# Second Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **INTRODUCED**

LLS NO. 22-0646.01 Jery Payne x2157

**HOUSE BILL 22-1238** 

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### A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING OVERSIGHT OF THE EXERCISE OF POWERS GRANTED IN

102 THE CASE OF AN EMERGENCY.

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://leg.colorado.gov">http://leg.colorado.gov</a>.)

**Section 1** of the bill makes a legislative declaration.

Current law gives the governor extraordinary powers when the governor declares a disaster emergency. Current law specifies that a state of disaster emergency ends after 30 days unless continued by the governor. It also authorizes the general assembly to end the state of disaster emergency by joint resolution. **Section 2** limits the ability of the

governor to continue a declared disaster emergency by requiring the general assembly to affirmatively act by joint resolution to continue a declared disaster emergency beyond 12 months. Unless the general assembly acts by joint resolution to continue the state of disaster emergency, the state of disaster emergency that the governor has continued for 30-day increments terminates on the three hundred sixty-fifth day after the governor first declared a state of disaster emergency. Thereupon, the governor must issue an executive order or proclamation ending the state of disaster emergency.

Current law gives local health departments many powers to address epidemics. Many of these powers impose duties on people. **Section 3** requires the governing body of a local government to approve any portion of a local health department's public health order that imposes duties on a class of people. If a duty relates to an emergency (emergency duty), the local health department may impose the emergency duty immediately but must submit the duty to the governing body within 7 days after adoption for the governing body's review and approval. To continue in effect, the governing body must approve the duty within 30 days after the public health order was issued and during each calendar month it continues in effect.

A terminated emergency duty may not be reimposed unless a new emergency arises or the governing body approves it being reimposed. **Section 3** does not apply to a temporary emergency duty placed only on a single individual so long as the local health department has reasonable evidence to believe the individual is infected with a disease that causes an epidemic or was infected within the last 30 days.

Current law gives the department of public health and environment (department) many powers to address epidemics. Many of these powers involve the imposition of duties on people. **Section 4** requires that the department submit the imposition of an emergency duty on a class of people to the governor and general assembly for approval. The emergency duty must be submitted to:

- The governor within 7 days after adoption; and
- The general assembly:
  - Within 7 days after adoption if the emergency duty is imposed within the first 100 days of a regular session of the general assembly; or
  - Within the first 30 days of the next regular session of the general assembly if the duty is imposed in the last 20 days of a regular session of the general assembly or in between regular sessions of the general assembly.

For the emergency duty to continue:

• The governor must approve the emergency duty within 30 days after the department imposes the emergency duty and

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- each calendar month that the department intends the emergency duty to remain in effect; and
- The general assembly must approve the emergency duty each year that the department intends the emergency duty to remain in effect.

A terminated emergency duty may not be reimposed unless a new emergency arises or the governing body and general assembly approve it being reimposed. **Section 4** does not apply to a temporary emergency duty placed only on a single individual so long as the department has reasonable evidence to believe the individual is infected with a disease that causes an epidemic or was infected within the last 30 days.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

- assembly hereby finds and declares that the imposition of emergency health mandates on the public is an exercise of both executive and legislative power. The ability to appropriate and allocate resources, suspend statutes, or impose duties on citizens of and visitors to Colorado that have the force and effect of law are legislative powers that are vested in the general assembly by section 1 of article V of the Colorado constitution. Therefore, under section 1 of article V and article III of the Colorado constitution, the general assembly has the duty to participate in the exercise of these legislative powers.
  - (b) The general assembly further declares that the legislative bodies of political subdivisions of Colorado should participate in the emergency exercise of legislative powers by the executive agencies of the political subdivisions.
    - (2) (a) The general assembly hereby finds that:
  - (I) Epidemics may easily move across or have effects beyond the borders of political subdivisions of Colorado;
    - (II) Modern life requires travel across multiple political

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1	subdivisions of Colorado;
2	(III) A message disseminated by one political subdivision of
3	Colorado using modern communication methods will be received by
4	individuals in multiple other political subdivisions;
5	(IV) The imposition of duties on residents and visitors to political
6	subdivisions of Colorado can cause confusion, especially when the duties
7	are imposed without significant participation by elected officials;
8	(V) Confusion undermines the ability and willingness of people
9	to comply with the duties, and thus undermines the effectiveness of the
10	duties to stop the spread of an epidemic.
11	(VI) The imposition of duties on residents without the oversight
12	of elected officials who are accountable to the people undermines the
13	willingness of people to comply with the duties and thus undermines the
14	effectiveness of the duties to stop the spread of an epidemic.
15	(b) Therefore, the general assembly declares that citizens'
16	involvement through their elected officials in the imposition of mandates:
17	(I) Will increase confidence in, understanding of, and willingness
18	to obey duties imposed to stop the spread of epidemics; and
19	(II) Is a matter of mixed statewide and local concern.
20	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-33.5-704, amend
21	(4) as follows:
22	24-33.5-704. The governor and disaster emergencies - response
23	- duties and limitations. (4) (a) TO DECLARE A disaster emergency, shall
24	be declared THE GOVERNOR MUST ACT by executive order or proclamation
25	of the governor if the governor finds AND BASED ON A FINDING THAT a
26	disaster has occurred or that this AN occurrence or the threat thereof OF
27	AN OCCURRENCE is imminent. The state of disaster emergency shall

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#### continue CONTINUES:

(I) Until the governor finds that the threat of danger has passed or
that the disaster has been dealt with to the extent that emergency
conditions no longer exist and the governor terminates the state of
disaster emergency by executive order or proclamation; but no

- (II) state of disaster emergency may continue For longer than thirty days unless renewed by the governor EVERY THIRTY DAYS OR UNTIL TERMINATED UNDER SUBSECTION (4)(a)(IV) OF THIS SECTION;
- (III) Until the general assembly terminates the state of disaster emergency by joint resolution under subsection (4)(b)(I) of this section; or
- (IV) IF CONTINUED UNDER SUBSECTION (4)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION, FOR A MAXIMUM OF THREE HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE GOVERNOR INITIALLY DECLARED THE DISASTER EMERGENCY UNLESS THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ACTS BY JOINT RESOLUTION TO CONTINUE THE STATE OF DISASTER EMERGENCY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (4)(b)(II) OF THIS SECTION.
- (b) (I) The general assembly, by joint resolution, may terminate a state of disaster emergency at any time. Thereupon UPON PASSAGE OF THE JOINT RESOLUTION, the governor shall issue an executive order or proclamation ending the state of disaster emergency.
- (II) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, BY JOINT RESOLUTION, MAY CONTINUE A STATE OF DISASTER EMERGENCY BEYOND THREE HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE GOVERNOR DECLARED THE DISASTER EMERGENCY. IF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY DOES NOT ACT BY JOINT RESOLUTION TO CONTINUE THE STATE OF DISASTER EMERGENCY, THE STATE OF DISASTER EMERGENCY AUTOMATICALLY TERMINATES THREE

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1	HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE GOVERNOR DECLARED THE STATE
2	OF DISASTER EMERGENCY. ON THE THREE HUNDRED SIXTY-FIFTH DAY
3	AFTER THE GOVERNOR DECLARED THE STATE OF DISASTER EMERGENCY,
4	THE GOVERNOR SHALL ISSUE AN EXECUTIVE ORDER OR PROCLAMATION
5	ENDING THE STATE OF DISASTER EMERGENCY.
6	(c) All executive orders or proclamations issued under this
7	subsection (4) shall MUST indicate the nature of the disaster, the area
8	threatened, and the conditions that brought it about or that make possible
9	termination of the state of disaster emergency. THE GOVERNOR SHALL:
10	(I) DISSEMINATE an executive order or proclamation shall be
11	disseminated promptly by means calculated to bring its contents to the
12	attention of the general public; and
13	(II) Unless the circumstances attendant upon ACCOMPANYING the
14	disaster prevent or impede shall be THE ACTION, promptly filed FILE THE
15	EXECUTIVE ORDER OR PROCLAMATION with the office of emergency
16	management in the division of homeland security and emergency
17	management, the secretary of state, the county clerk and recorder, and
18	emergency management agencies in the area to which it applies.
19	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1-506, amend
20	(3)(b) introductory portion; and <b>add</b> (5) as follows:
21	25-1-506. County or district public health agency - oversight
22	of emergency powers and duties by elected officials - definitions.
23	(3) (b) In addition to other powers and duties AND SUBJECT TO
24	SUBSECTION (5) OF THIS SECTION, an agency shall have HAS the following
25	duties:
26	(5) (a) IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SUBSECTION (5), AN AGENCY
27	MUST SUBMIT AN EMERGENCY DUTY, INCLUDING A PROHIBITION, THAT AN

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1	AGENCY ADOPTS UNDER SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION AND THAT IS
2	IMPOSED ON A CLASS OF PEOPLE TO THE FOLLOWING FOR APPROVAL OR
3	REJECTION:
4	(I) IF THE AGENCY IS A COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH, THE BOARD OF
5	COUNTY COMMISSIONERS THAT OPERATES THE COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH
6	OR, IF THE AGENCY IS A DISTRICT BOARD OF HEALTH, THE BOARD OF
7	COUNTY COMMISSIONERS FOR EACH COUNTY THAT PARTICIPATES IN THE
8	DISTRICT BOARD OF HEALTH; OR
9	(II) IF THE BOARD OF HEALTH IS A MUNICIPAL BOARD OF HEALTH,
10	THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.
11	(b) (I) IN AN EMERGENCY, INCLUDING AN EPIDEMIC, A COUNTY,
12	DISTRICT, OR MUNICIPAL BOARD OF HEALTH MAY IMPOSE AN EMERGENCY
13	DUTY IMMEDIATELY BUT SHALL SUBMIT THE EMERGENCY DUTY FOR
14	APPROVAL WITHIN SEVEN DAYS AFTER ADOPTION. AN EMERGENCY DUTY
15	AUTOMATICALLY TERMINATES, UNLESS APPROVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
16	SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF THIS SECTION, WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER BEING
17	ADOPTED. TO CONTINUE IN EFFECT, AN EMERGENCY DUTY MUST BE
18	APPROVED EACH CALENDAR MONTH. IF THE GOVERNING BODY DOES NOT
19	APPROVE THE CONTINUATION OF AN EMERGENCY DUTY IN A GIVEN MONTH,
20	THE EMERGENCY DUTY AUTOMATICALLY TERMINATES ON THE FIRST DAY
21	OF THE NEXT CALENDAR MONTH.
22	$(II)\ A {\hbox{\it COUNTY}}, {\hbox{\it DISTRICT}}, {\hbox{\it ORMUNICIPALBOARDOFHEALTHSHALL}}$
23	NOT REIMPOSE AN EMERGENCY DUTY THAT HAS TERMINATED IN
24	ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SUBSECTION (5)(b) UNLESS THE DUTY IS:
25	(A) Based on a new emergency with a different cause; or
26	(B) APPROVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SUBSECTION $(5)$ BY THE
27	BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OR BY THE GOVERNING BODY OF A

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1	MUNICIPALITY, AS APPLICABLE.
2	(c) This subsection (5) does not apply to an emergency
3	DUTY PLACED ONLY ON A SINGLE INDIVIDUAL, SUCH AS A QUARANTINE, SO
4	LONG AS THE AGENCY HAS REASONABLE EVIDENCE TO BELIEVE THE
5	INDIVIDUAL IS INFECTED WITH A DISEASE THAT CAUSES AN EPIDEMIC OR
6	WAS INFECTED WITHIN THE LAST THIRTY DAYS WITH A DISEASE THAT
7	CAUSES AN EPIDEMIC.
8	(d) As used in this subsection (5), unless the context
9	OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
10	(I) "EMERGENCY DUTY" MEANS A LEGAL OBLIGATION BASED ON A
11	POLICY, INCLUDING AN ORDER, THAT IS ADOPTED UNDER THIS SECTION
12	AND THAT IS IMPOSED ON A CLASS OF PEOPLE IN A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION
13	OF THE STATE ON THE BASIS OF AN EMERGENCY AND WITHOUT FOLLOWING
14	THE PROCEDURES NORMALLY REQUIRED TO IMPOSE A DUTY IN THE
15	POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE.
16	(II) "GOVERNING BODY" MEANS THE BODY AUTHORIZED TO
17	LEGISLATE FOR THE MUNICIPALITY.
18	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-1.5-102, amend
19	(1) introductory portion; and add (3) as follows:
20	25-1.5-102. Epidemic and communicable diseases - powers and
21	duties of department - rules - definitions. (1) Subject to subsection
22	(3) OF THIS SECTION, the department has, in addition to all other powers
23	and duties imposed upon it by law, the powers and duties provided in this
24	section as follows:
25	(3) (a) AN EMERGENCY DUTY, INCLUDING A PROHIBITION, THAT IS
26	ADOPTED UNDER THIS SECTION AND IMPOSED ON A CLASS OF PEOPLE MUST
27	BE APPROVED, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SUBSECTION (3), BY THE

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1	GOVERNOR AND THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
2	(b) IN AN EMERGENCY, INCLUDING AN EPIDEMIC, THE DEPARTMENT
3	MAY IMPOSE A DUTY IMMEDIATELY. IF THE DEPARTMENT IMPOSES A DUTY
4	BASED ON AN EMERGENCY, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL SUBMIT THE
5	EMERGENCY DUTY FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL OR REJECTION TO:
6	(I) THE GOVERNOR WITHIN SEVEN DAYS AFTER ADOPTION; AND
7	(II) THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE
8	PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE, FOR THE PURPOSE OF SEEKING APPROVAL BY
9	THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ACTING BY JOINT RESOLUTION, NO LATER THAN
10	(A) SEVEN DAYS AFTER THE EMERGENCY DUTY IS IMPOSED IF THE
11	EMERGENCY DUTY IS IMPOSED DURING THE FIRST ONE HUNDRED DAYS OF
12	A REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY; OR
13	(B) THE THIRTIETH DAY OF THE NEXT REGULAR SESSION OF THE
14	GENERAL ASSEMBLY IF THE EMERGENCY DUTY IS IMPOSED IN THE LAST
15	TWENTY DAYS OF A REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OR IN
16	BETWEEN REGULAR SESSIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
17	(c) (I) AN EMERGENCY DUTY TERMINATES UNLESS APPROVED BY
18	THE GOVERNOR WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER BEING ADOPTED. TO
19	CONTINUE IN EFFECT, AN EMERGENCY DUTY MUST BE APPROVED AGAIN BY
20	THE GOVERNOR EACH CALENDAR MONTH. IF AN EMERGENCY DUTY IS NOT
21	APPROVED BY THE END OF THE CALENDAR MONTH, THE EMERGENCY DUTY
22	TERMINATES ON THE FIRST DAY OF THE NEXT CALENDAR MONTH.
23	(II) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY MAY TERMINATE AN EMERGENCY
24	DUTY AT ANY TIME BY JOINT RESOLUTION.
25	(III) AN EMERGENCY DUTY AUTOMATICALLY TERMINATES UNLESS
26	APPROVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY DURING EACH CALENDAR YEAR. IF
27	AN EMERGENCY DUTY IS NOT APPROVED BY THE END OF THE MOST RECENT

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1	REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, THE EMERGENCY DUTY
2	AUTOMATICALLY TERMINATES ON THE FIRST DAY FOLLOWING
3	ADJOURNMENT SINE DIE OF THE MOST RECENT REGULAR SESSION OF THE
4	GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
5	(IV) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL NOT REIMPOSE AN EMERGENCY
6	DUTY THAT HAS TERMINATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SUBSECTION
7	(3)(c) UNLESS THE EMERGENCY DUTY IS:
8	(A) Based on a new emergency with a different cause; or
9	(B) Approved in accordance with this subsection (3)(c) by
10	THE GOVERNOR AND BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
11	(d) This subsection (3) does not apply to an emergency
12	DUTY, SUCH AS A QUARANTINE, PLACED ONLY ON A SINGLE INDIVIDUAL SO
13	LONG AS THE DEPARTMENT HAS REASONABLE EVIDENCE TO BELIEVE THAT
14	THE INDIVIDUAL IS INFECTED WITH A DISEASE THAT CAUSES AN EPIDEMIC
15	OR WAS INFECTED WITHIN THE LAST THIRTY DAYS WITH A DISEASE THAT
16	CAUSES AN EPIDEMIC.
17	(e) As used in this subsection (3), unless the context
18	OTHERWISE REQUIRES, "EMERGENCY DUTY" MEANS A LEGAL OBLIGATION
19	BASED ON A POLICY, INCLUDING AN ORDER, THAT IS ADOPTED UNDER THIS
20	SECTION AND THAT IS IMPOSED ON A CLASS OF PEOPLE ON THE BASIS OF AN
21	EMERGENCY AND WITHOUT FOLLOWING THE REQUIREMENTS OF ARTICLE
22	4 OF TITLE 24.
23	SECTION 5. Act subject to petition - effective date -
24	applicability. (1) This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following
25	the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the
26	general assembly; except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant
27	to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an

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- item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2022 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.
- 6 (2) This act applies to:

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- (a) Disaster emergencies that are imposed or continue to apply on or after the applicable effective date of this act; and
- (b) Duties that are imposed or that continue to apply on or after the applicable effective date of this act.

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