First Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

ENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 17-0848.01 Julie Pelegrin x2700

SENATE BILL 17-103

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Merrifield, Todd, Kerr, Zenzinger, Jones

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

(None),

Senate Committees

House Committees

Education Appropriations

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING IMPLEMENTING RESEARCH-BASED EARLY LEARNING
102	STRATEGIES AS CORRECTIVE ACTIONS IN THE PUBLIC
103	ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACCOUNTABILITY
104	SYSTEM.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Under current law, the department of education (department) must provide technical assistance and support to school districts, the state charter school institute (institute), and public schools that are operating under an improvement plan, priority improvement plan, or turnaround plan. The bill specifies that the technical assistance may include consultation concerning strategies that address the quality and availability of early childhood education opportunities.

Each school district and public school must conduct a needs assessment when preparing its performance plan. The bill specifically requires an early childhood learning needs assessment for school districts and public schools that serve children in kindergarten through third grade.

Current law specifies several actions that a public school may take if it is low performing and after it has been low performing for 5 years. The bill expands the list of actions for a public school that services children in kindergarten through third grade to include investing in research-based strategies to address any deficiencies identified in the early childhood learning needs assessment if those deficiencies are a direct cause of the public school's low performance and the public school has not previously implemented the strategies with success.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-11-208, amend (2)(b) as follows:

22-11-208. Accreditation - annual review - supports and interventions - rules. (2) The department shall provide technical assistance and support to school districts that are accredited with improvement plan, accredited with priority improvement plan, or accredited with turnaround plan and to the institute if it is accredited at any of those categories. The department shall base the amount of technical assistance and support provided to a school district or the institute on the school district's or institute's degree of need for assistance and the department's available resources. Technical assistance and support may include, but need not be limited to:

(b) Consultative services on best practices for improvement and implementation of intervention strategies, including, where appropriate, RESEARCH-BASED strategies that address THE QUALITY AND AVAILABILITY

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1	OF early childhood education OPPORTUNITIES WITHIN THE SCHOOL
2	DISTRICT and student engagement and re-engagement; and
3	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-11-210, amend
4	(3)(b) as follows:
5	22-11-210. Public schools - annual review - plans - supports
6	and interventions - rules - repeal. (3) At the request of a district public
7	school's local school board, or at the institute's request for an institute
8	charter school, the department shall provide technical assistance and
9	support to the public school, local school board, or institute in preparing
10	and implementing the public school's improvement, priority
11	improvement, or turnaround plan. The department shall base the amount
12	of technical assistance and support provided to a public school, the local
13	school board, or the institute on the school's degree of need for assistance
14	and the department's available resources. Technical assistance and
15	support may include, but need not be limited to:
16	(b) Consultative services on best practices for improvement and
17	implementation of intervention strategies, including, where appropriate,
18	RESEARCH-BASED strategies that address THE QUALITY AND AVAILABILITY
19	OF early childhood education OPPORTUNITIES FOR STUDENTS WHO RESIDE
20	WITHIN THE NEIGHBORHOOD FOR THE PUBLIC SCHOOL and student
21	engagement and re-engagement; and
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23	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-11-305, amend
24	(3) introductory portion and (3)(c); and add (4) as follows:
25	22-11-305. Accredited with priority improvement plan - school
26	district or institute - plan contents - adoption. (3) A district priority
27	improvement plan or an institute priority improvement plan shall MUST

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be designed to ensure that the school district or the institute improves its performance to the extent that, following completion of its next annual accreditation review, the school district or the institute attains a higher accreditation category. At a minimum, a district priority improvement plan or an institute priority improvement plan shall MUST:

- (c) Assess and prioritize the issues and needs of the district or institute and of the district public schools or institute charter schools that must be addressed to raise the levels of attainment on the performance indicators by the district public schools or institute charter schools and to improve school readiness in district public schools or institute charter schools that serve students in preschool and kindergarten. IF A SCHOOL
 <a href="DISTRICT INCLUDES A DISTRICT PUBLIC SCHOOL THAT IS OPERATING UNDER A PRIORITY IMPROVEMENT OR TURNAROUND PLAN AND ENROLLS STUDENTS IN KINDERGARTEN OR ANY OF GRADES ONE THROUGH THREE, THE NEEDS ASSESSMENT FOR THE SCHOOL DISTRICT SHALL INCLUDE, BUT SHALL NOT BE LIMITED TO, THE EARLY CHILDHOOD LEARNING NEEDS ASSESSMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (4) OF THIS SECTION.
- (4) AN EARLY CHILDHOOD LEARNING NEEDS ASSESSMENT MUST DETERMINE THE EXTENT TO WHICH:
- (a) THERE ARE QUALITY EARLY CHILDHOOD PROGRAMS EXISTING WITHIN THE GEOGRAPHIC BOUNDARIES OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT;
- (b) CHILDREN ARE ENROLLED IN PUBLICLY FUNDED EARLY LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS WITHIN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OR IN PRIVATE EARLY LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS THAT PARTICIPATE IN THE SCHOOL READINESS QUALITY IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM CREATED IN SECTION 26-6.5-106;
- (c) THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND THE DISTRICT PUBLIC SCHOOLS

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1	WORK WITH AN EARLY CHILDHOOD COUNCIL ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO
2	Part 1 of article 60.5 of title 26 or early childhood community
3	AGENCIES EXISTING WITHIN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT;
4	(d) THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND THE DISTRICT PUBLIC SCHOOLS
5	COLLABORATE WITH EARLY CHILDHOOD PROVIDERS AND PROGRAMS
6	REGARDINGSTUDENTS'TRANSITIONFROMPRESCHOOLTOKINDERGARTEN;
7	(e) TEACHERS EMPLOYED BY THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OR THE
8	DISTRICT PUBLIC SCHOOLS TO TEACH KINDERGARTEN OR ONE OF GRADES
9	ONE THROUGH THREE HAVE EARLY CHILDHOOD TEACHING CREDENTIALS;
10	(f) JOINT PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITIES,
11	INCLUDING OPPORTUNITIES FOR EDUCATOR COLLABORATION, ARE
12	AVAILABLE WITHIN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR EARLY CHILDHOOD
13	PROVIDERS, TEACHERS, AND PRINCIPALS;
14	(g) THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND THE DISTRICT PUBLIC SCHOOLS
15	HAVE A CURRENT PARENT ENGAGEMENT PLAN AND PROVIDE AMPLE
16	OPPORTUNITIES FOR PARENT AND FAMILY ENGAGEMENT IN PRESCHOOL
17	THROUGH THIRD GRADE; AND
18	(h) OTHER EARLY CHILDHOOD RESOURCES, SUCH AS HOME
19	VISITATION, EARLY INTERVENTION SERVICES, LIBRARY PROGRAMS FOR
20	YOUNG CHILDREN, AND FAMILY RESOURCE CENTERS, ARE AVAILABLE TO
21	FAMILIES WHO RESIDE WITHIN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT.
22	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-11-306, amend
23	(3) introductory portion and (3)(c) as follows:
24	22-11-306. Accredited with turnaround plan - school district
25	or institute - plan content - adoption. (3) A district turnaround plan or
26	an institute turnaround plan shall MUST be designed to ensure that the
27	school district or the institute improves its performance to the extent that,

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1 following completion of its next annual accreditation review, the school 2 district or the institute attains a higher accreditation category. At a 3 minimum, a district turnaround plan or an institute turnaround plan shall 4 MUST: 5 (c) Assess and prioritize the issues and needs of the district or 6 institute and of the district public schools or institute charter schools that 7 must be addressed to raise the levels of attainment on the performance 8 indicators by the district public schools or institute charter schools and to 9 improve school readiness in district public schools or institute charter 10 schools that serve students in preschool and kindergarten. IF A SCHOOL 11 DISTRICT INCLUDES A DISTRICT PUBLIC SCHOOL THAT IS OPERATING UNDER 12 A PRIORITY IMPROVEMENT OR TURNAROUND PLAN AND ENROLLS 13 STUDENTS IN KINDERGARTEN OR ANY OF GRADES ONE THROUGH THREE, 14 THE NEEDS ASSESSMENT FOR THE SCHOOL DISTRICT SHALL INCLUDE, BUT 15 SHALL NOT BE LIMITED TO, THE EARLY CHILDHOOD LEARNING NEEDS 16 ASSESSMENT DESCRIBED IN SECTION 22-11-305 (4). 17 **SECTION 5.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-11-405, amend 18 (4)(c); and add (4.5) as follows: 19 22-11-405. School priority improvement plan - contents. (4) A 20 school priority improvement plan must be designed to ensure that the 21 public school improves its performance to the extent that, following 22 completion of the public school's next annual performance review, the 23 public school attains a higher accreditation category. At a minimum, a 24 school priority improvement plan must:

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performance indicators by the public school and to improve school

(c) Assess and prioritize the issues and needs at the public school

that must be addressed to raise the levels of attainment on the

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1	readiness, if the public school serves students in preschool or
2	kindergarten. The NEEDS ASSESSMENT FOR A PUBLIC SCHOOL THAT
3	ENROLLS STUDENTS IN KINDERGARTEN OR ANY OF GRADES ONE THROUGH
4	THREE SHALL INCLUDE, BUT SHALL NOT BE LIMITED TO, THE EARLY
5	CHILDHOOD LEARNING NEEDS ASSESSMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
6	(4.5) OF THIS SECTION.
7	(4.5) AN EARLY CHILDHOOD LEARNING NEEDS ASSESSMENT MUST
8	DETERMINE THE EXTENT TO WHICH:
9	(a) THERE ARE QUALITY EARLY CHILDHOOD PROGRAMS EXISTING
10	WITHIN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL; EXCEPT THAT A
11	PUBLIC SCHOOL MUST INCLUDE THIS INFORMATION IN THE EARLY
12	CHILDHOOD LEARNING NEEDS ASSESSMENT ONLY IF THE INFORMATION IS
13	READILY AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOL;
14	(b) CHILDREN ARE ENROLLED IN PUBLICLY FUNDED EARLY
15	LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS WITHIN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF
16	THE PUBLIC SCHOOL OR IN PRIVATE EARLY LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT
17	PROGRAMS THAT PARTICIPATE IN THE SCHOOL READINESS QUALITY
18	IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM CREATED IN SECTION 26-6.5-106 AND ARE
19	LOCATED WITHIN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL; EXCEPT
20	THAT A PUBLIC SCHOOL MUST INCLUDE THIS INFORMATION IN THE EARLY
21	CHILDHOOD LEARNING NEEDS ASSESSMENT ONLY IF THE INFORMATION IS
22	READILY AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOL;
23	(c) THE PUBLIC SCHOOL WORKS WITH AN EARLY CHILDHOOD
24	COUNCIL ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO PART 1 OF ARTICLE 60.5 OF TITLE 26
25	OR EARLY CHILDHOOD COMMUNITY AGENCIES EXISTING WITHIN THE
26	NEIGHBORHOOD OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL;
27	(d) THE PUBLIC SCHOOL COLLABORATES WITH EARLY CHILDHOOD

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2	PRESCHOOL TO KINDERGARTEN;
3	(e) TEACHERS EMPLOYED AT OR BY THE PUBLIC SCHOOL TO TEACH
4	KINDERGARTEN OR ONE OF GRADES ONE THROUGH THREE HAVE EARLY
5	CHILDHOOD TEACHING CREDENTIALS;
6	(f) JOINT PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITIES,
7	INCLUDING OPPORTUNITIES FOR EDUCATOR COLLABORATION, ARE
8	AVAILABLE THROUGH THE PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR EARLY CHILDHOOD
9	PROVIDERS, TEACHERS, AND PRINCIPALS;
10	(g) THE PUBLIC SCHOOL HAS A CURRENT PARENT ENGAGEMENT
11	PLAN AND PROVIDES AMPLE OPPORTUNITIES FOR PARENT AND FAMILY
12	ENGAGEMENT IN PRESCHOOL THROUGH THIRD GRADE; AND
13	(h) OTHER EARLY CHILDHOOD RESOURCES, SUCH AS HOME
14	VISITATION, EARLY INTERVENTION SERVICES, LIBRARY PROGRAMS FOR
15	YOUNG CHILDREN, AND FAMILY RESOURCE CENTERS, ARE AVAILABLE TO
16	FAMILIES WHO RESIDE IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL.
17	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-11-406, amend
18	(3)(c), (3)(d) introductory portion, and (3)(d)(VI); and add (3)(d)(VI.5)
19	as follows:
20	22-11-406. School turnaround plan - contents. (3) A school
21	turnaround plan must be designed to ensure that the public school
22	improves its performance to the extent that, following completion of the
23	public school's next annual performance review, the public school attains
24	a higher accreditation category. At a minimum, a school turnaround plan
25	must:
26	(c) Assess and prioritize the issues and needs at the public school
27	that must be addressed to raise the levels of attainment on the

PROVIDERS AND PROGRAMS REGARDING STUDENTS' TRANSITION FROM

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- performance indicators by the public school and to improve school readiness, if the public school serves students in preschool or kindergarten. The NEEDS ASSESSMENT FOR A PUBLIC SCHOOL THAT ENROLLS STUDENTS IN KINDERGARTEN OR ANY OF GRADES ONE THROUGH THREE SHALL INCLUDE, BUT SHALL NOT BE LIMITED TO, THE EARLY CHILDHOOD LEARNING NEEDS ASSESSMENT DESCRIBED IN SECTION
- 22-11-405 (4.5).
 (d) Identify specific, research-based strategies that are appropriate
 in scope, intensity, and type to address the needs and issues identified
 pursuant to paragraph (c) of this subsection (3) SUBSECTION (3)(c) OF THIS
- 12 following:

(VI) For a district charter school or an institute charter school, renegotiating and significantly restructuring the charter school's charter contract; and

SECTION, which strategies shall, at a minimum, include one or more of the

(VI.5) FOR A PUBLIC SCHOOL THAT SERVES STUDENTS ENROLLED IN KINDERGARTEN OR ANY OF GRADES ONE THROUGH THREE, THAT THE PUBLIC SCHOOL INVEST IN RESEARCH-BASED STRATEGIES FOCUSED ON EARLY LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT TO ADDRESS ANY DEFICIENCIES IDENTIFIED IN THE EARLY CHILDHOOD LEARNING NEEDS ASSESSMENT COMPLETED FOR THE PUBLIC SCHOOL PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3)(c) OF THIS SECTION IF THE CAUSE OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL'S LOW PERFORMANCE IS DIRECTLY RELATED TO LACK OF SCHOOL READINESS AND ACCESS TO QUALITY EARLY LEARNING OPPORTUNITIES, AS DEMONSTRATED BY STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT DATA FOR THE EARLY ELEMENTARY GRADES, AND THE PUBLIC SCHOOL HAS NOT SUCCESSFULLY IMPLEMENTED THESE STRATEGIES IN THE PRECEDING SCHOOL YEARS. RESEARCH-BASED EARLY

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1	LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES INCLUDE INCREASING THE
2	QUALITY AND AVAILABILITY OF EARLY LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT
3	PROGRAMS FOR STUDENTS WHO RESIDE WITHIN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF
4	THE PUBLIC SCHOOL AND INCREASING THE RESOURCES AVAILABLE IN
5	KINDERGARTEN THROUGH THIRD GRADE TO IMPROVE SCHOOL READINESS
6	AND EARLY LEARNING. A PUBLIC SCHOOL MAY IMPLEMENT STRATEGIES
7	FOCUSED ON EARLY LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT AS DESCRIBED IN THIS
8	SUBSECTION (3)(d)(VI.5) ONLY IN COMBINATION WITH AT LEAST ONE
9	OTHER RESEARCH-BASED STRATEGY SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (3)(d).
10	SECTION 7. No appropriation. The general assembly has
11	determined that this act can be implemented within existing
12	appropriations, and therefore no separate appropriation of state money is
13	necessary to carry out the purposes of this act.
14	SECTION 8. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
15	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
16	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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