# Second Regular Session Seventy-first General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

# **PREAMENDED**

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 18-0325.01 Michael Dohr x4347

**HOUSE BILL 18-1011** 

#### **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

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#### SENATE SPONSORSHIP

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#### **House Committees**

**Senate Committees** 

Finance Appropriations

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### A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING MEASURES TO ALLOW GREATER INVESTMENT FLEXIBILITY IN MARIJUANA BUSINESSES.

### **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://leg.colorado.gov">http://leg.colorado.gov</a>.)

The bill redefines the terms "direct beneficial interest" and "permitted economic interest" so that only those who own more than 5% of the shares of stock in a marijuana business have to go through the disclosure and background investigations. The bill repeals the provisions that require limited passive investors to go through an initial background check. The bill repeals the provisions that limit the number of out-of-state

direct beneficial owners to 15 persons. The bill repeals the provision that prohibits publicly traded entities from holding a marijuana license.

The bill states that, when the marijuana state licensing authority adopts rules related to ownership by and licensing of publicly traded companies, the rules must be substantively identical to the gaming commission rules for ownership by and licensing of publicly traded companies.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.3-104, amend 3 (1), (1.3), (1.7), (7.5), and (13); **repeal** (12.4) and (14.3); and **add** (1.1), (1.2), (1.4), (7.3), (12.1), (14.2), and (17) as follows: 4 5 **12-43.3-104. Definitions.** As used in this article 43.3, unless the 6 context otherwise requires: 7 (1) "Direct beneficial interest owner" means a person or closely 8 held business entity that owns a share or shares of stock in a licensed 9 medical marijuana business, including the officers, directors, managing 10 members, or partners of the licensed medical marijuana business or 11 closely held business entity, or a qualified limited passive investor "AFFILIATE" OF, OR PERSON "AFFILIATED WITH", A SPECIFIED PERSON 12 13 MEANS A PERSON THAT DIRECTLY, OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH ONE OR MORE 14 INTERMEDIARIES, CONTROLS OR IS CONTROLLED BY, OR IS UNDER COMMON 15 CONTROL WITH, THE PERSON SPECIFIED. "BENEFICIAL OWNER" IS A HOLDER OF A SECURITY IN 16 17 ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 13 (d) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, AND RULE 13d-3 PROMULGATED 18 19 THEREUNDER. 20 (1.2)"CONTROL", INCLUDING THE TERMS "CONTROLS", "CONTROLLED", "CONTROLLING", AND "CONTROLLED BY AND UNDER 21 COMMON CONTROL WITH", MEANS THE POSSESSION, DIRECT OR INDIRECT, 22

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1	OF THE POWER TO DIRECT OR CAUSE THE DIRECTION OF THE MANAGEMENT
2	OR POLICIES OF A PERSON, WHETHER THROUGH THE OWNERSHIP OF VOTING
3	SECURITIES, BY CONTRACT, OR OTHERWISE.
4	(1.3) "Good cause", for purposes of refusing or denying a license
5	renewal, reinstatement, or initial license issuance, means "CONTROLLING
6	BENEFICIAL OWNER" MEANS A PERSON THAT:
7	(a) The licensee or applicant has violated, does not meet, or has
8	failed to comply with any of the terms, conditions, or provisions of this
9	article; any rules promulgated pursuant to this article; or any supplemental
10	local law, rules, or regulations Is the Beneficial Owner of five
11	PERCENT OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
12	BUSINESS;
13	(b) The licensee or applicant has failed to comply with any special
14	terms or conditions that were placed on its license pursuant to an order of
15	the state or local licensing authority; IS AN AFFILIATE, WHICH INCLUDES
16	WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY OFFICER, DIRECTOR, MANAGING MEMBER,
17	GENERAL PARTNER, OR TRUSTEE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR
18	OF ANY OTHER CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A MEDICAL
19	MARIJUANA BUSINESS; OR
20	(c) The licensed premises have been operated in a manner that
21	adversely affects the public health or welfare or the safety of the
22	immediate neighborhood in which the establishment is located Is
23	OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OF THE MEDICAL
24	MARIJUANA BUSINESS, EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 12-43.3-407.
25	(1.4) "GOOD CAUSE", FOR PURPOSES OF REFUSING OR DENYING A
26	LICENSE RENEWAL, REINSTATEMENT, OR INITIAL LICENSE ISSUANCE,
27	MEANS:

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1	(a) THE LICENSEE OR APPLICANT HAS VIOLATED, DOES NOT MEET,
2	OR HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH ANY OF THE TERMS, CONDITIONS, OR
3	PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 43.3; ANY RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT
4	TO THIS ARTICLE 43.3; OR ANY SUPPLEMENTAL LOCAL LAW, RULES, OR
5	REGULATIONS;
6	(b) THE LICENSEE OR APPLICANT HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH ANY
7	SPECIAL TERMS OR CONDITIONS THAT WERE PLACED ON ITS LICENSE
8	PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE STATE OR LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY;
9	OR
10	(c) THE LICENSED PREMISES HAVE BEEN OPERATED IN A MANNER
11	THAT ADVERSELY AFFECTS THE PUBLIC HEALTH OR WELFARE OR THE
12	SAFETY OF THE IMMEDIATE NEIGHBORHOOD IN WHICH THE
13	ESTABLISHMENT IS LOCATED.
14	(1.7) "Indirect beneficial interest owner" means a holder of a
15	permitted economic interest, a recipient of a commercially reasonable
16	royalty associated with the use of intellectual property by a licensee, a
17	licensed employee who receives a share of the profits from an employee
18	benefit plan, a qualified institutional investor, or another similarly
19	situated person or entity as determined by the state licensing authority.
20	"INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER" MEANS A PERSON THAT IS NOT
21	AN AFFILIATE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS AND IS NOT OTHERWISE
22	IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
23	BUSINESS AND THAT:
24	(a) HOLDS A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE ROYALTY INTEREST IN
25	EXCHANGE FOR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S USE OF THE PERSON'S
26	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY;
27	(b) HOLDS A PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTEREST THAT WAS ISSUED

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1	PRIOR TO $\overline{J}$ and $\overline{J}$ and that has not been converted into an
2	OWNERSHIP INTEREST; OR
3	(c) IS A CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
4	BUSINESS THAT HAS A DIRECT NEXUS TO THE CULTIVATION,
5	MANUFACTURE, OR SALE OF MARIJUANA, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO,
6	A LEASE OF REAL PROPERTY ON WHICH THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS
7	OPERATES, A LEASE OF EQUIPMENT USED IN THE CULTIVATION OF MEDICAL
8	MARIJUANA, A SECURED OR UNSECURED FINANCING AGREEMENT WITH THE
9	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, A SECURITY CONTRACT WITH THE
10	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, OR A MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT WITH
11	THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, PROVIDED THAT NO SUCH CONTRACT
12	COMPENSATES THE CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A PERCENTAGE OF
13	REVENUE OR PROFITS OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
14	(7.3) "MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS" MEANS A MEDICAL
15	MARIJUANA CENTER, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA OPTIONAL PREMISES
16	CULTIVATION OPERATION, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS
17	MANUFACTURER, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY, A MEDICAL
18	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR, OR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
19	TRANSPORTER.
20	(7.5) "Medical marijuana business operator" means an entity or A
21	person who is not an owner and who THAT is licensed to provide
22	professional operational services to a medical marijuana establishment
23	BUSINESS for direct remuneration from the medical marijuana
24	establishment BUSINESS. A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR IS
25	NOT A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER,
26	OR AN INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER OF ANY MEDICAL
27	MARIJUANA BUSINESS IT OPERATES.

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1	(12.1) PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER MEANS A PERSON THAT IS
2	NOT AN AFFILIATE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, IS NOT OTHERWISE
3	IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
4	BUSINESS, AND IS THE BENEFICIAL OWNER OF LESS THAN FIVE PERCENT OF
5	THE SECURITIES OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
6	(12.4) "Permitted economic interest" means any unsecured
7	convertible debt instrument, option agreement, warrant, or any other right
8	to obtain an ownership interest when the holder of such interest is a
9	natural person who is a lawful United States resident and whose right to
10	convert into an ownership interest is contingent on the holder qualifying
11	and obtaining a license as an owner under this article; or such other
12	agreements as may be permitted by rule of the state licensing authority.
13	(13) "Person" means a natural person AN INDIVIDUAL, A
14	partnership, association, JOINT-STOCK company, corporation, limited
15	liability company, or ANY OTHER UNINCORPORATED organization; or a
16	manager, agent, owner, director, servant, officer, or employee thereof
17	EXCEPT THAT "PERSON" DOES NOT INCLUDE ANY GOVERNMENTAL
18	ORGANIZATION.
19	(14.2) "Publicly traded corporation" means any person
20	OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL THAT:
21	(a) HAS A CLASS OF SECURITIES REGISTERED UNDER SECTION 12 OF
22	THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, THAT:
23	(I) Constitute "covered securities" under section 18
24	(b)(1)(A) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED; OR
25	(II) ARE QUALIFIED AND LISTED FOR TRADING ON THE OTCQX
26	TIER OR OTCQB TIER OF THE OTC MARKETS, OR ANY LIKE TIER OF ANY
27	SUCCESSOR TO THE ENTITY, IF THE PERSON IS THEN REQUIRED TO FILE

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1	REPORTS WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
2	UNDER THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS
3	AMENDED, AS IF THE LISTED SECURITIES CONSTITUTED "COVERED
4	SECURITIES" OR VOLUNTARILY DOES SO;
5	(b) Is a "foreign private issuer", as defined in rule 405
6	PROMULGATED UNDER THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", WHOSE
7	SECURITIES ARE EXEMPT FROM REGISTRATION UNDER SECTION 12 OF THE
8	FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, PURSUANT
9	TO RULE 12g3-2(b) PROMULGATED UNDER THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
10	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED;
11	(c) IS A COMPANY TRADED ON A "DESIGNATED OFFSHORE
12	SECURITIES MARKET" AS DEFINED IN 17 CFR 230.902 (b); OR
13	(d) Is identified by rule by the state licensing authority as
14	A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION.
15	(14.3) "Qualified limited passive investor" means a natural person
16	who is a United States citizen and is a passive investor who owns less
17	than a five percent share or shares of stock in a licensed medical
18	marijuana business.
19	(17) "SECURITY" MEANS ANY NOTE; STOCK; TREASURY STOCK;
20	BOND; DEBENTURE; EVIDENCE OF INDEBTEDNESS; CERTIFICATE OF
21	INTEREST OR PARTICIPATION IN ANY PROFIT-SHARING AGREEMENT;
22	COLLATERAL-TRUST CERTIFICATE; PREORGANIZATION CERTIFICATE OF
23	SUBSCRIPTION; TRANSFERABLE SHARE; INVESTMENT CONTRACT; VIATICAL
24	SETTLEMENT INVESTMENT; VOTING-TRUST CERTIFICATE; CERTIFICATE OF
25	DEPOSIT FOR A SECURITY; CERTIFICATE OF INTEREST OR PARTICIPATION IN
26	AN OIL, GAS, OR MINING TITLE OR LEASE OR IN PAYMENTS OUT OF
27	PRODUCTION UNDER SUCH A TITLE OR LEASE; OR, IN GENERAL, ANY

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1	INTEREST OR INSTRUMENT COMMONLY KNOWN AS A "SECURITY" OR ANY
2	CERTIFICATE OF INTEREST OR PARTICIPATION IN, TEMPORARY OR INTERIM
3	CERTIFICATE FOR, GUARANTEE OF, OR WARRANT OR RIGHT TO SUBSCRIBE
4	TO OR PURCHASE ANY OF THE FOREGOING. "SECURITY" DOES NOT INCLUDE
5	ANY INSURANCE OR ENDOWMENT POLICY OR ANNUITY CONTRACT UNDER
6	WHICH AN INSURANCE COMPANY PROMISES TO PAY A SUM OF MONEY
7	EITHER IN A LUMP SUM OR PERIODICALLY FOR LIFE OR SOME OTHER
8	SPECIFIED PERIOD. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE 43.3, AN "INVESTMENT
9	CONTRACT" NEED NOT INVOLVE MORE THAN ONE INVESTOR NOR BE
10	LIMITED TO THOSE CIRCUMSTANCES WHEREIN THERE ARE MULTIPLE
11	INVESTORS WHO ARE JOINT PARTICIPANTS IN THE SAME ENTERPRISE.
12	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.3-202, amend
13	(2)(a)(VIII), (2)(a)(XVIII.7); <b>repeal</b> (2)(a)(XXI); and <b>add</b> (2)(a)(XXIII)
14	as follows:
15	12-43.3-202. Powers and duties of state licensing authority -
16	rules. (2) (a) Rules promulgated pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this
17	section may include, but need not be limited to, the following subjects:
18	(VIII) Development of individual identification cards for owners,
19	officers CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, managers, contractors,
20	employees, and other support staff of entities licensed pursuant to this
21	article ARTICLE 43.3, including a fingerprint-based criminal history record
22	check as may be required by the state licensing authority prior to issuing
23	a card;
24	(XVIII.7) Medical marijuana business operator licensees,
25	including the form and structure of allowable agreements between
26	operators and owners THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS BEING
27	OPERATED;

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1	(XXI) The parameters and qualifications of an indirect beneficial
2	interest owner and a qualified limited passive investor;
3	(XXIII) OWNERSHIP AND FINANCIAL INTEREST REQUIREMENTS,
4	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
5	(A) PARAMETERS OF, QUALIFICATIONS OF, DISCLOSURE OF,
6	REQUIREMENTS FOR, AND SUITABILITY OF A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
7	OWNER, A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, AND AN INDIRECT FINANCIAL
8	INTEREST HOLDER; AND
9	(B) PARAMETERS OF, QUALIFICATIONS OF, DISCLOSURE OF,
10	REQUIREMENTS FOR, AND SUITABILITY OF A PUBLICLY TRADED
11	CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR THAT IS A
12	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER.
13	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.3-307, amend
14	(1) introductory portion, (1)(c), and (1)(l); repeal (1)(n); and add (1)(o)
15	and (1)(p) as follows:
16	12-43.3-307. Persons prohibited as licensees. (1) A license
17	provided by this article ARTICLE 43.3 shall not be issued to or held by:
18	(c) A <del>corporation,</del> PERSON OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL if the
19	criminal history of any of its officers, directors, or stockholders
20	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS indicates that the officer, director, or
21	stockholder A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER is not of good moral
22	character AFTER CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN SECTION 24-5-101 (2), OR
23	ANY PERSON THAT WOULD BE DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER
24	RULE 506 (d) PROMULGATED UNDER THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF
25	1933";
26	(l) A person APPLYING for a license for a location that is currently
27	licensed as a retail food establishment or wholesale food registrant; or

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1	(n) A publicly traded company.
2	(o) A PERSON WHOSE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR
3	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER IS FOUND UNSUITABLE BY THE STATE
4	LICENSING AUTHORITY. TO DETERMINE WHETHER A PERSON IS SUITABLE,
5	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY CONSIDER, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO
6	A PERSON'S FINANCIAL CHARACTER OR RECORD, CRIMINAL CHARACTER OR
7	RECORD, OR LICENSING CHARACTER OR RECORD.
8	(p) A PERSON, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL, ORGANIZED OR
9	FORMED UNDER THE LAWS OF A COUNTRY DETERMINED BY THE $\overline{\textbf{U}}$ NITED
10	STATES SECRETARY OF STATE TO HAVE REPEATEDLY PROVIDED SUPPORT
11	FOR ACTS OF INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM OR INCLUDED AMONG THE LIST
12	of "covered countries" in section 1502 of the federal
13	"DODD-FRANK WALL STREET REFORM AND CONSUMER PROTECTION
14	ACT".
15	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.3-307.5
16	<b>amend</b> (1) and (5); <b>repeal</b> (2), (3), (4), (6), and (7); and <b>add</b> (4.5), (5.5)
17	(5.7), and (6.5) as follows:
18	12-43.3-307.5. Business and owner requirements - legislative
19	<b>declaration.</b> (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that:
20	(I) Medical marijuana businesses need to be able to access capital
21	in order to effectively grow their businesses and remain competitive in the
22	marketplace;
23	(II) The current regulatory structure for medical marijuana creates
24	a substantial barrier to investment from out-of-state interests AND
25	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS;
26	(III) There is insufficient capital in the state to properly fund the
27	capital needs of Colorado medical marijuana businesses;

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1	(IV) Colorado medical marijuana businesses need to have ready
2	access to capital from investors in states FROM outside of Colorado; and
3	(IV.5) UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, PERMITTING PUBLICLY
4	TRADED CORPORATIONS TO HOLD AN INTEREST IN MEDICAL MARIJUANA
5	BUSINESSES WILL BENEFIT COLORADO'S MEDICAL MARIJUANA MARKET;
6	(V) Providing access to legitimate sources of capital helps prevent
7	the opportunity for those who engage in illegal activity to gain entry into
8	the state's regulated medical marijuana market;
9	(VI) ACCESS TO CAPITAL MUST BE BALANCED WITH PROMOTING
10	CONTROL OVER MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES BY SUITABLE PERSONS
11	WHO ARE LEGITIMATE, TAXPAYING BUSINESSPEOPLE, AND NOT CRIMINAL
12	ACTORS; PREVENTING REVENUE FROM THE SALE OF MARIJUANA FROM
13	GOING TO CRIMINAL ENTERPRISES, GANGS, AND CARTELS; AND
14	PREVENTING STATE-AUTHORIZED MARIJUANA ACTIVITY FROM BEING USED
15	AS A COVER OR PRETEXT FOR THE TRAFFICKING OF OTHER ILLEGAL DRUGS
16	OR OTHER ILLEGAL ACTIVITY; AND
17	(VII) PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS OFFERING SECURITIES FOR
18	INVESTMENT IN MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES MUST TELL THE PUBLIC
19	THE TRUTH ABOUT THEIR BUSINESS, THE SECURITIES THEY ARE SELLING,
20	AND THE RISKS INVOLVED WITH INVESTING IN MEDICAL MARIJUANA
21	BUSINESSES, AND PEOPLE WHO SELL AND TRADE SECURITIES RELATED TO
22	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES ARE PROHIBITED FROM ENGAGING IN
23	DECEIT, MISREPRESENTATIONS, AND OTHER FRAUD IN THE SALE OF THE
24	SECURITIES.
25	(b) Therefore, the general assembly is providing a mechanism for
26	Colorado medical marijuana businesses to access capital from investors
27	in other states AND FROM CERTAIN PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS

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1	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND SECTION 12-43.3-30/.6.
2	(2) A direct beneficial interest owner who is a natural person must
3	either:
4	(a) Have been a resident of Colorado for at least one year prior to
5	the date of the application; or
6	(b) Be a United States citizen prior to the date of the application.
7	(3) (a) A medical marijuana business may be comprised of an
8	unlimited number of direct beneficial interest owners that have been
9	residents of Colorado for at least one year prior to the date of the
10	application.
11	(b) On and after January 1, 2017, a medical marijuana business
12	that is comprised of one or more direct beneficial interest owners who
13	have not been Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application
14	shall have at least one officer who has been a Colorado resident for at
15	least one year prior to application and all officers with day-to-day
16	operational control over the business must be Colorado residents for at
17	least one year prior to application. A medical marijuana business under
18	this paragraph (b) is limited to no more than fifteen direct beneficial
19	interest owners, including all parent and subsidiary entities, all of whom
20	are natural persons.
21	(c) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (b) of this
22	subsection (3), the state licensing authority may review the limitation on
23	the number of direct beneficial interest owners and may increase the
24	number of allowable interests above fifteen based on reasonable
25	considerations such as developments in state and federal financial
26	regulations, market conditions, and the licensee's ability to access
27	legitimate sources of capital.

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1	(d) A direct beneficial interest owner that is a closely held
2	business entity must consist entirely of natural persons who are United
3	States citizens prior to the date of the application, including all parent and
4	subsidiary entities.
5	(4) A medical marijuana business may include qualified
6	institutional investors that own thirty percent or less of the medical
7	marijuana business.
8	(4.5) PRIOR TO SUBMITTING AN APPLICATION, A PERSON THAT
9	INTENDS TO BECOME A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A CONTROLLING
10	BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL DISCLOSE TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
11	A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE LIST OF THE FOLLOWING:
12	(a) ALL OF ITS BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF FIVE PERCENT OR MORE OF
13	ITS SECURITIES;
14	(b) ALL OF ITS OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, AND AFFILIATES; AND
15	(c) ALL OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, AND GREATER-THAN-FIVE-PERCENT
16	BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF ANY OF ITS AFFILIATES.
17	(5) (a) A person who THAT intends to apply as a direct beneficial
18	interest owner and is not a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to
19	the date of application TO BECOME A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
20	shall first submit a request to the state licensing authority for a finding of
21	suitability. as a direct beneficial interest owner. The person shall FAILURE
22	TO PROVIDE ALL REQUESTED INFORMATION IN CONNECTION WITH A
23	REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT
24	FINDING OF SUITABILITY. EVERY PROPOSED CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
25	OWNER MUST receive a finding of suitability OR AN EXEMPTION FROM A
26	FINDING OF SUITABILITY prior to submitting an A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
27	BUSINESS application to the state licensing authority. to be a direct

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1	beneficial interest owner Failure to receive a finding ALL REQUIRED
2	FINDINGS of suitability prior to application is grounds for denial OF AN
3	APPLICATION OR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION AGAINST
4	THE LICENSEE by the state licensing authority.
5	(b) The state licensing authority shall perform a limited initial
6	background check on qualified limited passive investors. If the initial
7	background check provides reasonable cause for additional investigation,
8	the state licensing authority may require a full background check.
9	(c) IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (5)(a) OF
10	THIS SECTION, FOLLOWING THE DISCLOSURE REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION
11	(4.5) OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL
12	DETERMINE WHICH INDIVIDUAL CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND
13	AFFILIATES OF EACH CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER ARE REQUIRED TO
14	OBTAIN A FINDING OF SUITABILITY PRIOR TO SUBMISSION OF A MEDICAL
15	MARIJUANA BUSINESS APPLICATION. FAILURE TO PROVIDE ANY
16	INFORMATION REQUESTED IN CONNECTION WITH A FINDING OF SUITABILITY
17	MAY ALSO BE GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT REQUEST FOR FINDING OF
18	SUITABILITY. ALL INDIVIDUALS SHALL OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED FINDING OF
19	SUITABILITY PRIOR TO SUBMITTING A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS
20	APPLICATION TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
21	(5.5) IN ITS REASONABLE DISCRETION, AT ANY TIME, THE STATE
22	LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE ANY PERSON THAT WAS DISCLOSED
23	OR SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED UNDER THIS SECTION OR SECTION
24	12-43.3-307.6 TO OBTAIN A FINDING OF SUITABILITY. FAILURE TO PROVIDE
25	ANY INFORMATION REQUESTED IN CONNECTION WITH A FINDING OF
26	SUITABILITY MAY ALSO BE GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT REQUEST FOR
27	FINDING OF SUITABILITY. FAILURE OF A PERSON TO OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED

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1	FINDING OF SUITABILITY MAY BE GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF AN
2	APPLICATION OR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION OF A
3	LICENSE.
4	(5.7) IF A REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS NOT COMPLETED
5	WITHIN ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE THE FINDING OF SUITABILITY WAS
6	REQUESTED, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL INFORM THE
7	APPLICANT OR LICENSEE.
8	(6) The state licensing authority shall review the medical
9	marijuana business's operating documents to ensure compliance with this
10	section.
11	(6.5) A PERSON, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL, THAT IS A
12	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL APPOINT AND CONTINUOUSLY
13	MAINTAIN A REGISTERED AGENT WHO SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF
14	SECTION 7-90-701. THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS SHALL INFORM
15	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OF A CHANGE IN THE REGISTERED
16	AGENT WITHIN TEN DAYS OF THE CHANGE.
17	(7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise
18	requires, "institutional investor" means:
19	(a) A bank as defined in section 3(a)(6) of the federal "Securities
20	Exchange Act of 1934", as amended;
21	(b) An insurance company as defined in section 2(a)(17) of the
22	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
23	(c) An investment company registered under section 8 of the
24	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
25	(d) An investment adviser registered under section 203 of the
26	federal "Investment Advisers Act of 1940", as amended;
27	(e) Collective trust funds as defined in section 3(c)(11) of the

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1	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
2	(f) An employee benefit plan or pension fund that is subject to the
3	federal "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974", as
4	amended, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored
5	by a licensee or an intermediary or holding company licensee that directly
6	or indirectly owns five percent or more of a licensee;
7	(g) A state or federal government pension plan;
8	(h) A group comprised entirely of persons specified in subsections
9	(a) to (g) of this subsection (7); or
10	(i) Any other entity identified through rule by the state licensing
11	authority.
12	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 12-43.3-307.6
13	as follows:
14	12-43.3-307.6. Licensure and investment requirements for
15	<b>publicly traded corporations.</b> (1) IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS
16	OF SECTION 12-43.3-307.5, ANY LICENSEE OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
17	OWNER THAT IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL COMPLY WITH
18	THIS SECTION.
19	(2) (a) A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL
20	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL
21	REPORT TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE
22	ELECTION OR APPOINTMENT, OR RESIGNATION OR REMOVAL, OF ANY
23	DIRECTOR OR OFFICER OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION.
24	(b) To the extent required by the state licensing
25	AUTHORITY, WHENEVER ANY REPORT, PROXY OR INFORMATION
26	STATEMENT, REGISTRATION STATEMENT, SCHEDULE, OR OTHER FILING IS
27	MADE WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR

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1	OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE, OR, IN THE CASE OF A FOREIGN
2	PRIVATE ISSUER, ANY SIMILAR REGULATORY BODY, BY OR WITH RESPECT
3	TO A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
4	BUSINESS OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, THE PUBLICLY TRADED
5	CORPORATION SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THAT A
6	FILING HAS TAKEN PLACE AND DISCLOSE A COPY OF THE FILING WITHIN
7	FIVE DAYS AFTER THE FILING WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND
8	EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE,
9	OR, IN THE CASE OF A FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER, ANY SIMILAR
10	REGULATORY BODY.
11	(c) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY AT ANY TIME REQUIRE
12	ANY APPLICANT, LICENSEE, OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER TO
13	DISCLOSE A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE LIST OF ALL BENEFICIAL OWNERS
14	TO THE EXTENT KNOWN.
15	(d) TO THE EXTENT REQUIRED BY THE STATE LICENSING
16	AUTHORITY, A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL
17	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL,
18	WITHIN FIVE DAYS AFTER RECEIVING A COMMENT LETTER OR EXCHANGE
19	NOTICE FROM THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR
20	OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE, OR, IN THE CASE OF A FOREIGN
21	PRIVATE ISSUER, ANY SIMILAR REGULATORY BODY, NOTIFY THE STATE
22	LICENSING AUTHORITY THAT THE COMMENT LETTER OR EXCHANGE NOTICE
23	WAS RECEIVED AND PROVIDE A COPY TO THE STATE LICENSING
24	AUTHORITY.
25	(3) AFTER COMMENCING ANY OFFERING OF A SECURITY, ANY
26	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
27	BUSINESS, A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL

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1	OWNERSHALLNOTIFYTHESTATELICENSINGAUTHORITYOFTHEPROPOSED
2	OFFERING IN THE TIME AND MANNER REQUIRED BY THE STATE LICENSING
3	AUTHORITY. AT A MINIMUM, THE NOTIFICATION MUST OCCUR NOT LATER
4	THAN THREE BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE EARLIER OF THE COMMENCEMENT
5	OF THE OFFERING OR THE INITIAL FILING COVERING THE OFFERING WITH
6	THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR OTHER
7	APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE, OR, IN THE CASE OF A FOREIGN
8	PRIVATE ISSUER, ANY SIMILAR REGULATORY BODY.
9	(4) A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL
10	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OF FIFTY
11	PERCENT OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS
12	SHALL INCLUDE IN ITS BYLAWS THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS:
13	(a) THE [NAME OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION] SHALL
14	NOT ISSUE ANY SECURITY EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS
15	OF ARTICLE 43.3 OF TITLE 12, COLORADO REVISED STATUTES, AND THE
16	RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THAT ARTICLE 43.3. THE ISSUANCE
17	OF ANY SECURITY IN VIOLATION THEREOF SHALL BE VOID, AND THE
18	SECURITY SHALL BE DEEMED NOT TO BE ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING UNTIL
19	THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION CEASES TO BE SUBJECT TO THE
20	JURISDICTION OF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OR THE STATE
21	LICENSING AUTHORITY, BY AFFIRMATIVE ACTION, VALIDATES SAID
22	ISSUANCE OR WAIVES ANY DEFECT IN ISSUANCE.
23	(b) NO SECURITY ISSUED BY THE NAME OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED
24	CORPORATION] AND NO INTEREST, CLAIM, OR CHARGE THEREIN OR
25	THERETO SHALL BE TRANSFERRED IN ANY MANNER WHATSOEVER EXCEPT
26	IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE 43.3 OF TITLE 12,
27	COLORADO REVISED STATUTES, AND THE RULES PROMULGATED

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1 PURSUANT TO THAT ARTICLE 43.3. ANY TRANSFER IN VIOLATION THEREOF 2 SHALL BE VOID UNTIL THE [NAME OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED 3 CORPORATION CEASES TO BE SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE STATE 4 LICENSING AUTHORITY OR THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY, BY 5 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION, VALIDATES SAID TRANSFER OR WAIVES ANY DEFECT 6 IN SAID TRANSFER. 7 (c) IF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AT ANY TIME DETERMINES 8 THAT A HOLDER OF A SECURITY OF THE NAME OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED 9 CORPORATION] IS UNSUITABLE TO HOLD THE SECURITY, THEN THE [NAME 10 OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION MAY, WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER 11 THE FINDING OF UNSUITABILITY, PURCHASE THE SECURITY OF THE 12 UNSUITABLE PERSON AT THE LESSER OF THE AMOUNT IN UNITED STATES 13 DOLLARS OF CASH OR OTHER CONSIDERATION PAID BY THE PERSON FOR 14 THE SECURITY OR THE CURRENT MARKET PRICE AS OF THE DATE OF THE 15 FINDING OF UNSUITABILITY, UNLESS THE SECURITY IS TRANSFERRED TO A 16 SUITABLE PERSON AS DETERMINED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY 17 WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER THE FINDING OF UNSUITABILITY. UNTIL THE 18 SECURITY IS OWNED BY PERSONS FOUND BY THE STATE LICENSING 19 AUTHORITY TO BE SUITABLE TO OWN IT, THE NAME OF THE PUBLICLY 20 TRADED CORPORATION] SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED OR PERMITTED TO PAY 21 ANY DIVIDEND OR INTEREST WITH REGARD TO THE SECURITY; THE HOLDER 22 OF THE SECURITY SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO VOTE ON ANY MATTER AS 23 THE HOLDER OF THE SECURITY; AND THE SECURITY SHALL NOT FOR ANY 24 PURPOSES BE INCLUDED AMONG THE SECURITIES OF THE NAME OF THE 25 PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION ENTITLED TO VOTE, AND THE NAME OF 26 THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL NOT PAY ANY 27 REMUNERATION IN ANY FORM TO THE HOLDER OF THE SECURITY EXCEPT

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1	IN EXCHANGE FOR THE SECURITY AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION $(4)(c)$ .
2	(5) A PERSON THAT BECOMES A BENEFICIAL OWNER OF FIVE
3	PERCENT OR MORE OF ANY CLASS OF SECURITY IN A PUBLICLY TRADED
4	CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A
5	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER MUST APPLY TO THE STATE LICENSING
6	AUTHORITY FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY WITHIN FORTY-FIVE DAYS
7	AFTER BECOMING A BENEFICIAL OWNER OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
8	OWNER. WHEN A PERSON IS OR BECOMES A BENEFICIAL OWNER OF FIVE
9	PERCENT OR MORE OF ANY CLASS OF SECURITY IN THE PUBLICLY TRADED
10	CORPORATION, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE A FINDING
11	OF SUITABILITY OF ANY OFFICER, DIRECTOR, MEMBER, AFFILIATE, OR
12	GREATER-THAN-FIVE-PERCENT BENEFICIAL OWNER IN THAT PERSON. A
13	LICENSEE SHALL NOTIFY EACH PERSON THAT IS SUBJECT TO THIS
14	SUBSECTION (5) OF ITS REQUIREMENTS AS SOON AS THE LICENSEE
15	BECOMES AWARE OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP TRIGGERING THE
16	REQUIREMENT, PROVIDED THAT THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE PERSON SUBJECT
17	TO THIS SUBSECTION (5) ARE INDEPENDENT OF, AND UNAFFECTED BY, THE
18	LICENSEE'S FAILURE TO GIVE THE NOTICE.
19	(6) A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL PROVIDE THE STATE
20	LICENSING AUTHORITY WITH A DEPOSIT TO COVER THE DIRECT AND
21	INDIRECT COSTS OF ANY INVESTIGATION NECESSARY TO DETERMINE
22	WHETHER OR NOT ANY REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY SHALL BE
23	ISSUED. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY MAKE FURTHER RULES
24	REGARDING THE DEPOSIT AND DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS THAT SHALL
25	BE BILLED AGAINST THE DEPOSIT.
26	(7) It is grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary
27	ACTION IF ANY PERSON, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PURCHASE OR SALE OF

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1	ANY SECURITY ISSUED BY A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A
2	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, IS FOUND GUILTY OF, PLEADS NOLO
3	CONTENDERE TO, IS SUBJECT TO A FINAL CEASE AND DESIST ORDER WITH
4	RESPECT TO A PERMANENT INJUNCTION OR ORDER OF PERMANENT
5	INJUNCTION ISSUED ON THE BASIS OF, OR IS THE SUBJECT OF A SIMILAR
6	FINAL ACTION TAKEN ON THE BASIS OF, A VIOLATION OF RULE 10b-5
7	PROMULGATED BY THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
8	UNDER SECTION 10 (b) OF THE "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS
9	AMENDED, OR SECTION 11-51-501.
10	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.3-309, amend
11	(2); and add (3) as follows:
12	12-43.3-309. Transfer of ownership. (2) For a transfer of
13	ownership, OTHER THAN TRANSFERS OF SECURITIES BY A BENEFICIAL
14	OWNER OF SECURITIES OF A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, a license
15	holder shall apply to the state and local licensing authorities on forms
16	prepared and furnished by the state licensing authority. In determining
17	whether to permit a transfer of ownership, the state and local licensing
18	authorities shall consider only the requirements of this article ARTICLE
19	43.3, any rules promulgated by the state licensing authority, and any other
20	local restrictions. The local licensing authority may hold a hearing on the
21	application for transfer of ownership. The local licensing authority shall
22	not hold a hearing pursuant to this subsection (2) until the local licensing
23	authority has posted a notice of hearing in the manner described in section
24	12-43.3-302 (2) on the licensed medical marijuana center premises for a
25	period of ten days and has provided notice of the hearing to the applicant
26	at least ten days prior to the hearing. Any transfer of ownership hearing
27	by the state licensing authority shall be held in compliance with the

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1	requirements specified in section 12-43.3-302.
2	(3) ANY TRANSFER OF SECURITIES BY A BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A
3	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF
4	SECTIONS 12-43.3-307.5 AND 12-43.3-307.6.
5	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.3-310, amend
6	(3) and (4) as follows:
7	12-43.3-310. Licensing in general. (3) A medical marijuana
8	center, optional premises cultivation operation, or medical
9	marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS THAT IS NOT A
10	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION shall notify the state licensing authority
11	in writing within ten days after an A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner,
12	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, officer, or manager ceases to work at,
13	manage, own, or otherwise be associated with the operation. The
14	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, officer, or
15	manager shall surrender to the state licensing authority any identification
16	card that may have been issued by the state licensing authority on or
17	before the date of the notification.
18	(4) A medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation
19	operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS
20	THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION shall notify the state
21	licensing authority in writing of the name, address, and date of birth of an
22	A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, officer,
23	or manager before the new CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer, or
24	manager begins managing, owning, or associating with the operation.
25	Any CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER,
26	officer, manager, or employee shall pass a fingerprint-based criminal
27	history record check as required by the state licensing authority and obtain

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1	the required identification prior to being associated with, managing,
2	owning, or working at the operation.
3	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 12-43.3-407
4	as follows:
5	12-43.3-407. Medical marijuana business operator license. A
6	medical marijuana business operator license may be issued to an entity or
7	A person who THAT operates a medical marijuana establishment BUSINESS
8	licensed pursuant to this article 43.3, for an owner ANOTHER MEDICAL
9	MARIJUANA BUSINESS licensed pursuant to this article 43.3, and who THAT
10	may receive a portion of the profits as compensation.
11	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.4-103, amend
12	(1), (1.3), (2.5), (13), (17), and (17.5); <b>repeal</b> (12.4) and (14.3); and <b>add</b>
13	(1.1), (1.2), (1.4), (12.1), (14.2), and (22.5) as follows:
14	12-43.4-103. <b>Definitions.</b> As used in this article 43.4, unless the
15	context otherwise requires:
16	(1) "Direct beneficial interest owner" means a person or closely
17	held business entity that owns a share or shares of stock in a licensed
18	retail marijuana business, including the officers, directors, managing
19	members, or partners of the licensed retail marijuana business or closely
20	held business entity, or a qualified limited passive investor "AFFILIATE"
21	OF, OR PERSON "AFFILIATED WITH", A SPECIFIED PERSON MEANS A PERSON
22	THAT DIRECTLY, OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH ONE OR MORE INTERMEDIARIES,
23	CONTROLS OR IS CONTROLLED BY, OR IS UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH,
24	THE PERSON SPECIFIED.
25	(1.1) "Beneficial owner" is a holder of a security in
26	ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 13 (d) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
27	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934" AS AMENDED AND RULE 13d-3 PROMULGATED

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1	THEREUNDER.
2	(1.2) "CONTROL", INCLUDING THE TERMS "CONTROLS",
3	"CONTROLLED", "CONTROLLING", AND "CONTROLLED BY AND UNDER
4	COMMON CONTROL WITH", MEANS THE POSSESSION, DIRECT OR INDIRECT,
5	OF THE POWER TO DIRECT OR CAUSE THE DIRECTION OF THE MANAGEMENT
6	OR POLICIES OF A PERSON, WHETHER THROUGH THE OWNERSHIP OF VOTING
7	SECURITIES, BY CONTRACT, OR OTHERWISE.
8	(1.3) "Escorted" means appropriately checked into the limited
9	access area and accompanied by a person licensed by the state licensing
10	authority; except that trade craftspeople not normally engaged in the
11	business of cultivating, processing, or selling retail marijuana need not be
12	accompanied on a full-time basis, but only reasonably monitored
13	"CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER" MEANS A PERSON THAT:
14	(a) Is the Beneficial owner of five percent or more of the
15	SECURITIES OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT;
16	(b) IS AN AFFILIATE, WHICH INCLUDES WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY
17	OFFICER, DIRECTOR, MANAGING MEMBER, GENERAL PARTNER, OR TRUSTEE
18	OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR OF ANY OTHER CONTROLLING
19	BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT; OR
20	(c) IS OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OF THE
21	RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED BY SECTION
22	12-43.4-407.
23	(1.4) "ESCORTED" MEANS APPROPRIATELY CHECKED INTO THE
24	LIMITED ACCESS AREA AND ACCOMPANIED BY A PERSON LICENSED BY THE
25	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY; EXCEPT THAT TRADE CRAFTSPEOPLE NOT
26	NORMALLY ENGAGED IN THE BUSINESS OF CULTIVATING, PROCESSING, OR
27	SELLING RETAIL MARIJUANA NEED NOT BE ACCOMPANIED ON A FULL-TIME

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1	BASIS, BUT ONLY REASONABLY MONITORED.
2	(2.5) "Indirect beneficial interest owner" means a holder of a
3	permitted economic interest, a recipient of a commercially reasonable
4	royalty associated with the use of intellectual property by a licensee, a
5	licensed employee who receives a share of the profits from an employee
6	benefit plan, a qualified institutional investor, or another similarly
7	situated person or entity as determined by the state licensing authority.
8	"INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER" MEANS A PERSON THAT IS NOT
9	AN AFFILIATE OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT AND IS NOT
10	OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE RETAIL
11	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT AND THAT:
12	(a) HOLDS A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE ROYALTY INTEREST IN
13	EXCHANGE FOR A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT'S USE OF THE
14	PERSON'S INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY;
15	(b) HOLDS A PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTEREST THAT WAS ISSUED
16	PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 2019, AND THAT HAS NOT BEEN CONVERTED INTO AN
17	OWNERSHIP INTEREST; OR
18	(c) IS A CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A RETAIL MARIJUANA
19	ESTABLISHMENT THAT HAS A DIRECT NEXUS TO THE CULTIVATION,
20	MANUFACTURE, OR SALE OF MARIJUANA, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO,
21	A LEASE OF REAL PROPERTY ON WHICH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA
22	ESTABLISHMENT OPERATES, A LEASE OF EQUIPMENT USED IN THE
23	CULTIVATION OF RETAIL MARIJUANA, A SECURED OR UNSECURED
24	FINANCING AGREEMENT WITH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, A
25	SECURITY CONTRACT WITH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, OR
26	A MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA

ESTABLISHMENT, PROVIDED THAT NO SUCH CONTRACT COMPENSATES THE

27

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1	CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A PERCENTAGE OF REVENUE OR PROFITS
2	OF THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT.
3	(12.1) "PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER" MEANS A PERSON THAT IS
4	NOT AN AFFILIATE OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, IS NOT
5	OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER THE RETAIL
6	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, AND IS THE BENEFICIAL OWNER OF LESS
7	THAN FIVE PERCENT OF THE SECURITIES OF THE RETAIL MARIJUANA
8	ESTABLISHMENT.
9	(12.4) "Permitted economic interest" means any unsecured
10	convertible debt instrument, option agreement, warrant, or any other right
11	to obtain an ownership interest when the holder of such interest is a
12	natural person who is a lawful United States resident and whose right to
13	convert into an ownership interest is contingent on the holder qualifying
14	and obtaining a license as an owner under this article or such other
15	agreements as may be permitted by rule by the state licensing authority.
16	(13) "Person" means a natural person AN INDIVIDUAL, A
17	partnership, association, JOINT-STOCK company, corporation, limited
18	liability company, or ANY OTHER UNINCORPORATED organization; except
19	that "person" does not include any governmental organization.
20	(14.2) "Publicly traded corporation" means any person
21	OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL THAT:
22	(a) Has a class of securities registered under section 12 of
23	THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, THAT:
24	(I) Constitute "covered securities" under section 18
25	(b)(1)(A) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED; OR
26	(II) ARE QUALIFIED AND LISTED FOR TRADING ON THE OTCQX
27	TIER OR OTCOB TIER OF THE OTC MARKETS OR ANY LIKE TIER OF ANY

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1	SUCCESSOR TO THE ENTITY, IF THE PERSON IS THEN REQUIRED TO FILE
2	REPORTS WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
3	UNDER THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS
4	AMENDED, AS IF THE LISTED SECURITIES CONSTITUTED "COVERED
5	SECURITIES" OR VOLUNTARILY DOES SO;
6	(b) Is a "foreign private issuer", as defined in rule 405
7	PROMULGATED UNDER THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", WHOSE
8	SECURITIES ARE EXEMPT FROM REGISTRATION UNDER SECTION 12 OF THE
9	FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, PURSUANT
10	TO RULE 12g3-2(b) PROMULGATED UNDER THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
11	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED;
12	(c) IS A COMPANY TRADED ON A "DESIGNATED OFFSHORE
13	SECURITIES MARKET" AS DEFINED IN 17 CFR 230.902 (b); OR
14	(d) Is identified by rule by the state licensing authority as
15	A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION.
16	(14.3) "Qualified limited passive investor" means a natural person
17	who is a United States citizen and is a passive investor who owns less
18	than a five percent share or shares of stock in a licensed retail marijuana
19	<del>business.</del>
20	(17) "Retail marijuana establishment" means a retail marijuana
21	store, a retail marijuana cultivation facility, a retail marijuana products
22	manufacturer, or a retail marijuana testing facility, A RETAIL MARIJUANA
23	ESTABLISHMENT OPERATOR, OR A RETAIL MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER.
24	(17.5) "Retail marijuana establishment operator" means an entity
25	or A person that is not an owner and that is licensed to provide
26	professional operational services to a retail marijuana establishment for
27	direct remuneration from the retail marijuana establishment. A RETAIL

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1	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OPERATOR IS NOT A CONTROLLING
2	BENEFICIAL OWNER, A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR AN INDIRECT
3	FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER OF ANY RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT
4	IT OPERATES.
5	(22.5) "SECURITY" MEANS ANY NOTE; STOCK; TREASURY STOCK;
6	BOND; DEBENTURE; EVIDENCE OF INDEBTEDNESS; CERTIFICATE OF
7	INTEREST OR PARTICIPATION IN ANY PROFIT-SHARING AGREEMENT;
8	COLLATERAL-TRUST CERTIFICATE; PREORGANIZATION CERTIFICATE OF
9	SUBSCRIPTION; TRANSFERABLE SHARE; INVESTMENT CONTRACT; VIATICAL
10	SETTLEMENT INVESTMENT; VOTING-TRUST CERTIFICATE; CERTIFICATE OF
11	DEPOSIT FOR A SECURITY; CERTIFICATE OF INTEREST OR PARTICIPATION IN
12	AN OIL, GAS, OR MINING TITLE OR LEASE OR IN PAYMENTS OUT OF
13	PRODUCTION UNDER SUCH A TITLE OR LEASE; OR, IN GENERAL, ANY
14	INTEREST OR INSTRUMENT COMMONLY KNOWN AS A "SECURITY" OR ANY
15	CERTIFICATE OF INTEREST OR PARTICIPATION IN, TEMPORARY OR INTERIM
16	CERTIFICATE FOR, GUARANTEE OF, OR WARRANT OR RIGHT TO SUBSCRIBE
17	TO OR PURCHASE ANY OF THE FOREGOING. "SECURITY" DOES NOT INCLUDE
18	ANY INSURANCE OR ENDOWMENT POLICY OR ANNUITY CONTRACT UNDER
19	WHICH AN INSURANCE COMPANY PROMISES TO PAY A SUM OF MONEY
20	EITHER IN A LUMP SUM OR PERIODICALLY FOR LIFE OR SOME OTHER
21	SPECIFIED PERIOD. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE 43.4, AN "INVESTMENT
22	CONTRACT" NEED NOT INVOLVE MORE THAN ONE INVESTOR NOR BE
23	LIMITED TO THOSE CIRCUMSTANCES WHEREIN THERE ARE MULTIPLE
24	INVESTORS WHO ARE JOINT PARTICIPANTS IN THE SAME ENTERPRISE.
25	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.4-202,
26	amend (3)(a)(III), (3)(a)(XVIII), (3)(a)(XIX), (3)(b) introductory portion,
27	and $(3)(b)(V)$ ; repeal $(3)(a)(XX)$ ; and add $(3)(a)(XXI)$ as follows:

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1	12-43.4-202. Powers and duties of state licensing authority -
2	rules. (3) (a) Rules promulgated pursuant to subsection (2)(b) of this
3	section must include, but need not be limited to, the following subjects:
4	(III) Qualifications for licensure under this article ARTICLE 43.4,
5	including but not limited to the requirement for a fingerprint-based
6	criminal history record check for all owners, officers CONTROLLING
7	BENEFICIAL OWNERS, managers, contractors, employees, and other support
8	staff of entities licensed pursuant to this article ARTICLE 43.4;
9	(XVIII) Retail marijuana establishment operator licensees,
10	including the form and structure of allowable agreements between
11	operators and owners THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT BEING
12	OPERATED;
13	(XIX) Nonescorted visitors in limited access areas; and
14	(XX) The parameters and qualifications of an indirect beneficial
15	interest owner and a qualified limited passive investor.
16	(XXI) OWNERSHIP AND FINANCIAL INTEREST REQUIREMENTS,
17	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
18	(A) PARAMETERS OF, QUALIFICATIONS OF, DISCLOSURE OF,
19	REQUIREMENTS FOR, AND SUITABILITY OF A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
20	OWNER, A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, AND AN INDIRECT FINANCIAL
21	INTEREST HOLDER; AND
22	(B) PARAMETERS OF, QUALIFICATIONS OF, DISCLOSURE OF,
23	REQUIREMENTS FOR, AND SUITABILITY OF A PUBLICLY TRADED
24	CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR THAT IS
25	A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER.
26	(b) Rules promulgated pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection (2)
27	SUBSECTION (2)(b) of this section must also include the following

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1	subjects:
2	(V) Development of individual identification cards for owners,
3	officers CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, managers, contractors,
4	employees, and other support staff of entities licensed pursuant to this
5	article ARTICLE 43.4, including a fingerprint-based criminal history record
6	check as may be required by the state licensing authority prior to issuing
7	a card;
8	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.4-306,
9	amend (1) introductory portion, (1)(c), and (1)(j); repeal (1)(l); and add
10	(1)(m) and $(1)$ (n) as follows:
11	12-43.4-306. Persons prohibited as licensees - definitions.
12	(1) A license provided by this article ARTICLE 43.4 shall not be issued to
13	or held by:
14	(c) A person other than an individual if the criminal history of any
15	of its officers, directors, stockholders, or owners CONTROLLING
16	BENEFICIAL OWNERS indicates that the officer, director, stockholder, or
17	owner A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER is not of good moral character
18	after considering the factors in section 24-5-101 (2), C.R.S, OR ANY
19	PERSON THAT WOULD BE DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE
20	506 (d) PROMULGATED UNDER THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933";
21	(j) A person applying for a license for a location that is currently
22	licensed as a retail food establishment or wholesale food registrant; or
23	(l) A publicly traded company.
24	(m) A PERSON WHOSE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR
25	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER IS FOUND UNSUITABLE BY THE STATE
26	LICENSING AUTHORITY. TO DETERMINE WHETHER A PERSON IS SUITABLE,
27	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY CONSIDER, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO,

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1	A PERSON'S FINANCIAL CHARACTER OR RECORD, CRIMINAL CHARACTER OR
2	RECORD, OR LICENSING CHARACTER OR RECORD.
3	(n) A PERSON, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL, ORGANIZED OR
4	FORMED UNDER THE LAWS OF A COUNTRY DETERMINED BY THE UNITED
5	STATES SECRETARY OF STATE TO HAVE REPEATEDLY PROVIDED SUPPORT
6	FOR ACTS OF INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM OR INCLUDED AMONG THE LIST
7	OF "COVERED COUNTRIES" IN SECTION 1502 OF THE FEDERAL
8	"DODD-FRANK WALL STREET REFORM AND CONSUMER PROTECTION
9	ACT".
10	<b>SECTION 12.</b> In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.4-306.5
11	<b>amend</b> (1) and (5); <b>repeal</b> (2), (3), (4), (6), and (7); and <b>add</b> (4.5), (5.5)
12	(5.7), and (6.5) as follows:
13	12-43.4-306.5. Business and owner requirements - legislative
14	<b>declaration.</b> (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that
15	(I) Retail marijuana businesses ESTABLISHMENTS need to be able
16	to access capital in order to effectively grow their businesses and remain
17	competitive in the marketplace;
18	(II) The current regulatory structure for retail marijuana creates a
19	substantial barrier to investment from out-of-state interests AND PUBLICLY
20	TRADED CORPORATIONS;
21	(III) There is insufficient capital in Colorado to properly fund the
22	capital needs of Colorado retail marijuana businesses ESTABLISHMENTS
23	(IV) Colorado retail marijuana <del>businesses</del> ESTABLISHMENTS need
24	to have ready access to capital from investors in states FROM outside of
25	Colorado; <del>and</del>
26	(IV.5) Under Certain Circumstances, Permitting Publicly
27	TRADED CORPORATIONS TO HOLD AN INTEREST IN RETAIL MARIJUANA

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1	ESTABLISHMENTS WILL BENEFIT COLORADO'S RETAIL MARIJUANA MARKET;
2	(V) Providing access to legitimate sources of capital helps prevent
3	the opportunity for those who engage in illegal activity to gain entry into
4	Colorado's regulated retail marijuana market;
5	(VI) ACCESS TO CAPITAL MUST BE BALANCED WITH PROMOTING
6	CONTROL OVER RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENTS BY SUITABLE
7	PERSONS WHO ARE LEGITIMATE, TAXPAYING BUSINESSPEOPLE, AND NOT
8	CRIMINAL ACTORS; PREVENTING REVENUE FROM THE SALE OF MARIJUANA
9	FROM GOING TO CRIMINAL ENTERPRISES, GANGS, AND CARTELS; AND
10	PREVENTING STATE-AUTHORIZED MARIJUANA ACTIVITY FROM BEING USED
11	AS A COVER OR PRETEXT FOR THE TRAFFICKING OF OTHER ILLEGAL DRUGS
12	OR OTHER ILLEGAL ACTIVITY; AND
13	(VII) PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS OFFERING SECURITIES FOR
14	INVESTMENT IN RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENTS MUST TELL THE
15	PUBLIC THE TRUTH ABOUT THEIR BUSINESS, THE SECURITIES THEY ARE
16	SELLING, AND THE RISKS INVOLVED WITH INVESTING IN RETAIL MARIJUANA
17	ESTABLISHMENTS, AND PEOPLE WHO SELL AND TRADE SECURITIES
18	RELATED TO RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENTS ARE PROHIBITED FROM
19	ENGAGING IN DECEIT, MISREPRESENTATIONS, AND OTHER FRAUD IN THE
20	SALE OF THE SECURITIES.
21	(b) Therefore, the general assembly is providing a mechanism for
22	Colorado retail marijuana businesses ESTABLISHMENTS to access capital
23	from investors in other states AND FROM CERTAIN PUBLICLY TRADED
24	CORPORATIONS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND SECTION 12-43.4-306.6.
25	(2) A direct beneficial interest owner who is a natural person must
26	either:
27	(a) Have been a resident of Colorado for at least one year prior to

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## the date of the application; or

- (b) Be a United States citizen prior to the date of the application.
- (3) (a) A retail marijuana business may be comprised of an unlimited number of direct beneficial interest owners that have been residents of Colorado for at least one year prior to the date of the application.
- (b) On and after January 1, 2017, a retail marijuana business that is comprised of one or more direct beneficial interest owners who have not been Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application shall have at least one officer who has been a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to application and all officers with day-to-day operational control over the business must be Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application. A retail marijuana business under this paragraph (b) is limited to no more than fifteen direct beneficial interest owners, including all parent and subsidiary entities, all of whom are natural persons.
- (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (b) of this subsection (3), the state licensing authority may review the limitation on the number of direct beneficial interest owners and may increase the number of allowable interests above fifteen based on reasonable considerations such as developments in state and federal financial regulations, market conditions, and the licensee's ability to access legitimate sources of capital.
- (d) A direct beneficial interest owner that is a closely held business entity must consist entirely of natural persons who are United States citizens prior to the date of the application, including all parent and subsidiary entities.

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1	(4) A retail marijuana business may include qualified institutional
2	investors that own thirty percent or less of the retail marijuana business.
3	(4.5) PRIOR TO SUBMITTING AN APPLICATION, A PERSON THAT
4	INTENDS TO BECOME A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR A
5	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL DISCLOSE TO THE STATE
6	LICENSING AUTHORITY A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE LIST OF THE
7	FOLLOWING:
8	(a) ALL OF ITS BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF FIVE PERCENT OR MORE OF
9	ITS SECURITIES;
10	(b) ALL OF ITS OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, AND AFFILIATES; AND
11	(c) ALL OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, AND GREATER-THAN-FIVE-PERCENT
12	BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF ANY OF ITS AFFILIATES.
13	(5) (a) A person who THAT intends to apply as a direct beneficial
14	interest owner and is not a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to
15	the date of application TO BECOME A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
16	shall first submit a request to the state licensing authority for a finding of
17	suitability. as a direct beneficial interest owner. The person shall FAILURE
18	TO PROVIDE ALL REQUESTED INFORMATION IN CONNECTION WITH A
19	REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT
20	FINDING OF SUITABILITY. EVERY PROPOSED CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
21	OWNER MUST receive a finding of suitability OR AN EXEMPTION FROM A
22	FINDING OF SUITABILITY prior to submitting an A RETAIL MARIJUANA
23	ESTABLISHMENT application to the state licensing authority. to be a direct
24	beneficial interest owner. Failure to receive a finding ALL REQUIRED
25	FINDINGS of suitability prior to application is grounds for denial of AN
26	APPLICATION OR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION AGAINST
27	THE LICENSEE by the state licensing authority.

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1	(b) The state licensing authority shall perform a limited initial
2	background check on qualified limited passive investors. If the initial
3	background check provides reasonable cause for additional investigation,
4	the state licensing authority may require a full background check.
5	(c) In addition to the requirements of subsection $(5)(a)$ of
6	THIS SECTION, FOLLOWING THE DISCLOSURE REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION
7	(4.5) OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL
8	DETERMINE WHICH INDIVIDUAL CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND
9	AFFILIATES OF EACH CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER ARE REQUIRED TO
10	OBTAIN A FINDING OF SUITABILITY PRIOR TO SUBMISSION OF A RETAIL
11	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT APPLICATION. FAILURE TO PROVIDE ANY
12	INFORMATION REQUESTED IN CONNECTION WITH A FINDING OF SUITABILITY
13	MAY ALSO BE GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT REQUEST FOR FINDING OF
14	SUITABILITY. ALL INDIVIDUALS MUST OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED FINDING OF
15	SUITABILITY PRIOR TO SUBMITTING A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT
16	APPLICATION TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
17	(5.5) IN ITS REASONABLE DISCRETION, AT ANY TIME, THE STATE
18	LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE ANY PERSON THAT WAS DISCLOSED
19	OR SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED UNDER THIS SECTION OR SECTION
20	12-43.4-306.6 TO OBTAIN A FINDING OF SUITABILITY. FAILURE TO PROVIDE
21	ANY INFORMATION REQUESTED IN CONNECTION WITH A FINDING OF
22	SUITABILITY MAY ALSO BE GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF THAT REQUEST FOR
23	FINDING OF SUITABILITY. FAILURE OF A PERSON TO OBTAIN ANY REQUIRED
24	FINDING OF SUITABILITY MAY BE GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF AN
25	APPLICATION OR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION OF A
26	LICENSE.
27	(5.7) If a required finding of suitability is not completed

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1	WITHIN ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE THE FINDING OF SUITABILITY WAS
2	REQUESTED, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL INFORM THE
3	APPLICANT OR LICENSEE.
4	(6) The state licensing authority shall review the retail marijuana
5	business's operating documents to ensure compliance with this section.
6	(6.5) A PERSON, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL, THAT IS A
7	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL APPOINT AND CONTINUOUSLY
8	MAINTAIN A REGISTERED AGENT WHO SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF
9	SECTION 7-90-701. THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT SHALL
10	INFORM THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OF A CHANGE IN THE
11	REGISTERED AGENT WITHIN TEN DAYS OF THE CHANGE.
12	(7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise
13	requires, "institutional investor" means:
14	(a) A bank as defined in section 3(a)(6) of the federal "Securities
15	Exchange Act of 1934", as amended;
16	(b) An insurance company as defined in section 2(a)(17) of the
17	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
18	(c) An investment company registered under section 8 of the
19	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
20	(d) An investment adviser registered under section 203 of the
21	federal "Investment Advisers Act of 1940", as amended;
22	(e) Collective trust funds as defined in section 3(c)(11) of the
23	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
24	(f) An employee benefit plan or pension fund that is subject to the
25	federal "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974", as
26	amended, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored
27	by a licensee or an intermediary or holding company licensee that directly

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1	or indirectly owns five percent or more of a licensee;
2	(g) A state or federal government pension plan;
3	(h) A group comprised entirely of persons specified in subsections
4	(a) to (g) of this subsection (7); or
5	(i) Any other entity identified through rule by the state licensing
6	authority.
7	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 12-43.4-306.6
8	as follows:
9	12-43.4-306.6. Licensure and investment requirements for
10	publicly traded corporations. (1) IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS
11	OF SECTION 12-43.4-306.5, ANY LICENSEE OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
12	OWNER THAT IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL COMPLY WITH
13	THIS SECTION.
14	(2) (a) A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL
15	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
16	SHALL REPORT TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITHIN TEN DAYS
17	AFTER THE ELECTION OR APPOINTMENT, OR RESIGNATION OR REMOVAL, OF
18	ANY DIRECTOR OR OFFICER OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION.
19	(b) To the extent required by the state licensing
20	AUTHORITY, WHENEVER ANY REPORT, PROXY OR INFORMATION
21	STATEMENT, REGISTRATION STATEMENT, SCHEDULE, OR OTHER FILING IS
22	MADE WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR
23	OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE, OR, IN THE CASE OF A FOREIGN
24	PRIVATE ISSUER, ANY SIMILAR REGULATORY BODY, BY OR WITH RESPECT
25	TO A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL MARIJUANA
26	ESTABLISHMENT OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, THE PUBLICLY
27	TRADED CORPORATION SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY

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1	THAT A FILING HAS TAKEN PLACE AND DISCLOSE A COPY OF THE FILING
2	WITHIN FIVE DAYS AFTER THE FILING WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND
3	EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE,
4	OR, IN THE CASE OF A FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER, ANY SIMILAR
5	REGULATORY BODY.
6	(c) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY AT ANY TIME REQUIRE
7	ANY APPLICANT, LICENSEE, OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER TO
8	DISCLOSE A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE LIST OF ALL BENEFICIAL OWNERS
9	TO THE EXTENT KNOWN.
10	(d) To the extent required by the state licensing
11	AUTHORITY, A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL
12	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
13	SHALL, WITHIN FIVE DAYS AFTER RECEIVING A COMMENT LETTER OR
14	EXCHANGE NOTICE FROM THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE
15	COMMISSION OR OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE, OR, IN THE
16	CASE OF A FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER, ANY SIMILAR REGULATORY BODY,
17	NOTIFY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THAT THE COMMENT LETTER OR
18	EXCHANGE NOTICE WAS RECEIVED AND PROVIDE A COPY TO THE STATE
19	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
20	(3) AFTER COMMENCING ANY OFFERING OF A SECURITY, ANY
21	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL MARIJUANA
22	ESTABLISHMENT OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR PASSIVE
23	BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OF
24	THE PROPOSED OFFERING IN THE TIME AND MANNER REQUIRED BY THE
25	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY. AT A MINIMUM, THE NOTIFICATION MUST
26	OCCUR NOT LATER THAN THREE BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE EARLIER OF
27	THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE OFFERING OR THE INITIAL FILING COVERING

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THE OFFERING WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE
COMMISSION OR OTHER APPLICABLE SECURITIES EXCHANGE, OR, IN THE
CASE OF A FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER, ANY SIMILAR REGULATORY BODY.
(4) A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL
MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OF
FIFTY PERCENT OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA
ESTABLISHMENT SHALL INCLUDE IN ITS BYLAWS THE FOLLOWING
PROVISIONS:
(a) THE [NAME OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION] SHALL
NOT ISSUE ANY SECURITY EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS
OF ARTICLE 43.4 OF TITLE 12, COLORADO REVISED STATUTES, AND THE
RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THAT ARTICLE 43.3. THE ISSUANCE
OF ANY SECURITY IN VIOLATION THEREOF SHALL BE VOID, AND THE

14 SECURITY SHALL BE DEEMED NOT TO BE ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING UNTIL
15 THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION CEASES TO BE SUBJECT TO THE

JURISDICTION OF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OR THE STATE

LICENSING AUTHORITY, BY AFFIRMATIVE ACTION, VALIDATES SAID

18 ISSUANCE OR WAIVES ANY DEFECT IN ISSUANCE.

(b) No security issued by the [Name of the publicly traded corporation] and no interest, claim, or charge therein or thereto shall be transferred in any manner whatsoever except in accordance with the provisions of article 43.4 of title 12, colorado Revised Statutes, and the rules promulgated pursuant to that article 43.3. Any transfer in violation thereof shall be void until the [Name of the publicly traded corporation] ceases to be subject to the jurisdiction of the state licensing authority, by

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1	FFIRMATIVE ACTION, VALIDATES SAID TRANSFER OR WAIVES ANY DEFE	CT
2	N SAID TRANSFER.	

(c) If the state licensing authority at any time determines
THAT A HOLDER OF A SECURITY OF THE $ar{f L}$ NAME OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED
CORPORATION] IS UNSUITABLE TO HOLD THE SECURITY, THEN THE [NAME
OF THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION] MAY, WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER
THE FINDING OF UNSUITABILITY, PURCHASE THE SECURITY OF THE
UNSUITABLE PERSON AT THE LESSER OF THE AMOUNT IN UNITED STATES
DOLLARS OF CASH OR OTHER CONSIDERATION PAID BY THE PERSON FOR
THE SECURITY OR THE CURRENT MARKET PRICE AS OF THE DATE OF THE
FINDING OF UNSUITABILITY, UNLESS THE SECURITY IS TRANSFERRED TO A
SUITABLE PERSON AS DETERMINED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
WITHIN SIXTY DAYS AFTER THE FINDING OF UNSUITABILITY. UNTIL THE
SECURITY IS OWNED BY PERSONS FOUND BY THE STATE LICENSING
AUTHORITY TO BE SUITABLE TO OWN IT, THE NAME OF THE PUBLICLY
TRADED CORPORATION SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED OR PERMITTED TO PAY
ANY DIVIDEND OR INTEREST WITH REGARD TO THE SECURITY; THE HOLDER
OF THE SECURITY SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO VOTE ON ANY MATTER AS
THE HOLDER OF THE SECURITY; AND THE SECURITY SHALL NOT FOR ANY
PURPOSES BE INCLUDED AMONG THE SECURITIES OF THE NAME OF THE
PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION ENTITLED TO VOTE, AND THE NAME OF
THE PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL NOT PAY ANY
REMUNERATION IN ANY FORM TO THE HOLDER OF THE SECURITY EXCEPT
IN EXCHANGE FOR THE SECURITY AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION $(4)(c)$ .
(5) A PERSON THAT BECOMES A BENEFICIAL OWNER OF FIVE
PERCENT OR MORE OF ANY CLASS OF SECURITY IN A PUBLICLY TRADED

CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR A

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I	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER MUST APPLY TO THE STATE LICENSING
2	AUTHORITY FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY WITHIN FORTY-FIVE DAYS
3	AFTER BECOMING A BENEFICIAL OWNER OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
4	OWNER. WHEN A PERSON IS OR BECOMES A BENEFICIAL OWNER OF FIVE
5	PERCENT OR MORE OF ANY CLASS OF SECURITY IN THE PUBLICLY TRADED
6	CORPORATION, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE A FINDING
7	OF SUITABILITY OF ANY OFFICER, DIRECTOR, MEMBER, AFFILIATE, OR
8	GREATER-THAN-FIVE-PERCENT BENEFICIAL OWNER IN THAT PERSON. A
9	LICENSEE SHALL NOTIFY EACH PERSON THAT IS SUBJECT TO THIS
10	SUBSECTION (5) OF ITS REQUIREMENTS AS SOON AS THE LICENSEE
11	BECOMES AWARE OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP TRIGGERING THE
12	REQUIREMENT, PROVIDED THAT THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE PERSON SUBJECT
13	TO THIS SUBSECTION (5) ARE INDEPENDENT OF, AND UNAFFECTED BY, THE
14	LICENSEE'S FAILURE TO GIVE THE NOTICE.
15	(6) A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL PROVIDE THE STATE
16	LICENSING AUTHORITY WITH A DEPOSIT TO COVER THE DIRECT AND
17	INDIRECT COSTS OF ANY INVESTIGATION NECESSARY TO DETERMINE
18	WHETHER OR NOT ANY REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY SHALL BE
19	ISSUED. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY MAKE FURTHER RULES
20	REGARDING THE DEPOSIT AND DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS THAT SHALL
21	BE BILLED AGAINST THE DEPOSIT.
22	(7) It is grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary
23	ACTION IF ANY PERSON, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PURCHASE OR SALE OF
24	ANY SECURITY ISSUED BY A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR A
25	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, IS FOUND GUILTY OF, PLEADS NOLO
26	CONTENDERE TO, IS SUBJECT TO A FINAL CEASE AND DESIST ORDER WITH
27	RESPECT TO A PERMANENT INJUNCTION OR ORDER OF PERMANENT

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1	INJUNCTION ISSUED ON THE BASIS OF, OR IS THE SUBJECT OF A SIMILAR
2	FINAL ACTION TAKEN ON THE BASIS OF, A VIOLATION OF RULE 10b-5
3	PROMULGATED BY THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
4	UNDER SECTION 10 (b) OF THE "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS
5	AMENDED, OR SECTION 11-51-501.
6	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.4-308,
7	amend (2); and add (3) as follows:
8	12-43.4-308. Transfer of ownership. (2) For a transfer of
9	ownership, OTHER THAN TRANSFERS OF SECURITIES BY A BENEFICIAL
10	OWNER OF SECURITIES OF A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, a license
11	holder shall apply to the state licensing authority on forms prepared and
12	furnished by the state licensing authority. Upon receipt of an application
13	for transfer of ownership, the state licensing authority shall submit, within
14	seven days, a copy of the application to the local jurisdiction to determine
15	whether the transfer complies with local restrictions on transfer of
16	ownership. In determining whether to permit a transfer of ownership, the
17	state licensing authority shall consider only the requirements of this
18	article ARTICLE 43.4, any rules promulgated by the state licensing
19	authority, and any other local restrictions. The local jurisdiction may hold
20	a hearing on the application for transfer of ownership. The local
21	jurisdiction shall not hold a hearing pursuant to this subsection (2) until
22	the local jurisdiction has posted a notice of hearing in the manner
23	described in section 12-43.4-302 (1) on the licensed premises for a period
24	of ten days and has provided notice of the hearing to the applicant at least
25	ten days prior to the hearing. Any transfer of ownership hearing by the
26	state licensing authority shall be held in compliance with the requirements
27	specified in section 12-43.4-304.

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1	(3) ANY TRANSFER OF SECURITIES BY A BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A
2	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF
3	SECTIONS 12-43.4-306.5 AND 12-43.4-306.6.
4	SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.4-309,
5	amend (3) as follows:
6	12-43.4-309. Licensing in general. (3) A retail marijuana
7	establishment THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION shall notify
8	the state licensing authority in writing of the name, address, and date of
9	birth of an A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL
10	OWNER, officer, or manager before the new CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
11	owner, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, officer, or manager begins managing,
12	owning, or associating with the operation. The CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
13	owner, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, officer, manager, or employee must
14	pass a fingerprint-based criminal history record check as required by the
15	state licensing authority and obtain the required identification prior to
16	being associated with, managing, owning, or working at the operation.
17	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 12-43.4-407
18	as follows:
19	12-43.4-407. Retail marijuana business operator license. A
20	retail marijuana business operator license may be issued to a person who
21	THAT operates a retail marijuana establishment licensed pursuant to this
22	article Article 43.4, for an owner Another retail marijuana
23	ESTABLISHMENT licensed pursuant to this article ARTICLE 43.4, and who
24	may receive a portion of the profits as compensation.
25	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 12-43.3-306,
26	amend (1) as follows:
27	12-43.3-306. Denial of application. (1) The state licensing

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authority shall deny a state license if the premises on which the applicant 1 proposes to conduct its business does not meet the requirements of this 2 3 article or for reasons set forth in section 12-43.3-104 (1.3)(c) (1.4)(c) or 4 12-43.3-305, and the state licensing authority may deny a license for good 5 cause as defined by section 12-43.3-104 (1.3)(a) or (1.3)(b) (1.4)(a) OR 6 (1.4)(b). SECTION 18. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds, 7 8 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate

preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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