

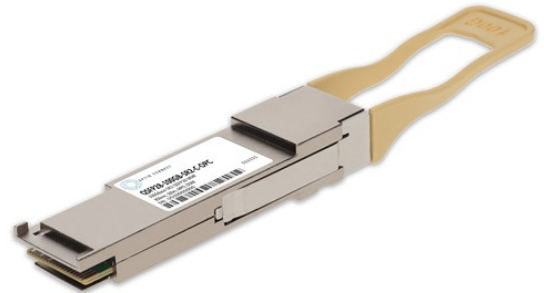


QSFP28-100GB-SR2-C-OPC

Cisco® Compatible TAA 100GBase-SR2 QSFP28 Transceiver (MMF, 850nm, 100m, MPO, DOM)

Features

- Supports 106.25Gbps
- MPO12 PC/APC Connector
- PIN and TIA array on the Receiver Side
- Compliant to SFF-8665 MSA
- Single 3.3V Power Supply
- Up to 100m Transmission on MMF OM4
- Up to 70m Transmission on MMF OM3
- VCSEL Transmitter
- Class 1 Laser
- Operating Temperature: 0 to 70 Celsius
- RoHS Compliant and Lead-Free



Applications:

- 100GBase Ethernet

Product Description

This Cisco® compatible QSFP28 transceiver provides 100GBase-SR2 throughput up to 100m over OM4 multi-mode fiber (MMF) using a wavelength of 850nm via an MPO connector. Our transceiver is built to meet or exceed OEM specifications and is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with Cisco®. It has been programmed, uniquely serialized, and tested for data-traffic and application to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. All of our transceivers comply with Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) standards to provide seamless network integration. Additional product features include Digital Optical Monitoring (DOM) support which allows access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

OptioConnect's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Maximum Supply Voltage		V _{cc}	-0.5	3.3	3.6	V	
Storage Temperature		T _{stg}	-40		85	°C	
Relative Humidity		RH	5		85	%	
Operating Case Temperature		T _c	0		70	°C	
Power Supply Total Current					1212	mA	
AC Coupling Internal Capacitor				0.1		μV	
Modulation Format				PAM4			
Fiber Length	OM3				70	m	
	OM4				100	m	

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Module Supply Voltage		V _{cc}	3.135	3.3	3.6	V	
Power Supply Noise					25	mVp-p	1
Receiver Differential Data Output Load				100		Ω	
Power Consumption					4	W	

Notes:

1. Power Supply Noise is defined as the peak-to-peak noise amplitude over the frequency range at the host supply side of the recommended power supply filter with the module and recommended filter in place. Voltage levels including peak-to-peak noise are limited to the recommended operating range of the associated power supply.

High-Speed Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
@TP1 Test Point						
Signaling Rate Per Lane			25.78125 ± 100ppm			
Differential Pk-Pk Input Voltage Tolerance	TP1a	900			mV	1
Differential Input Return Loss	TP1	Equation (83E-5)			dB	2
Common- to Differential-Mode Conversion Return Loss	TP1	Equation (83E-6)			dB	2
Differential Termination Mismatch	TP1			10	%	
Single-Ended Voltage Tolerance Range	TP1a	-0.4		3.3	V	
DC Common-Mode Output Voltage	TP1	-350		2850	mV	3
Module Stressed Input Test	TP1a					4
Eye Width			0.46		UI	
Eye Height			95		mV	
Applied Pk-Pk Sinusoidal Jitter			Table 88-13			4
@TP4 Test Point						
Signaling Rate Per Lane			25.78125 ± 100ppm			
AC Common-Mode Output Voltage (RMS)	TP4			17.5	mV	
Differential Pk-Pk Output Voltage	TP4			900	mV	
Eye Width	TP4	0.57			UI	
Eye Height (Differential)	TP4	228			mV	
Vertical Eye Closure	TP4			5.5	dB	
Differential Output Return Loss	TP4	Equation (83E-2)				5
Common- to Differential-Mode Conversion Return Loss	TP4	Equation (83E-3)				5
Differential Termination Mismatch	TP4			10	%	
Transition Time (20-80%)	TP4			12	ps	
DC Common-Mode Voltage	TP4	-350		2850	mV	2

Notes:

- Equation (83E-5) and Equation (83E-6) refer to IEEE 802.3-2018.
- DC common-mode voltage is generated by the host. Specification includes the effects of ground offset voltage.
- Meets BER specified in 120E.1.1 of IEEE 802.3-2018.
- Table 88-13 refers to IEEE 802.3-2018.
- Equation (83E-2) and Equation (83E-3) refer to IEEE 802.3-2018.

Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
@TP2 Test Point						
Signaling Rate Per Lane	DR		26.5625 ± 100ppm		GBd	
Center Wavelength	λ	840		868	nm	
RMS Spectral Width	$\Delta\lambda_{rms}$			0.6	nm	1
Average Launch Power Per Lane	Pavg	-6.5		4	dBm	
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) Per Lane	POMA	-4.5		3	dBm	2
Launch Power in OMAouter Minus TDECQ	OMA-TDECQ	-5.9			dBm	
Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane	TDECQ			4.5	dB	
TDECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane	TDECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq)			4.5	dB	3
Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane	Poff			-30	dBm	
Extinction Ratio Per Lane	ER	3			dB	
RIN ₁₂ OMA	RIN ₁₂ OMA			-128	dB/Hz	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance	ORLT			12	dB	
Encircled Flux	EF		≥86% at 19μm ≤30% at 4.5μm			4
@TP3 Test Point						
Signaling Rate Per Lane	DR		26.5625 ± 100ppm		GBd	
Center Wavelength	λ	840		868	nm	
Damage Threshold		5			dBm	5
Average Receiver Power Per Lane		-8.4		4	dBm	6
Receiver Power Per Lane (OMAouter)				3	dBm	
Receiver Reflectance				-12	dB	
Stressed Receiver (OMAouter) Per Lane				-3.4	dB	7
LOS Assert	LOSA	-17			dBm	
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-11	dBm	
Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter) Per Lane			Max. (-6.5, SECQ-7.9)			8
Conditions of Stressed Receiver Sensitivity Test						
Stressed Eye Closure for PAM4 (SECQ) Per Lane Under Test			4.5		dB	9
SECQ-10log ₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane Under Test				4.5	dB	9, 3
OMAouter of Each Aggressor Lane			3		dBm	9, 10

Notes:

1. RMS spectral width is the standard deviation of the spectrum.
2. Even if the TDECQ < 1.4dB, the OMAouter (minimum) must exceed this value.
3. Ceq is a coefficient defined in 121.8.5.3, which accounts for the reference equalizer noise enhancement.

4. If measured into type A1a.2 or type A1a.3, or A1a.4, 50µm fiber, in accordance with IEC 61280-1-4.
5. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to an optical input signal having this average power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.
6. Average receive power, per lane (minimum), is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
7. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 (see 138.8.10) for the BER specified in 138.1.1.
8. Receiver sensitivity is informative and is defined for a transmitter with a value of SECQ up to 4.5dB with $BER < 2.4 \times 10^{-4}$ without FEC in PRBS $2^{31}-1$.
9. These test conditions are for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.
10. Ceq is a coefficient defined in 121.8.5.3, which accounts for the reference equalizer noise enhancement.

Pin Descriptions

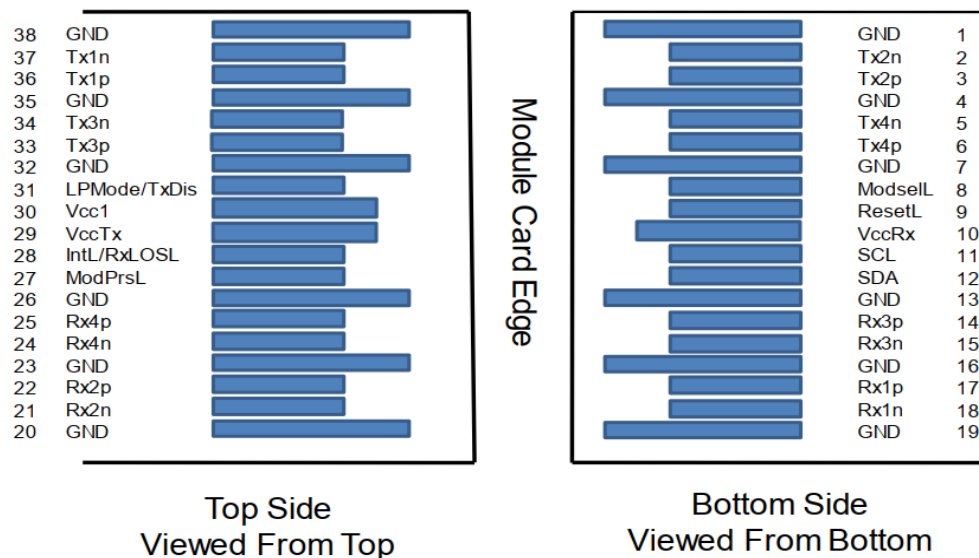
Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Description	Plug Sequence	Notes
1		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
2	CML-I	Tx2-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
3	CML-I	Tx2+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
4		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
5	CML-I	Tx4-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
6	CML-I	Tx4+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
7		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
8	LVTTTL-I	ModSelL	Module Select.	3	
9	LVTTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset.	3	
10		VccRx	+3.3V Receiver Power Supply.	2	2
11	LVC MOS-I/O	SCL	2-Wire Serial Interface Clock.	3	
12	LVC MOS-I/O	SDA	2-Wire Serial Interface Data.	3	
13		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
14	CML-O	Rx3+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
15	CML-O	Rx3-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
16		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
17	CML-O	Rx1+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
18	CML-O	Rx1-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
19		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
20		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
21	CML-O	Rx2-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
22	CML-O	Rx2+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	

23		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
24	CML-O	Rx4-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
25	CML-O	Rx4+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
26		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present.	3	
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt.	3	
29		VccTx	+3.3V Transmitter Power Supply.	2	2
30		Vcc1	+3.3V Power Supply.	2	2
31	LVTTL-I	LPMode	Low-Power Mode.	3	
32		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
33	CML-I	Tx3+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
34	CML-I	Tx3-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
35		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
36	CML-I	Tx1+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
37	CML-I	Tx1-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
38		GND	Module Ground.	1	1

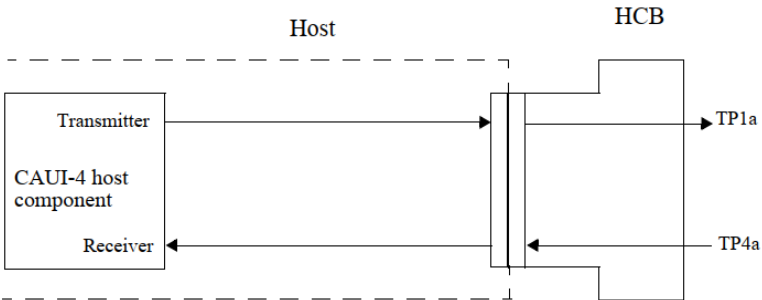
Notes:

1. GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for the module. All are common within the module, and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal common ground plane.
2. VccRx, Vcc1, and VccTx are applied concurrently and maybe internally connected within the module in any combination. Vcc contacts in SFF-8662 and SFF-8672 each have a steady state current rating of 1A.

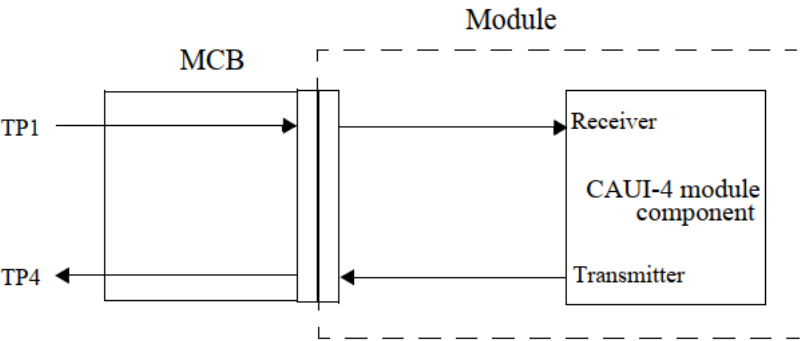
Pin-Out Definitions



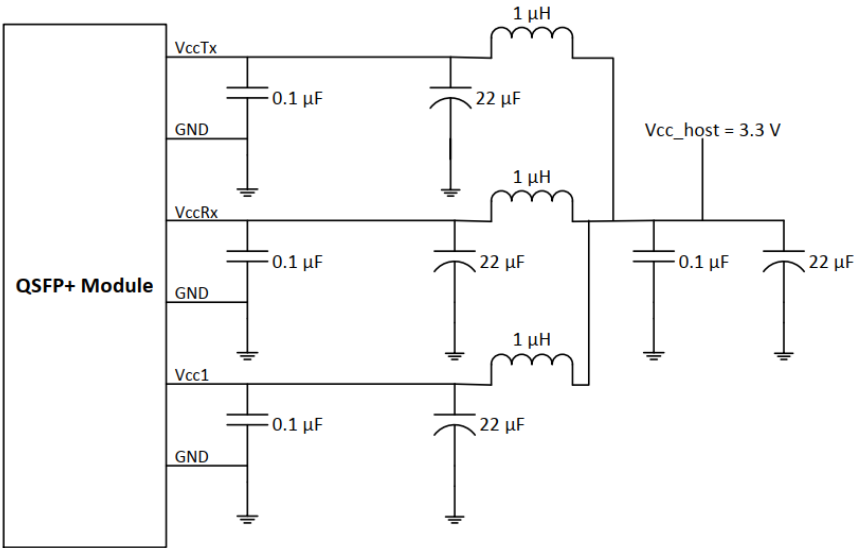
IEEE 802.3bm Compliance Points TP1a, TP4a



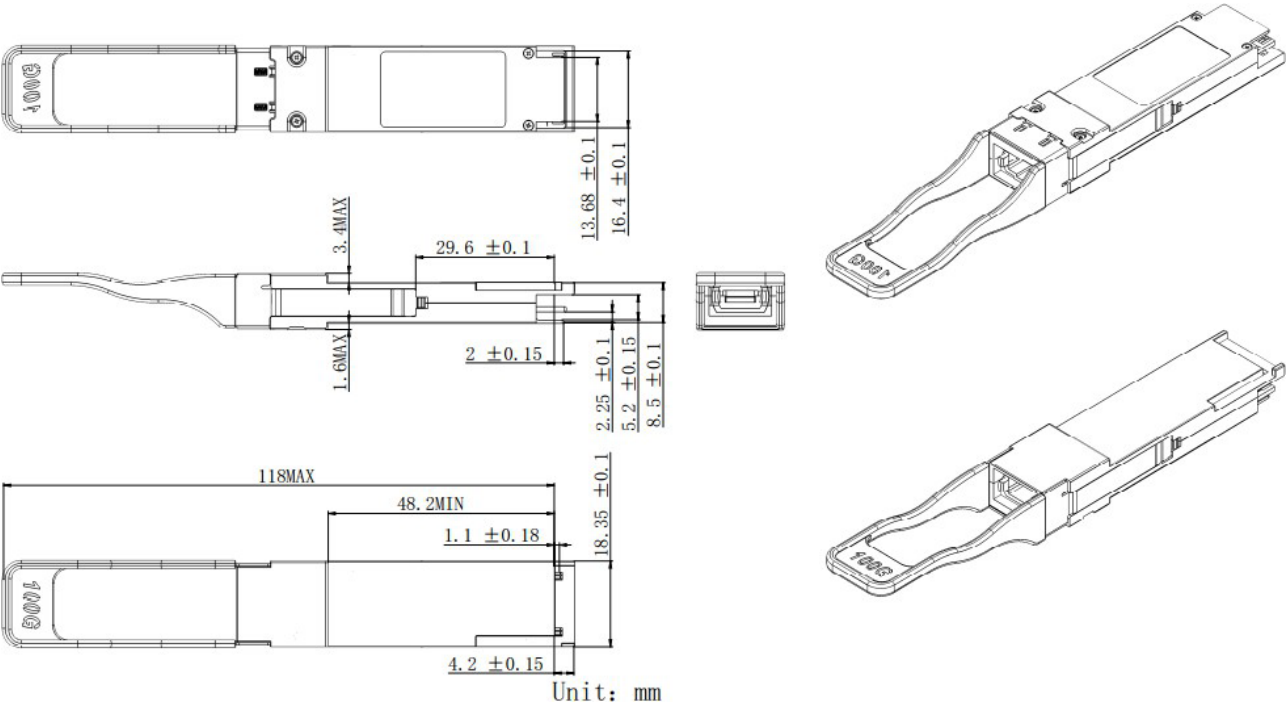
IEEE 802.3bm Compliance Points TP1, TP4



Host Board Power Supply Filter



Mechanical Specifications



OptioConnect

Innovation for the Future of High-Speed Networking

Who We Are

OptioConnect is reshaping the landscape of communication and high-speed networking through intelligent technology. With a core focus on cutting edge technology, we deliver smarter fiber optic solutions for enterprise networks, data centers, and next-gen telecom infrastructures.

What We Do

At OptioConnect, we fuse advanced engineering with intelligent automation to drive the future of networking. Our AI-integrated solutions are designed to optimize performance and streamline operations with:

- Superior Performance
- Network and traffic optimization
- Intelligent energy management
- Seamless OEM compatibility
- Scalable cost-efficiency

Smarter Networks by Design

Innovation isn't just a goal—it's our process. We embed AI and machine learning across our R&D and product lines, enabling adaptive performance, automated tuning, and faster deployment cycles. The result? Networks that don't just work—they learn, evolve, and outperform.

Our Team

Our engineers, data scientists, and network architects bring decades of experience and a future-focused mindset. We provide hands-on support with intelligent insights that turn complex challenges into simple solutions.

Our Mission

To deliver AI-enhanced connectivity that reduces cost, increases speed, and maximizes efficiency—empowering our partners to operate at the forefront of a rapidly evolving digital world.

Let's Connect

Discover how OptioConnect's intelligent infrastructure solutions can power your network's next leap forward.

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