## DWDM-XFP-58.98-40-C

Cisco ${ }^{\circledR}$ DWDM-XFP-58.98 Compatible TAA 10GBase-DWDM XFP Transceiver 100GHz (SMF, 1558.98nm, 40km, LC, DOM)

## Features:

- INF-8077i Compliance
- Duplex LC Connector
- Temperature-stabilized EML transmitter and PIN receiver
- Single-mode Fiber
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Hot Pluggable
- Metal with Lower EMI
- Excellent ESD Protection
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



## Applications:

- 10x Gigabit Ethernet over DWDM
- 8x/10x Fibre Channel
- Access, Metro and Enterprise


## Product Description

This Cisco ${ }^{\circledR}$ DWDM-XFP-58.98 compatible XFP transceiver provides 10GBase-DWDM throughput up to 40 km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1558.98 nm via an LC connector. It is guaranteed to be $100 \%$ compatible with the equivalent Cisco $^{\circledR}$ transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

ProLabs' transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. \& 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. - made or designated country end products."


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## Regulatory Compliance

- ESD to the Electrical PINs: compatible with MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.4
- ESD to the LC Receptacle: compatible with IEC 61000-4-3
- EMI/EMC compatible with FCC Part 15 Subpart B Rules, EN55022:2010
- Laser Eye Safety compatible with FDA 21CFR, EN60950-1\& EN (IEC) 60825-1,2
- RoHS compliant with EU RoHS 2.0 directive 2015/863/EU

Wavelength Guide (100GHz ITU-T Channel)

| Channel \# | Frequency (THz) | Center Wavelength (nm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 | 191.7 | 1563.86 |
| 18 | 191.8 | 1563.05 |
| 19 | 191.9 | 1562.23 |
| 20 | 192.0 | 1561.42 |
| 21 | 192.1 | 1560.61 |
| 22 | 192.2 | 1559.79 |
| 23 | 192.3 | 1558.98 |
| 24 | 192.4 | 1558.17 |
| 25 | 192.5 | 1557.36 |
| 26 | 192.6 | 1556.55 |
| 27 | 192.7 | 1555.75 |
| 28 | 192.8 | 1554.94 |
| 29 | 192.9 | 1554.13 |
| 30 | 193.0 | 1553.33 |
| 31 | 193.1 | 1552.52 |
| 32 | 193.2 | 1551.72 |
| 33 | 193.3 | 1550.92 |
| 34 | 193.4 | 1550.12 |
| 35 | 193.5 | 1549.32 |
| 36 | 193.6 | 1548.51 |
| 37 | 193.7 | 1547.72 |
| 38 | 193.8 | 1546.92 |
| 39 | 193.9 | 1546.12 |
| 40 | 194.0 | 1545.32 |
| 41 | 194.1 | 1544.53 |
| 42 | 194.2 | 1543.73 |
| 43 | 194.3 | 1542.94 |
| 44 | 194.4 | 1542.14 |


| 45 | 194.5 | 1541.35 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 46 | 194.6 | 1540.56 |
| 47 | 194.7 | 1539.77 |
| 48 | 194.8 | 1538.98 |
| 49 | 194.9 | 1538.19 |
| 50 | 195.0 | 1537.40 |
| 51 | 195.1 | 1536.61 |
| 52 | 195.2 | 1535.82 |
| 53 | 195.3 | 1535.04 |
| 54 | 195.4 | 1534.25 |
| 55 | 195.5 | 1533.47 |
| 56 | 195.6 | 1532.68 |
| 57 | 195.7 | 1531.90 |
| 58 | 195.8 | 1531.12 |
| 59 | 195.9 | 1530.33 |
| 60 | 196.0 | 1529.55 |
| 61 | 196.1 | 1528.77 |

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Maximum Supply Voltage | Vcc3 | -0.5 | 4.0 | V |
|  | Vcc5 | -0.5 | 6.0 | V |
|  | TS | -40 | 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating Case Temperature | TO | 0 | 70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative Humidity | RH | 5 | 95 | $\%$ |
| Data Rate |  | 9.95 | 11.3 | $\mathrm{~Gb} / \mathrm{s}$ |

## Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power Supply Voltage | Vcc3 | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | V |  |
|  | Vcc5 | 4.75 | 5.00 | 5.25 | V |  |
| Power Supply Current | Icc3 |  |  | 750 | mA |  |
|  | Icc5 |  |  | 500 |  |  |
| Power Dissipation | PD |  |  | 3500 | mW |  |
| Transmitter |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Differential data input swing | Vin,pp | 120 |  | 1000 | mVp-p |  |
| Input differential impedance | Zin |  | 100 |  | $\Omega$ |  |
| TX_Disable, P_Down/RST | VIH | 2.0 |  | Vcc3+0.3 | V |  |
|  | VIL | -0.3 |  | 0.8 | V |  |
| Transmit Disable Assert Time |  |  |  | 10 | us |  |
| Receiver |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Differential data output swing | Vout, pp | 340 |  | 850 | mVp-p | 1 |
| Output differential impedance | Zo |  | 100 |  | $\Omega$ |  |
| Data Output Rise Time, Fall Time | tr, tf | 24 |  |  | ps | 2 |
| Rx_LOS, Mod-NR, Interrupt | VOH | VccHost-0.5 |  | VccHost+0.3 | V | 3 |
|  | VOL | 0 |  | 0.4 | V | 3 |

Notes:

1. Internally $A C$ coupled, but requires an external $100 \Omega$ differential termination.
2. $20-80 \%$.
3. Loss of Signal is an open collector output. Should be pulled up with a $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega-10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistor on the host board.

Optical Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Transmitter | Po | -1 |  | +4 | dBm | 1 |
| Launch Average Optical Power | $\lambda c$ | 1528.77 |  | 1563.86 | nm |  |
| Center Wavelength Range |  |  | 100 |  | GHz |  |
| Center Wavelength Spacing | $\Delta \lambda c$ | -100 |  | 100 | pm |  |
| Center Wavelength Tolerance | ER | 9 |  | dB | 2 |  |
| Extinction Ratio | $\Delta \lambda$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Spectral Width (-20dB) | SMSR | 30 |  |  | nm |  |
| Side Mode Suppression Ratio |  |  |  |  | dB |  |


| Average Optical Power (Laser Off) | Poff |  | -30 | dBm | 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Eye Diagram | ITU-T G.691 SDH STM-64 L-64.2 compatible |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receiver | 入c | 1528 |  | 1565 | nm |  |
| Center Wavelength | S |  | -24.0 | dBm | 3 |  |
| Receiver Sensitivity @ 9.953Gb/s | S |  |  | -15 | dBm | 4 |
| Receiver Sensitivity @ 11.1 Gb/s | PoL | -1 |  | dBm | 3 |  |
| Receiver overload (Pavg) | PP1 |  | 2 | dB | 3 |  |
| Path Penalty @1600ps @9.953Gb/s | PP2 |  |  | dB | 4 |  |
| Path Penalty @1600ps @11.1 Gb/s | ORL | 27 |  | dB |  |  |
| Optical Return Loss | LOSD |  |  | dBm |  |  |
| LOS De-Assert | LOSA | -38 |  | dBm |  |  |
| LOS Assert |  | 0.5 |  | dB |  |  |
| LOS Hysteresis |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Notes:

1. Measured with worst ER; 1550nm; PRBS $2^{31}-1$ test pattern @ $9.953 \mathrm{~Gb} / \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{BER}<10^{-12}$.
2. Measured with worst ER; 1550nm; PRBS $2^{31}-1$ test pattern @ $11.1 \mathrm{~Gb} / \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{BER}<10^{-12}$.

Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Logic | Symbol | Name/Descriptions | Ref. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 2 |  | Vee5 | Optional -5.2v Power Supply (not required) |  |
| 3 | LVTTL-I | MOD_DESEL | Module De-select; When Held low allows the module to respond to 2-wire serial interface. |  |
| 4 | LVTTL-O | INTERRUPT | Interrupt; Indicates presence of an important condition which can be read via the 2-wire serial interface. | 2 |
| 5 | LVTTL-I | TX_DIS | Transmitter Disable; Turns off transmitter laser output |  |
| 6 |  | VCC5 | +5V Power Supply |  |
| 7 |  | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 8 |  | VCC3 | +3.3V Power Supply |  |
| 9 |  | VCC3 | +3.3V Power Supply |  |
| 10 | LVTTL-I/O | SCL | 2-Wire Serial Interface Clock. | 2 |
| 11 | LVTTL-I/O | SDA | 2-Wire Serial Interface Data Line. | 2 |
| 12 | LVTTL-O | MOD_Abs | Indicates Module is not present. Grounded in the Module. | 2 |
| 13 | LVTTL-O | MOD_NR | Module Not Ready; Indicating Module Operational Fault. | 2 |
| 14 | LVTTL-O | RX_LOS | Receiver Loss of Signal Indicator | 2 |
| 15 |  | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 16 |  | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 17 | CML-O | RD- | Receiver Inverted Data Output |  |
| 18 | CML-O | RD+ | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output. |  |
| 19 |  | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 20 |  | VCC2 | +1.8V Power Supply (Not required). |  |
| 21 | LVTTL-I | P_DOWN/RST | Power down; When high, requires the module to limit power consumption to 1.5W or below. 2-Wire serial interface must be functional in the low power mode. <br> Reset; The falling edge initiates a complete reset of the module including the 2-wire serial interface, equivalent to a power cycle. |  |
| 22 |  | VCC2 | +1.8V Power Supply (Not required) |  |
| 23 |  | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 24 | PECL-I | REFCLK+ | Reference Clock Non-Inverted Input, AC coupled on the host board- not required. | 3 |
| 25 |  | REFCLK- | Reference Clock Inverted Input, AC coupled on the host board-Not Required | 3 |
| 26 |  | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 27 |  | GND | Module Ground | 1 |
| 28 | CML-I | TD- | Transmitter Inverted Data Input. |  |
| 29 | CML-I | TD+ | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input. |  |
| 30 |  | GND | Module Ground | 1 |

## Notes:

1. Module ground pins GND are isolated from the module case.
2. Shall be oulled up with $4.7 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ to $10 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ to a voltage between 3.15 V and 3.45 V on the host board.
3. Reference Clock is not required. If present, it will be ignored.


Pin-out of connector Block on Host board

OSNR Characteristics

| Bit Rate (Gbps) | Dispersion (ps/nm) | OSNR (dB) | Receiver Sensitivity (dBm) | BER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9.95/10.3 | 0 | >30 | -24 ~-7 | 10E-12 |
|  |  | >25 | -18~-7 |  |
|  | 1200 | >30 | -23 ~-7 |  |
|  |  | >27 | -18~-7 |  |
|  | 1600 | >30 | $-22 \sim-7$ |  |
|  |  | $>28$ | -18~-7 |  |
| 10.7/11.1 with FEC | 0 | >30 | -26 ~-7 | 10E-4 |
|  |  | >16 | -18~-7 |  |
|  | 1200 | $>30$ | -25 ~-7 |  |
|  |  | $>18$ | -18~-7 |  |
|  | 1600 | $>30$ | -22 ~-7 |  |
|  |  | >20 | -18 ~-7 |  |

Recommended Application Interface Block Diagram


## Recommended Host Board Power Supply Filter Network



## Management Interface



## Mechanical Specifications

Small Form Factor Pluggable (XFP) transceivers are compatible with the dimensions defined by the XFP MultiSourcing Agreement (MSA).


Unit:mm


## About ProLabs

Our experience comes as standard; for over 15 years ProLabs has delivered optical connectivity solutions that give our customers freedom and choice through our ability to provide seamless interoperability. At the heart of our company is the ability to provide state-of-the-art optical transport and connectivity solutions that are compatible with over 90 optical switching and transport platforms.

## Complete Portfolio of Network Solutions

ProLabs is focused on innovations in optical transport and connectivity. The combination of our knowledge of optics and networking equipment enables ProLabs to be your single source for optical transport and connectivity solutions from 100Mb to 400G while providing innovative solutions that increase network efficiency. We provide the optical connectivity expertise that is compatible with and enhances your switching and transport equipment.

## Trusted Partner

Customer service is our number one value. ProLabs has invested in people, labs and manufacturing capacity to ensure that you get immediate answers to your questions and compatible product when needed. With Engineering and Manufacturing offices in the U.K. and U.S. augmented by field offices throughout the U.S., U.K. and Asia, ProLabs is able to be our customers best advocate 24 hours a day.

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