

**First Regular Session  
Seventy-first General Assembly  
STATE OF COLORADO**

**REVISED**

LLS NO. R17-0118.01 Kurt Woock x4349

**HJR17-1004**

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**HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

**Mitsch Bush**, Arndt, Becker J.

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**House Committees**

Agriculture, Livestock, & Natural Resources

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**HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 17-1004**

101      **CONCERNING FUNDING FOR THE PREVENTION OF AQUATIC NUISANCE**  
102                    **SPECIES IN COLORADO.**

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1            WHEREAS, The General Assembly has recognized that Aquatic  
2      Nuisance Species (ANS) have devastating economic, environmental, and  
3      social effects on the water resources and infrastructure of the state; and

4            WHEREAS, Due to the multi-jurisdictional nature of Colorado  
5      waters, the State of Colorado Zebra and Quagga Mussel Management  
6      Plan recommendations apply to all partners and no single entity is  
7      responsible for, or capable of, implementing all of the actions necessary  
8      to protect Colorado waters from invasive mussels or other ANS; and

9            WHEREAS, Zebra and quagga mussels are highly invasive aquatic  
10     species that have negative effects on plankton communities, fisheries, and

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.  
*Capital letters indicate new material to be added to existing statute.*  
*Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.*

SENATE  
Final Reading  
February 1, 2017

HOUSE  
Amended Final Rdg.  
January 25, 2017

1 water-based recreation in Colorado and also threaten our water storage  
2 and distribution systems for municipal, industrial, and agricultural use;  
3 and

4 WHEREAS, Aquatic nuisance species pose a significant threat to  
5 the aquatic wildlife and aquatic wildlife habitats of Colorado; and

6 WHEREAS, In order to achieve the desired security of Colorado's  
7 water infrastructure and aquatic wildlife and their habitats, it is necessary  
8 to employ new, consistent, and cooperative funding mechanisms among  
9 all jurisdictions that own and manage waters in Colorado; and

10 WHEREAS, Successfully implementing the Colorado Parks and  
11 Wildlife ANS Program, along with partner programs, is critical to  
12 maintaining opportunities for recreation, preserving natural resources, and  
13 protecting water supply and delivery infrastructure for municipal,  
14 industrial, and agricultural use; and

15 WHEREAS, Watercraft conveyances, including trailers and their  
16 compartments, are acknowledged as the primary overland vector of  
17 spread for zebra and quagga mussels and the transport of other ANS; and

18 WHEREAS, Any water retained in a watercraft increases the  
19 possibility of introducing ANS into new waters; and

20 WHEREAS, Colorado Parks and Wildlife coordinates the vast  
21 network of watercraft inspection and decontamination stations to protect  
22 waters and infrastructure from invasive species, including standardizing  
23 training and overseeing quality assurance; and

24 WHEREAS, Watercraft inspection and decontamination stations  
25 are operated by Colorado Parks and Wildlife, the National Park Service,  
26 Larimer County, the United States Coast Guard Auxiliary, and various  
27 municipalities and private industry locations including businesses,  
28 concessioners, marinas, clubs, and private lakes; and

29 WHEREAS, Colorado Parks and Wildlife monitors waters of the  
30 state for zebra and quagga mussels and other aquatic invasive plants and  
31 animals; and

32 WHEREAS, Colorado's watercraft inspection and decontamination  
33 program has prevented the introduction of these highly destructive

1 invasive species through the diligent efforts of watercraft inspectors and  
2 decontamination staff and through ongoing sampling, monitoring,  
3 education, and enforcement actions; and

4 WHEREAS, Since 2009, more than 100 out-of-state watercraft  
5 with zebra or quagga mussels on them have been intercepted in Colorado;  
6 and

7 WHEREAS, In 2015, Colorado Parks and Wildlife intercepted a  
8 record number of infested out-of-state watercraft and decontaminated  
9 them prior to allowing them into state waters, and 2016 is on track to  
10 exceed the 2015 total; and

11 WHEREAS, Between 2008 and 2015, watercraft inspection and  
12 decontamination stations in Colorado collectively performed nearly  
13 3,000,000 inspections and 46,628 decontaminations; and

14 WHEREAS, Some dam and reservoir operators in Colorado, such  
15 as Denver Water and the Colorado River Water Conservation District,  
16 regularly pay for watercraft inspection and decontamination prevention  
17 efforts; and

18 WHEREAS, The United States Bureau of Reclamation and the  
19 United States Army Corps of Engineers both own and operate numerous  
20 at-risk reservoirs and dams in Colorado, and although they fund their own  
21 prevention efforts, they do not fund Colorado Parks and Wildlife; and

22 WHEREAS, Most watercraft inspection and decontamination  
23 stations are operated by the recreational manager of a body of water or by  
24 a contracted private entity through the recreational manager; and

25 WHEREAS, The United States Forest Service (USFS) is the  
26 recreational manager of ten at-risk United States Bureau of  
27 Reclamation-owned reservoirs; and

28 WHEREAS, The USFS has eliminated almost all financial  
29 contribution to ANS watercraft inspection and decontamination  
30 prevention efforts; and

31 WHEREAS, The USFS does not operate, or contract for the  
32 operations of, any watercraft inspection and decontamination stations in  
33 Colorado; and

1           WHEREAS, Colorado Parks and Wildlife or local entities contract  
2 with private industry for watercraft inspection and decontamination  
3 operations on USFS-managed waters; now, therefore,

4           *Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the Seventy-first*  
5 *General Assembly of the State of Colorado, the Senate concurring herein:*

6           That we, the members of the Colorado General Assembly, urge the  
7 United States Bureau of Reclamation, the United States Army Corps of  
8 Engineers, the United States Coast Guard, and the USFS to provide  
9 funding to Colorado Parks and Wildlife for implementation of the State  
10 of Colorado Zebra and Quagga Mussel Management Plan.

11           *Be It Further Resolved,* That copies of this Joint Resolution be sent  
12 to the Commissioner of the United States Bureau of Reclamation, the  
13 Commanding General and Chief of Engineering of the Army Corps of  
14 Engineers, the Commandant of the United States Coast Guard, the Chief  
15 of the United States Forest Service, and the members of Colorado's  
16 congressional delegation.