First Regular Session Seventy-fifth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 25-0897.01 Jason Gelender x4330

HOUSE BILL 25-1303

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Boesenecker and Lukens,

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Roberts and Winter F.,

House Committees

Senate Committees

Transportation, Housing & Local Government

	A BILL FOR AN ACT
101	CONCERNING THE CREATION OF AN ENTERPRISE IN THE DEPARTMENT
102	OF TRANSPORTATION TO PROVIDE FUNDING FOR
103	TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENTS THAT LOWER
104	AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE COSTS BY REDUCING THE NUMBER OF
105	COLLISIONS THAT INVOLVE A MOTOR VEHICLE.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Section 1 of the bill creates the crash prevention enterprise (enterprise) in the department of transportation (CDOT) for the purpose

of lowering automobile insurance costs by providing funding for transportation system infrastructure improvements and other data-driven strategies that reduce the number of collisions that involve a motor vehicle, particularly collisions between a motor vehicle and a vulnerable road user or wildlife (eligible projects). Beginning January 1, 2026, the enterprise is authorized to impose a crash prevention fee (fee) of up to a specified maximum amount on the policyholder of each automobile insurance policy issued in the state on a per-policy basis. Each insurer that issues an automobile insurance policy must collect the fee from the policyholder and pay the fee to the enterprise.

The specified maximum amount of the fee adjusts annually on July 1, 2027, and on each July 1 thereafter for inflation, as measured by the rolling 5-year average of the national highway construction cost index published by the federal highway administration in the United States department of transportation. Fee revenue is credited to a newly created crash prevention enterprise fund (fund) and continuously appropriated to the enterprise.

The enterprise is authorized to expend 80% of its available revenue to issue grants to eligible entities, which are local governments, state or federally recognized tribal entities, public entities that are not part of the state, and private entities, for eligible projects that reduce motor vehicle collisions with vulnerable road users, as defined by the bill, and 20% of its available revenue to fund eligible projects that reduce motor vehicle collisions with wildlife.

Section 2 authorizes the division of insurance in the department of regulatory agencies, upon receiving notice from the enterprise of an insurer's failure to collect the fee from its automobile insurance policyholders and pay the fee to the enterprise, to institute an enforcement proceeding and seek specified civil penalties from the insurer.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **add** part 16 to article 3 4 of title 43 as follows: 4 **PART 16** 5 CRASH PREVENTION ENTERPRISE 6 **43-4-1601.** Legislative declaration. (1) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 7 FINDS AND DECLARES THAT: 8 (a) INCREASING AFFORDABILITY FOR COLORADANS AND

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1	ADVANCING THE SAFETY OF THE TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM OF COLORADO
2	IS OF PARAMOUNT IMPORTANCE;
3	(b) COLLISIONS THAT RESULT IN ROADWAY FATALITIES, SERIOUS
4	INJURIES, AND PROPERTY DAMAGE CONTRIBUTE TO RISING INSURANCE
5	COSTS. NATIONWIDE, AUTO INSURANCE AVERAGE RATES HAVE INCREASED
6	EVERY YEAR SINCE 2010. THE NUMBER AND SEVERITY OF COLLISIONS
7	HAVE ALSO INCREASED, LEADING TO MORE INSURANCE CLAIMS AS WELL
8	AS MORE EXPENSIVE INSURANCE CLAIMS.
9	(c) THE NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION
10	ESTIMATES THAT MOTOR VEHICLE CRASHES COST AMERICAN SOCIETY
11	THREE HUNDRED FORTY BILLION DOLLARS IN 2019, WITH INSURANCE
12	ADMINISTRATION COSTS MAKING UP NINE PERCENT OF THIS AMOUNT.
13	POLICYHOLDERS NOT DIRECTLY INVOLVED IN CRASHES PAY FOR ROUGHLY
14	THREE-QUARTERS OF ALL CRASH COSTS, INCLUDING THROUGH INSURANCE
15	PREMIUMS. EACH FATAL CRASH TYPICALLY COST TEN MILLION DOLLARS
16	IN MEDICAL CARE, WORK LOSS, HOUSEHOLD PRODUCTIVITY, INSURANCE
17	ADMINISTRATION, AND LEGAL COSTS.
18	(d) Pedestrian crashes caused seventeen billion six
19	$\label{eq:hundred} \mbox{ HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS IN ECONOMIC COSTS IN 2019, AND BICYCLIST }$
20	CRASHES CAUSED FIVE BILLION SIX HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS IN
21	ECONOMIC COSTS. THE DEPARTMENT REPORTED THAT PEDESTRIAN
22	FATALITIES IN COLORADO HAD INCREASED BY SEVENTY-SEVEN PERCENT
23	Between 2018 and 2023 and by one hundred sixty-one percent in
24	THE LAST DECADE. BECAUSE PEDESTRIANS AND BICYCLISTS ARE MORE
25	VULNERABLE IN THE EVENT OF A CRASH, COLLISIONS CAN RESULT IN MORE
26	SEVERE INJURIES AND FREQUENT FATALITIES, WHICH RAISE INSURANCE
27	COSTS.

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1	(e) The insurance company State Farm estimates that
2	BETWEEN 2020 and 2021 , over one million one hundred thousand
3	INSURANCE CLAIMS RELATED TO COLLISIONS BETWEEN MOTOR VEHICLES
4	AND WILDLIFE WERE FILED IN THE UNITED STATES. THE NW INSURANCE
5	COUNCIL ESTIMATES THAT THE AVERAGE INSURANCE CLAIM FOR A
6	WILDLIFE COLLISION IS FOUR THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED THIRTY-FIVE
7	DOLLARS AND SIXTY-NINE CENTS. ACCORDING TO THE COLORADO
8	WILDLIFE AND TRANSPORTATION ALLIANCE, SIXTY-SIX MILLION THREE
9	HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS IS SPENT ANNUALLY ON MEDICAL
10	EXPENSES RELATED TO LARGE WILDLIFE COLLISIONS.
11	(f) ACCORDINGLY, IT IS IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE STATE AND
12	ALL COLORADANS TO REDUCE COLLISIONS THAT ARE COSTLY TO THE
13	STATE AND CONTRIBUTE TO RISING AUTO INSURANCE PREMIUMS.

- (2) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FURTHER FINDS AND DECLARES THAT:
- (a) REDUCING THE NUMBER OF COLLISIONS BETWEEN MOTOR VEHICLES, PARTICULARLY MOTOR VEHICLES THAT ENCLOSE OCCUPANTS, AND UNENCLOSED VULNERABLE ROAD USERS AND WILDLIFE WOULD REDUCE EXPENSIVE INSURANCE CLAIMS AND IMPROVE TRANSPORTATION SAFETY;

(b) IN ADDITION TO CAUSING FATALITIES AND INJURIES TO VULNERABLE ROAD USERS AND OCCUPANTS OF MOTOR VEHICLES, SUCH COLLISIONS CAUSE SUBSTANTIAL ECONOMIC LOSSES, INCLUDING PROPERTY DAMAGE AND DIRECT COSTS OF EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND MEDICAL TREATMENT, AND OTHER ECONOMIC LOSSES SUCH AS MEDIUM-TERM, LONG-TERM, AND PERMANENT IMPAIRMENT FROM INJURIES, LOST WORK TIME, INCREASED AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE RATES FOR MOTOR VEHICLE OWNERS, AND THE VALUE OF WILDLIFE STRUCK AND IMPACTS TO THE

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1	HUNTING AND RECREATION ECONOMIES THAT WILDLIFE SUPPORTS;
2	(c) A NATIONAL COMPLETE STREETS COALITION ANALYSIS FOUND
3	THAT THE SAFER CONDITIONS CREATED BY A SELECTION OF COMPLETE
4	STREETS PROJECTS AVOIDED A TOTAL OF EIGHTEEN MILLION ONE HUNDRED
5	THOUSAND DOLLARS IN COLLISION AND INJURY COSTS IN ONE YEAR ALONE.
6	THE SAME COALITION FOUND THAT WHEN WEST JEFFERSON, NORTH
7	CAROLINA, INVESTED THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS IN A
8	COMPLETE STREETS PROJECT, IT SAVED MORE THAN TWO MILLION SEVEN
9	HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS IN HEALTH-CARE COSTS IN THE FIRST YEAR
10	ALONE. SMART GROWTH AMERICA HAS ALSO ESTIMATED THAT EVERY
11	DOLLAR INVESTED INTO ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION SAVES TWENTY-FOUR
12	DOLLARS IN AVERTED MEDICAL COSTS.
13	(d) ACCORDINGLY, IT IS IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE STATE AND
14	ALL COLORADANS TO GENERATE ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR ELIGIBLE
15	PROJECTS, INCLUDING BOTH TARGETED TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM
16	INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS AND OTHER DATA-DRIVEN STRATEGIES
17	THAT WILL REDUCE THE NUMBER OF COLLISIONS BETWEEN MOTOR
18	VEHICLES AND VULNERABLE ROAD USERS.
19	(3) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FURTHER FINDS AND DECLARES THAT:
20	(a) THE DEPARTMENT MAINTAINS OVER TWENTY-THREE THOUSAND
21	MILES OF HIGHWAY, AND, DUE TO DAILY AND SEASONAL MOVEMENT OF
22	WILDLIFE, NEARLY FOUR THOUSAND MOTOR VEHICLE COLLISIONS
23	INVOLVING WILDLIFE IN THE STATE ARE ANNUALLY REPORTED TO LAW
24	ENFORCEMENT. THAT NUMBER IS LIKELY A SIGNIFICANT UNDERCOUNT, AS,
25	FOR EXAMPLE, THE DEPARTMENT ANNUALLY MOVES AN AVERAGE OF FIVE
26	THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED ANIMALS KILLED IN SUCH COLLISIONS OFF THE
27	ROADWAY.

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(b) THE DIVISION OF PARKS AND WILDLIFE ESTIMATES THAT TWO PERCENT OF COLORADO'S MULE DEER DOES ARE KILLED BY COLLISIONS BETWEEN MOTOR VEHICLES AND WILDLIFE EVERY YEAR, BASED ON COLLARED MULE DEER STUDIES, AND THIS IS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN THE TOTAL NUMBER OF SUCH ANIMALS HARVESTED EACH YEAR THROUGH HUNTING, WITHOUT THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL BENEFITS THAT HUNTING PROVIDES;

- (c) WILDLIFE CROSSING STRUCTURES BUILT WITHIN IMPORTANT WILDLIFE CORRIDORS INCREASE PUBLIC SAFETY AND ARE HIGHLY EFFECTIVE AT REDUCING WILDLIFE-VEHICLE COLLISIONS AND THE COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THOSE COLLISIONS. FOR EXAMPLE, THE 2016 COLORADO STATE HIGHWAY 9 MITIGATION PROJECT REDUCED COLLISIONS BETWEEN MOTOR VEHICLES AND WILDLIFE BY NINETY-TWO PERCENT BY FIVE YEARS AFTER ITS CONSTRUCTION.
- (d) There are currently sixty-four successful wildlife crossing projects across Colorado. Still, the state, through the governor's office, the department, the department of natural resources, and other entities, has identified many more priority areas in need of mitigation measures that lack the necessary funding to advance through design and construction.
- (e) IN ADDITION TO CAUSING INJURIES AND FATALITIES TO HUMANS, SUCH COLLISIONS ARE ESTIMATED TO COST AT LEAST EIGHTY MILLION DOLLARS ANNUALLY IN THE STATE IN PROPERTY DAMAGE AND DIRECT COSTS OF EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND MEDICAL TREATMENT, AND THIS AMOUNT DOES NOT INCLUDE OTHER ECONOMIC LOSSES SUCH AS MEDIUM-TERM, LONG-TERM, AND PERMANENT IMPAIRMENT FROM INJURIES, LOST WORK TIME, INCREASED AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE RATES

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1	FOR MOTOR VEHICLE OWNERS, OR IMPACTS ON THE HEALTH OF WILDLIFE
2	POPULATIONS; AND
3	(f) ACCORDINGLY, IT IS IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE STATE AND
4	ALL COLORADANS TO GENERATE ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR ELIGIBLE
5	PROJECTS, INCLUDING BOTH TARGETED TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM
6	INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS AND OTHER DATA-DRIVEN STRATEGIES
7	THAT WILL REDUCE THE NUMBER OF COLLISIONS BETWEEN MOTOR
8	VEHICLES AND WILDLIFE WHILE FACILITATING WILDLIFE MIGRATION AND
9	MOVEMENT.
10	(4) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FURTHER FINDS AND DECLARES THAT:
11	(a) It is necessary, appropriate, and in the best interest of
12	THE STATE AND ALL COLORADANS TO REDUCE COLLISIONS AND IMPROVE
13	TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BY CREATING THE CRASH PREVENTION
14	ENTERPRISE AS A GOVERNMENT-OWNED BUSINESS WITHIN THE
15	DEPARTMENT AND AUTHORIZING THE ENTERPRISE TO IMPOSE FEES ON
16	AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICIES ISSUED IN THE STATE THAT ARE
17	REASONABLY CALCULATED BASED ON THE BENEFITS OF A SAFER
18	TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM THAT THE ENTERPRISE PROVIDES TO ALL FEE
19	PAYERS, INCLUDING THE SPECIFIC BENEFIT OF REDUCED AUTOMOBILE
20	INSURANCE RATES, AND USE THE FEE REVENUE IN FURTHERANCE OF ITS
21	BUSINESS PURPOSE OF PROVIDING FUNDING FOR TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM
22	INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS AND OTHER DATA-DRIVEN STRATEGIES
23	THAT REDUCE THE NUMBER OF COLLISIONS THAT INVOLVE MOTOR
24	VEHICLES AND VULNERABLE ROAD USERS OR WILDLIFE WHILE
25	FACILITATING WILDLIFE MIGRATION AND MOVEMENT;
26	(b) The enterprise provides benefits to all fee payers
27	BECAUSE IT PROVIDES DEDICATED FUNDING FOR TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM

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1	INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS AND DATA-DRIVEN STRATEGIES THAT
2	REDUCE THE NUMBER OF COLLISIONS BETWEEN MOTOR VEHICLES AND
3	VULNERABLE ROAD USERS OR WILDLIFE WHILE FACILITATING WILDLIFE
4	MIGRATION AND MOVEMENT, AND, THEREFORE, IT:
5	(I) MAKES IT LESS LIKELY THAT ANY GIVEN FEE PAYER'S MOTOR
6	VEHICLE WILL BE INVOLVED IN SUCH A COLLISION, WHICH:
7	(A) REDUCES THE RISKS THAT THE FEE PAYER OR OTHER
8	OPERATOR OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE OR A PASSENGER IN THE MOTOR
9	VEHICLE WILL BE KILLED OR INJURED OR THAT THE MOTOR VEHICLE OR
10	PROPERTY IN OR ATTACHED TO THE MOTOR VEHICLE WILL BE DAMAGED IN
11	SUCH A COLLISION;
12	(B) REDUCES THE RISKS THAT THE OWNER OR OPERATOR OF THE
13	MOTOR VEHICLE WILL BE LEGALLY LIABLE FOR THE DEATH OF OR INJURY
14	TO SUCH AN OPERATOR OR PASSENGER OR THE DEATH OF OR INJURY TO A
15	VULNERABLE ROAD USER OR FOR DAMAGE TO THEIR PROPERTY; AND
16	(C) REDUCES THE NUMBER OF INSURANCE CLAIMS, WHICH SHOULD,
17	IN TURN, LOWER THE COST OF MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE; AND
18	(II) MAKES IT LESS LIKELY THAT A VULNERABLE ROAD USER, WHO
19	IN MANY CASES IS ALSO A FEE PAYER, WILL BE KILLED OR SERIOUSLY
20	INJURED IN SUCH AN ACCIDENT;
21	(c) IN ADDITION TO THE DIRECT BENEFITS THAT IT PROVIDES TO FEE
22	PAYERS, THE ENTERPRISE ALSO PROVIDES IMPACT REMEDIATION SERVICES
23	WHEN, IN EXCHANGE FOR THE PAYMENT OF FEES THAT IT IMPOSES ON
24	AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICIES, IT MAKES THE TRANSPORTATION
25	SYSTEM SAFER SPECIFICALLY FOR VULNERABLE ROAD USERS AND WILDLIFE
26	AND MORE GENERALLY FOR ALL ROAD USERS;
27	(d) As stated by the Colorado court of appeals in <i>TABOR</i>

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- 1 FOUNDATION V. COLORADO BRIDGE ENTERPRISE, 353 P.3D 896, 904 (COLO.
- APP. 2014), "THE TERM 'BUSINESS' IS GENERALLY UNDERSTOOD TO MEAN
- 3 AN ACTIVITY THAT IS CONDUCTED IN THE PURSUIT OF BENEFIT, GAIN, OR
- 4 LIVELIHOOD. AN ENTITY THAT GENERATES REVENUE BY COLLECTING FEES
- 5 FROM SERVICE USERS IS A BUSINESS."
- 6 (e) Consistent with the determination of the Colorado
- 7 SUPREME COURT IN NICHOLL V. E-470 PUBLIC HIGHWAY AUTHORITY, 896
- 8 P.2d 859 (Colo. 1995), That the power to impose taxes is
- 9 INCONSISTENT WITH ENTERPRISE STATUS UNDER SECTION 20 OF ARTICLE
- 10 X OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION, IT IS THE CONCLUSION OF THE GENERAL
- 11 ASSEMBLY THAT THE REVENUE COLLECTED BY THE ENTERPRISE IS
- GENERATED BY FEES, NOT TAXES, BECAUSE THE FEES IMPOSED BY THE
- 13 ENTERPRISE ON INSURERS THAT ISSUE AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICIES
- 14 AS AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 43-4-1603 ARE:
- 15 (I) IMPOSED FOR THE SPECIFIC PURPOSES OF PROVIDING DIRECT
- 16 AND INDIRECT BENEFITS TO FEE PAYERS AND ALLOWING THE ENTERPRISE
- 17 TO DEFRAY THE COSTS OF PROVIDING THE REMEDIATION SERVICES
- 18 SPECIFIED IN THIS SECTION, SPECIFICALLY THE FUNDING OF
- 19 TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS AND OTHER
- 20 DATA-DRIVEN STRATEGIES THAT ARE DESIGNED TO MITIGATE THE HARM
- 21 TO VULNERABLE ROAD USERS AND REDUCE COLLISIONS WITH WILDLIFE
- 22 THAT ARE CAUSED BY THE OPERATION OF THE MOTOR VEHICLES INSURED
- 23 BY THE AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICIES ON WHICH THE FEES ARE
- 24 ASSESSED, AND CONTRIBUTE TO THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
- 25 COMPREHENSIVE REGULATORY SCHEME REQUIRED FOR THE PLANNING,
- 26 FUNDING, DEVELOPMENT, CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, AND
- 27 SUPERVISION OF A SUSTAINABLE AND SAFE TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM;

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1	AND
2	(II) COLLECTED AT RATES THAT ARE REASONABLY CALCULATED
3	BASED ON THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT BENEFITS PROVIDED TO AND IMPACTS
4	CAUSED BY FEE PAYERS AND THE COSTS OF PROVIDING THOSE BENEFITS
5	AND REMEDIATING THOSE IMPACTS; AND
6	(f) SO LONG AS THE ENTERPRISE QUALIFIES AS AN ENTERPRISE FOR
7	purposes of section 20of article X of the state constitution, the
8	REVENUE FROM THE FEES IMPOSED ON INSURERS THAT ISSUE AUTOMOBILE
9	INSURANCE POLICIES AND COLLECTED BY THE ENTERPRISE IS NOT STATE
10	FISCAL YEAR SPENDING, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 24-77-102 (17), OR STATE
11	REVENUES, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 24-77-103.6 (6)(c), AND DOES NOT
12	COUNT AGAINST EITHER THE STATE FISCAL YEAR SPENDING LIMIT IMPOSED
13	By section 20of article X of the state constitution or the excess
14	STATE REVENUES CAP, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 24-77-103.6 (6)(b)(I).
15	43-4-1602. Definitions. As used in this part 16, unless the
16	CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
17	(1) "ALLIANCE" MEANS THE COLORADO WILDLIFE AND
18	TRANSPORTATION ALLIANCE ESTABLISHED IN 2018 AS A STATEWIDE
19	PARTNERSHIP THAT INCLUDES REPRESENTATIVES OF THE DEPARTMENT,
20	THE DIVISION OF PARKS AND WILDLIFE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL
21	RESOURCES CREATED IN SECTION 33-9-104 (1), TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS,
22	FEDERAL AGENCIES, AND NONGOVERNMENTAL PARTNERS REPRESENTING
23	ACADEMIA, NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS, AND BIOLOGICAL AND
24	ENGINEERING PROFESSIONALS.
25	(2) "AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICY" MEANS BOTH A "POLICY",
26	AS DEFINED IN SECTION 10-4-601 (10), AND ANY OTHER CONTRACT OF
27	INSURANCE ISSUED IN THE STATE THAT PROVIDES ONE OR MORE OF THE

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1	SAME COVERAGES THAT A POLICY FOR A MOTOR VEHICLE, AS DEFINED IN
2	SECTION 10-4-601 (6), PROVIDES.
3	(3) "BOARD" MEANS THE GOVERNING BOARD OF THE ENTERPRISE.
4	(4) "COMMISSION" MEANS THE TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION
5	CREATED IN SECTION 43-1-106.
6	(5) "Department" means the department of
7	TRANSPORTATION.
8	(6) "DIVISION" MEANS THE DIVISION OF INSURANCE IN THE
9	DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES ESTABLISHED IN SECTION
10	10-1-103.
11	(7) "ELIGIBLE ENTITY" MEANS A COUNTY, A CITY AND COUNTY, A
12	MUNICIPALITY, A STATE OR FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED TRIBAL ENTITY, A
13	PUBLIC ENTITY OTHER THAN A PUBLIC ENTITY THAT IS PART OF THE STATE,
14	AS DEFINED IN SECTION 24-77-102 (16), OR A PRIVATE ENTITY THAT IS
15	SEEKING FUNDING FROM THE ENTERPRISE FOR AN ELIGIBLE PROJECT.
16	(8) "Eligible project" means a project that improves
17	TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM INFRASTRUCTURE OR OTHERWISE IMPLEMENTS
18	DATA-DRIVEN STRATEGIES THAT REDUCE THE NUMBER OF COLLISIONS
19	BETWEEN MOTOR VEHICLES AND VULNERABLE ROAD USERS OR WILDLIFE.
20	ELIGIBLE PROJECTS INCLUDE:
21	(a) FOR THE PURPOSE OF REDUCING COLLISIONS BETWEEN MOTOR
22	VEHICLES AND VULNERABLE ROAD USERS:
23	(I) THE FOLLOWING PROJECT TYPES:
24	(A) WALKWAYS SUCH AS SIDEWALKS AND SHARED-USE PATHS;
25	(B) BICYCLE LANES, WITH A PREFERENCE FOR BICYCLE LANES
26	THAT WILL BE DEVELOPED, DESIGNED, AND DELIVERED IN ACCORDANCE
27	WITH GUIDELINES AND PROCESSES SET FORTH IN THE FEDERAL HIGHWAY

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1	ADMINISTRATION'S BIKEWAY SELECTION GUIDE;
2	(C) MEDIANS AND PEDESTRIAN REFUGE ISLANDS;
3	(D) LIGHTING ALONG PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE FACILITIES,
4	INTERSECTIONS, AND CROSSINGS;
5	(E) CROSSING SAFETY FEATURES SUCH AS CROSSWALK VISIBILITY
6	ENHANCEMENTS, LEADING PEDESTRIAN INTERVALS, PEDESTRIAN HYBRID
7	BEACONS, AND RECTANGULAR RAPID FLASHING BEACONS;
8	(F) ROAD DIETS AND OTHER ROADWAY RECONFIGURATIONS THAT
9	IMPROVE SAFETY;
10	(G) TRAFFIC CIRCLES AND OTHER TRAFFIC CALMING OR SPEED
11	MANAGEMENT DEVICES;
12	(H) THE SYSTEMIC APPLICATION OF MULTIPLE LOW-COST
13	COUNTERMEASURES AT STOP-CONTROLLED INTERSECTIONS;
14	(I) THE IMPLEMENTATION OF APPROPRIATE SPEED LIMITS FOR ALL
15	ROAD USERS;
16	(J) SPEED SAFETY AND RED LIGHT CAMERAS;
17	(K) CORRIDOR ACCESS MANAGEMENT; AND
18	(L) LONGITUDINAL RUMBLE STRIPS AND STRIPES; AND
19	(II) OTHER VULNERABLE ROAD USER SAFETY PROJECTS PROPOSED
20	BY ELIGIBLE ENTITIES AND APPROVED BY THE BOARD; AND
21	(b) FOR THE PURPOSE OF REDUCING COLLISIONS BETWEEN MOTOR
22	VEHICLES AND WILDLIFE, THE FOLLOWING PROJECT TYPES:
23	(I) PROJECTS THAT PAY ALL OR A PORTION OF THE COSTS OF:
24	(A) PROJECT FEASIBILITY STUDIES FOR AND PLANNING, DESIGN,
25	CONSTRUCTION, RETROFITTING, AND MAINTENANCE OF WILDLIFE ROAD
26	CROSSING INFRASTRUCTURE;
2.7	(B) ROADKILL TRACKING AND STUDIES:

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1	(C) ANIMAL DETECTION SYSTEMS;
2	(D) SIGNAGE;
3	(E) EXCLUSIONARY FENCING;
4	(F) WILDLIFE JUMP OUTS;
5	(G) WILDLIFE GUARDS OR OTHER ASSOCIATED INFRASTRUCTURE;
6	AND
7	(H) SUPPORT OF PRIVATE LAND CONSERVATION OR HABITAT
8	CONNECTIVITY ENHANCEMENT EFFORTS; AND
9	(II) THE PROVISION OF STATE MATCHING MONEY REQUIRED BY
10	FEDERAL GRANT PROGRAMS RELATING TO WILDLIFE CROSSING PROJECTS.
11	(9) "Enterprise" means the crash prevention enterprise
12	CREATED IN SECTION 43-4-1603 (1)(a).
13	(10) "FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION-MANDATED
14	VULNERABLE ROAD USER ASSESSMENT" MEANS THE VULNERABLE ROAD
15	USER SAFETY ASSESSMENT REQUIRED TO BE PREPARED AND PERIODICALLY
16	UPDATED BY THE DEPARTMENT AS PART OF THE HIGHWAY SAFETY
17	IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM PURSUANT TO 23 U.S.C. SEC. 148 (1).
18	(11) "FEE" MEANS THE CRASH PREVENTION FEE IMPOSED BY THE
19	ENTERPRISE PURSUANT TO SECTION 43-4-1603 (7).
20	(12) "FUND" MEANS THE CRASH PREVENTION ENTERPRISE FUND
21	CREATED IN SECTION 43-4-1603 (5)(a).
22	(13) "VULNERABLE ROAD USER" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS
23	UNPROTECTED BY AN OUTSIDE SHIELD WHEN USING A ROAD INCLUDING,
24	BUT NOT LIMITED TO, A PEDESTRIAN, A BICYCLIST, OR AN INDIVIDUAL
25	USING ANY OTHER NONMOTORIZED OR MOTORIZED PERSONAL
26	CONVEYANCE THAT DOES NOT ENCLOSE THE INDIVIDUAL.
27	(14) "WILDLIFE" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN

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1	SECTION 33-1-102 (51).
2	43-4-1603. Crash prevention enterprise - creation - board -
3	powers and duties - rules - fees - fund - definition. (1) (a) THE CRASH
4	PREVENTION ENTERPRISE IS CREATED IN THE DEPARTMENT. THE
5	ENTERPRISE IS AND OPERATES AS A GOVERNMENT-OWNED BUSINESS
6	WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT IN ORDER TO EXECUTE ITS BUSINESS PURPOSE AS
7	SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION BY EXERCISING THE POWERS
8	AND PERFORMING THE DUTIES AND FUNCTIONS SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION.
9	(b) THE ENTERPRISE IS A TYPE 1 ENTITY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
10	24-1-105, AND EXERCISES ITS POWERS AND PERFORMS ITS DUTIES AND
11	FUNCTIONS UNDER THE DEPARTMENT.
12	(2) THE COMMISSION SHALL SERVE AS THE BOARD.
13	(3) The business purpose of the enterprise is to provide
14	FUNDING FOR TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS
15	OR OTHER DATA-DRIVEN IMPROVEMENTS THAT REDUCE THE NUMBER OF
16	COLLISIONS BETWEEN MOTOR VEHICLES AND VULNERABLE ROAD USERS
17	AND WILDLIFE. TO ALLOW THE ENTERPRISE TO ACCOMPLISH THIS PURPOSE
18	AND FULLY EXERCISE ITS POWERS AND DUTIES THROUGH THE BOARD, THE
19	ENTERPRISE MAY:
20	(a) Impose the fee on insurers that issue automobile
21	INSURANCE POLICIES ON A PER POLICY BASIS AS AUTHORIZED BY
22	SUBSECTION (7) OF THIS SECTION;
23	(b) Issue grants and directly fund eligible projects as
24	AUTHORIZED BY SUBSECTION (8) OF THIS SECTION; AND
25	(c) Issue revenue bonds payable from the revenue and
26	OTHER AVAILABLE MONEY OF THE ENTERPRISE.
27	(4) THE ENTERPRISE CONSTITUTES AN ENTERPRISE FOR PURPOSES

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1 OF SECTION 20 OF ARTICLE X OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION SO LONG AS IT 2 RETAINS THE AUTHORITY TO ISSUE REVENUE BONDS AND RECEIVES LESS 3 THAN TEN PERCENT OF ITS TOTAL ANNUAL REVENUE IN GRANTS FROM ALL 4 COLORADO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS COMBINED. SO LONG AS IT 5 CONSTITUTES AN ENTERPRISE PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (4), THE 6 ENTERPRISE IS NOT SUBJECT TO SECTION 20 OF ARTICLE X OF THE STATE 7 CONSTITUTION. 8 (5) (a) THE CRASH PREVENTION ENTERPRISE FUND IS CREATED IN 9 THE STATE TREASURY. THE FUND CONSISTS OF FEE REVENUE CREDITED TO 10 THE FUND PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (7) OF THIS SECTION, ANY MONETARY 11 GIFTS, GRANTS, DONATIONS, OR OTHER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE 12 ENTERPRISE, ANY FEDERAL MONEY THAT MAY BE CREDITED TO THE FUND, 13 AND ANY OTHER MONEY THAT THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY MAY APPROPRIATE 14 OR TRANSFER TO THE FUND. THE STATE TREASURER SHALL CREDIT ALL 15 INTEREST AND INCOME DERIVED FROM THE DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT OF 16 MONEY IN THE FUND TO THE FUND. MONEY IN THE FUND IS CONTINUOUSLY 17 APPROPRIATED TO THE ENTERPRISE FOR THE PURPOSES SET FORTH IN THIS 18 PART 16 AND TO PAY THE ENTERPRISE'S REASONABLE AND NECESSARY 19 OPERATING EXPENSES, INCLUDING THE REPAYMENT OF ANY LOAN 20 RECEIVED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5)(b) OF THIS SECTION. 21 (b) THE DEPARTMENT MAY TRANSFER MONEY FROM ANY LEGALLY 22 AVAILABLE SOURCE TO THE ENTERPRISE FOR THE PURPOSE OF DEFRAYING 23 EXPENSES INCURRED BY THE ENTERPRISE BEFORE IT RECEIVES FEE 24 REVENUE OR REVENUE BOND PROCEEDS. THE ENTERPRISE MAY ACCEPT 25 AND EXPEND ANY MONEY SO TRANSFERRED, AND, NOTWITHSTANDING ANY 26 STATE FISCAL RULE OR GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE 27 THAT COULD OTHERWISE BE INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE A CONTRARY

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1	CONCLUSION, AND SUCH A TRANSFER IS A LOAN FROM THE DEPARTMENT
2	TO THE ENTERPRISE THAT IS REQUIRED TO BE REPAID. ALL MONEY
3	TRANSFERRED AS A LOAN TO THE ENTERPRISE MUST BE CREDITED TO THE
4	FUND. LOAN LIABILITIES THAT ARE RECORDED IN THE FUND BUT THAT ARE
5	NOT REQUIRED TO BE PAID IN THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR SHALL NOT BE
6	CONSIDERED WHEN CALCULATING SUFFICIENT STATUTORY FUND BALANCE
7	FOR PURPOSES OF SECTION 24-75-109. AS THE ENTERPRISE RECEIVES
8	SUFFICIENT REVENUE IN EXCESS OF EXPENSES, THE ENTERPRISE SHALL
9	REIMBURSE THE DEPARTMENT FOR THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF ANY LOAN
10	MADE BY THE DEPARTMENT PLUS INTEREST AT A RATE SET BY THE
11	DEPARTMENT.
12	(6) IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER POWERS AND DUTIES SPECIFIED IN
13	THIS SECTION, THE BOARD HAS THE FOLLOWING GENERAL POWERS AND
14	DUTIES:
15	(a) TO ADOPT BYLAWS FOR THE REGULATION OF ITS AFFAIRS AND
16	THE CONDUCT OF ITS BUSINESS;
17	(b) To acquire, hold title to, and dispose of real and
18	PERSONAL PROPERTY;
19	(c) IN CONSULTATION WITH THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE
20	DEPARTMENT, OR THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE, TO EMPLOY AND
21	SUPERVISE SUCH INDIVIDUALS, PROFESSIONAL CONSULTANTS, AND
22	CONTRACTORS AS ARE NECESSARY IN ITS JUDGMENT TO CARRY OUT ITS
23	BUSINESS PURPOSE;
24	(d) (I) TO CONTRACT WITH ANY PUBLIC OR PRIVATE ENTITY,
25	INCLUDING STATE AGENCIES, CONSULTANTS, AND THE ATTORNEY
26	GENERAL'S OFFICE, FOR:
27	(A) PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE;

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1	(B) OFFICE SPACE AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES, FOR WHICH THE
2	ENTERPRISE SHALL PAY FAIR MARKET VALUE;
3	(C) ADVICE; AND
4	(D) OTHER SERVICES RELATED TO THE CONDUCT OF THE AFFAIRS
5	OF THE ENTERPRISE.
6	(II) THE BOARD SHALL GENERALLY AVOID USING SOLE-SOURCE
7	CONTRACTS.
8	(e) TO SEEK, ACCEPT, AND EXPEND GIFTS, GRANTS, DONATIONS, OR
9	OTHER PAYMENTS FROM PRIVATE OR PUBLIC SOURCES FOR THE PURPOSES
10	OF THIS PART 16 SO LONG AS THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF ALL GRANTS FROM
11	COLORADO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS RECEIVED IN ANY STATE
12	FISCAL YEAR IS LESS THAN TEN PERCENT OF THE ENTERPRISE'S TOTAL
13	ANNUAL REVENUE FOR THE STATE FISCAL YEAR. THE ENTERPRISE SHALL
14	TRANSMIT ANY MONEY RECEIVED THROUGH GIFTS, GRANTS, DONATIONS,
15	OR OTHER PAYMENTS TO THE STATE TREASURER, WHO SHALL CREDIT THE
16	MONEY TO THE FUND.
17	(f) TO ESTABLISH AND PUBLISH THE PROCESSES BY WHICH THE
18	ENTERPRISE ACCEPTS GRANT APPLICATIONS AND CRITERIA FOR
19	EVALUATING APPLICATIONS AND TO PUBLISH A LIST OF ELIGIBLE ENTITIES
20	AWARDED GRANTS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (8) OF THIS SECTION. THE
21	ENTERPRISE IS ENCOURAGED TO ISSUE GRANTS ON A COMPETITIVE BASIS
22	BASED ON SUCH PROCESSES AND CRITERIA IN ADVANCE OF ANY DEADLINES
23	FOR THE SUBMISSION OF GRANT APPLICATIONS.
24	(g) TO ADOPT RULES FOR THE PURPOSES OF SETTING THE AMOUNT
25	OF THE FEE AT OR BELOW THE MAXIMUM AMOUNTS AUTHORIZED IN
26	SUBSECTION (7) OF THIS SECTION AND ESTABLISHING THE PROCESS BY
27	WHICH THE GRANT PROGRAM DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (8) OF THIS

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I	SECTION WILL OPERATE;
2	(h) GIVING CONSIDERATION TO THE SUCCESSFUL STATEWIDE
3	GOVERNMENT, NONPROFIT, AND PRIVATE SECTOR PARTNERSHIP MODEL OF
4	THE ALLIANCE, TO ESTABLISH, CONVENE, AND FUND ONE OR MORE
5	ADVISORY COMMITTEES, TO ADVISE THE ENTERPRISE REGARDING THE
6	CRITERIA AND PROCESS FOR SELECTING AND THE SELECTION OF ELIGIBLE
7	PROJECTS FOR GRANT FUNDING OR IMPLEMENTATION BY THE DEPARTMENT
8	AND SUCH OTHER MATTERS AS THE BOARD DEEMS NECESSARY; AND
9	(i) TO HAVE AND EXERCISE ALL RIGHTS AND POWERS NECESSARY
10	OR INCIDENTAL TO OR IMPLIED FROM THE SPECIFIC POWERS AND DUTIES
11	GRANTED BY THIS SECTION.
12	(7) (a) In furtherance of its business purpose, beginning
13	JANUARY 1, 2026, THE ENTERPRISE SHALL IMPOSE A CRASH PREVENTION
14	FEE ON THE POLICYHOLDER OF EACH AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICY
15	ISSUED IN THE STATE ON A PER POLICY BASIS.
16	(b) The enterprise shall impose the fee, which the
17	POLICYHOLDER OF EACH AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICY ISSUED IN THE
18	STATE SHALL PAY TO THE INSURER THAT ISSUED THE AUTOMOBILE
19	INSURANCE POLICY AND WHICH THE INSURER SHALL COLLECT AND
20	FORWARD TO THE ENTERPRISE IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION
21	(7)(e) OF THIS SECTION, IN AN AMOUNT UP TO THE FOLLOWING MAXIMUM
22	AMOUNT:
23	(I) For the period commencing January $1,2026$, and ending
24	June 30, 2026, one dollar and seventy-five cents;
25	(II) FOR THE STATE FISCAL YEAR COMMENCING JULY 1, 2026,
26	THREE DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS;
27	(III) (A) FOR THE STATE FISCAL YEAR COMMENCING JULY 1, 2027,

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1 AND FOR EACH SUBSEQUENT STATE FISCAL YEAR, THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT
2 AUTHORIZED FOR THE PRIOR STATE FISCAL YEAR ADJUSTED FOR
3 INFLATION.

- (B) AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (7)(b)(III), "INFLATION" MEANS THE AVERAGE ANNUAL PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION, NATIONAL HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION COST INDEX OR ITS APPLICABLE PREDECESSOR OR SUCCESSOR INDEX FOR THE FIVE-YEAR PERIOD ENDING ON THE LAST DECEMBER 31 BEFORE A STATE FISCAL YEAR FOR WHICH AN INFLATION ADJUSTMENT TO THE FEE IS TO BE MADE BEGINS.
- (c) As soon as feasible following the effective date of this subsection (7)(c) for the period beginning January 1, 2026, and ending June 30, 2026, no later than March 15, 2026, for the state fiscal year commencing July 1, 2026, and no later than March 15 of the calendar year in which each state fiscal year begins thereafter, the enterprise, directly or in collaboration with and through the division, shall publish and provide notice to each insurer that issues an automobile policy in this state of the amount of the fee to be collected for the next state fiscal year.
- (d) Notwithstanding the maximum fee amount for each state fiscal year specified in subsection (7)(b) of this section, if imposing the fee in that maximum amount would cause the enterprise to receive more than one hundred million dollars in total fee revenue in its first five fiscal years, the enterprise shall impose the fee in a lower amount to the extent necessary to ensure that the enterprise does not receive more than one hundred million dollars in total revenue from the fee in its first

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FIVE FISCAL YEARS.

(e) (I) EACH INSURER THAT ISSUES AN AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICY IN THIS STATE ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2026, IS LIABLE FOR THE COLLECTION FROM ITS AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICYHOLDERS AND PAYMENT TO THE ENTERPRISE OF THE FEE IMPOSED ON THE POLICY AS SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (7)(e). THE ENTERPRISE SHALL PROMPTLY, AND NO LESS OFTEN THAN MONTHLY, TRANSMIT ALL FEE REVENUE RECEIVED TO THE STATE TREASURER, WHO SHALL CREDIT IT TO THE FUND.

(II) EACH INSURER THAT IS REQUIRED TO COLLECT THE FEE FROM ITS POLICYHOLDERS AND PAY THE FEE TO THE ENTERPRISE SHALL LIST THE FEE AS AN ITEMIZED CHARGE ON ITS AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICY BILLING STATEMENTS AND SHALL NOT INCORPORATE THE FEE INTO ITS PREMIUMS. FOR EACH AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICY FOR WHICH THE PREMIUM IS PAID IN FULL IN ADVANCE BY THE POLICYHOLDER, THE INSURER MAY COLLECT THE FEE WHEN THE POLICYHOLDER PAYS THE PREMIUM AND FORWARD THE FEE TO THE ENTERPRISE NO LATER THAN THE LAST DAY OF THE MONTH FOLLOWING THE MONTH IN WHICH THE FEE IS COLLECTED. FOR EACH AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICY THAT IS PAID IN INSTALLMENTS BY THE POLICYHOLDER, THE INSURER MAY COLLECT THE FEE ON A PRORATED BASIS WHEN THE POLICYHOLDER PAYS EACH INSTALLMENT AND FORWARD EACH PORTION OF THE FEE TO THE ENTERPRISE NO LATER THAN THE LAST DAY OF THE MONTH FOLLOWING THE MONTH IN WHICH THE PORTION OF THE FEE IS COLLECTED.

(III) ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 31, 2026, AND ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 31 OF EACH YEAR THEREAFTER, THE ENTERPRISE SHALL COMPARE ITS RECORDS OF INSURERS WHO PAID THE FEE DURING THE MOST RECENTLY ENDED STATE FISCAL YEAR WITH A LIST COMPILED BY THE

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1	DIVISION OF THOSE INSURERS THAT ISSUED AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE
2	POLICIES IN THIS STATE DURING THAT STATE FISCAL YEAR AND SHALL
3	NOTIFY THE DIVISION IF ANY INSURER HAS FAILED TO COLLECT THE FEE
4	FROM ITS AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICYHOLDERS AND PAY THE FEE TO
5	THE ENTERPRISE. UPON RECEIVING NOTICE OF AN INSURER'S FAILURE TO
6	COLLECT AND PAY THE FEE, THE DIVISION SHALL NOTIFY THE INSURER OF
7	THE FEE REQUIREMENT, AND, IF THE INSURER FAILS TO PAY THE FEE WITHIN
8	FIFTEEN DAYS AFTER RECEIVING THE NOTICE, THE DIVISION MAY, AFTER
9	NOTICE AND HEARING, IMPOSE A CIVIL PENALTY OF NOT MORE THAN ONE
10	HUNDRED TWENTY PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT DUE. THE INSURER SHALL
11	PAY ANY CIVIL PENALTY IMPOSED TO THE DIVISION, WHICH SHALL
12	TRANSFER THE AMOUNT RECEIVED TO THE STATE TREASURER, WHO SHALL
13	CREDIT IT TO THE FUND.
14	(IV) THE FEE IS NOT A PREMIUM FOR ANY PURPOSE, INCLUDING THE
15	COMPUTATION OF THE GROSS PREMIUM TAX DESCRIBED IN SECTION
16	10-3-209 OR THE PRODUCER'S COMMISSION.
17	(8) (a) In furtherance of its business purpose, on and after
18	JULY 1, 2026, THE ENTERPRISE IS AUTHORIZED TO EXPEND MONEY FROM
19	THE FUND AS FOLLOWS:
20	(I) THE ENTERPRISE MAY EXPEND UP TO EIGHTY PERCENT OF THE
21	MONEY IN THE FUND TO PROVIDE GRANTS TO ELIGIBLE ENTITIES FOR
22	ELIGIBLE PROJECTS THAT REDUCE COLLISIONS BETWEEN MOTOR VEHICLES
23	AND VULNERABLE ROAD USERS IN ORDER TO LOWER AUTOMOBILE
24	INSURANCE POLICY COSTS, INCLUDING PAYMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE AND
25	PERSONNEL EXPENSES RELATED TO THE ENTERPRISE'S ADMINISTRATION
26	AND OVERSIGHT OF SUCH GRANTS; AND
27	(II) THE ENTERPRISE MAY EXPEND UP TO TWENTY PERCENT OF THE

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1	MONEY IN THE FUND DIRECTLY, INCLUDING FOR PAYMENT OF
2	ADMINISTRATIVE AND PERSONNEL EXPENSES RELATED TO THE
3	ENTERPRISE'S ADMINISTRATION AND OVERSIGHT OF SUCH PROJECTS, FOR
4	ELIGIBLE PROJECTS THAT REDUCE WILDLIFE COLLISIONS WHILE
5	FACILITATING WILDLIFE MIGRATION AND MOVEMENT IN ORDER TO LOWER
6	AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICY COSTS.
7	(b) When evaluating grant applications for grants
8	AUTHORIZED BY SUBSECTION $(8)(a)(I)$ OF THIS SECTION, THE ENTERPRISE
9	BOARD SHALL CONSIDER AND GIVE PRIORITY TO PROJECTS:
10	$(I)\ That\ are\ expected\ to\ reduce\ collisions, improve\ safety,$
11	AND REDUCE AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICY COSTS MORE RELATIVE TO
12	THEIR COST THAN OTHER PROJECTS FOR WHICH APPLICATIONS HAVE BEEN
13	SUBMITTED;
14	(II) THAT WILL BE COMPLETED ON OR NEAR A HIGH-INJURY OR
15	HIGH-RISK NETWORK, INCLUDING A HIGH-RISK OR HIGH-INJURY NETWORK
16	THAT HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT OR BY A METROPOLITAN
17	PLANNING ORGANIZATION OR LOCAL JURISDICTION, OR THAT PROVIDES
18	ALTERNATIVE ROUTES FOR PEOPLE TRAVELING BY A MEANS OTHER THAN
19	BY A MOTOR VEHICLE THAT ENCLOSES THEM; AND
20	(III) FOR WHICH GRANT FUNDING WILL SUPPLEMENT AND NOT
21	SUPPLANT LOCAL FUNDING FOR RELATED PROJECTS IDENTIFIED BY THE
22	ALLIANCE IN COORDINATION WITH THE DIVISION OF PARKS AND WILDLIFE
23	IN THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES CREATED IN SECTION
24	33-9-104 (1), THE DEPARTMENT, TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS, AND LOCAL
25	GOVERNMENTS AS A PRIORITY FOR REDUCING WILDLIFE-VEHICLE
26	COLLISIONS OR IMPROVING WILDLIFE MIGRATION AND MOVEMENT.
27	(c) When awarding grants as authorized by subsection

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1	(8)(a)(1) OF THIS SECTION, THE ENTERPRISE SHALL, TO THE EXTENT
2	FEASIBLE, TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION THE SOURCES OF ITS FEE REVENUE
3	AND SEEK, OVER TIME, TO AWARD GRANTS SO THAT THE TOTAL AMOUNT
4	OF GRANTS AWARDED TO ELIGIBLE ENTITIES IN DIFFERENT REGIONS OF THE
5	STATE IS REASONABLY PROPORTIONAL TO THE AMOUNT OF FEE REVENUE
6	COLLECTED FROM EACH REGION. GRANTS MUST ALSO BE ISSUED IN
7	ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING PARAMETERS:
8	(I) THE AMOUNT OF A GRANT MUST BE AT LEAST TWO HUNDRED
9	FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS; AND
10	(II) GRANTS MAY BE USED AS MATCHING MONEY FOR FEDERAL
11	FUNDS OR IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER STATE SOURCES OF
12	TRANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FUNDING IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANY
13	APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE USE OF SUCH FEDERAL FUNDS OR
14	OTHER STATE SOURCES OF FUNDING.
15	(d) THE ENTERPRISE SHALL REDUCE OVERSIGHT REQUIREMENTS
16	FOR STATE OFF-SYSTEM ELIGIBLE PROJECTS THAT ARE PARTIALLY OR
17	FULLY FUNDED BY THE ENTERPRISE IF NO FEDERAL FUNDS ARE INVOLVED
18	IN THE ELIGIBLE PROJECT AND THE DEPARTMENT DETERMINES THAT
19	FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS DO NOT APPLY.
20	(9) (a) TO ENSURE TRANSPARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY, THE
21	ENTERPRISE SHALL:
22	(I) No later than June 1, 2026, publish and post on its
23	WEBSITE A TEN-YEAR PLAN THAT DETAILS HOW THE ENTERPRISE WILL
24	EXECUTE ITS BUSINESS PURPOSE DURING STATE FISCAL YEARS 2026-27
25	THROUGH 2030-31 AND ESTIMATES THE AMOUNT OF FUNDING THAT WILL
26	BE AVAILABLE TO IMPLEMENT THE PLAN;
27	(II) CREATE, MAINTAIN, AND REGULARLY UPDATE ON ITS WEBSITE

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1	A PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY DASHBOARD THAT PROVIDES, AT A MINIMUM,
2	ACCESSIBLE AND TRANSPARENT SUMMARY INFORMATION REGARDING THE
3	IMPLEMENTATION OF ITS FIVE-YEAR PLAN, THE FUNDING STATUS AND
4	PROGRESS TOWARD COMPLETION OF EACH ELIGIBLE PROJECT THAT IT
5	WHOLLY OR PARTLY FUNDS, AND ITS PER PROJECT AND TOTAL FUNDING
6	AND EXPENDITURES; AND
7	(III) PREPARE AN ANNUAL REPORT REGARDING ITS ACTIVITIES AND
8	FUNDING AND PRESENT THE REPORT TO THE TRANSPORTATION
9	COMMISSION CREATED IN SECTION 43-1-106 (1) AND TO THE
10	TRANSPORTATION, HOUSING, AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND ENERGY AND
11	ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE
12	TRANSPORTATION AND ENERGY COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE, OR ANY
13	SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES. THE ENTERPRISE SHALL ALSO POST THE ANNUAL
14	REPORT ON ITS WEBSITE. NOTWITHSTANDING THE REQUIREMENT IN
15	Section 24-1-136 (11)(a)(I), the requirement to submit the report
16	REQUIRED IN THIS SUBSECTION $(9)(a)(III)$ to the specified legislative
17	COMMITTEES CONTINUES INDEFINITELY.
18	(b) The enterprise is subject to the open meetings
19	PROVISIONS OF THE "COLORADO SUNSHINE ACT OF 1972", CONTAINED IN
20	PART 4 OF ARTICLE 6 OF TITLE 24, AND THE "COLORADO OPEN RECORDS
21	ACT", PART 2 OF ARTICLE 72 OF TITLE 24.
22	(c) FOR PURPOSES OF THE "COLORADO OPEN RECORDS ACT", PART
23	2 of article 72 of title 24, and except as may otherwise be
24	PROVIDED BY FEDERAL LAW OR REGULATION OR STATE LAW, THE RECORDS
25	OF THE ENTERPRISE ARE PUBLIC RECORDS, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
26	24-72-202(6), REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE ENTERPRISE RECEIVES LESS
27	THAN TEN PERCENT OF ITS TOTAL ANNUAL REVENUE IN GRANTS, AS

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1	DEFINED IN SECTION 24-77-102 (7), FROM ALL COLORADO STATE AND
2	LOCAL GOVERNMENTS COMBINED.
3	(d) The enterprise is a public entity for purposes of part 2
4	OF ARTICLE 57 OF TITLE 11.
5	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 10-4-644 as
6	follows:
7	10-4-644. Enforcement of crash prevention enterprise fees.
8	UPON RECEIVING NOTICE OF AN INSURER'S FAILURE TO COLLECT FROM
9	THE POLICYHOLDERS OF EACH AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICY, AS
10	DEFINED IN SECTION 43-4-1602 (2), AND PAY TO THE CRASH PREVENTION
11	ENTERPRISE THE CRASH PREVENTION ENTERPRISE FEE IMPOSED BY THE
12	CRASH PREVENTION ENTERPRISE PURSUANT TO SECTION 43-4-1603 (7)(e),
13	THE DIVISION SHALL NOTIFY THE INSURER OF THE FEE REQUIREMENT, AND,
14	IF THE INSURER FAILS TO PAY THE FEE WITHIN FIFTEEN DAYS AFTER
15	RECEIVING THE NOTICE, THE DIVISION MAY INSTITUTE AN ENFORCEMENT
16	PROCEEDING AND SEEK CIVIL PENALTIES AS PROVIDED FOR BY SECTION
17	43-4-1603 (7)(e)(III).
18	SECTION 3. Safety clause. The general assembly finds,
19	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
20	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety or for appropriations for
21	the support and maintenance of the departments of the state and state
22	institutions.

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