

Colorado Legislative Council Staff

HB16-1381

FINAL FISCAL NOTE

FISCAL IMPACT:
☐ State ☐ Local ☐ Statutory Public Entity ☐ Conditional ☐ No Fiscal Impact

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BILL TOPIC: HEALTH CARE COVERAGE FOR CANCER SCREENING

Fiscal Impact Summary	FY 2016-2017	FY 2017-2018
State Revenue		
State Expenditures	Potential increase.	
Appropriation Required: None.		
Future Year Impacts: Ongoing potential expenditure increase.		

NOTE: This bill was not enacted into law; therefore, the impacts identified in this analysis do not take effect.

Summary of Legislation

Current law requires that health insurance plans provide coverage for one mammography screening per year as part of the mandatory coverage requirement for preventative health services. This bill modifies this screening requirement to specify that one screening per year must be provided using the breast imaging modality appropriate for each individual's health needs as determined by the person's physician or radiologist. The bill defines "breast cancer screening" as an any noninvasive imaging modality, or combination of modalities, as recommended by the American College of Radiology and considered as an acceptable standard of care for the early detection of breast cancer. Breast cancer screening under this standard may include a clinical exam or follow-up imaging, as recommended by the American College of Radiology, in the event of an incomplete screening result.

State Expenditures

The bill potentially increases costs to the state for various health care plans paid for by state agencies (i.e., state employee insurance and certain managed care plans under Medicaid and the Children's Basic Health Plan, CHP+). To the extent these plans do not offer coverage for breast cancer screening in line with the recommendations of the American College of Radiology, or that the recommendation changes over time to include additional or more expensive screening modalities, health care payments through these plans could increase, which could ultimately affect premiums paid by the state.

Given that there are many factors affecting insurance premiums, any impact to the cost of state employee health insurance or managed care plans under Medicaid and CHP+ is assumed to be minimal. The Division of Insurance in the Department of Regulatory Agencies can incorporate the changes under the bill as part of its regular rate and form review process for insurance plans.

Local Government Impact

Similar to the state impact listed above, the bill potentially affects costs for local governments that pay for employee health insurance. Any impact is assumed to be minimal.

Effective Date

The bill was postponed indefinitely by the Senate State, Veterans, and Military Affairs Committee on May 2, 2016.

State and Local Government Contacts

Counties Health Care Policy and Financing Information Technology

Personnel Regulatory Agencies