.
7	(c) The commissioner shall make an effort to include
8	COMMITTEE MEMBERS WORKING IN AND REPRESENTING COMMUNITIES
9	THAT ARE DIVERSE WITH REGARD TO RACE, ETHNICITY, IMMIGRATION
10	STATUS, ENGLISH PROFICIENCY, INCOME, WEALTH, AND GEOGRAPHIC
11	REGION OF THE STATE, INCLUDING BOTH URBAN AND RURAL AREAS.
12	(3) THE COMMITTEE MAY FORM SPECIAL AD HOC PANELS TO
13	FURTHER INVESTIGATE DRUG TRENDS, OVERDOSES AND
14	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS WHEN THE NEED ARISES.
15	(4) THE COMMITTEE SHALL:
16	(a) REVIEW A REPRESENTATIVE SUBSET OF NON-FATAL AND FATAL
17	OVERDOSES IN COLORADO;
18	(b) REVIEW MEDICAL RECORDS AND OTHER RELEVANT DATA
19	RELATED TO EACH OVERDOSE DEATH, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO,
20	WHETHER THE PERSON WAS RECENTLY ENGAGED IN TREATMENT OR
21	PREVIOUSLY INCARCERATED;
22	(c) TAKE STEPS TO IMPROVE THE QUALITY AND SCOPE OF DATA
23	OBTAINED THROUGH INVESTIGATIONS AND REVIEW OF OVERDOSES AND
24	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;
25	(d) Identify trends and patterns across racial,
26	GEOGRAPHIC, AND OTHER GROUPS RELATED TO OVERDOSES AND
27	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;

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1	(e) DEVELOP EVIDENCE-BASED RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE
2	PREVENTION OF OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS AND
3	DELIVER THE RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE LEGISLATURE AND GOVERNOR;
4	(f) Perform any other functions as resources allow to
5	ENHANCE THE CAPABILITY OF THE STATE TO REDUCE AND PREVENT
6	OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;
7	(g) Advise the office in the administration's work on
8	DECREASING OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;
9	(h) Inform the legislature and governor of drug trends
10	NATIONALLY, INCLUDING IF A NEW DRUG TREND OCCURS, AND WHAT THE
11	STATE MAY DO TO MITIGATE ANY FORTHCOMING HARM THE DRUG MAY
12	HAVE ON THE STATE; AND
13	(i) FACILITATE THE DEVELOPMENT OF A COMPREHENSIVE
14	STATEWIDE DATABASE FOR THE PURPOSES OF ADDRESSING THE OVERDOSE
15	<u>CRISIS.</u>
16	(5) The administration shall compile reports in
17	DISAGGREGATED AND DE-IDENTIFIED FORMS ON TRENDS OR OTHER
18	FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS ON A BI-ANNUAL BASIS FOR
19	DISTRIBUTION IN AN EFFORT TO FURTHER STUDY THE CAUSES AND
20	PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED
21	DEATHS THAT MAY BE DISTRIBUTED TO POLICY MAKERS, LAW
22	ENFORCEMENT, HEALTH-CARE PROVIDERS AND FACILITIES, BEHAVIORAL
23	HEALTH PROVIDERS, PUBLIC HEALTH PROFESSIONALS, AND OTHERS
24	NECESSARY TO REDUCE OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS.
25	(6) (a) (I) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY LAW, THE
26	COMMITTEE MAY ACCESS MEDICAL RECORDS RELATED TO OVERDOSE
27	DEATHS UPON REQUEST AT ANY TIME UP TO SEVEN YEARS AFTER THE LAST

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1	TREATMENT OF A PATIENT.
2	(II) A HEALTH-CARE PROVIDER OR A HEALTH-CARE FACILITY
3	LICENSED OR CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 3 OF THIS TITLE 25 SHALL
4	PROVIDE MEDICAL RECORDS TO THE ADMINISTRATION CONCERNING EACH
5	OVERDOSE MORTALITY FOR ACCESS BY THE MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE.
6	(III) Upon request of the administration, a law
7	ENFORCEMENT OFFICER SHALL PROVIDE A POLICE REPORT, AND A CORONER
8	SHALL PROVIDE RECORDS OF THE CORONER AND MEDICAL EXAMINER
9	INVESTIGATIONS, THAT INVOLVE A OVERDOSE DEATH TO THE COMMITTEE.
10	(IV) A HEALTH-CARE PROVIDER, PHARMACIST, HEALTH-CARE
11	FACILITY, LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, OR CORONER IS NOT CIVILLY OR
12	CRIMINALLY LIABLE FOR THE RELEASE OF MEDICAL RECORDS WHEN
13	MAKING A GOOD-FAITH EFFORT TO COMPLY WITH THIS SUBSECTION (6).
14	(b) (I) The discussions in committee meetings or meetings
15	OF AN AD HOC PANEL FORMED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-52-104 (3)
16	CONCERNING DETAILS OF A OVERDOSE DEATH THAT COULD IDENTIFY AN
17	INDIVIDUAL INVOLVED ARE CONFIDENTIAL AND ARE NOT SUBJECT TO
18	<u>SECTION 24-6-402.</u>
19	(II) The committee meeting notes, statements, medical
20	RECORDS, REPORTS, COMMUNICATIONS, AND MEMORANDA OBTAINED BY
21	THE COMMITTEE THAT CONTAIN INFORMATION THAT COULD IDENTIFY AN
22	INDIVIDUAL INVOLVED IN A OVERDOSE DEATH ARE CONFIDENTIAL AND ARE
23	NOT SUBJECT TO THE "COLORADO OPEN RECORDS ACT", PART 2 OF
24	ARTICLE 72 OF TITLE 24.
25	(III) Members of the committee are not subject to
26	SUBPOENA IN ANY CIVIL, CRIMINAL, OR ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING
27	REGARDING THE INFORMATION PRESENTED IN OR OPINIONS FORMED AS A

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1	RESULT OF A MEETING OR COMMUNICATION OF THE COMMITTEE; EXCEPT
2	THAT THIS SUBSECTION (2)(C) DOES NOT PREVENT A MEMBER OF THE
3	COMMITTEE FROM TESTIFYING REGARDING INFORMATION OR OPINIONS
4	OBTAINED INDEPENDENTLY OF THE COMMITTEE OR THAT ARE PUBLIC
5	<u>INFORMATION.</u>
6	(IV) Notes, statements, medical records, reports,
7	COMMUNICATIONS, AND MEMORANDA THAT ARE CONFIDENTIAL PURSUANT
8	TO SUBSECTIONS (2)(a) AND (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION ARE NOT;
9	(A) SUBJECT TO SUBPOENA, DISCOVERY, OR INTRODUCTION INTO
10	EVIDENCE IN ANY CIVIL, CRIMINAL, OR ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING,
11	UNLESS THE SUBPOENA IS DIRECTED TO A SOURCE THAT IS SEPARATE AND
12	APART FROM THE COMMITTEE. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION LIMITS OR
13	RESTRICTS THE RIGHT TO DISCOVER OR USE IN A CIVIL, CRIMINAL, OR
14	ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING NOTES, STATEMENTS, MEDICAL RECORDS,
15	REPORTS, COMMUNICATIONS, OR MEMORANDA THAT ARE AVAILABLE FROM
16	ANOTHER SOURCE SEPARATE AND APART FROM THE COMMITTEE AND THAT
17	ARISE ENTIRELY INDEPENDENT OF THE COMMITTEE'S ACTIVITIES.
18	(B) ADMISSIBLE AS EVIDENCE IN ANY ACTION IN ANY COURT OR
19	BEFORE ANY TRIBUNAL, BOARD, AGENCY, OR PERSON AND SHALL NOT BE
20	EXHIBITED OR DISCLOSED IN ANY WAY BY ANY PERSON UNLESS THE
21	INFORMATION WAS OBTAINED FROM ANOTHER SOURCE THAT IS SEPARATE
22	AND APART FROM THE COMMITTEE, EXCEPT AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO
23	FURTHER THE DUTIES OF THE COMMITTEE OR IN RESPONSE TO AN ALLEGED
24	VIOLATION OF A CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION
25	(6)(b)(V) OF THIS SECTION.
26	(V) EACH COMMITTEE MEMBER SHALL SIGN A CONFIDENTIALITY
27	AGREEMENT THAT REQUIRES THE MEMBER'S ADHERENCE TO SUBSECTIONS

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1	(6)(b)(I) AND (6)(b)(II) OF THIS SECTION. A MEMBER WHO KNOWINGLY
2	VIOLATES THE CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT COMMITS A PETTY OFFENSE.
3	(7) THE COMMITTEE AND THE ADMINISTRATION SHALL COMPLY
4	WITH ALL APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND RULES RELATING TO
5	THE TRANSMISSION OF HEALTH INFORMATION.
6	(8) This section is repealed, effective September 1, 2033.
7	BEFORE THE REPEAL, THE FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMITTEE ARE SCHEDULED
8	FOR REVIEW IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 2-3-1203.
9	SECTION 51. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 2-3-1203, add (22)
10	as follows:
11	2-3-1203. Sunset review of advisory committees - legislative
12	declaration - definition - repeal. (22) (a) THE FOLLOWING STATUTORY
13	AUTHORIZATIONS FOR THE DESIGNATED ADVISORY COMMITTEES WILL
14	REPEAL ON SEPTEMBER 1, 2032:
15	(I) THE COLORADO OVERDOSE PREVENTION REVIEW COMMITTEE
16	CREATED IN SECTION 27-60-114;
17	(b) This subsection (22) is repealed, effective September 1.
18	<u>2033.</u>
19	SECTION 52. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 2-3-1203, add (22)
20	as follows:
21	2-3-1203. Sunset review of advisory committees - legislative
22	declaration - definition - repeal. (22) (a) The following statutory
23	AUTHORIZATIONS FOR THE DESIGNATED ADVISORY COMMITTEES WILL
24	REPEAL ON SEPTEMBER 1, 2032:
25	(I) THE COLORADO OVERDOSE PREVENTION REVIEW COMMITTEE
26	CREATED IN SECTION 27-50-802;
27	(b) This subsection (22) is repealed, effective September 1.

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1	<u>2033.</u>
2	SECTION 53. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 25.5-5-509
3	<u>as follows:</u>
4	25.5-5-509. Substance use disorder - prescription drugs
5	opiate antagonist. (1) Notwithstanding any provisions of this part 5 to
6	the contrary, for the treatment of a substance use disorder, in
7	promulgating rules, and subject to any necessary federal authorization, the
8	state board shall authorize reimbursement for at least one federal food and
9	drug administration-approved ready-to-use opioid overdose reversal drug
10	without prior authorization.
11	(2) (a) As used in this subsection (2), unless the context
12	OTHERWISE REQUIRES, "OPIATE ANTAGONIST" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS
13	<u>SET FORTH IN SECTION 12-30-110 (7)(d).</u>
14	(b) A HOSPITAL OR EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT SHALL RECEIVE
15	REIMBURSEMENT UNDER THE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM FOR THE
16	COST OF AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST IF, IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION
17	12-30-110, A PRESCRIBER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 12-30-110 (7)(h)
18	DISPENSES AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST UPON DISCHARGE TO A MEDICAL
19	ASSISTANCE RECIPIENT WHO IS AT RISK OF EXPERIENCING AN
20	OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT OR TO A FAMILY MEMBER
21	FRIEND, OR OTHER PERSON IN A POSITION TO ASSIST A MEDICAL
22	ASSISTANCE RECIPIENT WHO IS AT RISK OF EXPERIENCING AN
23	OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT.
24	(c) The state department shall seek federal financial
25	PARTICIPATION FOR THE COST OF REIMBURSEMENT FOR THE OPIATION
26	ANTAGONIST, BUT SHALL PROVIDE REIMBURSEMENT TO THE HOSPITAL OF
2.7	EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT FOR THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST USING STATE

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1	MONEY UNTIL FEDERAL FINANCIAL PARTICIPATION IS AVAILABLE.
2	SECTION 54. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-81-104, amend
3	(1)(q) and (1)(r); and add (1)(s) as follows:
4	27-81-104. Duties of the office of behavioral health - review.
5	(1) In addition to duties prescribed by section 27-80-102, the office of
6	behavioral health shall:
7	(q) Encourage all health and disability insurance programs to
8	include substance use disorders as a covered illness; and
9	(r) Submit to the governor an annual report covering the activities
10	of the office of behavioral health; AND
11	(s) TRAIN EMERGENCY DEPARTMENTS AND CERTIFIED PEACE
12	OFFICERS IN THE PROCEDURES REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTIONS
13	<u>27-81-111 AND 27-81-112.</u>
14	SECTION 55. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-81-104, amend
15	(1)(q) and (1)(r); and add (1)(s) as follows:
16	27-81-104. Duties of the office of behavioral health - review.
17	(1) In addition to duties prescribed by section 27-80-102, the office of
18	behavioral health THE BHA shall:
19	(q) Encourage all health and disability insurance programs to
20	include substance use disorders as a covered illness; and
21	(r) Submit to the governor an annual report covering the activities
22	of the office of behavioral health BHA; AND
23	(s) Train emergency departments and certified peace
24	OFFICERS IN THE PROCEDURES REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTIONS
25	<u>27-81-111 AND 27-81-112.</u>
26	SECTION 56. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-81-112, amend
27	(1) as follows:

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1	27-81-112. Involuntary commitment of a person with a
2	substance use disorder. (1) The court may commit a person to the
3	custody of the office of behavioral health upon the petition of the person's
4	spouse or guardian, a relative, a physician, an advanced practice nurse,
5	the administrator in charge of an approved treatment facility, A CERTIFIED
6	PEACE OFFICER, or any other responsible person. The petition must allege
7	that the person has a substance use disorder and that the person has
8	threatened or attempted to inflict or inflicted physical harm on himself or
9	herself THE PERSON'S SELF or on another and that unless committed, the
10	person is likely to inflict physical harm on himself or herself THE
11	PERSON'S SELF or on another or that the person is incapacitated by
12	substances. A refusal to undergo treatment does not constitute evidence
13	of lack of judgment as to the need for treatment. The petition must be
14	accompanied by a certificate of a licensed physician who has examined
15	the person within ten days before submission of the petition, unless the
16	person whose commitment is sought has refused to submit to a medical
17	examination, in which case the fact of refusal must be alleged in the
18	petition, or an examination cannot be made of the person due to the
19	person's condition. The certificate must set forth the physician's findings
20	in support of the petition's allegations.
21	SECTION 57. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-81-112, amend
22	(1) as follows:
23	27-81-112. Involuntary commitment of a person with a
24	substance use disorder. (1) The court may commit a person to the
25	custody of the office of behavioral health BHA upon the petition of the
26	person's spouse or guardian, a relative, a physician, an advanced practice
27	nurse, the administrator in charge of an approved treatment facility, A

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CERTIFIED PEACE OFFICER, or any other responsible person. The petition
must allege that the person has a substance use disorder and that the
person has threatened or attempted to inflict or inflicted physical harm on
himself or herself THE PERSON'S SELF or on another and that unless
committed, the person is likely to inflict physical harm on himself or
<u>herself</u> THE PERSON'S SELF or on another or that the person is incapacitated
by substances. A refusal to undergo treatment does not constitute
evidence of lack of judgment as to the need for treatment. The petition
must be accompanied by a certificate of a licensed physician who has
examined the person within ten days before submission of the petition,
unless the person whose commitment is sought has refused to submit to
a medical examination, in which case the fact of refusal must be alleged
in the petition, or an examination cannot be made of the person due to the
person's condition. The certificate must set forth the physician's findings
in support of the petition's allegations.
SECTION 58. Accountability. Notwithstanding the requirement
to conduct a review of the implementation of this act either two or five
years after the enactment of this act, three years after this act becomes law
and in accordance with section 2-2-1201, Colorado Revised Statutes, the
legislative service agencies of the Colorado general assembly shall
conduct a post-enactment review of the implementation of this act
utilizing the information contained in the legislative declaration set forth
in section 1 of this act.
SECTION <u>59.</u> Appropriation. (1) For the 2022-23 state
fiscal year, \$14,389,055 is appropriated to the department of human
services for use by the behavioral health administration. This
appropriation consists of \$10,986,092 from the general fund, \$402,963

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1	from the correctional treatment cash fund created in section 18-19-103
2	(4)(a), C.R.S., and \$3,000,000 from the behavioral and mental health cash
3	fund created in section 24-75-230 (2)(a), C.R.S., which is of money the
4	state received from the federal coronavirus state fiscal recovery fund. To
5	implement this act, the administration may use this appropriation as
6	follows:
7	(a) \$286,092 from the general fund for program administration
8	related to community behavioral health administration, which amount is
9	based on an assumption that the administration will require an additional
10	<u>3.6</u> FTE;
11	(b) \$10,000,000 from the general fund for treatment and
12	<u>detoxification programs related to substance use treatment and prevention</u>
13	services pursuant to section 27-80-107.8 (2), C.R.S.;
14	(c) \$700,000 from the general fund for managed service
15	organization regional evaluations related to substance use treatment and
16	prevention services;
17	(d) \$252,963 from the correctional treatment cash fund created in
18	section 18-19-103 (4)(a), C.R.S., for a study on the health effects of
19	criminal penalties related to substance use treatment and prevention
20	services, which amount is based on an assumption that the administration
21	will require an additional 0.5 FTE;
22	(e) \$150,000 from the correctional treatment cash fund created in
23	section 18-19-103 (4)(a), C.R.S., for a fentanyl education program related
24	to substance use treatment and prevention services; and
25	(f) \$3,000,000 from the behavioral and mental health cash fund
26	created in section 24-75-230 (2)(a), C.R.S., for jail-based behavioral
27	health services related to integrated behavioral health services. Any

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1	money appropriated in this subsection (1)(d) not expended prior to July
2	1, 2023, is further appropriated to the administration from July 1, 2023,
3	through December 30, 2024, for the same purpose.
4	(2) Pursuant to section 27-80-107.8 (2)(b), C.R.S., any money
5	appropriated in subsection (1)(b) not expended prior to July 1, 2023, is
6	further appropriated to the division through June 30, 2025, for the same
7	purpose.
8	(3) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$869,288 is appropriated to
9	the judicial department for use by probation and related services. This
10	appropriation consists of \$138,362 from the general fund and \$730,926
11	from the correctional treatment cash fund created in section 18-19-103
12	(4)(a), C.R.S. To implement this act, the department may use this
13	appropriation as follows:
14	(a) \$138,362 for probation programs, which amount is based on
15	an assumption that the department will require an additional 1.6 FTE; and
16	(b) \$730,926 from the correctional treatment cash fund created in
17	section 18-19-103 (4)(a), C.R.S., for offender treatment and services.
18	(4) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$150,000 is appropriated to
19	the department of law for use by administration. This appropriation is
20	from the general fund. To implement this act, the department may use this
21	appropriation for operating expenses.
22	(5) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$5,792,413 is appropriated
23	to the department of public health and environment for use by the
24	prevention services division. This appropriation is from the general fund.
25	To implement this act, the division may use this appropriation for
26	administration as follows:
27	(a) \$112,413 for personal services and related operating expenses,

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1	which amount is based on an assumption that the division will require an
2	additional 1.5 FTE;
3	(b) \$300,000 for non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests
4	pursuant to section 25-1.5-115.3 (1), C.R.S.;
5	(c) \$5,000,000 for an education campaign pursuant to section
6	<u>25-1.5-115.5 (1), C.R.S.;</u>
7	(d) \$50,000 for regional trainings pursuant to section 25-1.5-115.5
8	(3), C.R.S.;
9	(e) \$30,000 for website development pursuant to section
10	25-25-1.5-115.5 (4), C.R.S.; and
11	(f) \$300,000 for an independent study pursuant to section
12	<u>25-20.5-1401, C.R.S.</u>
13	(6) Any money appropriated in subsection (5)(b) not expended
14	prior to July 1, 2023, is further appropriated to the division for the
15	2023-24 state fiscal year.
16	(7) Any money appropriated in subsection (5)(c) not expended
17	prior to July 1, 2023, is further appropriated to the division through June
18	30, 2025, for the same purpose.
19	(8) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$7,000,000 is appropriated
20	to the department of public safety for use by the division of criminal
21	justice. This appropriation is from the general fund and is based on an
22	assumption that the division will require an additional 1.8 FTE. To
23	implement this act, the division may use this appropriation for DCJ
24	administrative services. Any money appropriated in this subsection (8)
25	not expended prior to July 1, 2023, is further appropriated to the division
26	for the 2023-2 24 state fiscal year.
27	(9) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$360,000 is appropriated to

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1	the department of health care policy and financing. This appropriation is
2	from the general fund. To implement this act, the department may use this
3	appropriation for medical services premiums.
4	(10) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$20,000,000 is appropriated
5	to the opiate antagonist bulk purchase fund created in section 25-1.5-115
6	(1)(a), C.R.S. This appropriation is from the behavioral and mental health
7	cash fund created in section 24-75-230 (2)(a), C.R.S., and is of money the
8	state received from the federal coronavirus state fiscal recovery fund. The
9	department of public health and environment is responsible for the
10	accounting related to this appropriation.
11	(11) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$6,000,000 is appropriated
12	to the harm reduction grant program cash fund created in section
13	25-20.5-1102 (1), C.R.S. This appropriation is from the behavioral and
14	mental health cash fund created in section 24-75-230 (2)(a), C.R.S., and
15	is of money the state received from the federal coronavirus state fiscal
16	recovery fund. The department of public health and environment is
17	responsible for the accounting related to this appropriation.
18	SECTION 60. Effective date - applicability. This act takes
19	effect on January 1, 2023; except that:
20	(1) Sections 1, 12, 13, 14, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 34, 35, and
21	36 take effect on July 1, 2022;
22	(2) Sections 2, 3, 4, and 5 take effect on July 1, 2022, and applies
23	to offenses committed on or after said date;
24	(3) Sections 7, 10, 15, 26, and 29 take effect only if House Bill
25	22-1278 does not become law; and
26	(4) Sections 8, 11, 16, 27, and 30 take effect only if House Bill
2.7	22-1278 becomes law.

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- 1 **SECTION 61.** Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
- determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
- 3 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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