# Second Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## REENGROSSED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted in the House of Introduction

LLS NO. 22-0868.01 Conrad Imel x2313

**HOUSE BILL 22-1327** 

## **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

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### SENATE SPONSORSHIP

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#### **Senate Committees**

State, Civic, Military, & Veterans Affairs Appropriations

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING FORMER NATIVE AMERICAN BOARDING SCHOOLS IN
102	COLORADO, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, MAKING AN
103	APPROPRIATION.

## **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://leg.colorado.gov">http://leg.colorado.gov</a>.)

The bill establishes the Native American boarding school research program in the Colorado commission of Indian affairs (commission) to research the events, physical and emotional abuse, and deaths that occurred at Native American boarding schools in Colorado, including the victimization of families of youth forced to attend the boarding schools

3rd Reading Unamended April 28, 2022

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading April 27, 2022 and the intergenerational impacts of the abuse.

The bill requires the commission to enter into an agreement with an organization to research events, abuse, and deaths that occurred at the Native American boarding school at Fort Lewis, which was known as the Fort Lewis Indian school. After receiving the results of the research, the commission shall make recommendations, which may include legislation, necessary to better understand the abuse and victimization that occurred at, and is related to, Native American boarding schools and to support healing in tribal communities. The commission must make its recommendations publicly available.

The commission shall consult with the Southern Ute Tribe and the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe before selecting and entering into an agreement with a research organization and before making its recommendations.

The department of human services owns and operates a regional center on the property that was formerly the Teller institute Native American boarding school. The bill requires the department to vacate the property and sell all or a portion of the property, or transfer all or a portion of the property, to a state institution of higher education, a local government, a state agency, or a federally recognized tribe in Colorado. The department is not permitted to sell or transfer the property until after the identification and mapping of any graves of students buried at the Native American boarding school that was located on the property and until after the department develops a plan, in consultation with tribal governments, to acknowledge the abuse and victimization of students and families related to the operation of the school.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly finds and declares that:

(a) Beginning with the federal "Indian Civilization Act" enacted in 1819, the United States enacted laws and implemented policies establishing and supporting federal Indian boarding schools across the nation. The purpose of federal Indian boarding schools was to culturally assimilate Native children by forcibly relocating them from their families and communities to distant residential facilities to suppress the children's identities, languages, and beliefs. For over 150 years, hundreds of thousands of Native children were taken from their communities. Over

-2- 1327

350 federal Indian boarding schools existed in the United States. By 1926, nearly 83 percent of all Native children of school age were in boarding schools.

- (b) Children at these boarding schools were subjected to the loss of their cultural identities, physical and sexual abuse, and forced labor, and suffered the effects of disease due to their confinement. Many children disappeared or lost their lives at these schools, and their bodies remain today in unmarked graves on the school grounds.
- (c) The impact of the boarding schools on Native families has been immeasurable. Families lost their traditional language, parenting skills, and the ability to pass on Native culture and traditions.
- (d) The trauma from federal Indian boarding schools crosses generational boundaries and the boarding school policy resulted in long-standing intergenerational trauma, cycles of violence and abuse, disappearance of Native people, premature deaths, mental health disorders, and substance abuse in Native communities;
- (e) In Colorado, there were at least four federal Indian boarding schools: The Teller Indian School in Grand Junction, the Southern Ute Boarding School in Ignacio, a boarding school in Towaoc operated by the federal bureau of Indian affairs, and the original Fort Lewis Indian School in Hesperus, Colorado;
- (f) The Teller Institute and Fort Lewis College are currently operated by the state of Colorado and it is understood that Native children may have died at these schools and were buried on the school grounds;
- (g) In order to heal from the generational trauma, we must confront the past and shed light on the hidden cruelty; and
  - (h) Fort Lewis College has been taking steps to recognize its place

-3-

1	in this history and to find opportunities to raise awareness about what
2	actually occurred at federal Indian boarding schools and to begin the
3	process of healing.
4	(2) The general assembly therefore declares that it is in the interest
5	of the state and its citizens to better understand and acknowledge
6	Colorado's history with federal Indian boarding schools and develop a
7	roadmap for education and healing.
8	<b>SECTION 2.</b> In Colorado Revised Statutes, <b>add</b> 24-80-215 as
9	follows:
10	24-80-215. Federal Indian boarding school research program
11	- recommendations - definitions - repeal. (1) AS USED IN THIS SECTION,
12	UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
13	(a) "FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOL" MEANS A BOARDING
14	SCHOOL FOR NATIVE AMERICAN YOUTH AUTHORIZED BY THE FEDERAL
15	GOVERNMENT THAT WAS NOT LOCATED ON AN INDIAN RESERVATION.
16	(b) "PROGRAM" MEANS THE FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOL
17	RESEARCH PROGRAM ESTABLISHED IN THIS SECTION.
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19	(2) (a) THERE IS ESTABLISHED IN THE STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY
20	THE FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOL RESEARCH PROGRAM TO
21	RESEARCH AND MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS TO PROMOTE COLORADANS'
22	UNDERSTANDING OF THE PHYSICAL AND EMOTIONAL ABUSE AND DEATHS
23	THAT OCCURRED AT AND IN RELATION TO FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING
24	SCHOOLS IN COLORADO, INCLUDING THE VICTIMIZATION OF, AND
25	INTERGENERATIONAL IMPACTS ON, FAMILIES OF THE YOUTH FORCED TO
26	ATTEND THE BOARDING SCHOOLS.
27	(b) IN ADDITION TO THE CONSULTATION WITH THE SOUTHERN UTE

-4- 1327

1	TRIBE AND THE UTE MOUNTAIN UTE TRIBE DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION,
2	THE SOCIETY SHALL CONSULT WITH THE COLORADO COMMISSION OF
3	Indian affairs, established pursuant to section 24-44-102, and
4	MAY CONSULT WITH ANY OTHER FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED INDIAN TRIBE.
5	(3) (a) AS PART OF THE PROGRAM, THE STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY
6	SHALL RESEARCH THE EVENTS, PHYSICAL AND EMOTIONAL ABUSE, AND
7	DEATHS THAT OCCURRED AT THE FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOL AT
8	FORT LEWIS, WHICH WAS KNOWN AS THE FORT LEWIS INDIAN SCHOOL,
9	INCLUDING THE VICTIMIZATION OF FAMILIES OF THE YOUTH FORCED TO
10	ATTEND THE SCHOOL AND THE INTERGENERATIONAL IMPACTS OF THE
11	ABUSE. THE SOCIETY SHALL CONDUCT THE RESEARCH DESCRIBED IN
12	SUBSECTION (3)(c) OF THIS SECTION; PROVIDE THE COMMISSION, THE
13	SOUTHERN UTE TRIBE, AND THE UTE MOUNTAIN UTE TRIBE WITH
14	PERIODIC UPDATES ABOUT ITS RESEARCH; AND SHALL DELIVER A FINAL
15	REPORT TO THE COMMISSION, THE SOUTHERN UTE TRIBE, AND THE UTE
16	MOUNTAIN UTE TRIBE NO LATER THAN JUNE 30, 2023.
17	(b) (I) THE STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY MAY ENTER INTO AN
18	AGREEMENT WITH A THIRD-PARTY RESEARCH ENTITY TO CONDUCT PARTS
19	OF THE RESEARCH DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION (3).
20	(II) IN DETERMINING WHETHER TO ENTER INTO AN AGREEMENT
21	WITH A THIRD-PARTY RESEARCH ENTITY AND SELECTING A THIRD-PARTY
22	RESEARCH ENTITY, THE SOCIETY SHALL ENSURE THAT THE SOCIETY AND
23	ANY OTHER PARTY PERFORMING RESEARCH COLLECTIVELY HAVE:
24	(A) EXPERIENCE WORKING WITH INDIGENOUS COMMUNITIES;
25	(B) AN UNDERSTANDING OF NATIVE AMERICAN HISTORY AND
26	CULTURE, INCLUDING THE BOARDING SCHOOL EXPERIENCE;
27	(C) NATIVE AMERICAN TEAM MEMBERS;

-5- 1327

1	(D) AN UNDERSTANDING OF THE IMPACT OF TRAUMA AND HOW IT
2	PASSES THROUGH GENERATIONS;
3	(E) ONE OR MORE TEAM MEMBERS WITH EXPERIENCE AS AN
4	ARCHAEOLOGIST AT NATIVE AMERICAN SITES, INCLUDING THE
5	PERFORMANCE OF HISTORICAL ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS;
6	(F) ONE OR MORE TEAM MEMBERS WITH EXPERIENCE IN FORENSIC
7	ANTHROPOLOGY;
8	(G) Experience with, or meaningful understanding of, the
9	FEDERAL "NATIVE AMERICAN GRAVES PROTECTION AND REPATRIATION
10	ACT", 25 U.S.C. SEC. 3001ET SEQ., OR SIMILAR LEGISLATION;
11	(H) EXPERIENCE IN THE USE OF GEOSPATIAL TECHNOLOGY,
12	GROUND PENETRATING RADAR, MAPPING, AND OTHER RESOURCES THAT
13	MAY BE UTILIZED IN THE IDENTIFICATION OF UNDERGROUND BURIAL SITES;
14	(I) EXPERIENCE IDENTIFYING HUMAN REMAINS AND
15	DISINTERMENT; AND
16	(J) EXPERIENCE INTERVIEWING VICTIMS OF TRAUMA.
17	(c) THE SOCIETY SHALL, AT A MINIMUM:
18	(I) CONDUCT RESEARCH NECESSARY TO MORE ACCURATELY
19	ESTIMATE THE NUMBER OF DEATHS AT THE FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING
20	SCHOOL AT FORT LEWIS;
21	(II) IDENTIFY AND MAP GRAVES OF NATIVE AMERICAN STUDENTS
22	BURIED AT THE FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOL AT FORT LEWIS AND
23	OFF-CAMPUS CEMETERIES BY USING RESEARCH METHODS DETERMINED
24	DURING CONSULTATION WITH THE SOUTHERN UTE TRIBE AND THE UTE
25	MOUNTAIN UTE TRIBE;
26	(III) REVIEW EXISTING RESEARCH AND CONDUCT NEW RESEARCH
2.7	AS NEEDED ON EXISTING RESOURCES AND MATERIALS TO REVEAL NATIVE

-6- 1327

1	AMERICAN STUDENT VICTIMS AT THE FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOL
2	AT FORT LEWIS;
3	(IV) REVIEW WRITTEN AND RECORDED HISTORY AND ORAL
4	HISTORY DESCRIBING THE EXPERIENCES AND TRAUMA OF STUDENTS
5	ATTENDING THE FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOL AT FORT LEWIS AND
6	THEIR FAMILIES; AND
7	(V) Interview those with knowledge of the experiences
8	AND TRAUMA EXPERIENCED BY NATIVE AMERICAN STUDENTS ATTENDING
9	THE FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOL AT FORT LEWIS AND THE
10	EXPERIENCES, INCLUDING INTERGENERATIONAL TRAUMA, OF THE
11	STUDENTS' FAMILIES AND DESCENDANTS.
12	(4) (a) AFTER THE STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY DELIVERS THE FINAL
13	REPORT ON ITS RESEARCH, IT SHALL FACILITATE CONSULTATION WITH THE
14	COMMISSION, THE SOUTHERN UTE TRIBE, AND THE UTE MOUNTAIN UTE
15	TRIBE TO DEVELOP RECOMMENDATIONS NECESSARY TO BETTER
16	UNDERSTAND THE ABUSE THAT OCCURRED AT, AND IS RELATED TO,
17	FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOLS AND TO SUPPORT TRIBAL MEMBERS
18	HEALING FROM THE EFFECTS OF THE ABUSE. IN DEVELOPING
19	RECOMMENDATIONS, THE PARTIES SHALL CONSIDER INCLUDING
20	RECOMMENDATIONS FOR NECESSARY IMMEDIATE ACTION, LONG-TERM
21	GOALS, AND ANY LEGISLATION NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT ANY OF ITS
22	RECOMMENDATIONS. THE RECOMMENDATIONS MAY INCLUDE:
23	(I) A PROCESS FOR REPATRIATION OF ANY IDENTIFIED NATIVE
24	AMERICAN REMAINS IN A CULTURALLY APPROPRIATE MANNER, AS
25	DETERMINED FOLLOWING CONSULTATION WITH FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED
26	INDIAN TRIBES;
2.7	(II) A PLAN TO PROVIDE SUPPORT AND SERVICES TO TRIBAL

-7- 1327

1	MEMBERS TO HEAL FROM THE INTERGENERATIONAL IMPACTS OF $\overline{\text{FEDERAL}}$
2	INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOLS AND THE RELATED SEPARATION OF FAMILIES;
3	(III) EDUCATION PROGRAMS TO MAKE THE PUBLIC AWARE OF
4	INFORMATION LEARNED FROM THE RESEARCH CONDUCTED AS PART OF THE
5	PROGRAM AND TO TEACH STUDENTS ABOUT THE HISTORY OF FEDERAL
6	INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOLS IN COLORADO;
7	(IV) A PROCESS FOR TRANSFERRING BURIAL SITES TO TRIBAL
8	OWNERSHIP;
9	(V) ALLOWING TRIBAL BLESSINGS TO OCCUR AT THE SITES OF
10	FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOLS AND BURIAL SITES; AND
11	(VI) ANY ADDITIONAL POLICIES TO SUPPORT HEALING IN TRIBAL
12	COMMUNITIES AND TO FURTHER DETERMINE THE EXTENT OF,
13	ACKNOWLEDGE, AND EDUCATE COLORADANS ABOUT, THE ABUSE AND
14	VICTIMIZATION OF STUDENTS AND FAMILIES RELATED TO THE OPERATION
15	OF FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOLS.
16	(b) IN DEVELOPING THE RECOMMENDATIONS, THE SOCIETY,
17	COMMISSION, THE SOUTHERN UTE TRIBE, AND UTE MOUNTAIN UTE TRIBE
18	MAY CONSULT WITH ANY OTHER FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED TRIBE WHOSE
19	CHILDREN MAY HAVE ATTENDED A FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOL IN
20	COLORADO.
21	(c) On or before September 1, 2023, the society shall make
22	THE RECOMMENDATIONS AND A SUMMARY OF THE SOCIETY'S RESEARCH
23	PUBLICLY AVAILABLE ON THE SOCIETY'S WEBSITE AND SHALL DELIVER A
24	WRITTEN COPY OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS AND SUMMARY OF RESEARCH
25	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES JUDICIARY COMMITTEE AND THE
26	SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, OR THEIR SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, THE
2.7	IOINT BUDGET COMMITTEE OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY THE GOVERNOR'S

-8-

1	OFFICE, ANY STATE AGENCY THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF A
2	RECOMMENDATION, THE SOUTHERN UTE TRIBE, THE UTE MOUNTAIN UTE
3	TRIBE, AND THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR FORT LEWIS COLLEGE.
4	(5) This section is repealed, effective December 31, 2023.
5	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-10.5-314 as
6	follows:
7	27-10.5-314. Former Teller institute property. (1) EXCEPT AS
8	DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, AS SOON AS EACH PERSON
9	WHO WAS RECEIVING SERVICES ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION
10	AT THE FORMER TELLER INSTITUTE FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOL
11	PROPERTY, NOW OWNED BY THE DEPARTMENT AND OPERATED AS A
12	REGIONAL CENTER, IS TRANSITIONED TO A RESIDENCE OTHER THAN A
13	RESIDENCE AT THE REGIONAL CENTER, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL VACATE
14	THE PROPERTY AND SHALL SELL ALL OR A PORTION OF THE PROPERTY, OR
15	TRANSFER ALL OR A PORTION OF THE PROPERTY, TO A STATE INSTITUTION
16	OF HIGHER EDUCATION, A LOCAL GOVERNMENT, A STATE AGENCY, OR A
17	FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED TRIBE IN COLORADO THAT IS IMPACTED BY THE
18	OPERATION OF THE TELLER INSTITUTE.
19	(2) The department shall not sell or transfer the
20	PROPERTY, OR ANY PORTION OF THE PROPERTY, UNTIL AFTER THE
21	IDENTIFICATION AND MAPPING OF ANY GRAVES OF NATIVE AMERICAN
22	STUDENTS BURIED AT THE FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOL THAT WAS
23	LOCATED ON THE PROPERTY AND UNTIL AFTER THE DEPARTMENT, IN
24	CONSULTATION WITH TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS, DEVELOPS A PLAN TO
25	ACKNOWLEDGE THE ABUSE AND VICTIMIZATION OF STUDENTS AND
26	FAMILIES RELATED TO THE OPERATION OF THE FEDERAL INDIAN BOARDING
27	SCHOOL LOCATED ON THE PROPERTY.

-9-

1	<b>SECTION 4.</b> Appropriation. For the 2022-23 state fiscal year,
2	\$618,611 is appropriated to the department of higher education for use by
3	history Colorado. This appropriation is from the general fund and is based
4	on an assumption that history Colorado will require an additional 1.0
5	FTE. To implement this act, history Colorado may use this appropriation
6	for native American boarding school research program.
7	<b>SECTION 5.</b> Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
3	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
)	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

-10-