First Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 21-0559.01 Thomas Morris x4218

SENATE BILL 21-200

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Winter and Moreno,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Jackson,

Senate Committees

House Committees

Transportation & Energy Finance Appropriations

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING MEASURES TO FURTHER ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTIONS,
102	AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, ADOPTING MEASURES TO
103	REDUCE EMISSIONS OF GREENHOUSE GASES, ADOPTING
104	PROTECTIONS FOR DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED
105	COMMUNITIES, AND MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Current law requires the air quality control commission (AQCC) to adopt rules that will result in the statewide reduction of greenhouse gas

(GHG) emissions of 26% by 2025, 50% by 2030, and 90% by 2050, as compared to 2005 emissions. **Section 2** of the bill supplements these requirements by:

- Directing the AQCC to:
 - Consider the social cost of GHG emissions;
 - Require GHG reductions on a linear or more stringent path; and
 - Finalize its implementing rules by March 1, 2022, including specific net emission weight limits for various emission sectors, subject to modification by the AQCC, including through the use of a multi-sector program;
- Directing each wholesale generation and transmission electric cooperative to file with the public utilities commission a responsible energy plan that will achieve at least an 80% GHG reduction by 2030 as compared to 2005 levels and specifying that if a plan is not filed, the cooperative must achieve at least a 90% GHG reduction by 2030 as compared to 2005 levels; and
- Directing each retail, wholesale, and municipal electric utility and cooperative electric association to reduce its GHG emissions by at least 95% between 2035 and 2040 and by 100% by 2040.

Section 3 adds GHG to the definition of "regulated pollutant", prohibits the AQCC from excluding GHG emissions from the requirement to pay annual emission fees that are based on emissions of regulated pollutants, gives the AQCC rule-making authority to set the GHG annual emission fee, and authorizes the use of these fees for outreach to and engagement of disproportionately impacted communities. Section 4 requires the AQCC's GHG reporting rules to establish an assumed emission rate representing the average regional fossil fuel generation emission rate for electricity generated by a renewable energy resource for which the associated renewable energy credit is not retired in the year generated.

Section 5 creates an environmental justice ombudsperson position and an environmental justice advisory board in the department of public health and environment. The ombudsperson and the advisory board will work collaboratively to promote environmental justice in Colorado. Sections 2 and 5 specify processes for soliciting and facilitating input from disproportionately impacted communities regarding proposed AQCC rule changes and departmental decision-making.

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¹ Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

1	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7-102, add (3) as
2	follows:
3	25-7-102. Legislative declaration. (3) (a) (I) It is declared to
4	BE THE POLICY OF THIS STATE THAT THE COMMISSION SHALL ADOPT RULES,
5	INCLUDING EMISSION CONTROL REGULATIONS, THAT ARE SUFFICIENT TO
6	ACHIEVE QUANTIFIABLE AND ENFORCEABLE REDUCTIONS IN GREENHOUSE
7	GAS EMISSIONS CONSISTENT WITH THE CLIMATE GOALS SET FORTH IN
8	SUBSECTION (2)(g) OF THIS SECTION AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE, TAKING
9	INTO ACCOUNT THE FEASIBILITY, COST-EFFECTIVENESS, AND EQUITY
10	IMPLICATIONS OF MEASURES TO REDUCE THE STATE'S CONTRIBUTION TO
11	CLIMATE CHANGE.
12	(II) ACTIONS TO REDUCE GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION CAN AND
13	SHOULD OCCUR AT ALL LEVELS OF STATE GOVERNMENT. NONETHELESS,
14	THE COMMISSION, AS THE STATE'S AIR QUALITY REGULATOR AND THE SOLE
15	ENTITY WITH THE LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY TO IMPLEMENT SECTION
16	25-7-105 (1)(e), IS THE AGENCY RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING THAT
17	COLORADO'S ALL-OF-GOVERNMENT APPROACH TO ADDRESSING CLIMATE
18	CHANGE WILL RESULT IN SUFFICIENT REDUCTIONS IN GREENHOUSE GAS
19	POLLUTION TO ACHIEVE THE GOALS SET FORTH IN SECTION 25-7-105 (1)(e)
20	BY TAKING ANY ADDITIONAL REGULATORY ACTION NECESSARY TO ENSURE
21	THAT THE STATE'S GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION REDUCTION GOALS ARE
22	ACTUALLY ACHIEVED.
23	(III) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY RECOGNIZES THAT PROMPT ACTION
24	IS ESSENTIAL FOR COLORADO TO MEET ITS CLIMATE GOALS, GIVEN, AMONG
25	OTHER THINGS, THE SLOW TURNOVER OF EQUIPMENT, VEHICLES,
26	APPLIANCES, AND OTHER TECHNOLOGIES THAT BURN OR RELEASE FOSSIL
27	FUELS. THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FURTHER RECOGNIZES THAT CLIMATE

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1	CHANGE IS A CUMULATIVE EMISSIONS PROBLEM. THIS IS BECAUSE
2	LONG-LIVED CLIMATE POLLUTANTS CAN PERSIST FOR CENTURIES IN THE
3	ATMOSPHERE, THUS COMMITTING US TO WARMING FOR GENERATIONS TO
4	COME. AS WE CONTINUE TO EMIT GREENHOUSE GASES INTO THE
5	ATMOSPHERE OVER THE NEXT DECADE, AND EVEN OVER THE NEXT FEW
6	YEARS, WE WILL CONTINUE TO EXACERBATE THE CLIMATE DAMAGES WE
7	ARE ALREADY SEEING AND INCREASE THE RISK OF CATASTROPHIC
8	DISRUPTION. THEREFORE, EARLY ACTION TO REDUCE THE POLLUTANTS
9	THAT CONTRIBUTE TO CLIMATE CHANGE, THEREBY REDUCING OVERALL
10	ATMOSPHERIC GREENHOUSE GAS CONCENTRATIONS, IS ESSENTIAL.
11	COLORADO NEEDS TO SECURE STEADY, PERSISTENT REDUCTIONS IN
12	POLLUTION OVER TIME THAT ALIGN WITH THE ESTIMATED CARBON DIOXIDE
13	BUDGETS IDENTIFIED BY THE UNITED NATIONS' INTERGOVERNMENTAL
14	PANEL ON CLIMATE CHANGE (IPCC) CONSISTENT WITH LIMITING THE
15	AVERAGE GLOBAL WARMING, IN COMPARISON TO ACCEPTED HISTORICAL
16	AVERAGE TEMPERATURES, TO ONE AND ONE-HALF DEGREES CELSIUS.
17	(IV) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY RECOGNIZES THAT THE
18	COMMISSION'S "RESOLUTION TO ENSURE GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTION
19	GOALS ARE MET", ADOPTED OCTOBER 23, 2020, OUTLINES A SET OF
20	SECTOR-SPECIFIC GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION REDUCTION TARGETS,
21	ACHIEVEMENT OF WHICH WILL DEMONSTRATE THAT COLORADO IS ON
22	TRACK TO ACHIEVE ITS GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION REDUCTION GOALS.
23	GIVEN THE RAPID PACE OF TECHNOLOGICAL AND ECONOMIC CHANGE, THE
24	GENERAL ASSEMBLY ALSO AUTHORIZES THE COMMISSION TO ADJUST THE
25	SECTOR-SPECIFIC TARGETS IF NECESSARY, SO LONG AS THE OVERALL
26	REQUIRED LEVEL OF EMISSION REDUCTIONS IS ACHIEVED.
2.7	(b) It is further declared that:

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1	(1) DUE TO HISTORICAL SYSTEMS AND PRACTICES THAT
2	INTENTIONALLY TARGETED BLACK AND INDIGENOUS PEOPLE,
3	COMMUNITIES OF COLOR, AND LOW-INCOME COMMUNITIES, THERE
4	CONTINUES TO BE A RACIAL AND SOCIOECONOMIC INEQUITY IN REGARD TO
5	THE IMPACTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE AND POLLUTION. DISPROPORTIONATELY
6	IMPACTED COMMUNITIES SUFFER FROM HIGHER RATES OF AIR POLLUTION
7	AND DAMAGE DUE TO CHANGING AND MORE SEVERE WEATHER, AND HAVE
8	BEEN SYSTEMATICALLY EXCLUDED FROM GOVERNANCE AND
9	DECISION-MAKING. IT IS THEREFORE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE STATE TO
10	INCLUDE AND ENGAGE THESE COMMUNITIES MORE FULLY IN
11	POLICYMAKING AT EVERY LEVEL AND TO ENSURE THAT CLIMATE POLICY
12	WORKS TOWARD RESTORATIVE JUSTICE AND BENEFITING THESE
13	COMMUNITIES. THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY RECOGNIZES THAT THE KEY TO
14	ADDRESSING THESE HISTORIC WRONGS IS TO RAPIDLY REDUCE POLLUTION
15	IN DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES.
16	(II) THE PUBLIC SHOULD HAVE A MEANINGFUL OPPORTUNITY TO
17	PARTICIPATE IN RULE-MAKING PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE COMMISSION.
18	THIS REQUIRES THAT MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC BE PROVIDED WITH TIMELY
19	ACCESS TO INFORMATION NEEDED TO UNDERSTAND PROPOSED RULES AND
20	TO DEVELOP ALTERNATIVE PROPOSALS, AND THAT THEY BE AFFORDED THE
21	TIME NECESSARY TO DO SO.
22	(III) THE COMMISSION SHOULD REMOVE BARRIERS TO PUBLIC
23	PARTICIPATION IN RULE-MAKING PROCEEDINGS TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE.
24	THE COMMISSION IS ENCOURAGED TO USE LANGUAGE THAT IS
25	UNDERSTANDABLE TO CITIZENS WHO DO NOT HAVE SPECIALIZED
26	KNOWLEDGE OF THE MATTERS BEFORE THE COMMISSION.
27	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7-105, amend

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- 1 (1)(e)(I), (1)(e)(II), and (1)(e)(III); and **add** (1)(e)(VIII)(G), 2 (1)(e)(VIII)(H), (1)(e)(VIII)(I), __ and (1)(e)(XI)(B.5) as follows:
- 25-7-105. Duties of commission rules legislative declaration

 definitions repeal. (1) Except as provided in sections 25-7-130 and

 25-7-131, the commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as
 are consistent with the legislative declaration set forth in section 25-7-102
 and necessary for the proper implementation and administration of this
 article 7, including, but not limited to:
- 9 (e) (I) (A) Statewide greenhouse gas pollution abatement.

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THE COMMISSION MAY CONSIDER THE SOCIAL COST OF GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS IN ANY RULE-MAKING PROCEEDING. IN ANY RULE-MAKING PROCEEDING THAT HAS THE POTENTIAL TO MATERIALLY AFFECT GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS, THE DIVISION SHALL, AND OTHER PARTIES ARE ENCOURAGED TO, USE THE SOCIAL COST OF GREENHOUSE GASES IN ANY ECONOMIC IMPACT ANALYSIS OF THE EMISSION REDUCTIONS OR BENEFITS OF A PROPOSAL AND IN ANY COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS. THE VALUE OF THE SOCIAL COST OF CARBON MUST BE NO LESS THAN THE APPROPRIATE VALUE IN THE 2016 TECHNICAL SUPPORT DOCUMENT OF THE FEDERAL INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP ON THE SOCIAL COST OF GREENHOUSE GASES, ENTITLED "TECHNICAL UPDATE OF THE SOCIAL COST OF CARBON FOR REGULATORY IMPACT ANALYSIS - UNDER EXECUTIVE ORDER 12866". THE VALUE OF THE SOCIAL COST OF METHANE AND THE SOCIAL COST OF NITROUS OXIDE MUST BE NO LESS THAN THE APPROPRIATE VALUES IN THE ADDENDUM TO THE 2016 TECHNICAL SUPPORT DOCUMENT OF THE FEDERAL INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP, ENTITLED "ADDENDUM TO TECHNICAL SUPPORT DOCUMENT ON SOCIAL COST OF CARBON FOR REGULATORY IMPACT ANALYSIS UNDER

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EXECUTIVE ORDER 12866: APPLICATION OF THE METHODOLOGY TO ESTIMATE THE SOCIAL COST OF METHANE AND THE SOCIAL COST OF NITROUS OXIDE". A SOCIAL COST OF CARBON, SOCIAL COST OF METHANE, OR SOCIAL COST OF NITROUS OXIDE HIGHER THAN THE CORRESPONDING VALUE IN THE 2016 TECHNICAL SUPPORT DOCUMENT AND ITS ADDENDUM MAY BE USED IF IT IS ADEQUATELY SUPPORTED OR IF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT HAS PUBLISHED A MORE RECENT CALCULATION OF THE SOCIAL COST OF GREENHOUSE GASES, IN WHICH CASE THE SOCIAL COST OF GREENHOUSE GASES MUST BE NO LESS THAN THE HIGHEST VALUE.

(II) (A) Consistent with section 25-7-102 (2)(g), the commission shall timely promulgate implementing rules and regulations. The implementing rules may take into account other relevant laws and rules, as well as voluntary actions taken by local communities and the private sector, to enhance efficiency and cost-effectiveness, and shall be revised as necessary over time to ensure timely progress toward the 2025, 2030, and 2050 goals. The implementing rules shall provide for ongoing tracking of emission sources that adversely affect disproportionately impacted communities and are subject to rules implemented pursuant to this subsection (1)(e) and must include strategies designed to achieve reductions in harmful air pollution affecting those communities.

(B) The commission's implementing rules promulgated pursuant to this subsection (1)(e)(II) must <u>be designed to mitigate</u> <u>The cumulative impact</u> of statewide greenhouse gas <u>Pollution</u>, <u>REQUIRING REDUCTIONS ON A PATHWAY THAT REFLECTS STEADY</u> <u>PROGRESS</u> CORRESPONDING TO THE GOALS ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 25-7-102 (2)(g), TAKING INTO ACCOUNT EARLY REDUCTIONS OF EMISSIONS BELOW THAT PATHWAY.

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1	(C) THE COMMISSION SHALL ADOPT FINAL IMPLEMENTING RULES
2	NO LATER THAN MARCH 1, 2022. EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTIONS
3	(1)(e)(II)(E) and $(1)(e)(II)(F)$ of this section, the rules must, at a
4	MINIMUM, ENSURE THAT: ANNUAL GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS FROM THE
5	POWER SECTOR, INCLUDING ALL EMISSIONS ASSOCIATED WITH POWER
6	GENERATED IN COLORADO AND ALL IMPORTED POWER USED TO SERVE
7	COLORADO CUSTOMERS, DO NOT EXCEED TWENTY-ONE MMTCO2E BY
8	2025 AND DO NOT EXCEED EIGHT MMTCO2E BY 2030; ANNUAL
9	GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS FROM THE COMBUSTION OF FOSSIL FUELS IN
10	RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS AND INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES
11	DO NOT EXCEED TWENTY-SIX MMTCO2E BY 2025 AND DO NOT EXCEED
12	${\tt TWENTYMMTCO2eBY2030; ANNUALGREENHOUSEGASEMISSIONSFROM}$
13	TRANSPORTATION AND MOBILE SOURCES DO NOT EXCEED TWENTY-THREE
14	MMTCO2E BY 2025 AND DO NOT EXCEED EIGHTEEN MMTCO2E BY 2030;
15	ANNUAL GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS FROM OIL AND GAS EXPLORATION
16	AND PRODUCTION, PROCESSING, TRANSMISSION, AND STORAGE DO NOT
17	EXCEED THIRTEEN MMTCO2E BY 2025 AND DO NOT EXCEED EIGHT
18	MMTCO2E BY 2030; AND ANNUAL GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS FROM
19	REMAINING SOURCES DO NOT EXCEED THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT ALLOWABLE
20	to meet the goals set forth in section 25-7-102 (2)(g) by 2025 and
21	ву 2030.
22	(D) THE COMMISSION SHALL DESIGN THE IMPLEMENTING RULES
23	FOR THE POWER SECTOR LIMITS IN SUBSECTION (1)(e)(II)(C) OF THIS
24	SECTION, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THOSE LIMITS ARE MODIFIED
25	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(e)(II)(E) OF THIS SECTION OR LOWERED
26	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(e)(II)(F) OF THIS SECTION, TO ACCELERATE
27	NEAR-TERM REDUCTIONS IN GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS FROM THE

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POWER SECTOR SO AS TO ACHIEVE THE MAXIMUM PRACTICABLE CUMULATIVE REDUCTIONS IN GREENHOUSE GAS POLLUTION FROM THE POWER SECTOR BY 2030.

- (E) The commission may modify the sector-specific targets specified in subsection (1)(e)(II)(C) of this section, but only if it determines that the modification will: Increase the cost-effectiveness of the overall regulatory structure and result in an equivalent or lower level of cumulative greenhouse gas emissions by 2025 and by 2030 than would result from the sector-specific targets in subsection (1)(e)(II)(C) of this section; or result in a lower level of cumulative greenhouse gas emissions by 2025 and by 2030 than would result from the sector-specific targets in subsection (1)(e)(II)(C) of this section.
- (F) The commission shall lower the maximum amounts of Greenhouse gas emissions allowed by 2025 and by 2030 pursuant to subsection (1)(e)(II)(C) or (1)(e)(II)(E) of this section to reflect the aggregate verified greenhouse gas emission reductions forecasted in clean energy plans and responsible energy plans approved by the public utilities commission pursuant to subsection (1)(e)(VIII) of this section if those plans result in lower overall greenhouse gas emissions from the power sector by 2025 and by 2030. In no event shall the commission increase the maximum amount of greenhouse gas emissions allowed by 2025 or by 2030 pursuant to subsection (1)(e)(II)(C) of this section, and implementing rules adopted pursuant to subsection (1)(e)(II)(C) or (1)(e)(II)(G) of this section must guarantee that the greenhouse gas emission reductions forecasted in clean

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2 (G) THE COMMISSION SHALL EVALUATE AND DETERMINE WHETHER 3 A MULTI-SECTOR PROGRAM WITH AN OVERALL LIMIT ON GREENHOUSE GAS 4 EMISSIONS WOULD ENABLE THE STATE TO ACHIEVE THE GOALS 5 ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 25-7-102 (2)(g) IN A MANNER CONSISTENT WITH 6 THE FACTORS SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1)(e)(VI) OF THIS SECTION. 7 NOTWITHSTANDING THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (1)(e)(II)(C) OF 8 THIS SECTION, IF THE COMMISSION DETERMINES THAT SUCH A 9 MULTI-SECTOR PROGRAM CONTAINING STRATEGIES DESIGNED TO ACHIEVE 10 REDUCTIONS IN HARMFUL AIR POLLUTION AFFECTING 11 DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES WOULD ENSURE THAT THE 12 STATE ACHIEVES THE GOALS ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 25-7-102 (2)(g) IN 13 A MANNER THAT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE FACTORS IN SUBSECTION 14 (1)(e)(VI) OF THIS SECTION, THE COMMISSION MAY ADOPT SUCH A 15 MULTI-SECTOR PROGRAM BY RULE IN LIEU OF THE SECTOR-SPECIFIC LIMITS 16 SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (1)(e)(II)(C) OF THIS SECTION. 17 (III) (A) The commission will SHALL identify disproportionately 18 impacted communities. In identifying these communities, the commission 19 will consider: Minority, low-income, tribal, or indigenous populations in 20 the state that potentially experience disproportionate environmental harms

to environmental degradation, lack of opportunity for public participation, or other factors. Increased vulnerability may be attributable to an accumulation of negative or lack of positive environmental, health, economic, or social conditions within these populations.

and risks. This disproportionality can be a result of increased vulnerability

"Disproportionately impacted communities" describes situations where

multiple factors, including both environmental and socioeconomic

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stressors, may act cumulatively to affect health and the environment and contribute to persistent environmental health disparities.

(B) THE COMMISSION SHALL ALSO NOTIFY, CONDUCT OUTREACH
TO, AND ENGAGE WITH DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES
THAT MAY BE AFFECTED BY A PROPOSED RULE, ALLOWING SUFFICIENT
TIME FOR MEANINGFUL COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE COMMISSION AND
DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES.

(C) IN DETERMINING WHETHER A DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITY MAY BE AFFECTED BY A PROPOSED RULE, THE COMMISSION SHALL MAKE AN INITIAL DETERMINATION TO ACCOMPANY THE NOTICE OF HEARING. IF THE COMMISSION DETERMINES THAT NO DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITY IS LIKELY TO BE AFFECTED BY A PROPOSED RULE, ANY MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC MAY REQUEST RECONSIDERATION OF THAT DETERMINATION WITHIN FOURTEEN CALENDAR DAYS AFTER THE DETERMINATION. IF THE COMMISSION DETERMINES THAT THE PROPOSED RULE WILL ADVERSELY AFFECT ANY DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITY, IT SHALL PLAN OUTREACH TO AND ENGAGEMENT OF THE DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITY IN COORDINATION WITH THE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE OMBUDSPERSON AND THE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ADVISORY BOARD ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 25-1-131.

(D) FOR EACH HEARING ON A PROPOSED RULE, THE COMMISSION SHALL PROVIDE OPPORTUNITIES FOR PUBLIC COMMENT THAT MEET THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS: THE COMMISSION SHALL PROVIDE AT LEAST TWO OPPORTUNITIES FOR PUBLIC COMMENT, ONE ON A WEEKDAY AT A TIME BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 9 A.M. AND 5 P.M. AND ANOTHER ON A WEEKDAY AT A TIME BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 5 P.M. AND 10 P.M.; THE

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1 COMMISSION SHALL ENSURE THAT MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC CAN PROVIDE 2 COMMENT REMOTELY THROUGH AN ONLINE SERVICE THAT IS AVAILABLE 3 FREE TO THE PUBLIC; AND THE COMMISSION SHALL ENSURE THAT SPANISH 4 LANGUAGE OUTREACH MATERIALS AND REAL-TIME TRANSLATION 5 SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC AND SHALL 6 REASONABLY ACCOMMODATE REQUESTS FOR MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC TO 7 USE A TRANSLATOR IN A LANGUAGE OTHER THAN SPANISH. 8 (E) THE DIVISION SHALL DEVELOP BEST PRACTICES TO ENGAGE 9 DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES IN THE RULE-MAKING 10 PROCESS AND PRESENT THOSE BEST PRACTICES FOR REVIEW BY THE 11 COMMISSION NO LATER THAN JULY 1, 2021, AND SHALL PROVIDE A REPORT 12 DESCRIBING THESE BEST PRACTICES TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY BY 13 SEPTEMBER 1, 2021. THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e)(III)(E) IS REPEALED, 14 EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2023. 15 (VIII) (G) EACH WHOLESALE GENERATION AND TRANSMISSION 16 ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE SHALL FILE WITH THE PUBLIC UTILITIES 17 COMMISSION A RESPONSIBLE ENERGY PLAN THAT WILL ACHIEVE AT LEAST 18 AN EIGHTY-PERCENT REDUCTION BY 2030, RELATIVE TO 2005 LEVELS, IN 19 GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS CAUSED BY THE COOPERATIVE'S PROVISION 20 OF ELECTRICITY TO CUSTOMERS WITHIN THE STATE. THE RESPONSIBLE 21 ENERGY PLAN MAY BE INCLUDED AS PART OF ANY PENDING ELECTRIC 22 RESOURCE PLAN BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION. THE DIVISION 23 SHALL VERIFY WHETHER THE RESPONSIBLE ENERGY PLAN, AS APPROVED 24 BY THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION, WILL ACHIEVE AT LEAST AN 25 EIGHTY-PERCENT REDUCTION IN GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS CAUSED BY 26 THE COOPERATIVE'S PROVISION OF ELECTRICITY TO WHOLESALE 27 CUSTOMERS WITHIN THE STATE, INCLUDING EMISSIONS ASSOCIATED WITH

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1 ELECTRICITY IMPORTED TO THE STATE, BY 2030 AS COMPARED TO 2005 2 LEVELS. THE CALCULATION OF EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS FROM THE PLAN 3 MUST BE BASED ON AND REFLECT CHANGES IN THE UTILIZATION AND 4 PROVISION OF RESOURCES THAT RESULT IN DEMONSTRATED REDUCTIONS 5 IN ACTUAL GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS TO THE ATMOSPHERE, RATHER 6 THAN RESOURCE SHUFFLING, WHICH INCLUDES ANY PLAN, SCHEME, 7 TRANSACTION, ARTIFICE, OR DESIGNATION THAT ATTEMPTS TO 8 DEMONSTRATE REDUCTIONS IN GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS BASED ON 9 EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS THAT HAVE NOT ACTUALLY OCCURRED AND THAT 10 INVOLVE OR AFFECT THE DELIVERY OF ELECTRICITY TO THE STATE. THE 11 PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION SHALL APPROVE A PLAN MEETING THE 12 REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e)(VIII)(G) NO LATER THAN 13 DECEMBER 31, 2022. 14 (H)CLEAN ENERGY PLANS REQUIRED BY SUBSECTIONS 15 (1)(e)(VIII)(C) AND (1)(e)(VIII)(F) OF THIS SECTION AND RESPONSIBLE 16 ENERGY PLANS REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (1)(e)(VIII)(G) OF THIS SECTION 17 MUST MAXIMIZE NEAR-TERM GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION REDUCTIONS TO 18 THE GREATEST EXTENT PRACTICABLE AND SHALL BE SUBMITTED IN 19 ACCORDANCE WITH DEADLINES AND PROCEDURES ESTABLISHED BY THE 20 COMMISSION AND THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION. FOR UTILITIES THAT 21 ARE NOT INVESTOR-OWNED OR WHOLESALE GENERATION AND 22 TRANSMISSION COOPERATIVE UTILITIES, THE DIVISION SHALL FULLY 23 EVALUATE AND VERIFY ALL CLEAN ENERGY AND RESPONSIBLE ENERGY 24 PLANS NO LATER THAN JULY 1, 2022. CLEAN ENERGY PLANS SUBMITTED 25 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(e)(VIII)(C) OF THIS SECTION AND 26 RESPONSIBLE ENERGY PLANS SUBMITTED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(e)(VIII)(G) of this section must also be approved by the public 27

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1 UTILITIES COMMISSION. IN VERIFYING CLEAN ENERGY OR RESPONSIBLE 2 ENERGY PLANS, THE DIVISION SHALL PREVENT DOUBLE COUNTING OF 3 EMISSION REDUCTIONS AMONG UTILITIES AND SHALL CONSIDER 4 ELECTRICITY GENERATED BY RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCES AS HAVING 5 ZERO GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS ONLY IF THE ELECTRICITY IS 6 ACCOMPANIED BY A RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDIT THAT IS RETIRED ON 7 BEHALF OF THE UTILITY'S CUSTOMERS IN THE YEAR GENERATED. ONCE 8 VERIFIED BY THE DIVISION, THE PROJECTED ANNUAL GREENHOUSE GAS 9 EMISSION LEVELS IN THE CLEAN ENERGY PLAN OR RESPONSIBLE ENERGY 10 PLAN ARE UTILITY-SPECIFIC EMISSION LIMITS ENFORCEABLE BY THE 11 DIVISION. 12 (I) A UTILITY INTENDING TO FILE A CLEAN ENERGY OR 13 RESPONSIBLE ENERGY PLAN MUST INFORM THE DIVISION NO LATER THAN 14 JULY 1, 2021. AN ELECTRIC UTILITY THAT DOES NOT INDICATE INTENT TO 15 FILE A CLEAN ENERGY OR RESPONSIBLE ENERGY PLAN OR THAT DOES NOT 16 SUBMIT A CLEAN ENERGY OR RESPONSIBLE ENERGY PLAN AFTER 17 EXPRESSING INTENT TO DO SO SHALL REDUCE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS 18 AT LEAST NINETY PERCENT BY 2030, AS COMPARED TO 2005 LEVELS, 19 INCLUDING EMISSIONS ASSOCIATED WITH IMPORTED ELECTRICITY. AN 20 ELECTRIC UTILITY THAT FAILS TO ACHIEVE THE EMISSION REDUCTIONS 21 FORECASTED IN A VERIFIED CLEAN ENERGY OR RESPONSIBLE ENERGY PLAN 22 IS SUBJECT TO ALTERNATIVE EMISSION LIMITS THAT SECURE GREATER 23 CUMULATIVE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION REDUCTIONS THAN ARE 24 FORECASTED IN A VERIFIED CLEAN ENERGY OR RESPONSIBLE ENERGY PLAN 25 AND THAT ARE ADOPTED DURING THE RULE-MAKING HELD PURSUANT TO 26 SUBSECTION (1)(e)(II)(C) OR (1)(e)(II)(G) OF THIS SECTION.

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1	(XI) As used in this subsection (1)(e):
2	(B.5) "MMTCO2E" MEANS MILLION METRIC TONS OF CARBON
3	DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT.
4	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7-114.7, amend
5	$(2)(a)(I)$ introductory portion, $(2)(a)(I)(A)$, $\underline{(2)(a)(II)}$, and $(2)(b)(III)(G)$;
6	and add (1)(b)(I)(E), (2)(b)(III)(I), and (2)(b)(III)(J) as follows:
7	25-7-114.7. Emission fees - fund - rules - definition - repeal.
8	(1) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
9	(b) (I) "Regulated pollutant" means:
10	(E) A GREENHOUSE GAS, AS DEFINED IN SECTION $25-7-140$ (6).
11	(2) (a) (I) The commission shall designate by rule those classes of
12	sources of air pollution that are exempt from the requirement to pay an
13	annual emission fee BUT SHALL NOT CATEGORICALLY EXEMPT ANY
14	GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS FROM THE REQUIREMENT TO PAY ANNUAL
15	EMISSION FEES. Every owner or operator of an air pollution source not
16	otherwise exempt in accordance with such commission THE rules shall
17	pay an annual fee as follows:
18	(A) For state fiscal year 2020-21, the fee is thirty-two dollars per
19	ton of regulated pollutant reported in the most recent air pollution
20	emission notice on file with the division. For state fiscal year 2021-22, the
21	fee is thirty-six dollars per ton of regulated pollutant reported in the most
22	recent air pollution emission notice on file with the division; EXCEPT
23	THAT THE COMMISSION SHALL ESTABLISH, BY RULE, A FEE PER TON OF
24	GREENHOUSE GAS, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 25-7-140 (6), THAT WAS
25	REPORTED IN THE MOST RECENT AIR POLLUTION EMISSION NOTICE ON FILE
26	WITH THE DIVISION IN AN AMOUNT THAT IS SUFFICIENT TO COVER THE
27	INDIRECT AND DIRECT COSTS REQUIRED TO DEVELOP AND ADMINISTER THE

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1	PROGRAMS ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 7 THAT PERTAIN TO			
2	EMISSIONS OF GREENHOUSE GASES. Thereafter, the commission may adjust			
3	the fee, OTHER THAN THE FEE FOR GREENHOUSE GASES, by rule to cove			
4	the indirect and direct costs required to develop and administer the			
5	programs established pursuant to this article 7, AND MAY ADJUST THE FEE			
6	FOR GREENHOUSE GASES BY RULE TO COVER THE INDIRECT AND DIRECT			
7	COSTS REQUIRED TO DEVELOP AND ADMINISTER THE PROGRAMS			
8	ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 7 THAT PERTAIN TO EMISSIONS			
9	OF GREENHOUSE GASES.			
10	(II) In no event shall an owner or operator of a major source pay			
11	more than a fee based upon total annual emissions of four thousand tons			
12	of each regulated pollutant, INCLUDING EACH GREENHOUSE GAS, per			
13	source.			
14	(b) (III) The division shall expend the portion of the fee revenue			
15	collected pursuant to subsections (2)(a)(I)(A), (2)(a)(I)(B), and (2)(a)(III)			
16	of this section and section 25-7-114.1 (6)(a) attributable to the increases			
17	authorized in 2020 by Senate Bill 20-204 for the following purposes:			
18	(G) Expanding the division's capacity to quickly respond to and			
19	better understand public health issues that are related to exposure to air			
20	toxics, such as benzene and other volatile organic compounds; and			
21	(I) ENABLING OUTREACH TO AND ENGAGEMENT OF			
22	DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES; AND			
23	(J) PAYING FOR THE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE OMBUDSPERSON			
24	AND THE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ADVISORY BOARD CREATED IN SECTION			
25	25-1-131.			
26	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7-140, amend			
27	(2)(a)(I) and $(2)(a)(II)$ as follows:			

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25-7-140. Greenhouse gas emissions - data collection - legislative declaration - rules - reporting - forecasting - public information - definitions. (2) Rules. (a) The commission shall:

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(I) By June 1, 2020, Adopt rules requiring greenhouse-gas-emitting entities to monitor and publicly report their emissions as the commission deems appropriate to support Colorado's greenhouse gas emission inventory efforts and to facilitate implementation of rules that will timely achieve Colorado's greenhouse gas emission reduction goals. The commission shall consider what information is already being publicly reported by the federal environmental protection agency and tailor new reporting requirements to fill any gaps in data, as it determines is appropriate, to allow for maintaining and updating state inventories that are sufficiently comprehensive and robust. The rules must include requirements for providers of retail or wholesale electric service in the state of Colorado to track and report emissions from all generation sources within the state and elsewhere that electricity consumption by their customers in this state causes to be emitted AND MUST ESTABLISH AN ASSUMED EMISSION RATE REPRESENTING THE AVERAGE REGIONAL FOSSIL FUEL GENERATION EMISSION RATE FOR ELECTRICITY GENERATED BY A RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCE FOR WHICH THE ASSOCIATED RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDIT IS NOT RETIRED IN THE YEAR GENERATED. THE RULES MUST INCLUDE REQUIREMENTS FOR FUEL IMPORTERS AND FUEL SUPPLIERS TO TRACK AND DIRECTLY REPORT EMISSIONS OF GREENHOUSE GASES FROM THE FULL COMBUSTION OR OXIDATION OF ANY SIGNIFICANT AMOUNT OF FUEL THAT EACH FUEL IMPORTER OR FUEL SUPPLIER IMPORTS, OWNS, OR STORES FOR DISTRIBUTION OR SALE IN THE STATE OF COLORADO, IF THOSE EMISSIONS

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1	WOULD NOT OTHERWISE BE REPORTED TO THE STATE. The commission
2	may require emitting entities to report the amount of emissions of each of
3	the seven individual components of greenhouse gases as well as the
4	carbon dioxide equivalent of those emissions.
5	(II) Direct the division to update the statewide inventory of
6	greenhouse gas emissions by sector, up to on an annual basis as
7	determined by the commission, but in no event less frequently than every
8	two years. The division shall update the inventory in a manner that allows
9	reasonable tracking of progress in reducing greenhouse gas emissions
10	over time. The commission shall take reasonable steps to ensure that
11	emission abatement that counts toward meeting the state's greenhouse gas
12	emission reduction goals is durable and rigorously tracked. The inventory
13	must include a forecast of Colorado's greenhouse gas emissions for the
14	milestone year of 2025, as well as 2030, 2035, 2040, and 2045. THE
15	FORECAST MUST BE CREDIBLE, SUBSTANTIATED BY EVIDENCE, AND
16	REASONABLY TRANSPARENT AND MUST NOT INCLUDE EMISSION
17	REDUCTIONS PROJECTED TO OCCUR BECAUSE OF ANY FEDERAL, STATE, OR
18	LOCAL LAW, RULE, REGULATION, POLICY, OR PROGRAM THAT IS NOT FINAL
19	OR NOT IN PLACE AS OF THE DATE OF PUBLICATION OF THE INVENTORY.
20	The initial inventory required under this subsection (2) must include a
21	recalculation of Colorado's 2005 greenhouse gas emissions to serve as a
22	baseline for measuring progress against Colorado's greenhouse gas
23	emission reduction goals.
24	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25-1-131 as
25	follows:
26	25-1-131. Environmental justice - ombudsperson - advisory
27	board - definitions - repeal. (1) Environmental justice

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1	ombudsperson. (a) THERE IS HEREBY CREATED IN THE OFFICE OF THE
2	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR THE POSITION OF AN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE
3	OMBUDSPERSON. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROVIDE ADMINISTRATIVE
4	SUPPORT FOR THE OMBUDSPERSON. THE OMBUDSPERSON OTHERWISE
5	FUNCTIONS INDEPENDENTLY IN EXERCISING ITS POWERS.
6	(b) THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL APPOINT THE OMBUDSPERSON
7	AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE BUT NO LATER THAN FEBRUARY 1, 2022, AND
8	AS NECESSARY THEREAFTER TO FILL A VACANCY. PRIOR TO AN
9	APPOINTMENT, THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL CONSULT WITH, AND MAY
10	RECEIVE RECOMMENDATIONS FROM, THE ADVISORY BOARD, THE GENERAL
11	ASSEMBLY, REPRESENTATIVES OF DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED
12	COMMUNITIES, AND OTHER RELEVANT STAKEHOLDERS REGARDING THE
13	SELECTION OF THE OMBUDSPERSON.
14	(c) THE OMBUDSPERSON MUST BE QUALIFIED BY TRAINING OR
15	EXPERIENCE IN ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE, AND SHOULD HAVE BEEN A
16	RESIDENT OF ONE OR MORE DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED
17	COMMUNITIES OR HAVE WORKED TO ADVANCE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE
18	WITHIN DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES.
19	(d) THE OMBUDSPERSON SHALL:
20	(I) WORK COLLABORATIVELY WITH THE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE
21	ADVISORY BOARD, ESTABLISHED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, FOR
22	THE PURPOSE OF PROMOTING ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE FOR THE PEOPLE OF
23	Colorado;
24	(II) SERVE AS AN ADVOCATE FOR DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED
25	COMMUNITIES AND AS A LIAISON BETWEEN DISPROPORTIONATELY
26	IMPACTED COMMUNITIES AND THE DEPARTMENT;
27	(III) ADDRESS THE RELATIONSHIPS AND INTERACTIONS BETWEEN

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1	DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES AND THE DEPARTMENT;
2	(IV) INCREASE THE FLOW OF INFORMATION BETWEEN THE
3	DEPARTMENT AND DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES
4	CONCERNING THE ENVIRONMENT AND DEPARTMENTAL PROGRAMS USING
5	METHODS OF OUTREACH THAT INCLUDE, AT A MINIMUM:
6	(A) DISSEMINATING INFORMATION THROUGH LOCAL SCHOOLS,
7	SOCIAL MEDIA, LOCAL SOCIAL AND ACTIVITY CLUBS, LIBRARIES, OR OTHER
8	LOCAL SERVICES; AND
9	(B) PRIORITIZING IN-PERSON MEETINGS IN COMMUNITIES WITH
10	POPULATIONS THAT ARE PREDOMINANTLY BLACK, INDIGENOUS, OR PEOPLE
11	OF COLOR, THAT HAVE AN AVERAGE INCOME BELOW THE STATE'S
12	AVERAGE, OR THAT ARE IN RURAL LOCATIONS;
13	(V) ENABLE MEANINGFUL PARTICIPATION IN THE
14	DECISION-MAKING PROCESSES OF THE DEPARTMENT;
15	(VI) MAINTAIN A TELEPHONE NUMBER, WEBSITE, AND MAILING
16	ADDRESS FOR THE RECEIPT OF COMPLAINTS AND INQUIRIES;
17	(VII) ESTABLISH PROCEDURES TO RESOLVE COMPLAINTS TO THE
18	EXTENT PRACTICABLE;
19	(VIII) ENSURE THAT NO COMMUNITY IS DISPROPORTIONATELY
20	AFFECTED BY ENVIRONMENTAL BURDENS TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE;
21	AND
22	(IX) SERVE IN AN ADVISORY CAPACITY TO OTHER STATE AGENCIES
23	CONDUCTING OUTREACH TO AND ENGAGEMENT OF DISPROPORTIONATELY
24	IMPACTED COMMUNITIES IN LIGHT OF A PROPOSED AGENCY ACTION.
25	(2) Environmental justice advisory board. (a) THERE IS
26	HEREBY CREATED IN THE DEPARTMENT THE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE
27	ADVISORY BOARD. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROVIDE ADMINISTRATIVE

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2	FUNCTIONS INDEPENDENTLY IN EXERCISING ITS POWERS.
3	(b) The appointing authorities shall make their initial
4	APPOINTMENTS AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE, BUT NO LATER THAN THREE
5	MONTHS AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION.
6	(c) THE ADVISORY BOARD CONSISTS OF THE FOLLOWING MEMBERS
7	WHO, TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE, MUST RESIDE IN DIFFERENT
8	GEOGRAPHIC AREAS OF THE STATE, REFLECT THE RACIAL AND ETHNIC
9	DIVERSITY OF THE STATE, AND HAVE EXPERIENCE WITH A RANGE OF
10	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES, INCLUDING AIR POLLUTION, WATER
11	CONTAMINATION, AND PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACTS:
12	(I) FIVE MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, OF
13	WHOM FOUR MUST HAVE BEEN RESIDENTS OF ONE OR MORE
14	DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES AND ONE MUST BE FROM
15	A NONGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION THAT REPRESENTS STATEWIDE
16	INTERESTS TO ADVANCE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE; AND
17	(II) FOUR MEMBERS, ONE OF WHOM IS APPOINTED BY EACH OF THE
18	FOLLOWING:
19	(A) THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES;
20	(B) THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE;
21	(C) THE MINORITY LEADER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES;
22	AND
23	(D) THE MINORITY LEADER OF THE SENATE.
24	(d) EACH MEMBER'S TERM OF APPOINTMENT IS FOUR YEARS;
25	EXCEPT THAT THE INITIAL TERM OF TWO MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE
26	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION $(2)(c)(I)$ of this
27	SECTION, AS SPECIFIED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, AND EACH MEMBER

SUPPORT FOR THE ADVISORY BOARD. THE ADVISORY BOARD OTHERWISE

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1	APPOINTED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTIONS (2)(c)(II)(C) and (2)(c)(II)(D) of
2	THIS SECTION IS TWO YEARS. THE APPOINTING OFFICIALS SHALL FILL ANY
3	VACANCIES ON THE ADVISORY BOARD, INCLUDING FOR THE REMAINDER OF
4	ANY UNEXPIRED TERM.
5	(e) AS AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 25-7-114.7 (2)(b)(III)(J), EACH
6	MEMBER OF THE ADVISORY BOARD IS ENTITLED TO RECEIVE
7	REIMBURSEMENT FOR ACTUAL AND NECESSARY EXPENSES.
8	(f) THE ADVISORY BOARD SHALL ELECT A CHAIRPERSON FROM
9	AMONG ITS MEMBERS EVERY YEAR. THE ADVISORY BOARD SHALL MEET AT
10	LEAST ONCE EVERY QUARTER. THE CHAIRPERSON MAY CALL SUCH
11	ADDITIONAL MEETINGS AS ARE NECESSARY FOR THE ADVISORY BOARD TO
12	COMPLETE ITS DUTIES.
13	(g) THE ADVISORY BOARD SHALL:
14	(I) SERVE IN AN ADVISORY CAPACITY TO THE OMBUDSPERSON IN
15	ADDRESSING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE DEPARTMENT AND
16	DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES BY INCREASING THE FLOW
17	OF INFORMATION, ENABLING MEANINGFUL PARTICIPATION IN
18	DEPARTMENTAL DECISION-MAKING, AND WORKING TO ENSURE THAT NO
19	COMMUNITY IS DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED BY ENVIRONMENTAL
20	BURDENS;
21	(II) HOLD A PORTION OF ADVISORY BOARD MEETINGS FOR THE
22	OMBUDSPERSON TO JOINTLY RECEIVE STAKEHOLDER INPUT INTO THE
23	ACTIVITIES AND PRIORITIES OF THE OMBUDSPERSON;
24	(III) ADDRESS ANY OTHER MATTERS RELATING TO ADVERSE
25	ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS ON DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED
26	COMMUNITIES AS REFERRED TO THE ADVISORY BOARD BY THE GOVERNOR
27	OR THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR; AND

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1	(IV) STUDY, RESEARCH, AND ADVISE THE DEPARTMENT ON
2	MATTERS THAT IT DEEMS APPROPRIATE TO ENABLE THE DEPARTMENT TO
3	INTERACT WITH DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES IN THE
4	BEST MANNER POSSIBLE.
5	(h) This subsection (2) is repealed, effective September 1,
6	2027. Before the repeal, the advisory board and its functions are
7	SCHEDULED FOR REVIEW IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 2-3-1203.
8	(3) Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context
9	OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
10	(a) "ADVISORY BOARD" MEANS THE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE
11	ADVISORY BOARD CREATED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION.
12	(b) "EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR" MEANS THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF
13	THE DEPARTMENT.
14	(c) "Ombudsperson" means the environmental justice
15	OMBUDSPERSON APPOINTED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS
16	SECTION.
17	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 2-3-1203, add
18	(18.5)(a)(II) as follows:
19	2-3-1203. Sunset review of advisory committees - legislative
20	declaration - definition - repeal. (18.5) (a) The following statutory
21	authorizations for the designated advisory committees will repeal on
22	September 1, 2027:
23	(II) THE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ADVISORY BOARD CREATED IN
24	SECTION 25-1-131 (2).
25	SECTION 7. Appropriation. (1) For the 2021-22 state fiscal
26	year, \$1,132,993 is appropriated to the department of public health and
27	environment for use by administration and support. This appropriation is

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1	from the general fund. To implement this act, the division may use this
2	appropriation as follows:
3	(a) \$332,482 for health, life, and dental;
4	(b) \$4,027 for short-term disability;
5	(c) \$118,437 for amoritization equalization disbursement;
6	(d) \$118,437 for supplemental amoritization equalization
7	disbursement;
8	(e) \$319,020 for the purchase of legal services; and
9	(f) \$240,590 for the purchase of information technology services.
10	(2) For the 2021-22 state fiscal year, \$3,179,861 is appropriated
11	to the department of public health and environment for use by the air
12	pollution control division. This appropriation is from the general fund. To
13	implement this act, the division may use this appropriation as follows:
14	(a) \$2,089,072 for personal services related to stationary sources,
15	which amount is based on an assumption that the division will require an
16	additional 31.0 FTE; and
17	(b) \$1,090,789 for operating expenses related to stationary
18	sources.
19	(3) For the 2021-22 state fiscal year, \$319,020 is appropriated to
20	the department of law. This appropriation is from reappropriated funds
21	received from the department of public health and environment under
22	subsection (1)(e) of this section and is based on an assumption that the
23	department of law will require an additional 1.7 FTE. To implement this
24	act, the department of law may use this appropriation to provide legal
25	services for the department of public health and environment.
26	(4) For the 2021-22 state fiscal year, \$240,590 is appropriated to
27	the office of the governor for use by the office of information technology.

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1	This appropriation is from reappropriated funds received from the
2	department of public health and environment under subsection (1)(f) of
3	this section. To implement this act, the office may use this appropriation
4	to provide information technology services for the department of public
5	health and environment.
6	(5) For the 2021-22 state fiscal year, \$88,351 is appropriated to
7	the office of the governor for use by the Colorado energy office. This
8	appropriation is from the general fund and is based on an assumption that
9	the office will require an additional 0.9 FTE. To implement this act, the
10	office may use this appropriation for program costs.
11	SECTION 8. Applicability. This act applies to conduct occurring
12	on or after the effective date of this act.
13	SECTION 9. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
14	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
15	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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