



### **SFP-25G-BX-D-OPC**

Cisco® SFP-25G-BX-D Compatible TAA 25GBase-BX SFP28 Transceiver (SMF, 1330nmTx/1270nmRx, 10km, LC, DOM)

#### **Features**

- SFF-8402 and SFF-8472 Compliance
- Simplex LC Connector
- Single-mode Fiber
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Hot Pluggable
- Metal with Lower EMI
- Excellent ESD Protection
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



#### **Applications:**

- 25GBase Ethernet
- Access and Enterprise

#### **Product Description**

This Cisco® SFP-25G-BX-D compatible SFP28 transceiver provides 25GBase-BX throughput up to 10km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1330nmTx/1270nmRx via an LC connector. This bidirectional unit must be used with another transceiver or network appliance of complementing wavelengths. It can operate at temperatures between 0 and 70C. Our transceiver is built to meet or exceed OEM specifications and is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with Cisco®. It has been programmed, uniquely serialized, and tested for data-traffic and application to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. All of our transceivers comply with Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) standards to provide seamless network integration. Additional product features include Digital Optical Monitoring (DOM) support which allows access to real-time operating parameters. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

OptioConnect's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

### Regulatory Compliance

- Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) compatible with standards: FCC Part 15 Class B, EN 55022:2010, Class B
- Electromagnetic susceptibility (EMS) compatible with standards: EN 55024:2010
- Laser Eye Safety compatible with Class I laser product FDA 21CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 EN60950, EN (IEC) 60825-1,2
- RoHS compliant with EU RoHS 2.0 directive 2015/863/EU

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter                           | Symbol           | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------|------|------|
| Maximum Supply Voltage              | V <sub>CC</sub>  | -0.5 | 3.6  | V    |
| Storage Temperature                 | T <sub>S</sub>   | -40  | 85   | °C   |
| Operating Case Temperature          | T <sub>C</sub>   | 0    | 70   | °C   |
| Operating Humidity (non-condensing) | RH               | 5    | 95   | %    |
| Receiver Power                      | R <sub>MAX</sub> |      | -12  | dBm  |
| Maximum Bitrate                     | B <sub>max</sub> |      | 28   | Gbps |

### Electrical Characteristics (TOP=25°C, V<sub>CC</sub>=3.3Volts)

| Parameter                      | Symbol              | Min.  | Typ. | Max.                 | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|-------|------|----------------------|------|-------|
| Power Supply Voltage           | V <sub>CC</sub>     | 3.135 | 3.30 | 3.465                | V    |       |
| Power Supply Current @ 3.3V    | I <sub>CC</sub>     |       |      | 350                  | mA   |       |
| Power Consumption              | P <sub>DISS</sub>   |       |      | 1.5                  | W    |       |
| Transmitter                    |                     |       |      |                      |      |       |
| Differential data input swing  | V <sub>in,pp</sub>  | 180   |      | 700                  | mV   |       |
| Transmitter Enable Voltage     | V <sub>EN</sub>     | -0.3  |      | 0.8                  | V    |       |
| Transmitter Disable Voltage    | V <sub>D</sub>      | 2.0   |      | V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3 | V    |       |
| Receiver                       |                     |       |      |                      |      |       |
| Differential data output swing | V <sub>out,pp</sub> | 450   |      | 1050                 | mV   |       |
| LOS Low Voltage                | V <sub>Lout</sub>   |       |      | 0.4                  | V    |       |
| LOS High Voltage               | V <sub>Hout</sub>   | 2.0   |      |                      | V    |       |

## Optical Characteristics

| Parameter                              | Symbol                    | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Notes                |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|----------------------|
| Transmitter                            |                           |      |      |      |      |                      |
| Support Data Rate                      |                           |      |      | 28   | Gbps |                      |
| Peak Wavelength                        | λp                        | 1320 | 1330 | 1340 | nm   |                      |
| Spectral Width (-20dB)                 |                           |      |      | 1    | nm   |                      |
| Side Mode Suppression Ratio            | SMSR                      | 30   |      |      | dB   |                      |
| Average Optical Output Power           | Po                        | -5   |      | 2    | dBm  |                      |
| Optical Extinction Ratio               | ER                        | 3.5  |      |      | dB   |                      |
| Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty     | TDP                       |      |      | 3    | dB   |                      |
| Output Power with Transmitter Disabled | Poff                      |      |      | -30  | dBm  |                      |
| Optical Return Loss Tolerance          |                           |      |      | -12  | dB   |                      |
| Output Eye Diagram                     | Compliant with IEEE 802.3 |      |      |      |      | 1                    |
| Receiver                               |                           |      |      |      |      |                      |
| Support data rate                      |                           |      |      | 28   | Gbps |                      |
| Operate Wavelength                     |                           | 1260 | 1270 | 1280 | nm   |                      |
| Receiver Sensitivity @25Gbps           | Sen                       |      |      | -12  | dBm  | 2                    |
| Saturation                             | Psat                      | 2    |      |      | dBm  | 2                    |
| LOS Asserted                           | T_loss_on                 | -30  |      |      | dBm  | High level:<br>Alarm |
| LOS De-Asserted                        | T_loss_off                |      |      | -13  | dBm  |                      |
| LOS Hysteresis                         | T_loss_Hs                 | 0.5  |      | 5.0  | dB   |                      |

### Notes:

1. At least 1000 waveforms acquired, with minimum 5% margin against 802.3 mask
2. Test at 25.78125Gb/s, PRBS 2<sup>31</sup>-1, BER of 5E-5, NRZ and including back to back

## Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Symbol     | Name/Descriptions                                                                | Ref.                               |
|-----|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1   | VeeT       | Transmitter Ground                                                               |                                    |
| 2   | TX Fault   | Transmitter Fault Indication                                                     | 1                                  |
| 3   | TX Disable | Transmitter Disable                                                              | 2, Module disables on high or open |
| 4   | SDA        | 2-wire Serial Interface Data Line (Same as MOD-DEF2 in INF-8074i)                |                                    |
| 5   | SCL        | 2 Wire Serial Interface Data Line (Same as MOD-DEF1 as defined in the INF-8074i) |                                    |
| 6   | MOD-ABS    | Module Absent, Connected to VeeT or VeeR in the module.                          | 3                                  |
| 7   | RS0        | SFP+ RX Rate Select, optional                                                    | Rate Select 0, Not used. 9         |
| 8   | LOS        | Loss of Signal                                                                   | 4                                  |
| 9   | RS1        | SFP+ TX Rate Select, optional                                                    | Rate Select 1, Not used. 9         |
| 10  | VeeR       | Receiver Ground                                                                  | 5                                  |
| 11  | VeeR       | Receiver Ground                                                                  | 5                                  |
| 12  | RD-        | Inv. Received Data Out                                                           | 6                                  |
| 13  | RD+        | Received Data Out                                                                | 6                                  |
| 14  | VeeR       | Receiver Ground                                                                  | 5                                  |
| 15  | VccR       | Receiver Power                                                                   | 7, 3.3V 5%                         |
| 16  | VccT       | Transmitter Power                                                                | 7, 3.3V 5%                         |
| 17  | VeeT       | Transmitter Ground                                                               | 5                                  |
| 18  | TD+        | Transmit Data In                                                                 | 8                                  |
| 19  | TD-        | Inv. Transmit Data In                                                            | 8                                  |
| 20  | VeeT       | Transmitter Ground                                                               | 5                                  |

## Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

1. TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K–10KΩ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT +0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.4V.
2. TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7–10 KΩ resistor. Its states are:  
Low (-0.3–0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined  
High (2.0–VccT+0.3V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled
3. Mod-ABS shall be pulled up with a 4.7K–10KΩ resistor on the host board. The pull -up voltage shall VccT or VccR.
4. LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/ drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K–10KΩ

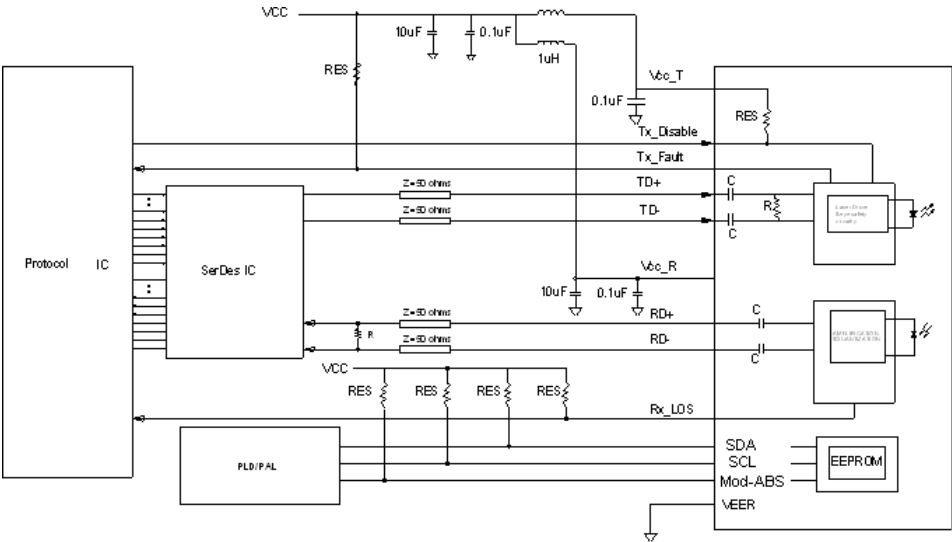
resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccR+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.4V.

5. VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
6. RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.
7. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V 5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1Ω should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage.  
When the recommended supply filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30 mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
8. TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.
9. Internally pulled down per SFF-8431 Rev 4.1.



Pin-out of connector Block on Host board

Recommended Circuit Schematic



NOTE: 4.7K ohms<RES<10K ohms

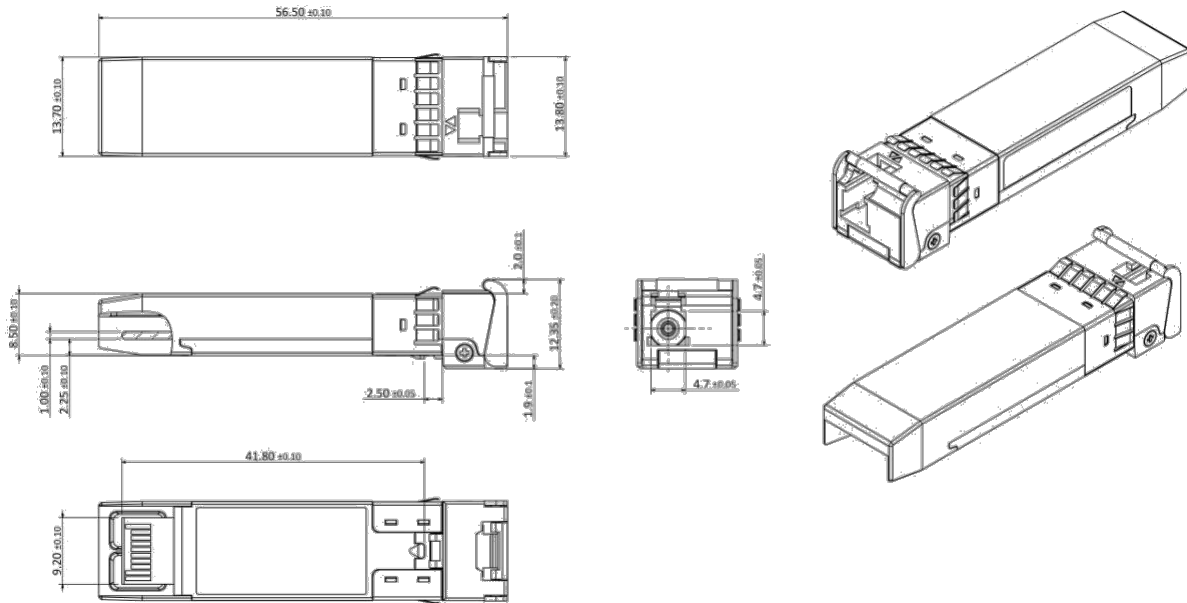
Digital Diagnostic Functions

Digital diagnostics monitoring function is available on this module. A 2-wire serial interface provides user to contact with module. It is compliant to SFF-8472 Rev10.2 with internal calibration mode.

| Parameter                             | Symbol    | Min. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|------|------|------|-------|
| Temperature monitor absolute error    | DMI_Temp  | -3   | +3   |      |       |
| Supply voltage monitor absolute error | DMI_VCC   | -3%  | +3%  | V    |       |
| TX power monitor absolute error       | DMI_RX    | -3   | +3   | dB   |       |
| RX power monitor absolute error       | DMI_RX    | -3   | +3   | dB   |       |
| Bias current monitor                  | DMI_Ibias | -10% | +10% | mA   |       |

## Mechanical Specifications

Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceivers are compatible with the dimensions defined by the SFP Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA).



## **OptioConnect**

### **Innovation for the Future of High-Speed Networking**

#### **Who We Are**

OptioConnect is reshaping the landscape of communication and high-speed networking through intelligent technology. With a core focus on cutting edge technology, we deliver smarter fiber optic solutions for enterprise networks, data centers, and next-gen telecom infrastructures.

#### **What We Do**

At OptioConnect, we fuse advanced engineering with intelligent automation to drive the future of networking. Our AI-integrated solutions are designed to optimize performance and streamline operations with:

- Superior Performance
- Network and traffic optimization
- Intelligent energy management
- Seamless OEM compatibility
- Scalable cost-efficiency

#### **Smarter Networks by Design**

Innovation isn't just a goal—it's our process. We embed AI and machine learning across our R&D and product lines, enabling adaptive performance, automated tuning, and faster deployment cycles. The result? Networks that don't just work—they learn, evolve, and outperform.

#### **Our Team**

Our engineers, data scientists, and network architects bring decades of experience and a future-focused mindset. We provide hands-on support with intelligent insights that turn complex challenges into simple solutions.

#### **Our Mission**

To deliver AI-enhanced connectivity that reduces cost, increases speed, and maximizes efficiency—empowering our partners to operate at the forefront of a rapidly evolving digital world.

#### **Let's Connect**

Discover how OptioConnect's intelligent infrastructure solutions can power your network's next leap forward.

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