First Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 21-0567.01 Michael Dohr x4347

SENATE BILL 21-146

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Lee,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Bacon,

Senate Committees

House Committees

Judiciary

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING MEASURES TO IMPROVE PRISON RELEASE OUTCOMES.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Sections 1 and 2 of the bill change the eligibility criteria for inmates who are eligible for special needs parole. The bill allows an inmate to request that the department of corrections (DOC) determine whether the inmate is eligible for special needs parole. The bill requires the DOC, in consultation with the parole board, to develop policies and procedures related to special needs parole. The bill allows the inmate to include a statement in the referral packet for special needs parole and an opportunity to provide any additional relevant information in the referral

packet. The bill requires the parole board to consider the age of the inmate and the DOC's ability to provide adequate medical and behavioral health treatment to the inmate in granting or denying special needs parole. The parole board cannot deny special needs parole based solely on the lack of a recommended parole plan.

Sections 3 through 6 of the bill require the DOC to:

- Develop a recommended parole plan for every inmate prior to release from prison;
- Develop policies and procedures related to prerelease planning; and
- Include in its monthly population report information related to delayed parole decisions.

The bill prohibits the parole board from denying parole based solely on the lack of a recommended parole plan.

The bill requires the office of state public defender to provide liaisons to DOC and the parole board to assist in criminal-related legal matters that would impact successful reentry. The bill requires the DOC or a member of the parole board to suspend a parole hearing if they believe the offender is incompetent to proceed or has a mental health disorder and notify the public defender parole liaison of the situation. In the case of incompetency, the liaison shall file a motion to determine competency with the trial court that imposed the sentence. In the case of a mental health disorder, the liaison shall help the inmate obtain counsel if a civil commitment hearing is warranted.

Sections 7 and 8 of the bill require the DOC to ensure that any inmate who is 65 years of age or older and is being released from prison is enrolled in medicare or health insurance prior to release or upon release, whichever will offer more immediate and comprehensive health care coverage. The DOC shall pay any insurance premiums and penalties for up to 12 months from the start of coverage. The DOC may provide financial assistance for longer than 12 months if the person is still under the jurisdiction of the DOC and would otherwise be uninsured or underinsured without that financial assistance. The bill requires the Colorado commission on the aging to study and make recommendations related to health care for inmates who are 65 years of age or older and being released from prison and provide the report prior to January 1, 2022.

Section 9 of the bill requires the DOC to award one day of earned time for each day that an inmate was incarcerated during a declared disaster emergency that impacted prison operations.

Sections 10 through 12 of the bill make conforming changes to align with the new offense of unauthorized absence. The bill requires the parole board to schedule a parole hearing for an inmate serving a sentence for escape or attempt to escape, the elements of which would now constitute the offense of unauthorized absence.

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Section 13 of the bill requires all youthful offender system (YOS) staff to be trained in the first 45 days of employment. The bill repeals the requirement that district attorneys keep records of all juveniles sentenced to the YOS.

The bill requires the DOC to conduct a study with external experts regarding the effectiveness of the YOS and the potential of expanding the system to serve offenders up to age 25 years old.

Section 14 of the bill allows the Colorado state penitentiary II to be used to house inmates to facilitate movement of prisoners during a declared disaster emergency that impacts state prison operations.

1 *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:* 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-1-102, amend 3 (7.5); and **add** (6.7) and (7.4) as follows: 4 17-1-102. **Definitions.** As used in this title 17, unless the context 5 otherwise requires: 6 (6.7) "INMATE LIAISON" MEANS AN INMATE'S FAMILY MEMBER OR 7 ATTORNEY, A GOVERNMENT AGENCY, OR A REPRESENTATIVE FROM AN 8 ORGANIZATION WITH EXPERIENCE IN HELPING INMATES APPLY FOR SPECIAL 9 NEEDS PAROLE, HIGH-NEEDS PRERELEASE PLANNING, OR REENTRY. THE 10 ORGANIZATION MUST BE IN GOOD STANDING WITH THE COLORADO 11 SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE PAST TWELVE CONSECUTIVE MONTHS AND 12 THE ORGANIZATION'S INVOLVEMENT MUST BE AT THE REQUEST OF THE 13 INMATE, OR AN INMATE'S FAMILY MEMBER OR ATTORNEY SHOULD THE 14 INMATE BE UNABLE TO MAKE THE REQUEST. 15 (7.4) "SERIOUS IMPAIRMENT THAT LIMITS A PERSON'S ABILITY TO 16 FUNCTION" MEANS A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL CONDITION THAT IS CHRONIC 17 AND LONG TERM IN NATURE THAT SUBSTANTIALLY LIMITS ONE OR MORE 18 MAJOR LIFE ACTIVITIES OR THE ABILITY TO PERFORM ACTIVITIES OF DAILY 19 LIVING INCLUDING THE ABILITY TO PERFORM BASIC SELF-CARE. 20 (7.5) (a) "Special needs offender" means a person in the custody

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of the department:

(I) Who is fifty-five years of age or older and has been diagnosed
by a licensed health-care provider who is employed by or under contract
with the department OR BY A PRIVATE LICENSED HEALTH CARE PROVIDER
INVOLVED IN PROVIDING PATIENT CARE TO THE INMATE as suffering from
a chronic infirmity, illness, condition, disease, or behavioral or mental
health disorder and the department or the state board of parole determines
that the person is incapacitated to the extent that he or she is not likely to
pose a risk to public safety that causes serious impairment that
LIMITS THE PERSON'S ABILITY TO FUNCTION;

- (II) Who, as determined by a licensed health-care provider who is employed by or under contract with the department, suffers from a chronic, permanent, terminal, or irreversible physical illness, condition, disease, or a behavioral or mental health disorder that requires costly care or treatment and who is determined by the department or the state board of parole to be incapacitated to the extent that he or she is not likely to pose a risk to public safety; or
- (III) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2011, (SB 11-241), ch. 200, p. 831, § 1, effective May 23, 2011.) Who is sixty-four years of age or older and has served at least ten years or twenty-five percent of the person's sentence, whichever is shorter; or
- (IV) Who, as determined DIAGNOSED by a licensed health-care provider who is employed by or under contract with the department OR A COMPETENCY EVALUATOR APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-8.5-112, on the basis of available evidence, not including evidence resulting from a refusal of the person to accept treatment, IS INCOMPETENT TO PROCEED AND does not have a

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1	substantial probability of being restored to competency for the completion
2	of any sentence and is not likely to pose a risk to public safety OR WHO
3	HAS BEEN DIAGNOSED WITH DEMENTIA THAT RENDERS THE PERSON
4	INCOMPETENT TO PROCEED. As used in this subsection (7.5)(a)(IV),
5	"competency" has the same meaning as "competent to proceed", as
6	defined in section 16-8.5-101 (5) AND "INCOMPETENT TO PROCEED" HAS
7	THE SAME MEANING AS DEFINED IN SECTION $16-8.5-101$ (12).
8	(b) (I) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this
9	subsection (7.5) SUBSECTION (7.5)(a) OF THIS SECTION, "special needs
10	offender" does not include a person who:
11	(I) (A) Was convicted of a class 1 felony unless the offense was
12	committed before July 1, 1990, AND SENTENCED TO LIFE WITH THE
13	POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE and the offender has served at least FEWER THAN
14	twenty CALENDAR years in a department of corrections facility for the
15	offense; or
16	(B) WAS CONVICTED OF A CLASS 1 FELONY AND SENTENCED TO
17	LIFE WITHOUT PAROLE; OR
18	(II) (C) Was convicted of a class 2 felony crime of violence as
19	described in section 18-1.3-406 C.R.S., and the offender has served fewer
20	than ten CALENDAR years in a department of corrections facility for the
21	offense.
22	(III) (II) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2011, (SB 11-241), ch. 200,
23	p. 831, § 1, effective May 23, 2011.) This subsection (7.5)(b) does not
24	APPLY TO AN INMATE WHO HAS BEEN DIAGNOSED AS HAVING A TERMINAL
25	ILLNESS WITH AN ANTICIPATED LIFE EXPECTANCY OF TWELVE MONTHS OR
26	LESS BY A LICENSED HEALTH CARE PROVIDER WHO IS EMPLOYED BY OR
27	UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE DEPARTMENT OR BY A PRIVATE LICENSED

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1	HEALTH CARE PROVIDER INVOLVED IN PROVIDING PATIENT CARE TO THE
2	INMATE.
3	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-22.5-403.5,
4	amend (1), (3)(a), (3)(b), (4)(b), (4)(c), (4)(d), (4)(e), (4.5), (5), and (6);
5	and add (3)(b.5), (4)(f), and (4)(g) as follows:
6	17-22.5-403.5. Special needs parole. (1) Notwithstanding any
7	provision of law to the contrary, a special needs offender, as defined in
8	section 17-1-102 (7.5)(a), may be eligible for parole prior to or after the
9	offender's parole eligibility date pursuant to this section if:
10	(a) The state board of parole determines, based on the special
11	needs offender's condition and a medical evaluation, that he or she does
12	not constitute a threat to public safety and is not likely to commit an
13	offense DEPARTMENT DETERMINES THAT THE SPECIAL NEEDS OFFENDER
14	MEETS THE CRITERIA FOR SPECIAL NEEDS PAROLE; and
15	(b) The state board of parole DETERMINES THAT THE SPECIAL
16	NEEDS OFFENDER IS NOT LIKELY TO POSE A RISK TO PUBLIC SAFETY AND
17	approves a special needs parole plan that ensures appropriate supervision
18	of and continuity of medical care for the special needs offender.
19	(3) (a) The department is responsible for identifying inmates who
20	meet the eligibility criteria for special needs parole and shall submit a
21	referral to the state board of parole for all eligible inmates. AN INMATE OR
22	INMATE LIAISON MAY ALSO REQUEST THAT THE DEPARTMENT MAKE A
23	DETERMINATION OF WHETHER AN INMATE IS ELIGIBLE FOR SPECIAL NEEDS
24	PAROLE AND THE DEPARTMENT SHALL MAKE A DETERMINATION WITHIN
25	THIRTY DAYS AFTER RECEIVING THE REQUEST. THE DEPARTMENT, IN
26	CONSULTATION WITH THE STATE BOARD OF PAROLE, SHALL DEVELOP ANY
27	NECESSARY POLICIES AND PROCEDURES REGARDING SPECIAL NEEDS

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1	PAROLE TO ENSURE THAT:
2	(I) ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF EMPLOYEES AND ANY
3	CONTRACTORS INVOLVED IN SPECIAL NEEDS PAROLE ARE CLEARLY
4	DEFINED, EMPLOYEES AND ANY CONTRACTORS ARE ADEQUATELY
5	TRAINED, AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES ARE DEVELOPED;
6	(II) ANY INMATE WHO MEETS THE ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS
7	DEFINED IN SECTION 17-1-102 (7.5) IS IDENTIFIED IN A TIMELY MANNER AT
8	ANY POINT IN THE INMATE'S TERM OF INCARCERATION;
9	(III) ADEQUATE TRACKING AND QUALITY ASSURANCE PROCESSES
10	ARE IN PLACE SO THAT REFERRALS AND ANY RE-REFERRALS, IF
11	APPLICABLE, ARE COMPLETE AND SUBMITTED TO THE PAROLE BOARD IN A
12	TIMELY MANNER;
13	(IV) FORMAL MECHANISMS ARE IN PLACE TO FACILITATE
14	EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE DEPARTMENT AND THE PAROLE
15	BOARD, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO TIMELY RESPONSES FROM THE
16	DEPARTMENT TO REQUESTS FROM THE PAROLE BOARD FOR ADDITIONAL
17	INFORMATION OR FOR A REVISED PAROLE PLAN PRIOR TO THE PAROLE
18	BOARD'S DECISION;
19	(V) DATA COLLECTION AND DATA SHARING BETWEEN THE
20	DEPARTMENT AND THE PAROLE BOARD ARE ADEQUATE TO ACTIVELY
21	MONITOR THE STATUS OF REFERRALS AND PAROLE BOARD DECISIONS ON
22	A REGULAR BASIS; AND
23	$(VI)\ There \ is\ a\ meaning fulinternal\ appeal\ process\ that\ an$
24	INMATE OR INMATE ADVOCATE MAY UTILIZE IF THE DEPARTMENT
25	DETERMINES THAT THE INMATE DOES NOT MEET ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.
26	(b) The If an inmate meets the eligibility requirements
27	PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-1-102, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL SUBMIT A

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referral to the board that, in addition to the requirements of Section 17-22.5-404 (4)(a), shall include:

- (I) A summary of the inmate's medical, or physical, OR MENTAL condition, and the risk of reoffense that the inmate poses to society. In rendering an opinion regarding the inmate's level of risk of reoffense, the department may consider such factors as the inmate's medical or physical condition, the severity of any disability or incapacitation, risk assessment scores, the nature and severity of the offense for which the inmate is currently incarcerated, the inmate's criminal history, institutional conduct, and other relevant factors INCLUDING ANY DIAGNOSIS;
 - (I.5) RISK AND NEEDS ASSESSMENT SCORES; INSTITUTIONAL DISCIPLINARY HISTORY; WORK HISTORY; AN INMATE'S PARTICIPATION IN ANY PROGRAMS, TREATMENT, VOCATIONAL TRAINING, OR EDUCATION; AND OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION REGARDING RISK AND RISK-REDUCTION FACTORS;
 - (II) The details of a special needs parole plan recommended by the department;
 - (III) A recommendation to the parole board that an offender be released or not be released as a special needs offender pursuant to the provisions of subsection (1) of this section. Prior to making any recommendation pursuant to this subparagraph (III), the department shall establish objective criteria on which to base a recommendation for parole pursuant to the provisions of this section; A STATEMENT BY THE INMATE OR INMATE LIAISON IF THE INMATE IS UNABLE TO SUBMIT A STATEMENT; and
 - (IV) A victim impact statement or response from the district attorney that prosecuted the offender, if received pursuant to paragraph

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(c) of this subsection (3) SUBSECTION (3)(c) OF THIS SECTION.

(b.5) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROVIDE A COPY OF THE REFERRAL PACKET SUBMITTED TO THE PAROLE BOARD TO THE INMATE OR INMATE LIAISON, EXCEPT FOR THE VICTIM IMPACT STATEMENT AND RESPONSE FROM THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY. THE INMATE OR INMATE LIAISON HAS THIRTY CALENDAR DAYS TO SUBMIT ADDITIONAL HEALTH RECORDS OR OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION NOT INCLUDED IN THE REFERRAL PACKET TO THE DEPARTMENT FOR SUBMISSION TO THE PAROLE BOARD PRIOR TO THE PAROLE BOARD'S DECISION.

- (4) (b) The state board of parole shall make a determination of the risk of reoffense that the inmate poses after considering such THE factors IN SECTION 17-22.5-404 (4)(a), AS WELL as the NATURE AND SEVERITY OF THE inmate's medical or physical condition, the severity of any disability or incapacitation THE AGE OF THE INMATE, THE ABILITY OF THE DEPARTMENT TO ADEQUATELY PROVIDE NECESSARY MEDICAL OR BEHAVIORAL HEALTH TREATMENT, the inmate's risk AND NEEDS assessment scores, the nature and severity of the offense for which the inmate is currently incarcerated, the inmate's criminal history, the inmate's institutional conduct, PROGRAM AND TREATMENT PARTICIPATION, and other relevant RISK AND RISK-REDUCTION factors.
- (c) The state board of parole may schedule a hearing on the application for special needs parole with the inmate present. or The board may review the application and issue a decision without a hearing, pursuant to section 17-2-201 (4)(f), IF THE INMATE WAIVES THE HEARING OR IS UNABLE TO MEANINGFULLY PARTICIPATE IN THE APPLICATION HEARING DUE TO THE INMATE'S MEDICAL OR MENTAL HEALTH STATE.
 - (d) The state board of parole shall make a determination of

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whether to grant special needs parole within thirty CALENDAR days after receiving the referral from the department. The PAROLE board may delay the decision in order to request that the department modify the special needs parole plan. If, prior to or during any parole hearing, the board or any member of the board has a substantial and good-faith reason to believe that the offender is incompetent to proceed, as defined in section 16-8.5-101 (12), the board shall suspend all proceedings and notify the trial court that imposed any active sentence, and the court shall determine the competency or incompetency of the defendant pursuant to section 16-8.5-103. The court shall appoint counsel to represent the offender with respect to the determination of competency of the offender, but the presence of the offender is not required for any court proceedings unless good cause is shown. THE PAROLE BOARD SHALL NOT DENY PAROLE BASED SOLELY ON THE LACK OF A RECOMMENDED PAROLE PLAN. IF THE PAROLE BOARD CONSIDERS AN INMATE TO BE AN APPROPRIATE CANDIDATE FOR RELEASE EXCEPT FOR THE LACK OF A RECOMMENDED PAROLE PLAN, THE PAROLE BOARD SHALL DELAY THE RELEASE HEARING DECISION AND REQUEST THAT THE DEPARTMENT SUBMIT A REVISED PAROLE PLAN WITHIN THIRTY CALENDAR DAYS.

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(e) A denial of special needs parole by the state board of parole shall not affect an inmate's eligibility for any other form of parole or release under applicable law. The department shall include in its monthly population report, by facility, the number of special needs parole applications submitted to the parole board, the decision by the parole board, how many applications are pending, the average length of time the decision has been pending, and the general reason for delaying the decision if that is known to the

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DEPARTMENT. THE INFORMATION MUST BE PROVIDED BOTH FOR THE REPORTING MONTH AND YEAR TO DATE.

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- IF, PRIOR TO OR DURING ANY PAROLE HEARING, THE (f) DEPARTMENT OR ANY MEMBER OF THE PAROLE BOARD HAS A SUBSTANTIAL AND GOOD-FAITH REASON TO BELIEVE THAT THE OFFENDER IS INCOMPETENT TO PROCEED, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 16-8.5-101 (12), THE PAROLE BOARD SHALL SUSPEND ALL PROCEEDINGS AND NOTIFY THE PUBLIC DEFENDER LIAISON DESCRIBED IN SECTION 21-1-104 (6). THE OFFICE OF STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER SHALL FILE A WRITTEN MOTION WITH THE TRIAL COURT THAT IMPOSED THE SENTENCE TO DETERMINE COMPETENCY. THE MOTION MUST CONTAIN A CERTIFICATE OF COUNSEL STATING THAT THE MOTION IS BASED ON A GOOD-FAITH BELIEF THAT THE INMATE IS INCOMPETENT TO PROCEED. THE MOTION MUST SET FORTH THE SPECIFIC FACTS THAT HAVE FORMED THE BASIS FOR THE MOTION. THE COURT SHALL SEAL THE MOTION. THE COURT SHALL FOLLOW ALL THE RELEVANT PROCEDURES IN ARTICLE 8.5 OF TITLE 16 REGARDING THE DETERMINATION OF COMPETENCY.
 - (g) A DENIAL OF SPECIAL NEEDS PAROLE BY THE STATE BOARD OF PAROLE DOES NOT AFFECT AN INMATE'S ELIGIBILITY FOR ANY OTHER FORM OF PAROLE OR RELEASE UNDER APPLICABLE LAW.
 - (4.5) If an offender is determined to be incompetent to proceed pursuant to subsection (4) of this section, the court may order the department to provide or arrange for the delivery of appropriate restoration services in any setting authorized by law, by an order of the court, or by any other action as provided by law, INCLUDING CIVIL COMMITMENT. Nothing in this section requires the department of human services to take custody of an offender for restoration services. The

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department of human services is not responsible for conducting the competency evaluation. If the court determines that there is not a substantial probability of the offender being restored to competency, the department may refer the inmate for special needs parole with a special needs parole plan pursuant to the provisions of this section.

- (5) The PAROLE board may consider the application for special needs parole pursuant to the proceedings set forth in section 17-2-201 (4)(f) or 17-2-201 (9)(a). If the department recommends to the state board of parole that an offender be released to parole as a special needs offender pursuant to the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, The board may deny parole only by a majority vote of the board and only if the board makes a finding FINDS that granting parole would create a threat to public safety and that the offender is likely to commit an offense.
- (6) The department shall not have any responsibility for the payment of medical care for any offender upon his or her the offender's release; except that, prior to or upon release, any inmate who is sixty-five years of age or older and has been approved for special needs parole must be enrolled in the most appropriate medical insurance benefit plan including medicare, medicare savings plan, veteran's benefit, or other safety-net health insurance, or an individual health benefit plan prior to or upon release, whichever will offer the more immediate and comprehensive health care coverage. The department shall pay any insurance premiums and penalties for up to twelve months from the start of coverage. The department may provide financial assistance for longer than twelve months if the person is still under the jurisdiction of the department and

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1	WOULD OTHERWISE BE UNINSURED OR UNDERINSURED WITHOUT THAT
2	FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.
3	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 17-1-166 as
4	follows:
5	17-1-166. Department duties - parole plan - report. (1) THE
6	DEPARTMENT SHALL DEVELOP A RECOMMENDED PAROLE PLAN FOR EVERY
7	INMATE PRIOR TO A PAROLE APPLICATION HEARING OR RELEASE FROM
8	PRISON THAT INCLUDES, AT A MINIMUM, AN APPROVED SPONSOR OR OTHER
9	HOUSING OPTION AND A CONTINUITY OF CARE PLAN IF THE INMATE HAS
10	HIGHER NEEDS FOR MEDICAL OR BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CARE. THE
11	DEPARTMENT SHALL COMPLY WITH THIS SUBSECTION (1) REGARDLESS OF
12	WHETHER THE INMATE CAN PROVIDE THE DEPARTMENT WITH THE NAME OF
13	A POTENTIAL PAROLE SPONSOR. IF THE DEPARTMENT IS UNABLE TO
14	DEVELOP A RECOMMENDED PAROLE PLAN, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
15	INFORM THE PAROLE BOARD IN WRITING AND INCLUDE A LIST OF OPTIONS
16	THAT HAVE BEEN EXPLORED BUT HAVE BEEN REJECTED BY THE
17	DEPARTMENT.
18	(2) THE DEPARTMENT, IN CONSULTATION WITH THE STATE BOARD
19	OF PAROLE, SHALL DEVELOP NECESSARY POLICIES AND PROCEDURES
20	REGARDING PRERELEASE PLANNING TO ENSURE THAT:
21	(a) Roles and responsibilities of employees and any
22	CONTRACTORS INVOLVED IN PRE-RELEASE PLANNING ARE CLEARLY
23	DEFINED, EMPLOYEES AND ANY CONTRACTORS ARE ADEQUATELY
24	TRAINED, AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES ARE DEVELOPED;
25	(b) ADEQUATE TRACKING AND QUALITY ASSURANCE PROCESSES
26	ARE IN PLACE SO THAT A RECOMMENDED PAROLE PLAN, WHETHER AN
27	IN-STATE OR OUT-OF-STATE PLAN, IS COMPLETED AND SUBMITTED TO THE

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1	PAROLE BOARD PRIOR TO THE INITIAL AND ANY SUBSEQUENT PAROLE
2	APPLICATION HEARING;
3	(c) EXPEDITED PROTOCOLS ARE IN PLACE SO THAT AN INMATE'S
4	APPLICATION FOR PAROLE IS SUBMITTED TO THE PAROLE BOARD AT THE
5	EARLIEST POSSIBLE OPPORTUNITY IF THE INMATE IS A NEW ARRIVAL AT
6	DENVER RECEPTION AND DIAGNOSTIC CENTER OR THE CENTRAL
7	TRANSPORT UNIT AND IS PAST OR WITHIN NINETY DAYS OF THE INMATE'S
8	PAROLE ELIGIBILITY DATE;
9	(d) FORMAL MECHANISMS ARE IN PLACE TO FACILITATE EFFECTIVE
10	COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE DEPARTMENT AND THE PAROLE BOARD,
11	INCLUDING TIMELY RESPONSES FROM THE DEPARTMENT TO PAROLE BOARD
12	REQUESTS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OR FOR A REVISED PAROLE PLAN
13	PRIOR TO THE PAROLE BOARD'S DECISION; AND
14	(e) Data collection and data sharing between the
15	DEPARTMENT AND THE PAROLE BOARD ARE ADEQUATE TO ACTIVELY
16	MONITOR THE STATUS OF PAROLE APPLICATIONS WHEN THE PAROLE BOARD
17	HAS DELAYED ITS DECISION.
18	(3) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL INCLUDE IN ITS MONTHLY
19	POPULATION REPORT, BY FACILITY, THE NUMBER OF PAROLE APPLICATIONS
20	WHEN THE PAROLE BOARD HAS DELAYED A DECISION, THE AVERAGE
21	LENGTH OF TIME THE PAROLE APPLICATION HAS BEEN PENDING, AND THE
22	GENERAL REASON FOR DELAYING THE DECISION IF THAT INFORMATION IS
23	KNOWN TO THE DEPARTMENT. THE INFORMATION MUST BE PROVIDED
24	BOTH FOR THE REPORTING MONTH AND YEAR TO DATE.
25	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-2-201, add (20),
26	(21), and (22) as follows:
27	17-2-201. State board of parole - duties - definitions. (20) THE

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1	PAROLE BOARD OR AN INDIVIDUAL MEMBER OF THE PAROLE BOARD SHALL
2	NOT DENY PAROLE SOLELY BECAUSE THE INMATE DOES NOT HAVE A
3	RECOMMENDED PAROLE PLAN. IF THE PAROLE BOARD CONSIDERS AN
4	INMATE APPROPRIATE FOR RELEASE EXCEPT FOR THE LACK OF A
5	RECOMMENDED PAROLE PLAN, THE PAROLE BOARD SHALL DELAY THE
6	RELEASE HEARING DECISION OR RENDER A CONDITIONAL RELEASE
7	DECISION AND REQUEST THAT THE DEPARTMENT SUBMIT A RECOMMENDED
8	PAROLE PLAN OR ANY OTHER INFORMATION REQUESTED BY THE PAROLE
9	BOARD WITHIN THIRTY CALENDAR DAYS.
10	(21) If, prior to or during any parole hearing or
11	REVOCATION HEARING, THE DEPARTMENT OR ANY MEMBER OF THE PAROLE
12	BOARD HAS A GOOD-FAITH REASON TO BELIEVE THAT THE INMATE IS
13	Incompetent to proceed, as defined in section $16-8.5-101$ (12), the
14	BOARD SHALL SUSPEND ALL PROCEEDINGS AND NOTIFY THE PUBLIC
15	DEFENDER LIAISON DESCRIBED IN SECTION 21-1-104 (6). THE OFFICE OF
16	STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER SHALL FILE A WRITTEN MOTION WITH THE TRIAL
17	COURT THAT IMPOSED THE SENTENCE TO DETERMINE COMPETENCY. THE
18	MOTION MUST CONTAIN A CERTIFICATE OF COUNSEL STATING THAT THE
19	MOTION IS BASED ON A GOOD-FAITH BASIS THAT THE INMATE IS
20	INCOMPETENT TO PROCEED. THE MOTION MUST SET FORTH THE SPECIFIC
21	FACTS THAT FORMED THE BASIS FOR THE MOTION. THE COURT SHALL SEAL
22	THE MOTION. THE COURT SHALL APPOINT COUNSEL TO REPRESENT THE
23	INMATE WITH RESPECT TO THE DETERMINATION OF COMPETENCY OF THE
24	INMATE, BUT THE PRESENCE OF THE INMATE IS NOT REQUIRED FOR ANY
25	COURT PROCEEDINGS UNLESS GOOD CAUSE IS SHOWN. THE COURT SHALL
26	FOLLOW ALL THE RELEVANT PROCEDURES AS DESCRIBED IN ARTICLE 8.5 OF
27	TITLE 16 DEGARDING THE DETERMINATION OF COMPETENCY

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1	(22) IF, PRIOR TO OR DURING ANY PAROLE APPLICATION HEARING
2	OR REVOCATION HEARING, ANY MEMBER OF THE PAROLE BOARD HAS
3	REASON TO BELIEVE THAT THE INMATE MAY HAVE A MENTAL HEALTH
4	DISORDER AS DEFINED IN SECTION 27-65-102, THE BOARD SHALL SUSPEND
5	ALL PROCEEDINGS AND NOTIFY THE PUBLIC DEFENDER LIAISON DESCRIBED
6	IN SECTION 21-1-104 (6). THE PUBLIC DEFENDER LIAISON SHALL ASSIST
7	THE INMATE IN OBTAINING THE APPOINTMENT OF ANY MANDATED
8	COUNSEL AND PROVIDE THE COURT OF JURISDICTION WITH THE NECESSARY
9	DOCUMENTATION FOR CIVIL COMMITMENT PROCEEDINGS PURSUANT TO
10	ARTICLES 10.5, 65, 67, 92, 93, AND 94 OF TITLE 27.
11	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-33-101, amend
12	(7)(a) as follows:
13	17-33-101. Reentry planning and programs for adult parole
14	- grant program - rules - reports - repeal. (7) (a) Subject to
15	appropriations, on and after January 1, 2015, the department shall develop
16	and implement a grant program to provide funding to eligible
17	community-based organizations that provide PRERELEASE AND PAROLE
18	PLANNING SERVICES TO PEOPLE IN PRISON AND reentry services to people
19	on parole or inmates transitioning through community corrections. The
20	department shall administer the grant program in accordance with policies
21	developed by the executive director pursuant to subsection (7)(b) of this
22	section.
23	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 21-1-104, add (6) as
24	follows:
25	21-1-104. Duties of public defender - report. (6) The office of
26	STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER SHALL PROVIDE ONE OR MORE PUBLIC DEFENDER
27	LIAISONS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND THE STATE BOARD

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1	OF PAROLE TO ASSIST INMATES WITH LEGAL MATTERS RELATED TO
2	DETAINERS, BONDS, HOLDS, COMPETENCY, SPECIAL NEEDS PAROLE
3	APPLICATIONS, COMMUTATION APPLICATIONS, OR OTHER
4	CRIMINAL-RELATED LEGAL MATTERS THAT COULD IMPACT SUCCESSFUL
5	REENTRY. THE OFFICE OF STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER, IN CONSULTATION
6	WITH THE STATE BOARD OF PAROLE AND THE DEPARTMENT OF
7	CORRECTIONS, SHALL DEVELOP ANY NECESSARY POLICIES AND
8	PROCEDURES FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS SUBSECTION (6).
9	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-1-113.5, add
10	(1)(c), (1)(d), and (6) as follows:
11	17-1-113.5. Inmates held in correctional facilities - medical
12	benefits application assistance - county of residence - rules.
13	(1) (c) The department shall ensure that any inmate who is
14	SIXTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER AND IS BEING RELEASED FROM PRISON
15	IS ENROLLED IN THE MOST APPROPRIATE MEDICAL INSURANCE BENEFIT
16	PLAN INCLUDING MEDICARE, MEDICARE SAVINGS PLAN, VETERAN'S
17	BENEFIT, OR OTHER SAFETY-NET HEALTH INSURANCE, OR AN INDIVIDUAL
18	HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN PRIOR TO RELEASE OR UPON RELEASE, WHICHEVER
19	WILL OFFER THE MORE IMMEDIATE AND COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH CARE
20	COVERAGE. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PAY ANY INSURANCE PREMIUMS,
21	PENALTIES, OR OTHER COSTS RELATED TO ENROLLMENT IN HEALTH
22	INSURANCE FOR UP TO TWELVE MONTHS FROM THE START OF COVERAGE.
23	THE DEPARTMENT MAY PROVIDE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR LONGER
24	THAN TWELVE MONTHS IF THE PERSON IS STILL UNDER THE JURISDICTION
25	OF THE DEPARTMENT AND WHO WOULD OTHERWISE BE UNINSURED OR
26	UNDERINSURED WITHOUT THAT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.

(d) The department shall ensure that an inmate who is

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1	ELIGIBLE FOR PREMIUM-FREE MEDICARE COVERAGE IS ENROLLED DURING
2	THE INMATE'S INITIAL OPEN ENROLLMENT PERIOD OR DURING REGULAR
3	OPEN ENROLLMENT.
4	(6) If an inmate is released from confinement but still
5	UNDER CRIMINAL JUSTICE SUPERVISION AND IS ELIGIBLE FOR MEDICAL
6	BENEFITS PURSUANT TO THE "COLORADO MEDICAL ASSISTANCE ACT",
7	ARTICLES 4 TO 6 OF TITLE 25.5, THE SUPERVISING CRIMINAL JUSTICE
8	AGENCY SHALL NOT PLACE ANY RESTRICTION OR MAKE ADDITIONAL
9	REQUIREMENTS A PRECONDITION THAT IN ANY WAY INHIBITS THE INMATE
10	FROM BEING ABLE TO CHOOSE A PROVIDER OR RECEIVE MEDICAL CARE,
11	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH TREATMENT, OR ANY OTHER ASSISTANCE
12	AUTHORIZED UNDER THE MEDICAL BENEFITS.
13	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 26-11-105, add
14	(1)(g) as follows:
15	26-11-105. Duties of commission. (1) The commission, through
16	its director, shall carry out the following purposes:
17	(g) (I) STUDY AND MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS TO ENSURE THAT
18	PEOPLE WHO ARE RELEASED FROM PRISON THAT ARE SIXTY-FIVE YEARS OF
19	AGE OR OLDER ARE ABLE TO ACCESS HEALTH INSURANCE AFTER RELEASE,
20	INCLUDING:
21	(A) HEALTH INSURANCE OPTIONS THAT MIGHT BE AVAILABLE,
22	INCLUDING MEDICARE, MEDICAID, SOCIAL SECURITY, THE OLD AGE
23	PENSION FUND, OR ANY OTHER POTENTIAL OPTIONS FOR HEALTH CARE
24	INSURANCE, AND ANY ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA THAT MAY UNIQUELY IMPACT
25	A FORMERLY INCARCERATED POPULATION;
26	(B) ENROLLMENT PROCESSES FOR EACH HEALTH INSURANCE
27	OPTION AND THE COST FOR EACH OPTION;

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1	(C) PROCESSES THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS WOULD NEED
2	TO HAVE IN PLACE, BOTH PRIOR TO RELEASE AND AFTER RELEASE, TO
3	ENSURE PEOPLE SIXTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER ARE ABLE TO ENROLL
4	IN AFFORDABLE HEALTH INSURANCE UPON RELEASE;
5	(D) POTENTIAL CHALLENGES, GAPS, OR RESOURCES NEEDED TO
6	ENSURE THAT INMATES SIXTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER HAVE HEALTH
7	INSURANCE UPON RELEASE; AND
8	(E) ANY OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS RELEVANT TO IMPROVING
9	HEALTH CARE ACCESS FOR PEOPLE SIXTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER
10	AFTER RELEASE FROM PRISON.
11	(II) On or before January 1, 2022, the commission shall
12	PROVIDE A REPORT WITH ITS FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS PURSUANT
13	TO THIS SUBSECTION (1)(g) TO THE JUDICIARY AND HEALTH AND
14	INSURANCE COMMITTEES IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE
15	JUDICIARY AND HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEES OF THE
16	SENATE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES. THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN
17	SERVICES SHALL POST THE REPORT ON THE COLORADO COMMISSION ON
18	AGING'S WEBSITE.
19	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-22.5-405, add
20	(10) as follows:
21	17-22.5-405. Earned time - earned release time - achievement
22	earned time - definition. (10) Beginning no later than thirty days
23	AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SUBSECTION (10), THE DEPARTMENT
24	SHALL AWARD TO EACH INMATE UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE
25	DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS ONE DAY OF EARNED TIME FOR EACH DAY
26	THE INMATE WAS INCARCERATED DURING THE GOVERNOR'S DECLARED
2.7	DISASTER EMERGENCY DUE TO THE PRESENCE OF THE COVID-19 VIRUS IN

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1 COLORADO, UP TO THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF EARNED TIME PERMITTED
2 UNDER LAW.

SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-27.5-104, **amend** (1), (2), and (3) as follows:

17-27.5-104. Escape from custody - duties of peace officer or community parole officer - definitions. (1) If an offender fails to remain within the extended limits on his or her THE OFFENDER'S confinement as established under the intensive supervision program; or, having been ordered by the parole board, the executive director, or the administrator of the program to return to the correctional institution, neglects or fails to do so; or knowingly removes or tampers with an electronic monitoring device that he or she THE OFFENDER is required to wear as a condition of parole, he or she shall be THE OFFENDER IS deemed to have escaped from custody COMMITTED THE OFFENSE OF UNAUTHORIZED ABSENCE and shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished as provided in section 18-8-208 SECTION 18-8-208.2.

(2) When a peace officer or community parole officer has probable cause to believe that an offender has committed an escape UNAUTHORIZED ABSENCE, as described in subsection (1) of this section and section 18-8-208 SECTION 18-8-208.2, by knowingly removing or tampering with an electronic monitoring device that he or she is required to wear as a condition of parole, the officer shall immediately seek a warrant for the offender's arrest or effectuate an immediate arrest if the offender is in the presence of the officer; However, EXCEPT THAT, before an officer arrests an offender pursuant to this subsection (2), the officer, if practicable, shall determine that the notification of removal or tampering was not merely the result of an equipment malfunction.

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1	(3) Subsequent to any arrest pursuant to subsection (2) of this
2	section, if a peace officer or community parole officer has probable cause
3	to believe that a person has committed the offense of escape under
4	UNAUTHORIZED ABSENCE PURSUANT TO this section, the peace officer or
5	community parole officer shall submit charges to the office of the district
6	attorney for consideration of filing pursuant to section 16-5-205.
7	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-801, amend
8	(5) as follows:
9	18-1.3-801. Punishment for habitual criminals. (5) A current
10	or prior conviction for escape, as described in section 18-8-208 (1), (2),
11	or (3), or attempt to escape, as described in section 18-8-208.1 (1) or (2)
12	IN EFFECT PRIOR TO MARCH 6, 2020, WITH AN UNDERLYING FACTUAL
13	BASIS THAT SATISFIES THE ELEMENTS OF UNAUTHORIZED ABSENCE AS
14	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-8-208.2, OR ATTEMPT THEREOF, may not be
15	used for the purpose of adjudicating a person an habitual criminal as
16	described in subsection (1.5) or subsection (2) of this section unless the
17	conviction is based on the offender's escape or attempt to escape from a
18	correctional facility, as defined in section 17-1-102, or from physical
19	custody within a county jail; except that, for the purposes of this section,
20	"correctional facility" does not include a community corrections facility,
21	as defined in section 17-27-102 (2.5), or a halfway house, as defined in
22	section 19-1-103 (62).
23	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-2-201, add (20)
24	as follows:
25	17-2-201. State board of parole - duties - definitions.
26	(20) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
27	CONTRARY, THE PAROLE BOARD SHALL SCHEDULE A PAROLE HEARING

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1	WITHIN SIXTY DAYS OF THE EFFECTIVE DAY OF THIS SUBSECTION (20) IF A
2	PERSON CURRENTLY INCARCERATED HAS A CONTROLLING SENTENCE FOR
3	A CRIME ENUMERATED IN SUBSECTION (20)(b) OF THIS SECTION.
4	(b) ELIGIBLE OFFENSES ARE ESCAPE, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION
5	18-8-208, OR ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-8-208.1,
6	In effect prior to March 6, 2020, if the underlying factual basis
7	SATISFIES THE ELEMENTS OF THE CRIME OF UNAUTHORIZED ABSENCE OR
8	ATTEMPTED UNAUTHORIZED ABSENCE, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION
9	18-8-208.2 (2)(a) OR (2)(b).
10	(c) AN INMATE IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR EXPEDITED PAROLE
11	CONSIDERATION UNDER THIS SUBSECTION (20) IF:
12	(I) THE INMATE IS NOT CURRENTLY AT OR PAST HIS OR HER PAROLE
13	ELIGIBILITY DATE; OR
14	(II) THE INMATE IS INELIGIBLE FOR RELEASE TO PAROLE PURSUANT
15	TO SUBSECTION $(3.7)(a)$ OF THIS SECTION.
16	(d) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROVIDE VICTIM NOTIFICATION AS
17	REQUIRED BY SECTION 24-4.1-303 (14)(d).
18	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-407, amend
19	(2)(b), (3.3) introductory portion, (3.3)(c)(I), (3.5), and (11.5)(a)(I);
20	repeal (2)(a.5), (11), and (11.5)(c); and add (14) as follows:
21	18-1.3-407. Sentences - youthful offenders - legislative
22	declaration - powers and duties of district court - authorization for
23	youthful offender system - powers and duties of department of
24	corrections - youthful offender system study - report - definitions.
25	(2) (a.5) During any period of incarceration under the youthful offender
26	system, privileges including, but not limited to, televisions, radios, and
27	entertainment systems, shall not be available for an offender unless such

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privileges have been earned under a merit system.

- (b) Article 22.5 of title 17, C.R.S., concerning time credits, shall not apply APPLIES to any person sentenced to the youthful offender system; except that an offender whose sentence to the youthful offender system is revoked pursuant to subsection (5) of this section may receive one day of credit against the suspended sentence imposed by the court following revocation of the sentence to the youthful offender system for each day the offender served in the youthful offender system, excluding any period of time during which the offender was under community supervision BUT INCLUDING CREDIT FOR PRESENTENCE CONFINEMENT AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-405.
- (3.3) The youthful offender system consists of the following components, and the department of corrections has the authority described in paragraphs (a) to (d) of this subsection (3.3) in connection with the administration of the components:
- (c) (I) Phase II, which may be administered during the last three TOSIX months of the period of institutional confinement and during which time the department of corrections is authorized to transfer an offender to a twenty-four-hour custody residential program that serves youthful offenders.
- (3.5) The executive director of the department of corrections shall have OR THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE HAS final approval on the hiring and transferring of staff for the youthful offender system. In staffing the youthful offender system, the executive director OR THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE shall select persons who are trained in the treatment of youthful offenders or will be trained in the treatment of youthful offenders, prior to working with such population, are trained to

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1	act as role models and mentors pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection (3)
2	SUBSECTION (3)(c) of this section, and are best equipped to enable the
3	youthful offender system to meet the principles specified in subsection (3)
4	of this section. ALL STAFF MEMBERS MUST BE TRAINED IN THE TREATMENT
5	OF YOUTHFUL OFFENDERS WITHIN FORTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THEIR FIRST
6	DAY AT THE YOUTHFUL OFFENDER SYSTEM. PRIOR TO RECEIVING THIS
7	TRAINING, A STAFF MEMBER SHALL NOT WORK DIRECTLY WITH JUVENILES
8	AND MUST BE SUPERVISED BY A TRAINED STAFF MEMBER WHEN WORKING
9	WITH ANY YOUNG ADULT OFFENDERS AT THE YOUTHFUL OFFENDER
10	SYSTEM. The executive director OR THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE
11	shall make a recommendation to the department of personnel regarding
12	the classification of positions with the youthful offender system, taking
13	into account the level of education and training required for such
14	positions.
15	(11) Any district attorney in the state shall maintain records
16	regarding juveniles who are sentenced to the youthful offender system
17	and such records shall indicate which juveniles have been filed on as
18	adults or are sentenced to the system and the offenses committed by such
19	juveniles.
20	(11.5) (a) (I) An offender who is sentenced to the youthful
21	offender system shall submit to and pay for collection and a chemical
22	testing of a biological substance sample from the offender to determine
23	the genetic markers thereof.
24	(c) Any moneys received from offenders pursuant to paragraph (a)
25	of this subsection (11.5) shall be deposited in the offender identification
26	fund created in section 24-33.5-415.6, C.R.S.

(14) The department of corrections shall consult with

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1	ONE OR MORE EXTERNAL EXPERTS TO CONDUCT A STUDY OF THE
2	EFFECTIVENESS OF THE CURRENT YOUTHFUL OFFENDER SYSTEM, AS
3	DESIGNED BY THE ENABLING STATUTE AND AS IMPLEMENTED BY THE
4	DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONSIDER ALL
5	RELEVANT RESEARCH ON EFFECTIVE PROGRAMMING FOR YOUNG ADULTS
6	AND ALTERNATIVE MANAGEMENT AND PROGRAM MODELS FOR THE
7	YOUTHFUL OFFENDER SYSTEM. ADDITIONALLY, THE STUDY MUST ASSESS
8	THE POTENTIAL EXPANSION OF THE YOUTHFUL OFFENDER SYSTEM TO
9	SERVE OFFENDERS UP TO THE AGE OF TWENTY-FIVE YEARS WHO COMMIT
10	FELONY OFFENSES, INCLUDING THE OFFENSES WHICH CURRENTLY MAKE A
11	YOUNGER OFFENDER ELIGIBLE FOR YOUTHFUL OFFENDER SENTENCING BY
12	THE COURT, AND HOW THAT EXPANSION COULD BE IMPLEMENTED. THE
13	DEPARTMENT SHALL SEEK ALTERNATIVE FUNDING SOURCES FOR THIS
14	STUDY THROUGH GIFTS, GRANTS, AND DONATIONS OR FUND THE STUDY
15	THROUGH CURRENT APPROPRIATIONS. A REPORT OF FINDINGS MUST BE
16	COMPLETED BY THE EXTERNAL EXPERTS, IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE
17	DEPARTMENT, BY DECEMBER 1, 2021, AND THE REPORT MUST BE MADE
18	AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC.
19	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-1-104.3, amend
20	(1)(b.5) as follows:
21	17-1-104.3. Correctional facilities - locations - security level -
22	report. (1) (b.5) Not more than six hundred and fifty beds at the
23	Centennial south campus of the Centennial correctional facility may be
24	operated by the department for the purpose of housing inmates who are
25	close custody inmates. At the discretion of the executive director, the
26	department may house inmates of a lower than close custody level for no
27	longer than three months from March 6, 2020, in order to facilitate the

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1	movement of inmates displaced as a result of prison closure, DURING A
2	DECLARED DISASTER EMERGENCY BY THE GOVERNOR, or if the lower than
3	close custody inmate is voluntarily serving as a mentor peer-support, or
4	in another other leadership role as part of departmental programming with
5	the purpose of progressing close custody inmates to lower security levels.
6	THE UNDERLYING DECLARED DISASTER EMERGENCY MUST IMPACT STATE
7	PRISON OPERATIONS.
8	SECTION 15. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
9	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
10	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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