Second Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 22-0883.05 Jacob Baus x2173

HOUSE BILL 22-1326

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING MEASURES TO ADDRESS SYNTHETIC OPIATES, AND, IN
102	CONNECTION THEREWITH, CHANGING THE CRIMINAL PENALTIES
103	ASSOCIATED WITH SYNTHETIC OPIATES; USING A SUBSTANCE
104	ABUSE ASSESSMENT TO DIRECT APPROPRIATE TREATMENT AT
105	SENTENCING; PROVIDING OPIATE ANTAGONISTS IN THE
106	COMMUNITY; PROVIDING SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS
107	IN THE COMMUNITY; CREATING IMMUNITY FOR FURNISHING
108	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS; PROVIDING TREATMENT
109	FOR PERSONS IN THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM; DEVELOPING
110	A FENTANYL PREVENTION AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN;
111	PROVIDING FUNDING FOR SUBSTANCE <u>USE</u> AND HARM
112	REDUCTION; EVALUATING THE SUBSTANCE USE AND HARM
113	REDUCTION NEEDS ACROSS THE STATE; REQUIRING A

Reading Unamended April 25, 2022

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading April 22, 2022

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill makes the unlawful possession of any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that weighs more than 4 grams and contains any amount of fentanyl, carfentanal, or an analog thereof a level 4 drug felony.

The bill creates an exemption to the unlawful possession of a controlled substance offense for employees, agents, or volunteers of certain agencies who are in possession of the controlled substance, including fentanyl, carfentanal, or an analog thereof, for the purpose of safe disposal of the controlled substance.

The bill makes the unlawful distribution, manufacturing, dispensing, or sale of a material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing fentanyl, carfentanal, or an analog thereof:

- A level 1 drug felony if it weighs more than 50 grams;
- A level 2 drug felony if it weighs more than 4 grams, but not more than 50 grams; and
- A level 3 drug felony if it weighs not more than 4 grams.

The bill makes it a level 1 drug felony if the defendant unlawfully distributed, manufactured, dispensed, or sold a material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing fentanyl, carfentanal, or an analog thereof, and a person died as a proximate cause of using or consuming it.

The bill makes a defendant a special offender, making them subject to a level 1 drug felony, if:

- The defendant introduced or imported into Colorado any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that weighs more than 4 grams and contains fentanyl or carfentanal; or
- The defendant unlawfully distributed, manufactured, dispensed, or sold a material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing fentanyl or carfentanal, and the defendant possessed pill or tablet manufacturing equipment with the intent to use the equipment in the manufacture of a controlled substance.

For certain offenses, the bill requires a court to order placement in a residential treatment facility for treatment of an addiction that includes

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fentanyl, carfentanal, or an analog thereof as a condition of probation if recommended pursuant to a substance abuse assessment. Furthermore, for certain offenses, a court is required to order a fentanyl education class, which is developed by the office of behavioral health.

The bill expands the list of eligible entities that are eligible for standing orders to receive opiate antagonists.

The bill creates immunity from civil liability for certain persons who or entities that act in good faith to furnish a non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection test to another person.

The bill requires a jail, upon release, to provide opiate antagonists and prescribe medication for an opiate use disorder to certain persons.

The bill requires community corrections programs to assess individuals residing in the programs for substance use withdrawal symptoms and develop protocols for medical detoxification monitoring, medication-assisted treatment, and other appropriate withdrawal management care.

The bill permits the correctional treatment board to direct money in the correctional treatment cash fund for drug overdose prevention, opiate antagonists, and non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests.

The bill permits a school district board of education, the charter school institute, or governing board of a nonpublic school to adopt and implement a policy to permit a school to acquire and maintain non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests and furnish them on school grounds.

For the 2022-23 fiscal year, the bill requires the appropriation of \$20 million from the behavioral and mental health cash fund to the opiate antagonist bulk purchase fund.

For the 2022-23 fiscal year, the bill requires the appropriation of \$300,000 to the department of public health and environment for the purchase and distribution of non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests to eligible entities.

The bill requires the department of public health and environment to develop and implement a statewide fentanyl prevention and education campaign.

The bill expands the types of entities that are eligible for a harm reduction grant and the permissible uses of the grant funds. For the 2022-23 fiscal year, the bill requires the appropriation of \$6 million from the behavioral and mental health cash fund to the harm reduction grant program cash fund.

The bill requires a jail that receives funding through the jail-based behavioral health services program to develop protocols for medication-assisted treatment and withdrawal management care and develop and implement a policy that describes the provision of medication-assisted treatment to individuals upon release. For the 2022-23 fiscal year, the bill requires the appropriation of \$3 million from

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the behavioral and mental health cash fund for these purposes.

The bill requires each managed service organization to evaluate current supply and necessary demand within its region for certain harm reduction and treatment services and report their findings to the general assembly.

The bill requires the legislative services agencies of the general assembly to perform a post-enactment review of certain criminal provisions 3 years following the act becoming law.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly 3 finds and declares that: 4 (a) The illegal distribution of synthetic opiates, including fentanyl, 5 carfentanil benzimidazole opiods, and analogs thereof, presents a serious 6 health risk in Colorado and across the country; 7 (b) The increase in the number of overdose deaths in Colorado 8 demands a comprehensive response by communities and elected officials, 9 designed to reduce the risks of harm to all people and recalibrate the 10 criminal justice system's response to illegal distribution of these 11 dangerous drugs; 12 Colorado has not adequately funded behavioral health 13 interventions, treatment, overdose prevention, and other supportive 14 services that research demonstrates reduce the risk of harm and the 15 recovery of people suffering from a behavioral health disorder; 16 (d) Funding for supervised-injection sites is prohibited; 17 (e) The prosecution of drug dealers who manufacture, distribute, 18 dispense, or sell fentanyl, carfentanil benzimidazole opiods, and analogs 19 thereof, not the prosecution of low-level drug possessors, is a priority for 20 Colorado: and

(f) Colorado's good samaritan law, which encourages people to

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seek medical assistance for people who are suffering from an overdose crisis, is an important public policy that can assist in saving lives.

- (2) Therefore, it is the intent of the general assembly to:
- (a) Direct additional resources to communities and agencies to allow more effective and healthy interventions and treatment for people who use fentanyl, <u>carfentanil benzimidazole opiods</u>, or analogs thereof, and develop an effective public education campaign about the dangers of these drugs and their presence in other drugs; and
- (b) Enact a properly calibrated sentencing scheme, prescribing specific penalties for the unlawful manufacturing, distribution, dispensing, or selling of fentanyl, <u>carfentanil benzimidazole opiods</u>, and analogs thereof, including specifically designed penalties for people whose manufacturing, distribution, dispensing, or selling leads to the death of another person.
- (3) The general assembly finds that for the purpose of performing a post-enactment review of the implementation of House Bill 22-____, it is necessary to review the following statewide data for three years subsequent to the passage of House Bill 22-____ in order to assess its impact on sentencing and filing of counts based on the good samaritan law pursuant to section 18-1-711, Colorado Revised Statutes, and the criminal provisions designed to address the distribution of fentanyl, <u>carfentanil benzimidazole opiods</u>, and analogs thereof, resulting in death:
- (a) From the judicial department, the number of cases filed that include a violation of section 18-18-405 (2)(a)(I)(D), (2)(b)(I)(D), and (2)(c)(V), Colorado Revised Statutes; the judicial district where each case was filed; and the sentence imposed upon conviction for each case;
 - (b) From the judicial department, the number of cases filed that

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1	include a violation of section 18-18-405 (2)(a)(III)(A), Colorado Revised
2	Statutes; the judicial district where the case was filed; information on
3	other charges filed in the same case; the sentence imposed upon
4	conviction for each case; and a summary of the facts and circumstances
5	of the case as evidenced by the arrest warrant; and
6	(c) From each district attorney, the information pursuant to section
7	18-1-711 (6), Colorado Revised Statutes.
8	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-403.5, add
9	(2.5), (2.7), and (6) and (7) as follows:
10	18-18-403.5. Unlawful possession of a controlled substance -
11	notice to revisor of statutes - repeal. (2.5) (a) NOTWITHSTANDING
12	SUBSECTION (2)(c) OF THIS SECTION, ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2022, A PERSON
13	WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION BY KNOWINGLY
14	POSSESSING:
15	(I) ANY MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION THAT
16	WEIGHS MORE THAN ONE GRAM AND NOT MORE THAN FOUR GRAMS AND
17	CONTAINS ANY QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE</u>
18	OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204
19	(2)(g), and the person knew or had reasonable cause to believe
20	THAT THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION CONTAINED
21	ANY QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS</u> , OR
22	AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g),
23	COMMITS A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY.
24	(II) ANY MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION THAT
25	WEIGHS NOT MORE THAN ONE GRAM AND CONTAINS ANY QUANTITY OF
26	FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS</u> , OR AN ANALOG
2.7	THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), COMMITS A LEVEL

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1	1 DRUG MISDEMEANOR; EXCEPT THAT A FOURTH OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE
2	FOR A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBSECTION (2.5)(a)(II) IS A LEVEL 4 DRUG
3	FELONY.
4	(b) This subsection (2.5) is repealed, effective June 30, 2025.
5	(2.7) (a) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS
6	SECTION BY POSSESSING ANY MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR
7	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINS A QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u>
8	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
9	SECTION $18-18-204$ (2)(g), THAT IS MORE THAN SIXTY PERCENT OF THE
10	TOTAL COMPOSITION OF THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR
11	PREPARATION, COMMITS A LEVEL 2 DRUG FELONY.
12	(b) (I) This subsection (2.7) takes effect at 12:01 a.m. thirty
13	DAYS AFTER THE DATE IDENTIFIED IN THE NOTICE PROVIDED TO THE
14	REVISOR OF STATUTES BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE COLORADO BUREAU OF
15	INVESTIGATION THAT THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION HAS THE
16	RESOURCES TO DETERMINE THE QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL
17	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
18	SECTION $18-18-204(2)(g)$, COMPARED TO THE TOTAL COMPOSITION OF THE
19	MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION, OR ON THE DATE OF
20	THE NOTICE TO THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IF THE NOTICE DOES NOT
21	SPECIFY A DIFFERENT DATE.
22	(II) THE DIRECTOR OF THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
23	SHALL NOTIFY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN WRITING WHEN THE
24	CONDITION SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (2.7)(b)(I) OF THIS SECTION HAS
25	OCCURRED BY E-MAILING THE NOTICE TO
26	REVISOROFSTATUTES.GA@STATE.CO.US.
27	(III) CONCURRENT WITH THE NOTICE DECLURED IN SURSECTION

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1	(2.7)(b)(II), THE DIRECTOR OF THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
2	SHALL NOTIFY THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, THE
3	PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE, THE CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
4	THE GOVERNOR, THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, THE STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER,
5	AND EACH DISTRICT ATTORNEY IN THE STATE, THAT THE COLORADO
6	BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION HAS THE RESOURCES TO DETERMINE THE
7	QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS</u> , OR AN
8	ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), COMPARED
9	TO THE TOTAL COMPOSITION OF THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR
10	PREPARATION.
11	(IV) This subsection $(2.7)(b)$ is repealed, effective one year
12	AFTER NOTICE TO THE REVISOR OF STATUTES PURSUANT TO THIS
13	SUBSECTION $(2.7)(b)(II)$.
14	(6) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION TO THE
15	CONTRARY, A PEACE OFFICER SHALL NOT ARREST AND A DISTRICT
16	ATTORNEY SHALL NOT CHARGE OR PROSECUTE AN EMPLOYEE, AGENT, OR
17	VOLUNTEER OF AN ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SECTION 12-30-110 (1)(a) WHO,
18	IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THE PERSON'S DUTIES, IS IN POSSESSION OF A
19	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, INCLUDING FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u>
20	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
21	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), FOR THE PURPOSE OF SAFE DISPOSAL OF THE
22	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, INCLUDING FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u>
23	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
24	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAW. AS
25	USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (6), "SAFE DISPOSAL" MEANS THE PROCEDURE
26	AND PROCESS FOR DEPOSITING THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, INCLUDING
27	FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS</u> , OR AN ANALOG

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1	THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), IN A SECURE
2	CONTAINER FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT TO SUBSEQUENTLY ACCESS AND
3	DISPOSE OF.
4	(7) Notwithstanding subsection (2.5) of this section, on or
5	AFTER JULY 1, 2022, THE POSSESSION OF AN OPIATE ANTAGONIST OR A
6	NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST MUST NOT BE USED
7	AS EVIDENCE TO PROVE THE PERSON KNEW OR HAD REASONABLE CAUSE TO
8	BELIEVE THAT THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION
9	CONTAINED ANY QUANTITY OF FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE
10	OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204
11	(2)(g).
12	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-405, amend
13	(2)(b)(I)(B), (2)(b)(I)(C), (2)(c)(III), and (2)(c)(IV); and add (2)(a)(I)(D),
14	(2)(a)(III), (2)(b)(I)(D), and (2)(c)(V) as follows:
15	18-18-405. Unlawful distribution, manufacturing, dispensing,
16	or sale. (2) Except as otherwise provided for an offense concerning
17	marijuana and marijuana concentrate in section 18-18-406 and for special
18	offenders as provided in section 18-18-407, any person who violates any
19	of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section:
20	(a) Commits a level 1 drug felony and is subject to the mandatory
21	sentencing provisions in section 18-1.3-401.5 (7) if:
22	(I) The violation involves any material, compound, mixture, or
23	preparation that weighs:
24	(D) MORE THAN FIFTY GRAMS AND CONTAINS FENTANYL,
25	CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
26	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g); OR
27	(III) (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 18-1-711 (3)(i), THE

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1	DEFENDANT COMMITTED A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (2)(a)(I)(D),
2	(2)(b)(I)(D), or $(2)(c)(V)$ of this section, and the actions in
3	$ \ \text{VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION } (2)(a)(I)(D), (2)(b)(I)(D), \text{ or } (2)(c)(V) \text{ of this } (2)(a)(I)(D), (2)(b)(I)(D), \text{ or } (2)(c)(V) \text{ of this } (2)(a)(I)(D), (2)(a)(I)(D), \text{ or } (2)(A)(A)(A)(A)(A)(A)(A)(A)(A)(A)(A)(A)(A)$
4	SECTION ARE THE PROXIMATE CAUSE OF THE DEATH OF ANOTHER PERSON
5	WHO USED OR CONSUMED THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR
6	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINED FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE
7	OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204
8	(2)(g).
9	(B) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (2)(a)(III)(A) OF THIS
10	SECTION, A DEFENDANT WHO COMMITTED A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION
11	(2)(c)(V) OF THIS SECTION, AND THE ACTIONS IN VIOLATION OF
12	SUBSECTION $(2)(c)(V)$ of this section are the proximate cause of
13	THE DEATH OF ANOTHER PERSON WHO USED OR CONSUMED THE MATERIAL,
14	COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION THAT CONTAINED FENTANYL,
15	<u>CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS</u> , OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
16	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE
17	MANDATORY SENTENCING REQUIREMENT AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION
18	18-1.3-401.5 (7).
19	(b) Commits a level 2 drug felony if:
20	(I) The violation involves any material, compound, mixture, or
21	preparation that weighs:
22	(B) More than seven grams, but not more than one hundred twelve
23	grams, and contains methamphetamine, heroin, ketamine, or cathinones;
24	or
25	(C) More than ten milligrams, but not more than fifty milligrams,
26	and contains flunitrazepam; OR
27	(D) MORE THAN FOUR GRAMS, BUT NOT MORE THAN FIFTY GRAMS,

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1	AND CONTAINS FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS</u> , OR AN
2	ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g);
3	(c) Commits a level 3 drug felony if the violation involves any
4	material, compound, mixture, or preparation that weighs:
5	(III) Not more than ten milligrams and contains flunitrazepam; or
6	(IV) More than four grams and contains a schedule III or schedule
7	IV controlled substance; OR
8	(V) NOT MORE THAN FOUR GRAMS AND CONTAINS FENTANYL,
9	CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
10	DESCRIBED IN SECTION $18-18-204$ (2)(g).
11	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-407, amend
12	(1)(c); and add (1)(h) as follows:
13	18-18-407. Special offender - definitions. (1) A person who
14	commits a felony offense pursuant to this part 4 under any one or more of
15	the following aggravating circumstances commits a level 1 drug felony
16	and is a special offender:
17	(c) The defendant committed the violation and in the course of
18	that violation, introduced or imported into the state of Colorado more than
19	fourteen grams of any schedule I or II controlled substance listed in part
20	2 of this article or ARTICLE 18; more than seven grams of
21	methamphetamine, heroin, ketamine, or cathinones; or ten milligrams of
22	flunitrazepam; OR ANY MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION
23	THAT WEIGHS MORE THAN FOUR GRAMS AND CONTAINS FENTANYL,
24	CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
25	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g);
26	(h) THE DEFENDANT COMMITTED A VIOLATION OF SECTION
27	18-18-405 (2)(a)(I)(D), (2)(b)(I)(D), or (2)(c)(V), and the defendant

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2	INTENT TO USE THE EQUIPMENT IN THE MANUFACTURE OF A CONTROLLED
3	SUBSTANCE.
4	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1-711, amend
5	(3)(g) and (3)(h); and add (3)(i) and (6) as follows:
6	18-1-711. Immunity for persons who suffer or report an
7	emergency drug or alcohol overdose event - definitions - repeal.
8	(3) The immunity described in subsection (1) of this section applies to
9	the following criminal offenses:
10	(g) Possession of drug paraphernalia, as described in section
11	18-18-428; and
12	(h) Illegal possession or consumption of ethyl alcohol or
13	marijuana by an underage person or illegal possession of marijuana
14	paraphernalia by an underage person, as described in section 18-13-122;
15	AND
16	(i) A VIOLATION OF SECTION 18-18-405 (2)(a)(III)(A), IF THE
17	UNLAWFUL DISTRIBUTION, MANUFACTURING, DISPENSING, OR SALE OF THE
18	MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION WEIGHS NOT MORE
19	THAN FOUR GRAMS AND CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF FENTANYL,
20	CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
21	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g).
22	(6) (a) Starting on July 1, 2022, and for three years
23	THEREAFTER, A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT RESPONDS TO AN
24	EMERGENCY DRUG OR ALCOHOL OVERDOSE EVENT SHALL REPORT TO THE
25	DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE IN THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY'S
26	JURISDICTION WHETHER AN ARREST WAS MADE AS A RESULT OF THE
27	INVESTIGATION OF AN EMERGENCY DRUG OR ALCOHOL OVERDOSE EVENT

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1	OR WHEN AN ARREST WAS NOT MADE PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF
2	THIS SECTION.
3	(b) Starting on July 1, 2022, and for three years
4	THEREAFTER, EACH DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE THAT RECEIVES A
5	REPORT REGARDING AN ARREST FROM LAW ENFORCEMENT PURSUANT TO
6	$\hbox{\it SUBSECTION}(6)(a)\hbox{\it OFTHISSECTIONSHALLPREPAREAREPORTINDICATING}$
7	EACH INSTANCE WHEN A PERSON WAS NOT PROSECUTED FOR AN OFFENSE
8	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION IF THE EVENT INVOLVED FENTANYL,
9	<u>CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS</u> , OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS
10	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g). IF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
11	PROSECUTES A PERSON WHO SOUGHT EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE FOR AN
12	EMERGENCY DRUG OR ALCOHOL OVERDOSE EVENT IF THE EVENT
13	INVOLVED FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS</u> , OR AN
14	ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THE
15	DISTRICT ATTORNEY SHALL PREPARE A REPORT DETAILING THE FACTS AND
16	CIRCUMSTANCES FOR THE DECISION THAT THE IMMUNITY PROVISIONS OF
17	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION DID NOT APPLY.
18	(c) EACH DISTRICT ATTORNEY SHALL PROVIDE THE REPORTS
19	COLLECTED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (6) TO THE LEGISLATIVE
20	SERVICE AGENCIES OF THE COLORADO GENERAL ASSEMBLY FOR THE
21	PURPOSE OF A POST-ENACTMENT REVIEW.
22	(d) This subsection (6) is repealed, effective July 1, 2026.
23	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-401.5, amend
24	(7), (10)(a)(III), and (10)(a)(IV); and add (2.5) and (14) and (10)(a)(V)
25	as follows:
26	18-1.3-401.5. Drug felonies classified - presumptive and
27	aggravated penalties. (2.5) It is the intent of the general assembly

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1	THAT SENTENCING FOR CRIMES THAT INVOLVE FENTANYL, $\underline{\text{CARFENTANIL}}$
2	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR ANY ANALOG THEREOF, AS DESCRIBED IN
3	SECTION 18-18-204(2)(G), EVEN IN SMALL QUANTITIES, REFLECT THE HIGH
4	RISK OF ADDICTION AND DEATH ASSOCIATED WITH FENTANYL,
5	CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR ANY ANALOG THEREOF.
6	THEREFORE, THE EDUCATION AND TREATMENT PROCEDURES PROVIDED IN
7	SECTION 18-1.3-410 MUST BE IMPLEMENTED TO ADDRESS THIS
8	SUBSTANTIAL HEALTH RISK.
9	(7) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 18-18-405 (2)(a)(III)(B),
10	notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, if the
11	defendant is convicted of a level 1 drug felony, the court shall sentence
12	the defendant to a term of incarceration in the department of corrections
13	of at least eight years but not more than thirty-two years. The presence of
14	one or more of the aggravating circumstances provided in paragraph (a)
15	of subsection (10) SUBSECTION (10)(a) of this section or in section
16	18-18-407 (1) requires the court to sentence a defendant convicted of a
17	level 1 drug felony to a term of incarceration in the department of
18	corrections of at least twelve years but no more than thirty-two years. The
19	court may impose a fine in addition to imprisonment.
20	(10) (a) Except for a level 1 drug felony, the presence of one or
21	more of the following aggravating circumstances at the time of the
22	commission of a drug felony offense requires the court, if it sentences the
23	defendant to incarceration, to sentence the defendant to a term of at least
24	the midpoint in the presumptive range but not more than the maximum
25	term of the aggravated range:
26	(III) The defendant was under confinement, in prison, or in any
27	correctional institution as a convicted felon, or an escapee from any

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2	(IV) The defendant was on probation for or on bond while
3	awaiting sentencing following revocation of probation for a delinquen
4	act that would have constituted a felony if committed by an adult; OR
5	(V) THE DEFENDANT COMMITTED A VIOLATION OF SECTION
6	18-18-405 (2)(a)(III)(A), AND THE UNLAWFUL DISTRIBUTION
7	MANUFACTURING, DISPENSING, OR SALE OF THE MATERIAL, COMPOUND
8	MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION WEIGHED MORE THAN FIFTY GRAMS AND
9	CONTAINED FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS</u> , OR AN
10	ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION $18-18-204$ (2)(g).
11	(14) (a) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION (2)(a) OF THIS SECTION
12	FOR THE PURPOSE OF SENTENCING A PERSON CONVICTED OF A LEVEL 4
13	DRUG FELONY COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2022, IN VIOLATION OF
14	SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), A COURT SHALL EITHER SENTENCE AN
15	OFFENDER TO PROBATION FOR UP TO TWO YEARS, WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF
16	A TOTAL OF ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS IN COUNTY JAIL, OR FOR A THIRI
17	OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE, A TOTAL OF UP TO THREE HUNDRED SIXTY-FOUR
18	DAYS IN COUNTY JAIL, WHICH MAY BE IMPOSED IN WHOLE OR IN PART
19	DURING THE TIME PERIOD OF PROBATION AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION
20	OR AS A SANCTION FOR A VIOLATION OF PROBATION; OR SENTENCE AN
21	OFFENDER TO UP TO ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS IN THE COUNTY JAIL
22	EXCEPT THAT FOR A THIRD OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE, THE COURT MAY
23	SENTENCE AN OFFENDER TO UP TO THREE HUNDRED SIXTY-FOUR DAYS IN
24	THE COUNTY JAIL IF THE COURT SENTENCES THE OFFENDER TO JAIL. IN
25	ADDITION TO THE SENTENCE TO PROBATION OR TO THE COUNTY JAIL, THI
26	COURT MAY IMPOSE A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS
27	(b) A COURT MAY SENTENCE A PERSON CONVICTED OF A LEVEL 4

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1	DRUG FELONY COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2022, IN VIOLATION OF
2	SECTION $18-18-403.5$ (2.5), TO A COUNTY JAIL SENTENCING ALTERNATIVE
3	PROVIDED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-106 OR PLACEMENT IN A
4	COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION
5	PROVIDED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-301 (4) AS A SENTENCING
6	ALTERNATIVE.
7	(c) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW TO THE
8	CONTRARY, AN OFFENDER CONVICTED OF A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY
9	COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2022, IN VIOLATION OF SECTION
10	18-18-403.5 (2.5), IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE
11	DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS OR A MANDATORY PERIOD OF PAROLE.
12	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 18-1.3-410 as
13	follows:
14	18-1.3-410. Fentanyl education and treatment program.
15	(1) UPON CONVICTION OF ANY OFFENSE PURSUANT TO PART 4 OF ARTICLE
16	18 of this title 18 for a material, compound, mixture, or
17	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL
18	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
19	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE A SUBSTANCE
20	ABUSE ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-209. THE SUBSTANCE
21	ABUSE ASSESSMENT MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION REGARDING THE
22	PERSON'S HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, SPECIFICALLY THE USE OF
23	FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS</u> , OR AN ANALOG
24	THEREOF; THE PERSON'S AMENABILITY TO TREATMENT; AND THE LEVEL OF
25	TREATMENT, IF ANY, NECESSARY TO ADDRESS THE PERSON'S SUBSTANCE
26	<u>USE</u> DISORDER TO BE PROVIDED DURING THE PERSON'S PROBATION OR
27	DEFERRED JUDGMENT SUPERVISION.

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1	(2) If the substance abuse assessment described in
2	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS COMMUNITY-BASED
3	TREATMENT, THE PERSON SHALL COMPLETE THE ASSESSED LEVEL OF
4	TREATMENT CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-1.3-209.
5	(3) (a) If the substance abuse assessment described in
6	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS AS A CONDITION OF
7	PROBATION PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY FOR
8	TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u>
9	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, THE COURT SHALL
10	ORDER RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION. THE
11	RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY MUST BE APPROVED BY THE OFFICE OF
12	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH IN THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES AND
13	DESIGNED FOR TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL,
14	CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF.
15	PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION
16	IS LIMITED TO THE PERIOD OF TIME THAT THE PLACEMENT IS CLINICALLY
17	NECESSARY. THE RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM
18	THE CORRECTIONAL TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO
19	SECTION 18-19-103 (4), FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED
20	BY THE COURT TO BE INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED
21	COUNSEL, OR IS OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF THE
22	PLACEMENT.
23	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (3)(a) of this section to
24	THE CONTRARY, THE COURT MAY ORDER NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
25	AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION IF THE COURT MAKES FINDINGS ON THE
26	RECORD THAT A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY DOES NOT EXIST, IS
2.7	NOT ACCESSIBLE FOR THE PERSON WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME

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1	OR NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT IS AVAILABLE TO ADDRESS THE
2	PERSON'S TREATMENT NEEDS.
3	(4) A PERSON, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PERSON IS RECEIVING
4	TREATMENT IN A COMMUNITY-BASED OR RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
5	FACILITY PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OR (3) OF THIS SECTION, MUST
6	COMPLETE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE
7	OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127. THE
8	FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION
9	REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF SYNTHETIC
10	OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH, ACCESS TO
11	AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
12	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
13	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
14	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. THE FENTANYL
15	EDUCATION PROGRAM COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
16	TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4),
17	FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE
18	INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS
19	OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF PLACEMENT.
20	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 18-1.3-410 as
21	follows:
22	18-1.3-410. Fentanyl education and treatment program.
23	(1) UPON CONVICTION OF ANY OFFENSE PURSUANT TO PART 4 OF ARTICLE
24	18 of this title 18 for a material, compound, mixture, or
25	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u>
26	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
27	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE A SUBSTANCE

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- 1 ABUSE ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-209. THE SUBSTANCE
- 2 ABUSE ASSESSMENT MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION REGARDING THE
- 3 PERSON'S HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, SPECIFICALLY THE USE OF
- 4 FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS</u>, OR AN ANALOG
- 5 THEREOF; THE PERSON'S AMENABILITY TO TREATMENT; AND THE LEVEL OF
- 6 TREATMENT, IF ANY, NECESSARY TO ADDRESS THE PERSON'S SUBSTANCE
- 7 <u>USE</u> DISORDER TO BE PROVIDED DURING THE PERSON'S PROBATION OR
- 8 DEFERRED JUDGMENT SUPERVISION.

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9 (2) If the substance abuse assessment described in subsection (1) of this section recommends community-based treatment, the person shall complete the assessed level of

TREATMENT CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-1.3-209.

(3) (a) IF THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE ASSESSMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY FOR TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, THE COURT SHALL ORDER RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION. THE RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY MUST BE APPROVED BY THE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES AND DESIGNED FOR TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF. PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION IS LIMITED TO THE PERIOD OF TIME THAT THE PLACEMENT IS CLINICALLY NECESSARY. THE RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4), FOR A PERSON ON

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1	PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE INDIGENT, IS
2	REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS OTHERWISE UNABLE
3	TO AFFORD THE COST OF THE PLACEMENT.
4	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (3)(a) of this section to
5	THE CONTRARY, THE COURT MAY ORDER NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
6	AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION IF THE COURT MAKES FINDINGS ON THE
7	RECORD THAT A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY DOES NOT EXIST, IS
8	NOT ACCESSIBLE FOR THE PERSON WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME,
9	OR NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT IS AVAILABLE TO ADDRESS THE
10	PERSON'S TREATMENT NEEDS.
11	(4) A PERSON, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PERSON IS RECEIVING
12	TREATMENT IN A COMMUNITY-BASED OR RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
13	FACILITY PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OR (3) OF THIS SECTION, MUST
14	COMPLETE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE
15	${\tt BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127.}$
16	THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION
17	REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF SYNTHETIC
18	OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH, ACCESS TO
19	AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
20	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
21	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
22	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. THE FENTANYL
23	EDUCATION PROGRAM COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
24	TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4),
25	FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE
26	INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS
27	OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF PLACEMENT.

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1	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-501, amend
2	(1)(d.5)(I) as follows:
3	18-1.3-501. Misdemeanors classified - drug misdemeanors and
4	drug petty offenses classified - penalties - legislative intent -
5	definitions. (1) (d.5) (I) (A) It is the intention of the general assembly to
6	classify most drug possession on and after March 1, 2020, as a
7	misdemeanor offense with different sentencing options and limited
8	incarceration penalties. The purpose of this sentencing scheme is to
9	provide offenders who are assessed to be in need of treatment or other
10	intervention with probation supervision in conjunction with effective
11	medical and behavioral intervention and treatment. For those drug
12	possessors who are not in need of treatment, sentencing by the courts
13	system should be limited. This sentencing scheme recognizes that drug
14	use and possession is primarily a health concern and should be treated as
15	such by Colorado courts.
16	(B) FURTHERMORE, IT IS THE INTENT OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
17	THAT SENTENCING FOR CRIMES THAT INVOLVE FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL</u>
18	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
19	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), EVEN IN SMALL QUANTITIES, REFLECT THE HIGH
20	RISK OF ADDICTION AND DEATH ASSOCIATED WITH FENTANYL,
21	CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR ANY ANALOG THEREOF.
22	THEREFORE, THE EDUCATION AND TREATMENT PROCEDURES PROVIDED IN
23	SECTION 18-1.3-509 MUST BE IMPLEMENTED TO ADDRESS THIS
24	SUBSTANTIAL HEALTH RISK.
25	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 18-1.3-509 as
26	follows:
27	18-1.3-509. Fentanyl education and treatment program.

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1 (1) UPON CONVICTION OF ANY OFFENSE PURSUANT TO PART 4 OF ARTICLE 2 18 OF THIS TITLE 18 FOR A MATERIAL, COMPOUND, MIXTURE, OR 3 PREPARATION THAT CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL 4 BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN 5 SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE A SUBSTANCE 6 ABUSE ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-209. THE SUBSTANCE 7 ABUSE ASSESSMENT MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION REGARDING THE 8 PERSON'S HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, SPECIFICALLY THE USE OF 9 FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR ANY ANALOG 10 THEREOF; THE PERSON'S AMENABILITY TO TREATMENT; AND THE LEVEL OF 11 TREATMENT, IF ANY, NECESSARY TO ADDRESS THE PERSON'S SUBSTANCE 12 USE DISORDER TO BE PROVIDED DURING THE PERSON'S PROBATION OR 13 DEFERRED JUDGMENT SUPERVISION. 14 IF THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE ASSESSMENT DESCRIBED IN (2) 15 SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS COMMUNITY-BASED 16 TREATMENT, THE PERSON SHALL COMPLETE THE ASSESSED LEVEL OF 17 TREATMENT CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-1.3-209. 18 (3) (a) If the substance abuse assessment described in 19 SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS AS A CONDITION OF 20 PROBATION PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY FOR 21 TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL, CARFENTANIL 22 BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, THE COURT SHALL 23 ORDER RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION. THE 24 RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY MUST BE APPROVED BY THE OFFICE OF 25 BEHAVIORAL HEALTH IN THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES AND

DESIGNED FOR TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL,

CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF.

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1	PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION
2	IS LIMITED TO THE PERIOD OF TIME THAT THE PLACEMENT IS CLINICALLY
3	NECESSARY. THE RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM
4	THE CORRECTIONAL TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO
5	SECTION 18-19-103 (4), FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED
6	BY THE COURT TO BE INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED
7	COUNSEL, OR IS OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF THE
8	PLACEMENT.
9	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (3)(a) of this section to
10	THE CONTRARY, THE COURT MAY ORDER NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
11	AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION IF THE COURT MAKES FINDINGS ON THE
12	RECORD THAT A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY DOES NOT EXIST, IS
13	NOT ACCESSIBLE FOR THE PERSON WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME,
14	OR NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT IS AVAILABLE TO ADDRESS THE
15	PERSON'S TREATMENT NEEDS.
16	(4) A PERSON, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PERSON IS RECEIVING
17	TREATMENT IN A COMMUNITY-BASED OR RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
18	FACILITY PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OR (3) OF THIS SECTION, MUST
19	COMPLETE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE
20	OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127. THE
21	FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION
22	REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF SYNTHETIC
23	OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH, ACCESS TO
24	AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
25	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
26	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
27	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. THE FENTANYL

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1	EDUCATION PROGRAM COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
2	TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4),
3	FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE
4	INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS
5	OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF PLACEMENT.
6	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 18-1.3-509 as
7	follows:
8	18-1.3-509. Fentanyl education and treatment program.
9	(1) Upon conviction of any offense pursuant to part 4 of article
10	18 of this title 18 for a material, compound, mixture, or
11	PREPARATION THAT CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF FENTANYL, $\underline{\text{CARFENTANIL}}$
12	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF AS DESCRIBED IN
13	SECTION 18-18-204 (2)(g), THE COURT SHALL REQUIRE A SUBSTANCE
14	ABUSE ASSESSMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-209. THE SUBSTANCE
15	ABUSE ASSESSMENT MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION REGARDING THE
16	PERSON'S HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, SPECIFICALLY THE USE OF
17	FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS</u> , OR ANY ANALOG
18	THEREOF; THE PERSON'S AMENABILITY TO TREATMENT; AND THE LEVEL OF
19	TREATMENT, IF ANY, NECESSARY TO ADDRESS THE PERSON'S $\underline{\text{SUBSTANCE}}$
20	$\underline{\text{USE}}$ disorder to be provided during the Person's probation or
21	DEFERRED JUDGMENT SUPERVISION.
22	(2) If the substance abuse assessment described in
23	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS COMMUNITY-BASED
24	TREATMENT, THE PERSON SHALL COMPLETE THE ASSESSED LEVEL OF
25	TREATMENT CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18-1.3-209.
26	(3) (a) If the substance abuse assessment described in
27	SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION RECOMMENDS AS A CONDITION OF

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1	PROBATION PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY FOR
2	TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT INCLUDES FENTANYL, $\underline{\text{CARFENTANIL}}$
3	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, THE COURT SHALL
4	ORDER RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION. THE
5	RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY MUST BE APPROVED BY THE
6	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN
7	SERVICES AND DESIGNED FOR TREATMENT OF AN ADDICTION THAT
8	INCLUDES FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS</u> , OR AN
9	ANALOG THEREOF. PLACEMENT IN A RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM AS A
10	CONDITION OF PROBATION IS LIMITED TO THE PERIOD OF TIME THAT THE
11	PLACEMENT IS CLINICALLY NECESSARY. THE RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT
12	COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL TREATMENT CASH FUND,
13	EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4), FOR A PERSON ON
14	PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE INDIGENT, IS
15	REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS OTHERWISE UNABLE
16	TO AFFORD THE COST OF THE PLACEMENT.
17	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (3)(a) of this section to
18	THE CONTRARY, THE COURT MAY ORDER NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
19	AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION IF THE COURT MAKES FINDINGS ON THE
20	RECORD THAT A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY DOES NOT EXIST, IS
21	NOT ACCESSIBLE FOR THE PERSON WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME,
22	OR NON-RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT IS AVAILABLE TO ADDRESS THE
23	PERSON'S TREATMENT NEEDS.
24	(4) A PERSON, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PERSON IS RECEIVING
25	TREATMENT IN A COMMUNITY-BASED OR RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT
26	FACILITY PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OR (3) OF THIS SECTION, MUST
27	COMPLETE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE

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1	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127.
2	THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION
3	REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF SYNTHETIC
4	OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH, ACCESS TO
5	AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
6	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
7	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
8	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. THE FENTANYL
9	EDUCATION PROGRAM COSTS MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
10	TREATMENT CASH FUND, EXISTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-19-103 (4),
11	FOR A PERSON ON PROBATION AND IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE
12	INDIGENT, IS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL, OR IS
13	OTHERWISE UNABLE TO AFFORD THE COST OF PLACEMENT.
14	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-30-110, amend
15	(1)(a)(VI), (1)(b) introductory portion, (2)(b), (3)(c), (4)(b), and (7)(a);
16	and add (1)(a)(VIII), (1)(a)(IX), (1)(a)(X), (1)(a)(XI), (1)(a)(XII),
17	(1)(a)(XIII), (1)(a)(XIV), (1)(a)(XV), (1)(a)(XVI), (1)(a)(XVII),
18	(1)(a)(XVIII), (1)(a)(XIX), (1)(a)(XX), (1)(a)(XXI), (7)(a.3), (7)(a.5),
19	(7)(a.7), (7)(b.2), (7)(b.3), (7)(b.4), (7)(b.7), (7)(b.8), (7)(h.3), and
20	(7)(h.7) as follows:
21	12-30-110. Prescribing or dispensing opiate antagonists -
22	authorized recipients - definitions. (1) (a) A prescriber may prescribe
23	or dispense, directly or in accordance with standing orders and protocols,
24	an opiate antagonist to:
25	(VI) A person described in section 25-20.5-1001; or
26	(VIII) AN INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION, OR AN EMPLOYEE
2.7	OR AGENT OF THE INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION:

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1	(IX) A LIBRARY, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF THE LIBRARY;
2	(X) A COMMUNITY SERVICE ORGANIZATION, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR
3	AGENT OF THE COMMUNITY SERVICE ORGANIZATION;
4	(XI) A RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATION, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF
5	THE RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATION;
6	(XII) A LOCAL JAIL, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF THE LOCAL
7	JAIL;
8	(XIII) A MULTIJURISDICTIONAL JAIL, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT
9	OF THE MULTIJURISDICTIONAL JAIL;
10	(XIV) A MUNICIPAL JAIL, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF THE
11	MUNICIPAL JAIL;
12	(XV) A CORRECTIONAL FACILITY, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF
13	THE CORRECTIONAL FACILITY;
14	(XVI) A PRIVATE CONTRACT PRISON, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT
15	OF THE PRIVATE CONTRACT PRISON;
16	(XVII) A COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM, OR AN EMPLOYEE
17	OR AGENT OF THE COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM;
18	(XVIII) A PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR
19	AGENT OF THE PRETRIAL SERVICES PROGRAM;
20	(XIX) A PROBATION DEPARTMENT, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF
21	THE PROBATION DEPARTMENT;
22	(XX) A LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH AGENCY, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR
23	AGENT OF THE LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH AGENCY; OR
24	(XXI) A MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL.
25	(b) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee or
26	volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school, or
27	employee or agent of a school; a person described in section

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25-20.5-1001; a mental health professional; or a unit of local government;

A PERSON OR ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION may, pursuant to an order or standing orders and protocols:

- (2) (b) A law enforcement agency, first responder, harm reduction organization, person described in section 25-20.5-1001, mental health professional, or unit of local government AN ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION is strongly encouraged to educate employees, AGENTS, and volunteers, as well as persons receiving an opiate antagonist from the law enforcement agency, first responder, harm reduction organization, person described in section 25-20.5-1001, mental health professional, or unit of local government, THE ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION on the use of an opiate antagonist for overdose, including instruction concerning risk factors for overdose, recognizing an overdose, calling emergency medical services, rescue breathing, and administering an opiate antagonist.
- (3) A prescriber described in subsection (7)(h) of this section does not engage in unprofessional conduct or is not subject to discipline pursuant to section 12-240-121, 12-255-120, or 12-280-126, as applicable, if the prescriber issues standing orders and protocols regarding opiate antagonists or prescribes or dispenses, pursuant to an order or standing orders and protocols, an opiate antagonist in a good-faith effort to assist:
- (c) The following persons A PERSON OR ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION in responding to, treating, or otherwise assisting an individual who is experiencing or is at risk of experiencing an opiate-related drug overdose event or a friend, family member, or other person in a position to assist an at-risk individual.

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1	(1) A law emoreement agency of first responder,
2	(II) An employee or volunteer of a harm reduction organization;
3	(III) A school district, school, or employee or agent of a school;
4	(IV) A person described in section 25-20.5-1001;
5	(V) A mental health professional; or
6	(VI) A unit of local government.
7	(4) (b) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee
8	or volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school,
9	or employee or agent of a school; a person described in section
10	25-20.5-1001; or a unit of local government A PERSON OR ENTITY
11	DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION acting in accordance
12	with this section is not subject to civil liability or criminal prosecution, as
13	specified in sections 13-21-108.7 (3) and 18-1-712 (2), respectively.
14	(7) As used in this section:
15	(a) "First responder" means: "COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS
16	PROGRAM" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 17-27-102
17	(3).
18	(I) A peace officer, as defined in section 16-2.5-101;
19	(II) A firefighter, as defined in section 29-5-203 (10); or
20	(HI) A volunteer firefighter, as defined in section 31-30-1102 (9).
21	(a.3) "COMMUNITY SERVICE ORGANIZATION" MEANS A NONPROFIT
22	ORGANIZATION THAT IS IN GOOD STANDING AND REGISTERED WITH THE
23	FEDERAL INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE AND THE COLORADO SECRETARY
24	OF STATE'S OFFICE THAT PROVIDES SERVICES TO INDIVIDUALS AT RISK OF
25	EXPERIENCING AN OPIATE-RELATED DRUG OVERDOSE EVENT, OR TO THE
26	INDIVIDUALS' FAMILY MEMBERS, FRIENDS, OR OTHER PERSONS IN A
27	POSITION TO ASSIST THE INDIVIDUAL.

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1	(a.5) "CORRECTIONAL FACILITY" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET
2	FORTH IN SECTION 17-1-102 (1.7).
3	(a.7) "FIRST RESPONDER" MEANS:
4	(I) A PEACE OFFICER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 16-2.5-101;
5	(II) A FIREFIGHTER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 29-5-203 (10);
6	(III) A VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
7	31-30-1102 (9); OR
8	(IV) AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER, AS DEFINED IN
9	SECTION 25-3.5-103 (8).
10	(b.2) "Institution of higher education" means a public or
11	NONPUBLIC INSTITUTION THAT AWARDS ANY TYPE OF POSTSECONDARY
12	CERTIFICATE, DEGREE, OR OTHER CREDENTIAL, AND IS LOCATED IN
13	Colorado.
14	(b.3) "Local jail" has the same meaning as set forth in
15	SECTION 17-1-102 (7).
16	(b.4) "LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH AGENCY" MEANS AN AGENCY
17	ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1-506.
18	(b.7) "MULTIJURISDICTIONAL JAIL" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS
19	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 17-26.5-101.
20	$(b.8) \ "Municipal jail" \ has the same meaning as described in$
21	SECTION 31-15-401 (1)(j).
22	$(h.3) \ "Pretrial services program" \ has the same meaning as$
23	DESCRIBED IN SECTION 16-4-106.
24	(h.7) "PRIVATE CONTRACT PRISON" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS
25	SET FORTH IN SECTION 17-1-102 (7.3).
26	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-21-108.7,
27	amend (3)(a) and (3)(b)(I) as follows:

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13-21-108.7. Persons rendering emergency assistance through
the administration of an opiate antagonist - limited immunity -
legislative declaration - definitions. (3) General immunity. (a) A
person, other than a health-care provider or a health-care facility, who
acts in good faith to furnish or administer an opiate antagonist, including
an expired opiate antagonist, to an individual the person believes to be
suffering an opiate-related drug overdose event or to an individual who
is in a position to assist the individual at risk of experiencing an
opiate-related overdose event is not liable for any civil damages for acts
or omissions made as a result of the act or for any act or omission made
if the opiate antagonist is stolen, DEFECTIVE, OR PRODUCES AN
UNINTENDED RESULT.
(b) This subsection (3) also applies to:
(I) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee or
volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school, or
employee or agent of a school acting in accordance with section
12-30-110 (1)(b), (2)(b), and (4)(b) and, as applicable, section
22-1-119.1; a mental health professional, as defined in section 12-30-110
(7)(b.5); or a unit of local government, as defined in section 29-3.5-101
(4) A Person or entity described in Section 12-30-110 (1)(a); except
THAT AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A SCHOOL MUST BE ACTING IN
ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION $12-30-110(1)(b)$, $(2)(b)$, AND $(4)(b)$, AND, AS
APPLICABLE, SECTION 22-1-119.1; and
SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 13-21-108.8 as
follows:
13-21-108.8. Persons furnishing a non-laboratory synthetic

opiate detection test - limited immunity - definition. (1) EXCEPT AS

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1	PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, A PERSON WHO OR ENTITY
2	THAT ACTS IN GOOD FAITH TO FURNISH A NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC
3	OPIATE DETECTION TEST, INCLUDING AN EXPIRED NON-LABORATORY
4	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST, TO ANOTHER PERSON IS NOT LIABLE
5	FOR ANY CIVIL DAMAGES FOR ACTS, OMISSIONS MADE AS A RESULT OF THE
6	ACT, OR FOR ANY ACT OR OMISSION MADE IF THE NON-LABORATORY
7	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST IS STOLEN, DEFECTIVE, OR PRODUCES
8	AN INACCURATE RESULT.
9	(2) A MANUFACTURER, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 13-21-401 (1), OF
10	NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS IS NOT IMMUNE
11	FROM LIABILITY AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION.
12	(3) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, "NON-LABORATORY
13	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TEST" MEANS A PRODUCT THAT IS
14	INTENDED OR DESIGNED TO DETECT THE PRESENCE OF A SYNTHETIC
15	OPIATE.
16	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-26-140, amend
17	(1); and add (3) as follows:
18	17-26-140. Continuity of care for persons released from jail.
19	(1) If a person is treated for a substance use disorder throughout AT ANY
20	TIME DURING the person's incarceration, the county jail shall, at a
21	minimum, conduct the following before releasing the person from the
22	county jail's custody:
23	(a) Provide post-release resources developed pursuant to section
24	17-1-103 (1)(r) to the person; and
25	(b) Provide a list of available substance use providers, to the
26	extent the office of behavioral health in the state department has such a
27	list available;

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1	(c) IF THE PERSON RECEIVED OR HAS BEEN ASSESSED TO RECEIVE
2	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT WHILE IN JAIL, HAS A HISTORY OF
3	SUBSTANCE USE IN THE COMMUNITY OR WHILE IN JAIL, OR REQUESTS
4	OPIATE ANTAGONISTS UPON RELEASE, PROVIDE THE PERSON, UPON
5	RELEASE FROM THE JAIL, AT LEAST <u>EIGHT MILLIGRAMS OF AN OPIOID</u>
6	ANTAGONIST VIA INHALATION OR ITS EQUIVALENT AND PROVIDE
7	EDUCATION TO THE PERSON ABOUT THE APPROPRIATE USE OF THE
8	MEDICATION; AND
9	(d) IF THE PERSON RECEIVED MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT
10	WHILE IN JAIL, HAS A HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, OR REQUESTS OPIATE
11	USE-DISORDER MEDICATION, PRESCRIBE TO THE PERSON, UPON RELEASE
12	FROM THE JAIL, MEDICATION FOR AN OPIATE USE DISORDER AND PROVIDE
13	EDUCATION TO THE PERSON ABOUT THE APPROPRIATE USE OF THE
14	MEDICATION, AND PROVIDE THE PERSON WITH A REFERRAL TO AT LEAST
15	ONE MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROVIDER LOCATED IN THE AREA
16	WHERE THE PERSON WILL RESIDE AFTER RELEASE FROM THE JAIL.
17	(3) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, "OPIOID ANTAGONIST" MEANS
18	NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE OR ANY SIMILARLY ACTING DRUG THAT IS
19	NOT A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AND THAT IS APPROVED BY THE FEDERAL
20	FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF A DRUG
21	OVERDOSE.
22	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-26-140, amend
23	(1); and add (3) as follows:
24	17-26-140. Continuity of care for persons released from jail.
25	(1) If a person is treated for a substance use disorder throughout AT ANY
26	TIME DURING the person's incarceration, the county jail shall, at a
27	minimum, conduct the following before releasing the person from the

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1	
1	county jail's custody:
2	(a) Provide post-release resources developed pursuant to section
3	17-1-103 (1)(r) to the person; and
4	(b) Provide a list of available substance use providers, to the
5	extent the office of behavioral health ADMINISTRATION in the state
6	department OF HUMAN SERVICES has such a list available;
7	(c) IF THE PERSON RECEIVED OR HAS BEEN ASSESSED TO RECEIVE
8	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT WHILE IN JAIL, HAS A HISTORY OF
9	SUBSTANCE USE IN THE COMMUNITY OR WHILE IN JAIL, OR REQUESTS
10	OPIATE ANTAGONISTS UPON RELEASE, PROVIDE THE PERSON, UPON
11	RELEASE FROM THE JAIL, AT LEAST <u>EIGHT MILLIGRAMS OF AN OPIOID</u>
12	ANTAGONIST VIA INHALATION OR ITS EQUIVALENT AND PROVIDE
13	EDUCATION TO THE PERSON ABOUT THE APPROPRIATE USE OF THE
14	MEDICATION; AND
15	(d) IF THE PERSON RECEIVED MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT
16	WHILE IN JAIL, HAS A HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE USE, OR REQUESTS OPIATE
17	USE-DISORDER MEDICATION, PRESCRIBE TO THE PERSON, UPON RELEASE
18	FROM THE JAIL, MEDICATION FOR AN OPIATE USE DISORDER AND PROVIDE
19	EDUCATION TO THE PERSON ABOUT THE APPROPRIATE USE OF THE
20	MEDICATION, AND PROVIDE THE PERSON WITH A REFERRAL TO AT LEAST
21	ONE MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROVIDER LOCATED IN THE AREA
22	WHERE THE PERSON WILL RESIDE AFTER RELEASE FROM THE JAIL.
23	(3) As used in this section, "opioid antagonist" means
24	NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE OR ANY SIMILARLY ACTING DRUG THAT IS
25	NOT A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AND THAT IS APPROVED BY THE FEDERAL
26	FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION FOR THE TREATMENT OF A DRUG
27	OVERDOSE.

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1	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-27-104, amend
2	(12) as follows:
3	17-27-104. Community corrections programs operated by
4	units of local government, state agencies, or nongovernmental
5	agencies. (12) (a) The administrators of a community corrections
6	program established pursuant to this section may implement a behavioral
7	or mental health disorder screening program to screen the persons
8	accepted and placed in the community corrections program. If the
9	administrators choose to implement a behavioral or mental health disorder
10	screening program, the administrators shall use the standardized
11	screening instrument developed pursuant to section 16-11.9-102 and
12	conduct the screening in accordance with procedures established pursuant
13	to said section.
14	(b) (I) STARTING ON OR BEFORE JULY 1, 2023, A COMMUNITY
15	CORRECTIONS PROGRAM ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL
16	DEVELOP PROTOCOLS TO IDENTIFY WITHDRAWAL SYMPTOMS, DETERMINE
17	WHETHER A MEDICAL REFERRAL IS NEEDED, AND ENSURE INDIVIDUALS
18	HAVE ACCESS TO APPROPRIATE MEDICAL PROFESSIONALS AS NECESSARY.
19	<u>IN INSTANCES WHEN A MEDICALLY SUPERVISED DETOXIFICATION APPEARS</u>
20	NECESSARY, COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM STAFF SHALL ASSIST
21	THE INDIVIDUAL WITH ACCESSING A LOCAL EMERGENCY PROVIDER OR
22	MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION FOR NECESSARY TREATMENT.
23	(II) STARTING ON OR BEFORE JULY 1, 2023, A COMMUNITY
24	CORRECTIONS PROGRAM ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL
25	PROVIDE MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT. IF A COMMUNITY
26	CORRECTIONS PROGRAM DOES NOT PROVIDE MEDICATION-ASSISTED
27	TREATMENT, COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM STAFF SHALL ASSIST

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1	THE INDIVIDUAL WITH ACCESSING A COMMUNITY-BASED
2	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROVIDER. A COMMUNITY
3	CORRECTIONS PROGRAM THAT DOES NOT PROVIDE A
4	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (12),
5	SHALL SUBMIT A REPORT BY JULY 1, 2023, TO THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL
6	JUSTICE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY DESCRIBING THE BARRIERS
7	TO OFFERING THE SERVICES AND WHAT RESOURCES ARE NECESSARY TO
8	PROVIDE MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT.
9	SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1-712, amend
10	(2)(b)(I) as follows:
11	18-1-712. Immunity for a person who administers an opiate
12	antagonist during an opiate-related drug overdose event - definitions.
13	(2) General immunity. (b) This subsection (2) also applies to:
14	(I) A law enforcement agency or first responder; an employee or
15	volunteer of a harm reduction organization; a school district, school, or
16	employee or agent of a school acting in accordance with section
17	12-30-110 (1)(b), (2)(b), and (4)(b) and, as applicable, section
18	22-1-119.1; a mental health professional, as defined in section 12-30-110
19	(7)(b.5); or a unit of local government, as defined in section 29-3.5-101
20	(4) A Person or entity described in Section 12-30-110 (1)(a); except
21	THAT AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A SCHOOL MUST BE ACTING IN
22	ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION $12-30-110(1)(b)$, $(2)(b)$, AND $(4)(b)$, AND, AS
23	APPLICABLE, SECTION 22-1-119.1; and
24	SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-19-103, amend
25	(5)(c)(VI) and (5)(c)(VII); and add (5)(c)(VIII) as follows:
26	18-19-103. Source of revenues - allocation of money.
27	(5) (c) The board may direct that money in the correctional treatment

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1	cash fund may be used for the following purposes:
2	(VI) Recovery support services, including offender reentry; and
3	(VII) Administrative support to the correctional treatment board
4	including, but not limited to, facilitating and coordinating data collection,
5	conducting data analysis, developing contracts, preparing reports,
6	scheduling and staffing board and subcommittee meetings, and engaging
7	in budget planning and analysis; AND
8	(VIII) DRUG OVERDOSE PREVENTION, INCLUDING
9	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT FOR OPIATE DEPENDENCE, OPIATE
10	ANTAGONISTS, AND NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION
11	TESTS.
12	SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 22-1-119.2 as
13	follows:
14	22-1-119.2. Policy for employee and agent furnishing
1415	22-1-119.2. Policy for employee and agent furnishing non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests - definition. (1) A
15	non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests - definition. (1) A
15 16	non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests - definition. (1) A SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF EDUCATION OF A PUBLIC SCHOOL, THE STATE
15 16 17	non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests - definition. (1) A SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF EDUCATION OF A PUBLIC SCHOOL, THE STATE CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE FOR AN INSTITUTE CHARTER SCHOOL, OR THE
15 16 17 18	non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests - definition. (1) A SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF EDUCATION OF A PUBLIC SCHOOL, THE STATE CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE FOR AN INSTITUTE CHARTER SCHOOL, OR THE GOVERNING BOARD OF A NONPUBLIC SCHOOL MAY ADOPT AND IMPLEMENT
15 16 17 18 19	non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests - definition. (1) A school district board of education of a public school, the state charter school institute for an institute charter school, or the governing board of a nonpublic school may adopt and implement a policy whereby a school under its jurisdiction may acquire and
15 16 17 18 19 20	non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests - definition. (1) A SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF EDUCATION OF A PUBLIC SCHOOL, THE STATE CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE FOR AN INSTITUTE CHARTER SCHOOL, OR THE GOVERNING BOARD OF A NONPUBLIC SCHOOL MAY ADOPT AND IMPLEMENT A POLICY WHEREBY A SCHOOL UNDER ITS JURISDICTION MAY ACQUIRE AND MAINTAIN A SUPPLY OF NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests - definition. (1) A SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD OF EDUCATION OF A PUBLIC SCHOOL, THE STATE CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE FOR AN INSTITUTE CHARTER SCHOOL, OR THE GOVERNING BOARD OF A NONPUBLIC SCHOOL MAY ADOPT AND IMPLEMENT A POLICY WHEREBY A SCHOOL UNDER ITS JURISDICTION MAY ACQUIRE AND MAINTAIN A SUPPLY OF NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF THE SCHOOL MAY FURNISH
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests - definition. (1) A school district board of education of a public school, the state charter school institute for an institute charter school, or the governing board of a nonpublic school may adopt and implement a policy whereby a school under its jurisdiction may acquire and maintain a supply of non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests, and an employee or agent of the school may furnish non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests on school
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests - definition. (1) A school district board of education of a public school, the state charter school institute for an institute charter school, or the governing board of a nonpublic school may adopt and implement a policy whereby a school under its jurisdiction may acquire and maintain a supply of non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests, and an employee or agent of the school may furnish non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests on school grounds to any individual.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests - definition. (1) A school district board of education of a public school, the state charter school institute for an institute charter school, or the governing board of a nonpublic school may adopt and implement a policy whereby a school under its jurisdiction may acquire and maintain a supply of non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests, and an employee or agent of the school may furnish non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests on school grounds to any individual. (2) As used in this section, "non-laboratory synthetic

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1	(5); and add (6) as follows:
2	25-1.5-115. Opiate antagonist bulk purchase fund - creation
3	- rules - report - definition - repeal. (5) As used in this section,
4	"eligible entity" means <u>A PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUTLET</u> , AS DEFINED BY
5	SECTION 12-280-103 (43), OR A PERSON OR ENTITY DESCRIBED IN SECTION
6	12-30-110 (1)(a); EXCEPT THAT AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A SCHOOL
7	MUST BE ACTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION $12-30-110(1)(b)$, $(2)(b)$,
8	AND (4)(b), AND, AS APPLICABLE, SECTION 22-1-119.1.
9	(a) A unit of local government, as defined in section 29-3.5-101
10	(4);
11	(b) A person making an opiate antagonist available pursuant to
12	section 25-20.5-1001;
13	(c) The following entities, if the entity has adopted a policy
14	allowing the acquisition, maintenance, and administration of opiate
15	antagonists pursuant to section 22-1-119.1:
16	(I) A school district board of education of a public school;
17	(II) The state charter school institute for an institute charter
18	school; or
19	(III) A governing board of a nonpublic school.
20	(d) A harm reduction organization, as defined in section
21	12-30-110 (7)(b);
22	(e) A law enforcement agency; or
23	(f) A first responder, as defined in section 12-30-110 (7)(a).
24	(6) (a) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, the general
25	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE TWENTY MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE
26	BEHAVIORAL AND MENTAL HEALTH CASH FUND, CREATED IN SECTION
2.7	24-75-230, TO THE FUND.

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1	(b) This subsection (6) is repealed, effective July $1,2024$.
2	SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25-1.5-115.3
3	as follows:
4	25-1.5-115.3. Non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection tests
5	- appropriation - definitions - repeal. (1) FOR THE 2022-23 STATE
6	FISCAL YEAR, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE THREE
7	HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS TO THE DEPARTMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF
8	PURCHASING NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS.
9	(2) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DISTRIBUTE THE NON-LABORATORY
10	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS TO ELIGIBLE ENTITIES. THE
11	DEPARTMENT MAY PRIORITIZE THE DISTRIBUTION OF NON-LABORATORY
12	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS TO ELIGIBLE ENTITIES BASED ON THE
13	NEED OF EACH ENTITY AND THE AVAILABILITY OF THE NON-LABORATORY
14	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS AS DETERMINED BY THE
15	DEPARTMENT.
16	(3) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise
17	REQUIRES:
18	(a) "Eligible entity" means a person or entity described in
19	SECTION 12-30-110 (1)(a); EXCEPT THAT AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF A
20	SCHOOL MUST BE ACTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 12-30-110
21	(1)(b), (2)(b), OR (4)(b), AND, AS APPLICABLE, SECTION 22-1-119.2.
22	(b) "Non-laboratory synthetic opiate detection test"
23	MEANS A PRODUCT THAT IS INTENDED OR DESIGNED TO DETECT THE
24	PRESENCE OF A SYNTHETIC OPIATE.
25	(4) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
26	SECTION 23. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25-1.5-115.5
7	as follows:

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1	25-1.5-115.5. Fentanyl prevention and education campaign -
2	website. (1) Subject to available appropriations, beginning in the
3	2022-23 STATE FISCAL YEAR, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DEVELOP,
4	IMPLEMENT, AND MAINTAIN AN ONGOING STATEWIDE PREVENTION AND
5	EDUCATION CAMPAIGN TO ADDRESS THE FENTANYL EDUCATION NEEDS IN
6	THE STATE. IN THE PREVENTION AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN, THE DIVISION
7	SHALL PROVIDE INFORMATION TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC ABOUT FENTANYL,
8	ITS DANGERS, PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES TO AVOID RISKS AND PREVENT
9	HARM CAUSED BY FENTANYL, RESOURCES FOR ADDICTION TREATMENT
10	AND SERVICES, AND LAWS REGARDING FENTANYL, INCLUDING CRIMINAL
11	PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING AN OVERDOSE EVENT
12	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711.
13	(2) IN FURTHERANCE OF THE GOALS OF THE FENTANYL PREVENTION
14	AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN, THE DIVISION MAY USE TELEVISION
15	ADVERTISING, RADIO BROADCASTS, PRINT MEDIA, DIGITAL STRATEGIES, OR
16	ANY OTHER MEDIA DEEMED NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE BY THE
17	DIVISION TO REACH THE TARGET AUDIENCES OF THE CAMPAIGN.
18	$(3) \ In further ance of the goals of the fent any LPREVENTION$
19	AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN, THE DIVISION SHALL PROVIDE AT LEAST FIVE
20	REGIONAL TRAINING SESSIONS DURING THE 2022-23 FISCAL YEAR FOR
21	COMMUNITY PARTNERS TO IMPLEMENT YOUTH HEALTH DEVELOPMENT
22	STRATEGIES.
23	(4) IN FURTHERANCE OF THE GOALS OF THE FENTANYL PREVENTION
24	AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN, THE DIVISION SHALL DEVELOP, IMPLEMENT,
25	AND MAINTAIN A WEBSITE TO SERVE AS THE STATE RESOURCE FOR THE
26	MOST ACCURATE AND TIMELY INFORMATION REGARDING FENTANYL. AT
27	A MINIMUM, THE WEBSITE MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION CONCERNING

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FENTANYL, 118 DANGERS, PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES TO AVOID RISKS
AND PREVENT HARM CAUSED BY FENTANYL, RESOURCES FOR ADDICTION
TREATMENT AND SERVICES, AND LAWS REGARDING FENTANYL, INCLUDING
CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING AN OVERDOSE EVENT
PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711.
SECTION 24. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-20.5-1101,
amend (1), (2), (3)(a), and (4) as follows:
25-20.5-1101. Harm reduction grant program - creation -
application - permissible uses - department duties. (1) Subject to
available appropriations, the department shall develop and implement a
harm reduction grant program, referred to in this section as the "grant
program", to PREVENT OVERDOSE DEATHS AND reduce health risks
associated with drug use. and improve coordination between law
enforcement agencies, public health agencies, and community-based
organizations. The department may contract with an independent entity
for the administration of the grant program.
(2) (a) To be eligible to receive grant funding pursuant to this part
11, an entity must be: a nonprofit organization in good standing and
registered with the federal internal revenue service and the Colorado
secretary of state's office, a local public health agency established
pursuant to section 25-1-506, or a law enforcement agency.
(I) A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION THAT IS IN GOOD STANDING AND
REGISTERED WITH THE FEDERAL INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE AND THE
COLORADO SECRETARY OF STATE'S OFFICE;
(II) A LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH AGENCY ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 25-1-506;
(III) A TRIBAL AGENCY OR PROGRAM;

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1	(IV) A FEDERALLY QUALIFIED HEALTH CENTER, AS DEFINED IN THE
2	FEDERAL "SOCIAL SECURITY ACT", 42 U.S.C. SEC. 1395x (aa)(4);
3	(V) A RURAL HEALTH CLINIC, AS DEFINED IN THE FEDERAL "SOCIAL
4	SECURITY ACT", 42 U.S.C. SEC. 1395x (aa)(2);
5	(VI) A BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ENTITY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
6	<u>25-27.6-102 (6); OR</u>
7	(VII) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.
8	(b) AN ELIGIBLE ENTITY MAY SUBMIT A PROPOSAL ON BEHALF OF
9	A GROUP OF ELIGIBLE ENTITIES, AND APPORTION GRANT FUNDS
10	ACCORDINGLY, TO FOSTER COMMUNITY COLLABORATION AND COLLECTIVE
11	IMPACT.
12	(c) Grantees must be willing to provide services to individuals
13	who may not be ready to seek addiction treatment services or who are in
14	recovery.
15	(3) On or before November 1, 2019, the department shall develop:
16	(a) Eligibility criteria for nonprofit organizations, local public
17	health agencies, and law enforcement agencies THE ENTITIES DESCRIBED
18	IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION;
19	(4) (a) Permissible uses of funding provided pursuant to this grant
20	program include GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES, AND DIRECT AND
21	INDIRECT PROJECT COSTS INCLUDING, but are not limited to:
22	(I) (a) Trainings relevant to the field of harm reduction which
23	THAT may include how to administer naloxone OVERDOSE PREVENTION,
24	SAFER SUBSTANCE USE PRACTICES, SAFE DISPOSAL, AND ACCESS TO AND
25	ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
26	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS;
27	(H) (b) Purchasing and providing sterile equipment,

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1	NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, and syringe
2	disposal equipment;
3	(HH) (c) Providing direct services to persons who have come into
4	contact with or who are at risk of coming into contact with the criminal
5	justice system, which may include accessing treatment and health-care
6	services, overdose prevention activities, and recovery support services;
7	(IV) (d) Outreach and engagement to people who come into
8	contact with or who are at risk of coming into contact with the criminal
9	justice system and who are in need of mental health or substance use
10	disorder services TREATMENT, OVERDOSE PREVENTION, HARM REDUCTION,
11	OR RECOVERY SUPPORT SERVICES;
12	(V) (e) Facilitating communication, training, and technical
13	assistance among law enforcement agencies, public health agencies, and
14	community-based harm reduction agencies IN ORDER TO DIVERT PEOPLE
15	FROM THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM;
16	(VI) Coordinating local efforts regarding co-responder and
17	diversion programs; and
18	(VII) (f) Auricular acudetox training and services;
19	(g) Public education and outreach about synthetic
20	OPIATES, OVERDOSE RISKS, RECOGNIZING AN OVERDOSE EVENT,
21	RESOURCES FOR ADDICTION TREATMENT AND SERVICES, ACCESS TO AND
22	ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
23	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
24	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
25	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711;
26	(h) Local conventions for the purpose of developing
27	COMMUNITY-BASED APPROACHES FOR OVERDOSE PREVENTION, EARLY

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1	INTERVENTION, AND HARM REDUCTION SERVICES;
2	(i) DEVELOPING, OR EXPANDING EXISTING, COMMUNITY-BASED
3	ORGANIZATIONS THAT PROVIDE OVERDOSE PREVENTION, EARLY
4	INTERVENTION, AND HARM REDUCTION SERVICES;
5	(j) EVIDENCE-BASED RESEARCH CONCERNING BEST OR PROMISING
6	PRACTICES IN OVERDOSE PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION, HARM
7	REDUCTION, AND MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROTOCOLS;
8	(k) DEVELOPING STRATEGIES FOR SERVING POPULATIONS WHO ARE
9	AT A HIGHER RISK OF OVERDOSE AND LIVE IN UNDERSERVED AREAS; AND
10	(1) SUPPORT FOR A LIAISON WITH EXPERIENCE COLLABORATING
11	WITH COMMUNITY-BASED ORGANIZATIONS AND LOCAL PUBLIC HEALTH
12	AGENCIES.
13	(b) In order to ensure grantees are coordinating efforts across
14	public health and criminal justice systems at the local level, funding may
15	be used to support a harm reduction and law enforcement liaison who has
16	experience working with community-based organizations, local public
17	health agencies, and law enforcement agencies.
18	SECTION 25. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-20.5-1102, add
19	(5) as follows:
20	25-20.5-1102. Harm reduction grant program cash fund -
21	creation - repeal. (5) (a) FOR THE 2022-23 STATE FISCAL YEAR, THE
22	GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE SIX MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE
23	BEHAVIORAL AND MENTAL HEALTH CASH FUND, CREATED IN SECTION
24	24-75-230, TO THE FUND.
25	(b) This subsection (5) is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
26	SECTION 26. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-60-106, amend
27	(4) introductory portion, (4)(b), and (5)(a); as follows:

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1	27-60-106. Jail-based behavioral health services program -
2	purpose - created - funding - repeal. (4) Subject to available
3	appropriations, the office may SHALL require a county jail that receives
4	funding through the program to:
5	(b) Assess all individuals booked into the jail facility WHEN
6	BOOKED INTO THE JAIL FACILITY AND AT ANY TIME SUBSEQUENT TO
7	BOOKING WHEN CLINICALLY INDICATED for substance use withdrawal
8	symptoms and develop protocols for medical detoxification monitoring
9	procedures, MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, OR OTHER APPROPRIATE
10	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE;
11	(5) (a) The office shall require a county jail that receives funding
12	through the program to have a policy in place on or before January 1,
13	2020, that describes how medication-assisted treatment, as it is defined
14	in section 23-21-803, will be provided, when necessary, to individuals
15	confined in the county jail. THE OFFICE SHALL REQUIRE A COUNTY JAIL
16	THAT RECEIVES FUNDING THROUGH THE PROGRAM TO DEVELOP,
17	IMPLEMENT, AND PUBLISH A POLICY ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2023,
18	THAT DESCRIBES THE PROVISION OF MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT
19	AND OTHER APPROPRIATE WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE UPON
20	RELEASE FROM JAIL.
21	_
22	SECTION 27. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 27-60-106, amend
23	(4) introductory portion, (4)(b), and (5)(a); as follows:
24	27-60-106. Jail-based behavioral health services program -
25	purpose - created - funding - repeal. (4) Subject to available
26	appropriations, the office may BHA SHALL require a county jail that
27	receives funding through the program to:

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1	(b) Assess all individuals booked into the jail facility WHEN
2	BOOKED INTO THE JAIL FACILITY AND AT ANY TIME SUBSEQUENT TO
3	BOOKING WHEN CLINICALLY INDICATED for substance use withdrawal
4	symptoms and develop protocols for medical detoxification monitoring
5	procedures, MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, OR OTHER APPROPRIATE
6	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE;
7	(5) (a) The office BHA shall require a county jail that receives
8	funding through the program to have a policy in place on or before
9	January 1, 2020, that describes how medication-assisted treatment, as it
10	is defined in section 23-21-803, will be provided, when necessary, to
11	individuals confined in the county jail. THE BHA SHALL REQUIRE A
12	COUNTY JAIL THAT RECEIVES FUNDING THROUGH THE PROGRAM TO
13	DEVELOP, IMPLEMENT, AND PUBLISH A POLICY ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1,
14	2023, THAT DESCRIBES THE PROVISION OF MEDICATION-ASSISTED
15	TREATMENT AND OTHER APPROPRIATE WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE
16	UPON RELEASE FROM JAIL.
17	_
18	SECTION 28. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-107.7 as
19	follows:
20	27-80-107.7. Increase synthetic opiate treatment - report.
21	(1) On or before January 1, 2023, each managed service
22	ORGANIZATION DESIGNATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-107 SHALL
23	EVALUATE THE CURRENT SUPPLY AND NECESSARY DEMAND WITHIN ITS
24	REGION FOR:
25	(a) THE NUMBER OF MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT
26	PROVIDERS EMPLOYED BY THE MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION WHO
27	ARE TRAINED TO PROVIDE MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT TO A

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1	PERSON WHO HAS CONSUMED SYNTHETIC OPIATES;
2	(b) Ambulatory withdrawal management and medical
3	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT SPECIFIC TO SYNTHETIC OPIATES;
4	(c) The provision of recovery services at public high
5	SCHOOLS; AND
6	(d) The provision of recovery residences, as defined in
7	SECTION 25-1.5-108.5.
8	(2) In its hearing for the 2024 legislative session, the
9	DEPARTMENT SHALL INCLUDE AS PART OF ITS "STATE MEASUREMENT FOR
10	ACCOUNTABLE, RESPONSIVE, AND TRANSPARENT (SMART)
11	GOVERNMENT ACT" HEARING REQUIRED BY SECTION 2-7-203, THE
12	MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS' FINDINGS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION
13	(1) OF THIS SECTION.
14	SECTION 29. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-127 as
15	follows:
16	27-80-127. Fentanyl education and treatment program. THE
17	OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SHALL DEVELOP A FENTANYL EDUCATION
18	PROGRAM FOR THE PURPOSE OF SECTIONS $18-1.3-410\mathrm{AND}18-1.3-509$. The
19	FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM MUST INCLUDE INFORMATION
20	REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF SYNTHETIC
21	OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH, ACCESS TO
22	AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND NON-LABORATORY
23	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS REGARDING SYNTHETIC
24	OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING
25	AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1-711. THE OFFICE OF
26	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH MAY UPDATE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM
27	CURRICULUM AS NECESSARY.

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1	SECTION 30. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-127 as
2	follows:
3	27-80-127. Fentanyl education and treatment program. THE
4	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION SHALL DEVELOP A FENTANYL
5	EDUCATION PROGRAM FOR THE PURPOSE OF SECTIONS 18-1.3-410 AND
6	18-1.3-509. The Fentanyl Education Program must include
7	INFORMATION REGARDING THE NATURE AND ADDICTIVE ELEMENTS OF
8	SYNTHETIC OPIATES, THEIR DANGERS TO A PERSON'S LIFE AND HEALTH,
9	ACCESS TO AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS AND
10	NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS, AND LAWS
11	REGARDING SYNTHETIC OPIATES, INCLUDING CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND
12	IMMUNITY FOR REPORTING AN OVERDOSE EVENT PURSUANT TO SECTION
13	18-1-711. THE BHA MAY UPDATE THE FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM
14	CURRICULUM AS NECESSARY.
15	SECTION 31. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-103.5,
16	amend (3)(c) and (3)(d); and add (3)(e) as follows:
17	18-1.3-103.5. Felony convictions - vacate and enter conviction
18	on misdemeanor after successful completion. (3) This section applies
19	to convictions for the following offenses:
20	(c) Possession of more than twelve ounces of marijuana or more
21	than three ounces of marijuana concentrate; or
22	(d) A violation of section 18-18-415; OR
23	(e) A VIOLATION OF SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5)(a).
24	SECTION 32. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-72-706, amend
25	(1)(b)(II) and (1)(b)(III) as follows:
26	24-72-706. Sealing of criminal conviction records. (1) Sealing
2.7	of conviction records. (b) (II) If the offense is a class 2 or class 3

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1	misdemeanor, or any drug misdemeanor, OR A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY FOR
2	A CONVICTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), the motion may
3	be filed two years after the later of the date of the final disposition of all
4	criminal proceedings against the defendant or the release of the defendant
5	from supervision concerning a criminal conviction.
6	(III) If the offense is a class 4, class 5, or class 6 felony, a level 3
7	or level 4 drug felony EXCEPT A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY FOR A CONVICTION
8	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), or a class 1 misdemeanor, the
9	motion may be filed three years after the later of the date of the final
10	disposition of all criminal proceedings against the defendant or the
11	release of the defendant from supervision concerning a criminal
12	conviction.
13	SECTION 33. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-1.3-801, amend
14	(2)(a)(I); and add (2)(c) as follows:
14 15	
	(2)(a)(I); and add (2)(c) as follows:
15	(2)(a)(I); and add (2)(c) as follows: 18-1.3-801. Punishment for habitual criminals.
15 16	(2)(a)(I); and add (2)(c) as follows: 18-1.3-801. Punishment for habitual criminals. (2) (a) (I) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this
15 16 17	(2)(a)(I); and add (2)(c) as follows: 18-1.3-801. Punishment for habitual criminals. (2) (a) (I) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (2) SUBSECTIONS (2)(b), (2)(c), and in subsection (5) of this
15 16 17 18	(2)(a)(I); and add (2)(c) as follows: 18-1.3-801. Punishment for habitual criminals. (2) (a) (I) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (2) SUBSECTIONS (2)(b), (2)(c), and in subsection (5) of this section, every person convicted in this state of any felony, who has been
15 16 17 18 19	(2)(a)(I); and add (2)(c) as follows: 18-1.3-801. Punishment for habitual criminals. (2) (a) (I) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (2) SUBSECTIONS (2)(b), (2)(c), and in subsection (5) of this section, every person convicted in this state of any felony, who has been three times previously convicted, upon charges separately brought and
15 16 17 18 19 20	(2)(a)(I); and add (2)(c) as follows: 18-1.3-801. Punishment for habitual criminals. (2) (a) (I) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (2) SUBSECTIONS (2)(b), (2)(c), and in subsection (5) of this section, every person convicted in this state of any felony, who has been three times previously convicted, upon charges separately brought and tried, and arising out of separate and distinct criminal episodes, either in
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(2)(a)(I); and add (2)(c) as follows: 18-1.3-801. Punishment for habitual criminals. (2) (a) (I) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (2) SUBSECTIONS (2)(b), (2)(c), and in subsection (5) of this section, every person convicted in this state of any felony, who has been three times previously convicted, upon charges separately brought and tried, and arising out of separate and distinct criminal episodes, either in this state or elsewhere, of a felony or, under the laws of any other state,
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(2)(a)(I); and add (2)(c) as follows: 18-1.3-801. Punishment for habitual criminals. (2) (a) (I) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (2) SUBSECTIONS (2)(b), (2)(c), and in subsection (5) of this section, every person convicted in this state of any felony, who has been three times previously convicted, upon charges separately brought and tried, and arising out of separate and distinct criminal episodes, either in this state or elsewhere, of a felony or, under the laws of any other state, the United States, or any territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(2)(a)(I); and add (2)(c) as follows: 18-1.3-801. Punishment for habitual criminals. (2) (a) (I) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (2) SUBSECTIONS (2)(b), (2)(c), and in subsection (5) of this section, every person convicted in this state of any felony, who has been three times previously convicted, upon charges separately brought and tried, and arising out of separate and distinct criminal episodes, either in this state or elsewhere, of a felony or, under the laws of any other state, the United States, or any territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, of a crime which, if committed within this state, would be a
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	(2)(a)(I); and add (2)(c) as follows: 18-1.3-801. Punishment for habitual criminals. (2) (a) (I) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection (2) SUBSECTIONS (2)(b), (2)(c), and in subsection (5) of this section, every person convicted in this state of any felony, who has been three times previously convicted, upon charges separately brought and tried, and arising out of separate and distinct criminal episodes, either in this state or elsewhere, of a felony or, under the laws of any other state, the United States, or any territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, of a crime which, if committed within this state, would be a felony, shall be adjudged an habitual criminal and shall be punished:

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1	CONVICTION FOR A LEVEL 4 DRUG FELONY COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY
2	1, 2022, FOR ATTEMPT OR CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT UNLAWFUL POSSESSION
3	OF FENTANYL, <u>CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS</u> , OR AN ANALOG
4	THEREOF, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), EVEN IF THE
5	PERSON HAS BEEN PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED OF THREE OR MORE
6	QUALIFYING FELONY CONVICTIONS.
7	SECTION 34. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 14 to
8	article 20.5 of title 25 as follows:
9	PART 14
10	HOUSE BILL 22-1326 INDEPENDENT STUDY
11	25-20.5-1401. Independent study - report - repeal. (1) (a) BY
12	January 1, 2023, the department shall contract with an
13	INDEPENDENT ENTITY TO CONDUCT A STUDY AND PUBLISH A REPORT
14	CONCERNING THE IMPACT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF HOUSE BILL 22-1326.
15	(b) The department shall consult with the judicial
16	DEPARTMENT, THE OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH, AND OTHER
17	STAKEHOLDERS IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT IN DEVELOPING AND
18	ISSUING A REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS TO ENSURE CANDIDATES HAVE
19	EXPERTISE IN DATA COLLECTION AND PROGRAM ANALYSIS, AND RELEVANT
20	CRIMINAL LAW AND HARM REDUCTION ISSUES.
21	(2) AT A MINIMUM, THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY SHALL IDENTIFY
22	AND REPORT FINDINGS REGARDING AVAILABLE DATA AND INFORMATION
23	FROM JULY 1, 2019, THROUGH JUNE 30, 2024 OBTAINED FROM THE
24	COLORADO JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT AND TREATMENT PROVIDERS SERVING
25	THE PROBATION POPULATION. DATA AND INFORMATION FROM CASES FILED
26	AND PRACTICES IMPLEMENTED PRIOR TO JULY 1, 2022, MUST BE INCLUDED
2.7	IN THE STUDY IN AN EFFORT TO ESTABLISH BASELINE INFORMATION. AS

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1	NECESSARY. THE DATA AND INFORMATION MUST BE REPORTED BOTH ON
2	A STATEWIDE BASIS AND DISAGGREGATED BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT. THE
3	DATA AND INFORMATION MUST INCLUDE, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO:
4	(a) EVERY CASE WITH A CHARGE FILED PURSUANT TO SECTION
5	18-18-403.5 (2.5)(a) for the unlawful possession of Fentanyl,
6	CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF,
7	INCLUDING:
8	(I) WHETHER A MISDEMEANOR OR FELONY CHARGE WAS FILED;
9	(II) WHETHER AN ARREST WAS MADE OR A SUMMONS WAS ISSUED
10	FOR THE CHARGE;
11	(III) WHETHER ANOTHER CRIMINAL CHARGE WAS FILED IN THE
12	CASE, AND IF SO, WHAT CHARGE;
13	(IV) THE DISPOSITION OF THE CASE, INCLUDING THE SENTENCE
14	IMPOSED;
15	(V) WHETHER THE DEFENDANT IS CURRENTLY SERVING THE
16	SENTENCE AND IF THE SENTENCE INCLUDES PROBATION SUPERVISION;
17	(VI) WHETHER THE DEFENDANT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE
18	SENTENCE, INCLUDING IF THE DEFENDANT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED AN
19	INITIAL PROBATIONARY SENTENCE OR WHETHER PROBATION WAS REVOKED
20	AND RESULTED IN INCARCERATION IN JAIL OR PRISON;
21	(VII) IF PROBATION WAS REVOKED, WHETHER THE REVOCATION
22	WAS FOR A NEW CRIMINAL CASE OR A TECHNICAL VIOLATION;
23	(VIII) WHETHER SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT WAS ORDERED AND,
24	IF SO, WHAT TYPE, INCLUDING WHETHER THE COURT ORDERED PLACEMENT
25	IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-410
26	OR 18-1.3-509; AND
27	(IX) THE RACE, GENDER, AND AGE OF THE DEFENDANT, AND

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1	WHETHER THE DEFENDANT WAS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED
2	COUNSEL OR OTHERWISE DETERMINED TO BE <u>INDIGENT.</u>
3	(3) At a minimum, the independent entity shall identify
4	AND REPORT FINDINGS BASED ON AVAILABLE DATA AND INFORMATION
5	OBTAINED FROM THE OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH, THE DEPARTMENT
6	OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, MANAGED SERVICE
7	ORGANIZATIONS, AND OTHER APPLICABLE AGENCIES AND TREATMENT
8	PROVIDERS, REGARDING:
9	(a) THE PREVENTION AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN DEVELOPED BY
10	THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-115.5 AND THE
11	FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE OFFICE OF
12	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127, INCLUDING THE
13	METHOD AND REACH OF THE CAMPAIGN AND PROGRAM;
14	(b) THE IMPLEMENTATION OF MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT
15	AND OTHER APPROPRIATE WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE BY EVERY
16	JAIL THAT RECEIVED FUNDING PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-60-106,
17	INCLUDING WHETHER THE JAILS COMPLIED WITH IMPLEMENTATION AND,
18	IF NOT, WHETHER THE JAIL FORFEITED OR RETURNED FUNDING;
19	(c) THE ELIGIBLE ENTITIES THAT PURCHASED OPIATE ANTAGONISTS
20	THROUGH THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST BULK PURCHASE FUND PURSUANT TO
21	SECTION 25-1.5-115, INCLUDING THE AMOUNT OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS
22	PURCHASED BY EACH ELIGIBLE ENTITY AND THE REVENUE RECEIVED BY
23	THE BULK PURCHASE FUND;
24	(d) The eligible entities that received non-laboratory
25	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-115.3
26	AND THE AMOUNT OF NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION
2.7	TESTS RECEIVED BY EACH ELIGIBLE ENTITY:

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l	(e) THE HARM REDUCTION GRANT PROGRAM, CREATED IN SECTION
2	25-20.5-1101, INCLUDING:
3	(I) THE GRANTEES, THE USES OF EACH GRANT, THE AMOUNT OF THE
4	GRANT AWARD, THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE SERVED BY THE GRANT, AND ANY
5	AVAILABLE OUTCOME MEASURES AS A RESULT OF THE GRANT USES;
6	(II) STRATEGIES DEVELOPED AND IMPLEMENTED THROUGH THE
7	PROGRAM, IF ANY, FOR SERVING POPULATIONS WHO ARE AT A HIGHER RISK
8	OF OVERDOSE AND LIVE IN UNDERSERVED AREAS; AND
9	(III) EVIDENCE-BASED RESEARCH DEVELOPED THROUGH THE
10	PROGRAM CONCERNING BEST OR PROMISING PRACTICES IN OVERDOSE
11	PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION, HARM REDUCTION, AND
12	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT;
13	(f) Every overdose death caused by fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u>
14	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, OCCURRING IN A JAIL,
15	PRISON, OR RESIDENTIAL COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS FACILITY OR WHILE
16	UNDER PROBATION, PAROLE, OR PRETRIAL RELEASE;
17	(g) THE MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS CONTRACTS
18	DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-107.8 TO PROVIDE SHORT-TERM
19	RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT FOR WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT, CRISIS
20	STABILIZATION, OR MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, INCLUDING THE
21	NUMBER OF FACILITIES, THEIR LOCATION, SERVICES PROVIDED, AND THE
22	NUMBER OF PERSONS SERVED; AND
23	(h) THE TRAINING AND COORDINATION EFFORTS DEVELOPED AND
24	IMPLEMENTED BY THE MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS WITH FIRST
25	RESPONDERS AND REFERRING ENTITIES REGARDING THE AVAILABLE
26	SERVICES TO BE UTILIZED IN LIEU OF ARREST AND TRANSPORT TO JAIL.
2.7	(4) The independent entity shall request all necessary

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1	DATA NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE STUDY, AND EACH AGENCY OR
2	ORGANIZATION SHALL ESTABLISH ANY DATA SHARING AGREEMENT
3	NECESSARY, SUBJECT TO ALL FEDERAL AND STATE PRIVACY LAWS
4	NECESSARY TO PROTECT PRIVACY, TO SUPPORT THE STUDY.
5	(5) By December 31, 2024, the independent entity shall
6	SUBMIT A COMPLETED COMPREHENSIVE REPORT OF ITS FINDINGS
7	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION TO THE DEPARTMENT.
8	(6) By January 31, 2025, the department shall publish the
9	REPORT ON ITS WEBSITE AND SHALL SUBMIT THE REPORT TO THE
10	JUDICIARY COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE
11	SENATE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES.
12	(7) This part 14 is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
13	SECTION 35. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 14 to
14	article 20.5 of title 25 as follows:
15	PART 14
16	HOUSE BILL 22-1326 INDEPENDENT STUDY
17	25-20.5-1401. Independent study - report - repeal. (1) (a) BY
18	JANUARY 1, 2023, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONTRACT WITH AN
19	INDEPENDENT ENTITY TO CONDUCT A STUDY AND PUBLISH A REPORT
20	CONCERNING THE IMPACT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF HOUSE BILL 22-1326.
21	(b) The department shall consult with the judicial
22	DEPARTMENT, THE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION, AND OTHER
23	STAKEHOLDERS IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT IN DEVELOPING AND
24	ISSUING A REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS TO ENSURE CANDIDATES HAVE
25	EXPERTISE IN DATA COLLECTION AND PROGRAM ANALYSIS, AND RELEVANT
26	CRIMINAL LAW AND HARM REDUCTION ISSUES.
27	(2) AT A MINIMUM, THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY SHALL IDENTIFY

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1	AND REPORT FINDINGS REGARDING AVAILABLE DATA AND INFORMATION
2	FROM JULY 1, 2019, THROUGH JUNE 30, 2024 OBTAINED FROM THE
3	COLORADO JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT AND TREATMENT PROVIDERS SERVING
4	THE PROBATION POPULATION. DATA AND INFORMATION FROM CASES FILED
5	and practices implemented prior to July $1,2022$, must be included
6	IN THE STUDY IN AN EFFORT TO ESTABLISH BASELINE INFORMATION, AS
7	NECESSARY. THE DATA AND INFORMATION MUST BE REPORTED BOTH ON
8	A STATEWIDE BASIS AND DISAGGREGATED BY JUDICIAL DISTRICT. THE
9	DATA AND INFORMATION MUST INCLUDE, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO:
10	(a) EVERY CASE WITH A CHARGE FILED PURSUANT TO SECTION
11	18-18-403.5 (2.5)(a) FOR THE UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF FENTANYL,
12	CARFENTANIL BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF,
13	INCLUDING:
14	(I) WHETHER A MISDEMEANOR OR FELONY CHARGE WAS FILED;
15	(II) WHETHER AN ARREST WAS MADE OR A SUMMONS WAS ISSUED
16	FOR THE CHARGE;
17	(III) WHETHER ANOTHER CRIMINAL CHARGE WAS FILED IN THE
18	CASE, AND IF SO, WHAT CHARGE;
19	(IV) THE DISPOSITION OF THE CASE, INCLUDING THE SENTENCE
20	IMPOSED;
21	(V) WHETHER THE DEFENDANT IS CURRENTLY SERVING THE
22	SENTENCE AND IF THE SENTENCE INCLUDES PROBATION SUPERVISION;
23	(VI) WHETHER THE DEFENDANT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE
24	SENTENCE, INCLUDING IF THE DEFENDANT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED AN
25	INITIAL PROBATIONARY SENTENCE OR WHETHER PROBATION WAS REVOKED
26	AND RESULTED IN INCARCERATION IN JAIL OR PRISON;
27	(VII) IF PROBATION WAS REVOKED, WHETHER THE REVOCATION

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1	WAS FOR A NEW CRIMINAL CASE OR A TECHNICAL VIOLATION;
2	(VIII) WHETHER SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT WAS ORDERED AND,
3	IF SO, WHAT TYPE, INCLUDING WHETHER THE COURT ORDERED PLACEMENT
4	IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT FACILITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-1.3-410
5	OR 18-1.3-509; AND
6	(IX) THE RACE, GENDER, AND AGE OF THE DEFENDANT, AND
7	WHETHER THE DEFENDANT WAS REPRESENTED BY COURT-APPOINTED
8	COUNSEL OR OTHERWISE DETERMINED TO BE <u>INDIGENT.</u>
9	(3) At a minimum, the independent entity shall identify
10	AND REPORT FINDINGS BASED ON AVAILABLE DATA AND INFORMATION
11	OBTAINED FROM THE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION, THE
12	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, MANAGED SERVICE
13	ORGANIZATIONS, AND OTHER APPLICABLE AGENCIES AND TREATMENT
14	PROVIDERS, REGARDING:
15	(a) THE PREVENTION AND EDUCATION CAMPAIGN DEVELOPED BY
16	THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-115.5 AND THE
17	FENTANYL EDUCATION PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY THE BEHAVIORAL
18	HEALTH ADMINISTRATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-127, INCLUDING
19	THE METHOD AND REACH OF THE CAMPAIGN AND PROGRAM;
20	(b) THE IMPLEMENTATION OF MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT
21	AND OTHER APPROPRIATE WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE BY EVERY
22	JAIL THAT RECEIVED FUNDING PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-60-106,
23	INCLUDING WHETHER THE JAILS COMPLIED WITH IMPLEMENTATION AND,
24	IF NOT, WHETHER THE JAIL FORFEITED OR RETURNED FUNDING;
25	(c) THE ELIGIBLE ENTITIES THAT PURCHASED OPIATE ANTAGONISTS
26	THROUGH THE OPIATE ANTAGONIST BULK PURCHASE FUND PURSUANT TO
27	SECTION 25-1.5-115, INCLUDING THE AMOUNT OF OPIATE ANTAGONISTS

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1	PURCHASED BY EACH ELIGIBLE ENTITY AND THE REVENUE RECEIVED BY
2	THE BULK PURCHASE FUND;
3	(d) THE ELIGIBLE ENTITIES THAT RECEIVED NON-LABORATORY
4	SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION TESTS PURSUANT TO SECTION $25-1.5-115.3$
5	AND THE AMOUNT OF NON-LABORATORY SYNTHETIC OPIATE DETECTION
6	TESTS RECEIVED BY EACH ELIGIBLE ENTITY;
7	(e) THE HARM REDUCTION GRANT PROGRAM, CREATED IN SECTION
8	25-20.5-1101, INCLUDING:
9	(I) THE GRANTEES, THE USES OF EACH GRANT, THE AMOUNT OF THE
10	GRANT AWARD, THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE SERVED BY THE GRANT, AND ANY
11	AVAILABLE OUTCOME MEASURES AS A RESULT OF THE GRANT USES;
12	(II) STRATEGIES DEVELOPED AND IMPLEMENTED THROUGH THE
13	PROGRAM, IF ANY, FOR SERVING POPULATIONS WHO ARE AT A HIGHER RISK
14	OF OVERDOSE AND LIVE IN UNDERSERVED AREAS; AND
15	(III) EVIDENCE-BASED RESEARCH DEVELOPED THROUGH THE
16	PROGRAM CONCERNING BEST OR PROMISING PRACTICES IN OVERDOSE
17	PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION, HARM REDUCTION, AND
18	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT;
19	(f) Every overdose death caused by fentanyl, <u>carfentanil</u>
20	BENZIMIDAZOLE OPIOIDS, OR AN ANALOG THEREOF, OCCURRING IN A JAIL,
21	PRISON, OR RESIDENTIAL COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS FACILITY OR WHILE
22	UNDER PROBATION, PAROLE, OR PRETRIAL RELEASE;
23	(g) The managed service organization contracts
24	DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-80-107.8 TO PROVIDE SHORT-TERM
25	RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT FOR WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT, CRISIS
26	STABILIZATION, OR MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, INCLUDING THE
27	NUMBER OF FACILITIES, THEIR LOCATION, SERVICES PROVIDED, AND THE

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1	NUMBER OF PERSONS SERVED; AND
2	(h) THE TRAINING AND COORDINATION EFFORTS DEVELOPED AND
3	IMPLEMENTED BETWEEN MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS, FIRST
4	RESPONDERS, AND REFERRING ENTITIES REGARDING THE AVAILABLE
5	SERVICES TO BE UTILIZED IN LIEU OF ARREST AND TRANSPORT TO JAIL.
6	(4) The independent entity shall request all necessary
7	DATA NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE STUDY, AND EACH AGENCY OF
8	ORGANIZATION SHALL ESTABLISH ANY DATA-SHARING AGREEMENT
9	NECESSARY, SUBJECT TO ALL FEDERAL AND STATE PRIVACY LAWS
10	NECESSARY TO PROTECT PRIVACY, TO SUPPORT THE STUDY.
11	(5) By December 31, 2024, the independent entity shall
12	SUBMIT A COMPLETED COMPREHENSIVE REPORT OF ITS FINDINGS
13	PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION TO THE DEPARTMENT.
14	(6) By January 31, 2025, the department shall publish the
15	REPORT ON ITS WEBSITE AND SHALL SUBMIT THE REPORT TO THE
16	JUDICIARY COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE
17	SENATE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES.
18	(7) This part 14 is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
19	SECTION 36. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-107.8 as
20	follows:
21	27-80-107.8. Withdrawal management and crisis service
22	expansion - appropriation. (1) ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2023, EACH
23	MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION SHALL:
24	(a) CONTRACT TO PROVIDE SHORT-TERM RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT
25	FOR WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT, CRISIS STABILIZATION, OR
26	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT FOR PERSONS IN IMMEDIATE NEED OF
27	DETOXIFICATION AND STABILIZATION SERVICES, WITH A PROVIDER WHO IS

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1	LICENSED BY THE STATE OF COLORADO TO PROVIDE THOSE SERVICES.
2	(b) DEVELOP A PAYMENT SCHEDULE THAT INCLUDES ADMISSION
3	AND SERVICE RATES FROM THE MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION TO THE
4	PROVIDER, AND ORGANIZATIONAL FUNDING FOR TRAINING AND
5	COORDINATION WITH FIRST RESPONDERS OR REFERRING ENTITIES; AND
6	(c) PROVIDE TRAINING TO, AND ONGOING COORDINATION WITH,
7	FIRST RESPONDERS OR REFERRING ENTITIES CONCERNING THE AVAILABLE
8	SERVICES TO BE UTILIZED IN LIEU OF ARREST AND TRANSPORT TO JAIL, TO
9	THE GREATEST EXTENT POSSIBLE.
10	(2) FOR THE 2022-23 STATE FISCAL YEAR, THE GENERAL
11	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE TEN MILLION DOLLARS TO THE OFFICE OF
12	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH TO BE DISTRIBUTED TO MANAGED SERVICE
13	ORGANIZATIONS FOR THE PURPOSE OF IMPLEMENTING THIS SECTION. ANY
14	Unexpended money remaining at the end of the $2022-23$ state
15	FISCAL YEAR FROM THIS APPROPRIATION:
16	(a) Does not revert to the general fund or any other
17	FUND;
18	(b) MAY BE USED BY THE OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH IN THE
19	2023-24 OR 2024-25 STATE FISCAL YEARS WITHOUT FURTHER
20	APPROPRIATION; AND
21	(c) Must not be used for any other purpose other than the
22	PURPOSES SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION.
23	SECTION 37. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-80-107.8 as
24	follows:
25	27-80-107.8. Withdrawal management and crisis service
26	expansion - appropriation. (1) ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2023, EACH
27	MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION SHALL:

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1	(a) CONTRACT TO PROVIDE SHORT-TERM RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENT
2	FOR WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT, CRISIS STABILIZATION, OR
3	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT FOR PERSONS IN IMMEDIATE NEED OF
4	DETOXIFICATION AND STABILIZATION SERVICES, WITH A PROVIDER WHO IS
5	LICENSED BY THE STATE OF COLORADO TO PROVIDE THOSE SERVICES.
6	(b) DEVELOP A PAYMENT SCHEDULE THAT INCLUDES ADMISSION
7	AND SERVICE RATES FROM THE MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATION TO THE
8	PROVIDER, AND ORGANIZATIONAL FUNDING FOR TRAINING AND
9	COORDINATION WITH FIRST RESPONDERS OR REFERRING ENTITIES; AND
10	(c) Provide training to, and ongoing coordination with,
11	FIRST RESPONDERS OR REFERRING ENTITIES CONCERNING THE AVAILABLE
12	SERVICES TO BE UTILIZED IN LIEU OF ARREST AND TRANSPORT TO JAIL, TO
13	THE GREATEST EXTENT POSSIBLE.
14	(2) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, the general
15	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE TEN MILLION DOLLARS TO THE
16	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION TO BE DISTRIBUTED TO MANAGED
17	SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS FOR THE PURPOSE OF IMPLEMENTING THIS
18	SECTION. ANY UNEXPENDED MONEY REMAINING AT THE END OF THE
19	2022-23 STATE FISCAL YEAR FROM THIS APPROPRIATION:
20	(a) Does not revert to the general fund or any other
21	FUND;
22	(b) MAY BE USED BY THE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION
23	In the $2023-24$ or $2024-25$ state fiscal years without further
24	APPROPRIATION; AND
25	(c) MUST NOT BE USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE OTHER THAN THE
26	PURPOSES SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION.
27	SECTION 38 In Colorado Revised Statutes add 24-33 5-525 as

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1	follows:
2	24-33.5-525. Synthetic opioid poisoning investigation and
3	distribution interdiction grant program - creation - duties - rules -
4	reports - appropriation - definition - repeal. (1) There is created in
5	THE DIVISION THE SYNTHETIC OPIOID POISONING INVESTIGATION AND
6	DISTRIBUTION INTERDICTION GRANT PROGRAM, REFERRED TO IN THIS
7	SECTION AS THE "GRANT PROGRAM", TO PROVIDE GRANTS TO LAW
8	ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES FOR THE PURPOSE OF INVESTIGATING DEATHS
9	CAUSED BY SYNTHETIC OPIOID POISONING AND DISRUPTING SYNTHETIC
10	OPIOID SUPPLIES.
11	(2) A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY APPLY FOR A GRANT FOR
12	THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES ONLY:
13	(a) Investigating deaths and serious injuries caused by
14	ILLEGAL SYNTHETIC OPIOID POISONING;
15	(b) Investigating, enforcing, and prosecuting synthetic
16	OPIOID IMPORTATION AND HIGH-LEVEL DISTRIBUTION NETWORKS
17	INCLUDING MULTIJURISDICTIONAL AND MULTISTATE INVESTIGATIONS AND
18	ENFORCEMENT OPERATIONS, TO REDUCE THE SUPPLY OF ILLEGAL
19	SYNTHETIC OPIOIDS AND PRECURSOR CHEMICALS IN COLORADO;
20	(c) Technology, equipment, and training to enhance
21	INTELLIGENCE, INFORMATION-SHARING CAPABILITIES, AND INTERAGENCY
22	COLLABORATION AMONG FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT
23	PARTNERS REGARDING SYNTHETIC OPIOID IMPORTATION AND HIGH-LEVEL
24	DISTRIBUTION NETWORKS; AND
25	(d) ANALYZING EMERGENT TRENDS IN MARKETS, INCLUDING THE
26	USE OF THE POSTAL SERVICE, PRIVATE COURIER, COMMERCIAL CARGO, AND
7	THE INTERNET EOD THE IMPORT AND DISTRIBUTION OF HITEGAL SYNTHETIC

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1	OPIOIDS THROUGH A SYSTEMATIC AND STANDARDIZED APPROACH,
2	INCLUDING THE USE OF NOVEL, HIGH-FREQUENCY, AND REAL-TIME
3	SYSTEMS TO ENHANCE MARKET SURVEILLANCE.
4	(3) (a) SUBJECT TO AVAILABLE APPROPRIATIONS, GIFTS, GRANTS,
5	OR DONATIONS, THE DIVISION SHALL ADMINISTER THE GRANT PROGRAM
6	AND SHALL AWARD GRANTS AS PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION.
7	(b) THE DIVISION MAY SEEK, ACCEPT, AND EXPEND GIFTS, GRANTS,
8	OR DONATIONS FROM PRIVATE OR PUBLIC SOURCES FOR THE PURPOSES OF
9	THIS SECTION.
10	(4) The division may promulgate such rules as may be
11	NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT THE GRANT PROGRAM, INCLUDING RULES
12	CONCERNING REQUIRED PERFORMANCE METRICS, DATA COLLECTION, AND
13	OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION THAT GRANTEES ARE REQUIRED TO
14	REPORT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (5) OF THIS SECTION.
15	(5) (a) On or before August 1, 2023, and on or before
16	AUGUST 1 EACH YEAR THEREAFTER, EACH GRANT RECIPIENT THAT
17	RECEIVED A GRANT THROUGH THE GRANT PROGRAM IN THE PRECEDING
18	STATE FISCAL YEAR SHALL SUBMIT A NARRATIVE AND FINANCIAL REPORT
19	OF GRANT EXPENSES TO THE DIVISION IN A FORMAT REQUIRED BY THE
20	DIVISION. AT A MINIMUM, THE REPORT MUST INCLUDE A DESCRIPTION OF
21	THE USES OF THE GRANT MONEY, INCLUDING METRICS, DATA, AND OTHER
22	RELEVANT INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE DIVISION, DURING THE
23	APPLICABLE GRANT TERM. THE DIVISION MAY PROMULGATE RULES
24	REGARDING REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, INCLUDING ADDITIONAL
25	INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED IN THE REPORT.
26	(b) On or before December 1, 2023, and on or before
27	DECEMBER 1 EACH YEAR THEREAFTER FOR THE DURATION OF THE GRANT

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1	PROGRAM, THE DIVISION SHALL SUBMIT A SUMMARIZED REPORT TO THE
2	JUDICIARY COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE
3	SENATE, OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES. AT A MINIMUM, THE REPORT
4	MUST INCLUDE THE INFORMATION PROVIDED BY GRANT RECIPIENTS TO THE
5	DIVISION PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (5).
6	(6) THE DIVISION SHALL CONSULT THE P.O.S.T. BOARD DIRECTOR,
7	OR THE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE, AND THE DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL OF
8	THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW,
9	CREATED IN SECTION 24-31-102 (2), CONCERNING THE IMPLEMENTATION
10	OF THIS SECTION, INCLUDING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR POTENTIAL GRANT
11	RECIPIENTS AND EXPENDITURES.
12	(7) The division shall consult the opioid crisis recovery
13	FUNDS ADVISORY COMMITTEE, CREATED IN SECTION 27-81-118,
14	CONCERNING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS SECTION, INCLUDING
15	RECOMMENDATIONS FOR POTENTIAL GRANT RECIPIENTS AND
16	EXPENDITURES, AND ASSISTANCE SEEKING GIFTS, GRANTS, AND
17	DONATIONS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION.
18	(8) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE
19	REQUIRES, "LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY" HAS THE SAME MEANING SET
20	FORTH IN SECTION 24-32-124 (1)(e), AND INCLUDES A DISTRICT
21	ATTORNEY'S OFFICE, A MULTIJURISDICTIONAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TASK
22	FORCE THAT INCLUDES A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY AS DEFINED BY
23	SECTION 24-32-124 (1)(e), OR A POLICE DEPARTMENT FOR A PRIVATE OR
24	STATE INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.
25	(9) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2026.
26	SECTION 39. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 24-31-115 as
27	follows:

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1	<u> 24-31-115. Unline fentanyl trafficking - study - report - </u>
2	appropriation - repeal. (1) The attorney general shall study the
3	USE OF THE INTERNET, INCLUDING RETAIL, PAYMENT, AND SOCIAL MEDIA
4	PLATFORMS, FOR THE PURPOSE OF TRAFFICKING FENTANYL, FENTANYL
5	ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIOIDS, AND
6	COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.
7	(2) THE STUDY MUST, AT A MINIMUM:
8	(a) Examine the prevalence of the availability and
9	ACCESSIBILITY FOR FENTANYL, FENTANYL ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS
10	THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIOIDS, AND COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS
11	THROUGH THE INTERNET;
12	(b) Identify website policies and practices intended to
13	PREVENT THE USE OF THE WEBSITE FOR TRAFFICKING FENTANYL,
14	FENTANYL ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIOIDS, AND
15	COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS;
16	(c) Identify laws implemented by other states or the
17	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT INTENDED TO PREVENT THE USE OF THE INTERNET
18	FOR TRAFFICKING FENTANYL, FENTANYL ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS
19	THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIOIDS, AND COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS;
20	<u>AND</u>
21	(d) Examine any other relevant data, information, or
22	RESOURCES, AS DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW,
23	CONCERNING THE USE OF THE INTERNET FOR TRAFFICKING FENTANYL,
24	FENTANYL ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIOIDS, AND
25	COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.
26	(3) By March 1, 2023, the attorney general shall complete
27	AND PUBLISH A REPORT OF ITS FINDINGS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF

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1	THIS SECTION. THE REPORT MUST ALSO INCLUDE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR
2	POTENTIAL STATE LEGISLATION:
3	(a) TO PREVENT THE USE OF THE INTERNET FOR TRAFFICKING,
4	DISTRIBUTING, OR SUPPLYING FENTANYL, FENTANYL ANALOGS OR
5	COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIOIDS, AND COUNTERFEIT
6	PRESCRIPTION DRUGS;
7	(b) CONCERNING CRIMINAL AND CIVIL LIABILITY FOR THE USE OF
8	THE INTERNET FOR TRAFFICKING, DISTRIBUTING, OR SUPPLYING FENTANYL,
9	FENTANYL ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIOIDS, AND
10	COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS;
11	(c) REGARDING CONSUMER REPORTING MECHANISMS FOR
12	REPORTING TO LAW ENFORCEMENT OR THE ONLINE PLATFORM THE USE OF
13	A WEBSITE OR ONLINE ACCOUNT FOR TRAFFICKING FENTANYL, FENTANYL
14	ANALOGS OR COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIOIDS, AND
15	COUNTERFEIT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS; AND
16	(d) REGARDING ANY OTHER PUBLIC POLICY CHANGES NECESSARY
17	TO REDUCE OR ELIMINATE THE USE THE INTERNET FOR TRAFFICKING,
18	DISTRIBUTING, OR SUPPLYING FENTANYL, FENTANYL ANALOGS OR
19	COMPOUNDS THEREOF, SYNTHETIC OPIOIDS, AND COUNTERFEIT
20	PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.
21	(4) The attorney general shall invite the United States
22	ATTORNEY FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLORADO TO COLLABORATE, CONSULT,
23	OR PROVIDE ANY AVAILABLE ASSISTANCE IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THE
24	ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DUTIES PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
25	(5) By March 1, 2023, the attorney general shall submit
26	THE COMPLETED REPORT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION
2.7	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE IUDICIARY COMMITTEES

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1	OR ANY SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES.
2	(6) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, the general
3	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND
4	DOLLARS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS
5	<u>SECTION.</u>
6	(7) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2023.
7	SECTION 40. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-18-204, amend
8	(2)(b) introductory portion and (2)(b)(V) as follows:
9	18-18-204. Schedule II. (2) Unless specifically excepted by
10	Colorado or federal law or Colorado or federal regulation or more
11	specifically included in another schedule, the following controlled
12	substances are listed in schedule II:
13	(b) Any of the following synthetic opiates OPIOIDS, including any
14	isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers of
15	them that are theoretically possible within the specific chemical
16	designation:
17	(V) Carfentanal CARFENTANIL;
18	SECTION 41. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-60-114 as
19	<u>follows:</u>
20	27-60-114. Study of health effects of felonizing fentanyl
21	possession - repeal. (1) No later than November 1, 2022, the office
22	SHALL CONTRACT WITH AN INDEPENDENT NONPROFIT OR EDUCATIONAL
23	ENTITY THAT HAS EXPERTISE IN CLINICAL EPIDEMIOLOGY, BIOSTATISTICS,
24	SUBSTANCE USE AND ADDICTION, DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS, AND,
25	IF POSSIBLE, THE INTERSECTION BETWEEN THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM
26	AND SUBSTANCE USE, TO CONDUCT AN INDEPENDENT STUDY OF THE
27	HEALTH EFFECTS OF CRIMINAL PENALTIES PURSUANT TO CHANGES TO

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1	<u>SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5) IN HOUSE BILL 22-1326, ENACTED IN 2022. AT</u>
2	A MINIMUM, THE STUDY MUST ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING:
3	(a) Whether the penalties pursuant to section 18-18-403.5
4	<u>(2.5):</u>
5	(I) Decreased fentanyl-related overdoses, both fatal and
6	NONFATAL, AMONG INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A FELONY COMPARED TO
7	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH MISDEMEANOR PURSUANT TO SECTION
8	18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS WITH OPIOID MISUSE
9	OR USE DISORDER NOT CHARGED WITH CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF OPIOIDS;
10	<u>OR</u>
11	(II) INCREASED INITIATION AND RETENTION OF EVIDENCE-BASED,
12	EFFECTIVE TREATMENT FOR INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH AN OPIOID USE
13	DISORDER AMONG INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A FELONY COMPARED TO
14	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH MISDEMEANOR PURSUANT TO SECTION
15	18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS WITH OPIOID MISUSE
16	OR USE DISORDER WHO WERE NOT CHARGED WITH CRIMINAL POSSESSION
17	OF OPIOIDS;
18	(b) DIFFERENTIAL HEALTH OUTCOMES FOR INDIVIDUALS BASED ON
19	THE INDIVIDUAL'S RACE, GENDER, ETHNICITY, AGE, ECONOMIC STATUS,
20	PREGNANCY OR POSTPARTUM STATUS, OR HOUSING STATUS, FOR
21	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A FELONY PURSUANT TO SECTION
22	18-18-403.5 (2.5), COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A
23	MISDEMEANOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED
24	TO INDIVIDUALS WITH OPIOID MISUSE OR USE DISORDERS WHO WERE NOT
25	CHARGED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5). DIFFERENTIAL
26	HEALTH OUTCOMES TO CONSIDER INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO,
27	FATAL AND NONFATAL OVERDOSES AND INITIATION AND RETENTION ON

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1	MEDICATIONS FOR OPIOID USE DISORDER.
2	(c) Whether effective, evidence-based treatment for
3	OPIOID USE DISORDER IN THE GENERAL POPULATION DIMINISHED IN
4	QUALITY OR QUANTITY AS A RESULT OF INDIVIDUALS ORDERED BY THE
5	COURT INTO TREATMENT BASED ON CHARGES BROUGHT PURSUANT TO
6	<u>SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5); AND</u>
7	(d) Whether Penalties Pursuant to Section 18-18-403.5 (2.5)
8	IMPACT THE LIKELIHOOD OF INDIVIDUALS ADDICTED TO FENTANYL TO
9	SEEK OR RECEIVE TREATMENT, PROVIDE HELP TO ANOTHER PERSON IN THE
10	CASE OF AN OVERDOSE, OR UTILIZE NALOXONE, NON-LABORATORY
11	SYNTHETIC OPIOID DETECTION TESTS, AND OTHER HARM REDUCTION
12	RESOURCES.
13	(2) (a) THE OFFICE SHALL MAKE REASONABLE EFFORTS TO PROVIDE
14	NECESSARY DATA REQUESTED BY THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY TO COMPLETE
15	THE STUDY REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION. THE
16	OFFICE SHALL ESTABLISH A DATA-SHARING AGREEMENT WITH, AT A
17	MINIMUM, THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, THE
18	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CARE POLICY AND FINANCING, THE JUDICIAL
19	DEPARTMENT, THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS, THE DEPARTMENT OF
20	REGULATORY AGENCIES, AND, IF FEASIBLE, COUNTY SHERIFFS AND
21	COUNTY CORONERS, TO PROVIDE DATA TO THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY
22	INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
23	(I) ALL REASONABLY AVAILABLE CRIMINAL JUSTICE DATA
24	REQUESTED BY THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY;
25	(II) OPIOID OVERDOSE DEATH RECORDS, INCLUDING TOXICOLOGY
26	REPORTS, IF AVAILABLE;
27	(III) PRESCRIPTION DATA FOR MEDICATION FOR OPIOID USE

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1	DISORDER, INCLUDING FOR INDIVIDUALS IN JAIL OR PRISON CHARGED
2	<u>PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5);</u>
3	(IV) Encounters with emergency medical services
4	PROVIDERS, LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, OR HEALTH-CARE FACILITIES
5	FOR FATAL AND NONFATAL FENTANYL OR OTHER OPIOID-RELATED
6	OVERDOSE; AND
7	(V) AVAILABLE INFORMATION REGARDING THE HISTORY OF
8	OVERDOSE, INCARCERATION, AND SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT FOR
9	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5).
10	INCLUDING WHETHER THE INDIVIDUAL HAS SOUGHT AND BEEN DENIED
11	ON-DEMAND TREATMENT.
12	(b) The independent entity may perform a qualitative
13	ASSESSMENT BY, AT A MINIMUM, CONDUCTING FOCUS GROUPS OR
14	INTERVIEWS WITH A REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE OF INDIVIDUALS WHO USE
15	DRUGS AND SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER CARE PROVIDERS AND HARM
16	REDUCTION PROVIDERS ACROSS THE STATE AND CONTINUUM.
17	(c) No later than December 31, 2024, the independent
18	ENTITY SHALL SUBMIT A COMPREHENSIVE REPORT OF THE ENTITY'S
19	FINDINGS TO THE OFFICE.
20	(d) No later than January 31, 2025, the office shall
21	PUBLISH THE REPORT ON THE OFFICE'S WEBSITE AND SUBMIT THE REPORT
22	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, THE HOUSE
23	OF REPRESENTATIVES PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND HUMAN
24	SERVICES COMMITTEE, THE SENATE HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
25	COMMITTEE, AND THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, OR THEIR
26	SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES.
27	(3) The costs associated with performing the study

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2	TREATMENT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 18-19-103 (4).
3	(4) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
4	SECTION 42. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-19-103, amend
5	(5)(c)(VI) and (5)(c)(VII); and add (5)(c)(VIII) as follows:
6	18-19-103. Source of revenues - allocation of money - repeal.
7	(5) (c) The board may direct that money in the correctional treatment
8	cash fund may be used for the following purposes:
9	(VI) Recovery support services, including offender reentry; and
10	(VII) Administrative support to the correctional treatment board
11	including, but not limited to, facilitating and coordinating data collection,
12	conducting data analysis, developing contracts, preparing reports,
13	scheduling and staffing board and subcommittee meetings, and engaging
14	in budget planning and analysis; AND
15	(VIII) (A) THE STUDY OF HEALTH EFFECTS OF FELONIZING
16	FENTANYL POSSESSION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-60-114.
17	(B) This subsection (5)(c)(VIII) is repealed, effective July
18	<u>1, 2025.</u>
19	SECTION 43. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-50-802, as
20	part 8 of article 50 of title 27 as added by House Bill 22-1278, as
21	<u>follows:</u>
22	27-50-802. Study of health effects of felonizing fentanyl
23	possession - repeal. (1) No later than November 1, 2022, the BHA
24	SHALL CONTRACT WITH AN INDEPENDENT NONPROFIT OR EDUCATIONAL
25	ENTITY THAT HAS EXPERTISE IN CLINICAL EPIDEMIOLOGY, BIOSTATISTICS,
26	SUBSTANCE USE AND ADDICTION, DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS, AND,
27	IF POSSIBLE, THE INTERSECTION BETWEEN THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM

PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL

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1	AND SUBSTANCE USE, TO CONDUCT AN INDEPENDENT STUDY OF THE
2	HEALTH EFFECTS OF CRIMINAL PENALTIES PURSUANT TO CHANGES TO
3	SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5) IN HOUSE BILL 22-1326, ENACTED IN 2022. AT
4	A MINIMUM, THE STUDY MUST ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING:
5	(a) WHETHER THE PENALTIES PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5
6	<u>(2.5):</u>
7	(I) Decreased fentanyl-related overdoses, both fatal and
8	NONFATAL, AMONG INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A FELONY COMPARED TO
9	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH MISDEMEANOR PURSUANT TO SECTION
10	18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS WITH OPIOID MISUSE
11	OR USE DISORDER NOT CHARGED WITH CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF OPIOIDS;
12	<u>OR</u>
13	(II) INCREASED INITIATION AND RETENTION OF EVIDENCE-BASED,
14	EFFECTIVE TREATMENT FOR INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH AN OPIOID USE
15	DISORDER AMONG INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A FELONY COMPARED TO
16	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH MISDEMEANOR PURSUANT TO SECTION
17	18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS WITH OPIOID MISUSE
18	OR USE DISORDER WHO WERE NOT CHARGED WITH CRIMINAL POSSESSION
19	OF OPIOIDS;
20	(b) DIFFERENTIAL HEALTH OUTCOMES FOR INDIVIDUALS BASED ON
21	THE INDIVIDUAL'S RACE, GENDER, ETHNICITY, AGE, ECONOMIC STATUS,
22	PREGNANCY OR POSTPARTUM STATUS, OR HOUSING STATUS, FOR
23	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A FELONY PURSUANT TO SECTION
24	18-18-403.5 (2.5), COMPARED TO INDIVIDUALS CHARGED WITH A
25	MISDEMEANOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5), AND COMPARED
26	TO INDIVIDUALS WITH OPIOID MISUSE OR USE DISORDERS WHO WERE NOT
27	CHARGED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5). DIFFERENTIAL

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1	HEALTH OUTCOMES TO CONSIDER INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO,
2	FATAL AND NONFATAL OVERDOSES AND INITIATION AND RETENTION ON
3	MEDICATIONS FOR OPIOID USE DISORDER.
4	(c) Whether effective, evidence-based treatment for
5	OPIOID USE DISORDER IN THE GENERAL POPULATION DIMINISHED IN
6	QUALITY OR QUANTITY AS A RESULT OF INDIVIDUALS ORDERED BY THE
7	COURT INTO TREATMENT BASED ON CHARGES BROUGHT PURSUANT TO
8	SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5); AND
9	(d) Whether Penalties Pursuant to Section 18-18-403.5(2.5)
10	IMPACT THE LIKELIHOOD OF INDIVIDUALS ADDICTED TO FENTANYL TO
11	SEEK OR RECEIVE TREATMENT, PROVIDE HELP TO ANOTHER PERSON IN THE
12	CASE OF AN OVERDOSE, OR UTILIZE NALOXONE, NON-LABORATORY
13	SYNTHETIC OPIOID DETECTION TESTS, AND OTHER HARM REDUCTION
14	<u>RESOURCES.</u>
15	(2) (a) THE BHA SHALL MAKE REASONABLE EFFORTS TO PROVIDE
16	NECESSARY DATA REQUESTED BY THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY TO COMPLETE
17	THE STUDY REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION. THE
18	BHA SHALL ESTABLISH A DATA-SHARING AGREEMENT WITH, AT A
19	MINIMUM, THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT, THE
20	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CARE POLICY AND FINANCING, THE JUDICIAL
21	DEPARTMENT, THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS, THE DEPARTMENT OF
22	REGULATORY AGENCIES, AND, IF FEASIBLE, COUNTY SHERIFFS AND
23	COUNTY CORONERS, TO PROVIDE DATA TO THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY
24	INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
25	(I) ALL REASONABLY AVAILABLE CRIMINAL JUSTICE DATA
26	REQUESTED BY THE INDEPENDENT ENTITY;
27	(II) OPIOID OVERDOSE DEATH RECORDS, INCLUDING TOXICOLOGY

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1	REPORTS, IF AVAILABLE;
2	(III) PRESCRIPTION DATA FOR MEDICATION FOR OPIOID USE
3	DISORDER, INCLUDING FOR INDIVIDUALS IN JAIL OR PRISON CHARGED
4	PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5);
5	(IV) ENCOUNTERS WITH EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES
6	PROVIDERS, LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, OR HEALTH-CARE FACILITIES
7	FOR FATAL AND NONFATAL FENTANYL OR OTHER OPIOID-RELATED
8	OVERDOSE; AND
9	(V) AVAILABLE INFORMATION REGARDING THE HISTORY OF
10	OVERDOSE, INCARCERATION, AND SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT FOR
11	INDIVIDUALS CHARGED PURSUANT TO SECTION 18-18-403.5 (2.5),
12	INCLUDING WHETHER THE INDIVIDUAL HAS SOUGHT AND BEEN DENIED
13	ON-DEMAND TREATMENT.
14	(b) The independent entity may perform a qualitative
15	ASSESSMENT BY, AT A MINIMUM, CONDUCTING FOCUS GROUPS OR
16	INTERVIEWS WITH A REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE OF INDIVIDUALS WHO USE
17	DRUGS AND SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER CARE PROVIDERS AND HARM
18	REDUCTION PROVIDERS ACROSS THE STATE AND CONTINUUM.
19	(c) No later than December 31, 2024, the independent
20	ENTITY SHALL SUBMIT A COMPREHENSIVE REPORT OF THE ENTITY'S
21	FINDINGS TO THE BHA.
22	(d) No Later than January 31, 2025, the BHA shall publish
23	THE REPORT ON THE BHA'S WEBSITE AND SUBMIT THE REPORT TO THE
24	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, THE HOUSE OF
25	REPRESENTATIVES PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND HUMAN
26	SERVICES COMMITTEE, THE SENATE HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
27	COMMITTEE, AND THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, OR THEIR

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1	SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, AS PART OF ITS "STATE MEASUREMENT FOR
2	ACCOUNTABLE, RESPONSIVE, AND TRANSPARENT (SMART)
3	GOVERNMENT ACT" PRESENTATION REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION
4	<u>2-7-203.</u>
5	(3) The costs associated with performing the study
6	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MUST BE PAID FROM THE CORRECTIONAL
7	TREATMENT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 18-19-103 (4).
8	(4) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2025.
9	SECTION 44. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-19-103, amend
10	(5)(c)(VI) and (5)(c)(VII); and add (5)(c)(VIII) as follows:
11	18-19-103. Source of revenues - allocation of money - repeal.
12	(5) (c) The board may direct that money in the correctional treatment
13	cash fund may be used for the following purposes:
14	(VI) Recovery support services, including offender reentry; and
15	(VII) Administrative support to the correctional treatment board
16	including, but not limited to, facilitating and coordinating data collection,
17	conducting data analysis, developing contracts, preparing reports,
18	scheduling and staffing board and subcommittee meetings, and engaging
19	in budget planning and analysis; AND
20	(VIII) (A) THE STUDY OF HEALTH EFFECTS OF FELONIZING
21	FENTANYL POSSESSION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-50-802.
22	(B) This subsection (5)(c)(VIII) is repealed, effective July
23	<u>1, 2025.</u>
24	SECTION 45. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 17-26-104.9,
25	amend (1), (2), and (3); and add (1.5) and (4) as follows:
26	17-26-104.9. Opioid treatment for a person in custody -
27	definitions - repeal. (1) (a) A facility, whether operated by a

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1	governmental entity or private contractor, may make available opioid
2	agonists and opioid antagonists to a person in custody with an opioid use
3	disorder. The facility is strongly encouraged to maintain the treatment of
4	the person throughout the duration of the person's incarceration, as
5	medically necessary.
6	(b) This subsection (1) is repealed effective July 1, 2023.
7	(1.5) By July 1, 2023, a facility, whether operated by a
8	GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY OR PRIVATE CONTRACTOR, SHALL PROVIDE
9	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, AND OTHER APPROPRIATE
10	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE TO A PERSON WITH A SUBSTANCE USE
11	DISORDER THROUGH THE DURATION OF THE PERSON'S INCARCERATION, AS
12	MEDICALLY NECESSARY. AT A MINIMUM:
13	(a) THE FACILITY SHALL OFFER OPIOID AGONIST TREATMENT TO A
14	PERSON IN CUSTODY WITH AN OPIOID USE DISORDER AT INTAKE TO THE
15	FACILITY OR AT THE REQUEST OF THE PERSON IN CUSTODY. THE FACILITY
16	SHALL ONLY OFFER OPIOID ANTAGONIST TREATMENT FOR OPIOID USE
17	DISORDER WHEN SPECIFICALLY REQUESTED BY THE PERSON OR WHEN
18	MEDICALLY NECESSARY.
19	(b) THE FACILITY SHALL PERFORM A NON-MEDICAL EVALUATION
20	OF THE PERSON UPON ENTRY INTO CUSTODY AT THE FACILITY FOR
21	SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER.
22	(c) IF THE PERSON INDICATES THAT THE PERSON HAS A SUBSTANCE
23	USE DISORDER, OR THE NON-MEDICAL EVALUATION PERFORMED PURSUANT
24	TO SUBSECTION (1.5)(b) INDICATES THAT THE PERSON MAY HAVE A
25	SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER, THE FACILITY SHALL REFER THE PERSON TO
26	THE FACILITY'S MEDICAL PROVIDER FOR AN EVALUATION, AND
27	SUBSEQUENT DIAGNOSIS, PRESCRIPTION, OR INDUCTION OF AN OPIOID

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1	AGONIST, AS MEDICALLY APPROPRIATE.
2	(d) The facility shall make available daily a qualified
3	MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION PERSONNEL.
4	(e) If an individual is admitted to the jail and has a
5	PRESCRIPTION FOR MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, THE JAIL SHALL
6	CONTINUE THE MEDICATION WITHOUT DELAY.
7	(2) Qualified medication administration personnel may, in
8	accordance with a written physician's order, administer opioid agonists
9	and opioid antagonists pursuant to subsection (1) AND (1.5) of this
10	section.
11	(3) A facility may contract with community-based health
12	providers, LOCAL PROVIDERS, OR MOBILE UNIT PROVIDERS for the
13	implementation of this section.
14	(4) The jail shall provide the individual with a referral to
15	A SUBSTANCE USE PROVIDER WITH THE CAPABILITY TO CONTINUE THE
16	INDIVIDUAL'S MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT AND THE CARE
17	COORDINATION INFRASTRUCTURE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 27-60-204 UPON
18	RELEASE FROM CUSTODY.
19	SECTION 46. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-60-106.7 as
20	<u>follows:</u>
21	27-60-106.7. Technical assistance to jails - appropriation -
22	repeal. (1) The office of behavioral health shall provide
23	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO FACILITIES IN MEETING THEIR REQUIREMENTS
24	PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-26-104.9 (1.5). TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE
25	INCLUDES DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF
26	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, APPROVAL OF PRESCRIBERS BY THE
27	United States drug enforcement agency, and other appropriate

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1	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE, AND ASSISTANCE WITH IDENTIFYING
2	BULK PURCHASING OPPORTUNITIES FOR NECESSARY SERVICES.
3	(2) (a) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, the general
4	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE THREE MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE
5	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND MENTAL HEALTH CASH FUND, CREATED IN
6	SECTION 24-75-230, TO THE OFFICE OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH FOR THE
7	PURPOSE OF PROVIDING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO JAILS WITH MEETING
8	THEIR REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-26-104.9.
9	(b) This subsection (2) is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
0	SECTION 47. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-50-802, as
.1	part 8 of article 50 of title 27 as added by House Bill 22-1278, as
2	<u>follows:</u>
3	27-50-802. Technical assistance to jails - appropriation -
4	repeal. (1) The behavioral health administration shall provide
5	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO FACILITIES IN MEETING THEIR REQUIREMENTS
6	PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-26-104.9 (1.5). TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE
7	INCLUDES DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF
8	MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT, APPROVAL OF PRESCRIBERS BY THE
9	UNITED STATES DRUG ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, AND OTHER APPROPRIATE
20	WITHDRAWAL MANAGEMENT CARE, AND ASSISTANCE WITH IDENTIFYING
21	BULK PURCHASING OPPORTUNITIES FOR NECESSARY SERVICES.
22	(2) (a) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, the general
23	ASSEMBLY SHALL APPROPRIATE THREE MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE
24	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND MENTAL HEALTH CASH FUND, CREATED IN
25	SECTION 24-75-230, TO THE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION FOR
26	THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO JAILS WITH
27	MEETING THEIR REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 17-26-104.9.

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1	(b) This subsection (2) is repealed, effective July 1, 2024.
2	SECTION 48. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add part 14 to
3	article 20.5 of title 25 as follows:
4	<u>PART 14</u>
5	OVERDOSE DETECTION MAPPING APPLICATION PROGRAM
6	25-20.5-1401. Overdose detection mapping application
7	program. On or before July 1, 2023, the department shall require
8	EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDERS, CORONERS, EVERY STATE OR
9	LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY AND SHERIFF'S OFFICE IN THE STATE.
10	AND EMERGENCY DEPARTMENTS TO PARTICIPATE IN THE OVERDOSE
11	DETECTION MAPPING APPLICATION PROGRAM TO REPORT INCIDENCES OF
12	FATAL AND NON-FATAL DRUG OVERDOSES AND SYNTHETIC OPIOID
13	POISONINGS. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY LAW TO THE CONTRARY, LAW
14	ENFORCEMENT SHALL NOT USE THE OVERDOSE DETECTION MAPPING
15	APPLICATION PROGRAM FOR WELFARE CHECKS, WARRANT CHECKS, OR
16	CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS.
17	SECTION 49. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-60-114 as
18	<u>follows:</u>
19	27-60-115. Colorado overdose prevention review committee -
20	creation - duties - repeal. (1) On July 1, 2024, the Colorado
21	OVERDOSE PREVENTION REVIEW COMMITTEE IS CREATED IN THE OFFICE.
22	REFERRED TO IN THIS SECTION AS THE "COMMITTEE", FOR THE PURPOSE OF:
23	(a) REVIEWING SPECIFIC CASES OF NON-FATAL AND FATAL
24	DRUG-RELATED OVERDOSES THAT OCCUR IN COLORADO;
25	(b) Identifying the causes of overdoses and
26	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATH AND CONDUCTING A REVIEW OF OTHER
27	FACTORS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, HOUSING STATUS OR CRIMINAL

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1	JUSTICE INVOLVEMENT;
2	(c) DEVELOPING EVIDENCE-BASED RECOMMENDATIONS TO
3	ADDRESS PREVENTABLE OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATH, INCLUDING
4	LEGISLATION, POLICIES, AREAS FOR FURTHER SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH,
5	RULES, TRAINING, AND BEST PRACTICES THAT WILL SUPPORT THE HEALTH
6	AND SAFETY OF INDIVIDUALS WHO USE SUBSTANCES THAT MAY CAUSE
7	OVERDOSE IN COLORADO AND PREVENT OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS; AND
8	(d) ANNUALLY MAKE POLICY-RELATED AND FUNDING-RELATED
9	RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE GOVERNOR AND THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
10	ABOUT DRUG TRENDS, INCLUDING SYNTHETIC DRUGS THAT MAY IMPACT
11	THE HEALTH AND WELL-BEING OF COLORADANS AND THAT PRESENT A
12	HIGH RISK FOR CAUSING OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS.
13	(2) (a) The executive director of the state department
14	SHALL APPOINT THE FOLLOWING MEMBERS TO SERVE ON THE COMMITTEE:
15	(I) Two members who have experienced an overdose or
16	HAVE A SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER;
17	(II) Two physicians with expertise in addiction medicine,
18	ONE OF WHOM HAS EXPERTISE IN MEDICAL COMPLICATIONS OF SUBSTANCE
19	<u>USE;</u>
20	(III) TWO PUBLIC HEALTH OR EPIDEMIOLOGY EXPERTS WITH
21	EXPERTISE IN SUBSTANCE USE;
22	(IV) A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEYS APPOINTED
23	BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE COLORADO DISTRICT ATTORNEYS'
24	COUNCIL;
25	(V) A REPRESENTATIVE OF COUNTY SHERIFFS, APPOINTED BY THE
26	DIRECTOR OF A STATEWIDE ORGANIZATION REPRESENTING SHERIFFS;
27	(VI) A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CHIEFS OF POLICE, APPOINTED BY

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1	THE PRESIDENT OF A STATEWIDE ORGANIZATION OF CHIEFS OF POLICE;
2	(VII) A PUBLIC DEFENDER;
3	(VIII) A REPRESENTATIVE FROM A HARM REDUCTION
4	ORGANIZATION; AND
5	(IX) A SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT OR RECOVERY PROVIDER.
6	(b) EACH MEMBER'S TERM IS THREE YEARS; EXCEPT THAT THE
7	TERM OF THE FIRST SIX MEMBERS APPOINTED IS TWO YEARS. MEMBERS
8	MAY SERVE UP TO THREE TERMS. THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL FILL
9	ANY VACANCIES ON THE COMMITTEE.
10	(c) The executive director shall make an effort to include
11	COMMITTEE MEMBERS WORKING IN AND REPRESENTING COMMUNITIES
12	THAT ARE DIVERSE WITH REGARD TO RACE, ETHNICITY, IMMIGRATION
13	STATUS, ENGLISH PROFICIENCY, INCOME, WEALTH, AND GEOGRAPHIC
14	REGION OF THE STATE, INCLUDING BOTH URBAN AND RURAL AREAS.
15	(3) The committee may form special ad hoc panels to
16	FURTHER INVESTIGATE DRUG TRENDS, OVERDOSES AND
17	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS WHEN THE NEED ARISES.
18	(4) THE COMMITTEE SHALL:
19	(a) REVIEW A REPRESENTATIVE SUBSET OF NON-FATAL AND FATAL
20	OVERDOSES IN COLORADO;
21	(b) REVIEW MEDICAL RECORDS AND OTHER RELEVANT DATA
22	RELATED TO EACH OVERDOSE DEATH, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO,
23	WHETHER THE PERSON WAS RECENTLY ENGAGED IN TREATMENT OR
24	PREVIOUSLY INCARCERATED;
25	(c) TAKE STEPS TO IMPROVE THE QUALITY AND SCOPE OF DATA
26	OBTAINED THROUGH INVESTIGATIONS AND REVIEW OF OVERDOSES AND
27	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;

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1	(d) IDENTIFY TRENDS AND PATTERNS ACROSS RACIAL,
2	GEOGRAPHIC, AND OTHER GROUPS RELATED TO OVERDOSES AND
3	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;
4	(e) DEVELOP EVIDENCE-BASED RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE
5	PREVENTION OF OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS AND
6	DELIVER THE RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE LEGISLATURE AND GOVERNOR;
7	(f) PERFORM ANY OTHER FUNCTIONS AS RESOURCES ALLOW TO
8	ENHANCE THE CAPABILITY OF THE STATE TO REDUCE AND PREVENT
9	OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;
10	(g) Advise the office in the administration's work on
11	DECREASING OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;
12	(h) Inform the legislature and governor of drug trends
13	NATIONALLY, INCLUDING IF A NEW DRUG TREND OCCURS AND WHAT THE
14	STATE MAY DO TO MITIGATE ANY FORTHCOMING HARM THE DRUG MAY
15	HAVE ON THE STATE; AND
16	(i) FACILITATE THE DEVELOPMENT OF A COMPREHENSIVE
17	STATEWIDE DATABASE FOR THE PURPOSE OF ADDRESSING THE OVERDOSE
18	<u>CRISIS.</u>
19	(5) THE OFFICE SHALL COMPILE REPORTS IN DISAGGREGATED AND
20	DE-IDENTIFIED FORMS ON TRENDS OR OTHER FINDINGS AND
21	RECOMMENDATIONS ON A BI-ANNUAL BASIS FOR DISTRIBUTION IN AN
22	EFFORT TO FURTHER STUDY THE CAUSES AND PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH
23	OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS THAT MAY BE DISTRIBUTED
24	TO POLICY MAKERS, LAW ENFORCEMENT, HEALTH-CARE PROVIDERS AND
25	FACILITIES, BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PROVIDERS, PUBLIC HEALTH
26	PROFESSIONALS, AND OTHERS NECESSARY TO REDUCE OVERDOSES AND
27	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS.

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1	(6) (a) (I) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY LAW, THE
2	COMMITTEE MAY ACCESS MEDICAL RECORDS RELATED TO OVERDOSE
3	DEATHS UPON REQUEST AT ANY TIME UP TO SEVEN YEARS AFTER THE LAST
4	TREATMENT OF A PATIENT.
5	(II) A HEALTH-CARE PROVIDER OR A HEALTH-CARE FACILITY
6	LICENSED OR CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 3 OF THIS TITLE 25 SHALL
7	PROVIDE MEDICAL RECORDS TO THE DEPARTMENT CONCERNING EACH
8	OVERDOSE DEATH FOR ACCESS BY THE MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE.
9	(III) UPON REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT, A LAW ENFORCEMENT
10	OFFICER SHALL PROVIDE A POLICE REPORT, AND A CORONER SHALL
11	PROVIDE RECORDS OF THE CORONER AND MEDICAL EXAMINER
12	INVESTIGATIONS, THAT INVOLVE A OVERDOSE DEATH TO THE COMMITTEE.
13	(IV) A HEALTH-CARE PROVIDER, PHARMACIST, HEALTH-CARE
14	FACILITY, LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, OR CORONER IS NOT CIVILLY OR
15	CRIMINALLY LIABLE FOR THE RELEASE OF MEDICAL RECORDS WHEN
16	MAKING A GOOD-FAITH EFFORT TO COMPLY WITH THIS SUBSECTION (6).
17	(b) (I) The discussions in committee meetings or meetings
18	OF AN AD HOC PANEL FORMED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-52-104 (3)
19	CONCERNING DETAILS OF A OVERDOSE DEATH THAT COULD IDENTIFY AN
20	INDIVIDUAL INVOLVED ARE CONFIDENTIAL AND ARE NOT SUBJECT TO
21	<u>SECTION 24-6-402.</u>
22	(II) THE COMMITTEE MEETING NOTES, STATEMENTS, MEDICAL
23	RECORDS, REPORTS, COMMUNICATIONS, AND MEMORANDA OBTAINED BY
24	THE COMMITTEE THAT CONTAIN INFORMATION THAT COULD IDENTIFY AN
25	INDIVIDUAL INVOLVED IN A OVERDOSE DEATH ARE CONFIDENTIAL AND ARE
26	NOT SUBJECT TO THE "COLORADO OPEN RECORDS ACT", PART 2 OF
27	ARTICLE 72 OF TITLE 24.

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1	(III) MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE ARE NOT SUBJECT TO
2	SUBPOENA IN ANY CIVIL, CRIMINAL, OR ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING
3	REGARDING THE INFORMATION PRESENTED IN OR OPINIONS FORMED AS A
4	RESULT OF A MEETING OR COMMUNICATION OF THE COMMITTEE; EXCEPT
5	THAT THIS SUBSECTION (2)(C) DOES NOT PREVENT A MEMBER OF THE
6	COMMITTEE FROM TESTIFYING REGARDING INFORMATION OR OPINIONS
7	OBTAINED INDEPENDENTLY OF THE COMMITTEE OR THAT ARE PUBLIC
8	INFORMATION.
9	(IV) Notes, statements, medical records, reports,
10	COMMUNICATIONS, AND MEMORANDA THAT ARE CONFIDENTIAL PURSUANT
11	TO SUBSECTIONS (2)(a) AND (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION ARE NOT;
12	(A) SUBJECT TO SUBPOENA, DISCOVERY, OR INTRODUCTION INTO
13	EVIDENCE IN ANY CIVIL, CRIMINAL, OR ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING,
14	UNLESS THE SUBPOENA IS DIRECTED TO A SOURCE THAT IS SEPARATE AND
15	APART FROM THE COMMITTEE. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION LIMITS OR
16	RESTRICTS THE RIGHT TO DISCOVER OR USE IN A CIVIL, CRIMINAL, OR
17	ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING NOTES, STATEMENTS, MEDICAL RECORDS,
18	REPORTS, COMMUNICATIONS, OR MEMORANDA THAT ARE AVAILABLE FROM
19	ANOTHER SOURCE SEPARATE AND APART FROM THE COMMITTEE AND THAT
20	ARISE ENTIRELY INDEPENDENT OF THE COMMITTEE'S ACTIVITIES.
21	(B) ADMISSIBLE AS EVIDENCE IN ANY ACTION IN ANY COURT OR
22	BEFORE ANY TRIBUNAL, BOARD, AGENCY, OR PERSON AND SHALL NOT BE
23	EXHIBITED OR DISCLOSED IN ANY WAY BY ANY PERSON UNLESS THE
24	INFORMATION WAS OBTAINED FROM ANOTHER SOURCE THAT IS SEPARATE
25	AND APART FROM THE COMMITTEE, EXCEPT AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO
26	FURTHER THE DUTIES OF THE COMMITTEE OR IN RESPONSE TO AN ALLEGED
27	VIOLATION OF A CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION

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1	(6)(b)(V) OF THIS SECTION.
2	(V) EACH COMMITTEE MEMBER SHALL SIGN A CONFIDENTIALITY
3	AGREEMENT THAT REQUIRES THE MEMBER'S ADHERENCE TO SUBSECTIONS
4	(6)(b)(I) AND (6)(b)(II) OF THIS SECTION. A MEMBER WHO KNOWINGLY
5	VIOLATES THE CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT COMMITS A PETTY OFFENSE.
6	(7) THE COMMITTEE AND THE DEPARTMENT SHALL COMPLY WITH
7	ALL APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND RULES RELATING TO THE
8	TRANSMISSION OF HEALTH INFORMATION.
9	(8) This section is repealed, effective September 1, 2033.
10	BEFORE THE REPEAL, THE FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMITTEE ARE SCHEDULED
11	FOR REVIEW IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 2-3-1203.
12	SECTION 50. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 27-50-802, as
13	part 8 of article 50 of title 27 as added by House Bill 22-1278, as
14	<u>follows:</u>
15	27-50-802. Colorado overdose prevention review committee -
16	creation - duties - repeal. (1) On July 1, 2024, the Colorado
17	OVERDOSE PREVENTION REVIEW COMMITTEE IS CREATED IN THE
18	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION, REFERRED TO IN THIS SECTION AS
19	THE "COMMITTEE", FOR THE PURPOSE OF:
20	(a) REVIEWING SPECIFIC CASES OF NON-FATAL AND FATAL
21	DRUG-RELATED OVERDOSES THAT OCCUR IN COLORADO;
22	(b) Identifying the causes of overdoses and
23	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATH AND CONDUCTING A REVIEW OF OTHER
24	FACTORS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, HOUSING STATUS OR CRIMINAL
25	JUSTICE INVOLVEMENT;
26	(c) DEVELOPING EVIDENCE-BASED RECOMMENDATIONS TO
27	ADDRESS PREVENTABLE OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATH. INCLUDING

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1	LEGISLATION, POLICIES, AREAS FOR FURTHER SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH,
2	RULES, TRAINING, AND BEST PRACTICES THAT WILL SUPPORT THE HEALTH
3	AND SAFETY OF INDIVIDUALS WHO USE SUBSTANCES THAT MAY CAUSE
4	OVERDOSE IN COLORADO AND PREVENT OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS; AND
5	(d) ANNUALLY MAKE POLICY-RELATED AND FUNDING-RELATED
6	RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE GOVERNOR AND THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
7	ABOUT DRUG TRENDS, INCLUDING SYNTHETIC DRUGS THAT MAY IMPACT
8	THE HEALTH AND WELL-BEING OF COLORADANS AND THAT PRESENT A
9	HIGH RISK FOR CAUSING OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS.
10	(2) (a) The commissioner shall appoint the following
11	MEMBERS TO SERVE ON THE COMMITTEE:
12	(I) Two members who have experienced an overdose or
13	HAVE A SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER;
14	(II) Two physicians with expertise in addiction medicine,
15	ONE OF WHOM HAS EXPERTISE IN MEDICAL COMPLICATIONS OF SUBSTANCE
16	<u>USE;</u>
17	(III) Two public health or epidemiology experts with
18	EXPERTISE IN SUBSTANCE USE;
19	(IV) A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEYS APPOINTED
20	BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE COLORADO DISTRICT ATTORNEYS'
21	COUNCIL;
22	(V) A REPRESENTATIVE OF COUNTY SHERIFFS, APPOINTED BY THE
23	DIRECTOR OF A STATEWIDE ORGANIZATION REPRESENTING SHERIFFS;
24	(VI) A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CHIEFS OF POLICE, APPOINTED BY
25	THE PRESIDENT OF A STATEWIDE ORGANIZATION OF CHIEFS OF POLICE;
26	(VII) A PUBLIC DEFENDER;
27	(VIII) A REPRESENTATIVE FROM A HARM REDUCTION

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1	ORGANIZATION; AND
2	(IX) A SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT OR RECOVERY PROVIDER.
3	(b) Each member's term is three years; except that the
4	TERM OF THE FIRST SIX MEMBERS APPOINTED IS TWO YEARS. MEMBERS
5	MAY SERVE UP TO THREE TERMS. THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL FILL
6	ANY VACANCIES ON THE COMMITTEE.
7	(c) The commissioner shall make an effort to include
8	COMMITTEE MEMBERS WORKING IN AND REPRESENTING COMMUNITIES
9	THAT ARE DIVERSE WITH REGARD TO RACE, ETHNICITY, IMMIGRATION
10	STATUS, ENGLISH PROFICIENCY, INCOME, WEALTH, AND GEOGRAPHIC
11	REGION OF THE STATE, INCLUDING BOTH URBAN AND RURAL AREAS.
12	(3) THE COMMITTEE MAY FORM SPECIAL AD HOC PANELS TO
13	FURTHER INVESTIGATE DRUG TRENDS, OVERDOSES AND
14	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS WHEN THE NEED ARISES.
15	(4) THE COMMITTEE SHALL:
16	(a) REVIEW A REPRESENTATIVE SUBSET OF NON-FATAL AND FATAL
17	OVERDOSES IN COLORADO;
18	(b) REVIEW MEDICAL RECORDS AND OTHER RELEVANT DATA
19	RELATED TO EACH OVERDOSE DEATH, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO
20	WHETHER THE PERSON WAS RECENTLY ENGAGED IN TREATMENT OR
21	PREVIOUSLY INCARCERATED;
22	(c) Take steps to improve the quality and scope of data
23	OBTAINED THROUGH INVESTIGATIONS AND REVIEW OF OVERDOSES AND
24	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;
25	(d) Identify trends and patterns across racial.
26	GEOGRAPHIC, AND OTHER GROUPS RELATED TO OVERDOSES AND
27	OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;

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1	(e) DEVELOP EVIDENCE-BASED RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE
2	PREVENTION OF OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS AND
3	DELIVER THE RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE LEGISLATURE AND GOVERNOR;
4	(f) PERFORM ANY OTHER FUNCTIONS AS RESOURCES ALLOW TO
5	ENHANCE THE CAPABILITY OF THE STATE TO REDUCE AND PREVENT
6	OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;
7	(g) Advise the office in the administration's work on
8	DECREASING OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS;
9	(h) Inform the legislature and governor of drug trends
10	NATIONALLY, INCLUDING IF A NEW DRUG TREND OCCURS, AND WHAT THE
11	STATE MAY DO TO MITIGATE ANY FORTHCOMING HARM THE DRUG MAY
12	HAVE ON THE STATE; AND
13	(i) FACILITATE THE DEVELOPMENT OF A COMPREHENSIVE
14	STATEWIDE DATABASE FOR THE PURPOSES OF ADDRESSING THE OVERDOSE
15	<u>CRISIS.</u>
16	(5) THE ADMINISTRATION SHALL COMPILE REPORTS IN
17	DISAGGREGATED AND DE-IDENTIFIED FORMS ON TRENDS OR OTHER
18	FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS ON A BI-ANNUAL BASIS FOR
19	DISTRIBUTION IN AN EFFORT TO FURTHER STUDY THE CAUSES AND
20	PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED
21	DEATHS THAT MAY BE DISTRIBUTED TO POLICY MAKERS, LAW
22	ENFORCEMENT, HEALTH-CARE PROVIDERS AND FACILITIES, BEHAVIORAL
23	HEALTH PROVIDERS, PUBLIC HEALTH PROFESSIONALS, AND OTHERS
24	NECESSARY TO REDUCE OVERDOSES AND OVERDOSE-RELATED DEATHS.
25	(6) (a) (I) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY LAW, THE
26	COMMITTEE MAY ACCESS MEDICAL RECORDS RELATED TO OVERDOSE
27	DEATHS UPON REQUEST AT ANY TIME UP TO SEVEN YEARS AFTER THE LAST

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1	TREATMENT OF A PATIENT.
2	(II) A HEALTH-CARE PROVIDER OR A HEALTH-CARE FACILITY
3	LICENSED OR CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 3 OF THIS TITLE 25 SHALL
4	PROVIDE MEDICAL RECORDS TO THE ADMINISTRATION CONCERNING EACH
5	OVERDOSE MORTALITY FOR ACCESS BY THE MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE.
6	(III) UPON REQUEST OF THE ADMINISTRATION, A LAW
7	ENFORCEMENT OFFICER SHALL PROVIDE A POLICE REPORT, AND A CORONER
8	SHALL PROVIDE RECORDS OF THE CORONER AND MEDICAL EXAMINER
9	INVESTIGATIONS, THAT INVOLVE A OVERDOSE DEATH TO THE COMMITTEE.
10	(IV) A HEALTH-CARE PROVIDER, PHARMACIST, HEALTH-CARE
11	FACILITY, LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, OR CORONER IS NOT CIVILLY OR
12	CRIMINALLY LIABLE FOR THE RELEASE OF MEDICAL RECORDS WHEN
13	MAKING A GOOD-FAITH EFFORT TO COMPLY WITH THIS SUBSECTION (6).
14	(b) (I) THE DISCUSSIONS IN COMMITTEE MEETINGS OR MEETINGS
15	OF AN AD HOC PANEL FORMED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-52-104 (3)
16	CONCERNING DETAILS OF A OVERDOSE DEATH THAT COULD IDENTIFY AN
17	INDIVIDUAL INVOLVED ARE CONFIDENTIAL AND ARE NOT SUBJECT TO
18	<u>SECTION 24-6-402.</u>
19	(II) THE COMMITTEE MEETING NOTES, STATEMENTS, MEDICAL
20	RECORDS, REPORTS, COMMUNICATIONS, AND MEMORANDA OBTAINED BY
21	THE COMMITTEE THAT CONTAIN INFORMATION THAT COULD IDENTIFY AN
22	INDIVIDUAL INVOLVED IN A OVERDOSE DEATH ARE CONFIDENTIAL AND ARE
23	NOT SUBJECT TO THE "COLORADO OPEN RECORDS ACT", PART 2 OF
24	ARTICLE 72 OF TITLE 24.
25	(III) MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE ARE NOT SUBJECT TO
26	SUBPOENA IN ANY CIVIL, CRIMINAL, OR ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING
27	REGARDING THE INFORMATION PRESENTED IN OR OPINIONS FORMED AS A

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1	RESULT OF A MEETING OR COMMUNICATION OF THE COMMITTEE; EXCEPT
2	THAT THIS SUBSECTION (2)(C) DOES NOT PREVENT A MEMBER OF THE
3	COMMITTEE FROM TESTIFYING REGARDING INFORMATION OR OPINIONS
4	OBTAINED INDEPENDENTLY OF THE COMMITTEE OR THAT ARE PUBLIC
5	<u>INFORMATION.</u>
6	(IV) Notes, statements, medical records, reports,
7	COMMUNICATIONS, AND MEMORANDA THAT ARE CONFIDENTIAL PURSUANT
8	TO SUBSECTIONS (2)(a) AND (2)(b) OF THIS SECTION ARE NOT;
9	(A) SUBJECT TO SUBPOENA, DISCOVERY, OR INTRODUCTION INTO
10	EVIDENCE IN ANY CIVIL, CRIMINAL, OR ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING,
11	UNLESS THE SUBPOENA IS DIRECTED TO A SOURCE THAT IS SEPARATE AND
12	APART FROM THE COMMITTEE. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION LIMITS OR
13	RESTRICTS THE RIGHT TO DISCOVER OR USE IN A CIVIL, CRIMINAL, OR
14	ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING NOTES, STATEMENTS, MEDICAL RECORDS,
15	REPORTS, COMMUNICATIONS, OR MEMORANDA THAT ARE AVAILABLE FROM
16	ANOTHER SOURCE SEPARATE AND APART FROM THE COMMITTEE AND THAT
17	ARISE ENTIRELY INDEPENDENT OF THE COMMITTEE'S ACTIVITIES.
18	(B) ADMISSIBLE AS EVIDENCE IN ANY ACTION IN ANY COURT OR
19	BEFORE ANY TRIBUNAL, BOARD, AGENCY, OR PERSON AND SHALL NOT BE
20	EXHIBITED OR DISCLOSED IN ANY WAY BY ANY PERSON UNLESS THE
21	INFORMATION WAS OBTAINED FROM ANOTHER SOURCE THAT IS SEPARATE
22	AND APART FROM THE COMMITTEE, EXCEPT AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO
23	FURTHER THE DUTIES OF THE COMMITTEE OR IN RESPONSE TO AN ALLEGED
24	VIOLATION OF A CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION
25	(6)(b)(V) OF THIS SECTION.
26	(V) EACH COMMITTEE MEMBER SHALL SIGN A CONFIDENTIALITY
27	AGREEMENT THAT REQUIRES THE MEMBER'S ADHERENCE TO SUBSECTIONS

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1	(6)(b)(1) AND (6)(b)(11) OF THIS SECTION. A MEMBER WHO KNOWINGLY
2	VIOLATES THE CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT COMMITS A PETTY OFFENSE.
3	(7) THE COMMITTEE AND THE ADMINISTRATION SHALL COMPLY
4	WITH ALL APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND RULES RELATING TO
5	THE TRANSMISSION OF HEALTH INFORMATION.
6	(8) This section is repealed, effective September 1, 2033.
7	BEFORE THE REPEAL, THE FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMITTEE ARE SCHEDULED
8	FOR REVIEW IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 2-3-1203.
9	SECTION 51. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 2-3-1203, add (22)
10	as follows:
11	2-3-1203. Sunset review of advisory committees - legislative
12	declaration - definition - repeal. (22) (a) The following statutory
13	AUTHORIZATIONS FOR THE DESIGNATED ADVISORY COMMITTEES WILL
14	REPEAL ON SEPTEMBER 1, 2032:
15	(I) THE COLORADO OVERDOSE PREVENTION REVIEW COMMITTEE
16	CREATED IN SECTION 27-60-114;
17	(b) This subsection (22) is repealed, effective September 1.
18	<u>2033.</u>
19	SECTION 52. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 2-3-1203, add (22)
20	as follows:
21	2-3-1203. Sunset review of advisory committees - legislative
22	declaration - definition - repeal. (22) (a) The following statutory
23	AUTHORIZATIONS FOR THE DESIGNATED ADVISORY COMMITTEES WILL
24	REPEAL ON SEPTEMBER 1, 2032:
25	(I) THE COLORADO OVERDOSE PREVENTION REVIEW COMMITTEE
26	CREATED IN SECTION 27-50-802;
2.7	(b) This subsection (22) is repealed, effective September 1.

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1	<u>2033.</u>
2	SECTION 53. Accountability. Notwithstanding the requirement
3	to conduct a review of the implementation of this act either two or five
4	years after the enactment of this act, three years after this act becomes law
5	and in accordance with section 2-2-1201, Colorado Revised Statutes, the
6	legislative service agencies of the Colorado general assembly shall
7	conduct a post-enactment review of the implementation of this act
8	utilizing the information contained in the legislative declaration set forth
9	in section 1 of this act.
10	SECTION <u>54.</u> Appropriation. (1) For the 2022-23 state
11	fiscal year, \$4,033,875 is appropriated to the department of human
12	services for use by the behavioral health administration. This
13	appropriation consists of \$883,875 from the general fund, \$150,000 from
14	the correctional treatment cash fund created in section 18-19-103 (4)(a),
15	C.R.S., and \$3,000,000 from the behavioral and mental health cash fund
16	created in section 24-75-230 (2)(a), C.R.S., which is of money the state
17	received from the federal coronavirus state fiscal recovery fund. To
18	implement this act, the administration may use this appropriation as
19	follows:
20	(a) \$183,875 from the general fund for program administration
21	related to community behavioral health administration, which amount is
22	based on an assumption that the administration will require an additional
23	1.8 FTE;
24	(b) \$700,000 from the general fund for managed service
25	organization regional evaluations related to substance use treatment and
26	prevention services;
27	(c) \$150,000 from the correctional treatment cash fund created in

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I	section 18-19-103 (4)(a), C.R.S., for a fentanyl education program related
2	to substance use treatment and prevention services; and
3	(d) \$3,000,000 from the behavioral and mental health cash fund
4	created in section 24-75-230 (2)(a), C.R.S., for jail-based behavioral
5	health services related to integrated behavioral health services. Any
6	money appropriated in this subsection (1)(d) not expended prior to July
7	1, 2023, is further appropriated to the administration from July 1, 2023,
8	through December 30, 2024, for the same purpose.
9	(2) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$869,288 is appropriated to
10	the judicial department for use by probation and related services. This
11	appropriation consists of \$138,362 from the general fund and \$730,926
12	from the correctional treatment cash fund created in section 18-19-103
13	(4)(a), C.R.S. To implement this act, the department may use this
14	appropriation as follows:
15	(a) \$138,362 for probation programs, which amount is based on an
16	assumption that the department will require an additional 1.6 FTE; and
17	(b) \$730,926 from the correctional treatment cash fund created in
18	section 18-19-103 (4)(a), C.R.S., for offender treatment and services.
19	(3) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$1,350,365 is appropriated
20	to the department of public health and environment for use by the
21	prevention services division. This appropriation is from the general fund
22	and is based on an assumption that the division will require an additional
23	0.6 FTE. To implement this act, the division may use this appropriation
24	for administration.
25	(4) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$20,000,000 is appropriated
26	to the opiate antagonist bulk purchase fund created in section 25-1.5-115
27	(1)(a), C.R.S. This appropriation is from the behavioral and mental health

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1	cash fund created in section 24-75-230 (2)(a), C.R.S., and is of money the
2	state received from the federal coronavirus state fiscal recovery fund. The
3	department of public health and environment is responsible for the
4	accounting related to this appropriation.
5	(5) For the 2022-23 state fiscal year, \$6,000,000 is appropriated
6	to the harm reduction grant program cash fund created in section
7	25-20.5-1102 (1), C.R.S. This appropriation is from the behavioral and
8	mental health cash fund created in section 24-75-230 (2)(a), C.R.S., and
9	is of money the state received from the federal coronavirus state fiscal
10	recovery fund. The department of public health and environment is
11	responsible for the accounting related to this appropriation.
12	SECTION 55. Effective date - applicability. This act takes
13	effect on January 1, 2023; except that:
14	(1) Sections 1, 12, 13, 14, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 34, 35, and
15	36 take effect on July 1, 2022;
16	(2) Sections 2, 3, 4, and 5 take effect on July 1, 2022, and applies
17	to offenses committed on or after said date;
18	(3) Sections 7, 10, 15, 26, and 29 take effect only if House Bill
18 19	(3) Sections 7, 10, 15, 26, and 29 take effect only if House Bill 22-1278 does not become law; and
19	22-1278 does not become law; and
19 20	22-1278 does not become law; and (4) Sections 8, 11, 16, 27, and 30 take effect only if House Bill 22-1278 becomes law.
19 20 21	22-1278 does not become law; and (4) Sections 8, 11, 16, 27, and 30 take effect only if House Bill

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