Second Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 22-0542.01 Michael Dohr x4347

HOUSE BILL 22-1229

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Weissman and Soper,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Gardner and Gonzales,

House Committees

Senate Committees

Judiciary

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING ADOPTING CLEAN-UP PROVISIONS TO SENATE BILL
102	21-271 WHICH ENACTED THE 2021 RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE
103	COLORADO COMMISSION ON CRIMINAL AND JUVENILE JUSTICE.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Senate Bill 21-271 created a civil infraction as penalty for violations of the law that do not rise to criminal conduct. Senate Bill 21-271 included procedures for civil infractions. The bill repeals those provisions and replaces them with new procedures for handling civil infractions. The bill makes conforming amendments related to civil infractions. The bill makes clean-up changes to other provisions to conform to Senate Bill 21-271.

1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal and reenact,
3	with amendments, as it will become effective March 1, 2022, article
4	2.3 of title 16 as follows:
5	ARTICLE 2.3
6	Civil Infractions
7	16-2.3-101. Civil infractions classified. (1) IT IS A CIVIL
8	INFRACTION FOR ANY PERSON TO COMMIT ANY OFFENSE OR VIOLATE ANY
9	STATUTE OF THIS STATE THAT IS SPECIFICALLY CLASSIFIED AS A CIVIL
10	INFRACTION. A CIVIL INFRACTION IS A CIVIL MATTER.
11	(2) For the purposes of this article 2.3:
12	(a) "JUDGE" INCLUDES ANY COUNTY COURT MAGISTRATE WHO
13	HEARS A CIVIL INFRACTION MATTER; AND
14	(b) "Magistrate" includes any county court judge who is
15	ACTING AS A COUNTY COURT MAGISTRATE IN A CIVIL INFRACTION MATTER.
16	(3) THE PENALTY FOR COMMISSION OF A CIVIL INFRACTION, UPON
17	CONVICTION, IS A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS,
18	UNLESS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THE SECTION DESCRIBING THE
19	INFRACTION.
20	(4) EVERY PERSON WHO IS CONVICTED OF, WHO ADMITS LIABILITY
21	FOR, OR AGAINST WHOM A JUDGMENT IS ENTERED FOR A VIOLATION OF A
22	CIVIL INFRACTION MUST BE FINED AND HAVE A SURCHARGE LEVIED
23	PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 24-4.1-119 (1)(f), 24-4.2-104 (1)(b)(I), AND
24	24-33.5-415.6.
25	16-2.3-102. Penalty assessment notice for civil infractions.

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1	(1) (a) AT ANY TIME THAT A PEACE OFFICER, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION
2	16-2.5-101, CHARGES A PERSON WITH THE COMMISSION OF ANY CIVIL
3	INFRACTION, THE PEACE OFFICER MAY, EXCEPT WHEN PROHIBITED BY THE
4	SECTION DESCRIBING THE CHARGED CIVIL INFRACTION OR WHEN
5	RESTITUTION MAY BE AT ISSUE, OFFER TO GIVE A PENALTY ASSESSMENT
6	NOTICE TO THE PERSON. FOR ALL CIVIL INFRACTIONS, THE FINE LISTED ON
7	THE PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE IS ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, UNLESS THE
8	FINE IS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THE SECTION DESCRIBING THE CIVIL
9	INFRACTION.
10	(b) THE PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE THAT A PEACE OFFICER
11	SERVES UPON THE PERSON MUST BE A SUMMONS AND COMPLAINT
12	CONTAINING THE FOLLOWING:
13	(I) IDENTIFICATION OF THE ALLEGED OFFENDER;
14	(II) SPECIFICATION OF THE OFFENSE, INCLUDING A CITATION TO
15	THE SECTION ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN VIOLATED AND A BRIEF DESCRIPTION
16	OF THE CIVIL INFRACTION;
17	(III) THE AMOUNT OF THE FINE FOR THE CIVIL INFRACTION AND
18	THE AMOUNT OF THE SURCHARGES PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 24-4.1-119
19	(1)(g), 24-4.2-104 (1), AND 24-33.5-415.6;
20	(IV) THE DATE THE PEACE OFFICER SERVES THE PENALTY
21	ASSESSMENT NOTICE UPON THE PERSON;
22	(V) Instructions to the person to appear in a specified
23	COUNTY COURT AT A SPECIFIED TIME AND PLACE IF THE FINE AND
24	SURCHARGES ARE NOT PAID;
25	(VI) THE PEACE OFFICER'S SIGNATURE;
26	(VII) A PLACE WHERE THE PERSON MAY EXECUTE A SIGNED
27	ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF LIABILITY AND AN ACREEMENT TO DAY THE FINE

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I	AND SURCHARGES WITHIN TWENTY DAYS; AND
2	(VIII) OTHER INFORMATION AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY LAW TO
3	CONSTITUTE THE PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE TO BE A SUMMONS AND
4	COMPLAINT SHOULD THE FINE AND SURCHARGES NOT BE PAID WITHIN THE
5	TIME ALLOWED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION.
6	(c) A PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE ISSUED AND SERVED
7	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION ON A MINOR UNDER
8	EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE MUST ALSO CONTAIN OR BE ACCOMPANIED BY A
9	DOCUMENT CONTAINING:
10	(I) A PREPRINTED DECLARATION STATING THAT THE MINOR'S
11	PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN HAS REVIEWED THE CONTENTS OF THE
12	PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE WITH THE MINOR;
13	(II) PREPRINTED SIGNATURE LINES FOLLOWING THE DECLARATION
14	ON WHICH THE REVIEWING PERSON DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(c)(I) OF
15	THIS SECTION SHALL AFFIX THE PERSON'S SIGNATURE AND FOR A NOTARY
16	PUBLIC TO DULY ACKNOWLEDGE THE REVIEWING PERSON'S SIGNATURE;
17	AND
18	(III) AN ADVISEMENT TO THE MINOR THAT:
19	(A) THE MINOR SHALL, WITHIN SEVENTY-TWO HOURS AFTER
20	SERVICE OF THE PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE, INFORM THE MINOR'S
21	PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN THAT THE MINOR HAS RECEIVED A PENALTY
22	ASSESSMENT NOTICE;
23	(B) THE PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN OF THE MINOR IS REQUIRED
24	BY LAW TO REVIEW AND SIGN THE PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE AND TO
25	HAVE THE PERSON'S SIGNATURE DULY ACKNOWLEDGED BY A NOTARY
26	PUBLIC; AND
27	(C) NONCOMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENT SET FORTH IN

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1	SUBSECTION $(1)(c)(III)(B)$ of this section will result in the minor
2	AND THE PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN OF THE MINOR BEING REQUIRED TO
3	APPEAR IN COURT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION.
4	(d) THE PEACE OFFICER MUST SERVE ONE COPY OF THE PENALTY
5	ASSESSMENT NOTICE UPON THE PERSON AND SHALL SEND ONE COPY TO
6	THE CLERK OF THE COUNTY COURT IN THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE ALLEGED
7	OFFENSE OCCURRED.
8	(e) The time specified in the summons portion of the
9	PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE MUST BE AT LEAST THIRTY DAYS BUT NOT
10	MORE THAN NINETY DAYS AFTER THE DATE THE PENALTY ASSESSMENT
11	NOTICE IS SERVED.
12	(f) The place specified in the summons portion of the
13	PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE MUST BE A COUNTY COURT WITHIN THE
14	COUNTY IN WHICH THE CIVIL INFRACTION IS ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN
15	COMMITTED.
16	(g) IF THE PERSON REFUSES TO ACCEPT SERVICE OF THE PENALTY
17	ASSESSMENT NOTICE, TENDER OF THE NOTICE BY THE PEACE OFFICER TO
18	THE PERSON CONSTITUTES SERVICE UPON THE PERSON.
19	(2) (a) If the Person Served a penalty assessment notice
20	ACKNOWLEDGES GUILT, THE PERSON MAY PAY THE SPECIFIED FINE AND
21	SURCHARGES IN PERSON OR BY MAIL AT THE PLACE AND WITHIN THE TIME
22	SPECIFIED IN THE NOTICE. IF THE PERSON DOES NOT ACKNOWLEDGE GUILT,
23	THE PERSON SHALL APPEAR AS REQUIRED IN THE NOTICE. UPON TRIAL, IF
24	THE PERSON IS FOUND GUILTY, THE COURT SHALL IMPOSE THE FINE AND
25	SURCHARGES SPECIFIED IN THE NOTICE FOR THE OFFENSE FOR WHICH THE
26	PERSON WAS FOUND GUILTY AND THE COURT MAY IMPOSE COURT COSTS

AGAINST THE PERSON IN ADDITION TO THE FINE AND SURCHARGES.

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(b) The fine specified in the penalty assessment notice for the violation charged and the surcharges must be paid to the clerk of the court of the jurisdiction in which the offense is alleged to have occurred, either in person or by postmarking such payment within twenty days after the date the penalty assessment notice is served upon the person. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4) of this section, acceptance of a penalty assessment notice and payment of the fine and surcharges to the court is complete satisfaction for the violation. The person must be given a receipt if the person pays the fine and surcharges in currency or other form of legal tender.

(3) If a person charged with a civil infraction fails to pay the fine and surcharges within twenty days after the date of the penalty assessment notice, or if the clerk of the court does not accept payment for the fine and surcharges as evidenced by receipt, the person is allowed to pay the fine, surcharges, and the docket fee in the amount set forth in section 13-1-204 (1)(b) to the clerk of the court referred to in the summons portion of the penalty assessment notice during the two business days prior to the time for appearance, as specified in the notice. If the fine for a civil infraction and surcharges is not timely paid, the case is heard in the court of competent jurisdiction prescribed on the penalty assessment notice in the manner provided for in this article 2.3 for the prosecution of civil infractions.

(4) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, A MINOR UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE SHALL APPEAR AT

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1	A HEARING ON THE DATE AND TIME SPECIFIED IN THE PENALTY
2	ASSESSMENT NOTICE AND ANSWER THE ALLEGED VIOLATION IF THE
3	PENALTY ASSESSMENT WAS TIMELY PAID BUT NOT SIGNED AND NOTARIZED
4	IN THE MANNER REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION $(1)(c)(III)(B)$ of this section.
5	(5) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (1) OF
6	THIS SECTION, IF THE OFFENSE CHARGED IS FOR THE COMMISSION OF A
7	CIVIL INFRACTION FOR A PARKS AND WILDLIFE VIOLATION CONTAINED IN
8	TITLE 33, THE PENALTY ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES CONTAINED IN SECTION
9	33-6-104 OR 33-15-102 APPLY.
10	16-2.3-103. Parties to a crime. A PERSON IS LEGALLY
11	ACCOUNTABLE AS PRINCIPAL FOR THE BEHAVIOR OF ANOTHER PERSON
12	WHO COMMITS A CIVIL INFRACTION IF, WITH THE INTENT TO PROMOTE OR
13	FACILITATE THE COMMISSION OF THE OFFENSE, THE PERSON AIDS, ABETS,
14	ADVISES, OR ENCOURAGES THE OTHER PERSON IN PLANNING OR
15	COMMITTING THE OFFENSE.
16	16-2.3-104. Civil infractions - proper court for hearing -
17	burden of proof - appeal - collateral attack. (1) A COUNTY COURT
18	MAGISTRATE APPOINTED PURSUANT TO PART 5 of article 6 of title 13 ,
19	OR A COUNTY JUDGE ACTING AS A MAGISTRATE, SHALL CONDUCT THE
20	HEARING IN A COUNTY COURT FOR THE ADJUDICATION OF A CIVIL
21	INFRACTION; EXCEPT THAT, IF THE CHARGE INCLUDES A CRIME AND CIVIL
22	INFRACTION IN THE SAME SUMMONS AND COMPLAINT, ALL CHARGES MUST
23	BE MADE RETURNABLE BEFORE A JUDGE OR MAGISTRATE WHO HAS
24	JURISDICTION OVER THE CRIME. THE COLORADO RULES OF CRIMINAL
25	PROCEDURE APPLY IN A CASE THAT CONTAINS BOTH A CRIME AND A CIVIL
26	INFRACTION.
27	(2) When a court of competent jurisdiction determines

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I	THAT A PERSON CHARGED WITH A MISDEMEANOR OR PETTY OFFENSE IS
2	GUILTY OF A LESSER INCLUDED OFFENSE THAT IS A CIVIL INFRACTION, THE
3	COURT MAY ENTER A JUDGMENT AS TO THE LESSER INCLUDED OFFENSE.
4	(3) IN A CIVIL INFRACTION CASE, THE BURDEN OF PROOF IS ON THE
5	PEOPLE, AND THE MAGISTRATE SHALL ENTER JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF THE
6	PERSON UNLESS THE PEOPLE PROVE THE LIABILITY OF THE PERSON BEYOND
7	A REASONABLE DOUBT. THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY OR A DISTRICT
8	ATTORNEY'S DEPUTY MAY, BUT IS NOT REQUIRED TO, AT THE DISTRICT
9	ATTORNEY'S DISCRETION, ENTER A CIVIL INFRACTION CASE FOR THE
10	PURPOSE OF ATTEMPTING TO NEGOTIATE A PLEA TO A LESSER OFFENSE,
11	REDUCED PENALTY, OR A STIPULATION TO PRETRIAL DIVERSION OR
12	DEFERRED JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE. THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY SHALL
13	NOT REPRESENT THE STATE AT HEARINGS CONDUCTED BY A MAGISTRATE
14	OR A COUNTY JUDGE ACTING AS A MAGISTRATE ON CIVIL INFRACTION
15	MATTERS. THE MAGISTRATE OR COUNTY JUDGE ACTING AS A MAGISTRATE
16	MAY CALL AND QUESTION ANY WITNESS AND SHALL ACT AS THE FACT
17	FINDER AT HEARINGS ON CIVIL INFRACTION MATTERS.
18	(4) AN APPEAL FROM FINAL JUDGMENT ON A CIVIL INFRACTION
19	MATTER MUST BE TAKEN TO THE DISTRICT COURT FOR THE COUNTY WHERE
20	THE MAGISTRATE OR JUDGE ACTING AS MAGISTRATE IS LOCATED.
21	(5) (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (5) (b) of
22	THIS SECTION, A PERSON AGAINST WHOM A JUDGMENT IS ENTERED FOR A
23	CIVIL INFRACTION MAY NOT COLLATERALLY ATTACK THE VALIDITY OF
24	THAT JUDGMENT UNLESS THE PERSON COMMENCES THE ATTACK WITHIN
25	SIX MONTHS AFTER THE DATE OF ENTRY OF THE JUDGMENT.
26	(b) IN RECOGNITION OF THE DIFFICULTIES ATTENDING THE

LITIGATION OF STALE CLAIMS AND THE POTENTIAL FOR FRUSTRATING

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1	VARIOUS STATUTORY PROVISIONS DIRECTED AT REPEAT OFFENDERS,
2	FORMER OFFENDERS, AND HABITUAL OFFENDERS, THE ONLY EXCEPTIONS
3	TO THE TIME LIMITATION SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION $(5)(a)$ OF THIS SECTION
4	ARE CASES IN WHICH THE COURT HEARING THE COLLATERAL ATTACK
5	FINDS:
6	(I) THAT THE COURT ENTERING JUDGMENT DID NOT HAVE
7	JURISDICTION OVER THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THE ALLEGED CIVIL
8	INFRACTION;
9	(II) THAT THE COURT ENTERING JUDGMENT DID NOT HAVE
10	JURISDICTION OVER THE PERSON;
11	(III) BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE, THAT THE FAILURE
12	TO SEEK RELIEF WITHIN THE TIME LIMITATION SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION
13	(5)(a) OF THIS SECTION WAS THE RESULT OF AN ADJUDICATION OF
14	INCOMPETENCE OR BY COMMITMENT OR CERTIFICATION OF THE VIOLATOR
15	TO AN INSTITUTION FOR TREATMENT AS A PERSON WITH A BEHAVIORAL
16	HEALTH DISORDER; OR
17	(IV) THAT THE FAILURE TO SEEK RELIEF WITHIN TIME LIMITATION
18	SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF THIS SECTION WAS THE RESULT OF
19	CIRCUMSTANCES AMOUNTING TO JUSTIFIABLE EXCUSE OR EXCUSABLE
20	NEGLECT.
21	16-2.3-105. Failure to pay penalty for civil infractions - failure
22	of parent or guardian to sign penalty assessment notice - procedures.
23	(1) UNLESS A PERSON WHO HAS BEEN CITED FOR A CIVIL INFRACTION PAYS
24	THE FINE AND SURCHARGES PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 24-4.1-119 (1)(f),
25	24-4.2-104 (1), AND 24-33.5-415.6, THE PERSON SHALL APPEAR AT A
26	HEARING ON THE DATE AND TIME SPECIFIED IN THE SUMMONS AND
27	COMPLAINT AND ANSWER THE COMPLAINT. THIS REQUIREMENT TO APPEAR

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1	MAY BE COMPLIED WITH BY APPEARANCE OF COUNSEL.
2	(2) IF A MINOR UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE IS REQUIRED TO
3	APPEAR AT A HEARING PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION,
4	THE MINOR SHALL INFORM THE MINOR'S PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN, AND
5	THE PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN SHALL ALSO APPEAR AT THE HEARING.
6	(3) IF THE PERSON ANSWERS THAT THE PERSON IS GUILTY OR IF THE
7	PERSON FAILS TO APPEAR FOR THE HEARING, THE MAGISTRATE SHALL
8	ENTER JUDGMENT AGAINST THE PERSON.
9	(4) IF THE PERSON DENIES THE ALLEGATIONS IN THE COMPLAINT,
10	A FINAL HEARING ON THE COMPLAINT MUST BE HELD SUBJECT TO THE
11	PROVISIONS REGARDING A SPEEDY TRIAL IN SECTION 18-1-405. IF THE
12	PERSON IS FOUND GUILTY OR LIABLE AT THE FINAL HEARING OR IF THE
13	PERSON FAILS TO APPEAR FOR A FINAL HEARING, THE MAGISTRATE SHALL
14	ENTER JUDGMENT AGAINST THE PERSON.
15	(5) (a) (I) IF JUDGMENT IS ENTERED AGAINST A PERSON, THE
16	MAGISTRATE SHALL ASSESS THE APPROPRIATE FINE AND SURCHARGES, A
17	DOCKET FEE OF SIXTEEN DOLLARS, AND OTHER APPLICABLE COSTS
18	AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 13-16-122 (1).
19	(II) ALL DOCKET FEES COLLECTED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION
20	(5)(a)(I) of this section must be transmitted to the state
21	TREASURER FOR DEPOSIT IN THE JUDICIAL STABILIZATION CASH FUND
22	CREATED IN SECTION 13-32-101 (6).
23	(b) A MAGISTRATE SHALL NOT ISSUE A BENCH WARRANT FOR THE
24	ARREST OF ANY PERSON WHO FAILS TO APPEAR FOR A HEARING PURSUANT
25	TO SUBSECTION (1) , (2) , or (3) of this section or for a final Hearing
26	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION.
27	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-1-204, amend

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(1)(b) as follows:

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2	13-1-204. Court security cash fund - creation - grants -
3	regulations. (1) (b) A five-dollar surcharge shall MUST be assessed and
4	collected as provided by law on docket fees and jury fees for specified
5	civil actions filed on and after July 1, 2007, on docket fees for criminal
6	convictions entered on and after July 1, 2007, on filing fees for specified
7	probate filings made on and after July 1, 2007, on docket fees for
8	specified special proceeding filings made on and after July 1, 2007, on
9	fees for specified filings in water matters initiated on and after July 1,
10	2007, and on docket fees for specified traffic infraction penalties assessed
11	on and after July 1, 2007, AND ON DOCKET FEES FOR CIVIL INFRACTION
12	PENALTIES ASSESSED ON OR AFTER MARCH 1, 2022. The surcharge shall
13	MUST be transmitted to the state treasurer, who shall credit the surcharge
14	to the fund.
15	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-6-212, amend
16	(2)(f) as follows:
17	13-6-212. Duties of clerk. (2) Upon approval by the chief justice
18	of the supreme court, the chief judge of a judicial district may authorize,
19	either generally or in specific cases, the clerk of the county court to do the
20	following:
21	(f) With the consent of the defendant, accept pleas of guilty and
22	admissions of liability and impose penalties pursuant to a schedule
23	approved by the presiding judge in misdemeanor cases involving
24	violations of wildlife and parks and outdoor recreation laws for which the

maximum penalty in each case is a fine of not more than one thousand

dollars; and in misdemeanor traffic and traffic infraction cases involving

the regulation of vehicles and traffic for which the penalty specified in

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1	section 42-4-1701, C.R.S., or elsewhere in articles 2 to 4 of title 42,
2	C.R.S., in each case is less than three hundred dollars; AND IN CIVIL
3	INFRACTION CASES. A clerk shall not levy a fine of over said GREATER
4	THAN THESE amounts nor sentence any person to jail. If, in the judgment
5	of the clerk, a fine of over said GREATER THAN THESE amounts or a jail
6	sentence is justified, the case shall MUST be certified to the judge of the
7	county court for rearraignment and trial de novo.
8	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-6-501, amend (4)
9	introductory portion, (5), (6), (8), and (9); and add (4)(a.5) as follows:
10	13-6-501. County court magistrates - qualifications - duties.
11	(4) Subject to the provision that no magistrate may preside in any trial by
12	jury, county court magistrates shall have power to hear the following
13	matters:
14	(a.5) CIVIL INFRACTIONS, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 16-2.3-101;
15	(5) Except in class A and class B traffic infraction matters AND
16	CIVIL INFRACTION MATTERS, before a county court magistrate may hear
17	any matter, all parties thereto shall have waived, on the record, their right
18	to proceed before a county judge. If any party fails to waive such right, or
19	objects to the magistrate, that party's case shall MUST be rereferred to a
20	county judge.
21	(6) Magistrates, when handling county court matters, and class A
22	and class B traffic infraction matters, AND CIVIL INFRACTION MATTERS,
23	and where the parties to such proceedings, other than traffic infraction
24	matters, shall have waived their right to proceed before a county judge,
25	shall have all the jurisdiction and power of a county judge, and their
26	orders and judgments shall be ARE those of the county court.
27	(8) The duties, qualifications, compensation, conditions of

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1	employment, and other administrative details concerning magistrates who
2	hear traffic infraction matters AND CIVIL INFRACTION MATTERS not set
3	forth in this part 5 shall be ARE established in accordance with the
4	provisions of PURSUANT TO section 13-3-105.
5	(9) The supreme court shall adopt such rules and regulations as it
6	deems necessary or proper to carry out the provisions of this part 5
7	relating to traffic infraction matters AND CIVIL INFRACTION MATTERS,
8	including, but not limited to, procedural matters.
9	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 13-6-502 as
10	follows:
11	13-6-502. Jury trials. Notwithstanding the provisions of section
12	16-10-109 C.R.S., or any other provision of law, the right to a jury trial
13	shall not be IS NOT available at a hearing before a magistrate where WHEN
14	the cited person is charged with a class A or a class B traffic infraction OR
15	CIVIL INFRACTION.
16	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 13-6-503 as
17	follows:
18	13-6-503. Evidence offered by officer. At any hearing on a class
19	A or class B traffic infraction OR CIVIL INFRACTION, the officer who
20	issued the citation OR PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE shall offer evidence
21	of the facts concerning the alleged infraction either in person or by
22	affidavit, as such affidavit may be established by rules adopted by the
23	supreme court pursuant to section 13-6-501 (9). If such THE officer
24	appears personally, the magistrate and the cited person may then examine
25	such THE officer. The cited party shall have HAS the right to call the
26	officer by subpoena as in the case of other civil matters.
27	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-80-103, add (1)(i)

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1	as follows:
2	13-80-103. General limitation of actions - one year. (1) The
3	following civil actions, regardless of the theory upon which suit is
4	brought, or against whom suit is brought, shall be commenced within one
5	year after the cause of action accrues, and not thereafter:
6	(i) ALL ACTIONS AGAINST A PERSON ALLEGING LIABILITY FOR A
7	PENALTY FOR COMMISSION OF A CIVIL INFRACTION, AS DESCRIBED IN
8	SECTION 16-2.3-101.
9	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-80-108, add
10	(11.5) as follows:
11	13-80-108. When a cause of action accrues. (11.5) A CAUSE
12	OF ACTION FOR A PENALTY FOR COMMISSION OF A CIVIL INFRACTION, AS
13	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 16-2.3-101, IS DEEMED TO ACCRUE ON THE DATE
14	THE CIVIL INFRACTION WAS COMMITTED.
15	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend as it will
16	become effective March 1, 2022, 16-2-104 as follows:
17	16-2-104. Issuance of summons and complaint. A summons and
18	complaint may be issued by any peace officer for an offense constituting
19	a misdemeanor or a petty offense or a civil infraction committed in the
20	peace officer's presence or, if not committed in the peace officer's
21	presence, which THAT the peace officer has probable cause to believe was
22	committed and probable cause to believe was committed by the person
23	charged. Except for penalty assessment notices, which shall MUST be
24	handled according to PURSUANT TO the procedures set forth in section
25	16-2-201 OR 16-2.3-102, a copy of a summons and complaint so issued
26	shall MUST be filed immediately with the county court before which
2.7	appearance is required, and a second copy shall MUST be given to the

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1	district attorney or deputy district attorney for the county.
2	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend as it will
3	become effective March 1, 2022, 16-2-109 as follows:
4	16-2-109. Service of summons. A summons issued by the county
5	court in a prosecution for a misdemeanor or petty offense or civil
6	infraction may be served by giving a copy to the defendant personally or
7	by leaving a copy at the defendant's usual place of abode with some
8	person over the age of eighteen years residing therein or by mailing a
9	copy to the defendant's last known address by certified mail, return
10	receipt requested, not less than fourteen days prior to the time the
11	defendant is required to appear. Service by mail shall MUST be complete
12	upon the return of the receipt signed by the defendant. Personal service
13	shall MUST be made by any disinterested party over the age of eighteen
14	years.
15	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-2-201, amend
16	as it will become effective March 1, 2022, (1) as follows:
17	16-2-201. Penalty assessment notice procedure. (1) When a
18	person is arrested for a civil infraction, the arresting officer may give the
19	person a penalty assessment notice PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-2.3-102 and
20	release the person upon its terms.
21	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-4-113, amend
22	as it will become effective March 1, 2022, (1) introductory portion as
23	follows:
24	16-4-113. Type of bond in certain misdemeanor cases. (1) In
25	exercising the discretion mentioned in section 16-4-104, the judge shall
26	release the accused person upon personal recognizance if the charge is

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1	does not exceed six months' imprisonment, and he or she THE A	ACCUSED
2	PERSON shall not be required to supply a surety bond, or give se	curity of
3	any kind for his or her THEIR appearance for trial other than h	is or her
4	THEIR personal recognizance, unless one or more of the follow	ing facts
5	are found to be present:	
6	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-5-401	, amend
7	as it will become effective March 1, 2022, (1)(a) as follows:	
8	16-5-401. Limitation for commencing criminal processing	eedings,
9	civil infraction proceedings, and juvenile delinquency proce	edings -
10	definitions. (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided by statute appl	icable to
11	specific offenses, delinquent acts, or circumstances, no adult p	erson or
12	juvenile shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished for any of	fense or
13	delinquent act unless the indictment, information, complaint, or	petition
14	in delinquency is filed in a court of competent jurisdiction or a s	ummons
15	and complaint or penalty assessment notice is served upon the de	efendant
16	or juvenile within the period of time after the commission of the	e offense
17	or delinquent act as specified below:	
18	Murder, kidnapping, treason, any sex offense against	
19	a child, and any forgery regardless of the penalty	
20	provided:	No limit
21	Attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit murder;	
22	attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit	
23	kidnapping; attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to	
24	commit treason; attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation	
25	to commit any sex offense against a child; and	
26	attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any	
27	forgery regardless of the penalty provided:	No limit

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1	Vehicular homicide, except as described in subsect	ion
2	(1)(a.5) of this section; leaving the scene of an	
3	accident that resulted in the death of a person:	Five years
4	Other felonies:	Three years
5	Misdemeanors: Eig	thteen months
6	Class 1 and 2 misdemeanor traffic offenses:	One year
7	Petty offenses: and civil infractions:	Six months
8	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, ame	nd 16-10-101
9	as follows:	
10	16-10-101. Jury trials - statement of policy. T	The right of a
11	person who is accused of an offense other than a noncr	riminal traffic
12	infraction or offense, CIVIL INFRACTION, or OFFENSE	other than a
13	municipal charter, municipal ordinance, or county ordinance	ce violation as
14	provided in section 16-10-109 (1), to have a trial by jury is	inviolate and
15	a matter of substantive due process of law as distinguishe	d from one of
16	"practice and procedure". The people shall also have the	right to refuse
17	to consent to a waiver of a trial or sentencing determination	n by jury in all
18	cases in which the accused has the right to request a trial	or sentencing
19	determination by jury.	
20	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-	1-104, amend
21	as it will become effective March 1, 2022, (2) as follows	: :
22	18-1-104. "Offense" defined - offenses classified -	common-law
23	crimes abolished. (2) Each offense falls into one of elever	n NINE classes,
24	one of six drug offense levels, or one unclassified category	. There are six
25	classes of felonies as described in section 18-1.3-401 and	four levels of
26	drug felonies as described in section 18-1.3-401.5, tw	vo classes of
27	misdemeanors as described in section 18-1.3-501 and two	levels of drug

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1	misdemeanors as described in section 18-1.3-501, petty offenses as
2	described in section 18-1.3-503, civil infractions as described in section
3	18-1.3-503, and the category of drug petty offense as described in section
4	18-1.3-501 (1)(e).
5	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1-1001, amend
6	(1) as follows:
7	18-1-1001. Protection order against defendant - definitions.
8	(1) There is hereby created a mandatory protection order against any
9	person charged with a CRIMINAL violation of any of the provisions of this
10	title TITLE 18, which order shall remain REMAINS in effect from the time
11	that the person is advised of his or her THE PERSON'S rights at arraignment
12	or the person's first appearance before the court and informed of such
13	order until final disposition of the action. Such order shall restrain
14	RESTRAINS the person charged from harassing, molesting, intimidating,
15	retaliating against, or tampering with any witness to or victim of the acts
16	charged. The protection order issued pursuant to this section shall MUST
17	be on a standardized form prescribed by the judicial department, and a
18	copy shall be provided to the protected parties.
19	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-503, amend
20	as it will become effective March 1, 2022, (1.6) as follows:
21	18-1.3-503. Petty offense and civil infraction classified -
22	penalties. (1.6) (a) For offenses committed on or after March 1, 2022, a
23	violation of a statute of this state is a civil infraction if specifically
24	classified as a civil infraction. The penalty for commission of a civil
25	infraction, upon conviction, is a fine of not more than one hundred
26	dollars, unless otherwise provided by statute. A CIVIL INFRACTION
2.7	CONSTITUTES A CIVIL MATTER

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1	(b) A peace officer may apply the penalty assessment NOTICE
2	procedure in section 16-2-201 SECTION 16-2.3-102 for the payment of a
3	fine in a civil infraction case.
4	SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-603, amend
5	as it will become effective March 1, 2022, (1) introductory portion as
6	follows:
7	18-1.3-603. Assessment of restitution - corrective orders.
8	(1) Every order of conviction of a felony, misdemeanor, petty offense,
9	civil infraction, or traffic misdemeanor offense, except any order of
10	conviction for a state traffic misdemeanor offense issued by a municipal
11	or county court in which the prosecuting attorney is acting as a special
12	deputy district attorney pursuant to an agreement with the district
13	attorney's office, shall include consideration of restitution. Each such
14	order shall include one or more of the following:
15	SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-3-204, amend
16	(3) as follows:
17	18-3-204. Assault in the third degree. (3) Assault in the third
18	degree is a class 1 misdemeanor. and is an extraordinary risk crime that
19	is subject to the modified sentencing range specified in section
20	18-1.3-501 (3).
21	SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-3-405.6, amend
22	(2)(a) as follows:
23	18-3-405.6. Invasion of privacy for sexual gratification.
24	(2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection
25	(2) SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION, invasion of privacy for sexual
26	gratification is a class 1 misdemeanor. and is an extraordinary risk crime
27	subject to the modified sentencing range specified in section 18-1-3-501

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1	(3).
2	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-3-412.5, amend
3	(3)(a) as follows:
4	18-3-412.5. Failure to register as a sex offender. (3) (a) Failure
5	to register as a sex offender is a class 1 misdemeanor if the person was
6	convicted of misdemeanor unlawful sexual behavior, or of another
7	offense, the underlying factual basis of which involves misdemeanor
8	unlawful sexual behavior, or if the person received a disposition or was
9	adjudicated for an offense that would constitute misdemeanor unlawful
10	sexual behavior if committed by an adult, or for another offense, the
11	underlying factual basis of which involves misdemeanor unlawful sexual
12	behavior. A class 1 misdemeanor conviction pursuant to this subsection
13	(3) is an extraordinary risk crime that is subject to the modified
14	sentencing range specified in section 18-1.3-501 (3).
15	SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-4-401, amend
16	as it will become effective March 1, 2022, (1) introductory portion as
17	follows:
18	18-4-401. Theft - repeal. (1) A person commits theft when he or
19	she knowingly obtains, retains, or exercises control over anything of
20	value of another without authorization or by threat or deception; receives,
21	loans money by pawn or pledge on, or disposes of anything of value or
22	belonging to another that he or she knows or believes to have been stolen,
23	or procures food or accommodations from a public establishment without
24	making payment therefore, and:
25	SECTION 23. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend as it will
26	become effective March 1, 2022, 18-4-416 as follows:
27	18-4-416. Theft by resale of a lift ticket or coupon. Any

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1	unauthorized person who, with the intent to profit therefrom, resells or
2	offers to resell any ticket, pass, badge, pin, coupon, or other device which
3	THAT then entitles the bearer to the use, benefit, or enjoyment of any
4	skiing service or skiing facility commits a civil infraction. The penalty of
5	a violation of this section shall be a fine in an amount not to exceed three
6	hundred dollars. Under no circumstances shall A PEACE OFFICER MUST
7	NOT, UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, ARREST a person being charged with
8	this civil infraction be arrested by any peace officer, and a summons to
9	the appropriate court of jurisdiction shall MUST be issued to the accused
10	person.
11	SECTION 24. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-4-511, add (8)
12	as follows:
13	18-4-511. Littering of public or private property - repeal.
14	(8) ANY TIME A PERSON IS CHARGED WITH COMMITTING LITTERING, THE
15	PEACE OFFICER SHALL ISSUE A SUMMONS AND COMPLAINT FOR THE
16	PERSON'S APPEARANCE IN COURT. NOTWITHSTANDING SECTION
17	16-2.3-102, A PEACE OFFICER SHALL NOT ISSUE A PENALTY ASSESSMENT
18	FOR LITTERING.
19	SECTION 25. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-6-803.5, repeal
20	(2)(a.5) as follows:
21	18-6-803.5. Crime of violation of a protection order - penalty
22	- peace officers' duties - definitions. (2) (a.5) A second or subsequent
23	violation of a protection order is an extraordinary risk crime that is
24	subject to the modified sentencing range specified in section 18-1.3-501
25	(3).
26	SECTION 26. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-8-102, amend
27	(3) as follows:

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1	18-8-102. Obstructing government operations. (3) Obstructing
2	government operations is a class 3 misdemeanor CLASS 2 MISDEMEANOR.
3	SECTION 27. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-4.1-119, add
4	(1)(g) as follows:
5	24-4.1-119. Costs and surcharges levied on criminal actions
6	and traffic offenses. (1) (g) (I) A SURCHARGE OF EIGHT DOLLARS IS
7	LEVIED AGAINST EACH PENALTY IMPOSED FOR VIOLATION OF A CIVIL
8	INFRACTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-2.3-101. THE CLERK OF THE COURT
9	SHALL TRANSMIT ALL MONEY COLLECTED TO THE COURT ADMINISTRATOR
10	OF THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT IN WHICH THE OFFENSE OCCURRED FOR
11	CREDIT TO THE CRIME VICTIM COMPENSATION FUND ESTABLISHED IN THAT
12	JUDICIAL DISTRICT.
13	(II) THE SURCHARGES LEVIED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION
14	(1)(g) ARE SEPARATE AND DISTINCT FROM SURCHARGES LEVIED PURSUANT
15	TO SECTION $24-4.2-104$ FOR THE VICTIMS AND WITNESSES ASSISTANCE AND
16	LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND.
17	SECTION 28. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-4.2-104, add
18	(1)(b)(III) as follows:
19	24-4.2-104. Surcharges levied on criminal actions and traffic
20	offenses. (1) (b) (III) A SURCHARGE OF EIGHT DOLLARS IS LEVIED
21	AGAINST EACH PENALTY IMPOSED FOR VIOLATION OF A CIVIL INFRACTION
22	PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-2.3-101. THE CLERK OF THE COURT SHALL
23	TRANSMIT ALL MONEY COLLECTED TO THE COURT ADMINISTRATOR OF THE
24	JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT IN WHICH THE OFFENSE OCCURRED FOR CREDIT TO
25	THE VICTIMS AND WITNESSES ASSISTANCE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND
26	ESTABLISHED IN THAT JUDICIAL DISTRICT.
7	SECTION 29 In Colorado Revised Statutes 24-33 5-415 6 add

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1	(10) and (11) as follows:
2	24-33.5-415.6. Offender identification - fund. (10) A
3	SURCHARGE OF TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS IS LEVIED AGAINST EACH
4	CIVIL ACTION RESULTING IN AN ADMISSION OF LIABILITY OR A JUDGMENT
5	AGAINST THE DEFENDANT FOR A CIVIL INFRACTION CHARGED PURSUANT
6	TO STATE STATUTE. THE DEFENDANT SHALL PAY THE SURCHARGE TO THE
7	CLERK OF THE COURT. EACH CLERK SHALL TRANSMIT THE MONEY TO THE
8	STATE TREASURER, WHO SHALL CREDIT THE SAME TO THE FUND.
9	(11) A SURCHARGE OF TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS IS LEVIED
10	AGAINST EACH PENALTY ASSESSMENT NOTICE ISSUED PURSUANT TO
11	SECTION 16-2.3-102 FOR A CIVIL INFRACTION PURSUANT TO STATE
12	STATUTE THAT RESULTS IN PAYMENT OF THE PENALTY ASSESSMENT
13	WITHOUT THE COMMENCEMENT OF A CIVIL ACTION. ALL MONEY
14	COLLECTED BY THE CLERK OF THE COURT PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION
15	(11) SHALL BE TRANSMITTED TO THE STATE TREASURER, WHO SHALL
16	CREDIT THE SAME TO THE FUND.
17	SECTION 30. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-4-414, amend
18	as it will become effective March 1, 2022, (1) as follows:
19	25-4-414. Penalties. (1) A health-care provider, laboratory
20	employee, or other person who is required to make a report pursuant to
21	section 25-4-405 and who fails to make such a report commits a civil
22	infraction and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not more
23	than three ONE hundred dollars.
24	SECTION 31. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 26-2-306, amend
25	(3) as follows:
26	26-2-306. Trafficking in food stamps. (3) When a person
27	commits the offense of trafficking in food stamps twice or more within

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1	a period of six months, two or more of the offenses may be aggregated
2	and charged in a single count, in which event the offenses so aggregated
3	and charged shall constitute a single offense. and, if the aggregate value
4	of the food stamps involved is one thousand dollars or more but less than
5	twenty thousand dollars, it is a class 4 felony; however, if the aggregate
6	value of the food stamps involved is twenty thousand dollars or more, it
7	is a class 3 felony.
8	SECTION 32. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 33-6-104, amend
9	(2)(a)(I) as follows:
10	33-6-104. Imposition of penalty - procedures. (2) (a) (I) At the
11	time that a person is charged with violating any misdemeanor OR CIVIL
12	INFRACTION provisions of articles 1 to 6 of this title 33 or a rule of the
13	commission, the officer shall issue a summons and complaint to the
14	alleged offender or, in the case of a violation for which a fine of a fixed
15	amount is prescribed, may give the alleged offender an opportunity to
16	voluntarily pay the fine and surcharge in the form of a penalty
17	assessment.
18	SECTION 33. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 33-10.5-105,
19	amend (2)(a.5) as follows:
20	33-10.5-105. Prohibition of aquatic nuisance species - rules -
21	penalties. (2) (a.5) A person who knowingly or willfully violates
22	subsection (1)(e) of this section commits a civil infraction and, upon entry
23	of judgment, shall be fined one hundred dollars. When a person is
24	charged with knowingly or willfully violating subsection (1)(e) of this
25	section, the officer shall give a penalty assessment notice to the defendant
26	and follow the procedures in section 33-15-102 (2). If the fine and
27	surcharge are not timely paid, the case shall be heard in the court of

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1	competent jurisdiction prescribed on the penalty assessment notice in the
2	manner provided for in article 4 of title 42 for the prosecution of traffic
3	infractions.
4	SECTION 34. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 33-13-108.1,
5	amend as it will become effective March 1, 2022, (1)(a) introductory
6	portion as follows:
7	33-13-108.1. Operating a vessel while under the influence -
8	definitions. (1) (a) It is a violation MISDEMEANOR for any person to
9	operate or be in actual physical control of a motorized, wind-powered, or
10	flying vessel in this state while:
11	SECTION 35. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-2-138, amend
12	as it will become effective March 1, 2022, (1)(d)(I) as follows:
13	42-2-138. Driving under restraint - penalty - definitions.
14	(1) (d) (I) A person who drives a motor vehicle or off-highway vehicle
15	upon any highway of this state with knowledge that the person's license
16	or privilege to drive, either as a resident or nonresident, is restrained
17	under section 42-2-126 (3), is restrained solely or partially because of a
18	conviction of DUI, DUI per se, DWAI, or UDD, or is restrained in
19	another state solely or partially because of an alcohol-related driving
20	offense commits a class 2 misdemeanor traffic offense. Upon a second or
21	subsequent conviction, the person shall be punished by a fine of not less
22	than five hundred dollars nor more than three thousand dollars. The
23	minimum county jail sentence imposed by this subsection (1)(d)(I) shall
24	be mandatory, and the court shall not grant probation or a suspended
25	sentence thereof; but, in a case where the defendant is convicted although
26	the defendant established that the defendant had to drive the motor
27	vehicle in violation of this subsection (1)(d)(I) because of an emergency,

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the mandatory jail sentence, if any, shall not apply, and, for a first
conviction, the court may impose a sentence of imprisonment in the
county jail for a period of not more than one year and, in the discretion of
the court, a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, and, for a second
or subsequent conviction, the court may impose a sentence of
imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not more than two years
and, in the discretion of the court, a fine of not more than three thousand
dollars.
SECTION 36. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-4-1701, amend
(1) as follows:
42-4-1701. Traffic offenses and infractions classified -
penalties - penalty and surcharge schedule - repeal. (1) It is a traffic
infraction for any person to violate any of the provisions of articles 1 to
3 of this title TITLE 42 and parts 1 to 3 and 5 to 19 of this article ARTICLE
4 unless such violation is, by articles 1 to 3 of this title TITLE 42 and parts
1 to 3 and 5 to 19 of this article ARTICLE 4 or by any other law of this
state, declared to be a felony, misdemeanor, petty offense, CIVIL
INFRACTION, or misdemeanor traffic offense. Such a traffic infraction
shall constitute CONSTITUTES a civil matter.
SECTION 37. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal 42-4-1708.5.
SECTION 38. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-20.5-105, amend
as it will become effective March 1, 2022, (2) as follows:
8-20.5-105. Confidentiality. (2) Any person making such
confidential records available to any person or organization without
authorization from the affected operator or owner commits a petty offense
and shall be punished as provided in section 18-1.3-501 PURSUANT TO
SECTION 18-1.3-503.

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1	SECTION 39. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-2-112, amend
2	(7)(a) as follows:
3	25-2-112. Certificates of birth - filing - establishment of
4	paternity - notice to collegeinvest. (7) The state registrar shall revise the
5	birth certificate worksheet form used for the preparation of a certificate
6	of live birth to include:
7	(a) A statement that knowingly and intentionally misrepresenting
8	material information on the worksheet form used for the preparation of
9	a birth certificate is a misdemeanor PETTY OFFENSE;
10	SECTION 40. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend as it will
11	become effective March 1, 2022, 25.5-3-111 as follows:
12	25.5-3-111. Penalties. Any person who represents that any
13	medical service is reimbursable or subject to payment under PURSUANT
14	TO this part 1 when he or she THE PERSON knows that it is not commits a
15	petty offense. and any ANY person who represents that he or she THE
16	PERSON is eligible for assistance under PURSUANT TO this part 1 when he
17	or she the Person knows that he or she the Person is not commits a
18	class 2 misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section
19	18-1.3-503.
20	SECTION 41. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend as it will
21	become effective March 1, 2022, 42-2-310 as follows:
22	42-2-310. Violation. Any person who violates any of the
23	provisions of this part 3 commits a petty offense, as provided in section
24	18-1.3-501 pursuant to section 18-1.3-503.
25	SECTION 42. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-7-510, amend
26	as it will become effective March 1, 2022, (3) as follows:
7	42-7-510 Insurance or hand required (3) Any person who

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1	violates any provision of this section commits a class A traffic infraction.
2	If any violation of this section is committed on behalf of a partnership or
3	corporation, any director, officer, partner, or high managerial agent
4	thereof who authorized, ordered, permitted, or otherwise participated in,
5	by commission or omission, such violation is also a class 1 CLASS A
6	traffic infraction.
7	SECTION 43. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 43-5-308, amend
8	as it will become effective March 1, 2022, (1)(a) as follows:
9	43-5-308. Flagpersons - definition - penalty. (1) (a) A person
10	shall not fail or refuse to obey the visible instructions, signals, or direction
11	displayed or given by a flagperson. A person who violates this subsection
12	(1)(a) commits a CLASS A traffic infraction.
13	SECTION 44. Effective date - applicability. This act takes
14	effect March 1, 2022, and applies to offenses committed on or after that
15	date; except that section 16-2.3-102, Colorado Revised Statutes, as
16	enacted in section 1 of this act, takes effect on September 1, 2022.
17	SECTION 45. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
18	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
19	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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