



E100G-QSFP28-LR1-OPC

Ruckus Wireless® E100G-QSFP28-LR1 Compatible TAA 100GBase-LR QSFP28 Single Lambda Transceiver (SMF, 1310nm, 10km, LC, DOM, with FEC)

Features

- SFF-8665 Compliance
- Duplex LC Connector
- Single-mode Fiber
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Hot Pluggable
- Metal with Lower EMI
- Excellent ESD Protection
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



Applications:

- 100GBase Ethernet
- Access and Enterprise

Product Description

This Ruckus Wireless® E100G-QSFP28-LR1 compatible QSFP28 transceiver provides 100GBase-LR throughput up to 10km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1310nm via an LC connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Ruckus Wireless® transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

OptioConnect's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Maximum Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5		3.6	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40		85	°C
Operating Case Temperature	Top	0		70	°C
Operating Humidity (non-condensing)	RH	5		85	%
Damage Threshold	THd	5.5			dBm

Recommended Operating Conditions and Power Supply Requirements

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Operating Case Temperature	TOP	0		70	degC	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Electrical Data Rate, each Lane (NRZ)			25.78125		Gb/s	
Optical Data Rate (PAM4)			53.125		GBd	
Data Rate Accuracy		-100		100	ppm	
Pre-FEC Bit Error Ratio				2.4×10^{-4}		
Post-FEC Bit Error Ratio				1×10^{-12}		1
Control Input Voltage High		2		Vcc	V	
Control Input Voltage Low		0		0.8	V	
Link Distance with G.652	D	0.002		10	km	2

Notes:

1. FEC feature is embedded in the module.
2. FEC required to be turned on to support maximum transmission distance.

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Test Point	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Power Consumption				4.0	W	
Supply Current	I _{cc}			1.36	A	
Transmitter (each Lane)						
Overload Differential Voltage _{pk-pk}	TP1a	900			mV	
Common Mode Voltage(V _{cm})	TP1	-350		2850	mV	1
Differential Termination Resistance Mismatch	TP1			10	%	At 1MHz
Differential Return Loss(SDD11)	TP1			See CEI-28G-VSR Equation 13-19	dB	
Common Mode to Differential Conversion and Differential to Common Mode Conversion (SDC11, SCD11)	TP1			See CEI-28G-VSR Equation 13-20	dB	
Stressed Input Test	TP1a	See CEI-28G-VSR Section 13.3.11.2.1				
Receiver (each Lane)						
Differential Voltage, pk-pk	TP4			900	mV	
Common Mode Voltage(V _{cm})	TP4	-350		2850	mV	1
Common Mode Noise, RMS	TP4			17.5	mV	
Differential Termination Resistance Mismatch	TP4			10	%	At 1MHz
Differential Return Loss(SDD22)	TP4			See CEI-28G-VSR Equation 13-19	dB	
Common Mode to Differential Conversion and Differential to Common Mode Conversion (SDC22, SCD22)	TP4			See CEI-28G-VSR Equation 13-21	dB	
Common Mode Return Loss(SCC22)	TP4			-2	dB	2
Transition Time, 20 to 80%	TP4	9.5			ps	
Vertical Eye Closure (VEC)	TP4			5.5	dB	
Eye Width at 10 ⁻¹⁵ probability(EW15)	TP4	0.57			UI	
Eye Height at 10 ⁻¹⁵ probability (EH15)	TP4	228			mV	

Notes:

1. V_{cm} is generated by the host. Specification includes effects of ground offset voltage.
2. From 250MHz to 30GHz.

Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Center Wavelength	λ_t	1304.5		1317.5	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Average Launch Power	PAVG	-1.4		4.5	dBm	1
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA _{outer})	POMA	0.7		4.7	dBm	2
Launch Power in OMA _{outer} minus TDECQ	for ER ≥ 4.5 dB	-0.7			dBm	
	for ER < 4.5dB	-0.6			dBm	
Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4	TDECQ			3.4	dB	
TDECQ – $10 \cdot \log_{10}(\text{Ceq})$				3.4	dB	3
Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
RIN _{15.6} OMA	RIN			-136	dB/Hz	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance	TOL			15.6	dB	
Transmitter Reflectance	RT			-26	dB	
Transmitter Transition Time				17	ps	
Average Launch Power of OFF Transmitter	Poff			-15	dBm	
Receiver						
Center Wavelength	λ_r	1304.5		1317.5	nm	
Damage Threshold	THd	5.5			dBm	4
Average Receive Power		-7.7		4.5	dBm	5
Receive Power (OMA _{outer})				4.7	dBm	
Receiver Sensitivity (OMA _{outer})	SEN			Equation (1)	dBm	6
Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMA _{outer})	SRS			-4.1	dBm	7
Receiver Reflectance	RR			-26	dB	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-15			dBm	
LOS Deassert	LOSD			-10.7	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	LOSH	0.5			dB	
Conditions of stressed receiver sensitivity test						
Stressed Eye Closure for PAM4 (SECQ)			3.4		dB	
SECQ – $10 \cdot \log_{10}(\text{Ceq})$				3.4	dB	

Notes:

1. Average launch power, each lane min is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A transmitter with launch power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
2. Even if the TDECQ < 1.4dB for an extinction ratio of ≥ 4.5 dB or TDECQ < 1.3dB for an extinction ratio of < 4.5dB, the OMA_{outer} (min) must exceed the minimum value specified here.

3. C_{eq} is a coefficient defined in IEEE Std 802.3-2018 clause 121.8.5.3 which accounts for reference equalizer noise enhancement.
4. Average receive power (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
5. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to a modulated optical input signal having this power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.
6. Receiver sensitivity (OMA_{outer}) (max) is informative and is defined for a transmitter with a value of SECQ up to 3.4 dB. It should meet Equation (1), which is illustrated in the figure in note 8.

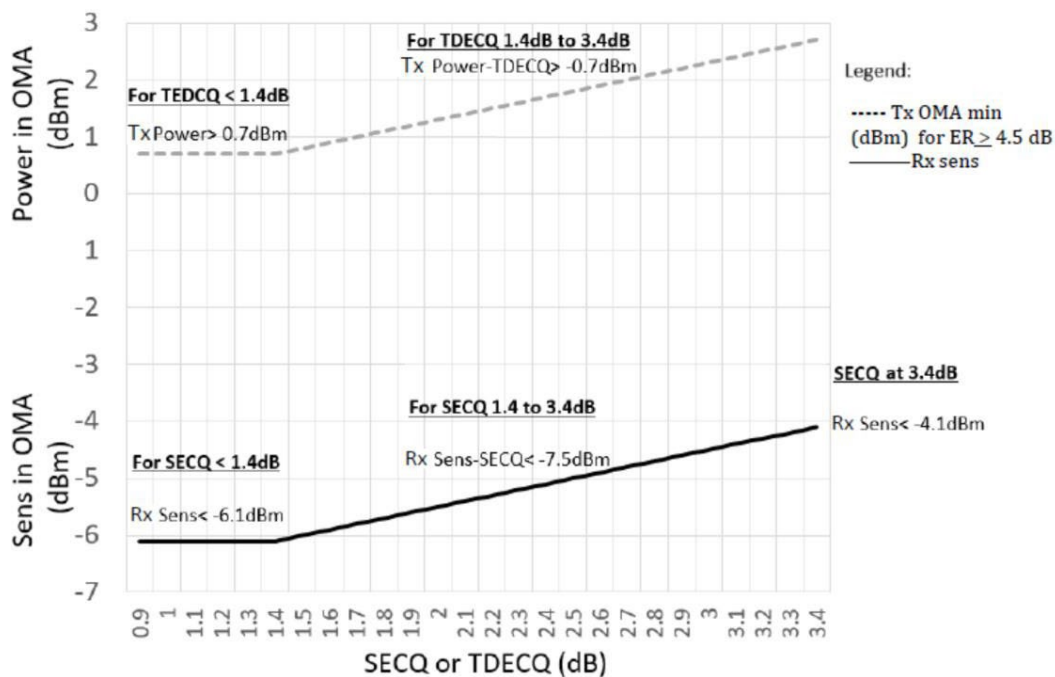
$$RRRR = \max(-6.1, RRSSSSS - 7.5) \quad (1)$$

Where:

RS is the receiver sensitivity, and

SECQ is the SECQ of the transmitter used to measure the receiver sensitivity.

7. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 for the BER equal to 2.4×10^{-4} .
8. These test conditions are for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.



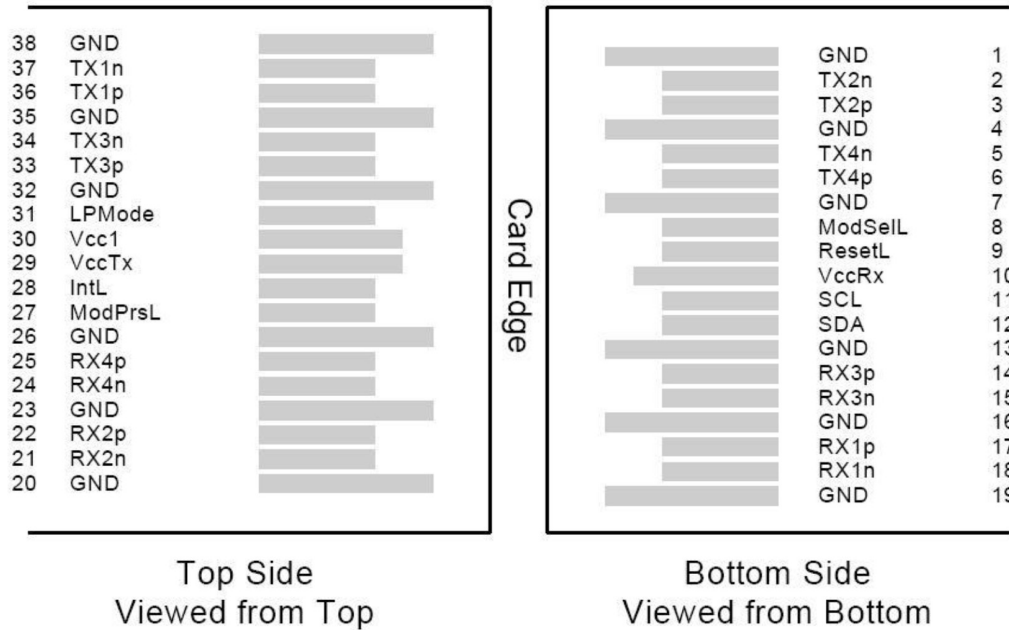
Pin Descriptions

Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Descriptions	Ref.
1		GND	Module Ground	1
2	CML-I	Tx2-	Transmitter inverted data input	
3	CML-I	Tx2+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
4		GND	Module Ground	1
5	CML-I	Tx4-	Transmitter inverted data input	
6	CML-I	Tx4+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
7		GND	Module Ground	1
8	LVTTL-I	MODSEIL	Module Select	2
9	LVTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset	2
10		VCCRx	+3.3v Receiver Power Supply	
11	LVC MOS-I	SCL	2-wire Serial interface clock	2
12	LVC MOS-I/O	SDA	2-wire Serial interface data	2
13		GND	Module Ground	1
14	CML-O	RX3+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
15	CML-O	RX3-	Receiver inverted data output	
16		GND	Module Ground	1
17	CML-O	RX1+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
18	CML-O	RX1-	Receiver inverted data output	
19		GND	Module Ground	1
20		GND	Module Ground	1
21	CML-O	RX2-	Receiver inverted data output	
22	CML-O	RX2+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
23		GND	Module Ground	1
24	CML-O	RX4-	Receiver inverted data output	
25	CML-O	RX4+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
26		GND	Module Ground	1
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present, internal pulled down to GND	
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt output, should be pulled up on host board	2
29		VCCTx	+3.3v Transmitter Power Supply	
30		VCC1	+3.3v Power Supply	
31	LVTTL-I	LPMODE	Low Power Mode	2
32		GND	Module Ground	1
33	CML-I	Tx3+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
34	CML-I	Tx3-	Transmitter inverted data input	
35		GND	Module Ground	1
36	CML-I	Tx1+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
37	CML-I	Tx1-	Transmitter inverted data input	
38		GND	Module Ground	1

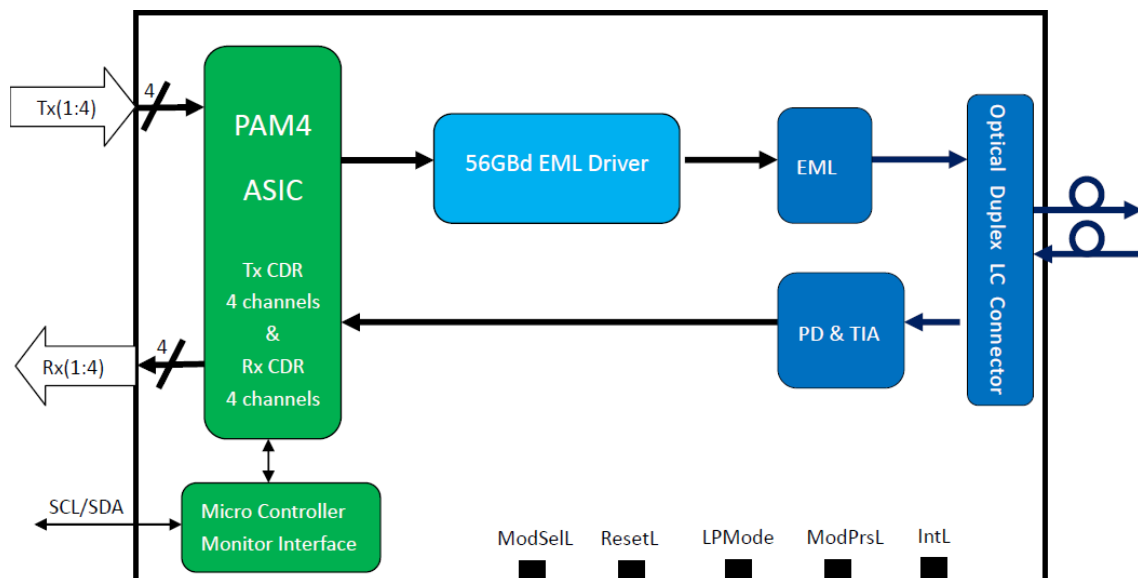
Notes:

1. Module circuit ground is isolated from module chassis ground with in the module.
2. Open collector; should be pulled up with 4.7k-10k ohms on host board to a voltage between 3.15V and 3.6V.

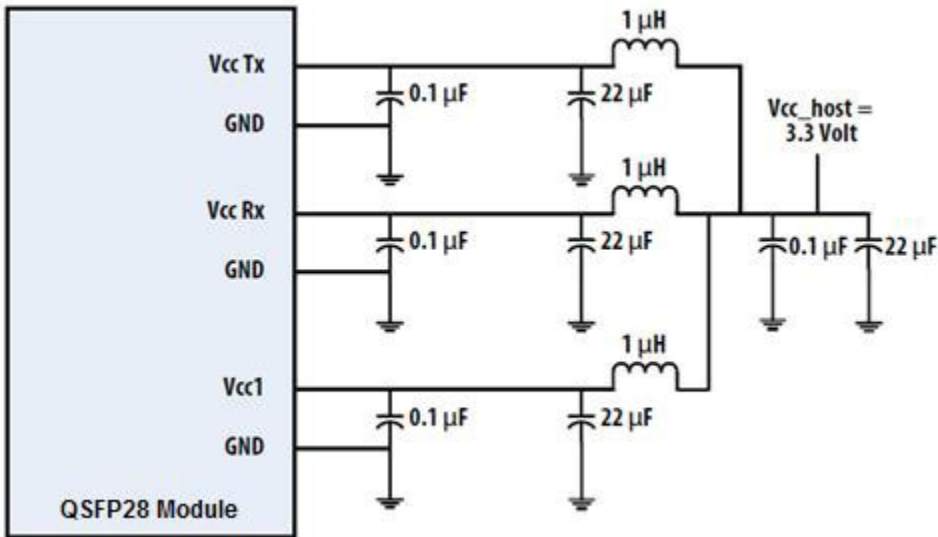
Electrical Pin-out Details



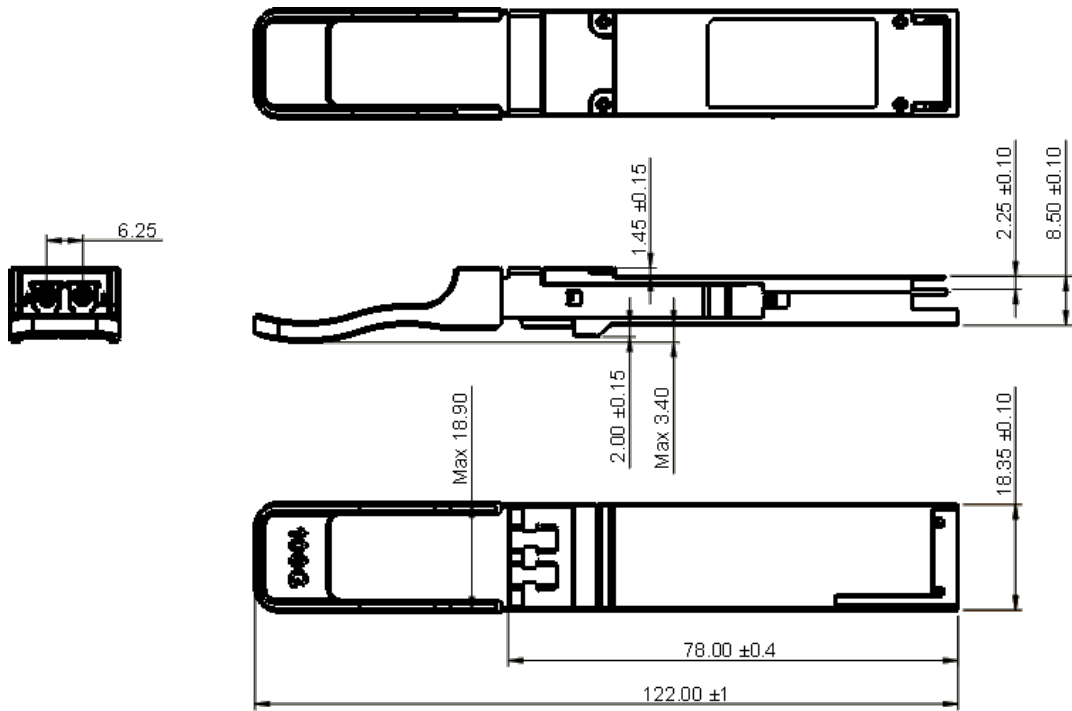
Transceiver Block Diagram



Recommended Power Supply Filter



Mechanical Specifications



OptioConnect

Innovation for the Future of High-Speed Networking

Who We Are

OptioConnect is reshaping the landscape of communication and high-speed networking through intelligent technology. With a core focus on cutting edge technology, we deliver smarter fiber optic solutions for enterprise networks, data centers, and next-gen telecom infrastructures.

What We Do

At OptioConnect, we fuse advanced engineering with intelligent automation to drive the future of networking. Our AI-integrated solutions are designed to optimize performance and streamline operations with:

- Superior Performance
- Network and traffic optimization
- Intelligent energy management
- Seamless OEM compatibility
- Scalable cost-efficiency

Smarter Networks by Design

Innovation isn't just a goal—it's our process. We embed AI and machine learning across our R&D and product lines, enabling adaptive performance, automated tuning, and faster deployment cycles. The result? Networks that don't just work—they learn, evolve, and outperform.

Our Team

Our engineers, data scientists, and network architects bring decades of experience and a future-focused mindset. We provide hands-on support with intelligent insights that turn complex challenges into simple solutions.

Our Mission

To deliver AI-enhanced connectivity that reduces cost, increases speed, and maximizes efficiency—empowering our partners to operate at the forefront of a rapidly evolving digital world.

Let's Connect

Discover how OptioConnect's intelligent infrastructure solutions can power your network's next leap forward.

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