# Second Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **PREAMENDED**

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 24-0251.03 Jason Gelender x4330

**HOUSE BILL 24-1235** 

### **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

**Brown and Bird,** Amabile, Clifford, Hernandez, Kipp, Lindstedt, Parenti, Weissman, Willford, Woodrow

### SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Fenberg and Zenzinger,

#### **House Committees**

#### **Senate Committees**

Transportation, Housing & Local Government Finance

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING MEASURES TO REDUCE THE IMPACT OF AVIATION ON SURROUNDING COMMUNITIES.

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://leg.colorado.gov">http://leg.colorado.gov</a>.)

Section 3 of the bill creates a state income tax credit for owners of aircraft that incur qualified expenses to enable an aircraft that is powered by leaded aviation gasoline to be certified to instead be powered by unleaded aviation gasoline. Sections 4 and 8 provide explicit authority in the existing state aviation grant program (grant program) for aviation fund (fund) grants to general aviation airports and commercial airports at

which there is significant general aviation activity to fund the design, engineering, construction, installation, acquisition, and inspection of infrastructure, including equipment, that allows the sale of unleaded aviation gasoline at such airports and to subsidize purchases of unleaded aviation gasoline at such airports.

Section 6 increases the Colorado aeronautical board (board) from 7 to 9 voting members by requiring the appointment of 2 members who are residents of communities that are affected by general aviation airport traffic or traffic at a commercial airport at which there is significant general aviation activity and makes the executive director of the department of public health and environment (CDPHE), or the executive director's designee, an ex officio nonvoting member of the board. In appointing the 2 new voting members, the governor is required to give priority to individuals who are not trained pilots and who reside directly in the predominant flight path of a high-traffic general aviation airport or a commercial airport at which there is significant general aviation activity and in an area that has a population density of more than 3,000 individuals per square mile.

Section 8 requires prioritization of grant program grants to general aviation airports or commercial airports at which there is significant general aviation activity, as determined by the division of aeronautics (division), in urban or suburban areas that use a predominant flight pattern that includes a county or municipality that has a population density of more than 3,000 individuals per square mile.

**Section 8** also prohibits money from being expended from the fund for an airport that the division has identified as being located in a densely populated residential area or as having a significant number of flights over a densely populated residential area unless the airport or entity operating the airport demonstrates to the satisfaction of the division that:

- By January 1, 2026, it has adopted a plan for phasing out sales of leaded aviation gasoline at the airport;
- It has voluntarily established and enforces an effective noise mitigation plan in accordance with specified criteria, requirements, or guidelines that the division is required to develop; and
- It complies with the requirements of any avigation easements or contracts that it has entered into.

However, the limitation on the expenditure of money from the fund does not apply to money expended for an aviation project that is determined by the division to be designed and intended to mitigate significant adverse impacts on the health, safety, and welfare of individuals who reside near the airport at which the aviation project will be completed. **Section 7** imposes similar limitations on certain federal money that the state may apply to receive for aviation purposes.

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**Section 9** requires the division and CDPHE to work together to evaluate, prevent, and mitigate the adverse impacts of aircraft noise and the use of leaded aviation gasoline on public health, safety, and welfare and specifies prioritization and other minimum requirements for the mitigation activities.

Section 9 also creates the unleaded aviation gasoline enterprise in the aeronautics division of the department of transportation for the purpose of remediating impacts caused by the use of leaded aviation gasoline by imposing a leaded aviation gasoline impact remediation fee on purchases of leaded aviation gasoline and using fee revenue to provide grants, loans, and rebates to fund infrastructure and programs at general aviation airports that are designed to increase the use of unleaded aviation gasoline in lieu of leaded aviation gasoline.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 3 finds and declares that: 4 (a) According to the United States environmental protection 5 agency: 6 (I) Aircraft that use leaded aviation gasoline are a leading source 7 of lead emissions in our air: 8 (II) Excessive exposure to lead has many harmful health effects, 9 which can include adverse effects on the nervous system, kidney function, 10 the immune system, reproductive and developmental systems, the cardiovascular system, and the oxygen carrying capacity of blood; 11 12 (III) Exposure to lead can cause irreversible and life-long harmful 13 health effects in children and pregnant individuals; and 14 (IV) Elevated lead in the environment can result in decreased 15 growth and reproduction in plants and animals and negative neurological 16 effects in vertebrates: 17 (b) According to the United States centers for disease control and 18 prevention, no level of lead exposure is safe for children, and even low

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1	levels of lead in their blood are associated with developmental delays,
2	learning difficulties, and behavioral issues;
3	(c) Peer-reviewed research indicates that children who live near
4	airports with significant general aviation activity have elevated levels of
5	lead in their blood and that blood lead levels in children under five
6	increase as levels of atmospheric lead increase;
7	(d) Persistent and loud noise also has harmful health effects,
8	especially for children; and
9	(e) It is therefore necessary, appropriate, and in the best interest
10	of all Coloradans for the state to:
11	(I) Provide financial incentives in the form of an income tax credit
12	and a grant program to reduce the use of leaded aviation gasoline; and
13	(II) Create standards for an airport with significant general
14	aviation activity in an urban or suburban area to follow to notify the
15	surrounding community of its voluntary plans and procedures to reduce
16	the impacts of noise and lead on the community.
17	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 39-22-560 as
18	follows:
19	39-22-560. Tax credit for certification of aircraft to use
20	unleaded aviation gasoline - tax preference performance statement
21	- review - legislative declaration - definitions - repeal. (1) (a) IN
22	ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 39-21-304 (1), WHICH REQUIRES EACH BILL
23	THAT CREATES A NEW TAX EXPENDITURE TO INCLUDE A TAX PREFERENCE
24	PERFORMANCE STATEMENT AS PART OF A STATUTORY LEGISLATIVE
25	DECLARATION, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT THE
26	PURPOSE OF THE TAX CREDIT PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION IS TO INDUCE
27	CERTAIN DESIGNATED BEHAVIOR BY TAXPAYERS, SPECIFICALLY THE

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1	MODIFICATION OF AIRCRAFT THAT ARE POWERED BY LEADED AVIATION
2	GASOLINE SO THAT SUCH AIRCRAFT CAN BE CERTIFIED TO BE POWERED BY
3	UNLEADED AVIATION GASOLINE AND NO LONGER USE LEADED AVIATION
4	GASOLINE.
5	(b) The general assembly and the state auditor shall
6	MEASURE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE CREDIT IN ACHIEVING THE PURPOSE
7	SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION BASED ON THE NUMBER
8	OF CREDITS CLAIMED.
9	(2) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise
10	REQUIRES:
11	(a) "AIRCRAFT" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SECTION
12	43-10-102 (1).
13	(b) "AVIATION GASOLINE" MEANS GASOLINE-BASED FUEL THAT IS
14	USED TO POWER AN AIRCRAFT.
15	(c) "Leaded aviation gasoline" means any aviation fuel
16	CONTAINING TETRAETHYL LEAD ADDITIVES.
17	(d) "QUALIFYING AIRCRAFT" MEANS AN AIRCRAFT THAT HAS BEEN
18	POWERED BY LEADED AVIATION GASOLINE AND FOR WHICH A
19	SUPPLEMENTAL TYPE CERTIFICATE OR ANY OTHER AUTHORIZATION THAT
20	APPROVES THE COMPLETED MODIFICATION OF THE AIRCRAFT TO BE
21	POWERED BY UNLEADED AVIATION GASOLINE HAS BEEN ISSUED.
22	(e) "QUALIFYING EXPENSES" MEANS ANY ACTUAL OUT-OF-POCKET
23	EXPENSES INCURRED AND PAID BY A QUALIFYING TAXPAYER FOR THE
24	PURPOSE OF MODIFYING AN AIRCRAFT REGISTERED WITH THE FEDERAL
25	AVIATION ADMINISTRATION IN THIS STATE SO THAT IT IS A QUALIFYING
26	AIRCRAFT.
2.7	(f) "OUALIFYING TAXPAYER" MEANS A PERSON SUBJECT TO TAX

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1	UNDER THIS ARTICLE 22 WHO IS THE OWNER OF AN AIRCRAFT AS
2	INDICATED ON THE AIRCRAFT REGISTRY MAINTAINED BY THE FEDERAL
3	AVIATION ADMINISTRATION.
4	(g) "SUPPLEMENTAL TYPE CERTIFICATE" MEANS A TYPE
5	CERTIFICATE ISSUED BY THE FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION TO AN
6	APPLICANT THAT HAS MODIFIED AN AERONAUTICAL PRODUCT FROM ITS
7	ORIGINAL DESIGN WITH FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION APPROVAL.
8	(h) "UNLEADED AVIATION GASOLINE" MEANS AVIATION GASOLINE
9	THAT DOES NOT INCLUDE LEAD.
10	(3) FOR ANY INCOME TAX YEAR COMMENCING ON OR AFTER
11	January 1, 2025, but before January 1, 2030, a qualifying
12	TAXPAYER WHO INCURS QUALIFYING EXPENSES IS ALLOWED A CREDIT
13	AGAINST THE INCOME TAXES IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE $\overline{22}$ IN THE TAX
14	YEAR IN WHICH THE QUALIFYING AIRCRAFT IS REGISTERED BY THE
15	FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION IN THIS STATE IN AN AMOUNT EQUAL
16	TO FIFTY PERCENT OF ALL QUALIFYING EXPENSES INCURRED; EXCEPT THAT
17	THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT THAT MAY BE CLAIMED FOR
18	QUALIFYING EXPENSES INCURRED IN MODIFYING ANY ONE AIRCRAFT IS
19	FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS.
20	(4) If the amount of a credit authorized by this section
21	EXCEEDS THE AMOUNT OF INCOME TAXES OTHERWISE DUE ON THE INCOME
22	OF THE QUALIFYING TAXPAYER CLAIMING THE CREDIT IN THE INCOME TAX
23	YEAR FOR WHICH THE CREDIT IS BEING CLAIMED, THE AMOUNT OF THE
24	CREDIT NOT USED AS AN OFFSET AGAINST INCOME TAXES IN THAT INCOME
25	TAX YEAR MAY BE CARRIED FORWARD AS A CREDIT AGAINST SUBSEQUENT
26	YEARS' INCOME TAX LIABILITY FOR A PERIOD NOT EXCEEDING FIVE YEARS
27	AND MUST BE APPLIED FIRST TO THE EARLIEST INCOME TAX YEARS

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1	POSSIBLE. ANY CREDIT REMAINING AFTER THE PERIOD MAY NOT BE
2	REFUNDED OR CREDITED TO THE QUALIFYING TAXPAYER.
3	(5) This section is repealed, effective December 31, 2039.
4	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 43-10-102, amend
5	the introductory portion and (3)(a)(VII); and add (3)(a)(IX), (3)(a)(X),
6	(3)(a)(XI), and $(3)(a)(XII)$ as follows:
7	<b>43-10-102. Definitions.</b> As used in this article ARTICLE 10, unless
8	the context otherwise requires:
9	(3) (a) "Aviation purposes" means any objective that provides
10	direct and indirect benefits to the state aviation system and includes, but
11	is not limited to:
12	(VII) Any acquisition of land, of any interest therein, or of any
13	easement through or other interest in airspace, including land for future
14	airport development, which is necessary to permit any such work or to
15	remove, mitigate, prevent, or limit the establishment of any hazard to the
16	safe operation of aircraft; and
17	(IX) DESIGN, ENGINEERING, CONSTRUCTION, INSTALLATION,
18	ACQUISITION, AND INSPECTION OF INFRASTRUCTURE, INCLUDING
19	EQUIPMENT, THAT WILL ALLOW THE SALE OF UNLEADED AVIATION
20	GASOLINE AT A GENERAL AVIATION AIRPORT OR AT A COMMERCIAL
21	AIRPORT AT WHICH THERE IS, AS DETERMINED BY THE DIVISION,
22	SIGNIFICANT GENERAL AVIATION ACTIVITY;
23	(X) SUBSIDIZATION OF UNLEADED AVIATION GASOLINE AT A
24	GENERAL AVIATION AIRPORT OR A COMMERCIAL AIRPORT AT WHICH THERE
25	IS SIGNIFICANT GENERAL AVIATION ACTIVITY, AS DETERMINED BY THE
26	DIVISION;
27	(XI) NOISE MONITORING DEVICES TECHNOLOGIES OF SYSTEMS

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1	THAT ARE USED TO EVALUATE NOISE LEVELS FROM THE OPERATION OF
2	AIRCRAFT AND OTHER AVIATION ACTIVITIES AT OR NEAR AIRPORTS; AND
3	(XII) THE EVALUATION, PROVISION OF EDUCATION AND
4	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO AIRPORTS ABOUT, PREVENTION, OR
5	MITIGATION OF ADVERSE IMPACTS TO THE HEALTH, SAFETY, AND WELFARE
6	OF INDIVIDUALS WHO RESIDE OR WORK NEAR AN AIRPORT INCLUDING BUT
7	NOT LIMITED TO THE EVALUATION, PROVISION OF EDUCATION AND
8	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO AIRPORTS ABOUT, PREVENTION, OR
9	MITIGATION OF SUCH ADVERSE IMPACTS CONDUCTED BY THE DIVISION AND
10	THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT PURSUANT TO
11	SECTION 43-10-118.
12	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 43-10-103, amend
13	(2) introductory portion and (2)(k); and add (2)(n) and (2)(o) as follows:
14	43-10-103. Division of aeronautics created - duties. (2) The
15	division shall provide support for the Colorado aeronautical board in
16	fulfilling its duties. The duties of the division shall also include, but ARE
17	not be limited to, the following:
18	(k) Publishing information relating to aeronautics in the state; and
19	(n) Working with the department of public health and
20	ENVIRONMENT TO EVALUATE AND EDUCATE AND PROVIDE TECHNICAL
21	ASSISTANCE TO AIRPORTS ABOUT THE ADVERSE IMPACTS OF AIRCRAFT
22	NOISE AND THE USE OF LEADED AVIATION GASOLINE ON PUBLIC HEALTH,
23	SAFETY, AND WELFARE AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 43-10-118; AND
24	(o) EDUCATING AIRPORTS WITH SIGNIFICANT GENERAL AVIATION
25	ACTIVITY, AS DETERMINED BY THE DIVISION, REGARDING:
26	(I) THE NEED TO EXPEDITE THE TRANSITION FROM LEADED
27	AVIATION GASOLINE TO LINI EADED AVIATION GASOLINE: AND

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1	(II) THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 10, AS AMENDED BY HOUSE
2	BILL 24-1235, ENACTED IN 2024, THAT OFFER FUNDING FOR PROJECTS AND
3	UNLEADED AVIATION GASOLINE SUBSIDIES, IF OFFERED BY THE DIVISION,
4	THAT SUPPORT THE TRANSITION FROM LEADED AVIATION GASOLINE TO
5	UNLEADED AVIATION GASOLINE AND IMPOSE REQUIREMENTS FOR
6	ACCESSING THAT FUNDING AND, IF OFFERED, THOSE SUBSIDIES.
7	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 43-10-104, amend
8	(1)(b), $(1)(f)$ , and $(2)$ as follows:
9	<b>43-10-104.</b> Colorado aeronautical board - created. (1) (b) The
10	board consists of seven NINE VOTING members appointed by the governor,
11	with the consent of the senate, for terms of three years; except that the
12	terms shall MUST be staggered so that no more than three members' terms
13	expire in the same year.
14	(f) The board shall not conduct any business unless there are at
15	least four FIVE VOTING members of the board present.
16	(2) (a) The members of the board shall be chosen as follows
17	CONSISTS OF THE FOLLOWING MEMBERS:
18	(I) Four members, two from the eastern slope and two from the
19	western slope of the state, representing local governments which THAT
20	operate airports, which members shall be selected by the governor SHALL
21	SELECT from a list of nominees supplied by THOSE local governments;
22	(II) TWO MEMBERS WHO ARE RESIDENTS OF COMMUNITIES THAT
23	ARE AFFECTED BY GENERAL AVIATION AIRPORT TRAFFIC OR TRAFFIC AT A
24	COMMERCIAL AIRPORT AT WHICH THERE IS SIGNIFICANT GENERAL
25	AVIATION ACTIVITY, AS DETERMINED BY THE DIVISION. THE INITIAL TERMS
26	OF THE TWO NEW MEMBERS COMMENCE WHEN THE NEXT TERM OF AN
27	EXISTING MEMBER COMMENCES, AND THE NEW MEMBERS' INITIAL TERMS

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1	MUST COMPLY WITH THE EXISTING STAGGERING REQUIREMENT. IN
2	APPOINTING THESE MEMBERS, THE GOVERNOR SHALL GIVE PRIORITY TO
3	INDIVIDUALS WHO:
4	(A) ARE NOT TRAINED PILOTS;
5	(B) ARE FAMILIAR WITH AIRPORT INFRASTRUCTURE, AVIATION,
6	AND THE MISSION OF THE BOARD, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THOSE
7	WHO SERVE ON AN AIRPORT COMMUNITY NOISE ROUNDTABLE; AND
8	(C) RESIDE IN A COMMUNITY THAT IS SIGNIFICANTLY IMPACTED BY
9	NOISE OR LEAD EMISSIONS BY A HIGH-TRAFFIC AIRPORT WITH SIGNIFICANT
10	GENERAL AVIATION ACTIVITY, AS DETERMINED BY THE DIVISION;
11	(III) One member representing a statewide association of airport
12	managers;
13	(IV) One member representing a statewide association of pilots;
14	<del>and</del>
15	(V) One member familiar with and supportive of the state's
16	aviation issues, interests, and concerns; AND
17	(VI) THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC
18	HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, OR THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE,
19	WHO IS AN EX OFFICIO NONVOTING MEMBER OF THE BOARD.
20	(b) Appointments shall be made IN ADDITION TO SATISFYING THE
21	REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN SECTION 24-20-115, THE GOVERNOR SHALL
22	MAKE APPOINTMENTS TO THE BOARD so as to insure ENSURE a balance
23	broadly representative of the activity level of airports throughout the state
24	AND FURTHER ENSURE THAT THE RACIAL, ETHNIC, AND GENDER MAKEUP
25	OF THE BOARD IS REPRESENTATIVE OF COMMUNITIES THAT ARE
26	DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED BY GENERAL AVIATION AIRPORT TRAFFIC
27	OR TRAFFIC AT A COMMERCIAL AIRPORT AT WHICH THERE IS SIGNIFICANT

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1	GENERAL AVIATION ACTIVITY, AS DETERMINED BY THE DIVISION.
2	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 43-10-108.5, amend
3	(2) as follows:
4	43-10-108.5. State aviation system grant program.
5	(2) (a) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2)(c) OF THIS
6	SECTION, any entity operating an FAA-designated public-use airport may
7	apply to the division for a state aviation system grant to be used solely for
8	aviation purposes. Applications shall MUST contain such information as
9	may be required by the division and shall be filed in accordance with
10	procedures established by the division. In order to be eligible for a grant,
11	the applicant must demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the division, that the
12	grant shall be used solely for aviation purposes as defined in section
13	43-10-102 (3). The division shall evaluate grant applications based upon
14	criteria established by the division, AND CRITERIA SET FORTH IN
15	SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION, and make recommendations to the
16	board on the awarding of grants. Any grant proposed by the board shall
17	MUST be submitted to the governor's office for review and
18	recommendation prior to a final decision. The governor shall accomplish
19	his THE GOVERNOR'S review and recommendation within thirty days of
20	submittal of the grant proposal by the board. The board shall make final
21	decisions on the awarding of grants subject to the availability of moneys
22	MONEY in the aviation fund created in section 43-10-109. The board shall
23	establish procedures to ensure that grants awarded pursuant to the
24	provisions of this section are used solely for aviation purposes as required
25	by this subsection (2).
26	(b) THE DIVISION, WHEN EVALUATING GRANT APPLICATIONS AND
27	MAKING RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE BOARD AS TO THE AWARDING OF

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2	RECOMMENDED BY THE DIVISION MAKING RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING
3	SUCH REQUESTED GRANTS TO THE BOARD; AND THE BOARD, WHEN
4	AWARDING GRANTS, SHALL DESIGNATE THE LESSER OF TEN PERCENT OF
5	THE AMOUNT AWARDED IN GRANTS PER YEAR OR ONE MILLION FIVE
6	HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS PER YEAR IN GRANTS FOR THE AVIATION
7	PURPOSES OF AIDING AND ACCELERATING THE TRANSITION FROM LEADED
8	AVIATION GASOLINE TO UNLEADED AVIATION GASOLINE. THE BOARD
9	SHALL PRIORITIZE AWARDING GRANTS DESIGNATED TO ADDRESS THE
10	TRANSITION FROM LEADED AVIATION GASOLINE TO UNLEADED AVIATION
11	GASOLINE TO AIRPORTS WITH SIGNIFICANT GENERAL AVIATION TRAFFIC IN
12	URBAN AND SUBURBAN AREAS WHERE SURROUNDING COMMUNITIES MAY
13	BE DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED BY SUCH TRAFFIC. IF THE BOARD DOES
14	NOT RECEIVE GRANT APPLICATIONS EQUALING AT LEAST THE AMOUNT
15	DESIGNATED BY THE BOARD PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (2)(b) IN ANY
16	GIVEN YEAR, THE BOARD MAY USE THE REMAINDER OF THIS FUNDING FOR
17	OTHER AVIATION PURPOSES.
18	(c) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2)(g) OF
19	THIS SECTION, MONEY SHALL NOT BE EXPENDED FROM THE FUND FOR A
20	GRANT AWARDED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION OR OTHERWISE TO AN
21	AIRPORT THAT THE DIVISION HAS IDENTIFIED AS BEING LOCATED IN A
22	DENSELY POPULATED RESIDENTIAL AREA OR AS HAVING A SIGNIFICANT
23	NUMBER OF FLIGHTS OVER A DENSELY POPULATED RESIDENTIAL AREA
24	UNLESS THE AIRPORT OR ENTITY OPERATING THE AIRPORT DEMONSTRATES
25	TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE DIVISION THAT:
26	(I) By January 1, 2026, it has adopted a plan for phasing
27	OUT SALES OF LEADED AVIATION GASOLINE AT THE AIRPORT BY $\overline{ extstyle J}$ ANUARY

GRANTS; THE GOVERNOR'S OFFICE, WHEN REVIEWING REQUESTED GRANTS

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1	$1,2030$ , with execution of the plan in accordance with $\overline{FAA}$ and
2	FEDERAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REQUIREMENTS OR
3	OTHER RELEVANT FEDERAL GUIDANCE; AND
4	(II) IT HAS ESTABLISHED, IN CONSULTATION WITH FLIGHT SCHOOLS
5	AND PILOTS THAT REGULARLY USE THE AIRPORT, A VOLUNTARY NOISE
6	ABATEMENT PLAN, WITH EXECUTION OF THE NOISE ABATEMENT PLAN IN
7	ACCORDANCE WITH FAA AND FEDERAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
8	AGENCY REQUIREMENTS OR OTHER RELEVANT FEDERAL GUIDANCE, SO
9	THAT AIRCRAFT NOISE IS NOT A SIGNIFICANT PUBLIC NUISANCE AND DOES
10	NOT CAUSE SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACTS TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH,
11	SAFETY, AND WELFARE OF INDIVIDUALS RESIDING NEAR THE AIRPORT. THE
12	DIVISION SHALL DEVELOP GUIDELINES FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF
13	EFFECTIVE VOLUNTARY NOISE ABATEMENT PLANS THAT MUST INCLUDE, AT
14	A MINIMUM:
15	(A) PUBLICATION OF NOISE ABATEMENT PLANS AMONG ALL
16	AIRPORT OPERATORS; AND
17	(B) NOISE ABATEMENT PLAN ELEMENTS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT
18	LIMITED TO, A VOLUNTARY CURFEW ON WHEN FLIGHTS MAY DEPART FROM
19	THE AIRPORT; VOLUNTARY GUIDELINES ON THE NUMBER OF FLIGHTS THAT
20	MAY DEPART FROM THE AIRPORT WITHIN SPECIFIED PERIODS; AND
21	VOLUNTARY GUIDELINES ON THE FREQUENCY OF TOUCH AND GO FLIGHTS
22	DURING WHICH AN AIRCRAFT TOUCHES DOWN ON A RUNWAY AND THEN
23	IMMEDIATELY ACCELERATES AND TAKES OFF AGAIN WITHOUT STOPPING.
24	(d) (I) Noise abatement plans developed in accordance
25	WITH SUBSECTION $(2)(c)(II)$ of this section must be properly posted
26	AT EACH AIRPORT.
27	(II) EACH AIRPORT SHALL CONDUCT MEETINGS WITH THE

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1	AIRPORT'S FLIGHT SCHOOLS, FUEL OPERATORS, AND PILOTS WHO
2	COMMONLY FLY OUT OF THE AIRPORT ON A REGULAR BASIS TO INFORM THE
3	PARTIES OF THE NOISE ABATEMENT PROCEDURES AND HOW THEY MIGHT
4	COMPLY WITH SUCH PROCEDURES.
5	(III) EACH AIRPORT SHALL CREATE AND POST ON ITS WEBSITE AN
6	INTERNAL COMMUNICATIONS PLAN DETAILING HOW THEY INTEND TO
7	ENSURE THAT THEIR NOISE ABATEMENT PLAN IS WELL UNDERSTOOD AND
8	AVAILABLE TO ALL AIRPORT OPERATORS.
9	(e) NOISE ABATEMENT PLANS DEVELOPED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
10	SUBSECTION (2)(c)(II) OF THIS SECTION MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE FAA
11	AND ARE NOT CONTINGENT ON FAA APPROVAL.
12	(f) IF AN AIRPORT OR AN ENTITY OPERATING AN AIRPORT HAS ONE
13	OR MORE AVIGATION EASEMENTS IN PLACE, THE LEGAL STAFF OF THE
14	AIRPORT OR ENTITY MUST CERTIFY IN WRITING FOR EACH GRANT
15	APPLICATION THAT THE AIRPORT OR ENTITY IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE
16	ALL THE EASEMENTS.
17	(g) THE LIMITATION ON THE EXPENDITURE OF MONEY FROM THE
18	FUND SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (2)(c) OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY
19	TO MONEY EXPENDED FOR AN AVIATION PROJECT THAT IS FOR AN
20	INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT OR THAT IS DETERMINED BY THE DIVISION TO BE
21	DIRECTLY UTILIZED TOWARDS THE TRANSITION FROM LEADED AVIATION
22	GASOLINE TO UNLEADED AVIATION GASOLINE, INCLUDING BUT NOT
23	LIMITED TO IMPROVEMENTS, ADDITIONS, AND MODIFICATIONS DESCRIBED
24	IN SECTION 43-10-102 (3)(a)(IX) TO (3)(a)(XII), FOR THE HEALTH,
25	SAFETY, AND WELFARE OF INDIVIDUALS WHO RESIDE NEAR THE AIRPORT
26	AT WHICH THE AVIATION PROJECT WILL BE COMPLETED.
2.7	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 43-10-118 as

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1	follows:
2	43-10-118. Adverse impacts - evaluation and provision of
3	education, and technical assistance. (1) (a) THE DIVISION SHALL
4	EVALUATE, AND EDUCATE AND PROVIDE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO
5	AIRPORTS ABOUT, THE ADVERSE IMPACTS OF AIRCRAFT NOISE ON PUBLIC
6	HEALTH, SAFETY, AND WELFARE. THE DIVISION SHALL PRIORITIZE THIS
7	EVALUATION, EDUCATION, AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AT AIRPORTS
8	WITH SIGNIFICANT GENERAL AVIATION ACTIVITY THAT THE DIVISION HAS
9	IDENTIFIED AS BEING LOCATED IN DENSELY POPULATED RESIDENTIAL
10	AREAS OR AS HAVING A SIGNIFICANT NUMBER OF FLIGHTS OVER DENSELY
11	POPULATED RESIDENTIAL AREAS.
12	(b) The department of public health and environment
13	SHALL CONTINUE TO ENCOURAGE TESTING IN HIGH-RISK AREAS FOR THE
14	PRESENCE OF LEAD IN THE BLOOD OF INDIVIDUALS WHO RESIDE OR WORK
15	NEAR SUCH AIRPORTS OR CHILDREN WHO ATTEND SCHOOLS OR CHILD CARE
16	FACILITIES NEAR SUCH AIRPORTS.
17	SECTION 8. Safety clause. The general assembly finds,
18	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
19	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety or for appropriations for
20	the support and maintenance of the departments of the state and state

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institutions.

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