Second Regular Session Seventieth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 16-0066.03 Debbie Haskins x2045

SENATE BILL 16-150

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

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Judiciary

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING MARRIAGES BY INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE PARTIES TO A
102	CIVIL UNION, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, PROHIBITING
103	MARRIAGES IN CIRCUMSTANCES IN WHICH ONE OF THE PARTIES
104	IS ALREADY IN A CIVIL UNION WITH ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL,
105	ADDRESSING THE LEGAL EFFECT OF PARTIES TO A CIVIL UNION
106	MARRYING EACH OTHER, CLARIFYING THE DISSOLUTION
107	PROCESS WHEN PARTIES TO A CIVIL UNION MARRY, AND
108	AMENDING THE BIGAMY STATUTE TO INCLUDE PARTIES TO A
109	CIVIL UNION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries.)

The bill addresses issues that have arisen in Colorado regarding marriages by individuals who are in a civil union or who entered or who will enter into a civil union after the passage of the bill.

The bill amends the statute on prohibited marriages to disallow a marriage entered into prior to the dissolution of an earlier civil union of one of the parties, except a currently valid civil union between the same 2 parties. The executive director of the department of public health and environment is directed to revise the marriage license application to include questions regarding prior civil unions.

The bill states that the "Colorado Civil Union Act" (act) does not affect a marriage legally entered into in another jurisdiction between 2 individuals who are the same sex. The bill states that a civil union license and a civil union certificate do not constitute evidence of the parties' intent to create a common law marriage.

Two parties who have entered into a civil union may subsequently enter into a legally recognized marriage with each other by obtaining a marriage license from a county clerk and recorder in the state and by having the marriage solemnized and registered as a marriage with a county clerk and recorder. The bill states that the effect of marrying in that circumstance is to merge the civil union into a marriage by operation of law

A separate dissolution of a civil union is not required when a civil union is merged into a marriage by operation of law. If one or both of the parties to the marriage subsequently desire to dissolve the marriage, legally separate, or have the marriage declared invalid, one or both of the parties must file proceedings in accordance with the procedures specified in the "Uniform Dissolution of Marriage Act". Any dissolution, legal separation, or declaration of invalidity of the marriage must be in accordance with the "Uniform Dissolution of Marriage Act". If a civil union is merged into a marriage by operation of law, any calculation of the duration of the marriage includes the time period during which the parties were in a civil union.

The criminal statute on bigamy is amended, effective July 1, 2016, to include a person who, while married, marries, enters into a civil union, or cohabits in the state with another person not his her spouse and to include a person who, while still legally in a civil union, marries, enters into a civil union, or cohabits in the state with another person not his or her civil union partner.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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1	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 14-2-105, amend (1)
2	introductory portion; and add (1) (b.5) as follows:
3	14-2-105. Marriage license and marriage certificate. (1) The
4	executive director of the department of public health and environment
5	shall prescribe the form for an application for a marriage license, which
6	shall MUST include the following information:
7	(b.5) If either party has previously been a partner in a
8	CIVIL UNION AND, IF SO, THE NAME OF THE OTHER PARTNER IN THE CIVIL
9	UNION, WHETHER THE CIVIL UNION WAS MERGED INTO A MARRIAGE BY
10	OPERATION OF LAW PURSUANT TO SECTION 14-15-118.5, OR THE DATE,
11	PLACE, AND COURT IN WHICH THE CIVIL UNION WAS DISSOLVED OR
12	DECLARED INVALID, OR THE DATE AND PLACE OF DEATH OF THE FORMER
13	PARTNER IN THE CIVIL UNION;
14	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 14-2-110, add (1)
15	(a.5) as follows:
16	14-2-110. Prohibited marriages. (1) The following marriages
17	are prohibited:
18	(a.5) A MARRIAGE ENTERED INTO PRIOR TO THE DISSOLUTION OF
19	AN EARLIER CIVIL UNION OF ONE OF THE PARTIES, EXCEPT A CURRENTLY
20	VALID CIVIL UNION BETWEEN THE SAME TWO PARTIES;
21	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 14-10-106.7 as
22	follows:
23	14-10-106.7. Dissolution when parties to a civil union marry
24	- duration of the marriage. (1) PARTIES WHO HAVE ENTERED INTO A
25	CIVIL UNION PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 15 OF THIS TITLE AND WHO
26	SUBSEQUENTLY HAD THEIR CIVIL UNION MERGED INTO A MARRIAGE BY
27	OPERATION OF LAW AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 14-15-118.5 NEED NOT

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1	DISSOLVE THEIR CIVIL UNION. IF ONE OR BOTH OF THE PARTIES TO THE
2	MARRIAGE SUBSEQUENTLY DESIRE TO DISSOLVE THE MARRIAGE, LEGALLY
3	SEPARATE, OR HAVE THE MARRIAGE DECLARED INVALID, ONE OR BOTH OF
4	THE PARTIES MUST FILE A PETITION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
5	PROCEDURES SPECIFIED IN THIS ARTICLE.
6	(2) If a civil union was merged into a marriage by
7	OPERATION OF LAW, ANY CALCULATION OF THE DURATION OF THE
8	MARRIAGE INCLUDES THE TIME PERIOD DURING WHICH THE PARTIES WERE
9	IN A CIVIL UNION.
10	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 14-10-114, amend
11	(8) (b) as follows:
12	14-10-114. Spousal maintenance - guidelines - legislative
13	declaration - definitions. (8) Definitions. As used in this section, unless
14	the context otherwise requires:
15	(b) "Duration of marriage" means the number of whole months,
16	beginning from the first day of the month following the date of the
17	parties' marriage until the date of decree or the date of the hearing on
18	disposition of property if such hearing precedes the date of the decree. IF
19	A CIVIL UNION WAS MERGED INTO A MARRIAGE BY OPERATION OF LAW AS
20	PROVIDED IN SECTION 14-15-118.5, "DURATION OF MARRIAGE" INCLUDES
21	THE TIME PERIOD DURING WHICH THE PARTIES WERE IN A CIVIL UNION.
22	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 14-15-109, add (3)
23	as follows:
24	14-15-109. Civil union license and certificate. (3) A CIVIL
25	UNION LICENSE AND A CIVIL UNION CERTIFICATE DO NOT CONSTITUTE
26	EVIDENCE OF THE PARTIES' INTENT TO CREATE A COMMON LAW MARRIAGE.
27	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 14-15-116, amend

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1	(1) as follows:
2	14-15-116. Reciprocity - principle of comity. (1) A relationship
3	between two persons that does not comply with section 31 of article II of
4	the state constitution but that was THIS ARTICLE DOES NOT AFFECT A
5	MARRIAGE legally entered into in another jurisdiction is deemed in
6	Colorado to be a civil union as set forth in this article BETWEEN TWO
7	INDIVIDUALS OF THE SAME SEX.
8	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 14-15-118.5 as
9	follows:
10	14-15-118.5. Construction - effect of parties to a civil union
11	marrying - marriage by operation of law - dissolution when parties
12	to a civil union marry - duration of the marriage. (1) PARTIES WHO
13	HAVE ENTERED INTO A CIVIL UNION PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE MAY
14	SUBSEQUENTLY ENTER INTO A MARRIAGE WITH EACH OTHER BY
15	OBTAINING A MARRIAGE LICENSE FROM A COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER
16	IN THE STATE AND BY HAVING THE MARRIAGE SOLEMNIZED AND
17	REGISTERED WITH A COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER AS PROVIDED BY
18	COLORADO LAW. AFTER THE SOLEMNIZATION OF THE MARRIAGE AND
19	UPON THE REGISTRATION OF THE MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE WITH THE
20	COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER, THE PARTIES' CIVIL UNION TERMINATES
21	AND IS MERGED INTO THE MARRIAGE BY OPERATION OF LAW AS OF THE
22	DATE OF THE SOLEMNIZATION.
23	(2) PARTIES WHO HAVE ENTERED INTO A CIVIL UNION PURSUANT
24	TO THIS ARTICLE AND WHO SUBSEQUENTLY MARRY AND HAVE THEIR CIVIL
25	UNION MERGED INTO A MARRIAGE BY OPERATION OF LAW AS PROVIDED IN

SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION NEED NOT DISSOLVE THEIR CIVIL UNION.

IF ONE OR BOTH OF THE PARTIES TO THE MARRIAGE SUBSEQUENTLY DESIRE

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1	TO DISSOLVE THE MARRIAGE, LEGALLY SEPARATE, OR HAVE THE
2	MARRIAGE DECLARED INVALID, ONE OR BOTH OF THE PARTIES MUST FILE
3	A PETITION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROCEDURES SPECIFIED IN ARTICLE
4	10 of this title. Any dissolution, legal separation, or
5	DECLARATION OF INVALIDITY OF THE MARRIAGE MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE
6	WITH THE PROCEDURES SPECIFIED IN ARTICLE $10\mathrm{OF}$ This title.
7	(3) If a civil union was merged into a marriage by
8	OPERATION OF LAW, ANY CALCULATION OF THE DURATION OF THE
9	MARRIAGE INCLUDES THE TIME PERIOD DURING WHICH THE PARTIES WERE
10	IN A CIVIL UNION.
11	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 18-6-201 as
12	follows:
13	18-6-201. Bigamy. (1) Any married person who, while still
14	married, marries, ENTERS INTO A CIVIL UNION, or cohabits in this state
15	with another PERSON commits bigamy, unless as an affirmative defense
16	it appears that at the time of the cohabitation, or subsequent marriage, OR
17	SUBSEQUENT CIVIL UNION:
18	(a) The accused reasonably believed the prior spouse to be dead;
19	or
20	(b) The prior spouse had been continually absent for a period of
21	five years during which time the accused did not know the prior spouse
22	to be alive; or
23	(c) The accused reasonably believed that he OR SHE was legally
24	eligible to remarry OR LEGALLY ELIGIBLE TO ENTER INTO A CIVIL UNION.
25	(1.5) ANY PERSON WHO IS A PARTNER IN A CIVIL UNION, WHILE
26	STILL LEGALLY IN A CIVIL UNION, WHO MARRIES, ENTERS INTO ANOTHER
27	CIVIL LINION OR COHARITS IN THE STATE WITH ANOTHER PERSON OTHER

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1	THAN A CURRENT PARTNER IN A CIVIL UNION, COMMITS BIGAMY, UNLESS
2	AS AN AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE IT APPEARS THAT AT THE TIME OF THE
3	COHABITATION OR SUBSEQUENT MARRIAGE OR SUBSEQUENT CIVIL UNION:
4	(a) THE ACCUSED REASONABLY BELIEVED THE PRIOR PARTNER TO
5	BE DEAD; OR
6	(b) THE PRIOR PARTNER HAD BEEN CONTINUALLY ABSENT FOR A
7	PERIOD OF FIVE YEARS DURING WHICH TIME THE ACCUSED DID NOT KNOW
8	THE PRIOR PARTNER TO BE ALIVE; OR
9	(c) THE ACCUSED REASONABLY BELIEVED THAT HE OR SHE WAS
10	LEGALLY ELIGIBLE TO MARRY OR LEGALLY ELIGIBLE TO ENTER INTO A
11	CIVIL UNION.
12	(2) Bigamy is a class 6 felony.
13	SECTION 9. Effective date - applicability. This act takes effect
14	upon passage; except that section 8 of this act takes effect July 1, 2016,
15	and applies to offenses committed on or after said date.
16	SECTION 10. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
17	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
18	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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