HOUSE COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE REPORT

March 31, 2021

	Chair of Committee Date
	Committee on <u>Judiciary</u> .
	After consideration on the merits, the Committee recommends the following:
	HB21-1101 be amended as follows, and as so amended, be referred to the Committee on Appropriations with favorable recommendation:
1 2	Amend printed bill, strike everything below the enacting clause and substitute:
3	"SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 19-3-217 as
4	follows:
5	19-3-217. Parent-child visitation upon removal. (1) AT ANY
6	HEARING HELD PURSUANT TO SECTION 19-3-403 (2) OR (3.5), THE COURT
7	SHALL ENTER TEMPORARY ORDERS FOR REASONABLE VISITATION WITH THE
8	CHILD'S PARENT THAT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE AGE AND DEVELOPMENTAL
9	NEEDS OF A CHILD IF THE COURT FINDS THAT VISITATION IS IN A CHILD'S
10	BEST INTERESTS. THE COURT SHALL ORDER CONTACT BETWEEN THE
11	
	PARENT AND CHILD, WHICH CONTACT MAY INCLUDE BUT IS NOT LIMITED
12	TO TELEPHONE, VIRTUAL, OR IN-PERSON VISITS, COMMENCING WITHIN
13	SEVENTY-TWO HOURS AFTER ANY HEARING PURSUANT TO SECTION
14	19-3-403 (2) OR (3.5), EXCLUDING SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS, AND ANY
15	COURT HOLIDAY. THE COURT MAY AUTHORIZE AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR
16	CONTACT TO COMMENCE IF THE DELAY IS AGREED UPON BY THE PARENT,
17	COUNTY DEPARTMENT, AND GUARDIAN AD LITEM OR IF THE COURT FINDS
18	THAT A DELAY IN CONTACT IS IN THE CHILD'S BEST INTERESTS.
19	(2) Nothing in this section restricts the court from
20	GRANTING DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY TO THE DEPARTMENT AND
21	GUARDIAN AD LITEM TO INCREASE OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADDITIONAL
22	PARENT-CHILD CONTACTS OR SIBLING CONTACTS WITHOUT FURTHER
23	COURT ORDER.



- (3) ABSENT THE ISSUANCE OF AN EMERGENCY ORDER, A PARENT GRANTED VISITATION IS ENTITLED TO A HEARING PRIOR TO AN ONGOING REDUCTION IN, SUSPENSION OF, OR INCREASE IN THE LEVEL OF SUPERVISION, INCLUDING A CHANGE FROM IN-PERSON VISITATION TO VIRTUAL VISITATION. IF THE COURT ISSUES AN EMERGENCY ORDER SUSPENDING, REDUCING, OR RESTRICTING VISITATION, A PARENT IS ENTITLED TO A HEARING WITHIN SEVENTY-TWO HOURS AFTER THE ORDER IS ISSUED, EXCLUDING SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS, AND COURT HOLIDAYS. THE COURT NEED NOT HOLD A HEARING IF THERE IS AGREEMENT BY THE PETITIONER, GUARDIAN AD LITEM, AND PARENT TO THE REDUCTION, SUSPENSION, OR INCREASE IN LEVEL OF SUPERVISION OF VISITS. ANY SUCH AGREEMENT MUST BE REDUCED TO WRITING AND FILED WITH THE COURT. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION PREVENTS THE COUNTY DEPARTMENT FROM CANCELING A VISIT IF THE CHILD'S HEALTH OR WELFARE WOULD BE ENDANGERED OR IF THE PARENT CONSENTS TO THE CANCELLATION OF THE VISIT.
- (4) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION REQUIRES OR PERMITS A COUNTY DEPARTMENT TO ARRANGE A VISIT IF THE VISIT WOULD VIOLATE AN EXISTING PROTECTION ORDER IN ANY CASE PENDING IN THIS STATE OR ANY OTHER STATE. THE COUNTY DEPARTMENT IS NOT REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A CHILD FOR COURT-ORDERED VISITATION IF THE VISITATION IS MADE IMPOSSIBLE DUE TO THE POLICIES OF A FACILITY WHERE THE PARENT IS INCARCERATED OR IN TREATMENT.

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-3-403, **amend** (7) as follows:

19-3-403. Temporary custody - hearing - time limits - restriction - rules. (7) The court may also issue temporary orders for legal custody as provided in section 19-1-115. THE COURT SHALL ENTER VISITATION ORDERS CONSISTENT WITH SECTION 19-3-217.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 19-5-208, **add** (4.5) as follows:

- 19-5-208. Petition for adoption open adoption post-adoption contact agreement. (4.5) (a) AN AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (4.5) IS CONSIDERED AN OPEN ADOPTION.
- (b) The petitioner may request a post-adoption contact agreement for contact between a child and the birth parent or parents; a birth relative, as set forth in section 19-3-605 (1); or an Indian tribe if the child is a member of the Indian tribe. A post-adoption contact agreement may include provisions for contact, visitation, or the exchange of information, and the grounds, if any, on which the adoptive parent may decline to



PERMIT VISITS OR CEASE PROVIDING CONTACT OR INFORMATION. IF A CHILD IS AVAILABLE FOR ADOPTION THROUGH AN EXPEDITED RELINQUISHMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 19-5-103.5, THE CONTACT AGREEMENT MUST BE LIMITED TO CONTACT BETWEEN THE CHILD AND THE BIRTH PARENTS AND BIOLOGICAL SIBLINGS OF THE CHILD.

- (c) If a CHILD IS TWELVE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER, THE COURT SHALL NOT ORDER A POST-ADOPTION CONTACT AGREEMENT UNLESS THE CHILD CONSENTS TO ALL TERMS OF THE CONTACT AGREEMENT.
- (d) THE COURT SHALL INCLUDE THE POST-ADOPTION CONTACT AGREEMENT IN THE ADOPTION DECREE IF THE COURT FINDS THE CONTACT AGREEMENT IS IN THE CHILD'S BEST INTERESTS, AFTER CONSIDERING THE CHILD'S WISHES AND ANY OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION.
- (e) A PARENT WHO HAS RELINQUISHED PARENTAL RIGHTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 19-5-104, OR WHOSE PARENTAL RIGHTS HAVE BEEN TERMINATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 19-3-604 OR 19-5-105, OR ANY BIRTH RELATIVE, AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 19-3-605 (1), MUST NOT BE A PARTY TO THE ADOPTION. ACCESS TO THE ADOPTION FILE, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE POST-ADOPTION CONTACT AGREEMENT AND ANY PLEADINGS OR ORDERS MADE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION TO ENFORCE THE CONTACT AGREEMENT, IS GOVERNED BY PART 3 OF THIS ARTICLE 5.
- (f) A POST-ADOPTION CONTACT AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (4.5) MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE COURT ON A STANDARDIZED AFFIDAVIT FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT THAT CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING WARNINGS ACKNOWLEDGED BY ALL PARTIES TO THE CONTACT AGREEMENT:
- (I) AFTER THE ENTRY OF A DECREE FOR ADOPTION, AN ADOPTION, RELINQUISHMENT, OR TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS CANNOT BE SET ASIDE DUE TO THE FAILURE OF THE ADOPTIVE PARENT, BIOLOGICAL PARENT, A BIRTH RELATIVE, OR THE CHILD TO FOLLOW THE TERMS OF THE CONTACT AGREEMENT OR ANY SUBSEQUENT MODIFICATIONS OF THE AGREEMENT; AND
- (II) A DISAGREEMENT BETWEEN THE PARTIES OR LITIGATION BROUGHT PURSUANT TO SECTION 19-5-217 TO ENFORCE OR TERMINATE THE CONTACT AGREEMENT DOES NOT AFFECT THE VALIDITY OF THE ADOPTION, RELINQUISHMENT, OR TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS AND IS NOT A BASIS FOR ORDERS AFFECTING THE CUSTODY OF THE CHILD.
- (g) Nothing in this subsection (4.5) permits the court to order ongoing contact or other duties for the petitioner when the petitioner does not consent to a post-adoption contact agreement as set forth in this subsection (4.5).
 - (h) IN ANY CASE WHERE A POST-ADOPTION CONTACT AGREEMENT



IS BEING CONSIDERED BY THE COURT AND A GUARDIAN AD LITEM IS CURRENTLY APPOINTED FOR THE CHILD PURSUANT TO SECTION 19-3-203, THE COURT SHALL APPOINT THE GUARDIAN AD LITEM TO REPRESENT THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE CHILD WITH RESPECT TO THE CONTACT AGREEMENT. THE DUTIES OF THE GUARDIAN AD LITEM OR THE CHILD'S ATTORNEY TERMINATE UPON THE ENTRY OF THE DECREE OF ADOPTION, UNLESS OTHERWISE ORDERED BY THE COURT.

SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **add** 19-5-217 as follows:

- 19-5-217. Enforcement or termination of post-adoption contact agreement. (1) If the decree of adoption contains a post-adoption contact agreement pursuant to section 19-5-208 (4.5), the court retains jurisdiction after the decree of adoption is entered to hear motions to enforce or terminate the contact agreement, or to enter stipulated agreements of the parties to modify the contact agreement.
- (2) The court may appoint a guardian ad litem for the adopted child at the time of any action for the enforcement or termination of the post-adoption contact agreement if the court determines that consideration of the factors set forth in section 19-5-103 (9)(a) require the appointment of a guardian ad litem. In all adoptions other than those in which the child is placed by the county department, a party or parties shall pay reasonable fees for the services of the guardian ad litem and counsel for the child, unless a party is indigent, in which case such fees shall be paid by the office of the child's representative.
- (3) IF THERE IS A POST-ADOPTION AGREEMENT FOR CONTACT ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 19-5-208 (4.5), A PARTY TO THE CONTACT AGREEMENT, EVEN IF HE OR SHE IS NOT A PARTY TO THE ADOPTION, MAY FILE A MOTION TO ENFORCE OR TERMINATE THE CONTACT AGREEMENT AS SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION.
- (4) Prior to filing a motion seeking the enforcement or termination of a post-adoption contact agreement established pursuant to section 19-5-208 (4.5), the party seeking enforcement or termination shall show that the party attempted in good faith to resolve the disputed matters through mediation or other method of dispute resolution. This requirement is waived if the party's whereabouts are unknown and the party cannot be located despite diligent efforts to do so.
- (5) THE COURT SHALL NOT TERMINATE A POST-ADOPTION CONTACT AGREEMENT ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 19-5-208 (4.5) UNLESS



- THE MOVING PARTY ESTABLISHES THAT THERE HAS BEEN A CHANGE IN CIRCUMSTANCES AND THAT THE CONTACT AGREEMENT IS NO LONGER IN THE ADOPTED CHILD'S BEST INTERESTS. FOLLOWING THE ADOPTION, THE COURT SHALL PRESUME THAT THE ADOPTIVE PARENT'S JUDGEMENT IS IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE CHILD IN ANY ACTION SEEKING TO ENFORCE OR TERMINATE THE CONTACT AGREEMENT, AND SUCH PRESUMPTION MAY ONLY BE OVERCOME BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE. A POST-ADOPTION CONTACT AGREEMENT MAY NOT LIMIT THE ADOPTIVE PARENT'S ABILITY TO MOVE OUT OF STATE.
- (6) At any time after the entry of a post-adoption contact agreement pursuant to section 19-5-208 (4.5), the parties to the agreement may file with the court a signed, modified post-adoption contact agreement. The court shall not modify the terms of the initial post-adoption contact agreement absent the consent of all parties to the agreement, but the court may enforce or terminate the agreement over the objection of a party to the agreement. An adopted child twelve years of age or older at the time of the termination or modification of the contact agreement must consent to any modification or termination of the contact agreement.
- (7) THE COURT MAY CONSIDER DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE AND OFFERS OF PROOF IN DETERMINING MOTIONS TO ENFORCE OR TERMINATE A POST-ADOPTION CONTACT AGREEMENT ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 19-5-208 (4.5), OR MAY, IN ITS DISCRETION, HOLD A HEARING ON THE MOTION.
- (8) The court shall not order further investigation or evaluation by any public or private agency or individual relating to a post-adoption contact agreement established pursuant to section 19-5-208 (4.5) absent a finding by clear and convincing evidence that the best interests of the child may be protected or advanced only by further investigation or evaluation and that the investigation or evaluation will not disturb the stability of the child's home to the detriment of the child.

SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, **add** part 9 to article 3 of title 19 as follows:

PART 9

TASK FORCE ON HIGH-QUALITY PARENTING TIME **19-3-901. Legislative declaration.** (1) The General assembly finds and declares that:

(a) COLORADO HAS A STRONG INTEREST IN PRESERVING AND



STRENGTHENING FAMILY TIES AND REDUCING SEPARATION TRAUMA TO CHILDREN WHO ARE REMOVED FROM THEIR BIRTH PARENTS;

- (b) THE REMOVAL AND SUBSEQUENT CONTINUED SEPARATION BETWEEN CHILD AND BIRTH PARENT MAKES SUSTAINING PRIMARY RELATIONSHIPS DIFFICULT AND REUNIFICATION MORE PROBLEMATIC, AND THE LOSS A CHILD EXPERIENCES WHEN SEPARATED FROM HIS OR HER BIRTH PARENT OR PARENTS IS PROFOUND, SOMETIMES LASTING INTO ADULTHOOD;
- (c) FOR THESE REASONS, IT IS IMPORTANT TO ESTABLISH CLEAR STANDARDS TO ACHIEVE CONSISTENT PRACTICES RELATING TO THE AVAILABILITY OF HIGH-QUALITY PARENTING TIME FOR CHILDREN WHO HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM A BIRTH PARENT BY GOVERNMENT ACTION; AND
- (d) CLEAR STANDARDS AND CONSISTENT PRACTICES WILL HELP ENSURE THAT ALL PARENTS AND CHILDREN HAVE A FAIR PROCESS FOR DETERMINING A PARENTING TIME PLAN THAT IS IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF CHILDREN AND THAT PROMOTES POSITIVE OUTCOMES FOR FAMILIES.
- (2) THEREFORE, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY DECLARES THAT IT IS VALUABLE TO CREATE A TASK FORCE OF PERSONS WITH EXPERIENCE IN OR KNOWLEDGE OF THE CHILD WELFARE POLICY SYSTEM TO EXAMINE THE CURRENT POLICIES AND STATUTES GOVERNING PARENTING TIME, TO STUDY BEST PRACTICES FOR THE PROVISION OF AND DETERMINATION OF INDIVIDUALIZED PLANS FOR PARENTING TIME, AND TO MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH AND TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ON ADMINISTRATIVE AND LEGISLATIVE CHANGES TO SUPPORT HIGH-QUALITY PARENTING TIME IN COLORADO.
- **19-3-902. Definitions.** As used in this part 9, unless the context otherwise requires:
- (1) "COUNTY DEPARTMENT" MEANS A COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN OR SOCIAL SERVICES.
- (2) "PARENTING TIME" MEANS ANY FORM OF CONTACT OR ENGAGEMENT BETWEEN PARENTS, LEGAL CUSTODIANS, OR GUARDIANS AND CHILDREN WHEN CHILDREN ARE PLACED IN OUT-OF-HOME CARE IN A CASE BROUGHT PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 3.
- (3) "STATE DEPARTMENT" MEANS THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES.
- (4) "Steering committee" means the task force steering committee created in Section 19-3-903.
- (5) "TASK FORCE" MEANS THE TASK FORCE ON HIGH-QUALITY PARENTING TIME CREATED IN SECTION 19-3-903.
 - 19-3-903. Task force on high-quality parenting time creation



- steering committee membership. (1) There is created in the state department the task force on high-quality parenting time, for the purpose of studying the issues set forth in section 19-3-904 and making findings and recommendations to the governor, the state department, the child welfare training academy, and the general assembly on administrative and legislative changes to improve high-quality parenting time services and practices in dependency and neglect cases.
- (2) THERE IS CREATED A STEERING COMMITTEE FOR THE TASK FORCE. THE MEMBERS OF THE STEERING COMMITTEE SERVE AS THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE TASK FORCE. THE STEERING COMMITTEE IS COMPOSED OF A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE FOLLOWING AGENCIES OR ORGANIZATIONS, SELECTED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE AGENCY OR ORGANIZATION:
 - (a) THE OFFICE OF THE RESPONDENT PARENTS' COUNSEL;
- (b) THE DIVISION OF CHILD WELFARE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES;
 - (c) THE OFFICE OF THE CHILD'S REPRESENTATIVE;
 - (d) THE CHILD PROTECTION OMBUDSMAN'S OFFICE; AND
- (e) A STATEWIDE ASSOCIATION OF HUMAN AND SOCIAL SERVICES DIRECTORS.
- (3) THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE TASK FORCE MUST NOT EXCEED TWENTY-FIVE MEMBERS AND, TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE, MUST INCLUDE PERSONS FROM THROUGHOUT THE STATE AND MUST REFLECT THE RACIAL, ETHNIC, AND GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSITY OF THE STATE. THE STEERING COMMITTEE MEMBERS ARE MEMBERS OF THE TASK FORCE. THE STEERING COMMITTEE SHALL JOINTLY APPOINT THE REMAINING TASK FORCE MEMBERS BY CONSENSUS, OR, IF NO CONSENSUS IS REACHED, BY MAJORITY VOTE OF THE STEERING COMMITTEE. THE REMAINING TASK FORCE MEMBERS MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:
- (a) ONE MEMBER REPRESENTING THE COURT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM;
- (b) ONE MEMBER WHO IS EITHER RETIRED OR CURRENTLY SERVING AS A JUDGE OR MAGISTRATE WITH EXPERIENCE IN THE CHILD PROTECTION SYSTEM;
- (c) TWO MEMBERS WHO REPRESENT SERVICE PROVIDERS, WITH ONE MEMBER REPRESENTING SERVICE PROVIDERS WHO PROVIDE SERVICES IN AN URBAN COUNTY AND ONE MEMBER REPRESENTING SERVICE PROVIDERS WHO PROVIDE SERVICES IN A RURAL COUNTY;
- (d) ONE MEMBER WHO IS A DIRECTOR OR ADMINISTRATOR OF A COUNTY DEPARTMENT;



- (e) THREE MEMBERS REPRESENTING THE COUNTY DEPARTMENTS OF HUMAN OR SOCIAL SERVICES, AT LEAST ONE OF WHICH MUST BE A COUNTY ATTORNEY, WITH TWO MEMBERS REPRESENTING URBAN COUNTIES AND ONE MEMBER REPRESENTING A RURAL COUNTY;
- (f) ONE MEMBER WHO IS A LICENSED PSYCHIATRIST, PSYCHOLOGIST, SOCIAL WORKER, OR THERAPIST WHO WORKS WITH CHILDREN WHO HAVE BEEN ABUSED OR NEGLECTED;
- (g) TWO PARENTS WITH LIVED EXPERIENCE IN THE CHILD WELFARE SYSTEM, INCLUDING A PARENT WHO HAS A DISABILITY OR HAS A CHILD WITH A DISABILITY;
- (h) TWO MEMBERS WITH LIVED EXPERIENCE IN THE CHILD WELFARE SYSTEM AS CHILDREN;
 - (i) ONE MEMBER WHO IS A FOSTER PARENT OR KINSHIP PROVIDER;
- (j) A SERVICE PROVIDER WHO WORKS WITH PARENTS OR CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES;
- (k) A SOCIAL WORKER, FAMILY ADVOCATE, OR PARENT ADVOCATE WITH EXPERIENCE SERVING FAMILIES IN DEPENDENCY AND NEGLECT CASES; AND
- (1) ANY OTHER INDIVIDUAL OR REPRESENTATIVE WITH RELEVANT EXPERIENCE, AS DETERMINED BY THE STEERING COMMITTEE.
- (4) (a) THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS OF THE AGENCIES OR ORGANIZATIONS SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION SHALL APPOINT THE STEERING COMMITTEE MEMBERS NOT LATER THAN FIFTEEN DAYS AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS PART 9. STEERING COMMITTEE MEMBERS SERVE AT THE PLEASURE OF THE APPOINTING AUTHORITY.
- (b) The steering committee shall appoint the remaining task force members described in subsection (3) of this section not later than forty-five days after the effective of this part 9, unless the steering committee by majority vote extends the time frame in which to appoint task force members. Each member of the task force appointed by the steering committee serves at the pleasure of the steering committee and may be removed by a consensus of the steering committee, or, if consensus cannot be reached, by majority vote of the steering committee.
- (5) THE MEMBERS OF THE TASK FORCE SERVE WITHOUT COMPENSATION AND WITHOUT REIMBURSEMENT FOR EXPENSES.
- (6) (a) THE TASK FORCE SHALL CONVENE WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE FINAL MEMBER HAS BEEN APPOINTED TO THE TASK FORCE.
- (b) THE TASK FORCE SHALL ELECT A CHAIR AND VICE-CHAIR FROM AMONG ITS MEMBERS.
 - (c) THE TASK FORCE SHALL MEET AT LEAST MONTHLY THROUGH



- SEPTEMBER 2022, AND MAY MEET THEREAFTER TO COMPLETE ITS DUTIES.
- (d) THE STEERING COMMITTEE MAY SEEK INPUT FROM SUBJECT-MATTER EXPERTS OR OTHERS TO FACILITATE THE WORK OF THE TASK FORCE.
- (e) THE STEERING COMMITTEE SHALL SELECT A FACILITATOR TO BE FUNDED THROUGH GIFTS, GRANTS, DONATIONS, OR FEDERALLY ALLOCATED FUNDS THAT MAY BE USED FOR THIS PURPOSE, AND IS AUTHORIZED TO SEEK, ACCEPT, AND EXPEND GIFTS, GRANTS, OR DONATIONS.

19-3-904. Task force - purposes - issues to study - written reports. (1) The purpose of the task force is to:

- (a) STUDY CURRENT LAWS, RULES, AND PRACTICES FOLLOWED IN THE STATE INCLUDING CURRENT CAPACITY FOR SUPERVISED PARENTING TIME IN DEPENDENCY AND NEGLECT CASES WHERE CHILDREN HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM A PARENT;
- (b) STUDY AND REVIEW RESEARCH AND BEST PRACTICES FOR PARENTING TIME IN DEPENDENCY AND NEGLECT CASES WHILE ENSURING THE SAFETY AND WELL-BEING OF ALL PARTICIPANTS;
- (c) STUDY BEST PRACTICES FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW OF VISITATION AND PARENTING TIME PLANS;
- (d) EVALUATE THE RIGHTS AND REMEDIES FOR PARENTS AND CHILDREN OR YOUTH PERTAINING TO PARENTING TIME, INCLUDING SIBLING VISITATION;
- (e) CONSIDER WHETHER THE STATUTES AND LEGAL STANDARDS FOR ORDERING PARENTING TIME ARE CONSISTENT WITH BEST PRACTICES;
- (f) CONSIDER WHETHER CURRENT LANGUAGE IN THE "COLORADO CHILDREN'S CODE" AND RULES SHOULD BE UPDATED OR MODERNIZED, INCLUDING REPLACING THE TERM "VISITATION" WITH "PARENTING TIME" OR "FAMILY TIME";
- (g) STUDY BEST PRACTICES TO MEET THE DEVELOPMENTAL NEEDS OF YOUTH THROUGH PARENTING TIME IN A TRAUMA-INFORMED MANNER;
- (h) STUDY BEST PRACTICES FOR PARENTING TIME WITH INCARCERATED PARENTS;
- (i) STUDY BEST PRACTICES FOR USE OF LEVELS OF SUPERVISED PARENTING TIME AND CONSISTENCY IN THE AVAILABILITY AND DEFINITIONS OF DIFFERENT LEVELS OF SUPERVISED PARENTING TIME;
- (j) RECOMMEND NECESSARY CHANGES TO STATUTE AND RULE TO EFFECTUATE THE RECOMMENDED PRACTICES; AND
- (k) RECOMMEND BEST PRACTICES TO ENSURE THAT FAMILIES ACROSS THE STATE HAVE CONSISTENT ACCESS TO HIGH-QUALITY PARENTING TIME WHERE CHILDREN ARE IN OUT-OF-HOME CARE.



- (2) IN CARRYING OUT THE PURPOSES SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION, THE TASK FORCE SHALL CONSIDER:
- (a) THE U.S. CONSTITUTION AND STATE CONSTITUTION, CASE LAW, STATUTES, RULES, PRACTICES, AND STANDARDS THAT GOVERN FAMILY PARENTING TIME OR VISITATION IN COLORADO;
- (b) BEST PRACTICES FOLLOWED IN OTHER STATES OR RECOMMENDED BY NATIONAL CHILD WELFARE EXPERTS TO PROVIDE AND DETERMINE PARENTING TIME PLANS THAT ARE IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF CHILDREN AND WHICH PROMOTE POSITIVE OUTCOMES FOR FAMILIES;
- (c) Federal Guidance from the Administration on Children, Youth and Families regarding best practices in Parenting time and visitation for Children and Youth in Out-of-home care; and
- (d) JUVENILE CODES AND RULES FROM OTHER STATES IMPLEMENTING BEST PRACTICES IN PARENTING TIME.
 - (3) THE TASK FORCE SHALL CONSIDER AND RECOMMEND:
- (a) THE BEST PRACTICES IN PARENTING TIME FOR CHILDREN PLACED IN OUT-OF-HOME CARE;
- (b) CHANGES TO STATUTE, RULE, AND PRACTICE NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATIONS;
- (c) Considerations to ensure fair and equal access to high-quality parenting time for all families, including recommendations to ensure that culturally appropriate and inclusive services are equally available across the state; and
- (d) IDENTIFICATION OF BARRIERS TO IMPLEMENTING BEST PRACTICES ACROSS THE STATE AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADDRESSING THE BARRIERS.
- (4) ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2022, THE TASK FORCE SHALL SUBMIT A WRITTEN REPORT TO THE GOVERNOR; THE STATE DEPARTMENT; THE CHILD WELFARE TRAINING ACADEMY; THE JOINT BUDGET COMMITTEE; THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE AND THE SENATE HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES. THE REPORT MUST INCLUDE, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO THE TASK FORCE'S FINDINGS CONCERNING BEST PRACTICES TO IMPROVE HIGH-QUALITY PARENTING TIME SERVICES AND PRACTICES IN DEPENDENCY AND NEGLECT CASES AND RECOMMENDATIONS CONCERNING NECESSARY CHANGES IN STATE STATUTE AND ADMINISTRATIVE RULES TO IMPLEMENT THOSE BEST PRACTICES AND RECOMMENDATIONS.
- **19-3-905. Repeal of part.** This part 9 is repealed, effective July 1, 2023.



1 2

SECTION 6. Effective date. This act takes effect upon passage; except that sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of this act take effect September 1, 2021.

SECTION 7. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds, determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.".

** *** ** ***



1 2

4

5