



### **1024-0229-OPC**

Optelian® 1024-0229 Compatible TAA 10GBase-DWDM XFP Transceiver (SMF, 1552.52nm, 80km, LC, DOM, -40 to 85C)

#### **Features**

- INF-8077i Compliance
- Duplex LC Connector
- Temperature-stabilized EML transmitter and APD receiver
- Single-mode Fiber
- Industrial Temperature -40 to 85 Celsius
- Hot Pluggable
- Metal with Lower EMI
- Excellent ESD Protection
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



#### **Applications:**

- 10x Gigabit Ethernet over DWDM
- 8x/10x Fibre Channel
- Access, Metro and Enterprise

#### **Product Description**

This Optelian® 1024-0229 compatible XFP transceiver provides 10GBase-DWDM throughput up to 80km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1552.52nm via an LC connector. It can operate at temperatures between -40 and 85C. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Optelian® transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

OptioConnect's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

## Regulatory Compliance

- ESD to the Electrical PINs: compatible with MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.4
- ESD to the LC Receptacle: compatible with IEC 61000-4-3
- EMI/EMC compatible with FCC Part 15 Subpart B Rules, EN55022:2010
- Laser Eye Safety compatible with FDA 21CFR, EN60950-1& EN (IEC) 60825-1,2
- RoHS compliant with EU RoHS 2.0 directive 2015/863/EU

## Wavelength Guide (100GHz ITU-T Channel)

| Channel # | Center Wavelength (nm) | Frequency (THz) |
|-----------|------------------------|-----------------|
| 16        | 1564.68                | 191.6           |
| 17        | 1563.86                | 191.7           |
| 18        | 1563.05                | 191.8           |
| 19        | 1562.23                | 191.9           |
| 20        | 1561.42                | 192.0           |
| 21        | 1560.61                | 192.1           |
| 22        | 1559.79                | 192.2           |
| 23        | 1558.98                | 192.3           |
| 24        | 1558.17                | 192.4           |
| 25        | 1557.36                | 192.5           |
| 26        | 1556.55                | 192.6           |
| 27        | 1555.75                | 192.7           |
| 28        | 1554.94                | 192.8           |
| 29        | 1554.13                | 192.9           |
| 30        | 1553.33                | 193.0           |
| 31        | 1552.52                | 193.1           |
| 32        | 1551.72                | 193.2           |
| 33        | 1550.92                | 193.3           |
| 34        | 1550.12                | 193.4           |
| 35        | 1549.32                | 193.5           |
| 36        | 1548.51                | 193.6           |
| 37        | 1547.72                | 193.7           |
| 38        | 1546.92                | 193.8           |
| 39        | 1546.12                | 193.9           |
| 40        | 1545.32                | 194.0           |
| 41        | 1544.53                | 194.1           |
| 42        | 1543.73                | 194.2           |
| 43        | 1542.94                | 194.3           |
| 44        | 1542.14                | 194.4           |

|    |         |        |
|----|---------|--------|
| 45 | 1541.35 | 194.5  |
| 46 | 1540.56 | 194.6  |
| 47 | 1539.77 | 194.7  |
| 48 | 1538.98 | 194.8  |
| 49 | 1538.19 | 194 .9 |
| 50 | 1537.4  | 195.0  |
| 51 | 1536.61 | 195.1  |
| 52 | 1535.82 | 195.2  |
| 53 | 1535.04 | 195.3  |
| 54 | 1534.25 | 195.4  |
| 55 | 1533.47 | 195.5  |
| 56 | 1532.68 | 195.6  |
| 57 | 1531.9  | 195.7  |
| 58 | 1531.12 | 195.8  |
| 59 | 1530.33 | 195.9  |
| 60 | 1529.55 | 196.0  |
| 61 | 1528.77 | 196.1  |
| 62 | 1527.99 | 196.2  |

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter              | Symbol           | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------------|------------------|------|------|------|
| Maximum Supply Voltage | V <sub>cc3</sub> | -0.5 | 3.6  | V    |
|                        | V <sub>cc5</sub> | -0.5 | 6    | V    |
| Storage Temperature    | T <sub>S</sub>   | -40  | 85   | °C   |
| Operating Temperature  | T <sub>O</sub>   | -40  | 85   | °C   |
| Operating Humidity     | RH               | 5    | 95   | %    |
| Receiver power         | R <sub>MAX</sub> |      | -8   | dBm  |
| Maximum bitrate        | B <sub>max</sub> |      | 11.3 | Gbps |

## Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter                      | Symbol               | Min.  | Typ. | Max.  | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| Power Supply Voltage           | V <sub>cc3</sub>     | 3.135 | 3.30 | 3.465 | V    |       |
|                                | V <sub>cc5</sub>     | 4.75  | 5.0  | 5.25  | V    |       |
| Power Supply Current           | I <sub>cc</sub>      |       |      | 1061  | mA   |       |
| Power Consumption              | P <sub>Diss</sub>    |       |      | 3.5   | W    |       |
| Transmitter                    |                      |       |      |       |      |       |
| Differential data input swing  | V <sub>in,pp</sub>   | 120   |      | 850   | mV   |       |
| Input differential impedance   | Z <sub>in</sub>      | 80    | 100  | 120   | Ω    |       |
| Receiver                       |                      |       |      |       |      |       |
| Differential data output swing | V <sub>out, pp</sub> | 300   |      | 850   | mV   |       |
| Output differential impedance  | Z <sub>in</sub>      | 80    | 100  | 120   | Ω    |       |

## Optical Characteristics

| Parameter                          | Symbol     | Min.  | Typ. | Max.  | Unit | Notes |
|------------------------------------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| <b>Transmitter</b>                 |            |       |      |       |      |       |
| Optical Power (average)            | $P_{AVE}$  | 0     |      | 5     | dBm  | 1     |
| Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty | TDP        |       |      | 3     | dB   |       |
| Optical Extinction Ratio           | ER         | 9     |      |       | dB   |       |
| Optical Wavelength                 | $T\lambda$ | x-0.1 | X    | X+0.1 | nm   |       |
| Insertion loss                     | IL         |       | 0.35 |       |      |       |
| <b>Receiver</b>                    |            |       |      |       |      |       |
| Receiver Sensitivity (average)     | $R_{AVE}$  |       |      | -23   | dBm  | 2     |
| Receiver overload                  | $P_{max}$  | -8    |      |       | dBm  | 3     |
| Receiver wavelength                | $R\lambda$ | 1260  |      | 1620  | nm   |       |

### Notes:

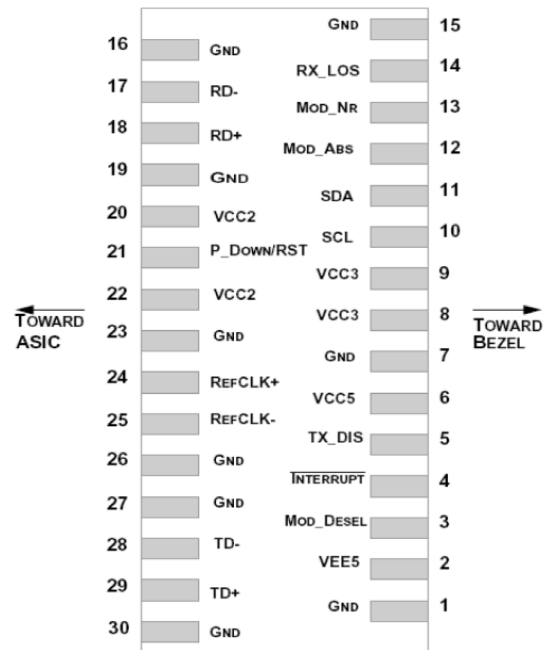
1. Coupled into a Single mode fibre
2. Average power, back-to-back, @10.31Gbps, BER 1E-12, PRBS 231-1.
3. Exceeding the Receiver overload can physically damage the module. Please use appropriate attenuation.

## Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Symbol     | Name/Descriptions                                                                                                                                                  | Ref. |
|-----|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| 1   | GND        | Module Ground                                                                                                                                                      |      |
| 2   | Vee5       | (not required)                                                                                                                                                     |      |
| 3   | MOD_DESEL  | Module De-select; When Held low allows the module to respond to 2-wire serial interface. LVTTTL-I                                                                  |      |
| 4   | /INTERRUPT | Interrupt; Indicates presence of an important condition which can be read via the 2-wire serial interface. LVTTTL-O                                                | 2    |
| 5   | TX_DIS     | Transmitter Disable. Logic1 indicates laser output disabled, LVTTTL-I                                                                                              |      |
| 6   | VCC5       | +5V Power Supply (Not required)                                                                                                                                    |      |
| 7   | GND        | Module Ground                                                                                                                                                      | 1    |
| 8   | VCC3       | +3.3V Power Supply                                                                                                                                                 |      |
| 9   | VCC3       | +3.3V Power Supply                                                                                                                                                 |      |
| 10  | SCL        | 2-Wire Serial Interface Clock. LVTTTL-I                                                                                                                            | 2    |
| 11  | SDA        | 2-Wire Serial Interface Data Line. LVTTTL-I/O                                                                                                                      | 2    |
| 12  | MOD_Abs    | Indicates Module is not present. Grounded in the Module. LVTTTL-O                                                                                                  | 2    |
| 13  | MOD_NR     | Module Not Ready; Indicating Module Operational Fault. Open-collector. LVTTTL-O                                                                                    | 2    |
| 14  | RX_LOS     | Loss of Signal indication. Logic 1 indicates loss of Signal. Open-collector. LVTTTL-O                                                                              | 2    |
| 15  | GND        | Module Ground                                                                                                                                                      | 1    |
| 16  | GND        | Module Ground                                                                                                                                                      | 1    |
| 17  | RD-        | Receiver Inverted Data Output. CML-O                                                                                                                               |      |
| 18  | RD+        | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output. CML-O                                                                                                                           |      |
| 19  | GND        | Module Ground                                                                                                                                                      | 1    |
| 20  | VCC2       | +1.8V Power Supply (Not required).                                                                                                                                 | 3    |
| 21  | P_DOWN/RST | Power down; When high, requires the module to limit power consumption to 1.5W or below. 2-Wire serial interface must be functional in the low power mode. LVTTTL-I |      |
|     |            | Reset; The falling edge initiates a complete reset of the module including the 2-wire serial interface, equivalent to a power cycle. LVTTTL-I                      |      |
| 22  | VCC2       | +1.8V Power Supply (Not required)                                                                                                                                  | 3    |
| 23  | GND        | Module Ground                                                                                                                                                      | 1    |
| 24  | REFCLK+    | Reference Clock (Not required)                                                                                                                                     |      |
| 25  | REFCLK-    | Reference Clock (Not required)                                                                                                                                     |      |
| 26  | GND        | Module Ground                                                                                                                                                      | 1    |
| 27  | GND        | Module Ground                                                                                                                                                      | 1    |
| 28  | TD-        | Transmitter Inverted Data Input. CML-I                                                                                                                             |      |
| 29  | TD+        | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input. CML-I                                                                                                                         |      |
| 30  | GND        | Module Ground                                                                                                                                                      | 1    |

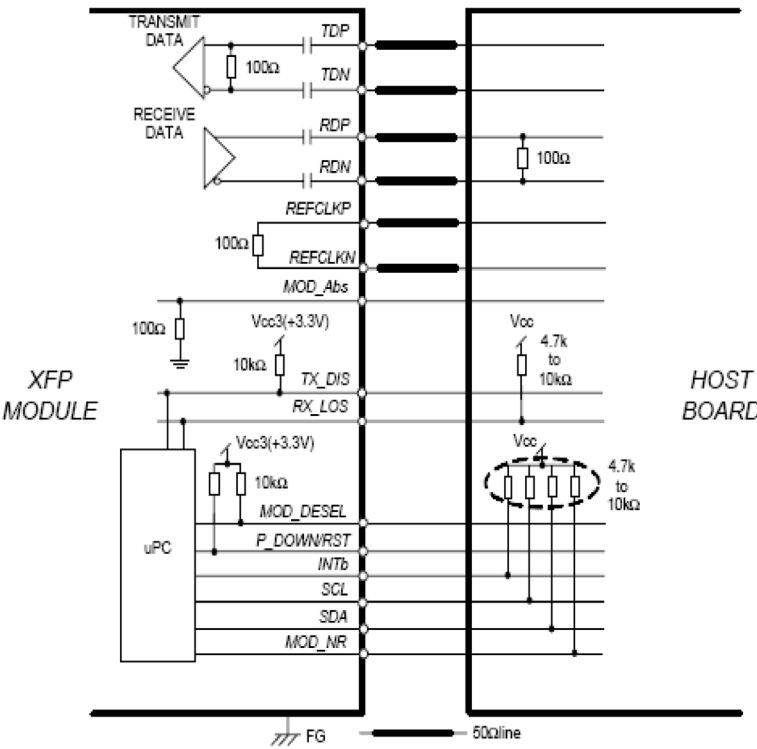
**Notes:**

1. Module ground pins GND are isolated from the module case and chassis ground within the module.
2. Open collector; should be pulled up with 4.7K-10Kohms to a voltage between 3.15V and 3.6V on the host board.
3. The pins are open within module.



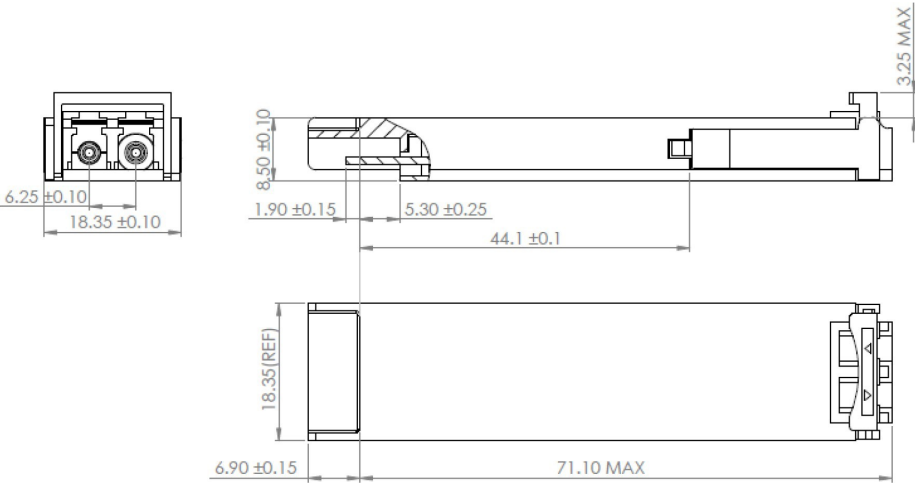
Pin-out of connector Block on Host board

Recommended Circuit Schematic



Mechanical Specifications

Small Form Factor Pluggable (XFP) transceivers are compatible with the dimensions defined by the XFP Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA).





**EEPROM Information**

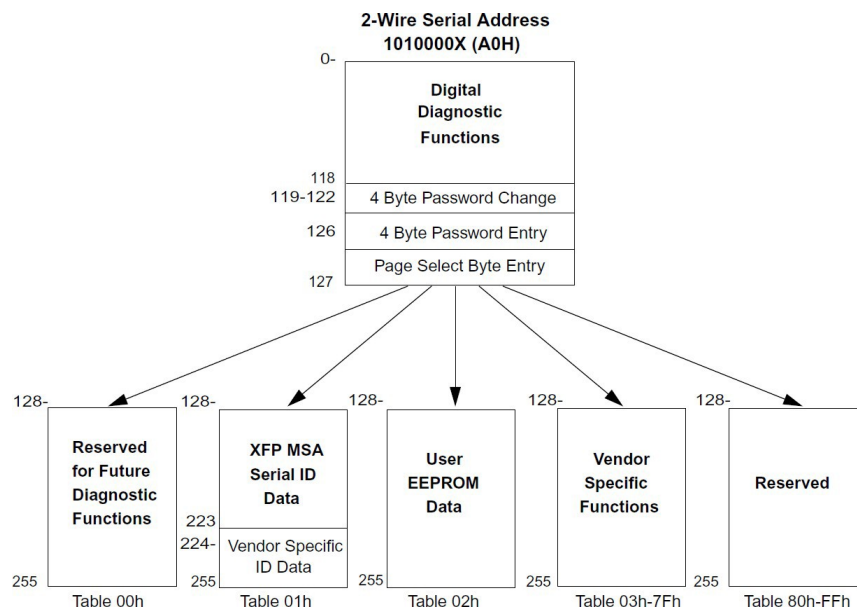
**Management Interface**

XFP 2-wire serial interface is specified in the Chapter 4 of the XFP MSA specification. The XFP 2-wire serial interface is used for serial ID, digital diagnostics, and certain control functions. The 2-wire serial interface is mandatory for all XFP modules. The 2-wire serial interface address of the XFP module is 1010000X(A0h). In order to access to multiple modules on the same 2-wire serial bus, the XFP has a MOD\_DESEL(module deselect pin). This pin (which is pull high or deselected in the module) must be held low by the host to select of interest and allow communication over 2-wire serial interface. The module must not respond to or accept 2-wire serial bus instructions unless it is selected.

**XFP Management Interface**

XFP Management interface is specified in the Chapter 5 of the XFP MSA specification. The Figure 1 shows the structure of the memory map. The normal 256 Byte address space is divided into lower and upper blocks of 128 Bytes. The lower block of 128 Byte is always directly available and is used for the diagnostics and control functions that must be accessed repeatedly. Multiple blocks of memories are available in the upper 128 Bytes of the address space. These are individually addressed through a table select Byte which the user enters into a location in the lower address space. The upper address space tables are used for less frequently accessed functions and control space for future standards definition.

EEPROM memory map specific data field description is as below:



## **OptioConnect**

### **Innovation for the Future of High-Speed Networking**

#### **Who We Are**

OptioConnect is reshaping the landscape of communication and high-speed networking through intelligent technology. With a core focus on cutting edge technology, we deliver smarter fiber optic solutions for enterprise networks, data centers, and next-gen telecom infrastructures.

#### **What We Do**

At OptioConnect, we fuse advanced engineering with intelligent automation to drive the future of networking. Our AI-integrated solutions are designed to optimize performance and streamline operations with:

- Superior Performance
- Network and traffic optimization
- Intelligent energy management
- Seamless OEM compatibility
- Scalable cost-efficiency

#### **Smarter Networks by Design**

Innovation isn't just a goal—it's our process. We embed AI and machine learning across our R&D and product lines, enabling adaptive performance, automated tuning, and faster deployment cycles. The result? Networks that don't just work—they learn, evolve, and outperform.

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Our engineers, data scientists, and network architects bring decades of experience and a future-focused mindset. We provide hands-on support with intelligent insights that turn complex challenges into simple solutions.

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To deliver AI-enhanced connectivity that reduces cost, increases speed, and maximizes efficiency—empowering our partners to operate at the forefront of a rapidly evolving digital world.

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