First Regular Session Seventy-second General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 19-0008.01 Richard Sweetman x4333

HOUSE BILL 19-1170

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Jackson and Weissman, Buckner, Buentello, Duran, Exum, Froelich, Galindo, Gonzales-Gutierrez, Herod, Kennedy, Kipp, Lontine, Melton, Michaelson Jenet, Singer, Sirota, Snyder, Titone, Valdez A.

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

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House Committees

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Local Government

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING INCREASING TENANT PROTECTIONS RELATING TO THE RESIDENTIAL WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Under current law, a warranty of habitability (warranty) is implied in every rental agreement for a residential premises, and a landlord commits a breach of the warranty (breach) if:

- ! The residential premises is uninhabitable or otherwise unfit for human habitation;
- ! The residential premises is in a condition that is materially

HOUSE 3rd Reading Unamended February 26, 2019

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading February 25, 2019 dangerous or hazardous to the tenant's life, health, or safety; and

! The landlord has received written notice of the condition and failed to cure the problem within a reasonable time.

The bill states that a landlord breaches the warranty if a residential premises is:

- ! Uninhabitable or otherwise unfit for human habitation or in a condition that is materially dangerous or hazardous to the tenant's life, health, or safety; and
- ! The landlord has received written or electronic notice of the condition and failed to commence remedial action by employing reasonable efforts within:
 - 24 hours, where the condition is materially dangerous or hazardous to the tenant's life, health, or safety; or
 - ! 72 hours, where the premises is uninhabitable or otherwise unfit for human habitation.

Current law provides a list of conditions that render a residential premises uninhabitable. To this list, the bill adds 2 conditions; specifically, a residential premises is uninhabitable if:

- ! The premises lacks a functioning refrigerator, range, or oven, if the landlord provides any of these appliances pursuant to the rental agreement; or
- ! There is mold that is associated with dampness, or there is any other condition causing the premises to be damp, which condition, if not remedied, would materially interfere with the health or safety of the tenant.

The bill grants to county courts and small claims courts jurisdiction to provide injunctive relief related to a breach.

Current law requires a tenant to serve written notice upon a landlord before the landlord may be held liable for a breach. The bill expands the acceptable form of such notice to include electronic notice.

The bill also:

- States that if a tenant gives a landlord notice of a condition that is imminently hazardous to life, health, or safety the landlord, at the request of the tenant, shall move the tenant to a reasonably comparable unit under the control of the landlord or pay for a tenant to reside in a reasonably comparable temporary living location while the condition is being remedied or repaired;
- ! Allows a tenant who satisfies certain conditions to deduct from one or more rent payments the cost to repair or remedy a condition causing a breach;
- ! Repeals the requirement that a tenant notify a local government before seeking an injunction for a breach;

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- ! Repeals provisions that allow a rental agreement to require a tenant to assume certain responsibilities concerning conditions and characteristics of a premises;
- ! Prohibits a landlord from retaliating against a tenant in response to the tenant having made a good-faith complaint to the landlord or to a governmental agency alleging a condition that renders the premises uninhabitable or any condition that materially interferes with the health or safety of the tenant; and
- ! Repeals certain presumptions and specifies monetary damages that may be available to a tenant against whom a landlord retaliates.

If the same condition that substantially caused a breach recurs within 6 months after the condition is repaired or remedied, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement 14 days after providing the landlord written or electronic notice of the tenant's intent to do so.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-6-105, **amend** (1)

3 introductory portion and (1)(f) as follows:

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13-6-105. Specific limits on civil jurisdiction. (1) The county court shall have HAS no civil jurisdiction except that specifically conferred upon it by law. In particular, it shall have HAS no jurisdiction over the following matters:

- (f) Original proceedings for the issuance of injunctions, except:
- 9 (I) As provided in section 13-6-104 (5), except SECTIONS 13-6-104 (5) AND 38-12-507 (1)(b);
 - (II) As required to enforce restrictive covenants on residential property and to enforce the provisions of section 6-1-702.5; C.R.S., and except
 - (III) As otherwise specifically authorized in this article ARTICLE 6 or, if there is no authorization, by rule of the Colorado supreme court.

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1	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 38-12-502 as
2	follows:
3	38-12-502. Definitions. As used in this part 5 and part 8 of this
4	article 12, unless the context otherwise requires:
5	(1) "APPLIANCE" MEANS A REFRIGERATOR, RANGE STOVE, OR OVEN
6	THAT IS INCLUDED WITHIN A RESIDENTIAL PREMISES BY A LANDLORD FOR
7	THE USE OF THE TENANT PURSUANT TO THE RENTAL AGREEMENT OR ANY
8	OTHER AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT. NOTHING
9	IN THIS SECTION REQUIRES A LANDLORD TO PROVIDE ANY APPLIANCE, AND
10	SECTION 38-12-505 APPLIES TO APPLIANCES SOLELY TO THE EXTENT THAT
11	APPLIANCES ARE PART OF A WRITTEN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE
12	LANDLORD AND THE TENANT OR ARE OTHERWISE ACTUALLY PROVIDED TO
13	A TENANT BY THE LANDLORD AT THE INCEPTION OF THE TENANT'S
14	OCCUPANCY OF THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES.
15	(1) (2) "Common areas" means the facilities and appurtenances to
16	a residential premises, including the grounds, areas, and facilities held out
17	for the use of tenants generally or whose use is promised to a tenant.
18	(2) (3) "Dwelling unit" means a structure or the part of a structure
19	that is used as a home, residence, or sleeping place by a tenant.
20	(4) "ELECTRONIC NOTICE" MEANS NOTICE BY ELECTRONIC MAIL OR
21	AN ELECTRONIC PORTAL OR MANAGEMENT COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM
22	THAT IS AVAILABLE TO BOTH A LANDLORD AND A TENANT.
23	(3) (5) "Landlord" means the owner, manager, lessor, or sublessor
24	of a residential premises.
25	(4) (6) "Rental agreement" means the agreement, written or oral,
26	embodying the terms and conditions concerning the use and occupancy
27	of a residential premises.

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1	(5)(/) "Residential premises" means a dwelling unit, the structure
2	of which the unit is a part, and the common areas.
3	(6) (8) "Tenant" means a person entitled under a rental agreement
4	to occupy a dwelling unit to the exclusion of others.
5	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-503, amend
6	(2) and (4); and add (2.3) and (2.5) as follows:
7	38-12-503. Warranty of habitability. (2) A landlord breaches
8	the warranty of habitability set forth in subsection (1) of this section if:
9	(a) A residential premises is:
10	(I) Uninhabitable as described in section 38-12-505 or otherwise
11	unfit for human habitation; and OR
12	(b) (II) The residential premises is In a condition that is materially
13	dangerous or hazardous to the tenant's life, health, or safety; and
14	(c) (b) The landlord has received REASONABLY COMPLETE written
15	OR ELECTRONIC notice of the condition described in paragraphs (a) and
16	(b) of this subsection (2) SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION and failed
17	to cure the problem COMMENCE REMEDIAL ACTION BY EMPLOYING
18	REASONABLE EFFORTS within a reasonable time THE FOLLOWING PERIOD
19	AFTER RECEIVING THE NOTICE:
20	(I) TWENTY-FOUR HOURS, WHERE THE CONDITION IS AS DESCRIBED
21	IN SUBSECTION $(2)(a)(II)$ OF THIS SECTION; OR
22	(II) SEVENTY-TWO HOURS, WHERE THE CONDITION IS AS
23	DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION.
24	(2.3) A TENANT WHO GIVES A LANDLORD ELECTRONIC NOTICE OF
25	A CONDITION SHALL SEND SUCH NOTICE ONLY TO THE E-MAIL ADDRESS,
26	PHONE NUMBER, OR ELECTRONIC PORTAL SPECIFIED BY THE LANDLORD IN
27	THE RENTAL AGREEMENT FOR COMMUNICATIONS. IN THE ABSENCE OF

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1	SUCH A PROVISION IN THE RENTAL AGREEMENT, THE TENANT SHALL
2	COMMUNICATE WITH THE LANDLORD IN A MANNER THAT THE LANDLORD
3	HAS PREVIOUSLY USED TO COMMUNICATE WITH THE TENANT. THE TENANT
4	SHALL RETAIN SUFFICIENT PROOF OF DELIVERY OF THE ELECTRONIC
5	NOTICE.
6	(2.5) A LANDLORD WHO RECEIVES FROM A TENANT WRITTEN OR
7	ELECTRONIC NOTICE OF A CONDITION DESCRIBED BY SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF
8	THIS SECTION SHALL RESPOND TO THE TENANT NOT MORE THAN
9	TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER RECEIVING THE NOTICE. THE RESPONSE MUST
10	INDICATE THE LANDLORD'S INTENTIONS FOR REMEDYING THE CONDITION,
11	INCLUDING AN ESTIMATE OF WHEN THE REMEDIATION WILL COMMENCE
12	AND WHEN IT WILL BE COMPLETED.
13	(4) (a) In response to IF the notice sent pursuant to paragraph (c)
14	of subsection (2) SUBSECTION (2)(b) of this section CONCERNS A
15	CONDITION THAT IS DESCRIBED BY SUBSECTION (2)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION,
16	a THE landlord, may, in the landlord's discretion AT THE REQUEST OF THE
17	TENANT, SHALL move a PROVIDE THE tenant: to
18	(I) A comparable DWELLING unit, after paying the reasonable
19	costs, actually incurred, incident to the move. AS SELECTED BY THE
20	LANDLORD, AT NO EXPENSE OR COST TO THE TENANT; OR
21	(II) A HOTEL ROOM, AS SELECTED BY THE LANDLORD, AT NO
22	EXPENSE OR COST TO THE TENANT.
23	(b) A LANDLORD IS NOT REQUIRED TO PAY FOR ANY OTHER
24	EXPENSES OF A TENANT THAT ARISE AFTER THE RELOCATION PERIOD. A
25	TENANT CONTINUES TO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYMENT OF RENT UNDER
26	THE RENTAL AGREEMENT DURING THE PERIOD OF ANY TEMPORARY
27	RELOCATION AND FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE TERM OF THE RENTAL

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1	AGREEMENT FOLLOWING THE REMEDIATION.
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3	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-505, amend
4	(1) and (3) as follows:
5	38-12-505. Uninhabitable residential premises. (1) A
6	residential premises is deemed uninhabitable if:
7	(a) THERE IS MOLD THAT IS ASSOCIATED WITH DAMPNESS, OR
8	THERE IS ANY OTHER CONDITION CAUSING THE $\underline{\text{RESIDENTIAL}}$ PREMISES TO
9	BE DAMP, WHICH CONDITION, IF NOT REMEDIED, WOULD MATERIALLY
10	INTERFERE WITH THE HEALTH OR SAFETY OF THE TENANT; OR
11	(b) It substantially lacks any of the following characteristics:
12	(I) FUNCTIONING APPLIANCES THAT CONFORMED TO APPLICABLE
13	LAW AT THE TIME OF INSTALLATION AND THAT ARE MAINTAINED IN GOOD
14	WORKING ORDER;
15	(a) (II) Waterproofing and weather protection of roof and exterior
16	walls maintained in good working order, including unbroken windows
17	and doors;
18	(b) (III) Plumbing or gas facilities that conformed to applicable
19	law in effect at the time of installation and that are maintained in good
20	working order;
21	(e) (IV) Running water and reasonable amounts of hot water at all
22	times furnished to appropriate fixtures and connected to a sewage
23	disposal system approved under applicable law;
24	(d) (V) Functioning heating facilities that conformed to applicable
25	law at the time of installation and that are maintained in good working
26	order;
27	(e) (VI) Electrical lighting, with wiring and electrical equipment

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1	that conformed to applicable law at the time of installation, maintained in
2	good working order;
3	(f) (VII) Common areas and areas under the control of the
4	landlord that are kept reasonably clean, sanitary, and free from all
5	accumulations of debris, filth, rubbish, and garbage and that have
6	appropriate extermination in response to the infestation of rodents or
7	vermin;
8	(g) (VIII) Appropriate extermination in response to the infestation
9	of rodents or vermin throughout a residential premises;
10	(h) (IX) An adequate number of appropriate exterior receptacles
11	for garbage and rubbish, in good repair;
12	(i) (X) Floors, stairways, and railings maintained in good repair;
13	(j) (XI) Locks on all exterior doors and locks or security devices
14	on windows designed to be opened that are maintained in good working
15	order; or
16	(k) (XII) Compliance with all applicable building, housing, and
17	health codes, THE VIOLATION OF which if violated, would constitute a
18	condition that is dangerous or hazardous to a tenant's life, health, or safety
19	MATERIALLY INTERFERES WITH THE LIFE, HEALTH, OR SAFETY OF THE
20	TENANT.
21	(3) Unless THE RENTAL AGREEMENT PROVIDES otherwise stated in
22	AS PERMITTED BY section 38-12-506, prior to being BEFORE A
23	RESIDENTIAL PREMISES IS leased to a tenant, a residential THE
24	<u>RESIDENTIAL</u> premises must comply with the requirements set forth in
25	section 38-12-503 (1) AND (2)(a). and (2)(b).
26	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal and reenact,
2.7	with amendments, 38-12-506 as follows:

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1	38-12-506. Exception for certain single-family residences.
2	(1) FOR A SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENCE PREMISES FOR WHICH A LANDLORD
3	DOES NOT RECEIVE A SUBSIDY FROM ANY GOVERNMENTAL SOURCE, A
4	LANDLORD AND TENANT MAY AGREE IN WRITING THAT THE TENANT IS TO
5	PERFORM SPECIFIC REPAIRS, MAINTENANCE TASKS, ALTERATIONS, AND
6	REMODELING NECESSARY TO COMPLY WITH SECTION 38-12-503, SUBJECT
7	TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:
8	(a) THE AGREEMENT OF THE LANDLORD AND TENANT IS ENTERED
9	INTO IN GOOD FAITH AND IS SET FORTH IN A WRITING THAT IS SEPARATE
10	FROM THE RENTAL AGREEMENT, SIGNED BY THE PARTIES, AND SUPPORTED
11	BY ADEQUATE CONSIDERATION; AND
12	(b) The tenant has the requisite skills to perform the
13	WORK REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH SECTION 38-12-503 (1).
14	(2) TO THE EXTENT THAT PERFORMANCE BY A TENANT RELATES TO
15	A CHARACTERISTIC SET FORTH IN SECTION $38-12-505$ (1), THE TENANT
16	ASSUMES THE OBLIGATION FOR THE CHARACTERISTIC, AND THE LACK OF
17	THE CHARACTERISTIC DOES NOT MAKE THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES
18	UNINHABITABLE.
19	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-507, amend
20	(1) introductory portion and (1)(b); and add (1)(e) and (3) as follows:
21	38-12-507. Breach of warranty of habitability - tenant's
22	remedies. (1) If there is a breach of the warranty of habitability as set
23	forth in section 38-12-503 (2): the following provisions shall apply:
24	(b) (I) A tenant may obtain injunctive relief for breach of the
25	warranty of habitability in any COUNTY OR DISTRICT court of competent
26	jurisdiction. In any A proceeding for injunctive relief, the court shall
27	determine actual damages for a breach of the warranty at the time the

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court orders the injunctive relief. A landlord shall IS not be subject to any court order for injunctive relief if:

- (A) The landlord tenders the actual damages to the court within two business days of AFTER the order; AND
- (B) THE PROCEEDING FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF DOES NOT CONCERN A CONDITION DESCRIBED IN SECTION 38-12-503 (2)(a)(II) THAT HAS NOT BEEN REPAIRED OR REMEDIED.
 - (II) Upon application by the tenant, the court shall immediately release to the tenant the damages paid by the landlord. If the tenant vacates the leased <u>RESIDENTIAL</u> premises, the landlord shall not be permitted to rent the <u>RESIDENTIAL</u> premises again until such time as the unit would be in compliance COMPLIES with the warranty of habitability set forth in section 38-12-503 (1).
 - (e) (I) PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e), THE TENANT MAY DEDUCT FROM ONE OR MORE RENT PAYMENTS THE COST OF REPAIRING OR REMEDYING A CONDITION THAT IS THE BASIS OF A BREACH OF THE WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY DESCRIBED IN SECTION 38-12-503, IF THE TENANT PROVIDES NOTICE OF THE CONDITION TO THE LANDLORD AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 38-12-503 (2)(b) AND THE LANDLORD FAILS TO COMMENCE REMEDIAL ACTION BY EMPLOYING REASONABLE EFFORTS WITHIN THE APPLICABLE PERIOD DESCRIBED IN SECTION 38-12-503 (2)(b).
 - (II) AT LEAST TEN DAYS BEFORE DEDUCTING COSTS FROM A RENT PAYMENT AS DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e), A TENANT SHALL PROVIDE THE LANDLORD WITH WRITTEN OR ELECTRONIC NOTICE OF THE TENANT'S INTENT TO DO SO. THE NOTICE MUST SPECIFY THE DATE OF NOTIFICATION, THE NAME OF THE LANDLORD OR PROPERTY MANAGER, THE ADDRESS OF THE RENTAL PROPERTY, THE CONDITION THAT REQUIRES A

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1	REPAIR OR REMEDY, THE DATE UPON WHICH THE TENANT PROVIDED
2	NOTICE TO THE LANDLORD OF THE CONDITION THAT REQUIRES A REPAIR OR
3	REMEDY, AND A COPY OF AT LEAST ONE GOOD-FAITH ESTIMATE OF COSTS
4	TO REPAIR OR REMEDY THE CONDITION, WHICH ESTIMATE HAS BEEN
5	PREPARED BY A PROFESSIONAL WHO IS UNRELATED TO THE TENANT, IS
6	TRAINED TO PERFORM THE WORK FOR WHICH THE ESTIMATE IS BEING
7	PREPARED, AND COMPLIES WITH ALL LICENSING, CERTIFICATION, OR
8	REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THIS STATE THAT APPLY TO THE
9	PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK. A TENANT WITHHOLDING RENT OVER
10	MULTIPLE PAYMENT PERIODS IS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE NOTICE ONLY ONCE.
11	THE TENANT SHALL RETAIN A COPY OF THE NOTICE.
12	(III) AFTER A TENANT PROVIDES A LANDLORD NOTICE OF THE
13	TENANT'S INTENT TO DEDUCT COSTS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(e)(II)
14	OF THIS SECTION, THE LANDLORD HAS TWO BUSINESS DAYS TO OBTAIN ONE
15	OR MORE GOOD-FAITH ESTIMATES OF SUCH COSTS IN ADDITION TO ANY
16	ESTIMATE THAT THE TENANT INCLUDED IN THE NOTICE. THE ESTIMATE
17	MUST BE PREPARED BY A PROFESSIONAL WHO IS UNRELATED TO THE
18	LANDLORD, IS TRAINED TO PERFORM THE WORK FOR WHICH THE ESTIMATE
19	IS BEING PREPARED, AND COMPLIES WITH ALL LICENSING, CERTIFICATION,
20	OR REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THIS STATE THAT APPLY TO THE
21	PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK. IF THE LANDLORD PREFERS TO REPAIR OR
22	REMEDY THE CONDITION BY HIRING A PROFESSIONAL OTHER THAN A
23	PROFESSIONAL WHO PREPARED AN ESTIMATE FOR THE TENANT, THE
24	LANDLORD SHALL SHARE THE PREFERRED PROFESSIONAL'S ESTIMATE WITH
25	THE TENANT AND SHALL COMMENCE WORK TO REPAIR OR REMEDY THE
26	CONDITION AS SOON AS REASONABLY POSSIBLE.
27	(IV) IF THE LANDLORD DOES NOT OBTAIN ANY ADDITIONAL

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1	ESTIMATES WITHIN THE TWO DAYS PRESCRIBED BY SUBSECTION (1)(e)(111)
2	OF THIS SECTION, THE TENANT MAY PROCEED TO DEDUCT COSTS FROM ONE
3	OR MORE RENT PAYMENTS, BASED ON THE ESTIMATE ACQUIRED BY THE
4	TENANT, UNTIL THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF THE ESTIMATE IS DEDUCTED.
5	(V) A TENANT WHO DEDUCTS COSTS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION
6	(1)(e)(IV) of this section shall not repair or remedy the condition
7	BUT SHALL HIRE A PROFESSIONAL WHO IS UNRELATED TO THE TENANT, IS
8	TRAINED TO PERFORM THE WORK FOR WHICH THE ESTIMATE IS BEING
9	PREPARED, AND COMPLIES WITH ALL LICENSING, CERTIFICATION, OR
10	REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THIS STATE THAT APPLY TO THE
11	PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK.
12	(VI) IF A TENANT HIRES A PROFESSIONAL TO REPAIR OR REMEDY A
13	CONDITION CAUSING A BREACH OF THE WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY AND
14	DEDUCTS THE ESTIMATED COST OF SUCH REPAIR OR REMEDY FROM ONE OR
15	MORE RENT PAYMENTS, AS PERMITTED BY THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e), AND
16	THE DEDUCTED ESTIMATED COST EXCEEDS THE ACTUAL COST INCURRED
17	BY THE TENANT, THE TENANT SHALL REMIT THE EXCESS COST TO THE
18	LANDLORD WITHIN TEN BUSINESS DAYS.
19	(VII) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS SUBSECTION
20	(1)(e) TO THE CONTRARY, A TENANT SHALL NOT DEDUCT COSTS FROM ONE
21	OR MORE RENT PAYMENTS IF THE CONDITION THAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE
22	ALLEGED BREACH OF THE WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY IS CAUSED BY THE
23	MISCONDUCT OF THE TENANT, A MEMBER OF THE TENANT'S HOUSEHOLD,
24	A GUEST OR INVITEE OF THE TENANT, OR A PERSON UNDER THE TENANT'S
25	DIRECTION OR CONTROL; EXCEPT THAT THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e)(VII) DOES
26	NOT APPLY IF:
27	(A) THE TENANT IS A VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE; DOMESTIC

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1	ABUSE; UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION
2	16-22-102 (9); OR STALKING;
3	(B) THE CONDITION IS THE RESULT OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE;
4	DOMESTIC ABUSE; UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, AS DESCRIBED IN
5	SECTION 16-22-102 (9); OR STALKING; AND
6	(C) THE LANDLORD HAS BEEN GIVEN WRITTEN OR ELECTRONIC
7	NOTICE AND EVIDENCE OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE; DOMESTIC ABUSE;
8	UNLAWFUL SEXUAL BEHAVIOR, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 16-22-102 (9);
9	OR STALKING.
10	(VIII) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS SUBSECTION
11	(1)(e) TO THE CONTRARY, A TENANT SHALL NOT DEDUCT COSTS FROM ONE
12	OR MORE RENT PAYMENTS IF THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES:
13	(A) SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS FOR A LOW-INCOME HOUSING
14	CREDIT PURSUANT TO 26 U.S.C. SEC. 42;
15	(B) WAS CONSTRUCTED, ACQUIRED, DEVELOPED, OR
16	REHABILITATED WITH FUNDING PROVIDED PURSUANT TO SECTION 8 OR 9
17	OF THE FEDERAL "UNITED STATES HOUSING ACT OF 1937", AS AMENDED,
18	CODIFIED AT 42 U.S.C. SECS. 1437f AND 1437g;
19	(C) WAS CONSTRUCTED, ACQUIRED, DEVELOPED, OR
20	REHABILITATED WITH FUNDING PROVIDED FROM THE HOME INVESTMENT
21	PARTNERSHIPS PROGRAM OF THE FEDERAL DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND
22	URBAN DEVELOPMENT; OR
23	(D) INCLUDES UNITS THAT WERE CONSTRUCTED WITH FUNDING
24	PROVIDED BY ANY FEDERAL OR STATE PROGRAM THAT RESTRICTS
25	MAXIMUM RENTS FOR PERSONS OF LOW OR MODERATE INCOME AND THAT
26	CURRENTLY HAS A RECORDED LAND USE RESTRICTION THAT IS MONITORED
27	BY A FEDERAL, STATE, COUNTY, OR MUNICIPAL AGENCY TO ENSURE

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1	<u>COMPLIANCE.</u>
2	(IX) A TENANT WHO DEDUCTS COSTS FROM ONE OR MORE RENT
3	PAYMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e) MAY SEEK
4	ADDITIONAL REMEDIES PROVIDED BY THIS SECTION.
5	(X) IF A COURT FINDS THAT A TENANT HAS WRONGFULLY
6	DEDUCTED RENT, THE COURT SHALL AWARD THE LANDLORD AN AMOUNT
7	OF MONEY EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT WRONGFULLY WITHHELD. IF THE COURT
8	FINDS THAT THE TENANT ACTED IN BAD FAITH, THE COURT SHALL AWARD
9	THE LANDLORD POSSESSION OF THE <u>RESIDENTIAL</u> PREMISES AND AN
10	AMOUNT OF MONEY EQUAL TO DOUBLE THE AMOUNT WRONGFULLY
11	WITHHELD.
12	(XI) A TENANT WHO DEDUCTS RENT AS A RESULT OF A BREACH OF
13	THE WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY, WHICH BREACH IS BASED ON A
14	CONDITION DESCRIBED IN SECTION 38-12-505 (1)(b)(I), MAY, IN LIEU OF
15	REPAIRING THE MALFUNCTIONING APPLIANCE, REPLACE THE
16	MALFUNCTIONING APPLIANCE SO LONG AS THE REPLACEMENT APPLIANCE
17	IS AT LEAST OF SUBSTANTIALLY COMPARABLE QUALITY AND HAS
18	SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME FEATURES AS THE ORIGINAL APPLIANCE.
19	(3) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION:
20	(a) IF THE SAME CONDITION THAT SUBSTANTIALLY CAUSED A
21	BREACH OF THE WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY RECURS WITHIN SIX MONTHS
22	AFTER THE CONDITION IS REPAIRED OR REMEDIED, OTHER THAN A BREACH
23	OF SECTION $38-12-505$ (1)(b)(I), THE TENANT MAY TERMINATE THE
24	RENTAL AGREEMENT FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER PROVIDING THE LANDLORD
25	WRITTEN OR ELECTRONIC NOTICE OF THE TENANT'S INTENT TO DO SO. THE
26	NOTICE MUST INCLUDE A DESCRIPTION OF THE CONDITION AND THE DATE
27	OF THE TERMINATION OF THE RENTAL AGREEMENT.

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1	(b) If the same condition that substantially caused a
2	BREACH OF THE WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY RECURS WITHIN SIX MONTHS
3	AFTER THE CONDITION IS REPAIRED OR REMEDIED, AND THE CONDITION IS
4	A BREACH OF SECTION $38-12-505$ (1)(b)(I), THE TENANT MAY TERMINATE
5	THE RENTAL AGREEMENT FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER PROVIDING THE
6	LANDLORD WRITTEN OR ELECTRONIC NOTICE OF THE TENANT'S INTENT TO
7	DO SO. THE NOTICE MUST INCLUDE A DESCRIPTION OF THE CONDITION AND
8	THE DATE OF THE TERMINATION OF THE RENTAL AGREEMENT. HOWEVER,
9	IF THE LANDLORD REMEDIES THE CONDITION WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS
10	AFTER RECEIVING THE NOTICE, THE TENANT MAY NOT TERMINATE THE
11	RENTAL AGREEMENT.
12	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-508, amend
13	(4); and repeal (3) as follows:
14	38-12-508. Landlord's defenses to a claim of breach of
14 15	38-12-508. Landlord's defenses to a claim of breach of warranty - limitations on claiming a breach. (3) A tenant may not
15	warranty - limitations on claiming a breach. (3) A tenant may not
15 16	warranty - limitations on claiming a breach. (3) A tenant may not assert a claim for injunctive relief based upon the landlord's breach of the
15 16 17	warranty - limitations on claiming a breach. (3) A tenant may not assert a claim for injunctive relief based upon the landlord's breach of the warranty of habitability of a residential premises unless the tenant has
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15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	warranty - limitations on claiming a breach. (3) A tenant may not assert a claim for injunctive relief based upon the landlord's breach of the warranty of habitability of a residential premises unless the tenant has given notice to a local government within the boundaries of which the residential premises is located of the condition underlying the breach that is materially dangerous or hazardous to the tenant's life, health, or safety. (4) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 38-12-509 (2), a tenant may not assert a breach of the warranty of habitability as a defense to a
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15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	warranty - limitations on claiming a breach. (3) A tenant may not assert a claim for injunctive relief based upon the landlord's breach of the warranty of habitability of a residential premises unless the tenant has given notice to a local government within the boundaries of which the residential premises is located of the condition underlying the breach that is materially dangerous or hazardous to the tenant's life, health, or safety. (4) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 38-12-509 (2), a tenant may not assert a breach of the warranty of habitability as a defense to a landlord's action for possession based upon a nonmonetary violation of the rental agreement or for an action for possession based upon a notice

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38-12-509. Prohibition on retaliation. (1) A landlord shall not retaliate against a tenant for alleging a breach of the warranty of habitability by discriminatorily increasing rent or decreasing services or by bringing or threatening to bring an action for possession in response to the tenant:

- (a) Having made a good faith complaint to the landlord or to a governmental agency alleging a breach of the warranty of habitability CONDITION DESCRIBED BY SECTION 38-12-505 (1) OR ANY CONDITION THAT MATERIALLY INTERFERES WITH THE LIFE, HEALTH, OR SAFETY OF THE TENANT; OR
- (b) ORGANIZING OR BECOMING A MEMBER OF A TENANTS' ASSOCIATION OR SIMILAR ORGANIZATION.
- (2) A landlord shall not be liable for retaliation under this section unless a tenant proves that a landlord breached the warranty of habitability If a landlord retaliates against a tenant in violation of subsection (1) of this section, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement and recover an amount not more than three months' periodic rent or three times the tenant's actual damages, whichever is greater, plus reasonable attorney fees and costs.
- (3) Regardless of when an action for possession of the premises where the landlord is seeking to terminate the tenancy for violation of the terms of the rental agreement is brought, there shall be a rebuttable presumption in favor of the landlord that his or her decision to terminate is not retaliatory. The presumption created by this subsection (3) cannot be rebutted by evidence of the timing alone of the landlord's initiation of the action. If A LANDLORD ELECTS TO REPLACE A MALFUNCTIONING

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1	APPLIANCE, BUT DOES SO WITH A NEW APPLIANCE THAT IS NOT IDENTICAL
2	TO THE APPLIANCE BEING REPLACED, THERE IS A REBUTTABLE
3	PRESUMPTION IN FAVOR OF THE LANDLORD THAT THE LANDLORD'S
4	SELECTION OF A DIFFERENT APPLIANCE WAS NOT RETALIATORY SO LONG
5	AS THE REPLACEMENT APPLIANCE PROVIDES SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME
6	FEATURES AS THE ORIGINAL APPLIANCE.
7	(4) If the landlord has a right to increase rent, to decrease service,
8	or to terminate the tenant's tenancy at the end of any term of the rental
9	agreement and the landlord exercises any of these rights, there shall be a
10	rebuttable presumption that the landlord's exercise of any of these rights
11	was not retaliatory. The presumption of this subsection (4) cannot be
12	rebutted by evidence of the timing alone of the landlord's exercise of any
13	of these rights.
14	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 38-12-801 as
15	<u>follows:</u>
16	38-12-801. Written rental agreement - copy - tenant. (1) If
17	there is a written rental agreement, then the landlord shall provide the
18	tenant with a copy of the agreement that is signed by the landlord and the
19	tenant, no later than the seventh day after the tenant has signed the
20	agreement. A landlord may provide the tenant with an electronic copy of
21	the agreement, unless the tenant requests a paper copy, in which case the
22	landlord shall provide the tenant with a paper copy.
23	(2) A WRITTEN RENTAL AGREEMENT MUST INCLUDE A STATEMENT
24	INDICATING TO THE TENANT THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON WHO
25	IS THE LANDLORD OR THE LANDLORD'S AUTHORIZED AGENT. IF THE
26	IDENTITY OF A LANDLORD OR A LANDLORD'S AUTHORIZED AGENT
27	CHANGES, THE NEW LANDLORD OR AUTHORIZED AGENT, NOT LATER THAN

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1	ONE BUSINESS DAY AFTER SUCH CHANGE, SHALL:
2	(a) Provide each tenant of the landlord written or
3	ELECTRONIC NOTICE OF THE CHANGE; OR
4	(b) Post the identity of the New Landlord or New
5	AUTHORIZED AGENT IN A CONSPICUOUS LOCATION ON THE RESIDENTIAL
6	PREMISES.
7	SECTION 10. Applicability. This act applies to conduct
8	occurring on or after the effective date of this act.
9	SECTION 11. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds.
10	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
11	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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