

#### SFP-10GB-BX-U-HPX-OPC

HP® Compatible 10GBase-BX SFP+ Transceiver (SMF, 1270nmTx/1330nmRx, 10km, LC, DOM)

#### **Features**

- Operating Data Rate up to 10.31Gbps
- 1270nm DFB Transmitter/1330nm PIN Receiver
- Single 3.3V Power Supply and TTL Logic Interface
- Hot Pluggable
- LC Connector Interface
- Power Dissipation: 1.5W
- Operating temperature: 0C to 70C
- RoHS Compliant and Lead-Free



## **Applications:**

- 10GBase-BX Ethernet
- 8x/10x Fibre Channel
- Access, Metro and Enterprise

#### **Product Description**

This HP® compatible SFP+ transceiver provides 10GBase-BX throughput up to 10km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1270nmTx/1330nmRx via an LC connector. This bidirectional unit must be used with another transceiver or network appliance of complementing wavelengths. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent HP® transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

OptioConnect's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| Parameter                  | Symbol | Min. | Тур.          | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|----------------------------|--------|------|---------------|------|------|-------|
| Storage Temperature        | Tstg   | -40  |               | 85   | °C   |       |
| Operating Case Temperature | Тс     | 0    |               | 70   | °C   |       |
| Relative Humidity          | RH     | 5    |               | 95   | %    |       |
| Supply Voltage             | Vcc    | -0.5 |               | 3.6  | V    |       |
| Data Rate                  |        |      | 9.953/10.3125 |      |      |       |
| Power Budget               |        |      | 12            |      | dB   |       |

# **Electrical Characteristics**

| Parameter                     |                              | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max.    | Unit  | Notes          |  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--------|------|------|---------|-------|----------------|--|
| Power Supply Voltage          |                              | Vcc    | 3.15 | 3.3  | 3.45    | V     |                |  |
| Power Supply Current          |                              | Icc    |      |      | 455     | mA    |                |  |
| Surge Current                 |                              | Isurge |      |      | 30      | mA    |                |  |
| Transmitter                   |                              |        |      |      |         |       |                |  |
| Differential CML Inputs       |                              | VIN    | 150  |      | 1200    | mVp-p | 1              |  |
| Input AC Common-Mode          | Input AC Common-Mode Voltage |        | 0    |      | 25      | mV    | RMS            |  |
| Differential Input Imped      | Differential Input Impedance |        | 85   | 100  | 115     | Ω     | 2              |  |
| Tx_Disable                    | High                         |        | 2    |      | Vcc     | V     |                |  |
|                               | Low                          |        | 0    |      | 0.8     |       |                |  |
| Tx_Fault                      | High                         |        | 2    |      | Vcc+0.3 | V     | 3              |  |
|                               | Low                          |        | 0    |      | 0.5     |       |                |  |
| Receiver                      |                              |        |      |      |         |       |                |  |
| Differential CML Outputs      |                              | VOUT   | 350  |      | 700     | mVp-p | 4              |  |
| Differential Output Impedance |                              | ZOUT   | 85   | 100  | 115     | Ω     |                |  |
| Rx_LOS                        | High                         |        | 2    |      | Vcc+0.3 |       | 3              |  |
|                               | Low                          |        | 0    |      | 0.8     |       |                |  |
| MOD_DEF (0.2)                 | MOD_DEF (0.2)                |        | 2.5  |      |         | V     |                |  |
|                               |                              | VOL    | 0    |      | 0.5     |       | With Serial ID |  |

# Notes:

- 1. AC coupled inputs.
- 2. RIN>100kΩ @DC.
- 3. lo=400μA: Host\_Vcc. Lo=-4.0mA.
- 4. AC coupled outputs.

**Optical Characteristics** 

| Parameter                        | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|----------------------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Transmitter                      |        |      |      |      |      |       |
| Center Wavelength                | λC     | 1260 | 1270 | 1280 | nm   |       |
| Spectral Width (-20dB)           | Δλ     |      |      | 1    | nm   |       |
| Average Output Power             | POUT   | -2   |      | 3    | dBm  | 1     |
| Extinction Ratio                 | ER     | 3.5  |      |      | dB   |       |
| Average Power of Off Transmitter | Poff   |      |      | -30  | dBm  |       |
| Side-Mode Suppression Ratio      | SMSR   | 30   |      |      | dB   |       |
| Transmitter Dispersion Penalty   | TDP    |      |      | 2    | dB   |       |
| Tx_Disable Assert Time           | T_off  |      |      | 10   | us   |       |
| Receiver                         |        |      |      |      |      |       |
| Center Wavelength                | λC     | 1320 | 1330 | 1340 | nm   |       |
| Receiver Sensitivity             | Pmin   |      |      | -14  | dBm  | 2     |
| Receiver Overload                | Pmax   | 0.5  |      |      | dBm  |       |
| LOS De-Assert                    | LOSD   |      |      | -18  | dBm  |       |
| LOS Assert                       | LOSA   | -30  |      |      | dBm  |       |
| LOS Hysteresis                   | LOSH   | 0.5  |      |      | dB   |       |

# Notes:

- 1. Output is coupled into a 9/125μm SMF.
- 2. Minimum average optical power. Measured at BER less than  $1E^{-12}$ . The measured pattern is PRBS  $2^{31}$ -1.

# **Pin Descriptions**

| Pin | Symbol      | Name/Description   | Plug Seq. | Notes |
|-----|-------------|--|-----------|-------|
| 1   | VeeT        | Transmitter Ground.  | 1         | 5     |
| 2   | Tx_Fault    | Transmitter Fault Indication.  | 3         | 1     |
| 3   | Tx_Disable  | Transmitter Disable. Module disables on "high" or "open."  | 3         | 2     |
| 4   | MOD_DEF2    | Transmitter Disable. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface.   | 3         | 3     |
| 5   | MOD_DEF1    | Module Definition 2. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface.   | 3         | 3     |
| 6   | MOD_DEF0    | Module Definition 1.   | 3         | 3     |
| 7   | Rate Select | Rx Rate Select. LVTTL. Rate Select 0 optionally controls SFP+ module receiver. This pin is pulled low to VeeT with a >30K resistor.    | 3         |       |
| 8   | LOS         | Loss of Signal.  | 3         | 4     |
| 9   | VeeR        | Tx Rate Select. LVTTL. Rate Select 1 optionally controls SFP+ module transmitter. This pin is pulled low to VeeT with a >30K resistor. | 1         |       |
| 10  | VeeR        | Receiver Ground.   | 1         | 5     |
| 11  | VeeR        | Receiver Ground.   | 1         | 5     |
| 12  | RD-         | Inverse Received Data Out.   | 3         | 6     |
| 13  | RD+         | Received Data Out.   | 3         | 6     |
| 14  | VeeR        | Receiver Ground.   | 1         | 5     |
| 15  | VccR        | 3.3V ± 5% Receiver Power.  | 2         | 7     |
| 16  | VccT        | 3.3V ± 5% Transmitter Power.   | 2         | 7     |
| 17  | VeeT        | Transmitter Ground.  | 1         | 5     |
| 18  | TD+         | Transmit Data In.  | 3         | 8     |
| 19  | TD-         | Inverse Transmit Data In.  | 3         | 8     |
| 20  | VeeT        | Transmitter Ground.  | 1         | 5     |

### **Notes:**

- 1. Tx\_Fault is an open collector/drain output that should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\Omega$  to  $10k\Omega$  resistor on the host board. Pull-up voltage between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.
- 2. Tx\_Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7k\Omega$  to  $10k\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0V to 0.8V): Transmitter On

(>0.8V and <2V): Undefined

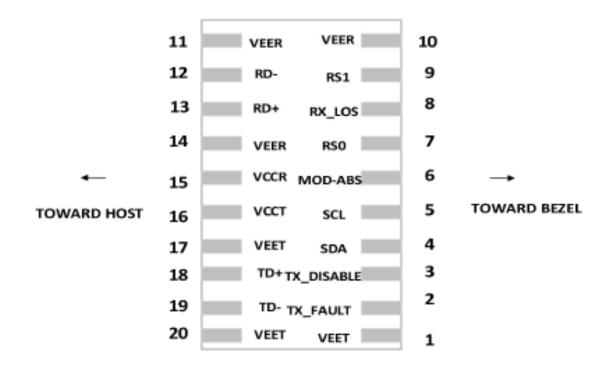
High (2.0V to 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled.

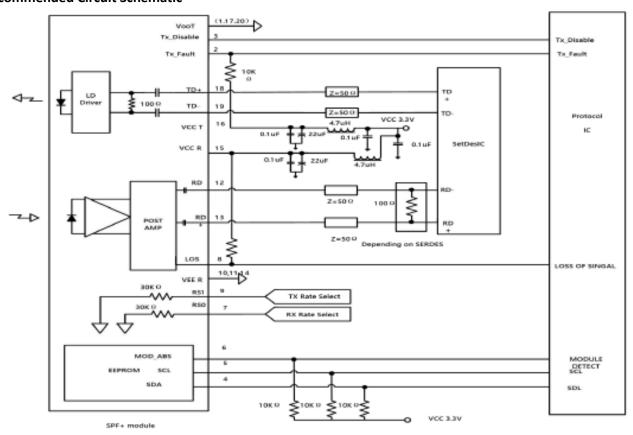
- 3. Modulation absent. Connected to the VeeT or VeeR in the module.
- 4. LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output that should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\Omega$  to  $10k\Omega$  resistor. Pull-up voltage between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low

- indicates normal operation in the low state. The output will be pulled to <0.8V.
- 5. VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- 6. RD-/+. These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC-coupled, 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100 (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400mV and 2000mV differential (200mV and 1000mV single-ended) when properly terminated.
- 7. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as  $3.3V \pm 5\%$  at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 545mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than  $1\Omega$  should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot-plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an in-rush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
- 8. TD-/+. These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100 differential termination inside the module.

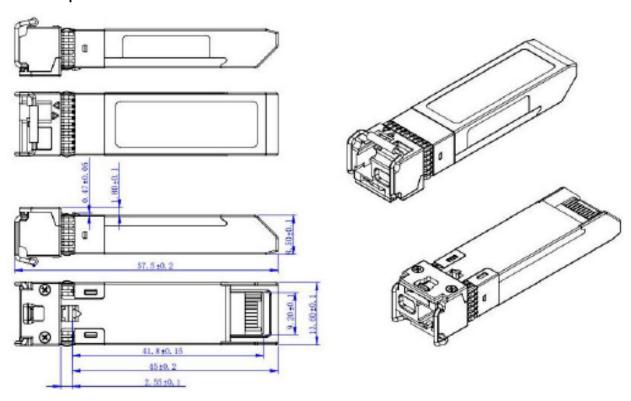
# **Host Board Connector**



# **Recommended Circuit Schematic**



# **Mechanical Specifications**



# **OptioConnect**

### Innovation for the Future of High-Speed Networking

#### Who We Are

OptioConnect is reshaping the landscape of communication and high-speed networking through intelligent technology. With a core focus on cutting edge technology, we deliver smarter fiber optic solutions for enterprise networks, data centers, and next-gen telecom infrastructures.

#### What We Do

At OptioConnect, we fuse advanced engineering with intelligent automation to drive the future of networking. Our Al-integrated solutions are designed to optimize performance and streamline operations with:

- Superior Performance
- Network and traffic optimization
- Intelligent energy management
- Seamless OEM compatibility
- Scalable cost-efficiency

#### **Smarter Networks by Design**

Innovation isn't just a goal—it's our process. We embed AI and machine learning across our R&D and product lines, enabling adaptive performance, automated tuning, and faster deployment cycles. The result? Networks that don't just work—they learn, evolve, and outperform.

#### **Our Team**

Our engineers, data scientists, and network architects bring decades of experience and a future-focused mindset. We provide hands-on support with intelligent insights that turn complex challenges into simple solutions.

#### **Our Mission**

To deliver AI-enhanced connectivity that reduces cost, increases speed, and maximizes efficiency—empowering our partners to operate at the forefront of a rapidly evolving digital world.

### **Let's Connect**

Discover how OptioConnect's intelligent infrastructure solutions can power your network's next leap forward. <a href="https://www.optioconnect.com">www.optioconnect.com</a> | info@optioconnect.com







