First Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REREVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the Second House

LLS NO. 21-0154.01 Jason Gelender x4330

HOUSE BILL 21-1095

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING EXCAVATION NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOI
102	UNDERGROUND FACILITY LOCATION IN CONNECTION WITH
103	COUNTY ROAD MAINTENANCE.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Current law requires an individual or entity to notify the statewide notification association of all owners and operators of underground facilities of its intent to engage in excavation so that any underground facilities that the excavation might affect, such as water and sewer pipes, gas lines, and electric or cable lines, can be located and marked before SENATE Amended 3rd Reading April 27, 2021

SENATE Amended 2nd Reading April 26, 2021

HOUSE 3rd Reading Unamended April 8, 2021

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading April 7, 2021

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. <u>Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.</u>

Capital letters or bold & italic numbers indicate new material to be added to existing statute.

Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.

excavation begins. Underground facilities are often located beneath county gravel and dirt roads, normally at a depth of at least 18 inches below the road surface. Counties maintain the profile and surface condition of such county roads and county road rights-of-way by engaging in routine and emergency maintenance activities that do not disturb more than 6 inches in depth. These maintenance activities currently trigger the excavation notification requirement, and the related requirement that the location of underground facilities be marked, even though they occur above the levels where underground facilities are located. To prevent such activities from triggering the excavation notification requirement, the bill specifies that "excavation" does not include routine or emergency maintenance of right-of-way on county-owned gravel or dirt roads performed by county employees that:

- Does not lower the existing grade or elevation of the road, shoulder, and ditches; and
- Does not disturb more than 6 inches in depth during maintenance operations.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 9-1.5-103, **amend** (3)(a)(II) and (4)(b); and **add** (3)(e) as follows:

9-1.5-103. Plans and specifications - notice of excavation - duties of excavators - duties of owners and operators - fee - <u>definition</u> - <u>repeal.</u> (3) (a) (II) Effective January 1, 2021, except in emergency situations, and except as to an employee or an employer's contractor with respect to the employer's underground facilities, AND EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE <u>PROVIDED</u> IN SUBSECTION (3)(e) OF THIS SECTION, a person shall not make or begin excavation without first notifying the notification association. Notice may be given by electronic methods approved by the notification association or by telephone.

(e) (I) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS ARTICLE 1.5, EXCAVATION THAT IS ROUTINE OR EMERGENCY MAINTENANCE OF THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OF A COUNTY-MAINTAINED GRAVEL OR DIRT ROAD AND IS

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1	PERFORMED BY COUNTY EMPLOYEES DOES NOT REQUIRE NOTIFICATION OF
2	THE NOTIFICATION ASSOCIATION UNLESS THE EXCAVATION WILL:
3	$\underline{(A)}$ Lower the existing grade or elevation of the road or
4	ANY ADJACENT SHOULDER OR THE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED
5	ELEVATION OF ANY ADJACENT DITCH FLOWLINE; OR
6	(B) DISTURB MORE THAN SIX INCHES IN DEPTH AS IT IS
7	CONDUCTED.
8	(II) As used in this subsection (3)(e), "ditch flowline" means
9	THE LINE RUNNING THE LENGTH OF THE BOTTOM OF A DITCH SO THAT
10	WATER ENTERING THE DITCH RUNS FIRST TO THE LINE AND THEREAFTER
11	DOWN THE LINE.
12	(4) (b) The marking of underground facilities shall be considered
13	valid so long as the markings are clearly visible, but not for more than
14	thirty calendar days following the due date of the locate request initiated
15	pursuant to subsection (3) of this section. except that, if an excavation
16	notice is limited to only annual road maintenance that does not exceed six
17	inches in depth conducted by a government agency on an existing
18	unpaved road, the marking shall be considered valid for up to one
19	hundred eighty days. Upon receipt of the notification, an owner or
20	operator has ten business days to coordinate the excavation activity with
21	the government agency. If an excavation has not been completed within
22	the applicable THIRTY-DAY period, the excavator shall notify the
23	notification association at least two business days, not including the day
24	of actual notice, before the end of the applicable THIRTY-DAY period.
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26	SECTION 2. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
27	takes effect June 1, 2022; except that, if a referendum petition is filed

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pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this

act or an item, section, or part of this act within the ninety-day period

after final adjournment of the general assembly, then the act, item,

section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the

general election to be held in November 2022 and, in such case, will take

effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the

governor.

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