

**NEW ISSUE
BOOK-ENTRY ONLY**

**RATING: Moody's: "Aa2"
See "RATING"**

In the opinion of Sherman & Howard L.L.C., Bond Counsel, assuming continuous compliance with certain covenants described herein, interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income under federal income tax laws pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended to the date of delivery of the Bonds (the "Tax Code"), and interest on the Bonds is excluded from alternative minimum taxable income as defined in Section 55(b)(2) of the Tax Code except that such interest is required to be included in calculating the "adjusted current earnings" adjustment applicable to corporations for purposes of computing the alternative minimum taxable income of corporations as described herein. See "TAX MATTERS."

**\$15,000,000
CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEVADA
GENERAL OBLIGATION (LIMITED TAX) SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT BONDS
SERIES 2017A**

Dated: Date of Delivery

Due: June 1, as shown herein

The Bonds are issued as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. The Bonds initially will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), securities depository for the Bonds. Purchases of the Bonds are to be made in book-entry form only. Purchasers will not receive certificates representing their beneficial ownership interest in the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Book-Entry Only System." The Bonds bear interest at the rates set forth below, payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing June 1, 2017. Interest will be paid to and including the maturity dates shown herein (unless the Bonds are redeemed earlier), to the registered owners of the Bonds (initially Cede & Co.). The principal of the Bonds will be payable upon presentation and surrender at the corporate trust office of Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association, or its successor as the paying agent for the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Payment Provisions."

The maturity schedule for the Bonds appears on the inside cover page of this Official Statement.

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District as described in "THE BONDS – Redemption Provisions."

Proceeds of the Bonds will be used to: (i) acquire, construct, improve and equip school facilities in the District; and (ii) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. See "SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS."

The Bonds constitute direct and general obligations of the District. The full faith and credit of the District is pledged for the payment of principal and interest on the Bonds, subject to State constitutional and statutory limitations on the aggregate amount of ad valorem taxes. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – General Obligations."

This cover page contains certain information for quick reference only. It is *not* a summary of the issue. Investors must read the entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to making an informed investment decision.

The Bonds are offered when, as, and if issued by the District, subject to the approval of legality of the Bonds by Sherman & Howard L.L.C., Reno, Nevada, and the satisfaction of certain other conditions. Sherman & Howard L.L.C., also has acted as special counsel to the District in connection with the preparation of this Official Statement. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the District by its General Counsel, Allison MacKenzie, Ltd., Carson City, Nevada. JNA Consulting Group, LLC, Boulder City, Nevada, is acting as the Financial Advisor to the District in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. It is expected that the Bonds will be available for delivery through the facilities of DTC, on or about February 2, 2017.

This Official Statement is dated January 18, 2017.

MATURITY SCHEDULE
(CUSIP© 6-digit issuer number: 145814)

\$15,000,000
CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEVADA
GENERAL OBLIGATION (LIMITED TAX) SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT BONDS
SERIES 2017A

Maturing (<u>June 1</u>)	Principal <u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	CUSIP© Issue <u>Number</u>
2020	\$ 100,000	5.00%	1.44%	QY8
2021	100,000	5.00	1.61	RQ4
2022	330,000	5.00	1.78	RR2
2023	695,000	5.00	1.94	QZ5
2024	730,000	5.00	2.10	RA9
2025	765,000	5.00	2.21	RB7
2026	805,000	5.00	2.35	RC5
2027	845,000	5.00	2.42	RD3
2028	885,000*	5.00	2.49	RE1
2029	920,000*	5.00	2.58	RF8
2030	960,000*	5.00	2.64	RG6
2031	1,000,000*	5.00	2.71	RH4
2032	1,035,000*	4.00	3.02	RJ0
2033	1,080,000*	4.00	3.08	RK7
2034	1,120,000*	4.00	3.14	RL5
2035	1,165,000*	4.00	3.19	RM3
2036	1,210,000*	4.00	3.23	RN1
2037	1,255,000*	4.00	3.26	RP6

*Yield to earliest optional redemption date of June 1, 2027.

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USE OF INFORMATION IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

This Official Statement, which includes the cover page, the inside cover page and the appendices, does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any of the Bonds (defined herein) in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation, or sale. No dealer, salesperson, or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this Official Statement in connection with the offering of the Bonds, and if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the District. The District maintains an internet website; however, the information presented there is not a part of this Official Statement and should not be relied upon in making an investment decision with respect to the Bonds.

The information set forth in this Official Statement has been obtained from the District and from the sources referenced throughout this Official Statement, which the District believes to be reliable. No representation is made by the District, however, as to the accuracy or completeness of information provided from sources other than the District. This Official Statement contains, in part, estimates and matters of opinion which are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation or warranty is made as to the correctness of such estimates and opinions, or that they will be realized.

The information, estimates, and expressions of opinion contained in this Official Statement are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale of the Bonds shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District, or in the information, estimates, or opinions set forth herein, since the date of this Official Statement.

This Official Statement has been prepared only in connection with the original offering of the Bonds and may not be reproduced or used in whole or in part for any other purpose.

The Bonds have not been registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission due to certain exemptions contained in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The Bonds have not been recommended by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority, and the foregoing authorities have neither reviewed nor confirmed the accuracy of this document.

THE PRICES AT WHICH THE BONDS ARE OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC BY THE INITIAL PURCHASER (AND THE YIELDS RESULTING THEREFROM) MAY VARY FROM THE INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING PRICES OR YIELDS APPEARING ON THE INSIDE COVER PAGE HEREOF. IN ADDITION, THE INITIAL PURCHASER MAY ALLOW CONCESSIONS OR DISCOUNTS FROM SUCH INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING PRICES TO DEALERS AND OTHERS. IN ORDER TO FACILITATE DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS, THE INITIAL PURCHASER MAY ENGAGE IN TRANSACTIONS INTENDED TO STABILIZE THE PRICE OF THE BONDS AT A LEVEL ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEVADA

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Joe Cacioppo
Laurel Crossman
Ryan Green
Stacie Wilke-McCulloch
Ron Swirczek
Michael Walker

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Richard Stokes, Superintendent
Jose Delfin, Associate Superintendent of Human Resources
Susan Keema, Associate Superintendent of Educational Services
Janice Arthur-Towns, Director of Information Technology
Andrew J. Feuling, Director of Fiscal Services

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

JNA Consulting Group, LLC
Boulder City, Nevada

BOND AND SPECIAL COUNSEL

Sherman & Howard L.L.C.
Reno, Nevada

REGISTRAR AND PAYING AGENT

Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association
Los Angeles, California

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTION	1
General.....	1
Changes from Preliminary Official Statement.....	1
The Issuer.....	1
The Bonds; Prior Redemption	2
Authority for Issuance.....	2
Purpose.....	2
Security	2
Professionals	2
Tax Matters	3
Continuing Disclosure Undertaking	3
Certain Bondholder Risks.....	4
Forward-Looking Statements.....	5
Secondary Market	5
Additional Information	5
SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS.....	6
Sources and Uses of Funds	6
The Project.....	6
THE BONDS	7
General.....	7
Payment Provisions.....	7
Redemption Provisions	7
Tax Covenant.....	8
Defeasance	9
Replacement of Registrar or Paying Agent	9
Amendment of the Bond Resolution.....	10
Book-Entry Only System.....	10
Debt Service Requirements.....	10
SECURITY FOR THE BONDS.....	12
General Obligations	12
Additional Bonds	12
Bond Resolution Irrepealable	12
Other Security Matters.....	13
Limitations on Remedies	13
PROPERTY TAX INFORMATION.....	14
Property Tax Base.....	14
History of Assessed Value	14
Property Tax Collections	15
Largest Taxpayers in the District.....	16
Property Tax Limitations	17
Required Property Tax Abatements.....	19

	<u>Page</u>
Overlapping Tax Rates and General Obligation Indebtedness	20
Selected Debt Ratios	22
CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT	23
General	23
Board of Trustees	23
Administration	23
Facilities	24
Enrollment	24
Employee Relations and Pension Benefits	24
Compliance with Federal Laws	29
DISTRICT FINANCIAL INFORMATION	30
Budgeting	30
Accounting	30
Annual Reports	30
Education Savings Account Legislation	31
Achievement Charter School Legislation	32
General Fund	32
General Fund History of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	34
Debt Service Fund	36
Management’s Discussion and Analysis	38
Analysis of Recent Financial Developments	38
Risk Management	38
DEBT STRUCTURE	39
Debt Limitation	39
Outstanding Debt and Other Obligations	39
Total Debt Service Requirements - General Obligation Bonds	40
TAX MATTERS	42
Federal Tax Matters	42
State Tax Exemption	44
LEGAL MATTERS	44
Litigation	44
Approval of Certain Legal Proceedings	44
Police Power	44
Sovereign Immunity	44
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS	45
RATING	45
FINANCIAL ADVISOR	45
UNDERWRITING	45

	<u>Page</u>
OFFICIAL STATEMENT CERTIFICATION.....	46
APPENDIX A - Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Carson City School District, Nevada, for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016.....	A-1
APPENDIX B - Book-Entry Only System.....	B-1
APPENDIX C - Form of Continuing Disclosure Certificate.....	C-1
APPENDIX D - Form of Approving Opinion of Bond Counsel.....	D-1
APPENDIX E - Economic and Demographic Information.....	E-1

INDEX OF TABLES

NOTE: Tables marked with an (*) indicate Annual Financial Information to be updated by the District pursuant to SEC Rule 15c2-12, as amended. See Appendix C - Form of Continuing Disclosure Certificate.

	<u>Page</u>
Sources and Uses of Funds	6
Bond Debt Service Requirements	11
*History of Assessed Valuation.....	15
*Property Tax Levies, Collections and Delinquencies	16
Ten Largest Taxpayers in the District.....	17
History of Statewide Average and Sample Overlapping Property Tax Rates	20
Estimated Overlapping Net General Obligation Indebtedness	21
Net Direct & Overlapping General Obligation Indebtedness	21
Selected Debt Ratios for the District	22
*Enrollment History.....	24
*General Fund History of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	35
*Debt Service Fund History of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance	37
*Statutory Debt Limitation	39
*Outstanding Debt and Other Obligations.....	39
*Outstanding Debt Service Requirements - General Obligation Bonds.....	41

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

\$15,000,000

**CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEVADA
GENERAL OBLIGATION (LIMITED TAX) SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT BONDS
SERIES 2017A**

INTRODUCTION

General

This Official Statement, including the cover page, the inside cover page and the appendices, provides information concerning the Carson City School District, Nevada (the “District” and the “State,” respectively) and its \$15,000,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax) School Improvement Bonds, Series 2017A (the “Bonds”). The Bonds will be issued pursuant to a resolution (the “Bond Resolution”) adopted by the District’s Board of Trustees (the “Board”) on January 10, 2017.

The offering of the Bonds is made only by way of this Official Statement, which supersedes any other information or materials used in connection with the offer or sale of the Bonds. The following introductory material is only a brief description of and is qualified by the more complete information contained throughout this Official Statement. A full review should be made of the entire Official Statement and the documents summarized or described herein. Detachment or other use of this “INTRODUCTION” without the entire Official Statement, including the cover page, the inside cover page and the appendices, is unauthorized.

Changes from Preliminary Official Statement

This Official Statement includes certain information which was not available for inclusion in the Preliminary Official Statement dated January 4, 2017 (the “POS”), including (i) the final sources and uses of the proceeds of the Bonds, (ii) the maturity dates, interest rates, and yields of the Bonds, and (iii) the officer designations for the Board determined at the Board’s January 10, 2017 meeting. In addition, the information under the heading “INTRODUCTION – Continuing Disclosure Undertaking” has been updated to report that because certain of the District’s prior continuing disclosure undertakings required its annual report to be filed 270 days following the end of each fiscal year versus 9 months following the end of each fiscal year, the District was two days late in filing its annual financial statements and annual operating information for fiscal year 2011. The District’s statement regarding past continuing disclosure compliance was also narrowed to only cover the five-year period required by the Rule (defined herein).

The Issuer

The District is a political subdivision of the State organized under the terms of certain State legislation enacted in 1956. The District’s boundaries are coterminous with those of the City of Carson City (the “City,” the “County” or “Carson City”), which is a consolidated city and county pursuant to the Nevada constitution. See “CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT.”

The Bonds; Prior Redemption

The Bonds are issued solely as fully registered certificates in denominations of \$5,000, or any integral multiple thereof. The Bonds initially will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York (“DTC”), the securities depository for the Bonds. Purchases of the Bonds are to be made in book-entry form only. Purchasers will not receive certificates representing their beneficial ownership interest in the Bonds. See “THE BONDS – Book-Entry Only System.” The Bonds are dated as of the date of their delivery and mature and bear interest (calculated based on a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) as set forth on the inside cover page hereof. The payment of principal and interest on the Bonds is described in “THE BONDS – Payment Provisions.”

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District as described in “THE BONDS – Redemption Provisions.”

Authority for Issuance

The Bonds are being issued pursuant to the constitution and laws of the State, particularly Nevada Revised Statutes (“NRS”) 350.500 through 350.720, and all laws amendatory thereof, cited in NRS 350.500 as the Local Government Securities Law (the “Bond Act”), and Chapter 348 of NRS and the Bond Resolution.

Purpose

The Bonds are being issued to: (i) acquire, construct, improve and equip school facilities in the District (the “Project”); and (ii) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. See “SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS.”

Security

General. The Bonds constitute direct and general obligations of the District. The full faith and credit of the District is pledged for the payment of principal and interest of the Bonds (the “Bond Requirements”), subject to State constitutional and statutory limitations on the aggregate amount of ad valorem property taxes. See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – General Obligations.”

Including the Bonds, the District will have \$61,490,000 aggregate principal amount of general obligation bonds outstanding on the date of issuance of the Bonds. See “DEBT STRUCTURE – Outstanding Debt and Other Obligations.”

Professionals

Sherman & Howard L.L.C., Reno, Nevada, has acted as Bond Counsel in connection with the Bonds and also has acted as special counsel to the District in connection with this Official Statement. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the District by its General Counsel, Allison MacKenzie, Ltd., Carson City, Nevada. JNA Consulting Group, LLC, Boulder City, Nevada, is providing financial advisory services to the District. See “FINANCIAL ADVISOR.” The audited basic financial statements of the District, attached to this Official

Statement as Appendix A, include the report of Rife Silva & Co. LLC, certified public accountants, Reno, Nevada. See “INDEPENDENT AUDITORS.” Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association, Los Angeles, California, will act as Registrar and Paying Agent for the Bonds.

Tax Matters

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, assuming continuous compliance with certain covenants described herein, interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income under federal income tax laws pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended to the date of delivery of the Bonds (the “Tax Code”) and interest on the Bonds is excluded from alternative minimum taxable income as defined in Section 55(b)(2) of the Tax Code except that such interest is required to be included in calculating the “adjusted current earnings” adjustment applicable to corporations for purposes of computing the alternative minimum taxable income of corporations. See “TAX MATTERS – Federal Tax Matters.”

Under the laws of the State in effect as of the date of delivery of the Bonds, the Bonds, their transfer, and the income therefrom, are free and exempt from taxation by the State or any subdivision thereof except for the tax on estates imposed pursuant to Chapter 375A of NRS and the tax on generation-skipping transfers imposed pursuant to Chapter 375B of NRS. See “TAX MATTERS – State Tax Exemption.”

Continuing Disclosure Undertaking

The District will execute a continuing disclosure certificate (“Disclosure Certificate”) at the time of the closing for the Bonds. The Disclosure Certificate will be executed for the benefit of the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District will covenant in the Bond Resolution to comply with the terms of the Disclosure Certificate. The Disclosure Certificate will provide that so long as the Bonds remain outstanding, the District will provide the following information to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (“MSRB”), through its Electronic Municipal Market Access (“EMMA”) system: (i) annually, certain financial information and operating data; and (ii) notice of the occurrence of certain material events; all as more particularly described in the Disclosure Certificate. The form of the Disclosure Certificate is attached hereto as Appendix C.

The District failed to timely file a material event notice relating to an upgrade of the underlying rating on its outstanding general obligation debt due to a recalibration of the rating by Moody’s Investors Service. The District was notified of the rating change on May 1, 2010 and filed a related material event notice on May 24, 2010. Also, because certain of the District’s prior continuing disclosure undertakings required its annual report to be filed 270 days following the end of each fiscal year versus 9 months following the end of each fiscal year, the District was two days late in filing its annual financial statements and annual operating information for fiscal year 2011.

During the past five years, the District has never failed to materially comply with any prior continuing disclosure undertakings entered into pursuant to Rule 15c2-12 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Rule”).

Certain Bondholder Risks

General. The purchase of the Bonds involves certain investment risks that are discussed throughout this Official Statement. Accordingly, each prospective purchaser of the Bonds should make an independent evaluation of all of the information presented in this Official Statement in order to make an informed investment decision.

General Risk Related to Property Taxes. Although the Bonds are general obligations of the District, the District may only levy property taxes to pay debt service on the Bonds in accordance with State law. See “PROPERTY TAX INFORMATION.” Due to the statutory process required for the levy of taxes, in any year in which the District is required to levy property taxes, there may be a delay in the availability of revenues to pay debt service on the Bonds.

Other Risks Related to Property Taxes. Numerous other factors over which the District has no control may impact the timely receipt of ad valorem property tax revenues in the future. These include the valuation of property within the District, the number of homes which are in foreclosure, bankruptcy proceedings of property taxpayers or their lenders, and the ability or willingness of property owners to pay taxes in a timely manner.

The District’s ability to retire the indebtedness created by the issuance of the Bonds is dependent, in part, upon the maintenance of an adequate tax base against which the District may levy and collect property tax revenues. The amount of ad valorem property taxes (sometimes referred to herein as “General Taxes”) collected will be dependent upon the assessed valuation of land within the District. As illustrated in “PROPERTY TAX INFORMATION – History of Assessed Value,” the taxable value of the property in the District declined 10.4% in fiscal year 2014 but increased 3.9%, 6.7%, and 5.2% for fiscal years 2015, 2016, and 2017. It is not possible to predict whether property values in the District will decline again in future fiscal years, whether foreclosure rates will rise in future years or whether any increase in foreclosures will cause significant delinquencies in property tax payments and the realization of property tax revenues by the District.

Changes in Law. Various State laws apply to the imposition, collection, and expenditure of General Taxes as well as to the operation and finances of the District, including State funding of education.

The Nevada Legislature (the “Legislature”) determines the amount of State funds that will be distributed to school districts in each year pursuant to statutory funding formulas. Economic indicators have stabilized and the State has made a push to diversify or bring in new businesses which is improving the economic outlook in Nevada. However, the State continues to face budgetary pressures in light of the recovering economy, and it is not possible to predict what actions the Legislature will take in future years. Future actions taken by the Legislature will impact the District’s operations and finances to an extent that cannot be determined at this time.

There is no assurance that there will not be any change in, interpretation of, or addition to the applicable laws, provisions, and regulations which would have a material effect, directly or indirectly, on the affairs of the District and the imposition, collection, and expenditure of its revenues, including General Taxes.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Official Statement, particularly (but not limited to) the sections entitled “DISTRICT FINANCIAL INFORMATION – General Fund History of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance,” “DISTRICT FINANCIAL INFORMATION – Debt Service Fund History of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance,” and “DISTRICT FINANCIAL INFORMATION – Analysis of Recent Financial Developments,” and any statements throughout this Official Statement referring to budgeted, unaudited or interim results for fiscal year 2017 or future years, contain statements relating to future results that are “forward-looking statements” as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. When used in this Official Statement, the words “estimate,” “forecast,” “intend,” “expect” and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statement is subject to uncertainty. Accordingly, such statements are subject to risks that could cause actual results to differ, possibly materially, from those contemplated in such forward-looking statements. Inevitably, some assumptions used to develop forward-looking statements will not occur as assumed or unanticipated events and circumstances may occur. Therefore, investors should be aware that there are likely to be differences between forward-looking statements and actual results. Those differences could be materially adverse to the owners of the Bonds.

Secondary Market

No guarantee can be made that a secondary market for the Bonds will develop or be maintained by the initial purchaser of the Bonds (the “Initial Purchaser”) or others. Thus, prospective investors should be prepared to hold their Bonds to maturity.

Additional Information

This introduction is only a brief summary of the provisions of the Bonds and the Bond Resolution; a full review of the entire Official Statement should be made by potential investors. Brief descriptions of the Bonds, the Bond Resolution, the Project and the District are included in this Official Statement. All references herein to the Bonds, the Bond Resolution and other documents are qualified in their entirety by reference to such documents. *This Official Statement speaks only as of its date and the information contained herein is subject to change.*

Additional information and copies of the documents referred to herein are available from the District and the Financial Advisor at the addresses set forth as follows:

Carson City School District
Attn: Director of Fiscal Services
1402 West King Street
Carson City, Nevada 89703
Telephone: (775) 283-2023

JNA Consulting Group, LLC
410 Nevada Way, Suite 200
Boulder City, Nevada 89005
E-mail: marty@jnaconsultinggroup.com
Telephone: (702) 294-5100

SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

Sources and Uses of Funds

The proceeds of the Bonds are expected to be applied in the manner set forth in the following table.

Sources and Uses of Funds

	<u>Amount</u>
SOURCES:	
Principal amount.....	\$15,000,000.00
Plus original issue premium	2,202,480.05
Total	<u>17,202,480.05</u>
 USES:	
The Project	\$16,949,736.30
Costs of issuance (including underwriting discount)	<u>252,743.75</u>
Total	<u>\$17,202,480.05</u>

Source: The Financial Advisor.

The Project

The net proceeds of the Bonds will be used to acquire, construct, improve and equip school facilities in the District, including, without limitation, the replacement of portable classrooms with brick and mortar buildings at Pioneer High School and Mark Twain Elementary School, a 10,000 sq ft addition onto Fremont Elementary School, large scale renovations to Carson Middle School to create a STEM Lab, connections and additional classrooms to separate buildings of the Fritsch Elementary campus, and improvements to Bordewich Bray Elementary and Seeliger Elementary.

THE BONDS

General

The Bonds will be issued as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 and any integral multiple thereof. The Bonds will be dated as of their date of delivery and will mature and bear interest (calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) as set forth on the inside cover page of this Official Statement. The Bonds initially will be registered in the name of “Cede & Co.,” as nominee for DTC, the securities depository for the Bonds. Purchases of the Bonds are to be made in book-entry only form. Purchasers will not receive certificates evidencing their beneficial ownership interest in the Bonds. See “Book-Entry Only System” below.

Payment Provisions

General. Interest on the Bonds is payable on June 1 and December 1 (each an interest payment date), commencing June 1, 2017, by check or draft mailed by the Paying Agent on each interest payment date (or, if the interest payment date is not a business day, on the next succeeding business day), to the registered owner thereof (*i.e.*, Cede & Co.) at the address shown on the registration records kept by the Registrar at the close of business on the 15th day of the calendar month preceding such interest payment date (the “Regular Record Date”); but any such interest not so timely paid or duly provided for shall cease to be payable to the person who is the registered owner thereof at the close of business on the Regular Record Date and shall be payable to the person who is the registered owner thereof at the close of business on a special record date for the payment of any such defaulted interest (a “Special Record Date”). Such Special Record Date shall be fixed by the Registrar whenever moneys become available for payment of the defaulted interest, and notice of the Special Record Date shall be given to the registered owners of the Bonds not less than ten days prior thereto by first class mail to each such registered owner as shown on the Registrar’s registration records on a date selected by the Registrar, stating the date of the Special Record Date and the date fixed for the payment of such defaulted interest. The Paying Agent may make payments of interest on any Bond by such alternative means as may be mutually agreed to between the owner of such Bond and the Paying Agent (provided, however, that the District shall not be required to make funds available to the Paying Agent prior to the due dates of interest and principal, respectively). All such payments of principal and interest shall be made in lawful money of the United States of America.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, payments of the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be made directly to DTC or its nominee, Cede & Co., by the Paying Agent, so long as DTC or Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds. Disbursement of such payments to DTC’s Participants (defined in Appendix B) is the responsibility of DTC, and disbursements of such payments to the Beneficial Owners (defined in Appendix B) is the responsibility of DTC’s Participants and the Indirect Participants (defined in Appendix B), as more fully described herein. See “Book-Entry Only System” below.

Redemption Provisions

Optional Redemption. The Bonds, or portions thereof, maturing on and after June 1, 2028, are subject to redemption prior to their respective maturities, at the option of the

District, on or after June 1, 2027, in whole or in part at any time, from such maturities as are selected by the District, and if less than all of the Bonds of a maturity are to be redeemed, the Bonds of such maturity are to be redeemed by lot within a maturity (giving proportionate weight to Bonds in denominations larger than \$5,000), in such other manner as the Paying Agent may determine, for the principal amount of each Bond, or portion thereof so redeemed and accrued interest thereon to the redemption date, and a premium, if any.

Notice of Prior Redemption. Unless waived by any registered owner of a Bond to be redeemed, notice of prior redemption shall be given by the Registrar, by electronic mail as long as Cede & Co. is registered owner of the Bonds and otherwise by first-class mail, at least 30 days but not more than 60 days prior to the Redemption Date to the insurer of the Bonds, if any, to the registered owner of any Bond (initially Cede & Co.) all or a part of which is called for prior redemption at his or her address as it last appears on the registration records kept by the Registrar, and electronically to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board via its Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) system (“MSRB”). The notice shall identify the Bonds and state that on such date the principal amount thereof will become due and payable at the Paying Agent (accrued interest to the Redemption Date being payable by mail or as otherwise provided in the Bond Resolution), and that after such Redemption Date interest will cease to accrue. After such notice and presentation of said Bonds, the Bonds called for redemption will be paid. Actual receipt of the notice by the MSRB, the insurer of the Bonds, if any, or any registered owner of Bonds shall not be a condition precedent to redemption of such Bonds. Failure to give such notice to the MSRB, the insurer of the Bonds, if any, or the registered owner of any Bond designated for redemption, or any defect therein, shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any other Bond. A certificate by the Registrar that notice of call and redemption has been given as provided in the Bond Resolution shall be conclusive as against all parties; and no owner whose Bond is called for redemption or any other owner of any Bond may object thereto or may object to the cessation of interest on the Redemption Date on the ground that he failed actually to receive such notice of redemption.

Notwithstanding the provisions described above, any notice of redemption may contain a statement that the redemption is conditioned upon the receipt by the Paying Agent of funds on or before the date fixed for redemption sufficient to pay the redemption price of the Bonds so called for redemption, and that if such funds are not available, such redemption shall be canceled by written notice to the owners of the Bonds called for redemption in the same manner as the original redemption notice was given.

Tax Covenant

In the Bond Resolution, the District covenants for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds that it will not take any action or omit to take any action with respect to the Bonds, the proceeds thereof, any other funds of the District or any facilities financed with the proceeds of the Bonds if such action or omission (i) would cause the interest on the Bonds to lose its exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Tax Code, or (ii) would cause interest on the Bonds to lose its exclusion from alternative minimum taxable income as defined in Section 55(b)(2) of the Tax Code except to the extent such interest is required to be included in the adjusted current earnings adjustment applicable to corporations under Section 56 of the Tax Code in calculating corporate alternative minimum taxable income.

The covenant described above shall remain in full force and effect notwithstanding the payment in full or defeasance of the Bonds until the date on which all obligations of the District in fulfilling the above covenant under the Tax Code have been met.

Defeasance

When all Bond Requirements of any Bond have been duly paid, the pledge and lien and all obligations under the Bond Resolution as to that Bond shall thereby be discharged and the Bond shall no longer be deemed to be outstanding within the meaning of the Bond Resolution. There shall be deemed to be such due payment when the District has placed in escrow or in trust with a trust bank located within or without the State, an amount sufficient (including the known minimum yield available for such purpose from Federal Securities in which such amount wholly or in part may be initially invested) to meet all Bond Requirements of the Bond, as the same become due to the final maturity of the Bond or upon any redemption date as of which the District shall have exercised or shall have obligated itself to exercise its prior redemption option by a call of the Bond for payment. The Federal Securities shall become due before the respective times on which the proceeds thereof shall be needed, in accordance with a schedule established and agreed upon between the District and the Bank at the time of the creation of the escrow or trust, or the Federal Securities shall be subject to redemption at the option of the owners thereof to assure availability as so needed to meet the schedule. For the purposes described in this paragraph, the term "Federal Securities" shall be as defined in NRS 350.522, and shall include only Federal Securities which are not callable for redemption prior to their maturities except at the option of the holder thereof. The District shall immediately give written notice of any such defeasance to the insurer of the Bonds, if any.

Replacement of Registrar or Paying Agent

If the Registrar and Paying Agent resigns, or if the Board shall reasonably determine that the Registrar or Paying Agent has become incapable of performing its duties under the Bond Resolution or that it would be in the best interests of the District to appoint a new Registrar or Paying Agent under the Bond Resolution, the Board may, upon notice to the insurer of the Bonds, if any, and notice mailed to each registered owner of any Bond at his address last shown on the registration records, appoint a successor Registrar or Paying Agent, or both. No resignation or dismissal of the Registrar or Paying Agent may take effect until a successor is appointed. Every such successor Registrar or Paying Agent shall be an officer or employee of the District or a banking institution authorized to exercise trust powers. It shall not be required that the same institution serve as both a Registrar and Paying Agent under the Bond Resolution, but the Board shall have the right to have the same person or institution serve as both Registrar and Paying Agent. Any corporation or association into which the Registrar or Paying Agent may be converted or merged, or with which they may be consolidated, or to which they may sell or transfer their corporate trust business and assets as a whole or substantially as a whole, or any corporation or association resulting from any such conversion, sale, merger, consolidation or transfer, to which they are a party, shall be and become the successor Registrar or Paying Agent under the Bond Resolution, without the execution or filing of any instrument or any further act, deed, or conveyance on the part of any of the parties hereto, anything in the Bond Resolution to the contrary notwithstanding.

Amendment of the Bond Resolution

The Bond Resolution may be amended by the Board: (i) without the consent of or notice to the holders of the Bonds for the purpose of curing any ambiguity or formal defect or omission therein; and (ii) with the consent of a majority of the Bondholders or the insurer of the Bonds, if any, in connection with any other amendment.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no such amendment, unless consented to by the Bondholder adversely affected thereby, shall permit: (i) a change in the maturity or in the terms of redemption of the principal of any outstanding Bond or any installment of interest thereon; (ii) a reduction in the principal amount of any Bond, the rate of interest thereon, or any prior redemption premium payable in connection therewith; or (iii) the establishment of any priorities as between Bonds issued and outstanding under the provisions of the Bond Resolution.

Book-Entry Only System

The Bonds will be available only in book-entry form in the principal amount of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. DTC will act as the initial securities depository for the Bonds. The ownership of one fully registered Bond for each maturity, as set forth on the inside cover page of this Official Statement, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC. See Appendix B - Book-Entry Only System.

SO LONG AS CEDE & CO, AS NOMINEE OF DTC, IS THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE BONDS, REFERENCES IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT TO THE OWNERS WILL MEAN CEDE & CO. AND WILL NOT MEAN THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS.

None of the District, the Registrar, or the Paying Agent will have any responsibility or obligation to DTC's Direct Participants or Indirect Participants (each as defined in Appendix B), or the persons for whom they act as nominees, with respect to the payments to or the providing of notice for the Direct Participants, the Indirect Participants or the beneficial owners of the Bonds as further described in Appendix B to this Official Statement.

Debt Service Requirements

The following table sets forth the estimated debt service requirements for the Bonds in each fiscal year. See "DEBT STRUCTURE – Total Debt Service Requirements - General Obligation Bonds" for information on the debt service due on all of the District's outstanding general obligation bonds.

Bond Debt Service Requirements

<u>Fiscal</u> <u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	--	\$225,224	\$ 225,224
2018	--	681,350	681,350
2019	--	681,350	681,350
2020	\$ 100,000	681,350	781,350
2021	100,000	676,350	776,350
2022	330,000	671,350	1,001,350
2023	695,000	654,850	1,349,850
2024	730,000	620,100	1,350,100
2025	765,000	583,600	1,348,600
2026	805,000	545,350	1,350,350
2027	845,000	505,100	1,350,100
2028	885,000	462,850	1,347,850
2029	920,000	418,600	1,338,600
2030	960,000	372,600	1,332,600
2031	1,000,000	324,600	1,324,600
2032	1,035,000	274,600	1,309,600
2033	1,080,000	233,200	1,313,200
2034	1,120,000	190,000	1,310,000
2035	1,165,000	145,200	1,310,200
2036	1,210,000	98,600	1,308,600
2037	1,255,000	50,200	1,305,200
Total	<u>\$15,000,000</u>	<u>\$9,096,424</u>	<u>\$24,096,424</u>

Source: The Financial Advisor.

SECURITY FOR THE BONDS

General Obligations

General. The Bonds are direct and general obligations of the District, and the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for the payment of the principal of, any prior redemption premiums and the interest on the Bonds, subject to State constitutional and statutory limitations on the aggregate amount of ad valorem taxes. See “PROPERTY TAX INFORMATION – Property Tax Limitations.” The Bonds are payable by the District from any source legally available therefor at the times such payments are due, including the General Fund of the District. In the event, however, that such legally available sources of funds are insufficient, the District is obligated to levy a general (ad valorem) tax on all taxable property within the District for payment of the Bonds, subject to the limitations provided in the constitution and statutes of the State.

Limitations on Property Tax Revenues. The constitution and laws of the State limit the total ad valorem property taxes that may be levied by all overlapping taxing units within each county (including the State, the District, the City or any special district) in each year. Those limitations are described in “PROPERTY TAX INFORMATION – Property Tax Limitations.” In any year in which the total property taxes levied within the City by all applicable taxing units exceed such property tax limitations, the reduction to be made by those units must be in taxes levied for purposes other than the payment of their bonded indebtedness, including interest on such indebtedness. See “PROPERTY TAX INFORMATION – Property Tax Limitations.”

Additional Bonds

At an election held on Tuesday, November 2, 2010 (the “Election”), District voters approved a proposal that allows the District to issue general obligation bonds for school construction purposes until November 2, 2020, provided that the Board makes a finding that the proposed bonds can be paid within a \$0.4300 property tax rate for debt service. Those findings require approval of the Carson City Debt Management Commission. At the time of the issuance of such bonds, the District must either have or maintain a reserve account for such bonds pursuant to NRS 350.020(5). In 2015, the Legislature enacted NRS 350.020(4), which permits the District to issue general obligation bonds pursuant to the authority granted by the Election until November 2, 2030.

The District reserves the right to issue bonds at any time legal requirements are met, including bonds authorized by the Election. The District currently expects to incur approximately \$6,000,000 of obligations structured as an installment purchase agreement subject to annual appropriation for energy related improvements in early 2017.

Bond Resolution Irrepealable

After any of the Bonds are issued, the Bond Resolution shall constitute an irrevocable contract between the District and the registered owner or owners of the Bonds; and the Bond Resolution, if any Bonds are in fact issued, shall be and shall remain irrepealable until the Bonds, as to all Bond Requirements, shall be fully paid, canceled and discharged, as provided in the Bond Resolution.

Other Security Matters

No Repealer. State statutes provide that no act concerning the Bonds or their security may be repealed, amended, or modified in such a manner as to impair adversely the Bonds or their security until all of the Bonds have been discharged in full or provision for their payment and redemption has been fully made.

No Pledge of Property. The payment of the Bonds is not secured by an encumbrance, mortgage or other pledge of property of the District, except the proceeds of the General Taxes and any other monies pledged under the Bond Resolution for the payment of the Bonds. No property of the District, subject to that exception, shall be liable to be forfeited or taken in payment of the Bonds.

No Recourse. No recourse shall be had for the payment of the Bond Requirements of the Bonds or for any claim based thereon or otherwise upon the Bond Resolution or any other instrument relating thereto, against any individual member of the Board or any officer or other agent of the Board or District, past, present or future, either directly or indirectly through the Board or the District, or otherwise, whether by virtue of any constitution, statute or rule of law, or by the enforcement of any penalty or otherwise.

Limitations on Remedies

No Acceleration. There is no provision for acceleration of maturity of the principal of the Bonds in the event of a default in the payment of principal or interest on the Bonds. Consequently, remedies available to the owners of the Bonds may have to be enforced from year to year.

Bankruptcy, Federal Lien Power and Police Power. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the owners of the Bonds and the obligations incurred by the District in issuing the Bonds are subject to the federal bankruptcy code and applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or similar laws relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally, now or hereafter in effect; usual equity principles which may limit the specific enforcement under State law of certain remedies; the exercise by the United States of America of the powers delegated to it by the federal Constitution; the power of the federal government to impose liens in certain situations; and the reasonable and necessary exercise, in certain exceptional situations, of the police power inherent in the sovereignty of the State and its governmental bodies in the interest of serving a significant and legitimate public purpose. Bankruptcy proceedings or the exercise of powers by the federal or State government (including the imposition of tax liens by the federal government), if initiated, could subject the owners of the Bonds to judicial discretion and interpretation of their rights in bankruptcy or otherwise, and consequently may entail risks of delay, limitation or modification of their rights.

PROPERTY TAX INFORMATION

Property Tax Base

The State Department of Taxation reports that the total assessed valuation of property within the District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, to be \$1,445,154,773 (excluding the assessed valuation attributable to the Carson City Redevelopment Agency (the “Redevelopment Agency”), which represents a 5.2% increase from the assessed valuation reported for the prior fiscal year.

State law requires that the County assessor reappraise, at least once every five years, all real and secured personal property (other than certain utility owned property which is centrally appraised and assessed by the Nevada Tax Commission). The law provides that in years in which the property is not reappraised, the County assessor is to apply a factor representing typical changes in value in the area since the preceding year. State law requires that property be assessed at 35% of taxable value; that percentage may be adjusted upward or downward by the Legislature. Based on the assessed valuation for fiscal year 2017, the taxable value of all taxable property within the District is \$4,129,013,637 (excluding the taxable value attributable to the Redevelopment Agency).

“Taxable value” is defined in the statutes as the full cash value in the case of land, as the replacement cost less applicable straight-line depreciation and obsolescence in the case of improvements to land, and as the replacement cost less applicable depreciation and obsolescence (determined in accordance with the regulations of the Nevada Tax Commission) with respect to taxable personal property; but the computed taxable value of any property must not exceed its full cash value. Depreciation of improvements to real property must be calculated at 1.5% of the cost of replacement for each year of adjusted actual age up to a maximum of 50 years. Adjusted actual age is actual age adjusted for any addition or replacement. The maximum depreciation allowed is 75% of the cost of replacement. When a substantial addition or replacement is made to depreciable property, its “actual age” is adjusted, *i.e.*, reduced to reflect the increased useful term of the structure. The adjusted actual age has been used on appraisals for taxes since 1986-87.

In Nevada, county assessors are responsible for assessments in the counties except for certain properties centrally assessed by the State, which include property owned by railroads, airlines and utility companies.

History of Assessed Value

The following table illustrates a history of the assessed valuation in the District, excluding the assessed values attributable to the Redevelopment Agency. Due to property tax abatement laws enacted in 2005 (described in “Required Property Tax Abatements” below), and green building (LEED) tax abatement laws enacted in 2007, the taxes collected by taxing entities within the District are capped and there is no longer a direct correlation between changes in assessed value and property tax revenue.

History of Assessed Valuation

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Assessed Valuation ⁽¹⁾	Percent Change
2013	\$1,381,815,028	--
2014	1,238,756,058	(10.4)%
2015	1,286,890,682	3.9
2016	1,373,408,853	6.7
2017	1,445,154,773	5.2

⁽¹⁾ Excludes the assessed valuation of the Redevelopment Agency.

Source: Nevada Department of Taxation, Division of Local Government Services, *Property Tax Rates for Nevada Local Governments*, 2012-2013 through 2016-2017.

Property Tax Collections

In Nevada, county treasurers (or, in the case of the City, the City Treasurer) are responsible for the collection of property taxes, and forwarding the allocable portions thereof to the overlapping taxing units within the counties.

A history of the City's tax roll collection record appears in the following table. *This table reflects all amounts collected by the City, including amounts levied by the City, the District and certain special taxing districts. The figures in the following table include property taxes that are not available to pay debt service on the Bonds.* The table below provides information with respect to the historic collection rates for the City, but may not be relied upon to depict the amounts of ad valorem property taxes available to the City in each year. There is no assurance that collection rates will be similar to the historic collection rates depicted below.

Property Tax Levies, Collections and Delinquencies⁽¹⁾
Amounts in Thousands

Fiscal Year	Net Secured	Current Tax	% of Net	Delinquent	Total Tax	Total Tax
Ending	Roll Tax Levy ⁽²⁾	Collections	Levy	Tax	Collections	Collections as %
June 30			Collected	Collections	Collections	of Current Levy ⁽³⁾
2012	\$39,450	\$38,463	97.50%	\$987	\$39,450	100.00%
2013	40,823	40,082	98.18	741	40,823	100.00
2014	39,994	39,314	98.30	656	39,970	99.94
2015	41,063	40,489	98.60	516	41,005	99.86
2016	41,696	41,237	98.90	238	41,475	99.47
2017 ⁽⁴⁾	42,154	24,174	57.35	0 ⁽⁵⁾	24,174	57.35

⁽¹⁾ Subject to revision. Represents the real property tax roll levies and collections.

⁽²⁾ Adjusted county tax levied for the fiscal year.

⁽³⁾ Percentage of total taxes collected to date (calculated on the Net Secured Roll Tax Levy).

⁽⁴⁾ Collections as of October 31, 2016.

⁽⁵⁾ Collections in progress.

Source: The City Treasurer's Office.

Taxes on real property are due on the third Monday in August unless the taxpayer elects to pay in installments on or before the third Monday in August and the first Mondays in October, January, and March of each fiscal year. Penalties are assessed if any taxes are not paid within 10 days of the due date as follows: 4% of the delinquent amount if one installment is delinquent, 5% of the delinquent amount plus accumulated penalties if two installments are delinquent, 6% of the delinquent amount plus accumulated penalties if three installments are delinquent and 7% of the delinquent amount plus accumulated penalties if four installments are delinquent. In the event of nonpayment, the county treasurer is authorized to hold the property for two years, subject to redemption upon payment of taxes, penalties and costs, together with interest at the rate of 10% per year from the date the taxes were due until paid. If delinquent taxes are not paid within the two-year redemption period, the county treasurer obtains a deed to the property free of all encumbrances. Upon receipt of a deed, the county treasurer may sell the property to satisfy the tax lien and assessments by local governments for improvements to the property. State law provides alternative remedies for the collection of taxes in certain instances, including judicial foreclosure (which may take place before the expiration of the two-year redemption period) and the issuance of a tax lien to the county treasurer which may be sold before the expiration of the two-year redemption period (but remains subject to redemption).

Largest Taxpayers in the District

The following table represents the ten largest property-owning taxpayers in the District based on fiscal year 2016-17 assessed valuations. The assessed valuations in this table represent both the secured tax roll (real property) and the unsecured tax roll (generally personal property). No independent investigation has been made of, and consequently there can be no representation as to, the financial conditions of the taxpayers listed, or that any such taxpayer will continue to maintain its status as a major taxpayer based on the assessed valuation of its property in the District. It is possible that one or more of the major taxpayers in the District may be experiencing varying degrees of financial difficulty; those or other entities may encounter future difficulties that could negatively impact the timely payment of property taxes.

Ten Largest Taxpayers in the District
Fiscal Year 2016-17

<u>Taxpayer</u>	<u>Type of Business</u>	FY 2016-17 Assessed <u>Value</u>	% of Total Assessed <u>Value</u> ⁽¹⁾
Southwest Gas Corporation	Gas Distribution	\$ 23,395,502	1.55%
NV Energy	Electric Company	20,635,601	1.36
Carson-Tahoe Hospital	Healthcare Provider	8,766,678	0.58
ARHC CRCRCNV001LLC	Healthcare Provider	7,643,169	0.51
C&A Investments	Property Management	6,126,761	0.40
Nevada Bell Telephone Co.	Telephone Company	5,241,796	0.35
Carson Gaming	Casino/Entertainment	4,883,338	0.32
Harley-Davidson Credit Corp.	Financial Services	4,738,715	0.31
Wal-Mart Real Estate Bus. Trust	Retail Warehouse	4,477,514	0.30
Greater Nevada Credit Union	Financial Services	<u>4,348,341</u>	<u>0.29</u>
Total		<u>\$90,257,415</u>	<u>5.97%</u>

(1) Based on the City's fiscal year 2017 assessed valuation of \$1,511,939,926 (which includes the assessed valuation attributable to the Redevelopment Agency).

Source: Nevada Department of Taxation, Division of Local Government Services.

Property Tax Limitations

Overlapping Property Tax Caps. Article X, Section 2, of the State constitution limits the total ad valorem property taxes levied by all overlapping governmental units within the boundaries of any county (*i.e.*, the State, and any county, city, town, school district or special district) to an amount not to exceed five cents per dollar of assessed valuation (\$5 per \$100 of assessed valuation) of the property being taxed. Further, the combined overlapping tax rate is limited by statute to \$3.64 per \$100 of assessed valuation in all counties of the State with certain exceptions that (a) permit a combined overlapping tax rate of up to \$4.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation in the case of certain entities that are in financial difficulties; and (b) require that \$0.02 of the statewide property tax rate of \$0.17 per \$100 of assessed valuation is not included in computing compliance with this \$3.64 cap. (This \$0.02 is, however, counted against the \$5.00 cap.) State statutes provide a priority for taxes levied for the payment of general obligation bonded indebtedness in any year in which the proposed tax rate to be levied by overlapping units within a county exceeds any rate limitation; a reduction must be made by those units for purposes other than the payment of general obligation bonded indebtedness, including interest thereon.

Local Government Property Tax Revenue Limitation. State statutes limit the revenues school districts may receive from ad valorem property taxes for operating purposes. Pursuant to NRS 387.195, each board of county commissioners (or, in the case of the City, the City's Board of Supervisors) levies a tax of \$0.75 per \$100 of assessed valuation for school district operating purposes. This limitation does not apply to ad valorem taxes levied to repay the Bonds. School districts are also allowed additional levies for voter-approved debt service and voter-approved tax overrides for capital projects.

State statutes also limit the revenues local governments, other than school districts, may receive from ad valorem property taxes for purposes other than paying certain general obligation indebtedness which is exempt from such ad valorem revenue limits. This rate is generally limited as follows. The assessed value of property is first differentiated between that for property existing on the assessment rolls in the prior year (old property) and new property. Second, the property tax revenue derived in the prior year is increased by no more than 6% and the tax rate to generate the increase is determined against the current assessed value of the old property. Finally, this tax rate is applied against all taxable property to produce the allowable property tax revenues. This cap operates to limit property tax revenue dependent upon changes in the value of old property and the growth and value of new property.

A local government, other than a school district, may exceed the property tax revenue limitation if the proposal is approved by its electorate at a general or special election. In addition, the Executive Director of the Department of Taxation will add to the allowed revenue from ad valorem taxes, the amount approved by the legislature for the costs to a local government of any substantial programs or expenses required by legislative enactment. Nevada local governments receiving certain sales tax revenues also may levy a property tax to make up any shortfalls between sales tax revenues estimated by the Nevada Department of Taxation and actual sales tax revenues available to local governments.

The City is levying tax overrides as allowed or required by State statutes.

The Nevada Tax Commission monitors the impact of tax legislation on local government services.

Constitutional Amendment - Abatement of Taxes for Severe Economic Hardship.

At the November 5, 2002 election, the State's voters approved an amendment to the State constitution authorizing the State Legislature to enact a law providing for an abatement of the tax upon or an exemption of part of the assessed value of an owner-occupied single-family residence to the extent necessary to avoid severe economic hardship to the owner of that residence.

The legislation implementing that amendment provides that the owner of a single-family residence may file a claim with the county treasurer to postpone the payment of all or part of the property tax due against the residence if (among other requirements): the residence has an assessed value of not more than \$175,000; the property owner does not own any other real property in the State with an assessed value of more than \$30,000; the residence has been occupied by the owner for at least 6 months; the owner is not in bankruptcy; the owner owes no delinquent property taxes on the residence; the owner has suffered severe economic hardship caused by circumstances beyond his control (such as illness or disability expected to last for at least 12 continuous months); and the total annual income of the owner's household is at or below the federally designated poverty level. The amount of tax that may be postponed may not exceed the amount of property tax that will accrue against the residence in the succeeding three fiscal years. Any postponed property tax (and any penalties and the interest that accrue as provided in the statute) constitutes a perpetual lien against the residence until paid. The postponed tax becomes due and payable if: the residence ceases to be occupied by the claimant or is sold; any non-postponed property tax becomes delinquent; if the claimant dies; or on the date upon which the postponement expires, as determined by the county treasurer.

Potential Constitutional Amendment - Senate Joint Resolution 13. Senate Joint Resolution 13 (“SJR 13”), adopted by the 2015 session of the Legislature, proposes to amend the Nevada Constitution. Under Nevada law, constitutional amendments require majority approval by each house of the Legislature in two separate legislative sessions and then majority approval by the general electorate. SJR 13, therefore, will be considered again in the 2017 Legislature. If it is approved again, it is expected that it will be placed on the ballot for the November 2018 general election.

SJR 13 would impose certain additional limitations on property taxes on real property. SJR 13 would, among other things, limit taxes on real property to 1.25% of the “base” value of the property; require a new “uniform and just” valuation of property for taxation; generally limit increases in the property base values to the lesser of 3% per year or the rate of inflation; and require updates to the “base” value of real property upon certain transfers of the property. Many of the provisions of SJR 13 are unclear, however; the amendment will require additional legislation not yet introduced in order to implement. It is not possible to predict at this time whether it will become law, or what its impact will be on the District’s property tax revenue if it does become law, except that by its terms it will not impact the District’s property tax imposed for debt repayment purposes.

Required Property Tax Abatements

General. In 2005, the Legislature approved the Abatement Act (NRS 361.471 to 361.4735), which established formulas to determine whether tax abatements are required for property owners in each year. The general impact of the Abatement Act is to limit increases in ad valorem property tax revenues owed by taxpayers to a maximum of 3% per year for primary owner-occupied residential properties (and low-income housing properties) and, for all other properties, an annual percentage equal to the lesser of (a) 8% or (b) the greater of the average annual change in taxable values over the last ten years, as determined by a formula or twice the percentage of increase in the consumer price index for the immediately preceding calendar year. The Abatement Act limits do not apply to new construction. The Abatement Act formulas are applied on a parcel-by-parcel basis each year.

Generally, reductions in the amount of ad valorem property tax revenues levied in the City are required to be allocated among all of the taxing entities in the City in the same proportion as the rate of ad valorem taxes levied for that taxing entity bears to the total combined rate of all ad valorem taxes levied for that fiscal year. However, abatements caused by tax rate increases are to be allocated against the entity that would benefit from the tax increase rather than among all entities uniformly. Revenues realized from new or increased ad valorem taxes that are required by any legislative act that was effective after April 6, 2005, generally are *not* exempt from the abatement formulas. The Abatement Act provides for the recapture of previously abated property tax revenues in certain limited situations.

Levies for Debt Service. Revenues resulting from increases in the rate of ad valorem taxes for the payment of tax-secured obligations are exempt from the Abatement Act formulas if increased rates are necessary to pay debt service on the related obligation in any fiscal year if (i) the tax-secured obligations were issued before July 1, 2005; or (ii) the governing body of the taxing entity and the Carson City Debt Management Commission make findings that no increase in the rate of an ad valorem tax is anticipated to be necessary for payment of the

obligations during their term. Ad valorem tax rate increases to pay debt service on the Bonds may not be exempt from the Abatement Act formulas.

General Effects of Abatement. Limitations on property tax revenues could negatively impact the finances and operations of the taxing entities in the State, including the District, to an extent that cannot be determined at this time.

Overlapping Tax Rates and General Obligation Indebtedness

Overlapping Tax Rates. The following table sets forth a history of statewide average tax rates and a representative overlapping tax rate for taxing districts located in the City. The overlapping rates for various areas within the City, a consolidated municipality, vary depending on the rates imposed by applicable taxing entities. Currently, the overlapping rates in the City range from \$3.4900 to \$3.5200.

History of Statewide Average and Sample Overlapping Property Tax Rates⁽¹⁾

<u>Fiscal Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Average Statewide rate	<u>\$3.1304</u>	<u>\$3.1212</u>	<u>\$3.1232</u>	<u>\$3.1360</u>	<u>\$3.1500</u>
Carson City	\$2.1800	\$2.1800	\$2.1600	\$2.1400	\$2.1400
Carson City School District	1.1800	1.1800	1.1800	1.1800	1.1800
Carson Water Subconservancy District	0.1300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300
State of Nevada ⁽²⁾	<u>0.1700</u>	<u>0.1700</u>	<u>0.1700</u>	<u>0.1700</u>	<u>0.1700</u>
Total	\$3.6600	\$3.5600	\$3.5400	\$3.5200	\$3.5200

(1) Per \$100 of assessed valuation.

(2) \$0.0200 of the State rate is exempt from the \$3.64 cap. See “Property Tax Limitations” above.

Source: Nevada Department of Taxation, Division of Local Government Services, *Property Tax Rates for Nevada Local Governments*, 2012-2013 through 2016-2017.

Estimated Overlapping General Obligation Indebtedness. In addition to the general obligation indebtedness of the District, other taxing entities are authorized to incur general obligation debt within boundaries that overlap or partially overlap the boundaries of the District. In addition to the entities listed below, other governmental entities may overlap the District but have no general obligation debt outstanding. The following chart sets forth the estimated overlapping general obligation debt chargeable to property owners within the District as of January 1, 2017.

Estimated Overlapping Net General Obligation Indebtedness

<u>Entity</u> ⁽¹⁾	Total General Obligation <u>Indebtedness</u>	Presently Self-Supporting General Obligation <u>Indebtedness</u>	Net Direct General Obligation <u>Indebtedness</u>	Percent <u>Applicable</u> ⁽²⁾	Overlapping Net General Obligation <u>Indebtedness</u> ⁽³⁾
Carson City	\$ 175,817,322	\$172,723,322	\$3,094,000	100.00%	\$3,094,000
State of Nevada	1,468,255,000	297,845,000	1,170,410,000	1.37%	15,982,174
Total	<u>\$1,644,072,322</u>	<u>\$470,568,322</u>	<u>\$1,173,504,000</u>		<u>\$19,076,174</u>

⁽¹⁾ Other taxing entities overlap the District and may issue general obligation debt in the future.

⁽²⁾ Based on fiscal year 2017 assessed valuation in the respective jurisdiction. The percent applicable is derived by dividing the assessed valuation of the District into the assessed valuation of the governmental entity (excluding redevelopment agencies).

⁽³⁾ Overlapping Net General Obligation Indebtedness equals total existing general obligation indebtedness less presently self-supporting general obligation indebtedness times the percent applicable.

Sources: Carson City Finance Department; state debt information compiled by the Financial Advisor; percentages calculated using information from Final Local Government Revenue Projections Fiscal Year 2016-2017.

The following table sets forth the total direct and overlapping general obligation indebtedness attributable to the District as of January 1, 2017, including the issuance of the Bonds.

Net Direct & Overlapping General Obligation Indebtedness

Total Direct General Obligation Indebtedness ⁽¹⁾	\$61,490,000
Plus: Overlapping Net General Obligation Indebtedness	<u>19,076,174</u>
Net Direct & Overlapping Net General Obligation Indebtedness	<u>\$80,566,174</u>

⁽¹⁾ Includes the issuance of the Bonds. See “DEBT STRUCTURE -Outstanding Debt and Other Obligations.”

Selected Debt Ratios

The following table illustrates selected ratios for the District.

<u>Selected Debt Ratios for the District</u>	
Population ⁽¹⁾	54,273
Net Direct Debt ⁽²⁾	\$61,490,000
Overlapping Debt ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	<u>19,076,174</u>
Total Direct Debt & Overlapping Debt.....	\$80,566,174
Per Capita Net Direct Debt	\$1,132.98
Per Capita Net Total Direct Debt & Overlapping Debt	\$1,484.46
2017 Assessed Valuation ⁽⁴⁾	\$1,445,154,773
% Net Direct Debt to Assessed Valuation	4.25%
% Net Total Direct Debt & Overlapping Debt to Assessed Valuation	5.57%
2017 Taxable Value ⁽⁴⁾	\$4,129,013,637
% Net Direct Debt to Taxable Value	1.13%
% Net Total Direct Debt & Overlapping Debt to Taxable Value	1.95%

⁽¹⁾ Nevada State Demographer projection dated July 1, 2015.

⁽²⁾ Outstanding debt as of January 1, 2017, including the issuance of the Bonds. See “DEBT STRUCTURE – Outstanding Debt and Other Obligations.” Also see the table entitled “Net Direct & Overlapping General Obligation Indebtedness” above.

⁽³⁾ Figure is estimated based on information supplied by other taxing authorities and does not include self-supporting general obligation debt. See the table “Estimated Overlapping General Obligation Debt.”

⁽⁴⁾ See “Property Tax Base and Tax Roll Collection” for an explanation of the Assessed Value and Taxable Value.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

General

All school districts in Nevada are organized under the terms of legislation enacted in 1956. There is one school district in each county with responsibility for all public education from preschool through the twelfth grade. The District's boundaries are coterminous with those of Carson City. According to the State Demographer's office, the estimated population of the City (and therefor the District) was 54,273 as of July 1, 2015 (based on State Demographer Projections).

Board of Trustees

The District has a seven-member board of trustees. The Board meets on the second and fourth Tuesday of each month. Trustees serve staggered four-year terms. The Board elects a President, a Vice President and a Clerk from its members to serve one-year terms. Board members are limited to 12 years in office pursuant to State constitutional term limitations. The current members of the Board and their terms of office are as follows:

<u>Board Member and Title</u>	<u>District Represented</u>	<u>Expiration of Term</u>
Joe Cacioppo, Member	7	12/2020
Laurel Crossman, President	2	12/2020
Ryan Green, Vice President	4	12/2018
Ron Swirczek, Member	1	12/2018
Vacant	6	
Michael Walker, Member	5	12/2020
Stacie Wilke-McCulloch, Clerk	3	12/2018

Administration

General. The Board establishes District policy and oversees its operations. The Board appoints the Superintendent as its chief executive officer to administer the day-to-day operations of the District. The Superintendent is the chief executive officer responsible for the administration of the District in accordance with policy set by the Board. As the chief executive officer and educational leader of the District, the Superintendent oversees the administration of all curriculum, instruction, support services, personnel, fiscal operations, and facilities. In fulfilling this responsibility, the Superintendent operates through members of the administrative team who are each assigned specific functions in designated areas.

The Director of Fiscal Services oversees the operations of the Fiscal Services Department, which exists to support the programs and operations of the District in order to accomplish the desired results of public education. The fiscal services function is accomplished through the combined efforts of classified staff, supervisors, and administrators, in cooperation with other divisions, school staffs, outside businesses, and government agencies. Each member of this team performs specific functions as designated by the Superintendent in carrying out the policies established by the Board. The Director of Fiscal Services reports to the Superintendent.

Brief biographies for the Superintendent and the Director of Fiscal Services are set forth below.

Superintendent of Schools – Richard Stokes. Richard W. Stokes has been with the District since 2001. He has been the Superintendent since 2009 and previously served as the District’s Associate Superintendent of Human Resources. Prior to that time, Mr. Stokes served as the Superintendent of Schools for Mineral County School District, Nevada, as a high school principal in Mineral County School District and as a science teacher in Uinta County School District #6 (Wyoming). Mr. Stokes holds a BS degree in Zoology from Idaho State University, a Secondary Teaching Certificate from Idaho State University, and an MA degree in Education Administration from the University of Wyoming.

Director of Fiscal Services – A.J. Feuling. Andrew J. Feuling has been with the District since March 2014. Before that he worked for Robert W. Baird in Milwaukee, WI in its Public Finance division as a School Business Specialist assisting districts with school finance items, budget projection, and budget planning all across southeastern Wisconsin. Prior to that Mr. Feuling served as the District Business Manager for Salem School District in Salem, WI. Mr. Feuling holds a BS in Business Administration (Finance) from Drake University, a BA in Economics from the University of Wisconsin-Parkside, an MS in Leadership in Educational Administration from Capella University, and an MS in School Business Management from the University of Wisconsin-Whitewater.

Facilities

The District operates 11 school sites, including two high schools, two middle schools, six elementary schools, and one adult education facility. The District also includes one District-sponsored elementary charter school.

Enrollment

The following table shows an enrollment history for the District.

<u>Enrollment History</u>					
<u>Academic Year</u>	<u>2012-13</u>	<u>2013-14</u>	<u>2014-15</u>	<u>2015-16</u>	<u>2016-17</u>
Elementary Schools	3,520	3,468	3,531	3,489	3,447
Senior High Schools	4,108	4,057	4,054	4,074	4,144
Total	7,628	7,525	7,585	7,563	7,591
Percent change	0.45%	(1.35%)	0.80%	(0.22%)	0.37%

Source: The District.

Employee Relations and Pension Benefits

Employee Relations. The District considers its relations with its employees to be good. As of January 1, 2017, the District has 893 benefitted full-time employees, including the administrative staff. The District is an equal opportunity/affirmative action employer with four

employee bargaining units: nurses, administration, certified and classified staff. The District has entered into agreements with each bargaining unit that expire June 30, 2018.

Benefits. The District provides life insurance, health insurance, paid vacation, sick leave and holidays.

Pension Matters. The State Public Employees’ Retirement System (“PERS”) covers substantially all public employees of the State, its agencies and its political subdivisions, including the County. PERS, established by the Legislature effective July 1, 1948, is governed by the Public Employees’ Retirement Board whose seven members are appointed by the Governor. Retirement Board members serve for a term of four years. **Except for certain District specific information set forth below, the information in this section has been obtained from publicly-available documents provided by PERS. The District has not independently verified the information obtained from the publicly available documents provided by PERS and is not responsible for its accuracy.**

All public employees who meet certain eligibility requirements participate in PERS, which is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. Benefits, as required by statute, are determined by the number of years of accredited service at the time of retirement and the member’s highest average compensation. Benefit payments to which participants may be entitled under PERS include pension benefits, disability benefits, and death benefits. PERS has several tiers based on legislative changes effective with membership dates. The following table illustrates the PERS service credit multiplier.

Membership Date	<u>PERS Benefit Multiplier</u>				Highest Contiguous Average Over
	Before 07/01/01	<u>Service Credit Multiplier</u>		After 07/01/15	
		After 07/01/01	After 01/01/10		
Before July 1, 2001	2.50%	2.67%	2.67%	2.67%	36 months
After July 1, 2001, before January 1, 2010	--	2.67%	2.67%	2.67%	36 months
After January 1, 2010, before July 1, 2015	--	--	2.50%	2.50%	36 months
After July 1, 2015	--	--	--	2.25%	36 months

Similarly, legislative changes have created several tiers of retirement eligibility thresholds. The following table illustrates the PERS retirement eligibility thresholds.

Nevada PERS Retirement Eligibility

Membership Date	Regular		Police/Fire	
	Age	Years of Service	Age	Years of Service
Before January 1, 2010	65	5	65	5
	60	10	55	10
	Any	30	50	20
			Any	25
After January 1, 2010, before July 1, 2015	65	5	65	5
	62	10	60	10
	Any	30	50	20
			Any	30
After July 1, 2015	65	5	65	5
	62	10	60	10
	55	30	50	20
	Any	33 1/3	Any	33 1/3

Nevada law requires PERS to conduct a biennial actuarial valuation showing unfunded actuarial accrued liability (“UAAL”) and the contribution rates required to fund PERS on an actuarial reserve basis. The actual employer and employee contribution rates are established in cycle with the State’s biennium budget on the first full pay period of the even numbered fiscal years. By PERS policy, the system actually performs an annual actuary study. The most recent independent actuarial valuation report of PERS was completed as of June 30, 2016. The following table reflects some of the key valuation results from the last three PERS’ actuary studies:

PERS Actuarial Report

Key Valuation Results	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
UAAL	\$12.56 billion	\$12.35 billion	\$12.53 billion
Market Value Funding Ratio	72.2%	75.1%	76.3%
Actuarial Value Funding Ratio	74.1%	73.2%	71.5%
Assets Market Value	\$35.00 billion	\$34.61 billion	\$33.58 billion
Assets Actuarial Value	\$33.89 billion	\$33.72 billion	\$31.47 billion

For the purpose of calculating the actuarially determined contribution rate, the UAAL is amortized as a level percent of payroll over a year-by-year closed amortization period where each amortization period is set at 20 years. The amortization period prior to fiscal year 2012 was 30 years. Effective starting fiscal year 2012, the PERS Board adopted a shorter amortization period to be used to amortize new UAAL resulting from actuarial gains or losses and changes in actuarial assumptions. Any new UAAL is amortized over a period equal to the truncated average remaining amortization period of all prior UAAL layers, until the average remaining amortization period is less than 20 years; after that time, 20-year amortization periods will be used. The current combined, effective average amortization period for regular members and police/fire members is 20.7 years. The PERS Board also adopted a five-year asset smoothing policy for net deferred gains/losses. As of June 30, 2015, PERS has unrecognized investment gains of \$893 million. Unless offset by future investment losses or other unfavorable experience, the recognition of the \$893 million in market gains is expected to increase the future actuarial funded ratio and decrease the future contribution rate.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, PERS adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (“GASB”) No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25 (“GASB 67”). GASB 67 replaces the requirements of GASB Statement Nos. 25 and 50 as they relate to pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria. The objective of GASB 67 is to improve financial reporting by state and local governmental pension plans. It requires enhancement to footnote disclosure and required supplementary information for pension plans.

Prior to these new standards, the accounting and reporting requirements of the pension related liabilities followed a long-term funding policy perspective. The new standards separate the accounting and reporting requirements from the funding decisions and require the unfunded portion of the pension liability to be apportioned among the participating employers. These standards apply for financial reporting purposes only and do not apply to contribution amounts for pension funding purposes.

With the implementation of GASB 67, PERS reported its total pension liability, fiduciary net position, and net pension liability in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The total pension liability for financial reporting was determined on the same basis as the Actuarial Accrued Liability measure for funding. The fiduciary net position is equal to the market value of assets.

Effective with fiscal year 2015, the District was required to apply the GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* (“GASB 68”), to its audited financial statements. Among other requirements, the District was required to report its proportionate share of the total PERS net pension liability in its financial statements.

The following presents the net pension liability of PERS as of June 30, 2015, and the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability of PERS as of June 30, 2016, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the PERS net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.00%) or one percentage point higher (9.00%) than the current discount rate.

	<u>Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2015</u>		
	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (7%)	Discount Rate (8%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (9%)
PERS Net Pension Liability	\$17,461,886,995	\$11,459,436,845	\$6,467,980,371
District Share of PERS Net Pension Liability	\$114,887,517	\$75,395,446	\$42,554,977

Contribution rates to PERS are established in accordance with State statute. The statute allows for biennial increases or decreases of the actuarially determined rate. The Legislature can increase the contribution rate for members by any amount it determines necessary. Pursuant to statute, there is no obligation on the part of the employers to pay for their proportionate share of the unfunded liability. The District is obligated to contribute all amounts.

<u>Fiscal Years</u> <u>2008 and 2009</u>	<u>Fiscal Years</u> <u>2010 and 2011</u>	<u>Fiscal Years</u> <u>2012 and 2013</u>	<u>Fiscal Years</u> <u>2014 and 2015</u>	<u>Fiscal Years</u> <u>2016 and 2017</u>
20.50%	21.50%	23.75%	25.75%	28.00%

The District's contributions to PERS for its fiscal years 2012 through 2016 were \$9,561,936, \$9,583,744, \$10,107,886, \$10,475,949, and \$11,325,210, respectively; those amounts equaled the contributions required by law. The District has budgeted \$11,750,000 in PERS contributions for its fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

See Note 9 in the audited financial statements attached hereto as Appendix A for a summary description of PERS. In addition, copies of the most recent audited financial statements for PERS are available from the Public Employees Retirement System of the State of Nevada, 693 West Nye Lane, Carson City, Nevada 89703-1599, 775-687-4200.

Other Post-Employment Benefits ("OPEB"). The District participates in the State of Nevada Public Employee's Benefit Program ("PEBP"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State. The benefits provided through this program are established and may be amended by the Board of the Public Employees' Benefit Program (the "PEBP Board") and consist of partial subsidies of health, dental, and vision insurance premiums (determined on a sliding scale) for retired persons who have worked five to 20 years for the District and who elect to participate in the program. The District is required by law to pay a percentage of the base amount for each fiscal year for participants. As of November 30, 2008 retirees may no longer enroll in the plan however, retirees already enrolled prior to that date are allowed to remain in the plan. The plan issues a separate financial report which can be obtained by writing to Public Employee's Benefit Program, 901 South Stewart Street, Suite 1001, Carson City, Nevada, 89701.

The District is required by law to participate in PEBP. The PEBP Board establishes the contribution requirements for plan members in accordance with State law and may amend those funding requirements at any time. As of June 30, 2013, the required subsidy paid by the District was based on a percentage of the legally determined base amount for each participant (based on years of service). Currently, the sources of funding for the payments are reimbursements from the State and nominal charges to those District funds with benefitted payrolls. The District contributed \$946,710, \$916,143, and \$858,377 for fiscal years 2014, 2015, and 2016, respectively, and has budgeted to contribute \$470,000 for fiscal year 2017. The fiscal year 2017 contribution is lower than recent prior fiscal years as a result of the District's 2016 OPEB study, which indicated that contributions could be reduced, yet still sustain required payments. See Note 10 in the audited basic financial statements attached hereto as Appendix A for a further discussion of the District's participation in PEBP, its funding status, its net OPEB obligation, and related matters.

The District also permits retirees to elect to maintain insurance coverage under the Carson City School District Health Care Plan (the "Plan"). Retirees electing to continue coverage under the Plan must pay the full cost of premiums. The District pays the full cost of the premiums for active employees and, therefore, pays the implicit cost of retirees' coverage. See Note 11 in the audited basic financial statements attached hereto as Appendix A for a further discussion of the Plan.

Compliance with Federal Laws

As a public entity, the District is subject to various federal laws, including those relating to environmental matters, accommodation of those with disabilities and compliance with federal affordable healthcare requirements. The District also is subject to federal laws and regulations related to certain of its educational programs and is subject, to various degrees, to legislation reducing grants or payments associated with those programs. The laws described above and other federal laws presently in effect or enacted in the future may require the expenditure of funds on programs without necessarily providing sufficient resources (in the form of federal grants or otherwise) to pay for the mandates of those requirements. The District cannot predict the ultimate effect of current or future federal legislation on the District.

DISTRICT FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Budgeting

On or before April 15 of each year, the District is required to submit to the State Department of Taxation the tentative budget for the next fiscal year which commences on July 1. The tentative budget contains the proposed expenditures and means of financing them. After reviewing the tentative budget, the State Department of Taxation is required to notify the District upon its acceptance of the budget.

Following acceptance of the proposed budget by the State Department of Taxation, the Board is required to conduct public hearings not sooner than the third Monday in May and not later than the last day in May. The Board normally is required to adopt the final budget on or before June 8. On or before January 1, the Board may adopt an amended final budget reflecting any adjustments necessary as a result of the complete count of students.

The District is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within functions or funds, but any other transfers must be approved by the Board. Increases to a fund's budget other than by transfers are accomplished through formal action of the Board. With the exception of monies appropriated for specific capital projects or Federal and State grant expenditures, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Accounting

All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting in which revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Property taxes, sales and use taxes, governmental service taxes and moneys from the Distributive School Account (described below) are considered "measurable" when in the hands of intermediary collecting governments and are recognized as revenue at that time. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims or judgments, which are recorded only when payment is due.

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in which revenues are recognized when they are earned and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Annual Reports

The District prepares an annual financial report setting forth the financial condition of the District as of June 30 of each fiscal year. The annual financial report, which includes the District's audited basic financial statements, constitutes the official financial report of the District. It is prepared using generally accepted accounting principles. The latest

completed annual financial report is for the year ended June 30, 2016. See Note 1 in the audited basic financial statements attached hereto as Appendix A for a summary of the District's significant accounting policies.

Education Savings Account Legislation

During the 2015 legislative session, the Nevada legislature adopted, and the Governor signed, Senate Bill No. 302 ("SB 302"). SB 302 establishes a program by which a child who receives instruction from entities other than a public school may receive a grant of money and the amount of the grant must be deducted from the total apportionment amount otherwise received by the school district. By adopting this legislation, Nevada reportedly became the first state in the nation to establish such a program for every child in the state.

The program established by SB 302 consists primarily of the creation of education savings accounts ("ESA"). Families who elect to participate in the program are required to enter into an agreement with the State Treasurer pursuant to which the family will agree to enroll the child at a certain school and open an ESA on behalf of the child and the State will agree to provide a grant to the family and deposit the grant into the ESA. Each agreement is valid for one school year but may be terminated early and may be renewed for any subsequent school year.

The amount of the grant is equal to 90% (or, if the child has a disability or a household income less than 185% of the federal poverty level, 100%) of the statewide average basic support per pupil. For fiscal year 2016, the statewide average basic support per pupil is \$5,676, resulting in a potential grant amount of approximately \$5,100 per child. Grant money deposited into the ESA may be used only for certain specific items which include, generally, tuition and fees, textbooks, tutoring, ESA management fees and transportation (up to \$750 per school year).

In order to be eligible to apply for the program, children must be between the ages of 7 and 18, the ages required by the State to attend school, and must have attended a public school for 100 consecutive school days. In order to receive the grant, a school must meet certain requirements established by SB 302. Schools which may participate in the program and receive grant money include certain private schools, certain colleges and universities, certain programs of distance education, tutors and parents of the child. Participating entities must require students to take certain examinations. A parent may not establish an ESA for a child who will be homeschooled; however, a parent may become a "participating entity" by submitting an application to the State Treasurer. A homeschooled child is a child who receives instruction at home and who is exempt from compulsory attendance, and an opt-in child is a child for whom an ESA has been established, who is not enrolled full-time in a public or private school and receives all or a portion of his or her instruction from a participating entity.

Funds to make the grant into each ESA are derived by deducting the appropriate amount from the total apportionment to the school district. At least three lawsuits have been filed regarding SB 302. In one of these lawsuits, a Nevada district court judge issued an order on January 11, 2016 holding that SB 302 violates the Nevada constitution and enjoining the implementation of SB 302. This decision was appealed to the Nevada Supreme Court. On September 29, 2016, the supreme court rendered a decision upholding all provisions of SB 302 against constitutional challenges, but remanding one of the challenges to the district court for it

to enjoin deduction of funds from the State's Distribute School Account for the ESA program because of the lack of an appropriation of funds. The State has stated in a recent bond offering document that it cannot predict at this time whether legislative action will be taken to identify and authorize alternative sources of funding.

According to the State Treasurer, to date, approximately 7,800 applications have been filed. Since the lawsuits were filed, information from the State Treasurer has been very limited, including data pertaining only to the District. Until such time as the Treasurer's Office provides the District specific data, however, the potential impact on the District for this school year and future years is not known. The District is also unable to provide information regarding the long-term impact of SB 302 on the District.

Achievement Charter School Legislation

During the 2015 legislative session, the Nevada legislature adopted, and the Governor signed, Assembly Bill 448, codified at Chapter 539, Statutes of Nevada 2015 ("Chapter 539") with an effective date of July 1, 2016. Chapter 539 establishes the Achievement School District within the State Department of Education and authorizes certain underperforming schools to be converted to achievement charter schools sponsored by the Achievement School District. Pursuant to Chapter 539, the State Department of Education is authorized to select annually up to six schools in the State for conversion to achievement charter schools. Chapter 539 provides in part that an achievement charter school must continue to operate in the same building in which the school operated before being converted to an achievement charter school. The costs of achievement charter schools are generally funded from the sources that otherwise have been used by the county school district to fund the costs of the school, including through an apportionment of funds from the State Distributive School Fund based on the students in the achievement charter school. The board of trustees of the school district in which the achievement charter school is located must provide the use of the school building without compensation. In addition, while the school is operated as an achievement charter school, the governing body of the achievement charter school is to required pay all costs related to the maintenance and operation of the building and the board of trustees of the school district is required to pay all capital expenses. It is not possible to predict at this time what impact Chapter 539 will have on the District's finances, except that it will not impact the District's 43.00 cent per \$100 assessed valuation property tax imposed for debt repayment purposes.

General Fund

General. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds. Included are all transactions related to the approved current operating budget, its accompanying revenue, expenditures and encumbrances, and its related asset, liability, and fund equity accounts.

Sources of Funding. The operating revenues of school districts in Nevada are derived primarily from local and State sources. The districts also receives other miscellaneous and federal revenues.

Local Sources. The District’s local operating revenue sources are comprised largely of a countywide \$0.75 ad valorem property tax and the Local School Support sales and use taxes (the “LSST”), a sales and use tax currently equal to 2.60% of taxable sales.

The District projects receiving \$9,520,923 (15.9% of General Fund revenues) from the property tax and projects receiving \$20,690,173 (34.5% of General Fund revenues) from the LSST in fiscal year 2017, and the District received \$9,634,134 (16.2% of General Fund revenues) from the property tax and \$20,834,488 (35.1% of General Fund revenues) from the LSST in fiscal year 2016. Other local operating sources to the General Fund include governmental services taxes (taxes imposed on licensing of motor vehicles), earnings on investments, utility franchise fees and other local revenues.

State Sources. State revenue sources consist primarily of payments from the State Distributive School Account (the “DSA”) received pursuant to the Nevada Plan for School Finance (the “School Finance Plan”); State revenues also include transportation reimbursements.

The revenue for the DSA is received from the following five sources: (a) appropriation from the State General Fund; (b) a portion of the annual excise tax of \$250 for each slot machine operated in the State; (c) revenue from mineral leases on federal land; (d) interest earned on the Permanent School Fund established by the State Constitution; and (e) sales tax, currently at a rate of 2.60%, on out-of-state sales that cannot be attributed to a particular county.

Each school district’s share of State aid is set by the State legislature for the biennium in accordance with a formula set forth in the School Finance Plan. The School Finance Plan was adopted by the Nevada legislature in 1967 to compensate for wide local variations in resources and in cost per pupil. It is designed to provide reasonable equal educational opportunity and can be expressed in a formula partially on a per-pupil basis and partially on a per-program basis. The formula in the School Finance Plan contains four basic calculations: equalized basic support ratios, wealth adjustment factors, transportation allotments, and guaranteed basic support. To protect districts during times of declining enrollment, State law contains a “hold-harmless” provision which provides that the guaranteed level of funding is based on the higher of the current or the previous year’s enrollment (unless the decline in enrollment is more than 5%, in which case the funding is based on the higher of the current or the previous two years’ enrollment). The Legislature may amend the provisions of the School Finance Plan at any time, including the various funding formulas embedded within it, and has done so on numerous occasions in the past.

The per-pupil State guaranteed support for the District for fiscal years 2013-2017 was \$6,098, \$6,537, and \$6,637, \$6,908, and \$6,996, respectively. The District estimates receiving \$26,873,598 (44.8% of General Fund revenue) in State DSA funding in fiscal year 2017, and received \$26,011,999 (43.8% of General Fund revenue) in State DSA funding in fiscal year 2016.

The School Finance Plan provides a substantial guarantee of revenue support for the District’s General Fund budget. Under the School Finance Plan, the District is generally protected from fluctuations in receipts of the LSST (see “Local Sources” above) and from fluctuations in receipts with respect to one-third of the revenues generated by the \$0.75 (*i.e.*, as

to \$0.25) property tax levy for operating purposes (see “Local Sources” above) by virtue of the State’s guarantee of such receipts from those tax sources to the District. The effect of this guarantee is that over 75% of the District’s budgeted General Fund revenue is statutorily fixed as a State obligation and is therefore not generally subject to revenue fluctuations during the course of the school year. See “PROPERTY TAX INFORMATION--Required Property Tax Abatements.”

The Legislature may amend the provisions of the School Finance Plan at any time, including the various funding formulas embedded within it, and has done so on numerous occasions in the past. It is likely that the School Finance Plan will be amended in the future; there is no assurance that such amendments will not result in reduced funding to the District.

General Fund History of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

General. The following table provides a history of the financial operations for the District’s General Fund for fiscal years 2012 to 2017. The information for fiscal years 2012 through 2016 was derived from the District’s annual financial report for those years. The information for budgeted fiscal year 2017 was obtained from the District’s amended fiscal year 2017 budget, which was amended on December 13, 2016. The information in this table should be read together with the District’s audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the accompanying notes, which are included as Appendix A hereto. Financial statements for prior years can be obtained from the sources listed in “INTRODUCTION – Additional Information.”

General Fund History of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance⁽¹⁾

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	2012 Audited	2013 Audited	2014 Audited	2015 Audited	2016 Actual ⁽⁴⁾	2017 Budgeted
Revenues						
Local sources	\$28,955,034	\$29,461,862	\$29,005,406	\$30,275,019	\$33,276,655	\$32,947,143
State sources	23,629,294	23,840,782	27,051,261	26,339,365	26,011,999	26,781,503
Federal sources	<u>92,460</u>	<u>92,448</u>	<u>72,004</u>	<u>58,020</u>	<u>77,374</u>	<u>75,000</u>
Total revenues	<u>52,676,788</u>	<u>53,395,092</u>	<u>56,128,671</u>	<u>56,672,404</u>	<u>59,366,028</u>	<u>59,803,646</u>
Expenditures						
Current:						
Regular programs	24,669,297	26,609,243	25,017,704	24,079,688	23,356,842	24,937,769
Special programs	53,596	49,671	8,124	3,746	19,367	5,662
Vocational programs	1,819,611	1,969,579	1,727,794	2,371,028	2,492,083	2,318,713
Extra-curricular activities	1,399,189	589,908	552,106	534,711	557,957	628,467
Other instructional programs	905,739	1,099,296	999,119	1,176,208	3,026,820	3,159,801
Undistributed expenditures:						
Student support	2,911,423	2,909,958	2,674,119	2,744,806	2,902,708	2,842,599
Instructional staff support	1,577,864	1,953,859	1,594,136	1,763,556	1,625,984	2,118,844
General administration	475,972	508,801	448,933	492,689	517,929	564,634
School administration	3,128,135	3,285,776	3,416,898	3,502,331	3,569,040	4,057,666
Business administration	--	--	--	--	--	--
Operation and maintenance	6,459,336	6,124,660	6,486,714	6,458,844	6,362,240	6,612,236
Student transportation	1,588,330	1,629,997	1,693,860	1,506,464	1,813,162	1,932,054
Central support/services	2,773,528	3,244,325	3,609,557	3,189,678	3,785,242	4,219,674
Facilities acquisition/construction	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nutrition services	<u>3,299</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>--</u>
Total expenditures	<u>47,765,319</u>	<u>49,975,073</u>	<u>48,229,064</u>	<u>47,823,749</u>	<u>50,029,374</u>	<u>53,398,119</u>
Budgeted contingency	--	--	--	--	--	<u>1,000,000</u>
Total expenditures and budgeted contingency	<u>47,765,319</u>	<u>49,975,073</u>	<u>48,229,064</u>	<u>47,823,749</u>	<u>50,029,374</u>	<u>54,398,119</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>4,911,469</u>	<u>3,420,019</u>	<u>7,899,607</u>	<u>8,848,655</u>	<u>9,336,654</u>	<u>5,405,527</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses) ⁽²⁾						
Transfers out/to other funds ⁽²⁾	(7,208,042)	(5,338,074)	(6,547,105)	(7,318,031)	(7,572,451)	(8,239,900)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	<u>5,933</u>	<u>17,530</u>	<u>1,226</u>	<u>4,152</u>	--	<u>5,000</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,202,109)	(5,320,544)	(6,545,879)	(7,313,879)	(7,572,451)	(8,234,900)
Net change in fund balance	(2,290,640)	(1,900,525)	1,353,728	1,534,776	1,764,203	(2,829,373)
Fund balance as of July 1	<u>14,298,994</u>	<u>12,008,354</u>	<u>10,107,829</u>	<u>11,461,557</u>	<u>12,996,333</u>	<u>14,760,536</u>
Fund balance as of June 30	<u>\$12,008,354</u>	<u>\$10,107,829</u>	<u>\$11,461,557</u>	<u>\$12,996,333</u>	<u>\$14,760,536</u>	<u>\$11,931,163</u>
Reserved/Nonspendable in form ⁽³⁾	\$ 124,379	\$ 152,056	141,512	152,551	160,837	--
Designated/Assigned ⁽³⁾	\$ 5,170,774	\$ 2,754,241	1,208,652	2,609,128	2,271,008	5,115,956
Unreserved & Undesignated/Unassigned ⁽³⁾	\$ 6,713,201	\$ 7,201,532	10,111,393	10,234,654	12,328,691	6,815,207

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- (1) Totals may not add due to rounding.
 - (2) Comprised primarily of transfers to the Special Education Fund for special education programs.
 - (3) Effective in fiscal year 2010, GASB 54 changed the terminology for reporting fund balance. The GASB 54 categories are not directly comparable to the prior classifications.

Source: Derived from the District's audited Financial Statements for fiscal years 2012 through 2016, and the District's 2017 Final Budget.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to accumulate funds for payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds and other District obligations. Taxes generated by the District's existing bond property tax rate may be used for capital projects if they are not needed for the payment of the bonds and purposes related to bonds, including maintaining the required reserves.

The following table provides a history of the financial operations for the District's Debt Service Fund for fiscal years 2012 to 2017. The information for fiscal years 2012 through 2016 was derived from the District's annual financial report for those years. The information for budgeted fiscal year 2017 was obtained from the amended fiscal year 2017 budget, which was amended on December 13, 2016. The information in this table should be read together with the District's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the accompanying notes, which are included as Appendix A hereto. Financial statements for prior years can be obtained from the sources listed in "INTRODUCTION – Additional Information."

Debt Service Fund History of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	2012 Audited	2013 Audited	2014 Audited	2015 Audited	2016 Audited	2017 Budgeted
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$5,977,271	\$6,275,729	\$5,400,522	\$5,551,923	\$5,639,475	\$5,685,730
Other	--	--	--	--	39,827	--
Investment earnings	<u>72,029</u>	<u>21,624</u>	<u>78,913</u>	<u>54,998</u>	<u>89,082</u>	<u>100,000</u>
Total Revenues	<u>6,049,300</u>	<u>6,297,353</u>	<u>5,479,435</u>	<u>5,606,921</u>	<u>5,864,633</u>	<u>5,785,730</u>
Expenditures						
Principal retirement	12,471,000	2,177,000	2,339,000	3,531,000	3,603,000	3,615,000
Interest	2,890,539	2,427,154	2,358,972	2,218,378	2,063,144	1,724,182
Other	<u>500</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>187,526</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>--</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>15,308,039</u>	<u>4,604,654</u>	<u>4,697,972</u>	<u>5,936,904</u>	<u>5,666,143</u>	<u>5,339,182</u>
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(9,258,739)</u>	<u>1,692,699</u>	<u>781,463</u>	<u>(329,983)</u>	<u>198,490</u>	<u>446,548</u>
Other Financing Sources/Uses						
Transfer in ⁽¹⁾	472,000	260,000	260,000	260,000	276,481	--
Transfer out ⁽²⁾	(2,815,553)	(2,564,870)	--	(200,000)	--	(1,000,000)
Proceeds from refunding bonds	--	--	--	8,530,000	--	--
Premium on refunding bonds	--	--	--	657,922	--	--
Refunded bonds escrow agent	--	--	--	(8,991,192)	--	--
Energy rebates ⁽³⁾	<u>8,219,035</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>--</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>5,875,482</u>	<u>(2,304,870)</u>	<u>260,000</u>	<u>256,730</u>	<u>276,481</u>	<u>(1,000,000)</u>
Net change in fund balances	(3,383,257)	(612,171)	1,041,463	(73,253)	474,971	(553,452)
Fund balance, July 1	6,546,974	3,163,717	2,551,546	3,593,009	3,519,756	3,994,727
Fund balance, June 30	<u>\$3,163,717</u>	<u>\$2,551,546</u>	<u>\$3,595,009</u>	<u>\$3,519,756</u>	<u>\$3,994,727</u>	<u>\$3,441,275</u>

⁽¹⁾ Represents transfers in from the General Fund to pay debt service on the District's medium term obligations.

⁽²⁾ Represents transfers out for capital projects.

⁽³⁾ Represents amounts paid by a third party to the District that were used to prepay debt service on a prior series of the District's medium term obligations.

Source: Derived from the District's audited Financial Statements for fiscal years 2012 through 2016, and the District's 2017 Final Budget

Management’s Discussion and Analysis

An overview of the financial activity and overall financial condition of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, is presented in the “Management’s Discussion and Analysis” section of the audited financial statements attached to this Official Statement as Appendix A. The Management’s Discussion and Analysis includes a general description of the District’s funds and pertinent results in those funds, a district-wide financial analysis, a brief discussion of economic and budget factors impacting the 2015 fiscal year and other information, including information about State financial difficulties and declining enrollment in the District. Unless discussed in “Analysis of Recent Financial Developments” or elsewhere in this Official Statement, the District is not aware of any material adverse change in its financial condition since June 30, 2015.

Analysis of Recent Financial Developments

Fiscal Year 2017. Enrollment is expected to decrease 2.0 students (weighted basis using average daily enrollment). Revenues are budgeted to be up \$450,000 over fiscal year 2016, and expenses budgeted to be up \$3,370,000 from fiscal year 2016. Local revenues from property taxes are expected to increase very little due to the impact of Nevada’s abatement laws, with most growth coming from expected new construction. The District has received large increases in State grant revenues as there is a push to make more money available to education but with defined purpose and more accountability. Special education funding is flat from fiscal year 2016 to fiscal year 2017 after expecting an \$800,000 increase. The Local School Support Tax (“LSST”) is budgeted to decrease by \$145,000 based on Nevada Department of Taxation projections; however, LSST payments in fiscal year 2017 are coming in ahead of fiscal year 2016’s receipts to this point. All District negotiations with bargaining units have agreements with 1.25%-1.5% salary increases for both fiscal year 2017 and fiscal year 2018, which is accounted for in the budget. The adopted amended budget shows an expected deficit of \$1.8 million for fiscal year 2017, not including contingency.

Risk Management

The District, like all governmental entities, is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The District has joined together with similar public agencies (cities, counties, and special districts) throughout the State of Nevada to create a pool under the Nevada Interlocal Cooperation Act. The Nevada Public Agency Insurance Pool (the “Pool”) is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for its members. See Note 13 in the audited basic financial statements attached hereto as Appendix A for a description of the District’s risk management program and the coverage provided by the Pool. In the opinion of the District’s Director of Fiscal Services, the District’s insurance coverages provide adequate insurance protection for the District.

DEBT STRUCTURE

Debt Limitation

State statutes limit the aggregate principal amount of the District's general obligation debt to 15% of the District's total assessed valuation. The following table presents a record of the District's outstanding general obligation indebtedness with respect to its statutory debt limitation.

Statutory Debt Limitation

Fiscal Year Ended <u>June 30</u>	Assessed <u>Valuation</u> ⁽¹⁾	<u>Debt Limit</u>	Outstanding General <u>Obligation Debt</u>	Additional Statutory Debt <u>Capacity</u>
2013	1,432,220,928	214,833,139	55,598,000	159,235,139
2014	1,286,332,269	192,949,840	53,259,000	139,690,840
2015	1,338,006,691	200,701,003	50,063,000	150,638,003
2016	1,424,652,666	213,697,900	46,460,000	167,237,900
2017	1,511,939,926	226,790,989	61,490,000 ⁽²⁾	165,300,989

⁽¹⁾ Includes the assessed value of the Redevelopment Agency, which is included for purposes of calculating the debt limit.

⁽²⁾ Including the issuance of the Bonds.

Sources: The District; Property Tax Rates for Nevada Local Governments - Department of Taxation; State of Nevada.

Outstanding Debt and Other Obligations

Outstanding General Obligation Bonds. The following table presents the outstanding general obligation indebtedness of the District as of January 1, 2017, including the issuance of the Bonds.

Outstanding Debt and Other Obligations⁽¹⁾

	<u>Date Issued</u>	<u>Final Maturity</u>	<u>Original Amount</u>	<u>Amount Outstanding</u>
<u>GENERAL OBLIGATIONS BONDS</u> ⁽²⁾				
School Improvement Bonds, Series 2006	12/28/06	06/01/27	\$ 9,500,000	\$355,000
School Improvement Bonds, Series 2007	08/22/07	06/01/27	15,500,000	1,705,000
Refunding Bonds, Series 2010	08/04/10	12/01/20	10,705,000	5,585,000
School Improvement Bonds, Series 2011	02/23/11	06/01/31	16,000,000	8,280,000
School Improvement Bonds, Series 2011B	07/07/11	06/01/31	10,000,000	8,880,000
School Imp. & Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	03/06/12	06/01/32	4,025,000	3,645,000
Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	12/09/14	06/01/27	8,530,000	8,480,000
Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	07/28/16	06/01/31	9,560,000	9,560,000
School Improvement Bonds, Series 2017A (<i>this issue</i>)	02/08/17	06/01/37	15,000,000	<u>15,000,000</u>
Total				<u>\$61,490,000</u>

- (1) As of January 1, 2017, including the issuance of the Bonds. Does not include accrued compensated absences, deferred amounts from bonds issuance, arbitrage, other post employment benefits, remediation, and claims and judgments.
- (2) General obligation bonds secured by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the District. The ad valorem tax available to pay these bonds is limited to the \$3.64 statutory and the \$5.00 constitutional limit.

Source: The District and the Financial Advisor.

Additional Bonds. The District may issue general obligation bonds (including refunding bonds) by means of authority granted to it by its electorate or the Legislature or, under certain circumstances, without an election as provided in existing statutes. The District does not currently anticipate issuing any additional bonds within the next six months; however, it reserves the right to do so at any time.

Other Obligations. The District expects to incur approximately \$6,000,000 of obligations structured as an installment purchase agreement subject to annual appropriation for energy related improvements in early 2017. From time to time, the District may also enter into operating leases for items such as office equipment. The District also records liabilities for compensated absences. See Note 8 in the audited financial statements attached hereto as Appendix A for more information.

Total Debt Service Requirements - General Obligation Bonds

The following table illustrates the debt service requirements for the District's outstanding general obligation bonds repaid by the debt service property tax levy as of January 1 2017, including the Bonds.

Outstanding Debt Service Requirements - General Obligation Bonds

Fiscal Year Ended <u>June 30</u>	<u>General Obligation Bonds</u>		<u>Grand Total</u>
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	
2017	\$2,440,000	\$1,089,696	\$3,529,696
2018	3,590,000	2,288,994	5,878,994
2019	3,840,000	2,139,269	5,979,269
2020	4,060,000	1,977,681	6,037,681
2021	4,250,000	1,805,531	6,055,531
2022	3,865,000	1,662,556	5,527,556
2023	3,805,000	1,519,506	5,324,506
2024	3,745,000	1,359,556	5,104,556
2025	3,955,000	1,209,669	5,164,669
2026	4,065,000	1,043,319	5,108,319
2027	4,225,000	877,394	5,102,394
2028	3,120,000	738,294	3,858,294
2029	3,065,000	627,544	3,692,544
2030	3,165,000	515,894	3,680,894
2031	3,275,000	400,094	3,675,094
2032	1,195,000	279,600	1,474,600
2033	1,080,000	233,200	1,313,200
2034	1,120,000	190,000	1,310,000
2035	1,165,000	145,200	1,310,200
2036	1,210,000	98,600	1,308,600
2037	1,255,000	50,200	1,305,200
	<u>\$61,490,000</u>	<u>\$20,251,796</u>	<u>\$81,741,796</u>

Source: The District and the Financial Advisor.

TAX MATTERS

Federal Tax Matters

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, assuming continuous compliance with certain covenants described below, interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income under federal income tax laws pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended to the date of delivery of the Bonds (the “Tax Code”), and interest on the Bonds is excluded from alternative minimum taxable income as defined in Section 55(b)(2) of the Tax Code except that such interest is required to be included in calculating the “adjusted current earnings” adjustment applicable to corporations for purposes of computing the alternative minimum taxable income of corporations as described below.

The Tax Code imposes several requirements which must be met with respect to the Bonds in order for the interest thereon to be excluded from gross income and alternative minimum taxable income (except to the extent of the aforementioned adjustment applicable to corporations). Certain of these requirements must be met on a continuous basis throughout the term of the Bonds. These requirements include: (a) limitations as to the use of proceeds of the Bonds; (b) limitations on the extent to which proceeds of the Bonds may be invested in higher yielding investments; and (c) a provision, subject to certain limited exceptions, that requires all investment earnings on the proceeds of the Bonds above the yield on the Bonds to be paid to the United States Treasury. The District covenants and represents in the Bond Resolution that it will take all steps to comply with the requirements of the Tax Code to the extent necessary to maintain the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income and alternative minimum taxable income (except to the extent of the aforementioned adjustment applicable to corporations) under such federal income tax laws in effect when the Bonds are delivered. Bond Counsel’s opinion as to the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income and alternative minimum taxable income (to the extent described above) is rendered in reliance on these covenants, and assumes continuous compliance therewith. The failure or inability of the District to comply with these requirements could cause the interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income, alternative minimum taxable income or both from the date of issuance. Bond Counsel’s opinion also is rendered in reliance upon certifications of the District and other certifications furnished to Bond Counsel. Bond Counsel has not undertaken to verify such certifications by independent investigation.

Section 55 of the Tax Code contains a 20% alternative minimum tax on the alternative minimum taxable income of corporations. Under the Tax Code, 75% of the excess of a corporation’s “adjusted current earnings” over the corporation’s alternative minimum taxable income (determined without regard to this adjustment and the alternative minimum tax net operating loss deduction) is included in the corporation’s alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the alternative minimum tax applicable to the corporation. “Adjusted current earnings” includes interest on the Bonds.

The Tax Code contains numerous provisions which may affect an investor’s decision to purchase the Bonds. Owners of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of tax-exempt obligations by particular persons and entities, including, without limitation, financial institutions, insurance companies, recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry

tax-exempt obligations, foreign corporations doing business in the United States and certain “subchapter S” corporations may result in adverse federal and state tax consequences. Under Section 3406 of the Tax Code, backup withholding may be imposed on payments on the Bonds made to any owner who fails to provide certain required information, including an accurate taxpayer identification number, to certain persons required to collect such information pursuant to the Tax Code. Backup withholding may also be applied if the owner underreports “reportable payments” (including interest and dividends) as defined in Section 3406, or fails to provide a certificate that the owner is not subject to backup withholding in circumstances where such a certificate is required by the Tax Code. All of the Bonds were sold at a premium, representing a difference between the original offering price of those Bonds and the principal amount thereof payable at maturity. Under certain circumstances, an initial owner of such bonds (if any) may realize a taxable gain upon their disposition, even though such bonds are sold or redeemed for an amount equal to the owner’s acquisition cost. Bond Counsel’s opinion relates only to the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income and alternative minimum taxable income as described above and will state that no opinion is expressed regarding other federal tax consequences arising from the receipt or accrual of interest on or ownership of the Bonds. Owners of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the applicability of these consequences.

The opinions expressed by Bond Counsel are based on existing law as of the delivery date of the Bonds. No opinion is expressed as of any subsequent date nor is any opinion expressed with respect to pending or proposed legislation. Amendments to the federal or state tax laws may be pending now or could be proposed in the future that, if enacted into law, could adversely affect the value of the Bonds, the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income or alternative minimum taxable income or both from the date of issuance of the Bonds or any other date, the tax value of that exclusion for different classes of taxpayers from time to time, or that could result in other adverse tax consequences. In addition, future court actions or regulatory decisions could affect the tax treatment or market value of the Bonds. Owners of the Bonds are advised to consult with their own tax advisors with respect to such matters.

The Internal Revenue Service (the “Service”) has an ongoing program of auditing tax-exempt obligations to determine whether, in the view of the Service, interest on such tax-exempt obligations is includable in the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes. No assurances can be given as to whether or not the Service will commence an audit of the Bonds. If an audit is commenced, the market value of the Bonds may be adversely affected. Under current audit procedures the Service will treat the District as the taxpayer and the Bond owners may have no right to participate in such procedures. The District has covenanted in the Bond Resolution not to take any action that would cause the interest on the Bonds to lose its exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes or lose its exclusion from alternative minimum taxable income except to the extent described above for the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes. None of the District, the Financial Advisor, the Initial Purchaser, Bond Counsel or Special Counsel is responsible for paying or reimbursing any Bond holder with respect to any audit or litigation costs relating to the Bonds.

State Tax Exemption

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, the Bonds, their transfer, and the income therefrom are free and exempt from taxation by the State or any subdivision thereof except for the tax on estates imposed pursuant to Chapter 375A of NRS and the tax on generation-skipping transfers imposed pursuant to Chapter 375B of NRS.

LEGAL MATTERS

Litigation

In the opinion of the District's general counsel, there is no litigation or controversy of any nature now pending, or to the knowledge of the District's general counsel threatened: (i) restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds or (ii) in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings of the District taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof or the pledge or application of any moneys or security provided for the payment of the Bonds.

Approval of Certain Legal Proceedings

The approving opinion of Sherman & Howard L.L.C., as Bond Counsel, will be delivered with the Bonds. A form of the bond counsel opinion is attached to this Official Statement as Appendix D. The opinion will include a statement that the obligations of the District are subject to the reasonable exercise in the future by the State and its governmental bodies of the police power inherent in the sovereignty of the State and to the exercise by the United States of the powers delegated to it by the federal constitution, including bankruptcy. Sherman & Howard L.L.C. has also acted as Special Counsel to the District in connection with this Official Statement. Certain matters will be passed upon for the District by its general counsel.

Police Power

The obligations of the District are subject to the reasonable exercise in the future by the State and its governmental bodies of the police power and powers of taxation inherent in the sovereignty of the State, and to the exercise by the United States of the powers delegated to it by the federal constitution (including bankruptcy).

Sovereign Immunity

Pursuant to State statute (NRS 41.035), an award for damages in an action sounding in tort against the District may not include any amount as exemplary or punitive damages and is limited to \$100,000 per cause of action. The limitation does not apply to federal actions brought under federal law such as civil rights actions under 42 U.S.C. Section 1983 and actions under The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (P.L. 101-336), or to actions in other states.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The audited basic financial statements of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, attached hereto as Appendix A, have been audited by Rife Silva & Co. LLC, certified public accountants, Reno, Nevada, to the extent and for the period stated in their report appearing herein.

The audited financial statements of the District, including the auditor's report thereon, are public documents and pursuant to State law no consent from the auditors is required to be obtained prior to inclusion of the audited financial statements in this Official Statement. Accordingly, the District has not requested consent from its auditors. Rife Silva & Co. LLC, the District's independent auditor has not been engaged to perform and has not performed, since the date of its report included herein, any procedures on the financial statements addressed in that report. Rife Silva & Co. LLC, also has not performed any procedures relating to this Official Statement.

RATING

Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") has assigned the Bonds the rating shown on the cover page of this Official Statement. Such rating reflects only the views of the rating agency and there is no assurance that any rating, once received, will continue for any given period of time or that any rating will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency if, in its judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds. Except for its responsibilities under the Disclosure Certificate, the District has not undertaken any responsibility to bring to the attention of the owners of the Bonds any proposed change in or withdrawal of such ratings once received or to oppose any such proposed revision.

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

JNA Consulting Group, LLC, is serving as Financial Advisor to the District in connection with the Bonds. The Financial Advisor has not audited, authenticated, or otherwise verified the information set forth in this Official Statement, or any other related information set forth in this Official Statement, or any other information available to the District, with respect to the accuracy and completeness of disclosure of such information and no guarantee, warranty, or other representation is made by the Financial Advisor respecting accuracy and completeness of this Official Statement or any other matter related to this Official Statement.

UNDERWRITING

The District sold the Bonds at public sale to J.P. Morgan Securities LLC (the "Initial Purchaser") at a purchase price equal to \$17,088,986.30 (equal to the par amount of the Bonds, plus original issue premium of \$2,202,480.05, and less underwriting discount of \$113,493.75).

OFFICIAL STATEMENT CERTIFICATION

The undersigned official of the District hereby confirms and certifies that the execution and delivery of this Official Statement and its use in connection with the offering and sale of the Bonds have been duly authorized by the Board.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEVADA

By: Andrew J. Feuling
Director of Fiscal Services

APPENDIX A

**COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF CARSON CITY
SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEVADA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016**

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
District-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Activities	16
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities	21
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
General Fund	22
<i>Major Special Revenue Funds:</i>	
Federal Grants Fund	28
Special Education Fund	32
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	34
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	35
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	36
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	37
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	38
Notes to the Financial Statements	39
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits	66
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	67
Schedule of District's Contributions to Nevada PERS	68

Continued on next page.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Major Governmental Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –

Budget and Actual:

Debt Service Fund 69

Bond Issues Fund 70

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet 71

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund
Balances 74

Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –

Budget and Actual:

Adult Education Fund 77

Adult Education Prison System Fund 78

Nutrition Services Fund 79

Gifts and Donations Fund 80

Class Size Reduction Fund 83

Summer and Remediation Programs Fund 84

Teacher Supply Reimbursement Fund 85

Medicaid Program Fund 86

Local Grants Fund 87

State Grants Fund 89

Capital Projects Fund 92

Proprietary Funds – Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Net Position 93

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position 94

Combining Statement of Cash Flows 95

Unemployment Insurance Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position –

Budget and Actual 96

Schedule of Cash Flows – Budget and Actual 97

Continued on next page.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES *(Cont'd.)*

Proprietary Funds – Internal Service Funds *(Cont'd.)*

Health Insurance Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Budget and Actual	98
Schedule of Cash Flows – Budget and Actual	99

Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Budget and Actual	100
Schedule of Cash Flows – Budget and Actual	101

Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	102
Schedules of Changes in Cash Balances - Student Activity Agency Funds	
Carson Elementary Schools	104
Carson Middle School	105
Eagle Valley Middle School	107
Carson High School	108
Alternative Education	112
Adult High School Diploma Program	113

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance And Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	114
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	116
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	118
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	120
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	121
Independent Auditors' Comments	123



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees
Carson City School District
Carson City, Nevada

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carson City School District, Carson City, Nevada (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Board of Trustees of the
Carson City School District

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carson City School District as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in its financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, the Federal Grants Fund, and the Special Education Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis; the Schedule of Funding Progress related to the District's other postemployment benefits; and the pension system schedules of funding progress and employer contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Board of Trustees of the
Carson City School District

Other Matter

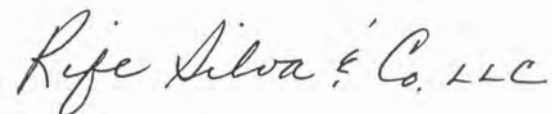
Prior-Year Comparative Information

The financial statements of the Carson City School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, were audited by Silva & Co., LLC, who joined with Jeff J. Rife & Associates on August 1, 2016 to form Rife Silva & Co, LLC, and whose report dated November 20, 2015, expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The summarized comparative information presented in the basic financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it was derived.

The nonmajor combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules related to the 2015 financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2015 financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2015 basic financial statements and certain other additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. The individual fund financial statements and schedules are consistent in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Reno, Nevada
October 27, 2016

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Carson City School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Carson City School District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) District-wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the District through the use of district-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the District.

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the **District-wide Financial Statements**. (These are sometimes referred to as Government-wide Financial Statements.) They provide both short and long-term information about the District's financial status.

The next statements are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the District. These statements provide more detail than the district-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the proprietary fund statements; and 3) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements.

Supplemental information includes combining and individual fund statements and schedules, budget to actual and prior year comparisons, and is presented in the section following the notes.

District-wide Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Carson City School District's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. The District has no functions in the business-type category, which results in the entire statement representing governmental activities. The District-wide financial statements are on pages 15 - 16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the District's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) and the District's regulations. The District's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the District's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in reconciliations (pages 18 and 21) that are a part of the fund financial statements.

The focus of the governmental fund statements is on major funds. The District has 16 individual governmental funds of which the following are considered major funds:

- ◇ General Fund
- ◇ Special Education Fund
- ◇ Federal Grants Fund
- ◇ Debt Service Fund

These funds are disclosed separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The remaining 12 nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in these statements. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor funds is reported within the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules section and beginning on page 71 of this report.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds are comprised of enterprise funds and internal service funds. As previously discussed, the District has no business-type activities to be accounted for in enterprise funds. *Internal Service Funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the functions of the District. The District uses three internal service funds to account for its risk financing of employees' health care and unemployment compensation as well as the self-insurance of workers' compensation. Because internal service fund operations primarily benefit governmental funds, they are included in the governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary Funds account for resources held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for the benefit of others; as such, fiduciary funds are not included in the district-wide statements. Within this fund type, the District accounts for assets held in custodial capacity as an agent for the Student Activity Funds. The District also maintains a Private-Purpose Special Pay Plan Trust Fund which accounts for funds contributed for the benefit of retiring or terminating employees.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 39 – 65 of this report.

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the District implemented GASB Statements No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, and No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. These accounting standards required participants in a multi-employer cost sharing plan to:

- Record a proportionate share of the net pension liability on our statement of net position.
- Record a proportionate share of pension expense (as defined by the new GASB statements) on our statement of activities.
- Report additional note disclosures and required supplementary information.

As such, the District included its proportionate share of the Nevada Public Employees' Retirement Plan within the District's financial statements effective July 1, 2014. The effect of the adoption was to decrease July 1, 2014 beginning net position by \$76.2 million and the inclusion of the obligation, and related deferred inflows and outflows, in the June 30, 2015 District-wide financial statements. All governments participating in the retirement plan were required to adopt these new standards. A discussion of the effects of these standards during this second year can be found primarily in Note 9 to these statements, beginning on page 55 of this report.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The largest component of the District's net position (68%) reflects the District's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt that was issued to acquire those items. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position (deficit) for 2016 compared to 2015.

DISTRICT'S NET POSITION

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>Change</u>	
	<i>(In Millions)</i>			
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 38.7	\$ 34.3	\$ 4.4	12.8%
Net capital assets	91.9	95.4	(3.5)	-3.7%
Total Assets	<u>130.6</u>	<u>129.7</u>	<u>0.9</u>	<u>0.7%</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>13.4</u>	<u>11.2</u>	<u>2.2</u>	<u>19.6%</u>
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	12.3	14.4	(2.1)	-14.6%
Long-term liabilities	130.4	122.6	7.8	6.4%
Total Liabilities	<u>142.7</u>	<u>137.0</u>	<u>5.7</u>	<u>4.2%</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>9.8</u>	<u>17.0</u>	<u>(7.2)</u>	<u>-42.4%</u>
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	44.0	43.7	0.3	0.7%
Restricted	4.7	4.4	0.3	6.8%
Unrestricted	<u>(57.2)</u>	<u>(61.2)</u>	<u>4.0</u>	<u>6.5%</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ (8.5)</u>	<u>\$ (13.1)</u>	<u>\$ 4.6</u>	<u>35.1%</u>

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table provides details of the District's activities for the current year and the immediately preceding year.

DISTRICT'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

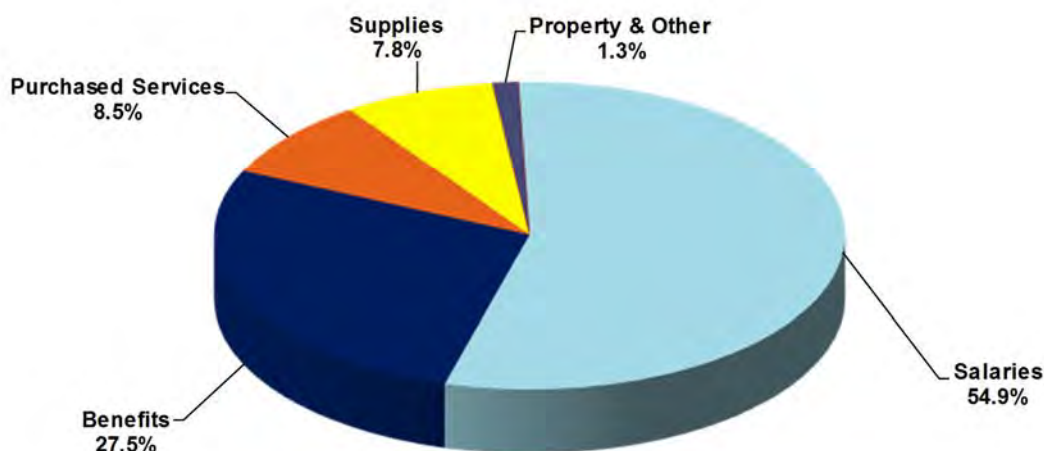
	Governmental Activities	
	2016	2015
Revenues	<i>(In Millions)</i>	
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	0.9	0.6
Operating grants and contributions	16.0	15.6
General revenues:		
Property taxes	15.4	14.7
Local school support taxes	20.8	18.7
Government service taxes	2.4	2.2
State aid not restricted to specific purposes	31.0	31.1
Other revenues	1.1	0.9
Total Revenues	87.6	83.8
Expenses		
Instruction	50.3	48.6
Support services	24.1	24.0
Nutrition services	2.9	2.8
Facilities acquisition/improvement	3.8	4.1
Interest on long-term debt	1.9	2.2
Total Expenses	83.0	81.7
Change in Net Position (Deficit)	4.6	2.1
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of year	(13.1)	(15.2)
Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ (8.5)	\$ (13.1)

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Education is labor intensive, which is evident from the following chart. This chart displays the expenditures (by object) for the District's General and Special Revenue Funds:

**General and Special Revenue Funds
Expenditures by Object**



Debt Service Fund

The June 30, 2016 fund balance of \$4.0 million, combined with revenues budgeted for the 2016-17 year of \$5.7 million exceed the 2016-17 anticipated debt service requirements of \$5.3 million on the District's general obligation debt.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Nevada's school districts are funded in large part based on student enrollment at the end of the first school month. State statutes require all school districts to amend their General Fund budgets after "count day" enrollment is known. This amended budget was approved by the Board of Trustees. During the year, the Director of Fiscal Services is authorized to transfer appropriations between accounts and funds, subject to the subsequent approval by the Board of Trustees. The final revision to the budget (which required board approval) was authorized on June 28, 2016.

The **Budget-to-Actual information** contained within these financial statements present the original and final budget and the variance between the final budget and the current year actual results. The overall variance between actual expenditures and the final budget in the General Fund is primarily the result of continued efforts by the District to operate efficiently in the face of challenging economic circumstances.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

DEBT ADMINISTRATION AND CAPITAL ASSETS

Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2016, the District's debt was comprised of the following:

Outstanding General Obligation Debt

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
	<i>(In Millions)</i>	
Property Tax Paid Bonds	\$ 48.6	\$ 49.8
Medium-Term Bonds	-	0.3
	<u>\$ 48.6</u>	<u>\$ 50.1</u>

The District's outstanding debt decreased by \$1.5 million, or 3.0%, during the current fiscal year. Principal and interest payments on the General Obligation Bonds for the 2016-17 fiscal year are scheduled to total \$5.3 million.

The District is limited by state statutes as to the amount of general obligation debt it can have outstanding. The limit is equal to 15% of the District's total assessed property valuation, or \$213.7 million. As of June 30, 2016, the District's general obligation debt outstanding did not exceed its statutory limit.

Additional detail with respect to the District's debt can be found on pages 54 – 55 of these statements.

Capital Assets

The District's capital assets as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
	<i>(In Millions)</i>	
Land	\$ 0.4	\$ 0.4
Construction in progress	-	0.4
Buildings and improvements	88.8	91.8
Equipment and vehicles	2.7	2.8
	<u>\$ 91.9</u>	<u>\$ 95.4</u>

The net decrease in the District's net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) for the current fiscal year was 1.6%. Additional detail can be found on pages 53 - 54 of these statements.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Enrollment and Funding

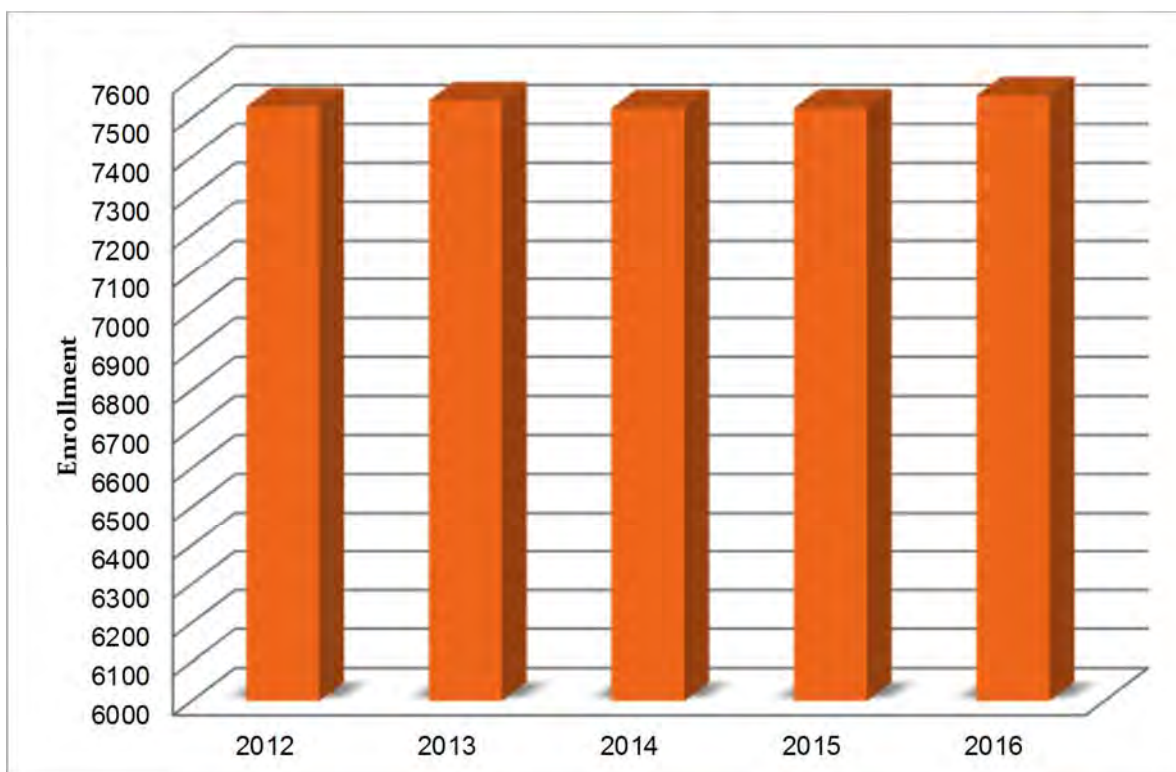
Nevada's school districts are funded primarily through the Nevada State Distributive School Account (DSA), property taxes, and local school support taxes. Changes in any of the economic or other factors that affect these funding sources will affect the level of support received for a given year.

Nevada's school districts are highly dependent on the economic condition of the State. Nevada's formula for school district funding guarantees the majority of operating revenue by making up any shortfall in ad valorem or LSST collections. For the 2015-16 school year, the District (as did all Nevada's school districts) received full funding in accordance with the 2015 biennial state budget.

One of the factors determining the amount of DSA funding received is the weighted student enrollment within the District.

Provided below is a chart that depicts the District's recent (2011-12 through 2015-16) pupil enrollment. (Data for 2016 was generated by the full year ADE instead of the count day number.)

District Enrollment 2011-12 through 2015-16



CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

A large percentage of revenues received by the District is provided through the State Distributive School Account (DSA) monies or basic support guarantee for school districts. These revenues are based on a weighted average per pupil within total enrollment. The formula weights pre-kindergarten (pre-k) and kindergarten (k) students at 0.6, while first through twelfth grades are given a weight of 1.0, thus reducing the per pupil funding for pre-k and k grade levels.

Additionally, although the current School Finance Plan was designed with intended stability in mind, SB500 from the 2013 Legislative Session resulted in a Task Force recommendation to change the financial support of school districts by implementing a funding formula that takes into account the needs of special student populations. As a result, the 2015 Legislative Session did bring about sweeping changes to the DSA formula. While some areas, such as enrollment for DSA funding purposes, have been defined and were in place for the 2015-16 fiscal year, others, such as Special Education Funding, have become a function of enrollment as well for the 2016-2017 fiscal year. Additional per pupil funding is slated to be phased in over the next five fiscal years for the enrollment of Gifted and Talented, English Language Learners, and Free and Reduced Students as well.

As previously discussed, Nevada's school districts are funded in large part based on student enrollment. The methodology for enrollment was changed in the 2015 Legislative Session by moving to an "average daily enrollment," or ADE model. ADE is calculated by taking the total number of pupils enrolled during a reporting period divided by the number of days school is in session during that period. Days school is in session is defined as instruction days as they appear on the Nevada Department of Education approved school calendar.

Also, the prior "hold harmless" provisions of the DSA formula were eliminated. To protect districts during times of declining enrollment, State law had contained a "hold-harmless" provision which provided that the guaranteed level of funding was based on the higher of the current or the previous year's enrollment (unless the decline in enrollment was more than 5%, in which case the funding was based on the higher of the current or the previous two year's enrollment). Now, Districts will only qualify for "hold-harmless" status if their enrollment decreased by more than 5%, and it will only then look to the previous year's ADE.

In the future, the DSA formula will no longer be weighted as the State has continued to place more emphasis and provide more funding for Full-Day Kindergarten (FDK) programs. Although DSA monies will be paid using the weighted formula through 2016-17, starting in 2017-18 the weighted factors will be removed, and each enrolled student will count as 1.0 fully funded unit, and as such, FDK funding will be eliminated.

As certain components of the new allocation method are not yet finalized, it is unclear how these pending changes will impact the District. Additionally, AB421 of the 2015 Legislature created the Spending and Government Efficiencies (SAGE) Commission that will submit periodic recommendations to the Governor of Nevada over the next eighteen months regarding identifying areas in which K-12 public education costs may be reduced, or identify areas of increased efficiencies with K-12 public education, or any means by

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

which the public education of the State of Nevada may be improved. A final report will be submitted to the Governor and the Legislative Council Bureau for the 79th Session of the Nevada Legislature (2017). Clearly, the DSA formula will continue to be subject to review and potential revisions. As such, there is a high likelihood that the District will continue to be impacted in some manner by future amendments to the funding model. The District is diligent in its on-going evaluation of its staffing levels relative to State guaranteed funding, Federal grant programs, pupil enrollment levels, and other costs, with the goal of ensuring continuity and stability of its educational programs.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This report is designed to provide an overview of Carson City School District's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Andrew Feuling, Director of Fiscal Services, 1402 West King Street, Carson City, Nevada 89702 or via email at afeuling@carson.k12.nv.us.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT) JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 27,047,632
Receivables	11,432,897
Inventories	158,841
Prepaid expenses	35,257
Capital assets, net	91,930,594
Total Assets	<u>130,605,221</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred charge on refunding	660,061
Deferred outflows related to pensions	12,724,145
	<u>13,384,206</u>
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	<u>143,989,427</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	3,178,404
Accrued liabilities	8,721,787
Interest payable	173,560
Unearned revenues	196,725
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	3,645,874
Due in more than one year	46,010,110
Obligation for other postemployment benefits	5,370,703
Net pension liability	75,395,446
Total Liabilities	<u>142,692,609</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	<u>9,754,961</u>
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	<u>152,447,570</u>
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Net investment in capital assets	44,037,083
Restricted for:	
Debt service	3,994,727
Capital projects	690,316
Unrestricted	<u>(57,180,269)</u>
Total Net Position (Deficit)	<u><u>\$ (8,458,143)</u></u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PROGRAMS/FUNCTIONS	EXPENSES	PROGRAM REVENUES		NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
		CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Regular programs	\$ 29,870,608	\$ -	\$ 7,157,541	\$ (22,713,067)
Special programs	11,717,283	455,689	1,568,001	(9,693,593)
Vocational programs	2,990,287	-	591,446	(2,398,841)
Adult Education programs	1,275,245	-	-	(1,275,245)
Extra and Cocurricular activities	550,683	-	6,781	(543,902)
Other Instructional programs	3,864,331	20,350	910,656	(2,933,325)
Community Services	82,533	-	-	(82,533)
Support Services:				
Student support	3,634,393	-	892,329	(2,742,064)
Instructional staff support	3,722,398	-	2,280,534	(1,441,864)
General administration	507,243	-	1,181	(506,062)
School administration	3,457,147	-	6,375	(3,450,772)
Central services	3,915,086	-	168,505	(3,746,581)
Operation and maintenance	6,264,801	-	57,114	(6,207,687)
Student transportation	1,956,468	-	71,238	(1,885,230)
Other support	518,913	-	-	(518,913)
Nutrition services	2,927,519	465,652	2,282,949	(178,918)
Facilities acquisition/construction	3,806,714	-	1,882	(3,804,832)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,895,040	-	-	(1,895,040)
Total School District	\$ 82,956,692	\$ 941,691	\$ 15,996,532	(66,018,469)

General Revenues:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$ 9,634,134
Property taxes, levied for debt service	5,735,724
Local school support taxes	20,834,488
Government service taxes for general purposes	1,867,178
Government service taxes for capital purposes	534,820
Franchise taxes	81,842
Earnings on investments	106,181
Other local sources	938,879
State aid not restricted to specific purposes	30,976,098
Total General Revenues	70,709,344
Change in Net Position	4,690,875
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), July 1, 2015	(13,149,018)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), June 30, 2016	\$ (8,458,143)

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2015)

	GENERAL FUND	FEDERAL GRANTS FUND	SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	NON-MAJOR GOV'T FUNDS	TOTALS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
						2016	2015
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 12,708,059	\$ -	\$ 2,353,680	\$ 3,910,280	\$ 2,538,167	\$ 21,510,186	\$ 18,320,495
Receivables	6,700,407	2,597,239	24,460	131,043	1,979,700	11,432,849	10,867,926
Due from other funds	2,446,580	-	-	-	-	2,446,580	2,865,498
Inventories	127,426	-	-	-	31,415	158,841	164,954
Prepaid expenditures	33,411	-	-	-	-	33,411	25,945
Total Assets	<u>\$ 22,015,883</u>	<u>\$ 2,597,239</u>	<u>\$ 2,378,140</u>	<u>\$ 4,041,323</u>	<u>\$ 4,549,282</u>	<u>\$ 35,581,867</u>	<u>\$ 32,244,818</u>
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 1,922,697	\$ 249,939	\$ 5,111	\$ 46,596	\$ 942,057	\$ 3,166,400	\$ 1,174,706
Accrued liabilities	5,332,650	624,802	1,497,295	-	1,112,297	8,567,044	8,786,316
Due to other funds	-	1,717,077	-	-	729,503	2,446,580	2,865,498
Unearned revenues	-	5,421	-	-	191,304	196,725	254,667
Total Liabilities	<u>7,255,347</u>	<u>2,597,239</u>	<u>1,502,406</u>	<u>46,596</u>	<u>2,975,161</u>	<u>14,376,749</u>	<u>13,081,187</u>
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable	160,837	-	-	-	31,415	192,252	190,899
Restricted	-	-	-	3,994,727	690,316	4,685,043	4,326,381
Assigned	2,271,008	-	875,734	-	852,390	3,999,132	4,411,697
Unassigned	12,328,691	-	-	-	-	12,328,691	10,234,654
Total Fund Balance	<u>14,760,536</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>875,734</u>	<u>3,994,727</u>	<u>1,574,121</u>	<u>21,205,118</u>	<u>19,163,631</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 22,015,883</u>	<u>\$ 2,597,239</u>	<u>\$ 2,378,140</u>	<u>\$ 4,041,323</u>	<u>\$ 4,549,282</u>	<u>\$ 35,581,867</u>	<u>\$ 32,244,818</u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT) JUNE 30, 2016

Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 21,205,118
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 167,187,330	
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(75,256,736)</u>	91,930,594
Deferred outflows related to pension payments made subsequent to the measurement date.		12,724,145
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and the noncurrent liability for compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Bonds payable	(46,460,000)	
Bond premium, net	(2,093,572)	
Deferred charges on refunding, net	660,061	
Compensated absences	<u>(1,102,412)</u>	(48,995,923)
The liability for interest on bonds is reported in the fund statements when due and as accrued in the Statement of Activities.		(173,560)
The liability for estimated future payments of benefits to be provided to current and future retirees is not reported as a fund liability since these costs will not be paid from current resources.		(5,370,703)
Net pension obligations do not present a claim on current financial resources and are not reported as fund liabilities.		(75,395,446)
Deferred inflows related to pension investment returns and changes in assumptions are not reported in the governmental funds.		(9,754,961)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net positions of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.		<u>5,372,593</u>
Net Position (Deficit) - Governmental Activities		<u><u>\$ (8,458,143)</u></u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016
(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	GENERAL FUND	FEDERAL GRANTS FUND	SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	NON-MAJOR GOV'T FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
						2016	2015
REVENUES							
Local sources	\$ 33,276,655	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,864,633	\$ 1,207,543	\$ 40,348,831	\$ 37,061,522
State sources	26,011,999	-	3,636,373	-	8,763,943	38,412,315	36,895,604
Federal sources	77,374	6,123,998	-	-	2,685,049	8,886,421	9,850,807
Total Revenues	59,366,028	6,123,998	3,636,373	5,864,633	12,656,535	87,647,567	83,807,933
EXPENDITURES							
Regular programs	23,356,842	1,271,595	-	-	6,243,249	30,871,686	31,476,036
Special programs	19,367	1,163,479	10,032,003	-	909,987	12,124,836	11,504,346
Vocational programs	2,492,083	235,659	-	-	341,406	3,069,148	2,588,999
Adult Education programs	-	-	-	-	1,323,159	1,323,159	1,876,622
Extra and Cocurricular activities	557,957	-	-	-	5,916	563,873	538,060
Other Instructional programs	2,978,738	372,739	-	-	564,627	3,916,104	1,300,761
Community Services programs	48,082	38,356	-	-	400	86,838	335,252
Undistributed Expenditures:							
Student support	2,902,708	624,803	-	-	228,144	3,755,655	3,552,651
Instructional staff support	1,625,984	1,808,899	-	-	366,474	3,801,357	4,506,757
General administration	517,929	-	-	-	375	518,304	493,402
School administration	3,569,040	-	-	-	837	3,569,877	3,502,331
Central services	3,737,925	153,668	-	-	-	3,891,593	3,448,794
Operation and maintenance	6,362,240	-	-	-	-	6,362,240	6,496,744
Student transportation	1,813,162	63,983	-	-	673	1,877,818	1,585,537
Other support services	47,317	302,077	-	-	169,250	518,644	61,452
Nutrition services	-	42,334	-	-	2,948,717	2,991,051	2,847,682
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	46,406	-	-	651,348	697,754	2,995,339

Continued on next page.

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016
(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	GENERAL FUND	FEDERAL GRANTS FUND	SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	NON-MAJOR GOV'T FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
						2016	2015
Debt Service:							
Principal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,603,000	\$ -	\$ 3,603,000	\$ 3,531,000
Interest	-	-	-	2,063,143	-	2,063,143	2,218,378
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	187,526
Total Expenditures	<u>50,029,374</u>	<u>6,123,998</u>	<u>10,032,003</u>	<u>5,666,143</u>	<u>13,754,562</u>	<u>85,606,080</u>	<u>85,047,669</u>
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>9,336,654</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(6,395,630)</u>	<u>198,490</u>	<u>(1,098,027)</u>	<u>2,041,487</u>	<u>(1,239,736)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,152
Proceeds from refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,530,000
Premium on refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	657,922
Refunded bonds escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,991,192)
Transfers from other funds	-	-	6,343,172	276,481	976,890	7,596,543	7,565,961
Transfers to other funds	(7,572,451)	-	-	-	(24,092)	(7,596,543)	(7,565,961)
	<u>(7,572,451)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,343,172</u>	<u>276,481</u>	<u>952,798</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>200,882</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,764,203	-	(52,458)	474,971	(145,229)	2,041,487	(1,038,854)
FUND BALANCES, July 1	<u>12,996,333</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>928,192</u>	<u>3,519,756</u>	<u>1,719,350</u>	<u>19,163,631</u>	<u>20,202,485</u>
FUND BALANCES, June 30	<u>\$ 14,760,536</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 875,734</u>	<u>\$ 3,994,727</u>	<u>\$ 1,574,121</u>	<u>\$ 21,205,118</u>	<u>\$ 19,163,631</u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,041,487
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.	(3,478,605)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	3,603,000
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding debt, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	27,921
Discount or premium realized at the time of incurring debt are recognized as an expenditure and other financing source or use respectively in the governmental funds. These items are accrued and deferred in the Statement of Activities and amortized over the life of the new debt.	140,181
The change in the long-term portion of compensated absences is reported in the Statement of Activities. These do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(345,156)
Change in pension expense related to deferred items.	2,387,110
The full cost of postemployment benefits to current employees earned during the current year and the amortization of the past cost is recognized as an expense in the Statement of Activities while only the current contributions are reported in the fund statements.	(362,316)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net income (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	<u>677,253</u>
Change in Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 4,690,875</u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Local Sources:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 9,442,919	\$ 9,442,919	\$ 9,634,134	\$ 191,215	\$ 9,150,377
School support taxes	18,312,048	18,312,048	20,834,488	2,522,440	18,686,090
Franchise taxes	125,000	150,000	81,842	(68,158)	155,289
Governmental services tax	1,720,689	1,720,690	1,867,178	146,488	1,721,536
Transportation fees	105,000	105,000	90,907	(14,093)	87,128
Earnings on investments	10,000	6,800	17,099	10,299	6,893
Income from pupil activities	105,000	90,000	53,097	(36,903)	70,493
Other	191,550	166,708	226,311	59,603	164,625
Grant indirect cost recovery	320,000	288,616	471,599	182,983	232,588
Total Local Sources	30,332,206	30,282,781	33,276,655	2,993,874	30,275,019
State Sources:					
Distributive school account	26,645,024	28,006,122	26,011,999	(1,994,123)	26,339,365
Federal Sources:					
Restricted	80,000	63,000	72,247	9,247	53,429
Unrestricted	-	-	5,127	5,127	4,591
Total Federal Sources	80,000	63,000	77,374	14,374	58,020
Total Revenues	57,057,230	58,351,903	59,366,028	1,014,125	56,672,404
EXPENDITURES					
Regular Programs:					
Instruction:					
Salaries	15,533,047	14,843,551	14,703,911	139,640	15,483,503
Benefits	7,692,648	7,167,805	7,091,283	76,522	7,404,768
Purchased services	112,200	88,147	56,385	31,762	76,369
Supplies	1,032,198	1,764,942	1,504,826	260,116	1,113,394
Property	24,643	7,000	-	7,000	-
Other	-	485	437	48	1,654
	24,394,736	23,871,930	23,356,842	515,088	24,079,688
Special Programs:					
Instruction:					
Salaries	-	6,000	5,453	547	3,719
Benefits	-	500	447	53	27
Supplies	-	15,903	13,467	2,436	-
	-	22,403	19,367	3,036	3,746

Continued on next page.

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Special Programs:					
Other Direct Support:					
Supplies	\$ 14,389	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Special Programs	14,389	22,403	19,367	3,036	3,746
Vocational Programs:					
Instruction:					
Salaries	1,605,913	1,664,390	1,659,119	5,271	1,559,097
Benefits	813,458	819,972	808,190	11,782	743,462
Purchased services	-	1,000	-	1,000	-
Supplies	45,270	31,471	24,774	6,697	8,961
	2,464,641	2,516,833	2,492,083	24,750	2,311,520
Other Direct Support:					
Salaries	40,455	2,980	-	2,980	39,374
Benefits	24,644	1,853	-	1,853	20,134
Purchased services	-	300	-	300	-
	65,099	5,133	-	5,133	59,508
Total Vocational Programs	2,529,740	2,521,966	2,492,083	29,883	2,371,028
Extra and Cocurricular Activities:					
Cocurricular Activities:					
Instruction:					
Salaries	41,600	44,390	42,628	1,762	42,129
Benefits	832	889	876	13	1,111
Purchased services	-	8,744	1,790	6,954	-
Supplies	-	6,291	1,438	4,853	-
	42,432	60,314	46,732	13,582	43,240
Other Direct Support:					
Salaries	44,116	84,380	48,528	35,852	47,758
Benefits	22,942	21,990	22,907	(917)	22,328
Supplies	10,000	-	-	-	-
	77,058	106,370	71,435	34,935	70,086
Total Cocurricular Activities	119,490	166,684	118,167	48,517	113,326

Continued on next page.

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Athletics:					
Instruction:					
Salaries	\$ 179,900	\$ 181,480	\$ 176,800	\$ 4,680	\$ 172,433
Benefits	9,144	9,220	6,828	2,392	6,862
Purchased services	46,000	57,619	54,847	2,772	62,449
Supplies	90,000	102,452	86,823	15,629	52,604
Other	10,000	12,599	11,965	634	13,385
	<u>335,044</u>	<u>363,370</u>	<u>337,263</u>	<u>26,107</u>	<u>307,733</u>
Student Transportation:					
Purchased services	19,000	17,600	8,017	9,583	8,636
Other Direct Support:					
Salaries	83,172	90,277	71,651	18,626	80,041
Benefits	23,223	48,002	22,859	25,143	22,508
Purchased services	-	-	-	-	2,437
Supplies	-	-	-	-	30
	<u>106,395</u>	<u>138,279</u>	<u>94,510</u>	<u>43,769</u>	<u>105,016</u>
Total Athletics	<u>460,439</u>	<u>519,249</u>	<u>439,790</u>	<u>79,459</u>	<u>421,385</u>
Total Extra and Cocurricular	<u>579,929</u>	<u>685,933</u>	<u>557,957</u>	<u>127,976</u>	<u>534,711</u>
Other Instructional Programs:					
Instruction:					
Salaries	1,570,339	1,559,114	1,488,056	71,058	506,512
Benefits	881,827	861,682	789,188	72,494	231,870
Purchased services	2,000	18,078	17,865	213	670
Supplies	279,975	468,089	355,381	112,708	347,319
Other	810	2,810	2,494	316	400
	<u>2,734,951</u>	<u>2,909,773</u>	<u>2,652,984</u>	<u>256,789</u>	<u>1,086,771</u>
Other Direct Support:					
Salaries	150,667	199,344	199,893	(549)	51,925
Benefits	69,694	90,954	88,917	2,037	23,958
Purchased services	-	38,029	36,944	1,085	-
	<u>220,361</u>	<u>328,327</u>	<u>325,754</u>	<u>2,573</u>	<u>75,883</u>
Total Other Instructional	<u>2,955,312</u>	<u>3,238,100</u>	<u>2,978,738</u>	<u>259,362</u>	<u>1,162,654</u>

Continued on next page.

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Community Service Programs:					
Salaries	\$ 20,561	\$ 29,756	\$ 28,595	\$ 1,161	\$ 8,077
Benefits	18,155	20,464	19,487	977	5,477
	<u>38,716</u>	<u>50,220</u>	<u>48,082</u>	<u>2,138</u>	<u>13,554</u>
Undistributed Expenditures:					
Student Support:					
Salaries	1,904,115	1,920,488	1,919,118	1,370	1,835,353
Benefits	948,974	946,060	916,444	29,616	861,772
Purchased services	25,200	25,200	25,200	-	25,019
Supplies	52,450	52,488	41,946	10,542	22,662
	<u>2,930,739</u>	<u>2,944,236</u>	<u>2,902,708</u>	<u>41,528</u>	<u>2,744,806</u>
Instructional Staff Support:					
Salaries	1,114,360	1,043,407	1,017,255	26,152	1,043,743
Benefits	452,896	443,089	410,288	32,801	413,128
Purchased services	176,703	130,277	101,431	28,846	207,821
Supplies	181,682	119,933	96,569	23,364	98,205
Other	870	1,170	441	729	659
	<u>1,926,511</u>	<u>1,737,876</u>	<u>1,625,984</u>	<u>111,892</u>	<u>1,763,556</u>
General Administration:					
Salaries	242,421	244,462	237,299	7,163	241,644
Benefits	88,647	88,156	84,816	3,340	80,714
Purchased services	105,000	138,266	120,924	17,342	101,805
Supplies	35,000	60,754	56,893	3,861	48,223
Other	30,000	18,125	17,997	128	20,303
	<u>501,068</u>	<u>549,763</u>	<u>517,929</u>	<u>31,834</u>	<u>492,689</u>
School Administration:					
Salaries	2,388,152	2,360,980	2,326,653	34,327	2,320,403
Benefits	1,111,824	1,061,746	1,052,815	8,931	1,037,631
Purchased services	39,690	80,537	71,429	9,108	51,114
Supplies	182,195	150,507	69,504	81,003	64,310
Property	-	46,564	45,577	987	26,316
Other	2,374	3,399	3,062	337	2,557
	<u>3,724,235</u>	<u>3,703,733</u>	<u>3,569,040</u>	<u>134,693</u>	<u>3,502,331</u>

Continued on next page.

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Central Services:					
Salaries	\$ 1,516,426	\$ 1,571,006	\$ 1,564,947	\$ 6,059	\$ 1,478,816
Benefits	720,689	740,302	738,361	1,941	659,635
Purchased services	733,800	782,012	742,637	39,375	434,400
Supplies	689,200	654,978	556,038	98,940	489,326
Property	-	183,500	108,205	75,295	25,717
Other	16,170	33,896	27,737	6,159	40,332
	<u>3,676,285</u>	<u>3,965,694</u>	<u>3,737,925</u>	<u>227,769</u>	<u>3,128,226</u>
Operation and Maintenance:					
Salaries	2,212,908	2,161,294	2,131,204	30,090	1,953,003
Benefits	1,302,098	1,276,677	1,212,549	64,128	1,095,589
Purchased services	1,178,280	2,054,505	2,010,026	44,479	2,201,630
Supplies	1,803,330	1,081,413	975,847	105,566	1,170,460
Property	20,000	32,663	27,380	5,283	37,982
Other	1,000	6,000	5,234	766	180
	<u>6,517,616</u>	<u>6,612,552</u>	<u>6,362,240</u>	<u>250,312</u>	<u>6,458,844</u>
Student Transportation:					
Salaries	778,194	759,707	749,994	9,713	686,911
Benefits	624,835	568,367	531,230	37,137	505,209
Purchased services	29,000	39,395	22,639	16,756	18,957
Supplies	346,500	426,064	386,842	39,222	293,613
Property	210,000	120,861	120,861	-	-
Other	2,000	2,000	1,596	404	1,774
	<u>1,990,529</u>	<u>1,916,394</u>	<u>1,813,162</u>	<u>103,232</u>	<u>1,506,464</u>
Other Support:					
Other	-	48,000	47,317	683	61,452
Total Undistributed Expenditures	21,266,983	21,478,248	20,576,305	901,943	19,658,368
Contingency	-	545,373	-	545,373	-
Total Expenditures	<u>51,779,805</u>	<u>52,414,173</u>	<u>50,029,374</u>	<u>2,384,799</u>	<u>47,823,749</u>
Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>5,277,425</u>	<u>5,937,730</u>	<u>9,336,654</u>	<u>3,398,924</u>	<u>8,848,655</u>

Continued on next page.

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers (to) other funds	\$ (7,891,553)	\$ (7,675,051)	\$ (7,572,451)	\$ 102,600	\$ (7,365,961)
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-	-	47,930
Sale of fixed assets	5,000	5,000	-	(5,000)	4,152
	<u>(7,886,553)</u>	<u>(7,670,051)</u>	<u>(7,572,451)</u>	<u>97,600</u>	<u>(7,313,879)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,609,128)	(1,732,321)	1,764,203	3,496,524	1,534,776
FUND BALANCE, July 1	<u>9,373,046</u>	<u>12,996,333</u>	<u>12,996,333</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,461,557</u>
FUND BALANCE, June 30	<u>\$ 6,763,918</u>	<u>\$ 11,264,012</u>	<u>\$ 14,760,536</u>	<u>\$ 3,496,524</u>	<u>\$ 12,996,333</u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FEDERAL GRANTS FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Local Sources - other	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 495
Federal Sources - grants	7,328,413	7,317,792	6,123,998	(1,193,794)	7,507,760
Total Revenues	7,328,413	7,317,792	6,123,998	(1,193,794)	7,508,255
EXPENDITURES					
Regular Programs/Instruction:					
Salaries	322,335	602,100	457,138	144,962	675,349
Benefits	302,004	306,258	255,020	51,238	346,880
Purchased services	-	45,161	37,079	8,082	64,807
Supplies	688,880	152,559	88,366	64,193	165,409
Other	290,669	-	-	-	281,748
	1,603,888	1,106,078	837,603	268,475	1,534,193
Other Direct Support:					
Salaries	260,764	271,084	267,084	4,000	296,274
Benefits	137,247	139,496	135,124	4,372	144,799
Purchased services	17,000	40,031	31,784	8,247	-
Supplies	181,506	-	-	-	1,650
	596,517	450,611	433,992	16,619	442,723
Total Regular Programs	2,200,405	1,556,689	1,271,595	285,094	1,976,916
Special Programs:					
Instruction:					
Salaries	363,442	559,200	321,083	238,117	394,735
Benefits	286,114	250,183	202,557	47,626	259,943
Purchased services	85,226	-	-	-	-
Supplies	18,847	-	-	-	-
	753,629	809,383	523,640	285,743	654,678
Other Direct Support:					
Salaries	630,209	243,060	238,408	4,652	402,141
Benefits	353,803	121,039	112,073	8,966	182,552
Purchased services	-	328,094	231,588	96,506	222,101
Supplies	-	152,617	29,176	123,441	7,242
Other	-	37,594	28,594	9,000	6,217
	984,012	882,404	639,839	242,565	820,253
Total Special Programs	1,737,641	1,691,787	1,163,479	528,308	1,474,931

Continued on next page.

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FEDERAL GRANTS FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Vocational Programs:					
Instruction:					
Salaries	\$ 10,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 692
Benefits	3,000	-	-	-	192
Purchased services	129,663	-	-	-	-
Supplies	10,000	54,887	52,933	1,954	57,165
	<u>152,663</u>	<u>54,887</u>	<u>52,933</u>	<u>1,954</u>	<u>58,049</u>
Other Direct Support:					
Salaries	-	100,485	100,085	400	12,162
Benefits	-	42,452	40,844	1,608	235
Purchased services	-	39,822	38,963	859	42,609
Supplies	-	1,095	1,084	11	3,292
Other	-	1,750	1,750	-	1,750
	<u>-</u>	<u>185,604</u>	<u>182,726</u>	<u>2,878</u>	<u>60,048</u>
Total Vocational Programs	<u>152,663</u>	<u>240,491</u>	<u>235,659</u>	<u>4,832</u>	<u>118,097</u>
Other Instructional Programs:					
Salaries	67,333	151,048	138,165	12,883	47,809
Benefits	54,117	79,208	75,045	4,163	2,425
Purchased services	-	146,804	110,665	36,139	-
Supplies	-	60,218	48,864	11,354	7,080
	<u>121,450</u>	<u>437,278</u>	<u>372,739</u>	<u>64,539</u>	<u>57,314</u>
Community Service Programs:					
Salaries	-	21,384	21,384	-	43,506
Benefits	-	17,971	16,972	999	30,785
Supplies	-	-	-	-	1,013
	<u>-</u>	<u>39,355</u>	<u>38,356</u>	<u>999</u>	<u>75,304</u>
Undistributed Expenditures:					
Student Support:					
Salaries	417,623	339,636	335,575	4,061	346,605
Benefits	229,505	190,986	175,649	15,337	184,076
Purchased services	250,000	111,860	102,859	9,001	95,610
Supplies	31,513	10,672	9,075	1,597	107,444
Other	-	5,500	1,645	3,855	760
	<u>928,641</u>	<u>658,654</u>	<u>624,803</u>	<u>33,851</u>	<u>734,495</u>

Continued on next page.

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FEDERAL GRANTS FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Instructional Staff Support:					
Salaries	\$ 988,441	\$ 901,134	\$ 876,441	\$ 24,693	\$ 1,194,843
Benefits	412,197	410,793	378,510	32,283	481,534
Purchased services	154,596	163,815	99,597	64,218	208,550
Supplies	263,243	516,328	451,536	64,792	855,006
Other	-	6,670	2,815	3,855	1,624
	<u>1,818,477</u>	<u>1,998,740</u>	<u>1,808,899</u>	<u>189,841</u>	<u>2,741,557</u>
Central Services:					
Salaries	140,070	116,246	105,621	10,625	135,864
Benefits	65,110	54,184	42,722	11,462	59,657
Purchased services	-	806	806	-	-
Supplies	-	28,569	4,519	24,050	1,603
Other	-	-	-	-	1,995
	<u>205,180</u>	<u>199,805</u>	<u>153,668</u>	<u>46,137</u>	<u>199,119</u>
Student Transportation:					
Purchased services	-	81,580	63,983	17,597	69,869
Supplies	32,161	-	-	-	-
	<u>32,161</u>	<u>81,580</u>	<u>63,983</u>	<u>17,597</u>	<u>69,869</u>
Other Support:					
Indirect costs	-	302,077	302,077	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>302,077</u>	<u>302,077</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Undistributed	<u>2,984,459</u>	<u>3,240,856</u>	<u>2,953,430</u>	<u>287,426</u>	<u>3,745,040</u>
Nutrition Services:					
Other Direct Support:					
Salaries	29,170	11,818	1,313	10,505	3,870
Benefits	32,749	2,964	344	2,620	331
Purchased services	-	1,079	933	146	-
Supplies	69,876	49,069	39,744	9,325	45,942
Property	-	-	-	-	10,510
Total Nutrition Services	<u>131,795</u>	<u>64,930</u>	<u>42,334</u>	<u>22,596</u>	<u>60,653</u>
Building Improvements:					
Property	-	46,406	46,406	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>46,406</u>	<u>46,406</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Continued on next page.

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FEDERAL GRANTS FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Total Expenditures	\$ 7,328,413	\$ 7,317,792	\$ 6,123,998	\$ 1,193,794	\$ 7,508,255
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, July 1	-	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, June 30	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Local Sources:					
Indirect Cost Recovery	\$ 95,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 90,556
State Sources:					
State appropriation	3,419,600	3,636,400	3,636,373	(27)	3,419,600
Total Revenues	3,514,600	3,636,400	3,636,373	(27)	3,510,156
EXPENDITURES					
Special Programs:					
Instruction:					
Salaries	4,693,579	4,576,767	4,372,816	203,951	4,080,966
Benefits	2,703,834	2,638,610	2,517,433	121,177	2,287,610
Purchased services	15,000	9,657	6,571	3,086	22,597
Supplies	30,000	15,696	9,032	6,664	31,375
	7,442,413	7,240,730	6,905,852	334,878	6,422,548
Other Direct Support:					
Salaries	1,025,920	1,305,855	1,221,935	83,920	954,484
Benefits	504,229	644,592	604,612	39,980	451,421
Purchased services	690,000	738,240	627,402	110,838	622,602
Supplies	30,000	95,625	81,295	14,330	25,888
Other	-	1,865	495	1,370	1,316
	2,250,149	2,786,177	2,535,739	250,438	2,055,711
Academically Talented:					
Salaries	47,797	-	-	-	27,027
Benefits	3,349	-	-	-	2,015
Purchased services	94,200	-	-	-	6,000
Supplies	28,300	-	-	-	11,229
Other	1,400	-	-	-	2,421
	175,046	-	-	-	48,692
Student Transportation:					
Salaries	315,692	335,887	313,036	22,851	284,692
Benefits	276,464	330,801	277,376	53,425	254,131
Purchased services	-	2,000	-	2,000	2,450
	592,156	668,688	590,412	78,276	541,273
Total Special Programs	10,459,764	10,695,595	10,032,003	663,592	9,068,224

Continued on next page.

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Vocational Programs:					
Instruction:					
Salaries	\$ 2,500	\$ 1,500	\$ -	\$ 1,500	\$ -
Benefits	750	450	-	450	-
	<u>3,250</u>	<u>1,950</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,950</u>	<u>-</u>
Student Transportation:					
Salaries	2,500	1,500	-	1,500	-
Benefits	750	450	-	450	-
	<u>3,250</u>	<u>1,950</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,950</u>	<u>-</u>
Other Direct Support:					
Salaries	10,000	430	-	430	100
Benefits	200	9	-	9	1
	<u>10,200</u>	<u>439</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>439</u>	<u>101</u>
Total Vocational Programs	<u>16,700</u>	<u>4,339</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,339</u>	<u>101</u>
Undistributed Expenditures:					
Central Services:					
Salaries	-	3,671	-	3,671	77,855
Benefits	-	73	-	73	42,187
Total Undistributed Expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>3,744</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,744</u>	<u>120,042</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>10,476,464</u>	<u>10,703,678</u>	<u>10,032,003</u>	<u>671,675</u>	<u>9,188,367</u>
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,961,864)	(7,067,278)	(6,395,630)	671,648	(5,678,211)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers from other funds	<u>6,961,864</u>	<u>6,343,172</u>	<u>6,343,172</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,277,675</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(724,106)	(52,458)	671,648	599,464
FUND BALANCE, July 1	<u>78,728</u>	<u>928,192</u>	<u>928,192</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>328,728</u>
FUND BALANCE, June 30	<u>\$ 78,728</u>	<u>\$ 204,086</u>	<u>\$ 875,734</u>	<u>\$ 671,648</u>	<u>\$ 928,192</u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

PROPRIETARY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2015)

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
	2016	2015
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 5,537,446	\$ 4,874,284
Accounts receivable	48	928
Prepaid expenses	1,846	-
Total Assets	<u>5,539,340</u>	<u>4,875,212</u>
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	12,004	2,134
Accrued liabilities	154,743	177,738
Total Liabilities	<u>166,747</u>	<u>179,872</u>
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	<u>\$ 5,372,593</u>	<u>\$ 4,695,340</u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

PROPRIETARY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
	2016	2015
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$ 2,069,516	\$ 2,067,099
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries	38,592	22,004
Benefits	1,196,393	1,221,241
Purchased services	157,278	353,231
Other	-	2,000
	<u>1,392,263</u>	<u>1,598,476</u>
Change in Net Position	677,253	468,623
NET POSITION, July 1	<u>4,695,340</u>	<u>4,226,717</u>
NET POSITION, June 30	<u>\$ 5,372,593</u>	<u>\$ 4,695,340</u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
	2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received for services	\$ 2,070,396	\$ 2,066,171
Cash paid for salaries and benefits	(56,952)	(32,912)
Cash paid for claims and related	(1,350,282)	(1,419,381)
Net cash provided by operating activities	663,162	613,878
Net Increase in Cash	663,162	613,878
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, July 1	4,874,284	4,260,406
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, June 30	\$ 5,537,446	\$ 4,874,284
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income	\$ 677,253	\$ 468,623
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	880	(928)
Prepaid expenses	(1,846)	-
Accounts payable	9,870	(5,122)
Accrued liabilities	(22,995)	151,305
Total Adjustments	(14,091)	145,255
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 663,162	\$ 613,878

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FIDUCIARY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2016
 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2015)

	PRIVATE-PURPOSE		TOTALS	
	TRUST FUND SPECIAL PAY PLAN	AGENCY FUNDS	FIDUCIARY FUNDS	
			2016	2015
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,075,897	\$ 789,885	\$ 2,865,782	\$ 2,960,640
LIABILITIES				
Due to student groups and others	-	789,885	789,885	846,006
Held for compensated absences	2,075,897	-	2,075,897	2,114,634
Total Liabilities	2,075,897	789,885	2,865,782	2,960,640
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FIDUCIARY FUNDS
PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND / SPECIAL PAY PLAN
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

ADDITIONS

Earnings on investments	<u>\$ 61,289</u>
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DEDUCTIONS

Benefits	100,026
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Change in compensated absences benefits	<u>(38,737)</u>
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Total Deductions	<u>61,289</u>
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Change in Net Position	-
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NET POSITION, July 1, 2015	<u>-</u>
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NET POSITION, June 30, 2016	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>
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CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Carson City School District, Carson City, Nevada (District) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the authoritative standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

The following is a summary of the District's significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

Reporting Entity

The District is organized under terms of legislation enacted in 1956 creating countywide school districts. The governing Board of Trustees consists of seven members elected by district voters for four-year terms and has authority to adopt and administer budgets. As required by GAAP, the accompanying financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The District is not financially accountable for any other entity.

Basic Financial Statements – District-Wide Statements

The basic financial statements include both district-wide (based on the District as a whole) and fund financial statements. The district-wide financial statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Interfund activities relating to services provided and used between functions are not eliminated. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct cost and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

In the district-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is presented on a consolidated basis and is reflected on a full accrual, economic resource basis that recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. Within unrestricted resources, the District first utilizes committed resources, then assigned resources, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

The district-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (ad valorem taxes, school support taxes, distributive school funds, government services tax and interest income not legally restricted for specific programs, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues and operating grants. Program revenues include operating grants and contributions and investment earnings legally restricted to support a specific program. Program revenue must be directly associated with the program/function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary grants. The net costs (by program/function) are normally covered by general revenue.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in the individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are intended and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

The emphasis of the fund financial statements is on the major funds in the governmental type activity category. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise categories combined) for the determination of major funds. District management may electively add funds as major funds, when it is determined the funds have specific community or management focus. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement in the fund statements is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income.

The focus for proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector.

The District's internal service funds are presented in the proprietary fund financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, the financial statements of the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the district-wide financial statements. To the extent possible, the costs of these services are reported in the appropriate functional activity.

The District's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type. Since, by definition, these assets are held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the District, these funds are not incorporated into the district-wide statements.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

The District reports the following **major governmental funds**:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Federal Grants Fund

The Federal Grants Fund accounts for transactions of the District relating to federal funded grant programs and/or assistance.

Special Education Fund

The Special Education Fund accounts for transactions of the District relating to educational services provided to children with special needs supported by federal, state and local sources.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt, capital leases, and other debt of governmental activities.

The District reports the following **nonmajor governmental funds**:

Adult Education Fund	State Grants Fund
Adult Education Prison System Fund	Teacher Supply Reimbursement
Nutrition Services Fund	Medicaid Program Fund
Gifts and Donations Fund	Local Grants Fund
Class Size Reduction Fund	Capital Projects Fund
Summer and Remediation Programs Fund	

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department to other departments of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Unemployment Insurance Fund
Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund
Health Insurance Fund

The **Private-Purpose Special Pay Plan Trust Fund** accounts for funds contributed to the District's Special Pay Plan arrangement under which principal and income benefit employees retiring or terminating with compensation due in connection with unused personal leave, sick leave, or other separation payments.

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a custodial capacity as an agent for the Student Activity Funds and the Carson Montessori Charter School Payroll Fund.

Measurement Focus

District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide statements, as well as the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements, are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency funds (student activity funds) have no measurement focus.

All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the district-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the district-wide financial statements and the governmental funds financial statements.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported in the financial statements. The district-wide; proprietary fund; and fiduciary fund financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences between the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available generally means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include taxes, grants, entitlements and donations for which the revenue is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: investment earnings, grants and entitlements.

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred *outflows* of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred *inflows* of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The District has only one item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. Debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District adheres to the *Local Government Budget and Finance Act* incorporated within the statutes of the State of Nevada, which includes the following major procedures to establish the budgetary data which is reflected in these financial statements:

1. Prior to April 15, the Superintendent of Schools submits to the Board of Trustees, and to both the State of Nevada Department of Taxation and Department of Education, a tentative budget for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. This is in accordance with Nevada Revised Statutes. The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. On or before the third Wednesday in May, and with proper public notice, a public hearing is held to obtain taxpayer comments.
3. On or before June 8, the budget is legally adopted by a majority vote of the Board of Trustees.
4. On or before the following January 1, the Board of Trustees adopts an amended final budget to reflect any adjustments necessary as a result of the complete count of students.
5. The Board of Trustees may augment the appropriations by a majority vote of the Board. Prior public notice must be filed in any fund receiving ad valorem taxes.
6. The Director of Fiscal Services is authorized to transfer appropriations between and within accounts, departments and funds if amounts do not exceed the approved budget, subject to subsequent approval by the Board of Trustees.
7. In any year in which the State Legislature, by law, increases or decreases the revenues or expenditures of the District, and the increase or decrease was not included or anticipated in the final budget as adopted, the District may file an amended budget

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

which incorporates those increases or decreases with the State of Nevada Department of Taxation and Department of Education.

8. Budgeted appropriations may not be exceeded by actual expenditures of the various functions in the budgeted governmental funds. The sum of operating and non-operating expenses in the proprietary funds also may not exceed appropriations.
9. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Funds, and the Internal Service Funds. Such funds have legally adopted annual budgets which lapse at year-end.
10. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgeted amounts reflected in the accompanying financial statements as "FINAL" include all budget amendments made during the year.

Cash and Investments

The District pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as part of the District's investments. Investments are carried at fair value as determined by quoted market prices, net of accrued interest, as provided by the pool sponsors.

Pursuant to NRS 355.170 and 355.175, the District may only invest in the following types of securities:

1. United States bonds and debentures maturing within (10) years from the date of purchase.
2. Certain farm loan bonds and obligations of the Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation.
3. Securities of the United States Treasury, obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States, or a corporation sponsored by the government maturing within (10) years from the date of purchase.
4. Negotiable certificates of deposit from commercial banks, insured credit unions or savings and loan associations.
5. Certain nonnegotiable certificates of deposit issued by insured commercial banks, insured credit unions, or insured savings and loan associations.
6. Certain securities issued by local governments of the State of Nevada.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

7. Certain bankers' acceptances, commercial paper issued by a corporation organized and operating in the United States, and certain money market mutual funds.
8. Certain obligations of state and local governments.
9. State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool Fund.
10. Other securities expressly provided by other statutes, including repurchase agreements and collateralized investment contracts.

Statements of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the District considers all short-term highly liquid instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less and all pooled investments to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Inventories in the General Fund and Nutrition Services Special Revenue Fund consist of supplies and equipment on hand not yet distributed to requisitioning units. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. Inventories are valued at cost, as determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) cost method, except for commodities, which are stated at fair value.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as having an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. If purchased or constructed, all capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value as of the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's useful life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	7-50
Vehicles/Buses	15
Machinery and Equipment	5-10

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables

The District has not established an allowance for uncollectible receivables since prior experience has shown that uncollectible receivables are not significant in amount.

Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities consist principally of teacher, administrator, and other District employee salaries and benefits relating to the school program for the year ended June 30, 2016, but not yet paid.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources on the district-wide Statement of Net Position. Net position is classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the capital assets.

Restricted net position – Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted net position – Consists of net position which does not meet the definition of either “net investment in capital assets” or “restricted net position”.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or rescinded only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District’s highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees of the Carson City School District. Commitments may be changed or lifted only

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

by the District taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (for example: a resolution.)

Assigned fund balance includes amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the District Board of Trustees or (b) the Director of Fiscal Services. Assigned amounts also include all residual amounts in governmental funds (except negative amounts) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is the net resources in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above four categories. Negative unassigned fund balance in other governmental funds represents excess expenditures incurred over the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally, unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the funds. Any revenues and expenses not meeting the definitions of operating are reported as nonoperating.

Expenditures

Expenditure data is characterized by major program classifications pursuant to the provisions of the National Center for Education Statistics handbook entitled *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems* as modified by the State of Nevada Department of Education. A brief description of the major program classifications follows:

Regular programs are activities designed to provide elementary and secondary students with learning experiences to prepare them as citizens, family members, and non-vocational workers.

Special programs are activities for students receiving special education and related services. having special needs. Special programs include services for the gifted and talented, mentally challenged, physically handicapped, emotionally disturbed, learning disabled, and special programs for other types of students at all levels.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

Vocational programs are learning experiences that will provide individuals with the opportunity to develop the necessary knowledge, skills, and attitudes needed for occupational employment.

Extra-curricular and co-curricular activities add to the educational experience of students and include events and activities that take place outside the traditional classroom, including student government, athletics, band, clubs and honors societies.

Other instructional programs are activities that provide elementary and secondary students with learning experiences in school-sponsored activities, ESL, alternative education, remediation and summer school, and online educational programs.

Adult education programs are learning experiences designed to develop knowledge and skills to meet intermediate and long-range educational objectives for adults, who, having completed or interrupted formal schooling, have accepted adult roles and responsibilities.

Undistributed expenditures are charges not readily assignable to a specific program. Student and instructional staff support and overall general and administrative costs are classified as undistributed expenditures. Also included are costs of operating, maintaining, and constructing the physical facilities of the District.

Nutrition services programs consist of activities to provide food services to students and staff.

Compensated Absences

Teachers and certain school administrators do not receive vacation leave. For other District employees, vacation leave is earned at rates dependent on length of employment and can be accumulated to specific maximum days/hours. Employees are allowed to accumulate unlimited sick days for future use. Vacation and sick leave used is recorded as a payroll expenditure. Upon retirement, the District pays up to 200 days accumulated sick leave benefits to certain employees. To the extent that compensated absences have not been pre-funded in the District's Special Pay Plan, the current portion of unused vacation and sick leave is recorded as a payroll expenditure and the estimated long-term liability for vacation and sick leave is accounted for in the government-wide financial statements.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Postemployment expenditures are comprised of monthly payments to the Nevada Public Employees' Benefits Program (PEBP) for the District's subsidy of retiree insurance premiums and the portion of insurance premiums paid to private insurers on behalf of active employees that represents the implicit cost of retiree coverage. The payments to PEBP are charged to the Health Insurance Fund while employee insurance premiums are charged to the respective fund to which employees' payroll costs are charged. The Health Insurance Fund receives an inter-fund payroll subsidy to cover the cost of the premium payments to PEBP, effectively charging the other funds based on their total current salary expenditures. The inter-fund subsidy rate is adjusted annually to match the fund charges to the total PEBP cost. The

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

District has elected to fund postemployment benefits using the pay-as-you-go basis. Postemployment benefits other than pensions are discussed in further detail in Note 11.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses/expenditures and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Prior Year Information

The fund financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015, from which the summarized information was derived. Certain amounts presented in the prior year data may be reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

NOTE 2 – COMPLIANCE WITH NEVADA REVISED STATUTES

The District conformed to all significant statutory constraints on its financial administration during the year.

NOTE 3 – “NEVADA PLAN” FOR FINANCING LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES

The State revenue source presented in the financial statements includes payments from the State of Nevada Distributive School Account (State's General Fund) pursuant to the Nevada Plan for School Finance (Plan). The Plan was adopted by the Nevada Legislature in 1967 to compensate for wide variations in resources. The Plan design provides reasonable equal educational opportunities and can be expressed in a formula calculated on a per pupil and per program basis for each of the school districts in Nevada.

The State provides a guaranteed amount of funding to each local school and this total basic support guarantee is a combination of three revenue streams:

- A. 50 cents per \$100 in assessed value in Ad Valorem (property) tax;
- B. 2.60 cents per dollar of Local School Support tax (sales tax); and
- C. State of Nevada Distributive School Account (DSA)

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

The combination of the three revenue sources equals the dollar value of the weighted student enrollment multiplied by the basic support per student. The DSA payment is the equalizing amount ensuring the total guarantee for the fiscal year is available for appropriation.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES

Taxes on real property located in Carson City are levied and the lien attaches on July 1st of each year. They are due on the third Monday of August and can be paid in quarterly installments on or before the third Monday of August and the first Monday of October, January, and March, respectively. In the event of nonpayment, a tax lien is taken on the first Monday in May, and the Carson City Treasurer is authorized to hold property for two additional years, subject to redemption upon payment of taxes, penalties, and costs, together with interest from the date the taxes were due, until paid. If delinquent taxes are not paid within the two-year redemptions period, the Carson City Treasurer obtains a deed to the property free of all encumbrances. Upon receipt of a deed, the Carson City Treasurer may sell the property to satisfy the tax lien.

Property tax revenue and the related receivable have been recognized for property tax assessments in the fiscal year for which they were levied, provided that such taxes were collected within 60 days after the District's year-end. Taxes receivable not collected within such time period are recorded as deferred revenue at the District's year-end. To record amounts due and deemed collectible, secured roll property taxes receivable reflect only those taxes receivable from the last two delinquent roll years.

NOTE 5 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of the pool is displayed on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet as "Cash and Investments." Student Activity Funds are reported as Agency funds. These funds are not part of the District's pooled cash and investments; rather, they are held separately.

As of June 30, 2016, the District had the following amounts reported as cash and investments:

District-Wide Balances:	
Pooled Cash	\$ 14,446,619
Investments	12,601,013
	<hr/>
	27,047,632
Trust and Agency Funds:	
Student Activity Agency Funds Cash	789,885
VALIC Annuity Contracts (Investments)	2,075,897
	<hr/>
	2,865,782
	<hr/>
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 29,913,414

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

The District held bank balances totaling \$16,826,396 at June 30, 2016. These deposits are held in noninterest-bearing transaction accounts and are either fully insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or are fully collateralized by the Office of the State Treasurer / Nevada Collateral Pool.

As of June 30, 2016, the District had the following investments, at fair value with a maturity date of less than one year:

Carson City Investment Pool	\$ 7,978,333
State of Nevada, Local Government Investment Pool	4,622,680
VALIC Guaranteed Fixed Deferred Annuity Contracts	<u>2,075,897</u>
Total Investments	<u>\$ 14,676,910</u>

The State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool is authorized by NRS 355.167 and is administered by the State Treasurer. Administrative policies are adopted by the State Board of Finance, which has oversight responsibilities of the Fund. The fair value of the District's position in the pool equals the value of the pool shares. The investment in the State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool is carried at market. This Pool is an unrated external investment pool.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk of possible reduction in the value of a security, especially a bond, resulting from the rise in interest rates. To limit exposure to interest rate risk, the Nevada Revised Statutes limits bankers' acceptances to 180 days maturities, repurchase agreements to 90 days, U.S. Treasuries and Agencies to less than 10 years, and commercial paper to 270 days maturity.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation and is a function of the credit quality ratings of its investments. In accordance with the Nevada Revised Statutes, the District limits its investment instruments by their credit risk. The State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool and the Carson City Investment Pool are unrated external investment pools. The District's investment in VALIC Guaranteed Fixed Deferred Annuity Contracts is rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations as "A."

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank or brokerage failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District's bank deposits are generally covered by FDIC insurance and are collateralized by the Office of the State Treasurer/Nevada Collateral Pool.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 6 – RECEIVABLES

The District's receivables for its governmental funds as of June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	Taxes	Due from Other Governments	Other	Total Receivables
Major Funds:				
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 6,697,792	\$ 2,615	\$ 6,700,407
Federal Grants Fund	-	2,597,239	-	2,597,239
Special Education Fund	-	24,425	35	24,460
Debt Service Fund	91,216	39,827	-	131,043
Non-Major Funds	-	1,881,600	98,100	1,979,700
Total Receivables	\$ 91,216	\$ 11,240,883	\$ 100,750	\$ 11,432,849

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2016 is shown below:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions / Transfers	Deletions / Transfers	Balance June 30, 2016
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 430,282	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 430,282
Construction in progress	371,735	-	(371,735)	-
	802,017	-	(371,735)	430,282
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings and improvements	156,584,845	1,096,868	-	157,681,713
Equipment and vehicles	8,716,588	360,799	(2,052)	9,075,335
	165,301,433	1,457,667	(2,052)	166,757,048
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	64,787,694	4,138,880	-	68,926,574
Equipment and vehicles	5,906,556	425,658	(2,052)	6,330,162
	70,694,250	4,564,538	(2,052)	75,256,736
Governmental Activities, Capital Assets, net	\$ 95,409,200	\$ (3,106,871)	\$ (371,735)	\$ 91,930,594

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Depreciation expense was allocated to the following programs/functions:

Regular programs	\$ 67,454
School administration	4,416
Central services	104,438
Operation and maintenance	37,020
Student transportation	144,370
Nutrition services	11,947
Facilities	4,194,892
	<u>\$ 4,564,537</u>

NOTE 8 – GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

As of June 30, 2016, general long-term obligations consisted of the following:

General Obligation Bonds

Series	Date Issued	Date of Final Maturity	Original Interest Rate (%)	Amount Issued	Balance June 30, 2016
2006	12/28/06	06/01/27	3.95	\$ 9,500,000	\$ 2,600,000
2007	08/22/07	06/01/27	4.25-5.00	15,500,000	1,705,000
2010	08/04/10	12/01/20	2.75-5.00	10,705,000	6,760,000
2011A	02/23/11	06/01/31	3.00-5.00	16,000,000	14,390,000
2011B	07/07/11	06/01/31	2.00-5.00	10,000,000	8,880,000
2012	03/06/12	06/01/32	2.00-3.125	4,025,000	3,645,000
2014	12/09/14	06/01/27	3.00-4.00	8,530,000	8,480,000
					<u>\$ 46,460,000</u>

Changes in the District's long-term debt during the year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions of New Debt	Retirements, Repayments and Reductions	Balance June 30, 2016	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 49,790,000	\$ -	\$ (3,330,000)	\$ 46,460,000	\$ 3,405,000
Medium-term debt	273,000	-	(273,000)	-	-
Deferred amounts for issuance premiums	2,328,280	-	(234,708)	2,093,572	240,874
Compensated absences	757,256	345,156	-	1,102,412	-
	<u>\$ 53,148,536</u>	<u>\$ 345,156</u>	<u>\$ (3,837,708)</u>	<u>\$ 49,655,984</u>	<u>\$ 3,645,874</u>

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Total interest paid on general long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$2,063,143.

Summary of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		Total Requirements
	Principal	Interest	
2017	\$ 3,405,000	\$ 1,936,538	\$ 5,341,538
2018	3,600,000	1,792,163	5,392,163
2019	3,855,000	1,638,388	5,493,388
2020	3,980,000	1,472,450	5,452,450
2021 - 2025	16,565,000	5,220,663	21,785,663
2026 - 2030	12,655,000	2,190,621	14,845,621
2031 - 2032	2,400,000	119,094	2,519,094
Total	<u>\$ 46,460,000</u>	<u>\$ 14,369,917</u>	<u>\$ 60,829,917</u>

As of June 30, 2016, the most current assessed valuation of taxable property, excluding motor vehicles, as defined by NRS 387.400 was \$1,424,652,666. The District's limit of bonded indebtedness is 15% of the aforementioned assessed value, or \$213,697,900. The District had \$46,460,000 in general obligation debt, leaving \$167,237,900 in unused bonding capacity.

NOTE 9 – NEVADA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State of Nevada Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Nevada that covers substantially all employees of the District. PERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits, including annual cost of living adjustments, to plan members and their beneficiaries. Chapter 286 of the Nevada Revised Statutes establishes the benefit provisions provided to the participants of PERS. These benefit provisions may only be amended through legislation. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available on the web at <http://www.nvpers.org> or by writing to the State of Nevada Public Employees Retirement System, 693 West Nye Lane, Carson City, NV 89703-1599 or by calling (775) 687-4200.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

Contributions

Contribution provisions are specified by state statute and may be amended only by action of the state legislature. Each School District's contribution rates are based on biennial actuarial valuations and expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability. New hires, in agencies which did not elect the Employer-Pay Contribution (EPC) plan prior to July 1, 1983, have the option of selecting one of two contribution plans. One plan provides for matching employee and employer contributions, while the other plan provides for employer-pay contributions only. Under the matching Employee/Employer Contribution plan a member may, upon termination of service for which contribution is required, withdraw employee contributions which have been credited to their account. All membership rights and active service credit in the System are canceled upon withdrawal of contributions from the member's account. If EPC was elected, the member cannot convert to the Employee/Employer Contribution plan.

The School District's contributions to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contribution Rates for Regular Employees:		
Employer Plan	14.50%	13.25%
Employee/Employer Plan	28.00%	25.75%
Required and Actual Contributions	\$11,325,210	\$10,475,949

Benefits Provided

Benefits provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS or statute), which may be amended. Benefits are determined by the number of years of accredited service at time of retirement and the member's highest average compensation in any 36 consecutive months with special provisions for members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010. Benefit payments to which participants or their beneficiaries may be entitled under the plan include pension benefits, disability benefits, and survivor benefits.

Monthly benefit allowances for members are computed at 2.5% of average compensation for each accredited year of service prior to July 1, 2001. For service earned on and after July 1, 2001. This multiplier is 2.67% of average compensation. For members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, there is a 2.5% multiplier. The System offers several alternatives to the unmodified service retirement allowance which, in general, allow the retired employee to accept a reduced service retirement allowance payable monthly during his or her lifetime and various optional monthly payments to a named beneficiary after his or her death. Post-retirement increases are provided by authority of NRS 286.575-.579.

Regular members are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 60 with ten years of service, or at any age with thirty years of service. Regular members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, or age 62 with ten years of service, or any age with thirty years of service.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

The normal ceiling limitation on monthly benefit allowances is 75% of average compensation. However, a member who has an effective date of membership before July 1, 1985, is entitled to a benefit of up to 90% of average compensation. Regular members become fully vested as to benefits upon completion of five years of service.

Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$75,395,446 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportion of the regular plan was .65793%.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$8,617,651. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 5,671,043
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan assets	-	4,083,918
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,398,935	-
The District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	11,325,210	-
	<u>\$ 12,724,145</u>	<u>\$ 9,754,961</u>

The District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

Years Ending June 30	Amount
2017	\$ (1,275,729)
2018	(1,275,729)
2019	(1,275,729)
2020	(1,275,729)
2021	(1,275,729)
Thereafter	(1,977,381)
	<u>\$ (8,356,026)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The System's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	8.0% per year, including inflation.
Salary increases	4.6% to 9.75% depending on service.
Inflation rate	3.5% per year.
Payroll growth	6.5% per year.
Mortality rates	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected to 2013 with Scale AA, set back one year for females, none for males.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Investment Category</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Domestic Equity	42%	5.50%
Private Equity	10%	6.80%
International Equity	18%	5.75%
Fixed Income	<u>30%</u>	0.25%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%. The following also reflects what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower (7.00%) or 1.00 percentage point higher (9.00%) than the current discount rate:

<u>1% Decrease (7%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (8%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (9%)</u>
<u>\$ 114,887,517</u>	<u>\$ 75,395,446</u>	<u>\$ 42,554,977</u>

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, available on the NVPERS website at www.nvpers.org.

Payable to the Pension Plan

The District reported a payable of \$1,589,406 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2016.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 10 – TRANSFERS AND INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund transfers are shown as other financing sources (uses) in all funds other than the proprietary funds, where they are shown as operating transfers. Transfers are used to reimburse funds for indirect costs, and to supplement programs that are not fully funded by general revenues through the distributive school account. Transfers made during the year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 7,572,451
Special Revenue Funds:		
Special Education Fund	6,343,172	-
Aggregate Non-Major funds	976,890	24,092
Debt Service Fund	276,481	-
	<u>\$ 7,596,543</u>	<u>\$ 7,596,543</u>

From time to time, certain funds may temporarily overdraw their allocation of the pooled cash resources creating interfund receivable/payable balances. These occurrences typically arise either because the fund is a reimbursement-type fund and must expend resources prior to reimbursement or because the fund would otherwise have to liquidate investments.

The interfund receivable/payable balances at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	<u>Interfund Receivables</u>	<u>Interfund Payables</u>
Major Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 2,446,580	\$ -
Federal Grants Fund	-	1,717,077
Nonmajor Governmental Fund:		
State Grants Fund	-	729,503
	<u>\$ 2,446,580</u>	<u>\$ 2,446,580</u>

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Retirees of Carson City School District may receive postemployment benefits through the Nevada Public Employee's Benefits Plan or through the District's health care plan offered to its active employees.

The following pages discuss information on both plans and the District's accounting for the plans in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*.

Plan Descriptions

Nevada Public Employees' Benefits Plan

The District contributes to the Nevada Public Employees' Benefits Plan (PEBP), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan, which provides medical benefits to eligible retired District employees and their beneficiaries. PEBP is administered by the Board of the Public Employee's Benefits Program, consisting of nine appointed members. Although retirees of local governments may no longer enroll in the PEBP, retirees enrolled as of November 30, 2008 may remain in the plan with premium subsidies paid by the District. The PEBP issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Benefit Program, 901 South Stewart Street, Suite 1001, Carson City, Nevada 89701. The information is also available on their website at www.pebp.state.nv.us or by calling (800) 326-5496.

Carson City School District Health Care Plan

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. This plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the District. Any retiree that participates in the Nevada Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) may purchase coverage for themselves and dependents at the same premium charged active employees. Because retirees pay the same premium as active employees rather than a higher rate that would result from rating retirees as a separate insured group, the District incurs the cost of an implicit premium subsidy. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the healthcare plan consisted of 881 active plan members and 46 retirees as of June 30, 2016, the date of the latest actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

Nevada Public Employee's Benefits Plan

The contribution requirements of plan members and Carson City School District are established and may be amended by the Board of Public Employees' Benefits Program. The amount of subsidy an individual retiree is entitled is predicated on the years of service and a legislatively determined base amount. The District is billed monthly for the subsidies for District retirees. The District contributed \$858,377 during the fiscal year on behalf of 362 participating retirees.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

Carson City School District Health Care Plan

Retirees electing to continue coverage under the district healthcare plan must pay the full cost of premiums. The District pays the full cost of the premiums for active employees and, therefore, pays the implicit cost of retirees' coverage. The District has elected to pay the implicit cost of postemployment benefits on the pay-as-you-go basis.

The 2016 annual required contribution rate was 1.50% of payroll. The District obtains healthcare coverage through private insurers. NRS 288.150 specifies insurance benefits are subject to mandatory bargaining. The current agreements with employee associations provide for a committee to review and make recommendations to plan design and the selection of insurers to the Carson City School District Board of Trustees. The amount employees contribute towards their insurance premium is negotiated with each association and was the full cost of the employee's coverage for 2016.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

	<u>PEBP</u>	<u>District</u>	<u>Total</u>
Annual Required Contribution:			
Normal cost	\$ -	\$ 420,499	\$ 420,499
Amortization of UAAL	769,247	161,749	930,996
	<u>769,247</u>	<u>582,248</u>	<u>1,351,495</u>
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	20,580	179,756	200,336
Adjustment to ARC	<u>(32,190)</u>	<u>(178,592)</u>	<u>(210,782)</u>
Annual OPEB Expense	757,637	583,412	1,341,049
Contributions Made	<u>(858,377)</u>	<u>(120,355)</u>	<u>(978,732)</u>
Change in Net OPEB Obligation	(100,740)	463,057	362,317
Net OPEB Obligation, July 1, 2015	<u>514,491</u>	<u>4,493,895</u>	<u>5,008,386</u>
Net OPEB Obligation, June 30, 2016	<u>\$ 413,751</u>	<u>\$ 4,956,952</u>	<u>\$ 5,370,703</u>

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 through 2016 were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2012	\$ 1,826,852	58.5%	\$ 2,943,918
2013	1,879,555	67.0%	3,564,451
2014	1,719,142	59.5%	4,260,397
2015	1,771,622	57.8%	5,008,386
2016	1,341,048	73.0%	5,370,702

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits (AAL) and, thus, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability was approximately \$17.2 million. The covered payroll was approximately \$40.1 million and the ratio of unfunded actuarial accrued liability to payroll was 43%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost, level percent of pay method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4% discount rate. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized on a level dollar and closed period basis over 26 years for the PEBP plan, and a level percentage of payroll and open basis over 30 years for the District's healthcare plan.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 12 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

Deferred Salary Arrangements

Employees may elect to participate in two deferred compensation plans established in accordance with Sections 403(b) and 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. The plans permit District employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plans is optional. Early distribution of deferred compensation is not available without penalty to employees except under limited circumstances specified in the Internal Revenue Code. Investments are selected by the District and limited to annuity contracts and other plan investments as specified in the Participants' Deferred Compensation Agreements.

Special Pay Plan

Subject to certain restrictions based on age and amount due, employees retiring or terminating employment with compensation due in connection with unused personal leave, sick leave, or other separation payments will be paid in the form of deferred compensation through a Special Pay Plan qualified under Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 and 403(b) and maintained by a third-party administrator. Employees are immediately vested in all such contributions to the plan. Additionally, as of June 30, 2016, the current and estimated long-term accrued liability for unused personal leave, sick leave, or other separation payments has been partially pre-funded by District contributions to the plan which are invested in a pooled, unvested account. The unfunded long-term portion of \$1,102,412 is reflected as a liability in the district-wide financial statements.

NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Risk Management

The District, like all governmental entities, is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District has joined together with similar public agencies (cities, counties, and special districts) throughout the State of Nevada to create a pool under the Nevada Interlocal Cooperation Act. The Nevada Public Agency Insurance Pool (Pool) is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for its members.

The District pays an annual premium and specific deductibles, as necessary, to the Pool for its general insurance coverage. The Pool is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage as indicated below and obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of these limits.

The deductible amount paid by the District for each incident as of June 30, 2016 is \$25,000 for property damages and \$2,500 for all other incidents. The Pool covers its members up to \$10,000,000 per event and a \$10,000,000 general aggregate per member. Property crime and equipment breakdown coverage is provided to its members up to \$300,000,000 per loss with various sublimits established for earthquake, flood, equipment breakdown, and money and securities.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 14 – FUND BALANCES

A summary of the District’s fund balances as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Major Funds			Nonmajor Gov't Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	General Fund	Special Education Fund	Debt Service Fund		
Nonspendable:					
Inventories / prepaids	\$ 160,837	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,415	\$ 192,252
Restricted:					
Debt service	-	-	3,994,727	-	3,994,727
Capital projects	-	-	-	690,316	690,316
Assigned:					
Education services	-	875,734	-	677,118	1,552,852
Nutrition services	-	-	-	175,272	175,272
Subsequent year's budget	2,271,008	-	-	-	2,271,008
Unassigned	12,328,691	-	-	-	12,328,691
Total Fund Balances	\$14,760,536	\$ 875,734	\$3,994,727	\$1,574,121	\$ 21,205,118

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On July 28, 2016, the District issued \$9,560,000 in general obligation refunding bonds (series 2016). These bonds were issued to refund the 2006, 2007, 2011 and 2011B outstanding bonds and will result in debt service savings of \$1,062,502.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS
JUNE 30, 2016

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Plan	Fiscal Year	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (A)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (B)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (B-A)	Funded Ratio (A/B)	Covered Payroll (C)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll [(B-A)/C]
District	6/30/2016	6/30/2016	\$ -	\$ 4,232,897	\$ 4,232,897	0.0%	\$ 38,551,094	10.98%
	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	\$ -	\$ 6,208,469	\$ 6,208,469	0.0%	\$ 40,409,120	15.36%
	6/30/2014	6/30/2014	\$ -	\$ 5,486,401	\$ 5,486,401	0.0%	\$ 38,854,923	14.12%
PEBP	6/30/2016	6/30/2016	\$ -	\$ 12,786,477	\$ 12,786,477	0.0%	n/a	n/a
	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	\$ -	\$ 16,374,890	\$ 16,374,890	0.0%	n/a	n/a
	6/30/2014	6/30/2014	\$ -	\$ 16,655,386	\$ 16,655,386	0.0%	n/a	n/a

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF NEVADA
DETERMINED AS OF THE PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.65793%
District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 75,395,446
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 40,447,450
District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	186.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.10%

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF NEVADA
DETERMINED AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Statutorily required contribution	\$ 11,325,210
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	<u>11,325,210</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>-</u>
District's covered employee payroll	40,447,450
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	28.00%

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Local Sources:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 5,639,475	5,639,475	\$ 5,735,724	\$ 96,249	\$ 5,551,923
Earnings on investments	30,000	55,548	89,082	33,534	54,998
Other	-	-	39,827	39,827	-
Total Revenues	<u>5,669,475</u>	<u>5,695,023</u>	<u>5,864,633</u>	<u>169,610</u>	<u>5,606,921</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service:					
Principal	3,603,000	3,603,000	3,603,000	-	3,531,000
Interest	2,063,144	2,063,143	2,063,143	-	2,218,378
Other	-	-	-	-	187,526
Total Expenditures	<u>5,666,144</u>	<u>5,666,143</u>	<u>5,666,143</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,936,904</u>
Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	<u>3,331</u>	<u>28,880</u>	<u>198,490</u>	<u>169,610</u>	<u>(329,983)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	8,530,000
Premium on refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	657,922
Refunded bonds escrow agent	-	-	-	-	(8,991,192)
Transfers from other funds	-	276,481	276,481	-	260,000
Transfers (to) other funds	-	-	-	-	(200,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>276,481</u>	<u>276,481</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>256,730</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,331	305,361	474,971	169,610	(73,253)
FUND BALANCE, July 1	<u>3,220,627</u>	<u>3,519,756</u>	<u>3,519,756</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,593,009</u>
FUND BALANCE, June 30	<u>\$ 3,223,958</u>	<u>\$ 3,825,117</u>	<u>\$ 3,994,727</u>	<u>\$ 169,610</u>	<u>\$ 3,519,756</u>

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

BOND ISSUES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Local Sources:					
Earnings on investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 156
EXPENDITURES					
Undistributed Expenditures:					
Other Facilities Acquisition and Construction:					
Property	-	-	-	-	674,096
Total Expenditures	-	-	-	-	674,096
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	(673,940)
FUND BALANCE, July 1	-	-	-	-	673,940
FUND BALANCE, June 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2015)

Page 1 of 3

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	ADULT EDUCATION	ADULT EDUCATION PRISON SYS.	NUTRITION SERVICES	GIFTS AND DONATIONS	CLASS SIZE REDUCTION
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 147,797	\$ 144,676	\$ 306,871	\$ 151,117	\$ 609,140
Receivables	-	7	132,290	-	25,790
Inventories	-	-	31,415	-	-
Total Assets	<u>\$ 147,797</u>	<u>\$ 144,683</u>	<u>\$ 470,576</u>	<u>\$ 151,117</u>	<u>\$ 634,930</u>
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,786	\$ 58	\$ 29,682	\$ 4,767	\$ 426,384
Accrued liabilities	18,278	144,625	234,207	-	208,546
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenues	-	-	-	146,350	-
Total Liabilities	<u>20,064</u>	<u>144,683</u>	<u>263,889</u>	<u>151,117</u>	<u>634,930</u>
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	-	-	31,415	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	127,733	-	175,272	-	-
Total Fund Balances	<u>127,733</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>206,687</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 147,797</u>	<u>\$ 144,683</u>	<u>\$ 470,576</u>	<u>\$ 151,117</u>	<u>\$ 634,930</u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2015)

Page 2 of 3

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	SUMMER AND REMEDATION PROGRAMS	TEACHER SUPPLY REIMB	MEDICAID PROGRAM	LOCAL GRANTS	STATE GRANTS
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 15,957	\$ -	\$ 466,148	\$ 17,113	\$ -
Receivables	14,400	-	99,519	18,071	1,643,519
Inventories	-	-	-	-	-
Total Assets	<u>\$ 30,357</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 565,667</u>	<u>\$ 35,184</u>	<u>\$ 1,643,519</u>
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,396	342	\$ 430,506
Accrued liabilities	13,098	-	20,145	10,940	462,458
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	729,503
Unearned revenues	-	-	-	23,902	21,052
Total Liabilities	<u>13,098</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>33,541</u>	<u>35,184</u>	<u>1,643,519</u>
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	17,259	-	532,126	-	-
Total Fund Balances	<u>17,259</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>532,126</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 30,357</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 565,667</u>	<u>\$ 35,184</u>	<u>\$ 1,643,519</u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2015)

Page 3 of 3

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS TOTALS	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
			2016	2015
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 1,858,819	\$ 679,348	\$ 2,538,167	\$ 2,830,223
Receivables	1,933,596	46,104	1,979,700	1,010,450
Inventories	31,415	-	31,415	38,348
Total Assets	<u>\$ 3,823,830</u>	<u>\$ 725,452</u>	<u>\$ 4,549,282</u>	<u>\$ 3,879,021</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 906,921	\$ 35,136	\$ 942,057	\$ 315,670
Accrued liabilities	1,112,297	-	1,112,297	1,451,904
Due to other funds	729,503	-	729,503	228,570
Unearned revenues	191,304	-	191,304	163,527
Total Liabilities	<u>2,940,025</u>	<u>35,136</u>	<u>2,975,161</u>	<u>2,159,671</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	31,415	-	31,415	38,348
Restricted	-	690,316	690,316	806,625
Assigned	852,390	-	852,390	874,377
Total Fund Balances	<u>883,805</u>	<u>690,316</u>	<u>1,574,121</u>	<u>1,719,350</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 3,823,830</u>	<u>\$ 725,452</u>	<u>\$ 4,549,282</u>	<u>\$ 3,879,021</u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

Page 1 of 3

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	ADULT EDUCATION	ADULT EDUCATION PRISON SYS.	NUTRITION SERVICES	GIFTS AND DONATIONS	CLASS SIZE REDUCTION
REVENUES					
Local sources	\$ 56,919	\$ -	\$ 465,652	\$ 43,009	\$ -
State sources	260,326	1,067,400	8,763	-	3,357,276
Federal sources	-	-	2,229,360	-	-
Total Revenues	317,245	1,067,400	2,703,775	43,009	3,357,276
EXPENDITURES					
Regular programs	-	-	-	7,814	3,801,508
Special programs	-	-	-	5,006	-
Vocational programs	-	-	-	3,610	-
Adult Education programs	211,087	1,112,072	-	-	-
Extra-Curricular activities	-	-	-	-	-
Other Instructional programs	-	-	-	800	-
Community Services programs	-	-	-	400	-
Undistributed Expenditures:					
Student support	-	-	-	17,998	-
Instructional staff support	-	-	-	5,496	-
General administration	-	-	-	375	-
School administration	-	-	-	837	-
Central services	-	-	-	-	-
Operation and maintenance	-	-	-	-	-
Student transportation	-	-	-	673	-
Other support	-	-	-	-	-
Nutrition services	-	-	2,948,717	-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	211,087	1,112,072	2,948,717	43,009	3,801,508
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	106,158	(44,672)	(244,942)	-	(444,232)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from (to) other funds	(24,092)	24,092	298,046	-	444,232
Net Change in Fund Balances	82,066	(20,580)	53,104	-	-
FUND BALANCES, July 1	45,667	20,580	153,583	-	-
FUND BALANCES, June 30	\$ 127,733	\$ -	\$ 206,687	\$ -	\$ -

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

Page 2 of 3

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	SUMMER AND REMEDIAION PROGRAMS	TEACHER SUPPLY REIMB.	MEDICAID PROGRAM	LOCAL GRANTS	STATE GRANTS
REVENUES					
Local sources	\$ 20,350	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 86,574	\$ -
State sources	-	20,635	-	-	4,049,543
Federal sources	-	-	455,689	-	-
Total Revenues	20,350	20,635	455,689	86,574	4,049,543
EXPENDITURES					
Regular programs	-	20,635	-	302	2,412,990
Special programs	-	-	570,773	9,579	324,629
Vocational programs	-	-	-	-	337,796
Adult Education programs	-	-	-	-	-
Extra-Curricular activities	-	-	-	5,916	-
Other Instructional programs	48,776	-	-	66,390	448,661
Community Services programs	-	-	-	-	-
Undistributed Expenditures:					
Student support	-	-	-	4,387	205,759
Instructional staff support	-	-	-	-	360,978
General administration	-	-	-	-	-
School administration	-	-	-	-	-
Central services	-	-	-	-	-
Operation and maintenance	-	-	-	-	-
Student transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Other support	-	-	-	-	169,250
Nutrition services	-	-	-	-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	48,776	20,635	570,773	86,574	4,260,063
Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	(28,426)	-	(115,084)	-	(210,520)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from (to) other funds	-	-	-	-	210,520
Net Change in Fund Balances	(28,426)	-	(115,084)	-	-
FUND BALANCES, July 1	45,685	-	647,210	-	-
FUND BALANCES, June 30	\$ 17,259	\$ -	\$ 532,126	\$ -	\$ -

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

Page 3 of 3

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
	TOTALS	CAPITAL PROJECTS	2016	2015
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 672,504	\$ 535,039	\$ 1,207,543	\$ 1,088,375
State sources	8,763,943	-	8,763,943	7,136,639
Federal sources	2,685,049	-	2,685,049	2,285,027
Total Revenues	12,121,496	535,039	12,656,535	10,510,041
EXPENDITURES				
Regular programs	6,243,249	-	6,243,249	5,419,433
Special programs	909,987	-	909,987	957,445
Vocational programs	341,406	-	341,406	99,773
Adult Education programs	1,323,159	-	1,323,159	1,876,622
Extra-Curricular activities	5,916	-	5,916	3,349
Other Instructional programs	564,627	-	564,627	80,793
Community Services programs	400	-	400	246,394
Undistributed Expenditures:				
Student support	228,144	-	228,144	73,350
Instructional staff support	366,474	-	366,474	1,644
General administration	375	-	375	713
School administration	837	-	837	-
Central services	-	-	-	1,407
Operation and maintenance	-	-	-	37,900
Student transportation	673	-	673	9,204
Other support	169,250	-	169,250	-
Nutrition services	2,948,717	-	2,948,717	2,787,028
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	651,348	651,348	2,321,243
Total Expenditures	13,103,214	651,348	13,754,562	13,916,298
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(981,718)	(116,309)	(1,098,027)	(3,406,257)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers from (to) other funds	952,798	-	952,798	980,356
Net Change in Fund Balances	(28,920)	(116,309)	(145,229)	(2,425,901)
FUND BALANCES, July 1	912,725	806,625	1,719,350	4,145,251
FUND BALANCES, June 30	\$ 883,805	\$ 690,316	\$ 1,574,121	\$ 1,719,350

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

ADULT EDUCATION FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
 CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016
 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Local Sources:					
Other	\$ -	\$ 53,794	\$ 56,919	\$ 3,125	\$ -
State Sources:					
Distributive school account	300,112	305,993	260,326	(45,667)	330,876
Total Revenues	300,112	359,787	317,245	(42,542)	330,876
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction:					
Salaries	58,071	62,797	36,393	26,404	41,375
Benefits	1,581	1,294	724	570	1,424
Purchased services	9,700	4,823	3,100	1,723	26,293
Supplies	14,000	13,002	10,307	2,695	95,176
	83,352	81,916	50,524	31,392	164,268
Other Direct Support:					
Salaries	106,031	107,001	102,882	4,119	125,912
Benefits	52,831	51,994	48,485	3,509	42,825
Purchased services	7,898	5,660	5,475	185	622
Supplies	-	4,000	3,721	279	491
	166,760	168,655	160,563	8,092	169,850
Community Services:					
Other	-	-	-	-	244,294
Undistributed Expenditures:					
Operation and Maintenance	-	-	-	-	30,618
Total Expenditures	250,112	250,571	211,087	39,484	609,030
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	50,000	109,216	106,158	(3,058)	(278,154)
OTHER FINANCING (USES)					
Transfers to other funds	(50,000)	(109,216)	(24,092)	85,124	(50,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	82,066	82,066	(328,154)
FUND BALANCE, July 1	-	45,667	45,667	-	373,821
FUND BALANCE, June 30	\$ -	\$ 45,667	\$ 127,733	\$ 82,066	\$ 45,667

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

ADULT EDUCATION PRISON SYSTEM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES					
State Sources:					
Distributive school account	\$ 1,077,609	\$ 1,087,980	\$ 1,067,400	\$ (20,580)	\$ 1,037,749
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction:					
Salaries	576,630	582,810	582,487	323	802,971
Benefits	245,164	234,375	233,815	560	316,640
Purchased services	26,213	4,000	3,095	905	13,428
Supplies	35,000	46,046	27,417	18,629	117,247
Property	-	-	-	-	6,627
	<u>883,007</u>	<u>867,231</u>	<u>846,814</u>	<u>20,417</u>	<u>1,256,913</u>
Other Direct Support:					
Salaries	164,220	167,695	167,217	478	195,723
Benefits	80,382	78,376	77,616	760	73,955
Purchased services	-	34,000	20,125	13,875	15,480
Supplies	-	49,894	300	49,594	433
	<u>244,602</u>	<u>329,965</u>	<u>265,258</u>	<u>64,707</u>	<u>285,591</u>
Undistributed Expenditures:					
Operation and Maintenance:					
Purchased services	-	-	-	-	3,190
Supplies	-	-	-	-	4,092
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,282</u>
Building Improvements:					
Property	-	-	-	-	218,880
Total Expenditures	<u>1,127,609</u>	<u>1,197,196</u>	<u>1,112,072</u>	<u>85,124</u>	<u>1,768,666</u>
Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	(50,000)	(109,216)	(44,672)	64,544	(730,917)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers from other funds	<u>50,000</u>	<u>109,216</u>	<u>24,092</u>	<u>(85,124)</u>	<u>50,000</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	(20,580)	(20,580)	(680,917)
FUND BALANCE, July 1	<u>-</u>	<u>20,580</u>	<u>20,580</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>701,497</u>
FUND BALANCE, June 30	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 20,580</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (20,580)</u>	<u>\$ 20,580</u>

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NUTRITION SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Local Sources:					
Food sales	\$ 532,188	\$ 441,963	\$ 373,323	\$ (68,640)	\$ 341,746
Other	3,500	189,225	92,329	(96,896)	2,695
Total Local Sources	535,688	631,188	465,652	(165,536)	344,441
State Sources:					
Special appropriations	9,500	9,500	8,763	(737)	9,049
Federal Sources:					
School Lunch Program	1,903,911	1,903,911	2,011,094	107,183	1,890,092
Commodity Foods	104,583	220,000	218,266	(1,734)	140,956
Total Federal Sources	2,008,494	2,123,911	2,229,360	105,449	2,031,048
Total Revenues	2,553,682	2,764,599	2,703,775	(60,824)	2,384,538
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries	963,528	999,861	914,846	85,015	904,981
Benefits	728,101	687,212	652,140	35,072	654,666
Purchased services	990,000	1,166,426	1,127,353	39,073	1,051,831
Supplies	90,099	260,949	254,227	6,722	175,399
Other	-	151	151	-	151
Total Expenditures	2,771,728	3,114,599	2,948,717	165,882	2,787,028
Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	(218,046)	(350,000)	(244,942)	105,058	(402,490)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers from other funds	218,046	350,000	298,046	(51,954)	414,047
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	53,104	53,104	11,557
FUND BALANCE, July 1	42,026	153,583	153,583	-	142,026
FUND BALANCE, June 30	\$ 42,026	\$ 153,583	\$ 206,687	\$ 53,104	\$ 153,583

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

GIFTS AND DONATIONS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Local Sources:					
Donations	\$ 304,000	\$ 189,360	\$ 43,009	\$ (146,351)	\$ 140,449
EXPENDITURES					
Regular Programs:					
Instruction:					
Purchased services	-	4,610	-	4,610	1,260
Supplies	-	26,703	6,564	20,139	1,541
Other	-	5,570	1,250	4,320	1,000
	-	36,883	7,814	29,069	3,801
Other Direct Support:					
Purchased services	300,000	-	-	-	-
Total Regular Programs	300,000	36,883	7,814	29,069	3,801
Special Programs:					
Instruction:					
Purchased services	4,000	-	-	-	-
Supplies	-	7,260	4,906	2,354	-
	4,000	7,260	4,906	2,354	-
Other Direct Support:					
Purchased services	-	1,350	100	1,250	690
Supplies	-	5,079	-	5,079	-
	-	6,429	100	6,329	690
Total Special Programs	4,000	13,689	5,006	8,683	690
Vocational Programs:					
Instruction:					
Purchased services	-	4,727	2,048	2,679	4,652
Other Direct Support:					
Purchased services	-	1,607	1,562	45	668
Total Vocational Programs	-	6,334	3,610	2,724	5,320
Community Services Programs:					
Purchased services	-	2,868	400	2,468	2,100

Continued on next page.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

GIFTS AND DONATIONS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Other Instructional Programs:					
Purchased services	\$ -	\$ 950	\$ 800	\$ 150	\$ -
Athletics:					
Purchased services	-	500	-	500	
Undistributed Expenditures:					
Student Support:					
Purchased services	-	17,405	499	16,906	-
Supplies	-	36,831	12,459	24,372	5,944
Other	-	5,040	5,040	-	85
	-	59,276	17,998	41,278	6,029
Instructional Staff Support:					
Supplies	-	11,434	5,496	5,938	-
General Administration:					
Supplies	-	376	-	376	338
Other	-	375	375	-	375
	-	751	375	376	713
School Administration:					
Supplies	-	3,244	837	2,407	-
Central Services:					
Purchased services	-	47,273	-	47,273	1,407
Operation and Maintenance:					
Supplies	-	4,677	-	4,677	-
Student Transportation:					
Purchased services	-	961	673	288	607
Other Support:					
Purchased services	-	520	-	520	-

Continued on next page.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

GIFTS AND DONATIONS FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
 CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Facilities Acquisition and Construction: Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 119,782
Total Undistributed Expenditures	-	128,136	25,379	102,757	128,538
Total Expenditures	304,000	189,360	43,009	146,351	140,449
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, July 1	-	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, June 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

CLASS SIZE REDUCTION FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
 CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016
 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES					
State Sources:					
Special appropriations	\$ 3,744,289	\$ 3,331,486	\$ 3,357,276	\$ 25,790	\$ 3,744,289
EXPENDITURES					
Regular Programs:					
Salaries	2,778,342	2,546,050	2,545,960	90	2,701,940
Benefits	1,401,302	1,257,493	1,255,548	1,945	1,295,902
Total Expenditures	4,179,644	3,803,543	3,801,508	2,035	3,997,842
Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	(435,355)	(472,057)	(444,232)	27,825	(253,553)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers from other funds	435,355	472,057	444,232	(27,825)	132,574
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	(120,979)
FUND BALANCE, July 1	-	-	-	-	120,979
FUND BALANCE, June 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SUMMER AND REMEDIATION PROGRAMS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Local Sources:					
Tuition	\$ 20,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 20,350	\$ (4,650)	\$ 27,885
EXPENDITURES					
Summer School:					
Salaries	28,900	30,900	30,634	266	8,386
Benefits	830	1,430	1,369	61	335
Supplies	8,000	25,400	16,773	8,627	16,198
Total Expenditures	37,730	57,730	48,776	8,954	24,919
Net Change in Fund Balance	(17,730)	(32,730)	(28,426)	4,304	2,966
FUND BALANCE, July 1	18,009	45,685	45,685	-	42,719
FUND BALANCE, June 30	\$ 279	\$ 12,955	\$ 17,259	\$ 4,304	\$ 45,685

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

TEACHER SUPPLY REIMBURSEMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	2016 BUDGET		2016	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES				
State Sources:				
Special appropriation	\$ -	\$ 45,201	\$ 20,635	\$ (24,566)
EXPENDITURES				
Regular Programs:				
Instruction:				
Supplies	-	45,201	20,635	24,566
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, July 1	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, June 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MEDICAID PROGRAM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Federal Sources:					
Medicaid Program	\$ 300,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 455,689	\$ 55,689	\$ 253,979
EXPENDITURES					
Special Programs:					
Other Direct Support:					
Salaries	42,771	110,573	108,487	2,086	40,779
Benefits	24,074	77,975	74,424	3,551	22,012
Purchased services	232,496	396,075	353,236	42,839	155,967
Supplies	-	57,865	33,874	23,991	9,408
Other	-	6,060	752	5,308	583
	299,341	648,548	570,773	77,775	228,749
Undistributed Expenditures:					
Student Support:					
Salaries	550	-	-	-	-
Benefits	109	-	-	-	-
	659	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	300,000	648,548	570,773	77,775	228,749
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(248,548)	(115,084)	133,464	25,230
FUND BALANCE, July 1	623,524	647,210	647,210	-	621,980
FUND BALANCE, June 30	\$ 623,524	\$ 398,662	\$ 532,126	\$ 133,464	\$ 647,210

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

LOCAL GRANTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Local Sources:					
Other	\$ 70,000	\$ 114,620	\$ 86,574	\$ (28,046)	\$ 82,263
EXPENDITURES					
Regular Programs:					
Purchased services	-	5,719	-	5,719	-
Supplies	-	1,157	302	855	5,541
	-	6,876	302	6,574	5,541
Special Programs:					
Salaries	6,000	8,733	8,733	-	7,899
Benefits	492	47	47	-	648
Purchased services	-	541	82	459	-
Supplies	-	959	717	242	-
	6,492	10,280	9,579	701	8,547
Vocational Programs:					
Salaries	1,020	-	-	-	-
Other Instructional Programs:					
Salaries	35,857	46,130	43,538	2,592	34,944
Benefits	22,747	23,870	22,852	1,018	20,930
Supplies	2,150	-	-	-	-
	60,754	70,000	66,390	3,610	55,874
Cocurricular Programs:					
Supplies	-	11,456	5,391	6,065	3,349
Other	-	525	525	-	-
	-	11,981	5,916	6,065	3,349
Undistributed Expenditures:					
Student Support:					
Salaries	750	823	816	7	822
Benefits	15	16	15	1	16
Purchased services	-	1,048	748	300	1,170
Supplies	-	10,305	2,808	7,497	4,740
	765	12,192	4,387	7,805	6,748

Continued on next page.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

LOCAL GRANTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Undistributed Expenditures (Cont'd.):					
Instructional Staff Support:					
Salaries	\$ 250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Benefits	5	-	-	-	-
Supplies	-	3,057	-	3,057	-
	255	3,057	-	3,057	-
Student Transportation:					
Purchased services	-	234	-	234	-
Supplies	-	-	-	-	634
	-	234	-	234	634
Land Improvements:					
Supplies	-	-	-	-	1,570
Central Services:					
Salaries	700	-	-	-	-
Benefits	14	-	-	-	-
	714	-	-	-	-
Total Undistributed Expenditures	1,734	15,483	4,387	11,096	8,952
Total Expenditures	70,000	114,620	86,574	28,046	82,263
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, July 1	-	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, June 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATE GRANTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES					
State Sources:					
State grants	\$ 2,305,502	\$ 4,804,948	\$ 4,049,543	\$ (755,405)	\$ 2,014,676
EXPENDITURES					
Regular Programs:					
Salaries	835,857	1,393,256	1,311,319	81,937	839,962
Benefits	422,747	686,786	665,778	21,008	422,116
Purchased services	-	255	253	2	-
Supplies	4,000	470,818	435,640	35,178	108,774
Other	44,462	2,208	-	2,208	41,397
Total Regular Programs	1,307,066	2,553,323	2,412,990	140,333	1,412,249
Special Programs:					
Instruction:					
Salaries	407,810	83,290	80,359	2,931	405,813
Benefits	258,742	3,619	3,394	225	239,566
Purchased services	89,711	-	-	-	-
Supplies	200,000	90,316	84,345	5,971	33,694
Other	-	1,425	1,425	-	-
	956,263	178,650	169,523	9,127	679,073
Other Direct Support:					
Salaries	-	18,434	16,623	1,811	18,910
Benefits	-	444	345	99	-
Purchased services	-	115,724	113,875	1,849	17,597
Supplies	10,000	23,100	23,100	-	3,879
Property	25,000	-	-	-	-
Other	500	1,163	1,163	-	-
	35,500	158,865	155,106	3,759	40,386
Total Special Programs	991,763	337,515	324,629	12,886	719,459
Vocational Programs:					
Instruction:					
Salaries	-	20,144	20,136	8	-
Benefits	-	1,001	993	8	-
Purchased services	30,000	87,425	86,925	500	20,752
Supplies	52,320	148,285	125,403	22,882	51,249
Property	-	78,481	78,481	-	-
	82,320	335,336	311,938	23,398	72,001

Continued on next page.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATE GRANTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Vocational Programs (Cont'd.):					
Transportation:					
Purchased services	\$ 28,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other Direct Support:					
Salaries	3,300	5,677	5,652	25	7,338
Benefits	-	109	109	-	114
Purchased services	-	20,276	20,097	179	15,000
Supplies	16,817	-	-	-	-
	<u>20,117</u>	<u>26,062</u>	<u>25,858</u>	<u>204</u>	<u>22,452</u>
Total Vocational Programs	<u>130,437</u>	<u>361,398</u>	<u>337,796</u>	<u>23,602</u>	<u>94,453</u>
Other Instructional Programs:					
Salaries	-	320,229	251,201	69,028	-
Benefits	-	173,600	103,353	70,247	-
Purchased services	-	37,324	35,367	1,957	-
Supplies	-	67,094	58,740	8,354	-
Total Other Instructional	<u>-</u>	<u>598,247</u>	<u>448,661</u>	<u>149,586</u>	<u>-</u>
Undistributed Expenditures:					
Student Support:					
Salaries	32,644	41,165	41,165	-	45,780
Benefits	17,356	15,400	15,400	-	14,793
Purchased services	-	448,533	147,906	300,627	-
Supplies	-	2,500	1,288	1,212	-
	<u>50,000</u>	<u>507,598</u>	<u>205,759</u>	<u>301,839</u>	<u>60,573</u>
Instructional Staff Support:					
Salaries	57,102	162,272	120,298	41,974	-
Benefits	29,121	38,044	34,025	4,019	-
Purchased services	-	245,226	177,869	67,357	971
Supplies	16,301	28,546	28,516	30	673
	<u>102,524</u>	<u>474,088</u>	<u>360,708</u>	<u>113,380</u>	<u>1,644</u>
Student Transportation:					
Purchased services	-	-	-	-	7,963

Continued on next page.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATE GRANTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Other Support:					
Indirect costs	\$ -	\$ 183,299	\$ 169,520	\$ 13,779	\$ -
Total Undistributed Expenditures	152,524	1,164,985	735,987	428,998	70,180
Total Expenditures	2,581,790	5,015,468	4,260,063	755,405	2,296,341
Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	(276,288)	(210,520)	(210,520)	-	(281,665)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers from other funds	276,288	210,520	210,520	-	281,665
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, July 1	-	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE, June 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES					
Local Sources:					
Governmental services tax	\$ 493,265	\$ 493,265	\$ 534,820	\$ 41,555	\$ 493,103
Other	-	-	219	219	234
Total Revenues	493,265	493,265	535,039	41,774	493,337
EXPENDITURES					
Undistributed Expenditures:					
Site Improvements:					
Property	-	-	119,187	(119,187)	-
Building Improvements:					
Property	525,000	750,000	532,161	217,839	1,981,011
Total Undistributed Expenditures	525,000	750,000	651,348	98,652	1,981,011
Total Expenditures	525,000	750,000	651,348	98,652	1,981,011
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(31,735)	(256,735)	(116,309)	140,426	(1,487,674)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfer from other funds	-	-	-	-	200,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(31,735)	(256,735)	(116,309)	140,426	(1,287,674)
FUND BALANCE, July 1	84,480	806,625	806,625	-	2,094,299
FUND BALANCE, June 30	\$ 52,745	\$ 549,890	\$ 690,316	\$ 140,426	\$ 806,625

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

PROPRIETARY FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2016
(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2015)

	UNEMPLOY- MENT INSURANCE FUND	HEALTH INSURANCE FUND	WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE FUND	TOTALS GOVERNMENTAL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	ACTIVITIES
				2016	2015
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 493,251	\$ 4,598,292	\$ 445,903	\$ 5,537,446	\$ 4,874,284
Accounts receivable	-	48	-	48	928
Prepaid expenses	-	-	1,846	1,846	-
Total Assets	<u>493,251</u>	<u>4,598,340</u>	<u>447,749</u>	<u>5,539,340</u>	<u>4,875,212</u>
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	3,701	48	8,255	12,004	2,134
Accrued liabilities	-	-	154,743	154,743	177,738
Total Liabilities	<u>3,701</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>162,998</u>	<u>166,747</u>	<u>179,872</u>
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted	<u>\$ 489,550</u>	<u>\$ 4,598,292</u>	<u>\$ 284,751</u>	<u>\$ 5,372,593</u>	<u>\$ 4,695,340</u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

PROPRIETARY FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF
REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016
(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	UNEMPLOY- MENT INSURANCE FUND	HEALTH INSURANCE FUND	WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE FUND	TOTALS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
				2016	2015
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 29,607	\$ 1,825,273	\$ 214,636	\$ 2,069,516	\$ 2,067,099
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries	9,068	12,276	17,248	38,592	22,004
Benefits	4,183	1,184,457	7,753	1,196,393	1,221,241
Purchased services	25,466	2,756	129,056	157,278	353,231
Other	-	-	-	-	2,000
	<u>38,717</u>	<u>1,199,489</u>	<u>154,057</u>	<u>1,392,263</u>	<u>1,598,476</u>
Change in Net Position	(9,110)	625,784	60,579	677,253	468,623
NET POSITION, July 1	<u>498,660</u>	<u>3,972,508</u>	<u>224,172</u>	<u>4,695,340</u>	<u>4,226,717</u>
NET POSITION, June 30	<u>\$ 489,550</u>	<u>\$ 4,598,292</u>	<u>\$ 284,751</u>	<u>\$ 5,372,593</u>	<u>\$ 4,695,340</u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	UNEMPLOY- MENT INSURANCE FUND	HEALTH INSURANCE FUND	WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE FUND	TOTALS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
				2016	2015
CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received for services	\$ 29,607	\$ 1,825,225	\$ 215,564	\$ 2,070,396	\$ 2,066,171
Cash paid for salaries and benefits	(13,251)	(18,700)	(25,001)	(56,952)	(32,912)
Cash paid for claims and related	(23,899)	(1,180,741)	(145,642)	(1,350,282)	(1,419,381)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(7,543)	625,784	44,921	663,162	613,878
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	(7,543)	625,784	44,921	663,162	613,878
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, July 1	<u>500,794</u>	<u>2,145,099</u>	<u>400,982</u>	<u>4,874,284</u>	<u>4,260,406</u>
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, June 30	<u>\$ 493,251</u>	<u>\$ 2,770,883</u>	<u>\$ 445,903</u>	<u>\$ 5,537,446</u>	<u>\$ 4,874,284</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATIONS					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (9,110)	\$ 625,784	\$ 60,579	\$ 677,253	\$ 468,623
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Receivables	-	(48)	928	880	(928)
Prepaid expenses	-	-	(1,846)	(1,846)	-
Accounts payable	1,567	48	8,255	9,870	(5,122)
Accrued liabilities	-	-	(22,995)	(22,995)	151,305
Total Adjustments	<u>1,567</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(15,658)</u>	<u>(14,091)</u>	<u>145,255</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ (7,543)</u>	<u>\$ 625,784</u>	<u>\$ 44,921</u>	<u>\$ 663,162</u>	<u>\$ 613,878</u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016
(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 130,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 29,607	\$ 24,607	\$ 130,655
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries	11,017	10,453	9,068	1,385	5,699
Benefits	8,256	4,811	4,183	628	2,692
Purchased services	112,912	25,000	25,466	(466)	21,254
	132,185	40,264	38,717	1,547	29,645
Change in Net Position	(2,185)	(35,264)	(9,110)	23,060	101,010
NET POSITION, July 1	395,967	498,660	498,660	-	397,650
NET POSITION, June 30	\$ 393,782	\$ 463,396	\$ 489,550	\$ 23,060	\$ 498,660

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received for services	\$ 130,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 29,607	\$ 24,607	\$ 130,655
Cash paid for salaries and benefits	(19,273)	(15,264)	(13,251)	2,013	(8,391)
Cash paid for claims and related	(112,912)	(25,000)	(23,899)	1,101	(25,887)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(2,185)	(35,264)	(7,543)	27,721	96,377
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	(2,185)	(35,264)	(7,543)	27,721	96,377
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, July 1	<u>402,734</u>	<u>402,734</u>	<u>500,794</u>	<u>98,060</u>	<u>404,417</u>
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, June 30	<u>\$ 400,549</u>	<u>\$ 367,470</u>	<u>\$ 493,251</u>	<u>\$ 125,781</u>	<u>\$ 500,794</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATIONS					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (2,185)	\$ (35,264)	\$ (9,110)	\$ 26,154	\$ 101,010
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operations:					
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts payable	-	-	1,567	1,567	(4,633)
Net cash provided (used) by operations	<u>\$ (2,185)</u>	<u>\$ (35,264)</u>	<u>\$ (7,543)</u>	<u>\$ 27,721</u>	<u>\$ 96,377</u>

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

HEALTH INSURANCE FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND
 CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016
 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 1,753,175	\$ 1,751,357	\$ 1,825,273	\$ 73,916	\$ 1,827,409
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries	12,577	12,374	12,276	98	12,110
Benefits	7,940	1,734,783	1,184,457	550,326	1,216,469
Purchased services	1,732,658	4,200	2,756	1,444	3,945
	<u>1,753,175</u>	<u>1,751,357</u>	<u>1,199,489</u>	<u>551,868</u>	<u>1,232,524</u>
Change in Net Position	-	-	625,784	625,784	594,885
NET POSITION, July 1	<u>3,377,022</u>	<u>3,972,508</u>	<u>3,972,508</u>	-	<u>3,377,623</u>
NET POSITION, June 30	<u>\$ 3,377,022</u>	<u>\$ 3,972,508</u>	<u>\$ 4,598,292</u>	<u>\$ 625,784</u>	<u>\$ 3,972,508</u>

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

HEALTH INSURANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received for services	\$ 1,753,175	\$ 1,751,357	\$ 1,825,225	\$ 73,868	\$ 1,827,409
Cash paid for salaries and benefits	(20,517)	(18,798)	(18,700)	98	(18,246)
Cash paid for claims and related	(1,732,658)	(1,732,559)	(1,180,741)	551,818	(1,214,287)
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	-	625,784	625,784	594,876
Net Increase in Cash	-	-	625,784	625,784	594,876
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, July 1	<u>3,377,031</u>	<u>3,377,031</u>	<u>3,972,508</u>	<u>595,477</u>	<u>3,377,632</u>
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, June 30	<u>\$ 3,377,031</u>	<u>\$ 3,377,031</u>	<u>\$ 4,598,292</u>	<u>\$ 1,221,261</u>	<u>\$ 3,972,508</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATIONS					
Operating income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 625,784	\$ 625,784	\$ 594,885
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operations:					
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Receivables	-	-	(48)	(48)	-
Accounts payable	-	-	48	48	(9)
Total Adjustments	-	-	-	-	(9)
Net cash provided by operations	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 625,784</u>	<u>\$ 625,784</u>	<u>\$ 594,876</u>

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE FUND
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND
 CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016
 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 200,000	\$ 240,000	\$ 214,636	\$ (25,364)	\$ 109,035
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries	27,520	22,797	17,248	5,549	4,195
Benefits	15,905	10,259	7,753	2,506	2,080
Purchased services	120,000	200,000	129,056	70,944	328,032
Other	-	-	-	-	2,000
	163,425	233,056	154,057	78,999	336,307
Change in Net Position	36,575	6,944	60,579	53,635	(227,272)
NET POSITION, July 1	505,558	224,172	224,172	-	451,444
NET POSITION, June 30	\$ 542,133	\$ 231,116	\$ 284,751	\$ 53,635	\$ 224,172

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015)

	2016 BUDGET		2016		2015
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received for services	\$ 200,000	\$ 240,000	\$ 215,564	\$ (24,436)	\$ 108,107
Cash paid for salaries and benefits	(43,425)	(33,056)	(25,001)	8,055	(6,275)
Cash paid for claims and related	(120,000)	(200,000)	(145,642)	54,358	(179,207)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	36,575	6,944	44,921	37,977	(77,375)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	36,575	6,944	44,921	37,977	(77,375)
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, July 1	532,471	532,471	400,982	(131,489)	478,357
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, June 30	<u>\$ 569,046</u>	<u>\$ 539,415</u>	<u>\$ 445,903</u>	<u>\$ (93,512)</u>	<u>\$ 400,982</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATIONS					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 36,575	\$ 6,944	\$ 60,579	\$ 53,635	\$ (227,272)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operations:					
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Other receivables	-	-	928	928	(928)
Prepaid expenses	-	-	(1,846)	(1,846)	-
Accounts payable	-	-	8,255	8,255	(480)
Accrued liabilities	-	-	(22,995)	(22,995)	151,305
Total Adjustments	-	-	(15,658)	(15,658)	149,897
Net cash provided (used) by operations	<u>\$ 36,575</u>	<u>\$ 6,944</u>	<u>\$ 44,921</u>	<u>\$ 37,977</u>	<u>\$ (77,375)</u>

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	BALANCE	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	BALANCE
	July 1, 2015			June 30, 2016
CARSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 109,183	\$ 192,859	\$ 167,041	\$ 135,001
Liabilities:				
Due to student groups and others	\$ 109,183	\$ 192,859	\$ 167,041	\$ 135,001
 CARSON MIDDLE SCHOOL STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 120,829	\$ 90,555	\$ 99,601	\$ 111,783
Liabilities:				
Due to student groups and others	\$ 120,829	\$ 90,555	\$ 99,601	\$ 111,783
 EAGLE VALLEY MIDDLE SCHOOL STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 85,540	\$ 68,840	\$ 70,805	\$ 83,575
Liabilities:				
Due to student groups and others	\$ 85,540	\$ 68,840	\$ 70,805	\$ 83,575
 CARSON HIGH SCHOOL STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 475,522	\$ 937,525	\$ 954,660	\$ 458,387
Liabilities:				
Due to student groups and others	\$ 475,522	\$ 937,525	\$ 954,660	\$ 458,387
 ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,387	\$ 1,359	\$ 3,443	\$ 303
Liabilities:				
Due to student groups and others	\$ 2,387	\$ 1,359	\$ 3,443	\$ 303

Continued on next page.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AGENCY FUNDS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	BALANCE	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	BALANCE
	July 1, 2015			June 30, 2016
ADULT HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA PROGRAM				
STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 52,245	\$ 1,800	\$ 53,509	\$ 536
Liabilities:				
Due to student groups and others	\$ 52,245	\$ 1,800	\$ 53,509	\$ 536
 MONTESSORI CHARTER SCHOOL PAYROLL				
FUND				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 300	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 300
Liabilities:				
Due to student groups and others	\$ 300	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 300
 TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 846,006	\$ 1,292,938	\$ 1,349,059	\$ 789,885
Liabilities:				
Due to student groups and others	\$ 846,006	\$ 1,292,938	\$ 1,349,059	\$ 789,885

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AGENCY FUND - CARSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>BALANCE</u> <u>July 1, 2015</u>	<u>ADDITIONS</u>	<u>DELETIONS</u>	<u>BALANCE</u> <u>June 30, 2016</u>
Bray-Bordewich-Gleason	\$ 10,569	\$ 15,556	\$ 14,725	\$ 11,400
Empire Elementary	9,238	22,012	19,787	11,463
Fremont Elementary	17,554	41,662	41,980	17,236
Fritsch Elementary	26,933	26,421	23,855	29,499
Mark Twain Elementary	11,897	19,304	18,684	12,517
Seeliger Elementary	31,711	67,904	48,010	51,605
Student Support Services	1,281	-	-	1,281
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total	\$ 109,183	\$ 192,859	\$ 167,041	\$ 135,001
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AGENCY FUND - CARSON MIDDLE SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	BALANCE July 1, 2015	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	BALANCE June 30, 2016
7th grade reward trip	\$ 54	\$ 796	\$ 825	\$ 25
Art Class	162	-	-	162
Band	7,273	12,303	13,954	5,622
Band instrument repair	1,548	2,160	3,670	38
Band trip	4,128	21,011	19,641	5,498
Band uniforms	152	1,645	1,706	91
Basketball Camp	5,054	4,363	1,073	8,344
Book Fair	5,335	2,356	2,356	5,335
Bookworms	2	-	-	2
Box tops	862	-	-	862
Choir	624	2,980	3,451	153
Classic tourney	346	-	-	346
CMS shirts	162	-	-	162
Co-curricular	11	-	-	11
Coke/student soda machine	5,818	6,753	4,538	8,033
Coupon books	1,124	-	1,124	-
Cross Country	7,235	1,710	1,282	7,663
CTE FEE	7,393	-	-	7,393
Fish Food Drive	104	-	-	104
Gate	162	-	-	162
Girls' basketball	432	-	-	432
Healthy Schools	369	-	-	369
Home economics	500	-	-	500
Jimmy Blackmore	96	-	-	96
John Gaskill Scholarship	3,146	720	2,866	1,000
Journalism	623	-	-	623
Lego Robotic	127	640	510	257
Library	659	693	-	1,352
Magazine fundraiser	89	-	-	89
Mr. Whisler's class	387	100	-	487
Nurse	134	-	-	134
Pathways	206	-	-	206
Paulson class	147	-	-	147
PBS	702	-	-	702
Physical Education	17,143	8,002	10,246	14,899
PTA	256	-	-	256
Recycle Club	210	-	-	210
School uniforms	2,720	-	2,720	-

Continued on next page.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AGENCY FUND - CARSON MIDDLE SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	BALANCE July 1, 2015	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	BALANCE June 30, 2016
Science	\$ 33	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33
Social Studies Department	235	-	-	235
SSA sweatshirts	2,855	-	2,855	-
Student Body	6,406	3,835	4,222	6,019
Summer School	2,705	30	-	2,735
Sunshine	640	429	287	782
Team A	567	-	-	567
Team B	252	-	-	252
Team C	65	-	-	65
Technology Class	946	-	-	946
Track	8,428	3,374	3,832	7,970
Volleyball	266	4,982	4,373	875
Wrestling	5,677	1,005	417	6,265
Yearbook	16,259	10,668	13,653	13,274
Total	<u>\$ 120,829</u>	<u>\$ 90,555</u>	<u>\$ 99,601</u>	<u>\$ 111,783</u>

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AGENCY FUND - EAGLE VALLEY MIDDLE SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	BALANCE July 1, 2015	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	BALANCE June 30, 2016
Art	\$ 145	\$ 445	\$ 348	\$ 242
Art Fundraiser	261	-	261	-
Athletic Fund	3,947	7,494	4,884	6,557
Band spring trip	1,252	-	1,252	-
Blakemore Memorial	110	-	100	10
Cheerleader	937	415	887	465
Computer sleeves	-	2,643	192	2,451
CTE	5,861	2,785	185	8,461
Fund raising	1,180	660	885	955
Hazard	76	-	76	-
Helping Hand	618	1,750	697	1,671
Home Ec	382	76	308	150
Instrument Fees	1,299	975	75	2,199
Leadership	9,494	7,444	5,326	11,612
Library	427	5,359	5,037	749
Materials	16,408	3,450	9,987	9,871
Music	8,584	16,466	19,183	5,867
National Honor Society	665	676	665	676
Physical Education- Student support	500	-	-	500
Physical Education-bowling	1,690	-	-	1,690
Physical Education-pinkies	501	21	-	522
Physical Education-uniforms	16,291	7,463	8,216	15,538
Pride	689	871	920	640
Principal's Fund	193	198	174	217
Recycle	835	-	-	835
Reid	54	-	54	-
Reno Aces	16	-	16	-
Scholastic Book Fair	226	-	226	-
Science Olympics	700	-	700	-
Smart Lab	98	2,546	1,563	1,081
Spanish shirts	8	-	8	-
Sparkletts	87	249	296	40
Sunshine Fund	1,053	-	52	1,001
Track	667	430	505	592
Tun	50	-	-	50
Volleyball tees	14	-	-	14
Wrestling	70	-	70	-
Yearbook	10,152	6,424	7,657	8,919
Total	<u>\$ 85,540</u>	<u>\$ 68,840</u>	<u>\$ 70,805</u>	<u>\$ 83,575</u>

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AGENCY FUND - CARSON HIGH SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	BALANCE July 1, 2015	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	BALANCE June 30, 2016
A. Bourque Scholarship	\$ 1,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,400
Abowd/Rose Scholarship	-	3,500	-	3,500
Advanced Anatomy	14,126	2,813	293	16,646
Aiazzi/Anderson Scholarship	15,107	-	53	15,054
AP Biology	678	785	1,050	413
AP Testing	16,128	41,261	43,334	14,055
Art class - Malley	4,280	675	1,004	3,951
Astronomy	17	-	17	-
Athletic concessions	2,325	15,271	16,504	1,092
Athletic supplies	634	16,189	16,683	140
Athletic testing	35,277	-	4,648	30,629
Athletic tournaments	528	52,402	52,704	226
Athletic training	27	6,022	4,815	1,234
Auto body - Godec	3,975	4,443	5,240	3,178
Auto Cad	390	2,485	2,420	455
Band	2,928	26,874	27,173	2,629
Baseball	7,826	23,338	25,092	6,072
Book Club	328	-	-	328
Bowling Club	24	1,062	824	262
Boys basketball	12,707	7,709	7,677	12,739
Boys golf	5,246	1,400	2,760	3,886
Boys soccer	191	6,070	6,202	59
Boys tennis	28	1,880	1,634	274
Breeden lab fees	597	-	597	-
Carneta	29,931	56,527	63,176	23,282
Carson track	3,945	24,205	26,709	1,441
CC Fire Scholarship	2,000	2,000	3,000	1,000
CC Schools Foundation	1,785	-	-	1,785
Ceramics	1,067	1,880	1,816	1,131
Cheer	6,586	60,468	62,465	4,589
Chess/Game Club	1	-	-	1
Choir	422	6,009	6,387	44
Chrome Books	-	900	-	900
CHS Floral Shop	-	3,100	1,321	1,779
CHS Robotics	870	1,200	2,070	-
Class of 1977	500	500	1,000	-
Class of 2016	4,615	22,868	27,483	-
Class of 2017	1,315	6,859	360	7,814

Continued on next page.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AGENCY FUND - CARSON HIGH SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>BALANCE</u> <u>July 1, 2015</u>	<u>ADDITIONS</u>	<u>DELETIONS</u>	<u>BALANCE</u> <u>June 30, 2016</u>
Class of 2018	\$ 476	\$ 1,298	\$ 337	\$ 1,437
Class of 2019	-	420	-	420
Climbing Club	378	-	-	378
CLS/Friendship Ball	143	486	289	340
College Testing Fund	439	6,060	4,560	1,939
Comstock Soccer	4,225	1,000	5,000	225
Craft Fair Scholarship	1,000	4,500	2,500	3,000
Cross Country	947	3,888	4,258	577
Culinary Arts	8,805	35,574	38,993	5,386
D. Elder Scholarship	-	500	500	-
D. Fitz Scholarship	-	2,000	500	1,500
D. Stoddard Scholarship	-	2,000	2,000	-
DHH (Deaf-Hard of Hearing)	-	277	217	60
Drama Production	23,254	9,086	9,309	23,031
Echo Club	161	-	-	161
Environment Club	334	-	40	294
FBLA	2,635	16,733	15,994	3,374
Facility use	384	-	-	384
Father/Daughter Dance	142	11,605	9,048	2,699
Families United Scholarship	250	6,000	3,000	3,250
Fellow Christian Athletes	249	-	-	249
FFA	1,936	8,861	8,974	1,823
Football	486	57,626	56,162	1,950
French Club	76	-	-	76
G Adair Memorial Scholarship	2,045	-	-	2,045
G. Reading Scholarship	46,155	-	2,500	43,655
Girls basketball	1,029	21,285	12,596	9,718
Girls golf	4,346	362	774	3,934
Girls soccer	3,300	5,264	5,622	2,942
Girls softball	1,059	4,780	4,841	998
Girls tennis	57	1,495	-	1,552
Glen Lucky Scholarship	-	500	500	-
Graphic Design	2,466	2,655	1,587	3,534
Greenhouse	209	-	36	173
GSA	21	-	-	21
Guidance Scholarship	1,091	1,000	2,000	91
Honor Society	9,048	5,685	2,795	11,938
HOSA - Health Occupations	10,547	54,552	57,416	7,683
Internet Club	4,040	3,952	6,132	1,860

Continued on next page.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AGENCY FUND - CARSON HIGH SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	BALANCE July 1, 2015	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	BALANCE June 30, 2016
IT Essentials	\$ -	\$ 1,015	\$ 1,003	\$ 12
K. Oxoby Scholarship	3,076	7,710	10,785	1
Key Club	1,661	645	715	1,591
L.A.D. Fund	1,032	14	522	524
Leads Unlimited	250	-	-	250
Library Fund	17,965	3,351	11,710	9,606
L. Reedy Donation	-	3,516	3,152	364
Link Crew	3,086	3,586	3,556	3,116
Management - coke	119	-	-	119
Management - guidance	497	-	-	497
Management - locker fund	3,564	3,154	3,500	3,218
Management team	2,649	18,100	15,985	4,764
Masonic Scholarship #1	-	2,000	-	2,000
Masonic Scholarship #47	1,000	-	1,000	-
Math Proficiency Club	137	-	31	106
Math/Science Department	1,499	211	-	1,710
Merry Bayer Scholarship	905	728	1,000	633
NAT/NEWCMR Scholarship	-	500	500	-
National History Day	10	73	-	83
Native American Club	118	8	-	126
NCSEA	2,000	-	-	2,000
NJROTC	6,368	44,645	31,749	19,264
Nurses' Fund	44	157	-	201
Ocean Scuba	-	524	524	-
Outdoor Education	9	500	453	56
Parking permits	8,945	7,775	9,224	7,496
Photo Class	1,788	4,175	1,402	4,561
Physics	-	41	41	-
Physical Education classes	747	1,811	2,558	-
Physical Education uniform	265	15,532	10,416	5,381
POE	845	555	876	524
R. Hawkins Scholarship	2,803	3,000	2,000	3,803
R. Thoreson Scholarship	900	100	1,000	-
Resource yogurt	517	-	-	517
S. Andersen Scholarship	900	300	1,000	200
Schneider class	1,217	-	-	1,217
School Excellence	622	-	-	622
Science Bowl Club	1	-	-	1

Continued on next page.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AGENCY FUND - CARSON HIGH SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	BALANCE July 1, 2015	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	BALANCE June 30, 2016
Seeliger Scholarship	\$ 1,200	\$ 4,500	\$ 3,200	\$ 2,500
Self Defense	586	1,085	1,582	89
Senator News	-	700	373	327
Senator Pride	206	-	-	206
Sewing Club	296	-	-	296
Ski Team	620	550	800	370
Skills USA VICA	4,511	3,132	4,287	3,356
Social Studies	111	60	46	125
Sp Ed Class Fund	1,364	179	656	887
Speech and Debate	3,389	5,825	5,181	4,033
Sr. Project Committee	417	790	1,116	91
Staff Appreciation	44	-	-	44
Student Assistance	4,364	1,175	229	5,310
Student Body	9,197	15,747	16,692	8,252
Student Body cards	12,389	20,310	29,714	2,985
Student Reserve	487	-	-	487
Student Store	20,958	46,677	46,914	20,721
Summer School	21,355	16,920	17,280	20,995
Swim/Dive Team	1,607	4,228	4,034	1,801
S. Drive Scholarship	-	2,275	2,225	50
Volleyball	2,798	14,961	17,529	230
W. Loftin Scholarship	1,277	-	500	777
Welding - Shirley	2,753	3,198	2,453	3,498
Wilson Memorial Scholarship	5	-	5	-
Wrestling	10,512	1,348	10,151	1,709
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total	\$ 475,522	\$ 937,525	\$ 954,660	\$ 458,387
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AGENCY FUND - ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>BALANCE</u> <u>July 1, 2015</u>	<u>ADDITIONS</u>	<u>DELETIONS</u>	<u>BALANCE</u> <u>June 30, 2016</u>
Pioneer High School	\$ 2,387	\$ 1,359	\$ 3,443	\$ 303
Total	<u>\$ 2,387</u>	<u>\$ 1,359</u>	<u>\$ 3,443</u>	<u>\$ 303</u>

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AGENCY FUND - ADULT HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA PROGRAM
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>BALANCE</u> <u>July 1, 2015</u>	<u>ADDITIONS</u>	<u>DELETIONS</u>	<u>BALANCE</u> <u>June 30, 2016</u>
Adult Education	\$ 51,839	\$ 1,670	\$ 53,509	\$ -
Carson High School Correctional Ed	406	130	-	536
Total	<u>\$ 52,245</u>	<u>\$ 1,800</u>	<u>\$ 53,509</u>	<u>\$ 536</u>



**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Board of Trustees
Carson City School District
Carson City, Nevada

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carson City School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Board of Trustees of the
Carson City School District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rife Silva & Co, LLC

Reno, Nevada
October 27, 2016



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM
AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY
THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

To the Board of Trustees
Carson City School District
Carson City, Nevada

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Carson City School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

To the Board of Trustees of the
Carson City School District

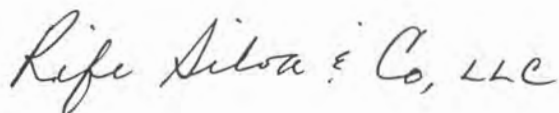
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Reno, Nevada
October 27, 2016

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(Page 1 of 2)

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	AMOUNT
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
<i>Passed through the State of Nevada Department of Education</i>			
Special Education Cluster			
IDEA, Part B	84.027	16-639-13000	\$ 1,246,505
IDEA, Special Projects	84.027	16-667-13000	200,522
District Improvement Grants	84.027	16-641-13000	17,319
Preschool Grants - Early Childhood	84.173	15-665-13000	4,285
			<u>1,468,631</u>
Title I, Part A - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	16-633-13000	1,278,476
Title I, Part D - Neglected and Delinquent Children	84.010	16-650-13000	63,341
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	16-688-13000	91,451
Career and Vocational Education - Carl D. Perkins, Basic	84.048	16-631-13000	89,340
Title IV, Part D - 21st Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	16-770-13000	368,118
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365	16-658-13000	103,934
Title III, Part B - English Language Acquisition	84.365	16-659-13000	26,531
Race to the Top	84.395	16-430-13000	2,300,323
Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	16-709-13000	232,141
			<u>6,022,286</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
<i>Passed through the State of Nevada Department of Agriculture</i>			
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables Program	10.582	16-808-13000	<u>55,307</u>

Continued on next page.

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(Page 2 of 2)

<u>FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM</u>	<u>FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER</u>	<u>PASS- THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE (Cont'd.)			
<i>Passed through the State of Nevada Department of Agriculture</i>			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	\$ 1,472,082
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	488,351
National School Lunch Program - Commodities	10.555	N/A	218,266
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	N/A	50,659
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>2,229,358</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>2,284,665</u>
 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
<i>Passed through Carson City, Nevada</i>			
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	N/A	<u>46,406</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			<u><u>\$ 8,353,357</u></u>

See accompanying notes.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

The accompanying *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* presents the expenditure activity of all federal award programs of the Carson City School District (the District) for the year ended June 30, 2016. The District's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to its basic financial statements. All expenditures of federal awards received directly from federal agencies as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies are included in the *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards*.

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The amounts shown as expenditures of CFDA #10.555 – National School Lunch Program - Commodities represents the fair value of commodity foods expended by the District for the year ended June 30, 2016.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2016

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal Control over Financial Reporting	
Material weaknesses identified:	No
Significant deficiencies identified:	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:	No

Federal Awards

Internal Control over Major Programs	
Material weaknesses identified:	No
Significant deficiencies identified:	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a):	No

Major Programs

The major programs for the year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

- Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA's 10.553; 10.555; 10.559)
- 21st Century Community Learning Centers (CFDA 84.287)

The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$750,000.

Low-Risk Auditee

Carson City School District was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2016

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

None.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

None.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' COMMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

CURRENT YEAR STATUTE COMPLIANCE

The required disclosure on compliance with Nevada Revised Statutes and the Nevada Administrative Code is contained in Note 2 to the financial statements.

PRIOR YEAR STATUTE VIOLATIONS

No potential statute violations were noted in the 2015 audit.

CURRENT YEAR AUDIT RECOMMENDATIONS

We did not find any financial weaknesses of magnitude to justify inclusion within our audit report.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT RECOMMENDATIONS

There were no prior year recommendations related to financial weaknesses of a magnitude to justify inclusion within the audit report.

APPENDIX B

BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC

and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the District as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal, interest and redemption proceeds on the Bonds will be made to Cede& Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or the Paying Agent on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Paying Agent or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal, interest or redemption proceeds to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or the Paying Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Registrar and Paying Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but the District takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

APPENDIX C

FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

This Continuing Disclosure Certificate (the “Disclosure Certificate”) is executed and delivered by Carson City School District, Nevada (the “Issuer”) in connection with the issuance of the Issuer’s Carson City School District, Nevada, General Obligation (Limited Tax) School Improvement Bonds, Series 2017A, in the aggregate principal amount of \$15,000,000 (the “Bonds”). The Bonds are being issued pursuant to the bond resolution of the Issuer adopted January 10, 2017 (the “Resolution”). The Issuer covenants and agrees as follows:

SECTION 1. Purpose of the Disclosure Certificate. This Disclosure Certificate is being executed and delivered by the Issuer for the benefit of the holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds and in order to assist the Participating Underwriter in complying with Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”).

SECTION 2. Definitions. In addition to the definitions set forth in the Resolution or parenthetically defined herein, which apply to any capitalized terms used in this Disclosure Certificate unless otherwise defined in this Section, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

“Annual Report” shall mean any Annual Report provided by the Issuer pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Certificate.

“Dissemination Agent” shall mean, initially, the Issuer, or any successor Dissemination Agent designated in writing by the Issuer and which has filed with the Issuer a written acceptance of such designation.

“Material Events” shall mean any of the events listed in Section 5 of this Disclosure Certificate.

“MSRB” shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. The MSRB’s required method of filing will be electronically via its Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) system available on the Internet at <http://emma.msrb.org>.

“Participating Underwriter” shall mean any of the original underwriters of the Bonds required to comply with the Rule in connection with an offering of the Bonds.

“Rule” shall mean Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) adopted by the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time.

SECTION 3. Provision of Annual Reports.

(a) The Issuer shall, or shall cause the Dissemination Agent to, not later than nine (9) months following the end of the Issuer's fiscal year of each year, commencing nine (9) months following the end of the Issuer's fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, provide to the MSRB in an electronic format as prescribed by the MSRB, an Annual Report which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate. Not later than five (5) business days prior to said date, the Issuer shall provide the Annual Report to the Dissemination Agent (if other than the Issuer). The Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package, and may cross-reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate; provided that the audited financial statements of the Issuer may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual Report.

(b) If the Issuer is unable to provide to the MSRB an Annual Report by the date required in subsection (a), the Issuer shall send or cause to be sent a notice in substantially the form attached as Exhibit "A" to the MSRB.

(c) The Dissemination Agent shall:

(i) determine each year prior to the date for providing the Annual Report the appropriate electronic format prescribed by the MSRB;

(ii) if the Dissemination Agent is other than the Issuer, send written notice to the Issuer at least 45 days prior to the date the Annual Report is due stating that the Annual Report is due as provided in Section 3(a) hereof; and

(iii) if the Dissemination Agent is other than the Issuer, file a report with the Issuer certifying that the Annual Report has been provided pursuant to this Disclosure Certificate, stating the date it was provided and listing all the entities to which it was provided.

SECTION 4. Content of Annual Reports. The Issuer's Annual Report shall contain or incorporate by reference the following:

(a) A copy of its annual financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles audited by a firm of certified public accountants. If audited annual financial statements are not available by the time specified in Section 3(a) above, unaudited financial statements will be provided as part of the Annual Report and audited financial statements will be provided when and if available.

(b) An update of the type of information identified in Exhibit "B" hereto, which is contained in the tables in the Official Statement with respect to the Bonds.

Any or all of the items listed above may be incorporated by reference from other documents, including official statements of debt issues of the Issuer or related public entities, which are available to the public on the MSRB's Internet Web Site or filed with the SEC. The Issuer shall clearly identify each such document incorporated by reference.

SECTION 5. Reporting of Material Events. The Issuer shall provide or cause to be provided, in a timely manner, not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event, notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds, to the MSRB:

- (a) Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
- (b) Non-payment related defaults, if material;
- (c) Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- (d) Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
- (e) Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
- (f) Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds;
- (g) Modifications to rights of bondholders, if material;
- (h) Bond calls, if material, and tender offers;
- (i) Defeasances;
- (j) Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material;
- (k) Rating changes;
- (l) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person¹;

¹ For the purposes of the event identified in subparagraph (b)(5)(i)(C)(12) of the Rule, the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for an obligated person in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and official or

(m) The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving an obligation person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms if material; and

(n) Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material.

SECTION 6. Termination of Reporting Obligation. The Issuer's obligations under this Disclosure Certificate shall terminate upon the earliest of: (i) the date of legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the Bonds; (ii) the date that the Issuer shall no longer constitute an "obligated person" within the meaning of the Rule; or (iii) the date on which those portions of the Rule which require this written undertaking are held to be invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction in a non-appealable action, have been repealed retroactively or otherwise do not apply to the Bonds.

SECTION 7. Dissemination Agent. The Issuer may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist the Issuer in carrying out its obligations under this Disclosure Certificate, and may discharge any such Dissemination Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent.

SECTION 8. Amendment; Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Disclosure Certificate, the Issuer may amend this Disclosure Certificate, and may waive any provision of this Disclosure Certificate, without the consent of the holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds, if such amendment or waiver does not, in and of itself, cause the undertakings herein (or action of any Participating Underwriter in reliance on the undertakings herein) to violate the Rule, but taking into account any subsequent change in or official interpretation of the Rule. The Issuer will provide notice of such amendment or waiver to the MSRB.

SECTION 9. Additional Information. Nothing in this Disclosure Certificate shall be deemed to prevent the Issuer from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Certificate or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Material Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Certificate. If the Issuer chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Material Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Certificate, the Issuer shall have no obligation under this Disclosure Certificate to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Material Event.

officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person.

SECTION 10. Default. In the event of a failure of the Issuer to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Certificate, any holder or beneficial owner of the Bonds may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the Issuer to comply with its obligations under this Disclosure Certificate. A default under this Disclosure Certificate shall not be deemed an event of default under the Resolution, and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Certificate in the event of any failure of the Issuer to comply with this Disclosure Certificate shall be an action to compel performance.

SECTION 11. Beneficiaries. This Disclosure Certificate shall inure solely to the benefit of the Issuer, the Dissemination Agent, the Participating Underwriter, the holders and beneficial owners from time to time of the Bonds, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

DATE: February 2, 2017.

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEVADA

Director of Fiscal Services

EXHIBIT "A"

**NOTICE TO MSRB
OF FAILURE TO FILE ANNUAL REPORT**

Name of Issuer: Carson City School District, Nevada

Name of Bond Issue: General Obligation (Limited Tax) School Improvement Bonds, Series 2017A

CUSIP: 145814

Date of Issuance: February 2, 2017

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Issuer has not provided an Annual Report with respect to the above-named Bonds as required by the Bond Resolution adopted on January 10, 2017 and the Continuing Disclosure Certificate executed on February 2, 2017 by the Issuer. The Issuer anticipates that the Annual Report will be filed by _____.

Dated: _____

CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT,
NEVADA

By: _____
Its: _____

EXHIBIT “B”

INDEX OF OFFICIAL STATEMENT TABLES TO BE UPDATED

[See page -iv- of this Official Statement.]

APPENDIX D

FORM OF APPROVING OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL

Carson City School District, Nevada
1402 W. King Street
Carson City, Nevada 89703

\$15,000,000
Carson City School District, Nevada
General Obligation (Limited Tax)
School Improvement Bonds
Series 2017A

We have acted as bond counsel to the Carson City School District (the “District”), Nevada (the “State”), in connection with the issuance of its General Obligation (Limited Tax) School Improvement Bonds, Series 2017A, in the aggregate principal amount of \$15,000,000 (the “Bonds”), pursuant to an authorizing resolution adopted and approved by the District’s Board of Trustees on January 10, 2017 (the “Bond Resolution”). In such capacity, we have examined the District’s certified proceedings and such other documents and such law of the State and of the United States of America as we have deemed necessary to render this opinion letter. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Bond Resolution.

Regarding questions of fact material to our opinions, we have relied upon the District’s certified proceedings and other representations and certifications of public officials and others furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

Based upon such examination, it is our opinion as bond counsel that:

1. The Bonds constitute valid and binding limited tax general obligations of the District.
2. All of the taxable property in the District is subject to the levy of annual general (ad valorem) taxes to pay the Bonds, subject to the limitations imposed by the Constitution and laws of the State.
3. As provided in the Bond Resolution and in accordance with the provisions of NRS 361.463, taxes levied for the payment of the bonded indebtedness (including the Bonds) of all overlapping units within the boundaries of the District (i.e., the State, the District and any other political subdivision in the District) and for the payment of interest on such indebtedness enjoy a priority over taxes levied by each such unit (including, without limitation, the State and the District) for all other purposes (subject to any exception implied by law for the exercise of the police power) where reduction is necessary in order to comply with NRS 361.453.
4. Interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income under federal income tax laws pursuant to section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended to the date

hereof (the "Tax Code"), and interest on the Bonds is excluded from alternative minimum taxable income as defined in section 55(b)(2) of the Tax Code, except that such interest is required to be included in calculating the adjusted current earnings adjustment applicable to corporations for purposes of computing the alternative minimum taxable income of corporations. The opinions expressed in this paragraph assume continuous compliance with the covenants and continued accuracy of the representations contained in the District's certified proceedings and in certain other documents and certain other certifications furnished to us.

5. Under laws of the State in effect on the date hereof, the Bonds, their transfer, and the income therefrom are free and exempt from taxation by the State or any subdivision thereof, except for the tax on estates imposed pursuant to Chapter 375A of NRS and the tax on generation skipping transfers imposed pursuant to Chapter 375B of NRS.

The opinions expressed in this opinion letter are subject to the following:

The obligations of the District incurred pursuant to the Bonds and the Bond Resolution may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, and by equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity.

In this opinion letter rendered in our capacity as bond counsel, we are opining only upon those matters set forth herein, and we are not passing upon the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of the Official Statement or any other statements made in connection with any offer or sale of the Bonds or upon any federal or state tax consequences arising from the receipt or accrual of interest on or the disposition or ownership of the Bonds, except those specifically addressed herein.

This opinion letter is rendered as of the date hereof and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this opinion letter to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention or any changes in laws that may hereafter occur.

Respectfully submitted,

APPENDIX E

ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

This Appendix F contains general information concerning the historic economic and demographic conditions in the City and the District. This Appendix F is intended only to provide prospective investors with general information regarding the District's community. The information was obtained from the sources indicated and is limited to the time periods indicated. The information is historic in nature; it is not possible to predict whether the trends shown will continue in the future. The District makes no representation as to the accuracy or completeness of data obtained from parties other than the District.

The City is the capital city and seat of State and local governments, and is situated in northwestern Nevada 30 miles south of Reno and 14 miles east of Lake Tahoe. Carson City is a combined City and County government entity formed in 1969. The smallest of the State's counties, the City encompasses 147 square miles but serves as a retail and commercial center for a larger area.

Population and Age Distribution

Population. The table below sets forth the population growth of the City and the State since 1970. Between 2000 and 2010, the City's population increased 5.4%, and the State increased 35.1%.

Calendar Year	<u>Population</u>			
	Carson City	Percent Change	State of Nevada	Percent Change
1970	15,468	--	488,738	--
1980	32,022	107.0%	800,508	63.8%
1990	40,443	26.3	1,201,833	50.1
2000	52,457	29.7	1,998,257	66.3
2010	55,274	5.4	2,700,551	35.1
2011	56,066	1.4	2,721,794	0.8
2012	55,441	(1.1)	2,750,217	1.0
2013	54,668	(1.4)	2,800,967	1.8
2014	53,969	(1.3)	2,843,301	1.5
2015	54,273	0.6	2,897,585	1.9

Sources: U.S. Bureau of the Census (1970-2010 as of April 1); and Nevada State Demographer (2011-2015 estimates as of July 1).

Age Distribution. The following table sets forth a comparative age distribution profile for the City, the State and the United States as of January 1, 2017.

Age Distribution

Age	Percent of Population		
	Carson City	State of Nevada	United States
0-17	20.5%	23.0%	22.8%
18-24	8.4	8.8	9.7
25-34	12.2	13.9	13.4
35-44	11.1	13.4	12.6
45-54	13.0	13.3	13.1
55-64	14.4	12.4	12.9
65-74	11.9	9.4	9.1
75 and Older	8.5	5.8	6.4

Source: © 2016 The Nielsen Company.

Income

The following two tables reflect Median Household Effective Buying Income (“EBI”), and also the percentage of households by EBI groups. EBI is defined as “money income” (defined below) less personal tax and nontax payments. “Money income” is defined as the aggregate of wages and salaries, net farm and nonfarm self-employment income, interest, dividends, net rental and royalty income, Social Security and railroad retirement income, other retirement and disability income, public assistance income, unemployment compensation, Veterans Administration payments, alimony and child support, military family allotments, net winnings from gambling, and other periodic income. Deductions are made for personal income taxes (federal, state and local), personal contributions to social insurance (Social Security and federal retirement payroll deductions), and taxes on owner-occupied nonbusiness real estate. The resulting figure is known as “disposable” or “after-tax” income.

Median Household Effective Buying Income Estimates⁽¹⁾

Calendar Year	Carson City	State of Nevada	United States
2013	\$41,087	\$40,617	\$41,358
2014	46,152	42,480	43,715
2015	46,548	44,110	45,448
2016	44,237	46,230	46,738
2017	46,293	47,914	48,043

⁽¹⁾ The difference between consecutive years is not an estimate of change from one year to the next; separate combinations of data are used each year to identify the estimated mean of income from which the median is computed.

Source: © The Nielsen Company, *SiteReports*, 2013-2016.

Percent of Households by Effective Buying Income Groups – 2017 Estimates

Effective Buying Income Group	Carson City Households	State of Nevada Households	United States Households
Under \$24,999	25.3%	22.6%	24.0%
\$25,000 - \$49,999	28.7	29.7	28.2
\$50,000 - \$74,999	22.0	21.2	19.3
\$75,000 - \$99,999	12.4	13.3	13.0
\$100,000 - \$124,999	5.8	5.9	6.0
\$125,000 - \$149,999	2.3	2.7	3.5
\$150,000 or more	3.5	4.6	6.0

Source: © 2016 The Nielsen Company.

The following table sets forth the annual per capita personal income levels for the residents of the City, the State and the nation.

Per Capita Personal Income⁽¹⁾

Calendar Year	Carson City	State of Nevada	United States
2011	\$40,982	\$37,979	\$42,453
2012	37,619	39,178	44,267
2013	38,967	38,885	44,462
2014	39,875	40,490	46,414
2015	43,443	41,889	48,112

⁽¹⁾ County figures posted November 2016; state and national figures posted September 2016. All figures are subject to periodic revisions.

Source: United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Employment

The average annual labor force summary for the City as prepared by the State's Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation is as follows:

Average Annual Labor Force Summary

Carson City MSA, Nevada
(Estimates in Thousands)

Calendar Year ⁽¹⁾	2011	2012	2013	2016	2015	2016 ⁽¹⁾
TOTAL LABOR FORCE	26.5	25.9	25.5	25.1	25.1	24.8
Unemployment	3.5	3.0	2.6	2.2	1.8	1.6
Unemployment Rate ⁽³⁾	13.2%	11.7%	10.4%	8.6%	7.3%	6.5%
Total Employment ⁽⁴⁾	23.0	22.9	22.8	22.9	23.3	23.2

(1) Averaged figures through October 31, 2016.

(3) The annual average U.S. unemployment rates for the years 2011 through 2015 are 8.9%, 8.1%, 7.4%, 6.2%, and 5.3%, respectively.

(4) Adjusted by census relationships to reflect number of persons by place of residence.

Sources: Research and Analysis Bureau, Nevada Dept. of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation; and U.S. Bureau of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The following table indicates the number of persons employed, by type of employment, in non-agricultural industrial employment in the Carson City MSA.

Industrial Employment

Carson City, Nevada
(Estimates in Thousands)

Calendar Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 ⁽¹⁾
<i>Goods Producing</i>	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.4
Manufacturing	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.6
<i>Service Providing</i>	24.9	24.3	24.2	24.1	24.5	24.7
<u>Private Service Providing</u>	14.8	14.9	14.8	14.9	15.1	15.4
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.9	4.0	4.1
Retail	2.9	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.2
Professional & Business Services	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.9
Leisure and Hospitality	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.5
Government	10.1	9.4	9.4	9.2	9.4	9.3
TOTAL ALL INDUSTRIES ⁽²⁾	<u>28.3</u>	<u>27.8</u>	<u>27.6</u>	<u>27.8</u>	<u>28.1</u>	<u>28.1</u>

(1) As of October 31, 2016.

(2) Data may not add due to rounding. Reflects employment by place of work. Does not coincide with labor force concept. Includes multiple job holders. All numbers are subject to periodic revision.

Source: Research and Analysis Bureau, Nevada Dept. of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation.

The following two tables are based on unemployment insurance tax account numbers and are an estimate based on reported information. No independent investigation has been made of and consequently no assurances can be given as to the financial condition or stability of the employers listed below or the likelihood that such entities will maintain their status as major employers in the City.

Carson City's Ten Largest Employers
1st Quarter 2016

Employer	Employment Range	Industry
Carson City School District	1,000 - 1,499	Public education
Carson Tahoe Regional Healthcare	1,000 - 1,499	Healthcare provider
City of Carson City	700 - 799	Local government
Nevada Dept. of Transportation	700 - 799	State government
Western Nevada Community College	500 - 599	Junior college
Nevada Department of Corrections	400 - 499	State government
Casino Fandango	300 - 399	Casino
Wal-Mart Supercenter	300 - 399	Retail
Click Bond Inc.	300 - 399	Warehouse - bolts/nuts/screws/rivets
Nevada Department of Motor Vehicles	300 - 399	State government

Source: Research and Analysis Bureau, Nevada Dept. of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation.

The following table lists the firm employment size breakdown for the City.

Size Class of Industries⁽¹⁾
Carson City, Nevada
(Non-Government Worksites)

Calendar Year	2 nd Qtr 2016	2 nd Qtr 2015	Percent Change 2016/2015	Employment Totals 2 nd Qtr 2016
TOTAL NUMBER OF WORKSITES	1,928	1,861	3.6%	19,288
Less Than 10 Employees	1,478	1,421	4.0	3,951
10-19 Employees	226	223	1.3	3,015
20-49 Employees	158	150	5.3	4,589
50-99 Employees	44	49	(10.2)	2,998
100-249 Employees	18	13	38.5	2,568
250-499 Employees	3	4	(25.0)	945
500-999 Employees	0	0	0.0	0
1000+ Employees	1	1	0.0	1,222

(1) Subject to revisions.

Source: Research and Analysis Bureau, Nevada Dept. of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation.

Retail Sales

The following table sets forth a record of taxable sales in the City and the State. The City serves as a retail and commercial center for a larger area including portions of adjoining Lyon, Churchill, Mineral and Douglas Counties and Bishop, California, to the southwest.

Taxable Sales⁽¹⁾

Fiscal Year ⁽²⁾	City Total	Percent Change	State Total	Percent Change
2012	\$756,078,488	--	\$42,954,750,131	--
2013	779,297,546	3.1%	45,203,408,413	5.2%
2014	804,368,288	3.2	47,440,345,167	4.9
2015	892,529,769	11.0	50,347,535,591	6.1
2016	961,716,995	7.8	52,788,295,421	4.8
July 15 – Aug 15	\$159,047,196	--	\$8,509,183,869	--
July 16 – Aug 16	172,356,607	8.4%	9,079,845,338	6.7%

(1) Subject to revision.

(2) Fiscal year runs from July 1 to the following June 30.

Source: State of Nevada - Department of Taxation.

Construction

Construction valuation is a value placed on a project in order to determine permit and plans check fees. Construction valuation has no relationship to assessed valuation. Set forth in the following table is summary of the number and valuation of building permits issued in the City within the years indicated.

Building Permit Issuance in Carson City, Nevada

Calendar Year	New Single Family		New Multiple Family		New Commercial		All Permits ⁽¹⁾	
	Permits	Valuation	Units	Valuation	Permits	Valuation	Permits	Valuation
2011	9	\$ 2,113,679	4	\$ 310,000	6	\$10,859,000	167	\$30,844,819
2012	11	3,437,667	40	3,762,347	1	547,733	158	27,482,451
2013	37	10,845,347	4	640,271	4	4,172,636	101	27,579,827
2014	35	11,342,942	2	335,975	4	2,408,160	233	27,583,427
2015	40	10,888,681	4	360,259	5	4,547,856	223	38,166,924
2016 ⁽²⁾	63	19,651,903	111	12,617,761	14	24,156,688	255	90,368,781

(1) Includes additions, alterations and repairs. Does not include miscellaneous permits.

(2) As of October 31, 2016.

Source: Carson City Building Division.

Gaming

General. The economy of the State is heavily dependent upon a tourist industry based on legalized casino gambling. Gaming has been legal in Nevada since 1931 and is controlled and regulated by the State. Control is vested in a five-member Gaming Commission and a three-member Gaming Control Board. All of the board and commission members are appointed by the Governor. These bodies investigate and approve all licenses, establish operating rules, and collect gaming taxes due the State. The following table sets forth a five-year record of gross taxable gaming revenues and total gaming taxes collected on a State-wide basis and in the City.

Gross Taxable Gaming Revenue and Total Gaming Taxes⁽¹⁾
Carson Valley Area, Nevada

Fiscal Year Ended	Gross Taxable Gaming Revenue ⁽²⁾		% Change Carson Valley	State Gaming Collection ⁽³⁾		% Change Carson Valley
	State Total	Carson Valley		State Total	Carson Valley	
June 30						
2012	\$9,764,332,506	\$99,367,667	--	\$864,621,791	\$8,114,653	--
2013	10,208,528,371	97,797,507	(1.58)%	892,106,457	8,024,389	(1.11)%
2014	10,208,211,093	96,783,324	(1.04)	912,371,316	7,995,688	(0.36)
2015	10,511,527,575	99,745,421	3.06	909,857,085	8,359,348	4.55
2016	10,612,567,883	99,792,766	0.05	876,040,147	8,161,427	(2.37)
Jul 15 – Sep 15	\$2,585,555,238	\$26,441,579	--	\$193,743,327	\$1,748,234	--
Jul 16 – Sep 16	2,723,633,897	26,265,919	(0.66)%	188,563,887	1,676,291	(4.12)%

- (1) The figures shown are subject to adjustments due to amended tax filings, fines and penalties.
- (2) The total of all sums received as winnings less only the total of all sums paid out as losses (before operating expenses).
- (3) Cash receipts of the State from all sources relating to gaming (General Fund and other revenues) including percentage license fees, quarterly flat license fees, annual license fees, casino entertainment taxes, annual slot machine taxes, penalties, advance fees, and miscellaneous collections. A portion of collections is deposited to the State funds other than the State's General Fund.

Source: State of Nevada - Gaming Control Board.

Gaming Competition. Different forms of legalized gaming have been authorized by many states across the United States, including tribal gaming. The different forms of gaming include casino gaming, riverboat gambling, internet gaming and lotteries. Other states may authorize gaming in the future in one form or another. Historically, the availability of these forms of gaming in other states has not had any significant impact on gaming in the State. Nonetheless, the City cannot predict the future impact of legalization of legalized gaming in other states on the economy of the area.

Tourism

Tourism is an important segment of the City's economy. Attractions include recreational and historical features of the area. Carson City is located in a protected valley surrounded on all sides by mountains, including the Sierra Nevada Mountains which provide downhill and cross-country skiing, as well as hiking and cycling trails. Two major winter ski resorts, Heavenly and Mt. Rose at Lake Tahoe, are within 35 minutes of the City's downtown; two additional Lake Tahoe ski resorts (Kirkwood and Diamond Peak) are within an hour from the City. The City also offers nine world-class golf courses and a dozen casinos. Convention facilities and meeting spaces are available. One of the West's largest historic home districts is located in the City with the attraction of the State Capitol, Governor's Mansion and the Nevada State Museum, which was once a United States Mint Building. Virginia City, located 20 minutes west of the City, offers an early historic Nevada mining town to explore.

Transportation

U.S. Highways 395 and 50 connect the City north to the City of Reno and west to the Lake Tahoe recreational area. The City's strategic location at the intersection of two major highway corridors provides convenient access to major markets throughout the West. Over 25

local, regional and national carriers provide next day freight service to 80 percent of the eleven states in the western region. A new freeway bypass around the City is being built to relieve downtown traffic and provide better freeway access to Reno and Tahoe. Carson City Airport is located three miles northeast of downtown Carson City and is a public facility serving the general aviation needs of the area, including business, pleasure, and legislative sessions, with a 5,900-foot runway. Hangar space and other services are available. International and interstate commercial passenger services are available at the Reno-Tahoe International Airport located approximately 30 to 40 minutes from the City.

RTC Intercity, operated by the Washoe Regional Transportation Commission, runs an express commuter bus service between downtown Reno and downtown Carson City. Likewise, the South Tahoe Area Transit Authority operates the Spooner Express, an express bus service between South Lake Tahoe and downtown Carson City. Both the Union Pacific and Amtrak rail services are available in Reno/Sparks metropolitan center.

Development Activity

The Northern Nevada Development Authority (NNDA) serves to promote economic development activity in the Sierra Region which includes Carson City, Douglas, Lyon and Storey counties.

Complementing the area's emphasis on economic diversification are the numerous business advantages unique to the State. Competitive wage rates, low workers' compensation costs, an expanding labor force, centralized location and attractive transportation costs to other prominent western markets, and the State's incentive programs combine to give business and industry an attractive incentive to move to, relocate or expand in the Sierra Region of Nevada.