# Second Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **PREAMENDED**

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 18-0799.01 Conrad Imel x2313

**HOUSE BILL 18-1406** 

#### **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

Foote and Weissman,

## SENATE SPONSORSHIP

(None),

#### **House Committees**

**Senate Committees** 

Transportation & Energy Appropriations

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING ACTION THAT CAN BE TAKEN AGAINST AN INDIVIDUAL'S
102	DRIVER'S LICENSE BASED ON THE PERSON'S FAILURE TO PAY FOR
103	TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS.

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://leg.colorado.gov">http://leg.colorado.gov</a>.)

Under existing law, the department of revenue (department) may not issue or renew, or may cancel, a driver's license if the applicant or license holder has outstanding warrants or has failed to pay certain monetary judgments relating to traffic violations. The bill prohibits the department from denying or canceling a driver's license when the applicant or license holder has failed to pay a monetary judgment relating to a traffic violation or has used public transportation without paying the fare.

Under existing law, an outstanding judgment or warrant relating to any municipal violation committed when the applicant or license holder was under 18 years of age must result in the denial or cancellation of the driver's license. The bill limits such denials or cancellations to when the outstanding warrant is for a traffic violation that occurred when the applicant or license holder was under 18 years of age.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

**SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-4-1709, **amend**3 (7)(a)(V); and **repeal** (7)(a)(I), (7)(a)(II), (7)(a)(IV), and (7)(a)(VIII) as
4 follows:

- **42-4-1709. Penalty assessment notice for traffic infractions - violations of provisions by officer driver's license.** (7) (a) A person shall not be allowed or permitted to obtain or renew a permanent driver's, minor driver's, or probationary license if such person has, at the time of making application for obtaining or renewing such driver's license:
- (I) An outstanding judgment entered against such person on and after January 1, 1983, pursuant to section 42-4-1710 (2) or (3);
- (II) An outstanding judgment entered against such person by a county or municipal court for a violation of a statute or ordinance relating to the regulation of motor vehicles or traffic, excluding traffic infractions defined by state statute or ordinance and violations relating to parking;
- (IV) An outstanding judgment entered against such person by a municipal court for a violation of any municipal ordinance which occurred when such person was under eighteen years of age, excluding traffic infractions defined by state statute or ordinance and violations related to parking;

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(V) A bench warrant issued against such person by a municipal		
court for failure to appear to answer a summons or summons and		
complaint for an alleged violation of any municipal ordinance CITATION		
FOR AN ALLEGED VIOLATION OF A STATUTE OR ORDINANCE RELATING TO		
THE REGULATION OF MOTOR VEHICLES OR TRAFFIC that occurred when		
such person was under eighteen years of age, excluding traffic infractions		
defined by state statute or ordinance and violations relating to parking;		
(VIII) An outstanding judgment entered against such person by a		
county or municipal court for a violation of section 42-4-1416.		
<b>SECTION 2.</b> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-2-107, <b>amend</b> (5)		
as follows:		
42-2-107. Application for license or instruction permit -		
anatomical gifts - donations to Emily Keyes - John W. Buckner organ		
and tissue donation awareness fund - legislative declaration - rules -		
annual report - repeal. (5) (a) (I) Prior to the issuance OR		
REINSTATEMENT of a driver's or minor driver's license, the department		
shall determine if there are any outstanding judgments or warrants entered		
or issued against the applicant pursuant to section 42-4-1709 (7).		
(II) For the numbers of this subsection (5) "substanding		
(II) For the purposes of this subsection (5), "outstanding		
judgments or warrants" does not include any judgment or warrant		
judgments or warrants" does not include any judgment or warrant		
judgments or warrants" does not include any judgment or warrant reported to the department in violation of the provisions of section		
judgments or warrants" does not include any judgment or warrant reported to the department in violation of the provisions of section 42-4-110.5 (2)(c) OR ANY WARRANT ISSUED FOR FAILURE TO PAY MONEY,		
judgments or warrants" does not include any judgment or warrant reported to the department in violation of the provisions of section 42-4-110.5 (2)(c) OR ANY WARRANT ISSUED FOR FAILURE TO PAY MONEY, FAILURE TO APPEAR AT ANY		
judgments or warrants" does not include any judgment or warrant reported to the department in violation of the provisions of section 42-4-110.5 (2)(c) OR ANY WARRANT ISSUED FOR FAILURE TO PAY MONEY, FAILURE TO APPEAR TO PAY MONEY, OR FAILURE TO APPEAR AT ANY POSTSENTENCING COURT APPEARANCE WHEREIN THE DEFENDANT WAS		

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(b) If the department determines that there are no outstanding judgments or warrants entered or issued against the applicant and if all other conditions for issuance required by articles 1 to 4 of this title TITLE 42 are met, the department shall issue OR REINSTATE the license.

(c) If the department determines that there are outstanding judgments or warrants entered or issued against the applicant and the applicant is subject to the provisions of section 42-4-1709 (7), the license shall not be issued OR REINSTATED until the applicant has complied with the requirements of that section. Any person who satisfies an outstanding judgment or warrant HAS ANY WARRANTS entered pursuant to section 42-4-1709 (7) shall pay to the court a thirty-dollar administrative processing fee for each such judgment or warrant in addition to all other penalties, costs, or forfeitures CASE IN WHICH A WARRANT WAS ISSUED. The court shall remit fifty percent of the administrative processing fee to the department, of revenue, and the other fifty percent shall be retained by the issuing court.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-4-1710, amend (4)(a)(I)(A); and add (4)(c) as follows:

**42-4-1710.** Failure to pay penalty for traffic infractions - failure of parent or guardian to sign penalty assessment notice - procedures. (4) (a) (I) (A) If judgment is entered against a violator, the violator shall be assessed an appropriate penalty and surcharge thereon, a docket fee of sixteen dollars, and other applicable costs authorized by section 13-16-122 (1), C.R.S, AND AN ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESSING FEE OF THIRTY DOLLARS. THE COURT ENTERING THE JUDGMENT SHALL RETAIN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESSING FEE AND SHALL TRANSMIT THE OTHER FIFTY PERCENT TO THE STATE TREASURER, WHO

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1	SHALL CREDIT THAT MONEY TO THE HIGHWAY USERS TAX FUND. If the
2	violator had been cited by a penalty assessment notice, the penalty shall
3	be assessed pursuant to section 42-4-1701 (4)(a). If a penalty assessment
4	notice is prohibited by section 42-4-1701 (5)(c), the penalty shall be
5	assessed pursuant to section 42-4-1701 (3)(a).
6	(c) (I) AFTER JUDGMENT IS ENTERED, THE COURT SHALL SEND
7	WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE JUDGMENT TO THE VIOLATOR. THIS NOTICE SHALL
8	INCLUDE A DESCRIPTION OF ALL PENALTIES, SURCHARGES, COSTS, AND
9	FEES OWED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (4)(a)(I)(A) OF THIS SECTION.
10	(II) IF PAYMENT OF THE AMOUNTS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
11	(4)(a)(I)(A) OF THIS SECTION IS NOT RECEIVED BY THE COURT WITHIN
12	FORTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER ISSUANCE OF THE NOTICE DESCRIBED IN
13	SUBSECTION $(4)(c)(I)$ OF THIS SECTION, THE VIOLATOR SHALL BE ASSESSED
14	AN OUTSTANDING JUDGMENT FEE IN THE SAME AMOUNT AS THE
15	RESTORATION FEE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 42-2-132 (4)(a)(I). PAYMENTS
16	MADE BY THE VIOLATOR MUST FIRST BE APPLIED TO THE AMOUNTS
17	DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (4)(a)(I)(A) OF THIS SECTION, SUCH THAT THE
18	OUTSTANDING JUDGMENT FEE IS LAST TO BE PAID. ONCE PAID, THE COURT
19	SHALL TRANSMIT THE OUTSTANDING JUDGMENT FEE TO THE TREASURER,
20	WHO SHALL CREDIT THE OUTSTANDING JUDGMENT FEE IN THE SAME
21	MANNER AS THE RESTORATION FEE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 42-2-132
22	(4)(b).
23	(III) IF PAYMENT OF THE AMOUNTS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
24	$(4)(a)(I)(A) \ \text{of this section is received within forty-five days after} \\$
25	ISSUANCE OF THE NOTICE DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION $(4)(c)(I)$ OF THIS
26	SECTION, THE COURT SHALL PROVIDE THE VIOLATOR WITH CONFIRMATION
27	IN WRITING THAT ALL AMOUNTS OWED HAVE BEEN PAID.

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SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-2-118, amend (3)(a), (3)(b), and (3)(c) as follows:

42-2-118. Renewal of license in person or by mail - donations to Emily Keyes - John W. Buckner organ and tissue donation

to Emily Keyes - John W. Buckner organ and tissue donation awareness fund - repeal. (3) (a) (I) Prior to the renewal of a permanent driver's license or the issuance or renewal of a probationary license, the department shall determine if the applicant has any outstanding judgments or warrants entered or issued against the applicant or if the applicant has issued a check or order to the department for the payment of a penalty assessment and such check or order was returned for insufficient funds or a closed account and remains unpaid as set forth in section 42-4-1709 (7).

(II) For the purposes of this subsection (3), "outstanding judgments or warrants" does not include any judgment or warrant reported to the department in violation of the provisions of section 42-4-110.5 (2)(c) OR ANY WARRANT ISSUED FOR FAILURE TO PAY MONEY, FAILURE TO APPEAR TO PAY MONEY, OR FAILURE TO APPEAR AT ANY POSTSENTENCING COURT APPEARANCE WHEREIN THE DEFENDANT WAS REQUIRED TO APPEAR IF HE OR SHE FAILED TO PAY A MONETARY AMOUNT, UNLESS THE WARRANT WAS ISSUED FOR CONTEMPT OF COURT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-702 (3).

(b) (I) If there are no outstanding judgments or warrants entered or issued against the applicant and the applicant has not issued a check or order to the department that was returned for insufficient funds or a closed account and that remains unpaid as set forth in section 42-4-1709 (7) and if all other conditions for renewal pursuant to articles 1 to 4 of this title TITLE 42 are met, the department shall renew the applicant's permanent driver's license.

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(II) If there are no outstanding judgments or warrants entered or issued against the applicant and the defendant has not issued a check or order to the department that was returned for insufficient funds or a closed account and that remains unpaid as set forth in section 42-4-1709 (7) and if all other conditions for renewal pursuant to articles 1 to 4 of this title TITLE 42 are met, the department may issue or renew the applicant's probationary license.

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(c) If the department determines that the applicant is subject to the requirements of section 42-4-1709 (7), the permanent driver's license shall not be renewed or the probationary license may not be issued or renewed until such THE applicant has complied with said section. Any person who pays any outstanding judgments, who has any warrants entered or who makes payment for a check or order to the department that had been returned for insufficient funds or a closed account pursuant to section 42-4-1709 (7) shall pay to the court or to the department a thirty-dollar administrative processing cost for each such judgment, warrant CASE IN WHICH A WARRANT WAS ISSUED, check, or order. in addition to all other penalties, costs, or forfeitures. If the court collects an administrative processing fee, the court shall remit fifty percent of the administrative processing fee to the department, of revenue, and the other fifty percent of that fee is to be retained by the issuing court. If the department collects an administrative processing fee, the department shall retain the fee.

**SECTION 5.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-2-122, **amend** (1)(h)(I), (1)(h)(II), and (1)(h)(III) as follows:

**42-2-122. Department may cancel license - limited license for physical or mental limitations.** (1) The department has the authority to

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cancel, deny, or deny the reissuance of any driver's or minor driver's license upon determining that the licensee was not entitled to the issuance for any of the following reasons:

- (h) (I) The person has an outstanding judgment or warrant referred to in section 42-4-1709 (7) issued against such person; except that, as used in this paragraph (h), "judgment or SUBSECTION (1)(h), "warrant" shall DOES not include any judgment or warrant reported to the department in violation of section 42-4-110.5 (2)(c) OR ANY WARRANT ISSUED FOR FAILURE TO PAY MONEY, FAILURE TO APPEAR TO PAY MONEY, OR FAILURE TO APPEAR AT ANY POSTSENTENCING COURT APPEARANCE WHEREIN THE DEFENDANT WAS REQUIRED TO APPEAR IF HE OR SHE FAILED TO PAY A MONETARY AMOUNT, UNLESS THE WARRANT WAS ISSUED FOR CONTEMPT OF COURT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-702 (3).
- (II) Upon receipt of a judgment or warrant from a court clerk on or after September 1, 2000, the department shall send written notice to the person identified in the court order that such person is required to provide the department with proof that the judgment or warrant is no longer outstanding within thirty days after the date such notice is sent or such person's driver's license shall MUST be canceled or any application for a new license shall MUST be denied. Proof that the judgment or warrant is no longer outstanding shall MUST be in the form of a certificate issued by the clerk of the court entering the judgment or issuing the warrant in a form approved by the executive director OF THE DEPARTMENT.
- (III) If acceptable proof is not received by the department within thirty days after notice was sent, the department shall cancel the driver's license or deny any application for a license of the person against whom the judgment was entered or the warrant was issued.

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**SECTION 6.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-2-127.5, **amend** (4) as follows:

**42-2-127.5. Authority to suspend license - violation of child support order.** (4) In the event that IF a driver's license is suspended pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, the department may issue a probationary license for a period not to exceed ninety days from the date of issuance, which probationary license shall MUST restrict the driver to driving to and from the place of employment or to performing duties within the course of the driver's employment. The department is authorized to charge a fee for such probationary license that covers the direct and indirect costs of issuing the license. The department may not issue a probationary license to an individual unless at the time of license restraint such individual has a valid driver's privilege and has no outstanding judgments or warrants issued against such individual pursuant to the requirements of section 42-2-118 (3).

SECTION 7. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August 8, 2018, if adjournment sine die is on May 9, 2018); except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2018 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

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