Second Regular Session Seventieth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 16-1200.01 Richard Sweetman x4333

SENATE BILL 16-181

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING THE SENTENCING OF PERSONS CONVICTED OF CLASS 1
102 FELONIES COMMITTED WHILE THE PERSONS WERE JUVENILES.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

In *Miller v. Alabama* (2012), the United States supreme court held that imposing a mandatory life sentence without the possibility of parole on a juvenile is a cruel and unusual punishment prohibited by the eighth amendment to the United States constitution. In Colorado, a juvenile sentenced for a class 1 felony committed on or after July 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2006, was sentenced to a mandatory life sentence without

the possibility of parole.

The bill provides a procedure for resentencing these offenders. A district court may resentence such an offender to:

- A term of life imprisonment with the possibility of parole after serving 40 years, less any earned time granted; or
- ! 24 to 48 years in prison if, after considering certain factors, the district court finds extraordinary mitigating circumstances.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-401, amend

(4) (b) (I); and add (4) (c) as follows:

4 18-1.3-401. Felonies classified - presumptive penalties.

(4) (b) (I) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-subparagraph (A) of subparagraph (V) of paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of this section and notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection (4), as to a person who is convicted as an adult of a class 1 felony following direct filing of an information or indictment in the district court pursuant to section 19-2-517, C.R.S., or transfer of proceedings to the district court pursuant to section 19-2-518, C.R.S., the district court judge shall sentence the person to a term of life imprisonment with the possibility of parole after serving a period of forty calendar years, LESS ANY EARNED TIME GRANTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-22.5-405, C.R.S. Regardless of whether the state board of parole releases the person on parole, the person shall remain in the legal custody of the department of corrections for the remainder of the person's life and shall not be discharged.

(c) (I) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBPARAGRAPH (V) OF PARAGRAPH (a) OF SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION AND NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF PARAGRAPHS (a) AND (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (4), AS TO A PERSON

-2- SB16-181

1	WHO IS CONVICTED AS AN ADULT OF A CLASS 1 FELONY FOLLOWING A
2	DIRECT FILING OF AN INFORMATION OR INDICTMENT IN THE DISTRICT
3	COURT PURSUANT TO SECTION 19-2-517, C.R.S., OR TRANSFER OF
4	PROCEEDINGS TO THE DISTRICT COURT PURSUANT TO SECTION 19-2-518,
5	C.R.S., WHICH FELONY WAS COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 1990, AND
6	BEFORE JULY 1, 2006, AND WHO RECEIVED A SENTENCE TO LIFE
7	IMPRISONMENT WITHOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE, THE DISTRICT
8	COURT, AFTER HOLDING A SENTENCING HEARING, MAY SENTENCE THE
9	PERSON TO:
10	(A) A TERM OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF
11	PAROLE AFTER SERVING FORTY YEARS, LESS ANY EARNED TIME GRANTED
12	PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-22.5-405, C.R.S.; OR
13	(B) A DETERMINATE SENTENCE WITHIN THE RANGE OF
14	TWENTY-FOUR TO FORTY-EIGHT YEARS IN PRISON, LESS ANY EARNED TIME
15	GRANTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-22.5-405, C.R.S., IF, AFTER
16	CONSIDERING THE FACTORS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS
17	PARAGRAPH (c), THE DISTRICT COURT FINDS EXTRAORDINARY MITIGATING
18	CIRCUMSTANCES THAT WARRANT A SENTENCE OTHER THAN THE SENTENCE
19	DESCRIBED IN SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (I).
20	(II) IN DETERMINING WHETHER EXTRAORDINARY MITIGATING
21	CIRCUMSTANCES EXIST, THE COURT SHALL CONDUCT A SENTENCING
22	HEARING, MAKE FACTUAL FINDINGS TO SUPPORT ITS DECISION, AND
23	CONSIDER RELEVANT EVIDENCE PRESENTED BY EITHER PARTY REGARDING
24	THE FOLLOWING FACTORS:
25	(A) THE DIMINISHED CULPABILITY AND HEIGHTENED CAPACITY
26	FOR CHANGE ASSOCIATED WITH YOUTH;

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(B)

-3- SB16-181

The offender's developmental maturity and

1	CHRONOLOGICAL AGE AT THE TIME OF THE OFFENSE AND THE HALLMARK
2	FEATURES OF SUCH AGE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO IMMATURITY,
3	IMPETUOSITY, AND INABILITY TO APPRECIATE RISKS AND CONSEQUENCES;
4	(C) THE OFFENDER'S CAPACITY FOR CHANGE AND POTENTIAL FOR
5	REHABILITATION, INCLUDING ANY EVIDENCE OF THE OFFENDER'S EFFORTS
6	TOWARD, OR AMENABILITY TO, REHABILITATION; AND
7	(D) ANY OTHER FACTORS THAT THE COURT DEEMS RELEVANT TO
8	ITS DECISION, SO LONG AS THE COURT IDENTIFIES SUCH FACTORS ON THE
9	RECORD.
10	(III) IF A PERSON IS SENTENCED TO A DETERMINATE RANGE OF
11	TWENTY-FOUR TO FORTY-EIGHT YEARS IN PRISON PURSUANT TO THIS
12	PARAGRAPH (c), THE COURT SHALL IMPOSE A MANDATORY PERIOD OF TEN
13	YEARS PAROLE.
14	(IV) IF A PERSON IS SENTENCED TO A TERM OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT
15	WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE AFTER SERVING FORTY YEARS, LESS ANY
16	EARNED TIME GRANTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-22.5-405, C.R.S.,
17	REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE STATE BOARD OF PAROLE RELEASES THE
18	PERSON ON PAROLE, THE PERSON SHALL REMAIN IN THE LEGAL CUSTODY
19	OF THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS FOR THE REMAINDER OF HIS OR HER
20	LIFE AND SHALL NOT BE DISCHARGED.
21	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-22.5-104, amend
22	(2) (d) (IV); and add (2) (d) (V) as follows:
23	17-22.5-104. Parole - regulations. (2) (d) (IV) Notwithstanding
24	the provisions of subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (d), an inmate
25	imprisoned under a life sentence for a class 1 felony committed BEFORE
26	JULY 1, 1990, OR on or after July 1, 2006, who was convicted as an adult
2.7	following direct filing of an information or indictment in the district court

-4- SB16-181

1 pursuant to section 19-2-517, C.R.S., or transfer of proceedings to the 2 district court pursuant to section 19-2-518, C.R.S., may be eligible for 3 parole after the inmate has served at least forty calendar years, LESS ANY 4 EARNED TIME GRANTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-22.5-405. An 5 application for parole shall MAY not be made or considered during the 6 THIS period. of forty calendar years. 7 (V) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF 8 THIS PARAGRAPH (d), AN INMATE SENTENCED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT FOR 9 A CLASS 1 FELONY COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 1990, AND BEFORE 10 JULY 1, 2006, WHO WAS CONVICTED AS AN ADULT FOLLOWING DIRECT 11 FILING OF AN INFORMATION OR INDICTMENT IN THE DISTRICT COURT 12 PURSUANT TO SECTION 19-2-517, C.R.S., OR TRANSFER OF PROCEEDINGS 13 TO THE DISTRICT COURT PURSUANT TO SECTION 19-2-518, C.R.S., MAY BE 14 ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE AFTER SERVING FORTY YEARS, LESS ANY EARNED 15 TIME GRANTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-22.5-405. 16 **SECTION 3.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-22.5-403, add (2) 17 (c) as follows: 18 17-22.5-403. Parole eligibility - repeal. (2) (c) (I) A PERSON 19 CONVICTED AND SENTENCED AS AN ADULT FOR A CLASS 1 FELONY 20 COMMITTED WHILE THE PERSON WAS A JUVENILE ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 21 1990, AND BEFORE JULY 1, 2006, AND SENTENCED TO A DETERMINATE 22 SENTENCE WITHIN THE RANGE OF TWENTY-FOUR TO FORTY-EIGHT YEARS 23 PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-401 (4) (c), C.R.S., IS ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE 24 AFTER HE OR SHE HAS SERVED SEVENTY-FIVE PERCENT OF HIS OR HER 25 SENTENCE, LESS ANY EARNED TIME GRANTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 26 17-22.5-405.

(II) (A) THE STATE BOARD OF PAROLE MAY CONDUCT PAROLE

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-5- SB16-181

1	HEARINGS FOR PERSONS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS
2	PARAGRAPH (c) BEGINNING ONE YEAR AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS
3	PARAGRAPH (c).
4	(B) THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (II) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE ONE YEAR
5	AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS PARAGRAPH (c).
6	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-22.5-405, add
7	(1.2) as follows:
8	17-22.5-405. Earned time - earned release time - achievement
9	earned time. (1.2) Subsection (1) of this section applies to a
10	PERSON WHO WAS CONVICTED AS AN ADULT FOR A CLASS 1 FELONY
11	COMMITTED WHILE THE PERSON WAS A JUVENILE AND WHO WAS
12	SENTENCED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-401 (4) (b) OR (4) (c), C.R.S.
13	As to a person who was convicted as an adult for a class 1
14	FELONY COMMITTED WHILE THE PERSON WAS A JUVENILE AND WHO WAS
15	SENTENCED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-401 (4) (c), C.R.S., IT IS THE
16	INTENT OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY THAT THE DEPARTMENT AWARD
17	EARNED TIME TO SUCH A PERSON BOTH PROACTIVELY AND
18	RETROACTIVELY FROM THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SUBSECTION (1.2) , AS
19	IF THE PERSON HAD BEEN ELIGIBLE TO BE AWARDED EARNED TIME FROM
20	THE BEGINNING OF HIS OR HER INCARCERATION PURSUANT TO THE
21	SENTENCE THAT HE OR SHE ORIGINALLY RECEIVED FOR SUCH FELONY.
22	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 10 to article
23	13 of title 16 as follows:
24	PART 10
25	RESENTENCING HEARINGS FOR JUVENILE
26	OFFENDERS SERVING LIFE SENTENCES
27	16-13-1001. Legislative declaration. (1) THE GENERAL

-6- SB16-181

1	ASSEMBLY FINDS THAT:
2	(a) (I) IN THE 2012 CASE OF MILLER V. ALABAMA, THE UNITED
3	STATES SUPREME COURT HELD THAT IMPOSING A MANDATORY LIFE
4	SENTENCE WITHOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE ON A JUVENILE IS A
5	CRUEL AND UNUSUAL PUNISHMENT PROHIBITED BY THE EIGHTH
6	AMENDMENT TO THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION; AND
7	(II) THE COURT FURTHER HELD THAT CHILDREN ARE
8	CONSTITUTIONALLY DIFFERENT THAN ADULTS FOR PURPOSES OF
9	SENTENCING; AND
10	(b) (I) In the 2016 case of Montgomery v. Louisiana, the
11	COURT HELD THAT MILLER V. ALABAMA ANNOUNCED A SUBSTANTIVE RULE
12	OF CONSTITUTIONAL LAW THAT APPLIES RETROACTIVELY; AND
13	(II) IN LIGHT OF THE COURT'S HOLDING THAT CHILDREN ARE
14	CONSTITUTIONALLY DIFFERENT THAN ADULTS IN THEIR LEVEL OF
15	CULPABILITY, THE COURT FURTHER HELD THAT PRISONERS SERVING LIFE
16	SENTENCES FOR CRIMES THAT THEY COMMITTED AS JUVENILES MUST BE
17	GIVEN THE OPPORTUNITY TO SHOW THAT THEIR CRIMES DID NOT REFLECT
18	IRREPARABLE CORRUPTION AND, IF THEY DID NOT, THEN THEIR HOPE FOR
19	SOME YEARS OF LIFE OUTSIDE PRISON WALLS MUST BE RESTORED; AND
20	(III) THE COURT MADE IT CLEAR THAT A SENTENCE TO A LIFETIME
21	IN PRISON IS AN UNCONSTITUTIONAL SENTENCE FOR ALL BUT THE RAREST
22	OF CHILDREN.
23	(2) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FURTHER FINDS THAT:
24	(a) A JUVENILE SENTENCED IN COLORADO FOR A CONVICTION OF
25	A CLASS 1 FELONY AS A RESULT OF A DIRECT FILE OR TRANSFER OF AN
26	OFFENSE COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 1990, AND BEFORE JULY 1,
27	2006, WAS SENTENCED TO A MANDATORY LIFE SENTENCE WITHOUT THE

-7- SB16-181

1	POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE; AND
2	(b) APPROXIMATELY FIFTY PERSONS IN COLORADO RECEIVED SUCH
3	AN UNCONSTITUTIONAL SENTENCE.
4	(3) Now, therefore, the general assembly hereby declares
5	THAT THIS PART 10 IS NECESSARY TO PROVIDE PERSONS SERVING SUCH
6	UNCONSTITUTIONAL SENTENCES THE OPPORTUNITY FOR RESENTENCING.
7	16-13-1002. Resentencing hearing for persons serving life
8	sentences without the possibility of parole as the result of a direct file
9	or transfer. (1) A PERSON MAY PETITION THE SENTENCING COURT FOR A
10	RESENTENCING HEARING IF HE OR SHE WAS:
11	(a) A JUVENILE AT THE TIME OF HIS OR HER OFFENSE;
12	(b) Convicted as an adult of a class 1 felony following
13	DIRECT FILING OF AN INFORMATION OR INDICTMENT IN THE DISTRICT
14	COURT PURSUANT TO SECTION 19-2-517, C.R.S., OR TRANSFER OF
15	PROCEEDINGS TO THE DISTRICT COURT PURSUANT TO SECTION 19-2-518,
16	C.R.S.; AND
17	(c) SENTENCED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT WITHOUT THE POSSIBILITY
18	OF PAROLE FOR AN OFFENSE COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 1990, AND
19	BEFORE JULY 1, 2006.
20	(2) If a petition is filed pursuant to subsection (1) of this
21	SECTION, THE SENTENCING COURT SHALL CONDUCT A RESENTENCING
22	HEARING AND RESENTENCE THE OFFENDER AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION
23	18-1.3-401 (4) (c), C.R.S.
24	(3) The provisions of sections 17-22.5-403 (2) (c) and
25	17-22.5-405 (1.2), C.R.S., TAKE EFFECT UPON RESENTENCING.
26	(4) A PETITION FILED UNDER THIS SECTION IS NOT A MOTION UNDER
27	RULE 35 (c) OF THE COLORADO RULES OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

-8- SB16-181

- 1 **SECTION 6. Safety clause.** The general assembly hereby finds,
- determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
- 3 preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

-9- SB16-181