



QSFP28-100GB-PSM4-2-J-OPC

Juniper Networks® Compatible 40/100GBase-PSM4 Dual-Rate QSFP28 Transceiver (SMF, 1310nm, 2km, MPO, DOM)

Features

- SFF-8665 Compliance
- MPO Connector
- Single-mode Fiber
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Hot Pluggable
- Metal with Lower EMI
- Excellent ESD Protection
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



Applications:

- 100GBase Ethernet
- Access and Enterprise

Product Description

This Juniper Networks® compatible QSFP28 transceiver provides 100GBase-PSM4 throughput up to 2km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1310nm via an MPO connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Juniper Networks® transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

OptioConnect's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Maximum Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5		3.6	V
Storage Temperature	TS	-40		85	°C
Operating Case Temperature	Tc	0		70	°C
Relative Humidity (non-condensation)	RH	0		85	%
Data Rate, each Lane			25.78125		Gbps
Damage Threshold, each Lane	THd	3.0			dBm
Data Rate Accuracy		-100		100	ppm
Link Distance with G.652	D	0.002		2	km

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Test Point	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.135	3.30	3.465	V	
Power Supply Current	Icc			1.06	A	
Power Consumption				3.5	W	
Control Input Voltage High		2		Vcc	V	
Control Input Voltage Low		0		0.8	V	
Transmitter (each Lane)						
Overload Differential Voltage pk-pk	TP1a	900			mV	
Common Mode Voltage (Vcm)	TP1	-350		2850	mV	1
Differential Termination Resistance Mismatch	TP1			10	%	At 1MHz
Differential Return Loss (SDD11)	TP1			See CEI- 28G-VSR Equation 13-19	dB	
Common Mode to Differential conversion and Differential to Common Mode conversion (SDC11, SCD11)	TP1			See CEI- 28G-VSR Equation 13-20	dB	
Stressed Input Test	TP1a	See CEI- 28G-VSR Section 13.3.11.2.1				
Receiver (each Lane)						
Differential Voltage, pk-pk	TP4			900	mV	
Common Mode Voltage (Vcm)	TP4	-350		2850	mV	1
Common Mode Noise, RMS	TP4			17.5	mV	
Differential Termination Resistance Mismatch	TP4			10	%	At 1MHz
Differential Return Loss (SDD22)	TP4			See CEI- 28G-VSR Equation 13-19	dB	
Common Mode to Differential conversion and Differential to Common Mode conversion (SDC22, SCD22)	TP4			See CEI- 28G-VSR Equation 13-21	dB	
Common Mode Return Loss (SCC22)	TP4			-2	dB	2
Transition Time, 20 to 80%	TP4	9.5			ps	
Vertical Eye Closure (VEC)	TP4			5.5	dB	
Eye Width at 10 ⁻¹⁵ probability (EW15)	TP4	0.57			UI	
Eye Height at 10 ⁻¹⁵ probability (EH15)	TP4	228			mV	

Notes:

1. Vcm is generated by the host. Specification includes effects of ground offset voltage.
2. From 250MHz to 30GHz.

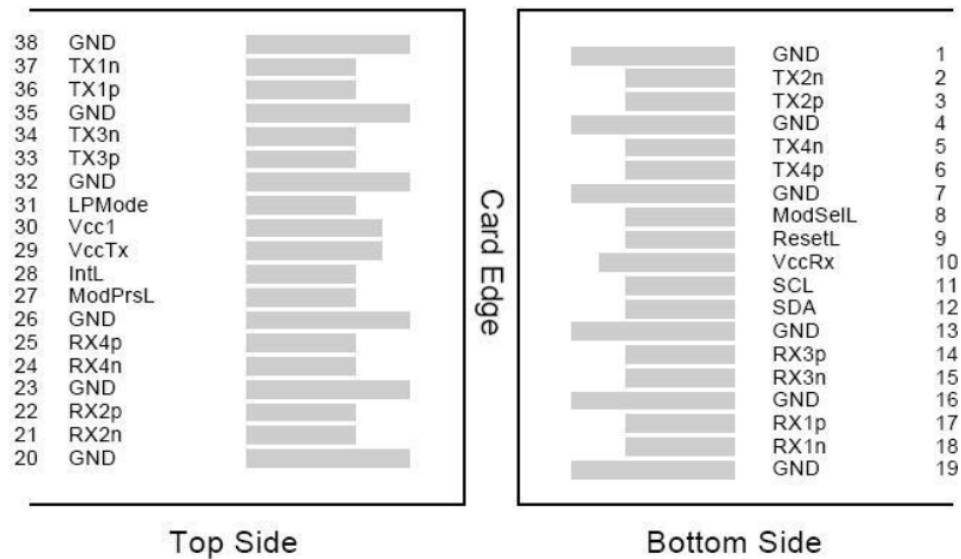
Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Center Wavelength	λ_{C}	1295	1310	1325	nm	1
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Total Average Launch Power	P_{T}			8.0	dBm	
Average Launch Power, each Lane	P_{AVG}	-5.5		2.0	dBm	2
Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA), each Lane	P_{OMA}	-3.5		2.2	dBm	1
Launch Power in OMA minus Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty (TDP), each Lane		-4.3			dBm	
TDP, each Lane	TDP			2.9	dB	
Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance	TOL			20	dB	
Transmitter Reflectance	R_{T}			-12	dB	
Average Launch Power OFF Transmitter, each Lane	Poff			-30	dBm	
Transmitter Eye Mask Definition {X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3}	{0.31,0.4,0.45,0.34,0.38,0.4}					
Receiver						
Center Wavelength	λ_{C}	1295	1310	1325	nm	
Damage Threshold, each Lane	TH_{d}	3.0			dBm	2
Average Receive Power, each Lane		-10.2		2.0	dBm	
Receive Power (OMA), each Lane				2.2	dBm	
Receiver Sensitivity (OMA), each Lane	SEN1			-9.0	dBm	for BER = 1×10^{-12}
Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMA), each Lane				-6.44	dBm	for BER = 1×10^{-12}
Receiver Sensitivity (OMA), each Lane	SEN2			-11.35	dBm	for BER = 5×10^{-5}
Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMA), each Lane				-8.79	dBm	for BER = 5×10^{-5}
Receiver Reflectance	R_{R}			-26	dB	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS Deassert	LOSD			-15	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	LOSH	0.5			dB	
Receiver Electrical 3 dB upper Cutoff Frequency, each Lane	Fc			31	GHz	
Conditions of Stress Receiver Sensitivity Test (Note 3)						
Vertical Eye Closure Penalty, each Lane			1.9		dB	
Stressed Eye J2 Jitter, each Lane			0.27		UI	
Stressed Eye J4 Jitter, each Lane			0.39		UI	
Stressed Eye Mask Definition {X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3}	{0.24, 0.5, 0.5, 0.24, 0.24, 0.4}					

Notes:

- 1. Even if the TDP < 0.8 dB, the OMA min must exceed the minimum value specified here.
- 2. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to a modulated optical input signal having this power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.
- 3. Vertical eye closure penalty, stressed eye J2 jitter, stressed eye J4 jitter, and stressed receiver eye mask definition are test conditions for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.

Electrical Pin-out Details



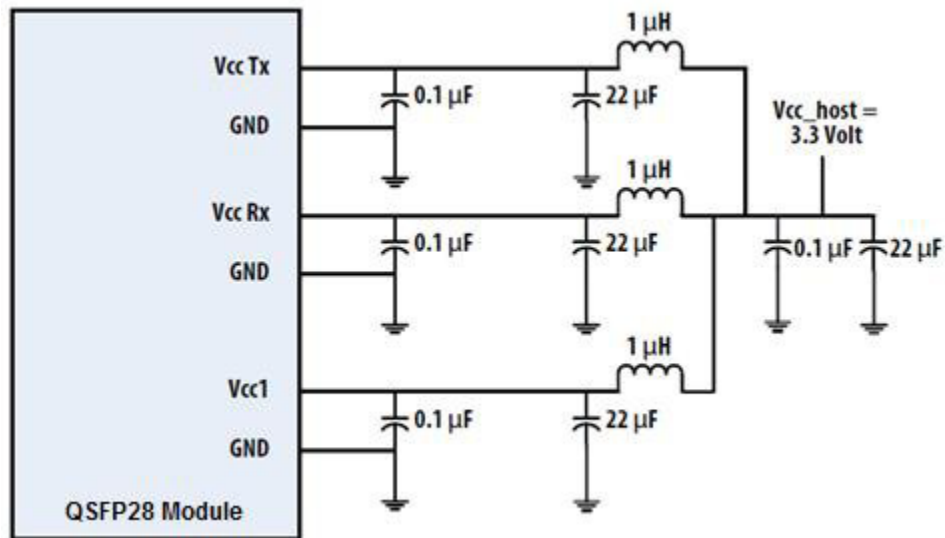
Pin Descriptions

Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Descriptions	Notes
1		GND	Ground	1
2	CML-I	Tx2n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
3	CML-I	Tx2p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data output	
4		GND	Ground	1
5	CML-I	Tx4n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
6	CML-I	Tx4p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data output	
7		GND	Ground	1
8	LVTLL-I	ModSelL	Module Select	
9	LVTLL-I	ResetL	Module Reset	
10		VccRx	+3.3V Power Supply Receiver	2
11	LVC MOS-I/O	SCL	2-Wire Serial Interface Clock	
12	LVC MOS-I/O	SDA	2-Wire Serial Interface Data	
13		GND	Ground	
14	CML-O	Rx3p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
15	CML-O	Rx3n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
16		GND	Ground	1
17	CML-O	Rx1p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
18	CML-O	Rx1n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
19		GND	Ground	1
20		GND	Ground	1
21	CML-O	Rx2n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
22	CML-O	Rx2p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
23		GND	Ground	1
24	CML-O	Rx4n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	1
25	CML-O	Rx4p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
26		GND	Ground	1
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present	
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt	
29		VccTx	+3.3 V Power Supply transmitter	2
30		Vcc1	+3.3 V Power Supply	2
31	LVTTL-I	LPMODE	Low Power Mode	
32		GND	Ground	1
33	CML-I	Tx3p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	
34	CML-I	Tx3n	Transmitter Inverted Data Output	
35		GND	Ground	1
36	CML-I	Tx1p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	
37	CML-I	Tx1n	Transmitter Inverted Data Output	
38		GND	Ground	1

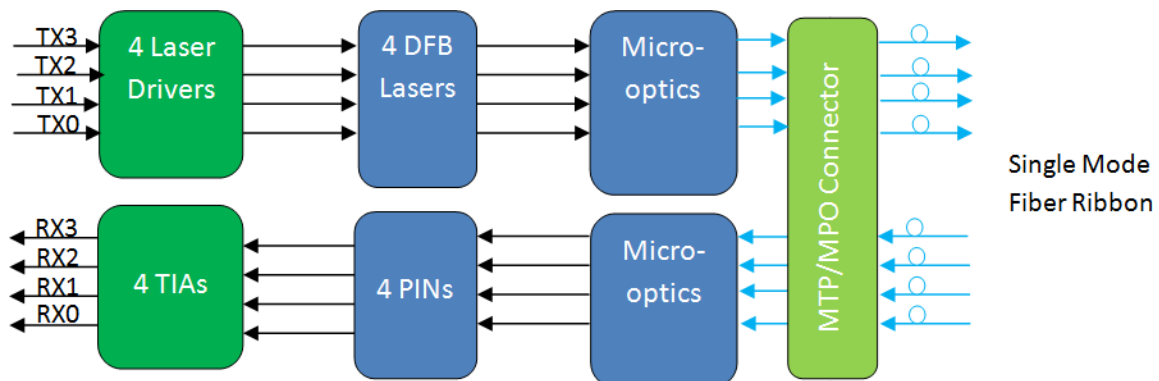
Notes:

1. The module signal grounds are isolated from the module case.
2. This is an open collector/drain output that on the host board requires a 4.7KΩ to 10KΩ pull-up resistor to VccHost.

Recommended Host Board Power Supply Filter Network



Transceiver Block Diagram

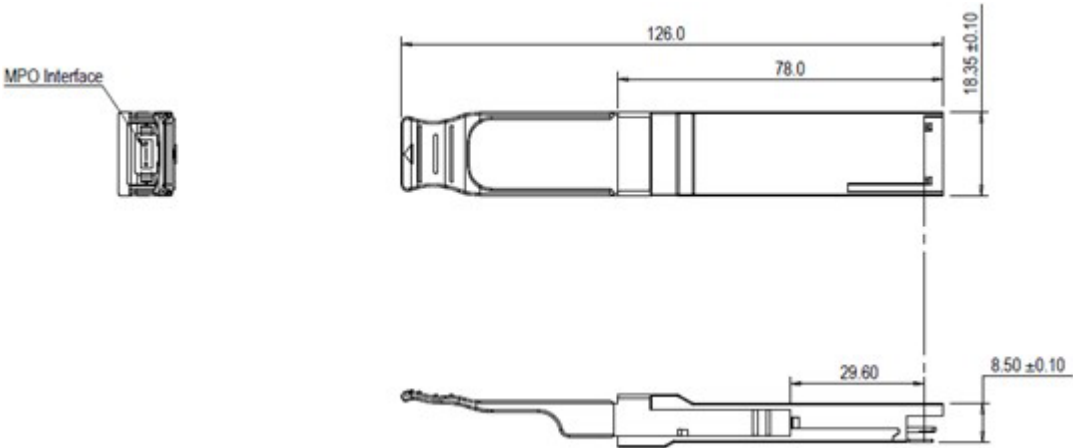


Digital Diagnostic Functions

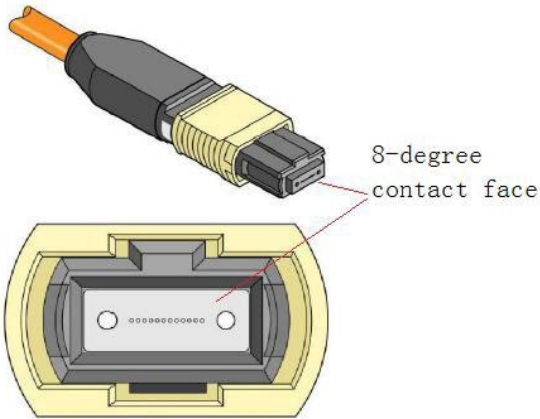
The following digital diagnostic characteristics are defined over the normal operating conditions unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Notes
Temperature monitor absolute error	DMI_Temp	-3	3	degC	Over operating temperature range
Supply voltage monitor absolute error	DMI_VCC	-0.1	0.1	V	Over full operating range
Channel RX power monitor absolute error	DMI_RX_Ch	-2	2	dB	1
Channel Bias current monitor	DMI_Ibias_Ch	-10%	10%	mA	
Channel TX power monitor absolute error	DMI_TX_Ch	-2	2	dB	1

Mechanical Specifications



Attention: To minimize MPO connection induced reflections, an MPO receptacle with 8-degree angled end-face is utilized for this product. A female MPO connector with 8-degree end-face should be used with this product as illustrated in below Figure.



OptioConnect

Innovation for the Future of High-Speed Networking

Who We Are

OptioConnect is reshaping the landscape of communication and high-speed networking through intelligent technology. With a core focus on cutting edge technology, we deliver smarter fiber optic solutions for enterprise networks, data centers, and next-gen telecom infrastructures.

What We Do

At OptioConnect, we fuse advanced engineering with intelligent automation to drive the future of networking. Our AI-integrated solutions are designed to optimize performance and streamline operations with:

- Superior Performance
- Network and traffic optimization
- Intelligent energy management
- Seamless OEM compatibility
- Scalable cost-efficiency

Smarter Networks by Design

Innovation isn't just a goal—it's our process. We embed AI and machine learning across our R&D and product lines, enabling adaptive performance, automated tuning, and faster deployment cycles. The result? Networks that don't just work—they learn, evolve, and outperform.

Our Team

Our engineers, data scientists, and network architects bring decades of experience and a future-focused mindset. We provide hands-on support with intelligent insights that turn complex challenges into simple solutions.

Our Mission

To deliver AI-enhanced connectivity that reduces cost, increases speed, and maximizes efficiency—empowering our partners to operate at the forefront of a rapidly evolving digital world.

Let's Connect

Discover how OptioConnect's intelligent infrastructure solutions can power your network's next leap forward.

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