First Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 21-0614.01 Jane Ritter x4342

SENATE BILL 21-173

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

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HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Caraveo and Gonzales-Gutierrez, Duran, Jackson, Lontine, Michaelson Jenet, Roberts, Sirota, Woodrow

Senate Committees State, Veterans, & Military Affairs

Appropriations

House Committees

Business Affairs & Labor Appropriations

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING	RIGHTS	RELATED	TO	RESIDENTIAL	RENTAL
102	AGREEM	ENTS, AND	, IN CONNEC	CTION	THEREWITH, M	AKING AN
103	<u>APPROPE</u>	RIATION.				

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill addresses the following items related to landlord and tenant rights in residential rental agreements:

• When a landlord removes or excludes a tenant from a dwelling without resorting to proper court procedures, it is an unfair or deceptive trade practice for the purposes of the

SENATE Amended 3rd Reading April 14, 2021

SENATE Amended 2nd Reading April 13, 2021

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. <u>Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.</u>

Capital letters or bold & italic numbers indicate new material to be added to existing statute.

Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.

- "Colorado Consumer Protection Act";
- After a complaint is filed by a landlord, the clerk of the court or the attorney for the plaintiff shall issue a summons, including information concerning filing an answer and legal aid. A court shall not enter a default writ of restitution before the close of business on the date upon which an appearance is due.
- Provides additional details regarding the defendant's answer, including that a defendant does not waive any defense related to proper notice by filing an answer; that the court shall set a date for trial no sooner than 7 days after the answer is filed, unless the defendant agrees to waive this provision and schedule the trial for an earlier date; and in the time after an answer is filed and before a trial occurs, the court shall order that the landlord provide any documentation related to the tenancy or the current action that the defendant requests;
- Repeals language requiring the defendant, in an appeal from a judgment of a county court, to deposit with the court the amount of rent found due;
- When a court has issued a writ of restitution in a residential forcible entry and wrongful detainer (FED) proceeding, a tenant may pay any rent that is still owed to the landlord at any point up to 48 hours after a court has ordered a writ of restitution;
- Eliminates the bond requirement for the warranty of habitability and allows the tenant to assert an alleged breach of the warranty of habitability as an affirmative defense:
- Establishes allowable court procedures and remedies in cases of an alleged breach of warranty of habitability;
- Bans liquidated damage clauses that assign a cost to a party stemming from a rental violation or an eviction action;
- Prohibits rental agreements that contain one-way fee-shifting clauses that award attorney fees and court costs only to one party; and
- Guarantees parties to a residential FED dispute the right to a trial by jury.

The bill prohibits a landlord of a mobile home park or a residential premises (landlord) from:

- Charging a tenant or mobile home owner (tenant) a late fee for late payment of rent unless the rent payment is late by at least 14 calendar days;
- Charging a tenant a late fee in an amount that exceeds the greater of:

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- \$20; or
- 2.5% of the amount of the rent obligation that remains past due;
- Requiring a tenant to pay a late fee unless the late fee is disclosed in the rental agreement;
- Removing, excluding, or initiating eviction procedures against a tenant solely as a result of the tenant's failure to pay one or more late fees;
- Terminating a tenancy or other estate at will or a lease in a mobile home park because the tenant fails to pay one or more late fees to the landlord;
- Imposing a late fee on a tenant for the late payment or nonpayment of any portion of the rent that a rent subsidy provider, rather than the tenant, is responsible for paying;
- Imposing a late fee more than once for each late payment;
- Requiring a tenant to pay interest on late fees;
- Recouping any amount of a late fee from a rent payment made by a tenant; or
- Charging a tenant a late fee unless the landlord provided the tenant written notice of the late fee within 180 days after the date upon which the rent payment was due.

A landlord who commits a violation must pay a \$20 penalty to an aggrieved tenant for each violation. Otherwise, a landlord who commits a violation has 7 days to cure the violation, which 7 days begins when the landlord receives notice of the violation. If a landlord fails to timely cure a violation, the tenant may bring a civil action to seek one or more of the following remedies:

- Compensatory damages for injury or loss suffered;
- A penalty of at least \$500 but not more than \$2,000 for each violation, payable to the tenant;
- Costs, including reasonable attorney fees if the tenant is the prevailing party; and
- Other equitable relief the court finds appropriate.

The attorney general may investigate and prosecute alleged violations. A violation that is not timely cured or that was committed by a landlord in bad faith is an unfair or deceptive trade practice for the purposes of the "Colorado Consumer Protection Act".

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

3 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-40-111, amend

4 (1); and **add** (5) and (6) as follows:

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13-40-111. Issuance and return of summons. (1) Upon filing
the complaint as provided REQUIRED in section 13-40-110, the clerk of the
court or the attorney for the plaintiff shall issue a summons. The
summons shall MUST command the defendant to appear before the court
at a place named in such THE summons and at a time and on a day which
shall be not less than seven days nor BUT NOT more than fourteen days
from the day of issuing the same to answer the complaint of plaintiff. A
COURT SHALL NOT ENTER A DEFAULT JUDGMENT FOR POSSESSION BEFORE
THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE DATE UPON WHICH AN APPEARANCE IS
DUE. The summons shall MUST also contain a statement addressed to the
defendant stating: "If you fail to file with the court, at or before the time
for appearance specified in the summons, an answer to the complaint
setting forth the grounds upon which you base your claim for possession
and denying or admitting all of the material allegations of the complaint,
judgment by default may be taken against you for the possession of the
property described in the complaint, for the rent, if any, due or to become
due, for present and future damages and costs, and for any other relief to
which the plaintiff is entitled." If you are claiming that the landlord's
failure to repair the residential premises is a defense to the landlord's
allegation of nonpayment of rent, the court will require you to pay into the
registry of the court, at the time of filing your answer, the rent due less
any expenses you have incurred based upon the landlord's failure to repair
the residential premises."

(5) A SUMMONS ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MUST ALSO CONTAIN A LIST OF AVAILABLE RESOURCES <u>WITH A WEBSITE LINK AND PHONE NUMBER FOR RESIDENTIAL TENANTS TO OBTAIN</u> CIVIL LEGAL AID AND RENTAL ASSISTANCE. THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS SHALL

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1	MAKE AVAILABLE AND KEEP CURRENT THE LIST OF RESOURCES
2	AVAILABLE. LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENTITIES MAY ALSO PROVIDE OR
3	SUPPLEMENT THE LIST OF <u>RESOURCES AND PROVIDE SUCH RESOURCES TO</u>
4	THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS FOR PUBLICATION ON ITS WEBSITE.
5	(6) A SUMMONS ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MUST ALSO
6	CONTAIN:
7	(a) A COPY OF $\underline{\underline{A}}$ BLANK ANSWER FORM REQUIRED PURSUANT TO
8	SECTION 13-40-113; AND
9	(b) A FORM THAT ALLOWS EITHER PARTY TO REQUEST ALL
10	DOCUMENTS IN THE LANDLORD'S <u>AND TENANT'S POSSESSION RELEVANT TO</u>
11	THE CURRENT ACTION.
12	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 13-40-113 as
13	follows:
14	13-40-113. Answer of defendant - additional and amended
14	15-40-115. Answer of detendant - additional and amended
15	pleadings. (1) The defendant shall file with the court, at or before the
15	pleadings. (1) The defendant shall file with the court, at or before the
15 16	pleadings. (1) The defendant shall file with the court, at or before the <u>time DAY</u> specified for his THE DEFENDANT'S appearance in the summons,
15 16 17	pleadings. (1) The defendant shall file with the court, at or before the <u>time DAY</u> specified for <u>his</u> THE DEFENDANT'S appearance in the summons, an answer in writing. <u>setting</u> THE DEFENDANT'S ANSWER MUST SET forth
15 16 17 18	pleadings. (1) The defendant shall file with the court, at or before the time-DAY specified for his THE DEFENDANT'S appearance in the summons, an answer in writing. setting THE DEFENDANT'S ANSWER MUST SET forth the grounds on which he THE DEFENDANT bases his THE DEFENDANT'S
15 16 17 18	pleadings. (1) The defendant shall file with the court, at or before the time DAY specified for his THE DEFENDANT'S appearance in the summons, an answer in writing. setting THE DEFENDANT'S ANSWER MUST SET forth the grounds on which he THE DEFENDANT bases his THE DEFENDANT'S claim for possession, and admitting or denying all of the material
15 16 17 18 19 20	pleadings. (1) The defendant shall file with the court, at or before the time DAY specified for his THE DEFENDANT'S appearance in the summons, an answer in writing. setting THE DEFENDANT'S ANSWER MUST SET forth the grounds on which he THE DEFENDANT bases his THE DEFENDANT'S claim for possession, and admitting or denying all of the material allegations of the complaint, and presenting every defense which then
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	pleadings. (1) The defendant shall file with the court, at or before the time DAY specified for his THE DEFENDANT'S appearance in the summons, an answer in writing. setting THE DEFENDANT'S ANSWER MUST SET forth the grounds on which he THE DEFENDANT bases his THE DEFENDANT'S claim for possession, and admitting or denying all of the material allegations of the complaint, and presenting every defense which then exists and upon which he THE DEFENDANT intends to rely, either by
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	pleadings. (1) The defendant shall file with the court, at or before the time DAY specified for his THE DEFENDANT'S appearance in the summons, an answer in writing. setting THE DEFENDANT'S ANSWER MUST SET forth the grounds on which he THE DEFENDANT bases his THE DEFENDANT'S claim for possession, and admitting or denying all of the material allegations of the complaint, and presenting every defense which then exists and upon which he THE DEFENDANT intends to rely, either by including the same in his THE DEFENDANT'S answer or by filing
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	pleadings. (1) The defendant shall file with the court, at or before the time DAY specified for his THE DEFENDANT'S appearance in the summons, an answer in writing. setting THE DEFENDANT'S ANSWER MUST SET forth the grounds on which he THE DEFENDANT bases his THE DEFENDANT'S claim for possession, and admitting or denying all of the material allegations of the complaint, and presenting every defense which then exists and upon which he THE DEFENDANT intends to rely, either by including the same in his THE DEFENDANT'S answer or by filing simultaneously therewith SIMULTANEOUSLY FILING motions setting forth
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	pleadings. (1) The defendant shall file with the court, at or before the time DAY specified for his THE DEFENDANT'S appearance in the summons, an answer in writing. setting THE DEFENDANT'S ANSWER MUST SET forth the grounds on which he THE DEFENDANT bases his THE DEFENDANT'S claim for possession, and admitting or denying all of the material allegations of the complaint, and presenting every defense which then exists and upon which he THE DEFENDANT intends to rely, either by including the same in his THE DEFENDANT'S answer or by filing simultaneously therewith SIMULTANEOUSLY FILING motions setting forth every such defense.

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l	(3) A DEFENDANT DOES NOT WAIVE ANY DEFENSE RELATED TO
2	PROPER NOTICE BY FILING AN ANSWER PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. $\underline{\underline{\mathbf{A}}}$
3	DEFENDANT CAN RAISE A DEFENSE RELATED TO PROPER NOTICE IN THE
4	DEFENDANT'S ANSWER OR BY FILING A MOTION PREHEARING. A
5	DEFENDANT CANNOT RAISE THIS DEFENSE FOR THE FIRST TIME AT THE
6	HEARING IF THE DEFENDANT FAILED TO RAISE IT IN THE DEFENDANT'S
7	ANSWER OR IN A PREHEARING MOTION.
8	(4) AFTER AN ANSWER IS PROVIDED TO THE COURT PURSUANT TO
9	THIS SECTION:
10	(a) THE COURT SHALL SET A DATE FOR TRIAL NO SOONER THAN
11	SEVEN, BUT NOT MORE THAN TEN, DAYS AFTER THE ANSWER IS FILED,
12	UNLESS THE DEFENDANT REQUESTS A WAIVER OF THIS REQUIREMENT IN
13	THE DEFENDANT'S ANSWER OR AFTER FILING AN ANSWER; EXCEPT THAT A
14	COURT MAY EXTEND BEYOND TEN DAYS IF EITHER PARTY DEMONSTRATES
15	GOOD CAUSE FOR AN EXTENSION OR IF THE COURT OTHERWISE FINDS
16	JUSTIFICATION FOR THE EXTENSION. THE REQUIREMENT SET FORTH IN THIS
17	SUBSECTION (4)(a) DOES NOT APPLY TO A FORCIBLE ENTRY AND DETAINER
18	PETITION THAT ALLEGES A SUBSTANTIAL VIOLATION, AS DEFINED IN
19	SECTION 13-40-107.5 (3), OR TERMINATES A TENANCY PURSUANT TO
20	<u>SECTION 38-12-203 (1)(f).</u>
21	(b) IN THE TIME AFTER AN ANSWER IS FILED AND BEFORE A TRIAL
22	OCCURS, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THAT THE LANDLORD OR TENANT
23	PROVIDE ANY DOCUMENTATION RELEVANT TO THE CURRENT ACTION THAT
24	EITHER PARTY REQUESTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-40-111 (6)(b).
25	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-40-115, amend
26	(2); and add (4) <u>and (5)</u> as follows:
27	13-40-115. Judgment - writ of restitution - right to trial by

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jury - cure period. (2) ___ Upon such A trial or further hearing under this article PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 40 after personal service is had HAS BEEN MADE upon the defendant in accordance with section 13-40-112 (1), if the court or jury has not already tried the issue of unlawful detainer, it may do so. and, if it IF THE COURT finds that the defendant has committed an unlawful detainer, the court shall enter judgment for the plaintiff to have restitution of the premises and shall issue a writ of restitution. In addition to such THE judgment for restitution, the court or jury shall further find the amount of rent, if any, due to the plaintiff from the defendant at the time of trial; the amount of damages, if any, sustained by the plaintiff to the time of the trial on account of the unlawful detention of the property by the defendant; and damages sustained by the plaintiff to the time of trial on account of injuries to the property. and judgment THE COURT shall enter JUDGMENT for such amounts, together with ANY reasonable attorney's ATTORNEY fees and costs upon which judgment execution shall issue as in other civil actions. Nothing in This section shall be construed to DOES NOT permit the entry of judgment in excess of the COURT'S jurisdictional limit. of the court.

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(4) A LANDLORD WHO PROVIDES A TENANT WITH PROPER NOTICE OF NONPAYMENT SHALL ACCEPT PAYMENT OF THE TENANT'S FULL PAYMENT OF ALL AMOUNTS DUE ACCORDING TO THE NOTICE, AS WELL AS ANY RENT THAT REMAINS DUE UNDER THE RENTAL AGREEMENT, AT ANY TIME UNTIL A JUDGE ISSUES A JUDGMENT FOR POSSESSION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OR (2) OF THIS SECTION. A TENANT MAY PAY THIS AMOUNT TO EITHER THE LANDLORD OR TO THE COURT. ONCE A COURT HAS CONFIRMATION THAT THE FULL AMOUNT HAS BEEN TIMELY PAID, THE

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1	COURT SHALL:
2	(a) VACATE ANY JUDGMENTS THAT HAVE BEEN ISSUED; AND
3	(b) DISMISS THE ACTION WITH PREJUDICE.
4	(5) The rights provided in subsection (4) of this section
5	MAY NOT BE WAIVED BY ANY WRITTEN AGREEMENT.
6	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-40-117, amend
7	(3) as follows:
8	13-40-117. Appeals. (3) If the appellee believes that he THE
9	APPELLEE may suffer serious economic harm during the pendency of the
10	appeal, he THE APPELLEE may petition the court taking the appeal to order
11	that an REQUIRE THE APPELLANT TO HAVE AN additional undertaking be
12	required of the appellant to cover the anticipated harm. The court shall
13	order such undertaking only after a hearing and upon a finding that the
14	appellee has shown a substantial likelihood of suffering such economic
15	harm during the pendency of the appeal and that he THE APPELLEE will not
16	BE adequately be protected under the appeals bond and the other
17	requirements for appeal pursuant to sections 13-40-118, 13-40-120 and
18	13-40-123.
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21	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 13-40-120 as
22	follows:
23	13-40-120. Appellate review. Appellate review of the judgment
24	of the district courts of this state, in proceedings under this article
25	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 40, is allowed as provided by law and the
26	Colorado appellate rules. In cases of appeal from judgments founded
27	upon causes of action embraced in section 13-40-104 (1)(d), the deposit

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1	of rent money during pendency of appeal shall be made, or judgment of
2	affirmance shall be entered, in the manner provided in section 13-40-118.
3	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-54-102, amend
4	(1)(r) as follows:
5	13-54-102. Property exempt - definitions - repeal. (1) The
6	following property is exempt from levy and sale under writ of attachment
7	or writ of execution:
8	(r) For purposes of garnishment proceedings pursuant to the
9	provisions of article 54.5 of this title TITLE 13, any amount held by a third
10	party as a security deposit, as defined in section 38-12-102 (2), C.R.S.
11	SECTION 38-12-102 (6), or any amount held by a third party as a utility
12	deposit to secure payment for utility goods or services used or consumed
13	by the debtor or his THE DEBTOR'S dependents;
14	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 38-12-101 as
15	follows:
16	38-12-101. Legislative declaration. The provisions of This part
17	1 shall be liberally construed to implement the intent of the general
18	assembly to insure ENSURE the proper administration of security deposits
19	AND LATE FEES and protect the interests of tenants, MOBILE HOME
20	OWNERS, and landlords.
21	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 38-12-102 as
22	follows:
23	38-12-102. Definitions. As used in this part 1, unless the context
24	otherwise requires:
25	
26	(1) "Home owner" has the meaning set forth in section
27	38-12-201.5 (2).

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1	(2) "LANDLORD" MEANS A LANDLORD, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
2	38-12-502 (5), OR THE MANAGEMENT OR LANDLORD OF A MOBILE HOME
3	PARK, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 38-12-201.5 (3).
4	(3) "Late fee" means a monetary sum that a landlord
5	CHARGES A TENANT OR HOME OWNER AS A RESULT OF THE TENANT'S OR
6	HOME OWNER'S FAILURE TO TIMELY PAY RENT AND THAT IS DETERMINED
7	PURSUANT TO A RENTAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE LANDLORD AND THE
8	TENANT OR HOME OWNER.
9	(1) (4) "Normal wear and tear" means that deterioration which
10	THAT occurs, based upon the use for which the A rental unit OR MOBILE
11	HOME SPACE, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 38-12-201.5(7), is intended, without
12	negligence, carelessness, accident, or abuse of the premises or equipment
13	or chattels by the tenant OR HOME OWNER or members of his THE
14	TENANT'S OR HOME OWNER'S household, or their invitees or guests.
15	(5) "RENT SUBSIDY PROVIDER" MEANS A PUBLIC OR PRIVATE
16	ENTITY, INCLUDING A PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY, THAT PROVIDES
17	ONGOING FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO A LANDLORD FOR THE PURPOSE OF
18	SUBSIDIZING RENT.
19	(2) (6) "Security deposit" means any advance or deposit of money,
20	regardless of its denomination, the primary function of which is to secure
21	the performance of a rental agreement for A residential premises or any
22	part thereof OF A RESIDENTIAL PREMISES.
23	(7) "TENANT" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN SECTION 38-12-502
24	(9).
25	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 38-12-105 as
26	follows:
27	38-12-105. Late fees charged to tenants and mobile home

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1	owners - maximum late fee amounts - prohibited acts - penalties -
2	period to cure violations - remedies - unfair or deceptive trade
3	practice. (1) A LANDLORD SHALL NOT TAKE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING
4	ACTIONS OR DIRECT ANY AGENT TO TAKE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS
5	ON THE LANDLORD'S BEHALF:
6	(a) Charge a tenant or home owner a late fee unless a
7	RENT PAYMENT IS LATE BY AT LEAST <u>SEVEN</u> CALENDAR <u>DAYS;</u>
8	(b) CHARGE A TENANT OR HOME OWNER A LATE FEE IN AN AMOUNT
9	THAT EXCEEDS THE GREATER OF:
10	(I) <u>Fifty</u> dollars; or
11	(II) $\underline{\underline{\text{FIVE}}}$ percent of the amount of the past due rent
12	PAYMENT;
13	(c) REQUIRE A TENANT OR HOME OWNER TO PAY A LATE FEE
14	UNLESS THE LATE FEE IS DISCLOSED IN THE RENTAL AGREEMENT;
15	(d) Remove or exclude a tenant from a dwelling or
16	INITIATE A COURT PROCESS FOR THE REMOVAL OR EXCLUSION OF A
17	TENANT FROM A DWELLING BECAUSE THE TENANT FAILS TO PAY ONE OR
18	MORE LATE FEES TO THE LANDLORD;
19	(e) TERMINATE A TENANCY OR OTHER ESTATE AT WILL OR A LEASE
20	IN A MOBILE HOME PARK BECAUSE A TENANT OR HOME OWNER FAILS TO
21	PAY ONE OR MORE LATE FEES TO THE LANDLORD;
22	(f) IMPOSE A LATE FEE ON A TENANT OR HOME OWNER FOR THE
23	LATE PAYMENT OR NONPAYMENT OF ANY PORTION OF THE RENT THAT A
24	RENT SUBSIDY PROVIDER, RATHER THAN THE TENANT OR HOME OWNER, IS
25	RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYING;
26	(g) Impose a late fee more than once for each late
27	PAYMENT, EXCEPT THAT A LANDLORD MAY IMPOSE A LATE FEE MORE THAN

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1	ONCE FOR A LATE PAYMENT IF THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF SUCH LATE FEES
2	DOES NOT EXCEED THE AMOUNT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF THIS
3	SECTION;
4	(h) REQUIRE A TENANT OR HOME OWNER TO PAY ANY AMOUNT OF
5	INTEREST ON A LATE FEE;
6	(i) RECOUP ANY AMOUNT OF A LATE FEE FROM A RENT PAYMENT
7	MADE TO THE LANDLORD BY A TENANT OR HOME OWNER; OR
8	(j) CHARGE A TENANT OR HOME OWNER A LATE FEE UNLESS THE
9	LANDLORD PROVIDED THE TENANT OR HOME OWNER WRITTEN NOTICE OF
10	THE LATE FEE WITHIN ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS AFTER THE DATE UPON
11	WHICH THE RENT PAYMENT WAS DUE.
12	(2) A PROVISION OF A LEASE OF A LANDLORD OR PERSON ACTING
13	ON BEHALF OF A LANDLORD THAT DOES NOT COMPLY WITH THE
14	PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION IS VOID AND
15	UNENFORCEABLE. A TENANT WHO IS AGGRIEVED BY AN ACTION TAKEN BY
16	A LANDLORD OR PERSON ACTING ON BEHALF OF THE LANDLORD IN
17	VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION MAY BRING AN ACTION
18	FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5) OF THIS SECTION.
19	(3) A LANDLORD WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION
20	SHALL PAY TO AN AGGRIEVED TENANT <u>OR HOME OWNER</u> A PENALTY IN THE
21	AMOUNT OF <u>FIFTY</u> DOLLARS FOR EACH VIOLATION.
22	(4) Except as described in subsection (3) of this section,
23	AND NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS SECTION TO THE
24	${\tt CONTRARY, A LANDLORD WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION}$
25	HAS SEVEN DAYS TO CURE THE VIOLATION, WHICH SEVEN DAYS BEGINS
26	WHEN THE LANDLORD RECEIVES WRITTEN OR ELECTRONIC NOTICE OF THE
27	VIOLATION.

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1	(5) If a Landlord violates subsection (1) of this section
2	AND FAILS TO TIMELY CURE THE VIOLATION AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
3	(4) OF THIS SECTION, A TENANT OR HOME OWNER MAY BRING A CIVIL
4	ACTION TO SEEK ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING REMEDIES:
5	(a) COMPENSATORY DAMAGES FOR INJURY OR LOSS SUFFERED;
6	(b) A PENALTY OF AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS BUT
7	NOT MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR EACH VIOLATION, PAYABLE
8	TO THE TENANT OR HOME OWNER;
9	(c) Costs, including reasonable attorney <u>fees to</u> the
10	PREVAILING PARTY; AND
11	(d) OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF THE COURT FINDS APPROPRIATE.
12	(6) A TENANT OR HOME OWNER MAY RAISE AN ALLEGED
13	VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION AS AN AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE IN A FORCIBLE
14	ENTRY AND DETAINER PROCEEDING.
15	
16	(7) A LATE FEE IS DISTINCT FROM RENT, AND A RENTAL
17	AGREEMENT MAY NOT CLASSIFY A LATE FEE AS RENT FOR THE PURPOSES
18	OF SECTION 13-40-104 (1)(d).
19	
20	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-201.5,
21	amend the introductory portion, (1)(d), and (1)(e); and add (1)(f) and
22	(2.5) as follows:
23	38-12-201.5. Definitions. As used in this part 2 and in part 11 of
24	this title 38 ARTICLE 12, unless the context otherwise requires:
25	(1) "Entry fee" means any fee paid to or received from an owner
26	of a mobile home park or an agent thereof except for:
27	(d) Utilities; and

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1	(e) Incidental reasonable charges for services actually performed
2	by the mobile home park owner or the home MOBILE HOME PARK owner's
3	agent and agreed to in writing by the home owner; AND
4	(f) Late fees.
5	(2.5) "LATE FEE" HAS THE MEANING SET FORTH IN SECTION
6	38-12-102 (3).
7	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-213, amend
8	(1) introductory portion, (1)(c), (1)(e), and (1)(f) as follows:
9	38-12-213. Rental agreement - disclosure of terms in writing.
10	(1) The MANAGEMENT SHALL ADEQUATELY DISCLOSE THE terms and
11	conditions of a tenancy must be adequately disclosed in writing in a rental
12	agreement by the management to any prospective home owner prior to
13	BEFORE the rental or occupancy of a mobile home space or lot. Said THE
14	disclosures shall MUST include:
15	(c) The day when unpaid rent shall be IS considered in default FOR
16	THE PURPOSE OF ESTABLISHING A LATE FEE, WHICH DAY MAY NOT BE LESS
17	THAN $\underline{\text{TEN}}$ CALENDAR DAYS AFTER THE DAY RENT IS DUE AND PAYABLE;
18	(e) The name and mailing address where a manager's decision can
19	be appealed; AND
20	(f) All charges to the home owner other than rent, INCLUDING
21	LATE FEES.
22	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 38-12-220
23	as follows:
24	38-12-220. Private civil right of action. Any A home owner who
25	owns a home in a mobile home park where the landlord has violated any
26	provision of this article shall have ARTICLE 12 HAS a private civil right of
27	action against the landlord. In any such action, EXCEPT AS DESCRIBED IN

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1	SECTION 38-12-105 (4), the home owner shall be IS entitled to actual
2	economic damages and reasonable attorney fees and costs if the home
3	owner is successful in the action.
4	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-507, amend
5	(1)(c) and (1)(d); and add (1)(d.5) as follows:
6	38-12-507. Breach of warranty of habitability - tenant's
7	remedies. (1) If there is a breach of the warranty of habitability as set
8	forth in section 38-12-503 (2):
9	(c) (I) In an action for possession OR COLLECTION based upon
10	nonpayment of rent, in which the tenant asserts a defense to possession
11	based upon the landlord's alleged breach of the warranty of habitability,
12	upon the filing of the tenant's answer the court shall order the tenant to
13	pay into the registry of the court all or part of the rent accrued after due
14	consideration of expenses already incurred by the tenant based upon the
15	landlord's breach of the warranty of habitability. THE TENANT MAY
16	ASSERT, AS AN AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE, AN ALLEGED BREACH OF THE
17	WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY, PROVIDED THAT THE LANDLORD OR ANY
18	AGENT ACTING ON BEHALF OF THE LANDLORD HAS PREVIOUSLY RECEIVED
19	WRITTEN OR ELECTRONIC NOTICE OF AN ALLEGED BREACH OF THE
20	WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY. $\underline{\text{If a county, district, or appeals court}}$
21	IS SATISFIED THAT THE DEFENDANT IS UNABLE TO DEPOSIT THE AMOUNT
22	OF RENT SPECIFIED BECAUSE THE DEFENDANT IS FOUND TO BE INDIGENT
23	<u>PURSUANT TO</u> SUBSECTION (1)(c)(II) OF THIS SECTION, <u>UPON A FINDING OF</u>
24	INDIGENCY AND THE FILING OF THE PROPER FILING OF A WARRANTY OF
25	HABITABILITY CLAIM DOCUMENTS, THE CLAIM WILL BE PERFECTED.
26	(II) A DEFENDANT IS INDIGENT FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION
2.7	IF THE DEFENDANT HAS A NET INCOME THAT IS:

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1	(A) FIVE TIMES OR LESS THE ANNUAL RENTAL OF THE DEFENDANT'S
2	PREMISES, AFTER ALLOWING ALL EXEMPTIONS AVAILABLE TO FAMILIES
3	OCCUPYING DWELLINGS IN LOW-RENT HOUSING AUTHORIZED UNDER THE
4	ACT OF THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES KNOWN AS THE "UNITED
5	STATES HOUSING ACT OF 1937", AS AMENDED. FOR THE PURPOSE OF
6	MAKING AN INDIGENT DETERMINATION IN COMPUTING THE ANNUAL
7	RENTAL, THERE MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE CALCULATION THE AVERAGE
8	ANNUAL COST TO THE DEFENDANT, AS DETERMINED BY THE COURT, OF
9	HEAT, WATER, ELECTRICITY, GAS, AND OTHER NECESSARY SERVICES OR
10	FACILITIES, WHETHER OR NOT THE CHARGE FOR SUCH SERVICES AND
11	FACILITIES IS IN FACT INCLUDED IN THE RENTAL; OR
12	(B) Less than two hundred fifty percent of the federal
13	POVERTY LINE; EXCEPT THAT, FOR PURPOSES OF CALCULATION, A
14	DEFENDANT'S ASSETS MUST NOT BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.
15	(d) Whether asserted as a claim, or counterclaim, OR AN
16	AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE, a tenant may recover damages directly arising
17	from a breach of the warranty of habitability, which may include, but are
18	not limited to, any reduction in the fair rental value of the dwelling unit,
19	in any court of competent jurisdiction.
20	(d.5) The court shall determine the reduction of the
21	PREMISE'S RENTAL VALUE IN ITS UNINHABITABLE STATE TO THE DATE OF
22	TRIAL AND SHALL DENY POSSESSION TO THE LANDLORD AND DEEM THE
23	TENANT TO BE THE PREVAILING PARTY, CONDITIONED UPON THE PAYMENT
24	OF THE RENT THAT HAS ACCRUED TO THE DATE OF THE TRIAL, AS
25	ADJUSTED PURSUANT TO THE REDUCTION IN THE RENTAL VALUE CAUSED
26	BY THE BREACH OF THE WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY. THE TENANT SHALL
27	MAKE THIS PAYMENT TO EITHER THE COURT OR THE LANDLORD WITHIN

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1	FOURTEEN DAYS FROM THE DATE OF THE COURT'S JUDGMENT. THE COURT
2	MAY ORDER THE LANDLORD TO MAKE REPAIRS AND CORRECT THE
3	CONDITIONS THAT CONSTITUTE A BREACH OF THE LANDLORD'S
4	OBLIGATIONS, SHALL ORDER THAT THE MONTHLY RENT BE LIMITED TO THE
5	PREMISE'S REASONABLE RENTAL VALUE, AS DETERMINED PURSUANT TO
6	THIS SECTION, UNTIL REPAIRS ARE COMPLETED, AND SHALL AWARD THE
7	TENANT COSTS AND ATTORNEY FEES IF PROVIDED BY AND PURSUANT TO
8	ANY STATUTE OR THE CONTRACT OF THE PARTIES. IF THE COURT ORDERS
9	REPAIRS OR CORRECTIONS, OR BOTH, PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE
10	COURT'S JURISDICTION CONTINUES OVER THE MATTER FOR THE PURPOSE
11	OF ENSURING COMPLIANCE. THE COURT SHALL AWARD POSSESSION OF THE
12	PREMISES TO THE LANDLORD IF THE TENANT FAILS TO PAY ALL REDUCED
13	RENT OBLIGATIONS ACCRUED TO THE DATE OF TRIAL WITHIN THE PERIOD
14	PRESCRIBED BY THE COURT PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION $(1)(d.5)$.
15	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 38-12-510
16	as follows:
17	38-12-510. Unlawful removal or exclusion. (1) It shall be IS
18	unlawful for a landlord to remove or exclude a tenant from a dwelling
19	unit without resorting to court process, unless the removal or exclusion
20	is consistent with the provisions of article 18.5 of title 25 C.R.S., and the
21	rules promulgated by the state board of health for the cleanup of an illegal
22	drug laboratory; or is with the mutual consent of the landlord and tenant;
23	or unless the dwelling unit has been abandoned by the tenant, as
24	evidenced by the return of keys, the substantial removal of the tenant's
25	personal property, notice by the tenant, or the extended absence of the
26	tenant while rent remains unpaid, any of which would cause a reasonable

person to believe the tenant had permanently surrendered possession of

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1	the dwelling unit. Such Unlawful removal or exclusion includes the
2	willful termination of utilities or the willful removal of doors, windows,
3	or locks to the premises other than as required for repair or maintenance.
4	If the landlord willfully and unlawfully removes the tenant from the
5	premises or willfully and unlawfully causes the termination of heat,
6	running water, hot water, electric, gas, or other essential services, the
7	tenant may seek any remedy available under the law, including this part
8	5.
9	(2) A TENANT AFFECTED BY ANY VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION MAY
10	BRING A CIVIL ACTION TO RESTRAIN FURTHER VIOLATIONS AND TO
11	RECOVER DAMAGES, COSTS, AND REASONABLE ATTORNEY FEES. IN THE
12	CASE OF A VIOLATION, THE TENANT MUST BE AWARDED STATUTORY
13	DAMAGES EQUAL TO THE TENANT'S ACTUAL DAMAGES AND THE HIGHER
14	AMOUNT OF EITHER THREE TIMES THE MONTHLY RENT OR FIVE THOUSAND
15	DOLLARS, AS WELL AS ANY OTHER <u>DAMAGES</u> , <u>ATTORNEY FEES</u> , AND COSTS
16	THAT MAY BE OWED.
17	(3) A COURT MAY ALSO ORDER THAT POSSESSION BE RESTORED TO
18	A TENANT WHO WAS AFFECTED BY A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION.
19	
20	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-12-801, add (3)
21	as follows:
22	38-12-801. Written rental agreement - prohibited clauses -
23	copy - tenant. (3) A WRITTEN RENTAL AGREEMENT MUST NOT INCLUDE:
24	(a) AN UNREASONABLE LIQUIDATED DAMAGES CLAUSE THAT
25	ASSIGNS A COST TO A PARTY STEMMING FROM AN EVICTION NOTICE OR AN
26	EVICTION ACTION FROM A VIOLATION OF THE RENTAL AGREEMENT; OR
27	(b) A ONE-WAY, FEE-SHIFTING CLAUSE THAT AWARDS ATTORNEY

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1	FEES AND COURT COSTS ONLY TO ONE PARTY. ANY FEE-SHIFTING CLAUSE
2	CONTAINED IN A RENTAL AGREEMENT MUST AWARD ATTORNEY FEES TO
3	THE PREVAILING PARTY IN A COURT DISPUTE CONCERNING THE RENTAL
4	AGREEMENT, RESIDENTIAL PREMISES, OR DWELLING UNIT.
5	(c) Any clause in violation of subsection $(3)(a)$ or $(3)(b)$ of
6	THIS SECTION IS NULL AND VOID AND UNENFORCEABLE.
7	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-34-501, amend
8	(2) as follows:
9	24-34-501. Definitions. As used in this part 5, unless the context
10	otherwise requires:
11	(2) "Housing" means any building, structure, vacant land, or part
12	thereof offered for sale, lease, rent, or transfer of ownership. except that
13	"housing" does not include any room offered for rent or lease in a
14	single-family dwelling maintained and occupied in part by the owner or
15	lessee of said dwelling as his household.
16	SECTION 17. Appropriation. For the 2021-22 state fiscal year,
17	\$21,339 is appropriated to the judicial department. This appropriation is
18	from the general fund and is based on an assumption that the department
19	will require an additional 0.3 FTE. To implement this act, the department
20	may use this appropriation for trial court programs.
21	SECTION 18. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
22	takes effect October 1, 2021; except that, if a referendum petition is filed
23	pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this
24	act or an item, section, or part of this act within the ninety-day period
25	after final adjournment of the general assembly, then the act, item,
26	section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the
27	general election to be held in November 2022 and, in such case, will take

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- 1 effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the
- 2 governor.

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