addon

S1C93A-AO

HP® S1C93A TAA 100GBase-SR2 QSFP28 Transceiver (MMF, 850nm, 100m, MPO, DOM)

Features

- Supports 106.25Gbps
- PIN and TIA array on the Receiver Side
- MPO12 PC/APC Connector
- Single 3.3V Power Supply
- Up to 100m Transmission on MMF OM4
- Compliant to SFF-8665 MSA
- VCSEL Transmitter
- Up to 70m Transmission on MMF OM3
- Operating Temperature: 0 to 70 Celsius
- Class 1 Laser
- RoHS Compliant and Lead-Free



Applications

• 100GBase Ethernet

Product Description

This HP® compatible QSFP28 transceiver provides 100GBase-SR2 throughput up to 100m over OM4 multi-mode fiber (MMF) using a wavelength of 850nm via an MPO connector. Our transceiver is built to meet or exceed OEM specifications and is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with HP®. It has been programmed, uniquely serialized, and tested for data-traffic and application to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. All of our transceivers comply with Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) standards to provide seamless network integration. Additional product features include Digital Optical Monitoring (DOM) support which allows access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

AddOn's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S.-made or designated country end products.")



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Maximum Supply	Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	3.3	3.6	V	
Storage Temperat	ure	T _{Stg}	-40		85	°C	
Relative Humidity		RH	5		85	%	
Operating Case Temperature		Тс	0		70	°C	
Power Supply Total Current					1212	mA	
AC Coupling Internal Capacitor				0.1		μV	
Modulation Format				PAM4			
Fiber Length	OM3				70	m	
	OM4				100	m	

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Module Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.135	3.3	3.6	V	
Power Supply Noise				25	mVp-p	1
Receiver Differential Data Output Load			100		Ω	
Power Consumption				4	W	

Notes:

1. Power Supply Noise is defined as the peak-to-peak noise amplitude over the frequency range at the host supply side of the recommended power supply filter with the module and recommended filter in place. Voltage levels including peak-to-peak noise are limited to the recommended operating range of the associated power supply.

High-Speed Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
@TP1 Test Point						
Signaling Rate Per Lane			25.78125 ± 100ppm			
Differential Pk-Pk Input Voltage Tolerance	TP1a	900			mV	1
Differential Input Return Loss	TP1	Equation (83E-5)			dB	2
Common- to Differential-Mode Conversion Return Loss	TP1	Equation (83E-6)			dB	2
Differential Termination Mismatch	TP1			10	%	
Single-Ended Voltage Tolerance Range	TP1a	-0.4		3.3	V	
DC Common-Mode Output Voltage	TP1	-350		2850	mV	3
Module Stressed Input Test	TP1a					4
Eye Width			0.46		UI	
Eye Height			95		mV	
Applied Pk-Pk Sinusoidal Jitter			Table 88-13			4
@TP4 Test Point						
Signaling Rate Per Lane			25.78125 ± 100ppm			
AC Common-Mode Output Voltage (RMS)	TP4			17.5	mV	
Differential Pk-Pk Output Voltage	TP4			900	mV	
Eye Width	TP4	0.57			UI	
Eye Height (Differential)	TP4	228			mV	
Vertical Eye Closure	TP4			5.5	dB	
Differential Output Return Loss	TP4	Equation (83E-2)				5
Common- to Differential-Mode Conversion Return Loss	TP4	Equation (83E-3)				5
Differential Termination Mismatch	TP4			10	%	
Transition Time (20-80%)	TP4			12	ps	
DC Common-Mode Voltage	TP4	-350		2850	mV	2

Notes:

- 1. Equation (83E-5) and Equation (83E-6) refer to IEEE 802.3-2018.
- 2. DC common-mode voltage is generated by the host. Specification includes the effects of ground offset voltage.
- 3. Meets BER specified in 120E.1.1 of IEEE 802.3-2018.
- 4. Table 88-13 refers to IEEE 802.3-2018.
- 5. Equation (83E-2) and Equation (83E-3) refer to IEEE 802.3-2018.

Optical Characteristics

GTP2 Test Point Signaling Rate Per Lane DR 26.5625 ± 100ppm GBd Center Wavelength λ 840 868 nm RMS Spectral Width Δλrms 0.6 nm Average Launch Power Per Lane Pavg -6.5 4 dBm Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) Per Lane POMA -4.5 3 dBm Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane TDECQ -5.9 dB dB TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq) 4.5 dB Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane Poff -30 dBm Extinction Ratio Per Lane ER 3 dB dB/Hz Optical Return Loss Tolerance ORLT 12 dB Encircled Flux EF ≥86% at 19μm -128 dB	1 2 3
Center Wavelength λ 840 868 nm RMS Spectral Width △λrms 0.6 nm Average Launch Power Per Lane Pavg -6.5 4 dBm Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) Per Lane POMA -4.5 3 dBm Launch Power in OMAouter Minus TDECQ OMA-TDECQ -5.9 dBm Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane TDECQ 4.5 dB TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq) 4.5 dB Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane Poff -30 dBm Extinction Ratio Per Lane ER 3 dB RIN₁₂OMA RIN₁₂OMA -128 dB/Hz Optical Return Loss Tolerance ORLT 12 dB Encircled Flux EF ≥86% at 19μm	2
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Per Lane Extinction Ratio Per Lane ER 3 dB RIN₁₂OMA RIN₁₂OMA -128 dB/Hz Optical Return Loss Tolerance ORLT 12 dB Encircled Flux EF ≥86% at 19μm	
RIN₁₂OMA RIN₁₂OMA -128 dB/Hz Optical Return Loss Tolerance ORLT 12 dB Encircled Flux EF ≥86% at 19μm	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance ORLT 12 dB Encircled Flux EF ≥86% at 19μm	
Encircled Flux EF ≥86% at 19μm	
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≤30% at 4.5μm	4
@TP3 Test Point	
Signaling Rate Per Lane DR 26.5625 ± 100ppm GBd	
Center Wavelength λ 840 868 nm	
Damage Threshold 5 dBm	5
Average Receiver Power Per Lane -8.4 4 dBm	6
Receiver Power Per Lane (OMAouter) 3 dBm	
Receiver Reflectance -12 dB	
Stressed Receiver (OMAouter) Per Lane -3.4 dB	7
LOS Assert LOSA -17 dBm	
LOS De-Assert LOSD -11 dBm	
Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter) Per Lane Max. (-6.5, SECQ-7.9)	8
Conditions of Stressed Receiver Sensitivity Test	
Stressed Eye Closure for PAM4 4.5 dB (SECQ) Per Lane Under Test	9
SECQ-10log10(Ceq) Per Lane Under Test 4.5 dB	9, 3
OMAouter of Each Aggressor Lane 3 dBm	9, 10

Notes:

- 1. RMS spectral width is the standard deviation of the spectrum.
- 2. Even if the TDECQ < 1.4dB, the OMAouter (minimum) must exceed this value.
- 3. Ceq is a coefficient defined in 121.8.5.3, which accounts for the reference equalizer noise enhancement.

- 4. If measured into type A1a.2 or type A1a.3, or A1a.4, 50µm fiber, in accordance with IEC 61280-1-4.
- 5. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to an optical input signal having this average power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.
- 6. Average receive power, per lane (minimum), is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
- 7. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 (see 138.8.10) for the BER specified in 138.1.1.
- 8. Receiver sensitivity is informative and is defined for a transmitter with a value of SECQ up to 4.5dB with BER $< 2.4 \times 10^{-4}$ without FEC in PRBS 2^{31} -1.
- 9. These test conditions are for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.
- 10. Ceq is a coefficient defined in 121.8.5.3, which accounts for the reference equalizer noise enhancement.

Pin Descriptions

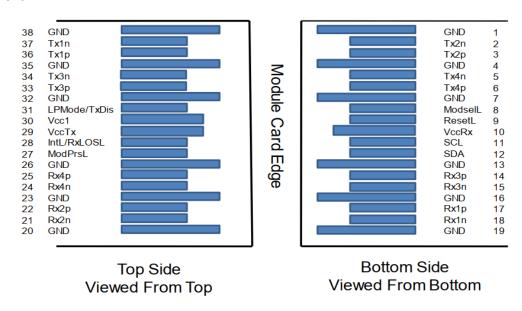
Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Description	Plug Sequence	Notes
1		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
2	CML-I	Tx2-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
3	CML-I	Tx2+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
4		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
5	CML-I	Tx4-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
6	CML-I	Tx4+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
7		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
8	LVTTL-I	ModSelL	Module Select.	3	
9	LVTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset.	3	
10		VccRx	+3.3V Receiver Power Supply.	2	2
11	LVCMOS-I/O	SCL	2-Wire Serial Interface Clock.	3	
12	LVCMOS-I/O	SDA	2-Wire Serial Interface Data.	3	
13		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
14	CML-O	Rx3+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
15	CML-O	Rx3-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
16		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
17	CML-O	Rx1+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
18	CML-O	Rx1-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
19		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
20		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
21	CML-O	Rx2-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
22	CML-O	Rx2+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	

23		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
24	CML-O	Rx4-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
25	CML-O	Rx4+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
26		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present.	3	
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt.	3	
29		VccTx	+3.3V Transmitter Power Supply.	2	2
30		Vcc1	+3.3V Power Supply.	2	2
31	LVTTL-I	LPMode	Low-Power Mode.	3	
32		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
33	CML-I	Tx3+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
34	CML-I	Tx3-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
35		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
36	CML-I	Tx1+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
37	CML-I	Tx1-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
38		GND	Module Ground.	1	1

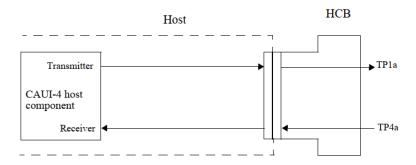
Notes:

- 1. GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for the module. All are common within the module, and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal common ground plane.
- 2. VccRx, Vcc1, and VccTx are applied concurrently and maybe internally connected within the module in any combination. Vcc contacts in SFF-8662 and SFF-8672 each have a steady state current rating of 1A.

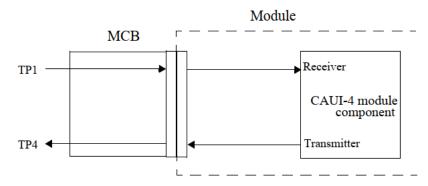
Pin-Out Definitions



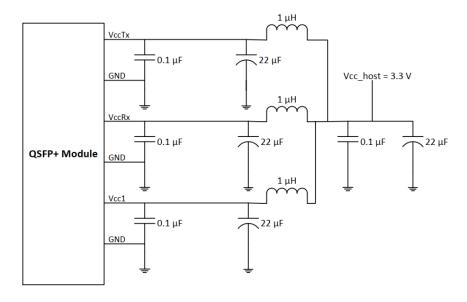
IEEE 802.3bm Compliance Points TP1a, TP4a



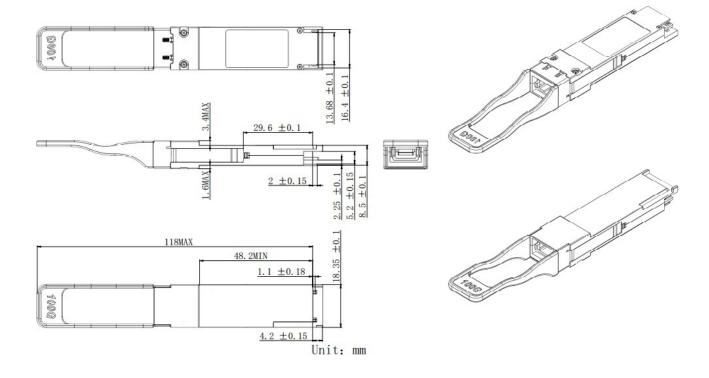
IEEE 802.3bm Compliance Points TP1, TP4



Host Board Power Supply Filter



Mechanical Specifications



About AddOn Networks

In 1999, AddOn Networks entered the market with a single product. Our founders fulfilled a severe shortage for compatible, cost-effective optical transceivers that compete at the same performance levels as leading OEM manufacturers. Adhering to the idea of redefining service and product quality not previously had in the fiber optic networking industry, AddOn invested resources in solution design, production, fulfillment, and global support.

Combining one of the most extensive and stringent testing processes in the industry, an exceptional free tech support center, and a consistent roll-out of innovative technologies, AddOn has continually set industry standards of quality and reliability throughout its history.

Reliability is the cornerstone of any optical fiber network and is in engrained in AddOn's DNA. It has played a key role in nurturing the long-term relationships developed over the years with customers. AddOn remains committed to exceeding industry standards with certifications from ranging from NEBS Level 3 to ISO 9001:2005 with every new development while maintaining the signature reliability of its products.











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