First Regular Session Seventy-fifth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 25-0384.01 Shelby Ross x4510

HOUSE BILL 25-1192

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Hartsook and Bacon,

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Bridges and Frizell,

House Committees

Senate Committees

Education Appropriations

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

01	CONCERNING FINANCIAL LITERACY REQUIREMENTS AS A CONDITION
02	OF HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS, AND, IN
03	CONNECTION THEREWITH, MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Current law encourages each school district board of education or charter school to adopt successful completion of a course in financial literacy as a graduation requirement. The bill requires successful completion of a course in financial literacy as a condition of high school graduation.

The bill requires submission of a free application for federal student aid or a Colorado application for state financial aid as a condition of high school graduation unless an exception applies.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 3 finds and declares that: 4 (a) Ensuring all Colorado high school students complete a 5 dedicated course in financial literacy before graduation is essential to 6 preparing students for modern adulthood; 7 (b) In collaboration with educators, administrators, policymakers, 8 and community leaders, the Colorado department of education has 9 developed rigorous state personal financial literacy standards and has 10 made robust resources available to advance high-quality instruction in this 11 vital subject area; 12 (c) Research confirms that required standalone financial literacy 13 courses taught in the eleventh or twelfth grade deliver the greatest impact 14 by empowering students with comprehensive financial management skills 15 at a time when they are most ready to apply the skills. Local education 16 providers have broad discretion to determine the method of implementing 17 a financial literacy course, the curriculum and materials used for teaching 18 a financial literacy course, the licensing and certification requirements for 19 teaching a financial literacy course, and existing local graduation requirements a financial literacy course may fulfill. 20 21 (d) Research shows that education and training culminating in 22 credentials such as industry certificates, trade school certificates, 23 apprenticeships, associate degrees, and bachelor degrees, among other 24 business and industry-based experiences, are necessary to earn a living;

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(e) Completion of the federal or state financial aid applications is a key component to understanding how additional education beyond high school can be financially supported. Additionally, completion of the federal or state financial aid applications, especially while students are still in high school, supports access to different career pathway options because financial aid is often the vehicle students use to pay for tuition, fees, equipment, and other expenses associated with additional training beyond high school.

- (f) Understanding how to access career-aligned resources and supports is integral to the way students and families navigate training and educational resources, which is why the free application for federal student aid is a critical component of the state's financial literacy quality standards. Financial literacy education and Colorado's individual career and academic plan can help families understand how to obtain federal or state financial aid to support students in pursuing additional education and career training.
- (g) In 2023, through the federal "FAFSA Simplification Act", the free application for federal student aid was simplified, reducing the number of questions from 100 to 30 and reducing the financial information needed on the application;
- (h) In 2024, the Colorado general assembly passed the Colorado promise tax credit, which makes students who attend public institutions and have a family income of \$90,000 or less eligible for a complete reimbursement of any out-of-pocket tuition and fees paid for the student's education; however, students must fill out a federal or state financial aid application in order to qualify for the tax credit; and
 - (i) Colorado students can magnify the impact of state investments

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1	in higher education by accessing federal money to pursue postsecondary
2	education and by earning credentials to enhance the student's
3	income-earning potential. It is estimated that Colorado students who
4	complete federal and state financial aid applications can leverage more
5	than \$30 million in resources.
6	(2) Therefore, the general assembly declares it is essential to
7	ensure that prior to graduation, Colorado high school students:
8	(a) Complete a course in financial literacy; and
9	(b) Understand and practice using federal and state financial aid
10	applications if students intend to seek postsecondary education
11	credentials.
12	
13	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 22-1-104.9 as
	C 11
14	follows:
14 15	22-1-104.9. Teaching of financial literacy - repeal.
15	22-1-104.9. Teaching of financial literacy - repeal.
15 16	22-1-104.9. Teaching of financial literacy - repeal. (1) (a) Satisfactory completion of a course on financial
15 16 17	22-1-104.9. Teaching of financial literacy - repeal. (1) (a) Satisfactory completion of a course on financial literacy, as defined in section 22-32-135, which incorporates the
15 16 17 18	22-1-104.9. Teaching of financial literacy - repeal. (1) (a) Satisfactory completion of a course on financial literacy, as defined in section 22-32-135, which incorporates the standards on financial literacy developed by the state board of
15 16 17 18	22-1-104.9. Teaching of financial literacy - repeal. (1) (a) Satisfactory completion of a course on financial literacy, as defined in section 22-32-135, which incorporates the standards on financial literacy developed by the state board of education pursuant to section 22-7-1005 (2.8), is a condition of
15 16 17 18 19 20	22-1-104.9. Teaching of financial literacy - repeal. (1) (a) Satisfactory completion of a course on financial literacy, as defined in Section 22-32-135, which incorporates the Standards on Financial Literacy developed by the State Board of Education pursuant to Section 22-7-1005 (2.8), is a condition of High School graduation in the Public Schools of this State.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	22-1-104.9. Teaching of financial literacy - repeal. (1) (a) Satisfactory completion of a course on financial literacy, as defined in section 22-32-135, which incorporates the standards on financial literacy developed by the state board of education pursuant to section 22-7-1005 (2.8), is a condition of high school graduation in the public schools of this state. (b) School districts and charter schools shall teach a
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	22-1-104.9. Teaching of financial literacy - repeal. (1) (a) Satisfactory completion of a course on financial literacy, as defined in section 22-32-135, which incorporates the standards on financial literacy developed by the state board of education pursuant to section 22-7-1005 (2.8), is a condition of high school graduation in the public schools of this state. (b) School districts and charter schools shall teach a course on financial literacy in the ninth, tenth, eleventh, or
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	22-1-104.9. Teaching of financial literacy - repeal. (1) (a) Satisfactory completion of a course on financial literacy, as defined in section 22-32-135, which incorporates the standards on financial literacy developed by the state board of education pursuant to section 22-7-1005 (2.8), is a condition of high school graduation in the public schools of this state. (b) School districts and charter schools shall teach a course on financial literacy in the ninth, tenth, eleventh, or twelfth grade but are encouraged to teach the course in the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	22-1-104.9. Teaching of financial literacy - repeal. (1) (a) Satisfactory completion of a course on financial literacy, as defined in section 22-32-135, which incorporates the standards on financial literacy developed by the state board of education pursuant to section 22-7-1005 (2.8), is a condition of high school graduation in the public schools of this state. (b) School districts and charter schools shall teach a course on financial literacy in the ninth, tenth, eleventh, or twelfth grade but are encouraged to teach the course in the eleventh or twelfth grade.

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1	PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-2-127, OR ANY OTHER ALTERNATIVE PROGRAMS
2	OR MATERIALS. ANY PROGRAMS OR MATERIALS USED IN TEACHING A
3	COURSE ON FINANCIAL LITERACY MUST REPRESENT BEST PRACTICES AND
4	BE DEVELOPED USING INPUT FROM EXPERTS IN THE AREA OF PERSONAL
5	FINANCES.
6	(3) This section applies to students in ninth grade on or
7	AFTER SEPTEMBER 1, 2026.
8	(4) (a) (I) For the 2025-26 state fiscal year, the general
9	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE MONEY FROM THE GENERAL FUND TO THE
10	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION FOR DISTRIBUTION TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS TO
11	SUPPORT IMPLEMENTATION OF:
12	(A) A FINANCIAL LITERACY COURSE REQUIRED TO BE TAUGHT
13	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION; AND
14	(B) THE INDIVIDUAL CAREER AND ACADEMIC PLAN REQUIREMENTS
15	DESCRIBED IN SECTION $22-2-136$ (2)(d).
16	(II) THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION SHALL DISTRIBUTE MONEY
17	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION $(4)(a)(I)$ OF THIS SECTION TO SCHOOL
18	DISTRICTS THAT DO NOT CURRENTLY OFFER A FINANCIAL LITERACY
19	COURSE BASED ON A FORMULA DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF
20	EDUCATION. THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION MAY DETERMINE
21	ELIGIBILITY FOR FUNDING PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (4)(a) BASED ON
22	ATTESTATIONS FROM SCHOOL DISTRICTS.
23	(III) ANY UNEXPENDED MONEY REMAINING AT THE END OF THE
24	2025-26 STATE FISCAL YEAR FROM THIS APPROPRIATION:
25	(A) Does not revert to the general fund or any other
26	FUND;
27	(B) MAY BE USED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION IN THE

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I	2026-27 OR 2027-28 STATE FISCAL YEARS WITHOUT FURTHER
2	APPROPRIATION; AND
3	(C) Must not be used for any purpose other than the
4	PURPOSES SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION.
5	(b) THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION MAY SEEK, ACCEPT, AND
6	EXPEND GIFTS, GRANTS, OR DONATIONS FROM PRIVATE OR PUBLIC SOURCES
7	FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUPPORTING EDUCATORS IN IMPLEMENTING A
8	FINANCIAL LITERACY COURSE PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS
9	SECTION.
10	(c) This subsection (4) is repealed, effective July 1, 2028.
11	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-2-136, amend
12	(2)(b) and (2)(c); and add (2)(d) as follows:
13	22-2-136. Additional duty - state board - individual career and
14	academic plans - standards - rules. (2) In establishing the standards for
15	individual career and academic plans, the state board shall ensure, at a
16	minimum, that:
17	(b) Each individual career and academic plan is accessible to
18	educators, students, and parents; and
19	(c) Each public school, in assisting students and parents in
20	creating and maintaining the individual career and academic plans, is in
21	compliance with the requirements of the federal "Family Educational
22	Rights and Privacy Act of 1974", 20 U.S.C. sec. 1232g; AND
23	(d) (I) BEGINNING WITH THE 2027-28 SCHOOL YEAR, EACH
24	INDIVIDUAL CAREER AND ACADEMIC PLAN INCLUDES A REQUIREMENT
25	THAT, DURING THE STUDENT'S GRADUATION YEAR, THE STUDENT HAS
26	EXPOSURE TO FEDERAL FINANCIAL AID ELIGIBILITY TOOLS AND
27	STATE-RASED NET PRICE CALCULATORS AND FILLS OUT A FREE

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1	APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID OR THE $\overline{ extbf{C}}$ OLORADO APPLICATION
2	FOR STATE FINANCIAL AID.
3	(II) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (2)(d)(I) OF THIS SECTION, A
4	STUDENT IS NOT REQUIRED TO FILL OUT A FREE APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL
5	STUDENT AID OR THE COLORADO APPLICATION FOR STATE FINANCIAL AID
6	IF:
7	(A) THE STUDENT AFFIRMATIVELY DECLINES TO FILL OUT THE
8	APPLICATION; OR
9	(B) AUTHORIZED SCHOOL PERSONNEL DETERMINES IT IS NOT
10	FEASIBLE FOR THE STUDENT TO FILL OUT AN APPLICATION.
11	(III) IF A STUDENT HAS NOT FILLED OUT THE APPLICATION OR
12	AFFIRMATIVELY DECLINED TO FILL OUT THE APPLICATION PURSUANT TO
13	SUBSECTION $(2)(d)(II)(A)$ of this section by $May 1$ of the applicable
14	SCHOOL YEAR, THE PUBLIC SCHOOL MUST INDICATE ON THE STUDENT'S
15	INDIVIDUAL CAREER AND ACADEMIC PLAN THAT THE STUDENT HAS
16	DECLINED TO FILL OUT AN APPLICATION.
17	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-32-135, amend
18	(4) as follows:
19	22-32-135. Financial literacy curriculum - definition.
20	(4) PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-1-104.9, each school district board of
21	education is further encouraged REQUIRED to adopt successful
22	SATISFACTORY completion of a course in financial literacy as a graduation
23	requirement.
24	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 23-3.3-106, add (5.5)
25	as follows:
26	23-3.3-106. Technology to support FAFSA and CASFA -
2.7	definitions. (5.5) ANY MONEY APPROPRIATED TO THE DEPARTMENT FOR

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1	THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS SECTION MAY BE USED FOR MAINTENANCE
2	OF THE WEB-BASED FINANCIAL AID COMPLETION TOOL.
3	SECTION 6. Appropriation. (1) For the 2025-26 state fiscal
4	year, \$9,611 is appropriated to the department of higher education for use
5	by the Colorado commission on higher education and higher education
6	special purpose programs. This appropriation is from the general fund
7	and is based on an assumption that the division will require an additional
8	0.1 FTE. To implement this act, the division may use this appropriation
9	for administration.
10	(2) For the 2025-26 state fiscal year, \$210,389 is appropriated to
11	the department of education for use by student pathways. This
12	appropriation is from the general fund. To implement this act, the division
13	may use this appropriation for support to local education providers for
14	student financial literacy initiatives.
15	SECTION 7. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
16	takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the
17	ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly; except
18	that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V
19	of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this
20	act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take
21	effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
22	November 2026 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the
23	official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

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