First Extraordinary Session Seventy-fifth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REREVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the Second House

LLS NO. 25B-0008.01 Caroline Martin x5902

HOUSE BILL 25B-1002

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Appropriations

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING CORPORATE INCOME TAXATION RELATED TO FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Current law lists certain foreign jurisdictions in which a C corporation is presumptively incorporated for the purpose of avoiding state corporate income tax and allows a C corporation to rebut that presumption by proving to the satisfaction of the executive director of the department of revenue (executive director) that the C corporation is incorporated in the listed foreign jurisdiction for reasons that meet the

SENATE d Reading Unamended

SENATE 2nd Reading Unamended August 23, 2025

HOUSE 3rd Reading Unamended August 23, 2025

> HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading August 22, 2025

economic substance doctrine described in the federal internal revenue code. The bill permits the executive director to, without proof from the C corporation, use discretion to determine that a C corporation is not incorporated in a foreign jurisdiction for the purpose of tax avoidance. The bill adds Hong Kong, Ireland, Liechtenstein, Netherlands, and Singapore to the list of foreign jurisdictions in which a C corporation is presumptively incorporated for the purpose of avoiding state corporate income tax.

For income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2026, for the purposes of determining the amount of corporate income tax that a C corporation owes to the state, the bill adds to a C corporation's federal taxable income an amount equal to a federal deduction claimed for the income tax year for foreign-derived deduction eligible income that was allowed under the federal internal revenue code.

Current law provides that dividends from foreign subsidiaries that must be added to a C corporation's federal taxable income under the federal internal revenue code may be subtracted from the C corporation's federal taxable income for the purposes of determining the amount of corporate income tax that a C corporation owes to the state; except that such dividends received from a C corporation incorporated in a foreign jurisdiction for the purpose of tax avoidance cannot be subtracted. The bill changes this subtraction so that all dividends from foreign subsidiaries that must be added to a C corporation's federal taxable income under the federal internal revenue code may be subtracted from the C corporation's federal taxable income for the purposes of determining the amount of corporate income tax that a C corporation owes to the state.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly

3 finds and declares that:

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(a) (I) The purpose of defining listed jurisdictions for purposes of corporate income tax is to decrease corporate income tax avoidance in Colorado. This is a continuation of existing tax policy.

(II) Additional foreign jurisdictions must be included in the current list to accurately reflect the foreign jurisdictions that are used by C corporations for the purpose of tax avoidance.

(III) The clarification of listed jurisdictions will decrease tax

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avoidance by creating a more accurate list of foreign jurisdictions used by C corporations for the purpose of tax avoidance.

- (b) (I) In 2017, as part of the federal "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act",

 Pub.L. 115-97, Congress created the Foreign-Derived Intangible Income

 ("FDII") tax deduction. Federal Public Law 119-21 lowered the rate for

 the FDII deduction and renamed it the foreign-derived deduction eligible

 income ("FDDEI") tax deduction for taxable years beginning after

 December 31, 2025.
 - (II) The FDDEI deduction provides a tax benefit to corporations that do business outside of the United States. Such corporations also receive other substantial tax reductions from other Colorado tax laws. In addition, most FDDEI deductions claimed for state income tax purposes are claimed by corporations that maintain the majority of their property and investments outside of Colorado.
 - (III) The primary purpose of adding the FDDEI deduction back to taxable income for state income tax purposes is to encourage tax compliance by promoting tax simplicity, equalization, and fairness. The revenue gain from this add-back is incidental to the primary purpose of encouraging tax compliance and promoting tax simplicity, equalization, and fairness for Colorado taxpayers.
 - (IV) Any revenue gain resulting from the FDDEI deduction add-back is de minimis.
 - (c) Therefore, consistent with the Colorado supreme court's holding in *TABOR Found. v. Reg'l Transp. Dist.*, 2018 CO 29, that legislation that causes only an incidental and de minimis tax revenue increase does not amount to a new tax or a tax policy change that requires advance voter approval under section 20 of article X of the Colorado

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1	constitution, the FDDEI deduction add-back is neither a new tax nor a tax
2	policy change that requires voter approval.
3	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-303, amend
4	(8)(b)(II) and (12)(b) as follows:
5	39-22-303. Dividends in a combined report - foreign source
6	income - affiliated groups - definitions - rules - repeal. (8) (b) (II) $ A $
7	C corporation is presumptively incorporated in a foreign jurisdiction for
8	the purpose of tax avoidance if it is incorporated in a listed jurisdiction.
9	A C corporation is not incorporated in a foreign jurisdiction for the
10	purpose of tax avoidance if the taxpayer proves to the satisfaction of the
11	executive director, OR IF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR DETERMINES, that such
12	corporation is incorporated in a listed jurisdiction for reasons that meet
13	the economic substance doctrine described in section 7701 (o) of the
14	internal revenue code.
15	(12) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
16	(b) "Listed jurisdiction" means:
17	(I) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING BEFORE JANUARY 1,
18	2026, Andorra, Anguilla, Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, the Bahamas,
19	Bahrain, Barbados, Belize, Bermuda, Bonaire, British Virgin Islands,
20	Cayman Islands, Cook Islands, Curação, Cyprus, Dominica, Gibraltar,
21	Grenada, Guernsey-Sark-Alderney, Isle of Man, Jersey, Liberia,
22	Luxembourg, Malta, Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Monaco, Montserrat,
23	Nauru, Niue, Panama, Saba, Samoa, San Marino, Seychelles, Sint
24	Eustatius, Sint Maarten, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the
25	Grenadines, Turks and Caicos Islands, U.S. Virgin Islands, and Vanuatu;
26	AND
27	(II) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY

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1	1, 2026, THE JURISDICTIONS LISTED IN SUBSECTION (12)(b)(1) OF THIS
2	SECTION AND HONG KONG, REPUBLIC OF IRELAND, LIECHTENSTEIN,
3	NETHERLANDS, AND SINGAPORE.
4	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 39-22-304, amend
5	(3)(j) and (3)(q)(II); and add (2)(l) as follows:
6	39-22-304. Net income of corporation - legislative declaration
7	- definitions - repeal. (2) There shall be added to federal taxable income:
8	(1) FOR INCOME TAX YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY
9	1,2026, an amount equal to a federal deduction claimed for the
10	INCOME TAX YEAR FOR FOREIGN-DERIVED DEDUCTION ELIGIBLE INCOME
11	PURSUANT TO SECTION 250 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.
12	(3) There shall be subtracted from federal taxable income:
13	(j) Any amount treated as a section 78 dividend under section 78
14	of the internal revenue code; excluding any amount treated under section
15	78 as a dividend received from a C corporation incorporated in a foreign
16	jurisdiction for the purpose of tax avoidance pursuant to section
17	39-22-303 (8)(b)(II)
18	(q) (II) The amount of any global intangible low-taxed income
19	included in federal taxable income pursuant to section 951A (a) of the
20	internal revenue code with respect to a controlled foreign corporation that
21	is a C corporation incorporated in a foreign jurisdiction for the purpose
22	of tax avoidance pursuant to section 39-22-303 (8)(b)(II), less any amount
23	deducted under section 250 (a)(1)(B) of the internal revenue code with
24	respect to such global intangible low-taxed income.
25	SECTION 4. Safety clause. The general assembly finds,
26	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
27	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety or for appropriations for

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- 1 the support and maintenance of the departments of the state and state
- 2 institutions.

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