



Colorado Legislative Council Staff

FISCAL NOTE

FISCAL IMPACT:
☐ State ☐ Local ☐ Statutory Public Entity ☐ Conditional ☐ No Fiscal Impact

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BILL TOPIC: REFINANCE WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

| Fiscal Impact Summary | FY 2016-2017 | FY 2017-2018 |
|---|---------------------------------|---|
| State Revenue | <u>\$0</u> | |
| State Transfers Cash Funds General Fund | (1,208,007) 1,208,007 | Potential transfers between cash funds. |
| State Expenditures | See state expenditures section. | |

Appropriation Required: \$1,208,007 - Department of Public Health and Environment (FY 2016-17).

Future Year Impacts: Potential ongoing transfers.

Summary of Legislation

Under current law, all water pollution control fees are deposited into the Water Quality Control Fund in the Department of Public Health and Environment (DPHE). This bill, **recommended by the Joint Budget Committee**, repeals the Water Quality Control Fund and creates a separate cash fund for each of the six clean water sectors. Each cash fund will receive the fees specific to its sector. The new cash funds are:

- Commerce and Industry Cash Fund;
- Construction Cash Fund;
- Pesticides Cash Fund;
- Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System Cash Fund;
- Public and Private Utilities Cash Fund; and
- Water Quality Certifications Cash Fund.

The DPHE is required to conduct a stakeholder process regarding the appropriate and necessary fees that each subcategory of each sector should pay to enable each sector to be adequately funded. The DPHE must submit a legislative proposal to the Joint Budget Committee by November 1, 2016, concerning its conclusions regarding the fees.

For FY 2016-17 and FY 2017-18, if the revenue from a specific sector is inadequate to cover the direct and indirect costs of that sector, the General Assembly may appropriate money from another sector cash fund to pay for the costs.

The bill includes a transfer of \$1,208,007 from the excess uncommitted reserve of the Water Quality Improvement Fund to the General Fund to provide a one-time General Fund subsidy to the Commerce and Industry, Public and Private Utilities, and Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System sectors as shown in Table 1 below.

| Table 1. General Fund Appropriations by Cash Fund | | | |
|---|-------------|------------|--|
| Cash Fund | FY 2016-17 | FY 2017-18 | |
| Commerce and Industry | \$362,402 | | |
| Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System | 60,400 | | |
| Public and Private Utilities | 785,205 | | |
| TOTAL | \$1,208,007 | | |

Background

The Water Quality Improvement Fund provides grant funds for water quality improvement projects using civil penalties from water quality violations. Grants may be used for storm water management training and best practices training to prevent or reduce the pollution of state waters.

State Revenue

State transfers. The bill transfers \$1,208,007 from the excess uncommitted reserve of the Water Quality Improvement Fund to the General Fund.

State Expenditures

This bill will increase the workload of the DPHE to conduct the stakeholder process required in the bill and to make annual reports to the Joint Budget Committee. This workload can be accomplished within existing appropriations.

While the bill appropriates \$1,208,007 to the DPHE in FY 2016-17, this funding addresses a revenue shortfall for those sectors rather than funding new expenditures.

Local Government Impact

Because this bill reduces the balance of the Water Quality Improvement Fund, the amount of grant funding available for local governments is also reduced.

Effective Date

The bill takes effect July 1, 2016.

HB16-1413

State Appropriations

For FY 2016-17, the bill includes a General Fund appropriation to the Department of Public Health and Environment of \$1,208,007.

State and Local Government Contacts

Joint Budget Committee Staff Public Health and Environment

Information Technology