

FINAL FISCAL NOTE

Date: July 16, 2019

Drafting Number: LLS 19-0606

Bill Status: Postponed Indefinitely Sen. Sonnenberg **Prime Sponsors:**

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TRANSFER OF GOCO MONEY TO STATE ED FUND **Bill Topic:**

Summary of □ State Revenue □ TABOR Refund

 State Expenditure (conditional) □ Local Government (conditional) **Fiscal Impact:** ☑ Statutory Public Entity (conditional)

The referred measure amends the constitution to permit the General Assembly to

transfer by law net lottery proceeds to the State Education Fund.

Appropriation Summary:

No appropriation is required.

Fiscal Note Status:

This fiscal note reflects the introduced concurrent resolution. The resolution was not enacted into law; therefore, the impacts identified in this analysis do not take effect.

Table 1 State Fiscal Impacts Under SCR 19-001

		FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	
Revenue		-	-	
Expenditures	State Education Fund	up to \$33.8 million	up to \$135.2 million	
Transfers	Net Lottery Proceeds State Education Fund	(up to \$33.8 million) up to \$33.8 million	(up to \$135.2 million) up to \$135.2 million	
TABOR	General Fund	-	-	

Summary of Legislation

The concurrent resolution refers a measure to the voters at the 2020 general election to amend the constitution to permit the General Assembly to transfer available lottery proceeds to the State Education Fund beginning in FY 2020-21.

Background

Colorado State Lottery. The state constitution dedicates lottery proceeds to projects that preserve, protect, and enhance the state's wildlife, parks, rivers, trails, and open spaces. Fifty percent of lottery proceeds, subject to an annual cap that increases annually by inflation, funds Great Outdoors Colorado (GOCO). After paying administrative costs, GOCO allocates the remaining proceeds in grants to local governments and other entities. The amount exceeding the annual cap is transferred to the Public School Capital Construction Assistance Fund for the Building Excellent Schools Today (BEST) program.

Forty percent of lottery proceeds partially fund the Conservation Trust Fund (CTF), administered by the Department of Local Affairs (DOLA), and the remaining ten percent of lottery proceeds partially fund projects in Colorado Parks and Wildlife in the Department of Natural Resources (DNR).

Table 2 displays lottery proceeds and distributions under current law.

Table 2 Lottery Proceed Distributions FY 2013-14 - FY 2017-18

		40 %	10 %	50 %	GoCo Cap Overage
Fiscal Year	Total	DOLA	DNR	GoCo	BEST
2013-2014	\$130,113,508	\$52,045,403	\$13,011,351	\$60,321,412	\$4,735,342
2014-2015	\$127,980,868	\$51,192,347	\$12,798,087	\$61,992,978	\$1,997,456
2015-2016	\$143,570,004	\$57,428,001	\$14,356,999	\$63,714,505	\$8,070,499
2016-2017	\$133,474,981	\$53,389,992	\$13,347,498	\$64,463,929	\$2,273,562
2017-2018	\$140,736,802	\$56,294,721	\$14,073,680	\$66,250,998	\$4,117,403
Average	\$135,175,233	\$54,070,093	\$13,517,523	\$63,348,764	\$4,238,852

State Education Fund. Section 17 of Article IX of the Constitution (Amendment 23) requires the state to increase the base per-pupil funding, and funding for categorical programs by at least the rate of inflation. It establishes the State Education Fund, which receives an amount equal to 1/3 of 1 percent of taxable income to help fund the requirements of Amendment 23, and to fund other education programs.

State Transfers or Diversions

If approved by voters, the resolution permits the state legislature to transfer all or a portion of the net lottery proceeds from the Great Outdoors Colorado Trust Fund to the State Education Fund. Based on an average of proceeds over the past five years, the Trust Fund is anticipated to receive approximately \$135.2 million in lottery proceeds annually; however, since the measure will take effect in January of 2020 and may only transfer net proceeds from the third quarter of FY 2020-21 (April - June 2021), minus any money required to pay bonds issued by the trust fund, the first year transfer impact is estimated at \$33.8 million, or one quarter of net lottery proceeds. This fiscal note assumes that a statute to transfer lottery proceeds could pass during the 2020 legislative session for implementation in FY 2020-21.

State Expenditures

Beginning in FY 2020-21, if approved by voters, and if acted upon by the General Assembly, this resolution transfers expenditures from existing distributions to public education as described below.

Department of Education. The measure potentially increases available money for public education by up to \$33.8 million in FY 2020-21, and up to \$135.2 million in FY 2021-22 and subsequent years. Increasing the amount of available money in the Sate Education Fund could increase available money for K12 categorical school programs, for special projects in education, or to fund a larger percentage of School Finance, requiring less money from the General Fund. The resolution may also result in decreased expenditures for public school capitol construction from the BEST program.

Department of Local Affairs. The measure potentially decreases expenditures in the Conservation Trust Fund (CTF) in the Department of Local Affairs (DOLA) by up to \$13.5 million in FY 2020-21, and by up to \$54.1 million in FY 2021-22 and subsequent years. DOLA distributes CTF funds quarterly on a per capita basis to over 470 eligible local governments and special districts that provide park and recreation services. CTF funds can be used by local governments for the acquisition, development, and maintenance of new conservation sites or for capital improvements or maintenance for recreational purposes on any public site. If future lottery proceeds are transferred to the State Education Fund, the amount available for distribution to local governments will be reduced or eliminated.

Department of Natural Resources. The measure potentially decreases expenditures in the DNR by up to \$3.4 million in FY 2020-21, and by up to \$13.5 million in FY 2021-22 and subsequent years. Lottery proceeds diverted to the State Education Fund will result in funding for state parks being scaled back or eliminated entirely.

Election expenditure impact — **existing appropriations.** The concurrent resolution refers a measure that will appear before voters at the November 2020 general election. While no additional appropriation is required in this bill, certain election costs are incurred by the state when ballot measures are referred to voters. These costs, paid using existing appropriations, are in two areas. First, current law requires the state to reimburse counties for costs incurred conducting a ballot measure election, paid from the Department of State Cash Fund in the Secretary of State's Office, estimated at \$3.2 million in FY 2019-20. Second, the text and title of the measure must be published in one legal newspaper per county and an analysis of the measure must be included in the Ballot Information Booklet mailed to all registered voter households, paid from the Ballot

Analysis Revolving Fund in the Legislative Department, which is estimated to cost \$920,000 in FY 2019-20. Publication costs increase by approximately \$115,000 per measure beyond this base amount for each additional referred or initiated measures placed on the ballot.

Local Government, Statutory Public Entity, and School District Impact

Beginning in FY 2020-21, if approved by voters, and if acted upon by the General Assembly, this resolution impacts the expenditures of local governments including school districts, and of Great Outdoor Colorado, as described below.

Conservation Trust Fund (CTF). Under the constitution, 40 percent of proceeds from lottery games is transferred to the CTF to be formulaically distributed to local governments. If the General Assembly diverts all or a portion of lottery proceeds, some or all of this funding will not be available for local governments. Local governments also use CTF to match funds for projects approved for GOCO Competitive Grants (see below).

GOCO Competitive Grants. The constitution requires GOCO to allocate some of its proceeds to competitive grants to local governments or other entities to acquire, develop, or manage open lands and parks. Typically, GOCO provides 48 percent of a project's funding to these entities. Rather than carry a sufficient cash balance to provide funding assistance at the completion of a project, GOCO awards grants ahead of receipt of proceeds. This measure potentially transfers up to \$15.8 million in FY 2020-21, and up to \$63.3 million in FY 2021-22 and subsequent years. This in turn reduces the amount of grant funding available from GOCO to local governments

School District Impact. Increased money in the State Education Fund may be used to support K12 programs and operating expenses of school districts.

Effective Date

This concurrent resolution was postponed indefinitely by the Senate State, Veterans and Military Affairs Committee on February 25, 2019.

State and Local Government Contacts

Education Information Technology Local Affairs Natural Resources Revenue Treasury