

## PAN-SFP-PLUS-LR-CW33-AO

Palo Alto Networks® PAN-SFP-PLUS-LR-CW33 Compatible TAA 10GBase-CWDM SFP+ Transceiver (SMF, 1330nm, 10km, LC, DOM)

### Features

- Single 3.3V Power Supply Voltage
- Compliant with IEEE 802.3ae 10GBASE-LR/LW
- CWDM DFB Laser Transmitter
- Single-Mode Fiber
- Hot-Pluggable
- Up to 10.7Gbps Bi-Directional Data Links
- Operating Temperature: 0 to 70 Celsius
- Duplex LC Connector
- Excellent ESD Protection
- RoHS Compliant and Lead-Free
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



### Applications

- 8x/10x Fibre Channel
- 10x Gigabit Ethernet over CWDM
- Access, Metro and Enterprise
- Mobile Fronthaul CPRI/OBSAI

### Product Description

This Palo Alto Networks® PAN-SFP-PLUS-LR-CW33 compatible SFP+ transceiver provides 10GBase-CWDM throughput up to 10km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1330nm via an LC connector. It can operate at temperatures between 0 and 70C. The listed reach has been determined using a link budget calculation and tested in a standard environment. Actual link distances achieved will be dependent upon the deployed environment. Our transceiver is built to meet or exceed OEM specifications and is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with Palo Alto Networks®. It has been programmed, uniquely serialized, and tested for data-traffic and application to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. All of our transceivers comply with Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) standards to provide seamless network integration. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

AddOn's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S.-made or designated country end products.")



## CWDM Available Wavelengths

| Wavelengths | Min.   | Typ. | Max.   |
|-------------|--------|------|--------|
| 27          | 1264.5 | 1271 | 1277.5 |
| 29          | 1284.5 | 1291 | 1297.5 |
| 31          | 1304.5 | 1311 | 1317.5 |
| 33          | 1324.5 | 1331 | 1337.5 |
| 35          | 1344.5 | 1351 | 1357.5 |
| 37          | 1364.5 | 1371 | 1377.5 |
| 39          | 1384.5 | 1391 | 1397.5 |
| 41          | 1404.5 | 1411 | 1417.5 |
| 43          | 1424.5 | 1431 | 1437.5 |
| 45          | 1444.5 | 1451 | 1457.5 |
| 47          | 1464.5 | 1471 | 1477.5 |
| 49          | 1484.5 | 1491 | 1497.5 |
| 51          | 1504.5 | 1511 | 1517.5 |
| 53          | 1524.5 | 1531 | 1537.5 |
| 55          | 1544.5 | 1551 | 1557.5 |
| 57          | 1564.5 | 1571 | 1577.5 |
| 59          | 1584.5 | 1591 | 1597.5 |
| 61          | 1604.5 | 1611 | 1617.5 |

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter                  | Symbol | Min. | Typ.    | Max.              | Unit | Notes |
|----------------------------|--------|------|---------|-------------------|------|-------|
| Maximum Supply Voltage     | Vcc    | -0.5 |         | 4.0               | V    | 1     |
| Storage Temperature        | Tstg   | -40  |         | 90                | °C   | 2     |
| Operating Case Temperature | Tc     | 0    |         | 70                | °C   | 3     |
| Maximum Bitrate            | BER    |      |         | 10 <sup>-12</sup> |      |       |
| Data Rate                  | DR     |      | 10.3125 |                   | Gbps | 4     |

### Notes:

1. For the electrical power interface.
2. Ambient temperature.
3. Case temperature.

## Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter                      | Symbol                         | Min.            | Typ. | Max.                 | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|------|----------------------|------|-------|
| Power Supply Voltage           | V <sub>cc</sub>                | 3.14            | 3.30 | 3.46                 | V    |       |
| Power Supply Current           | I <sub>cc</sub>                |                 | 200  | 310                  | mA   | 1     |
| Power Consumption              | PC                             |                 | 0.65 | 1.0                  | W    |       |
| Transmitter                    |                                |                 |      |                      |      |       |
| Differential Data Input Swing  | V <sub>IN,pp</sub>             | 180             |      | 700                  | mV   |       |
| Input Differential Impedance   | R <sub>IN</sub>                |                 | 100  |                      | Ω    |       |
| Transmit Disable Voltage       | V <sub>D</sub>                 | 2               |      | V <sub>cc</sub>      | V    |       |
| Transmit Enable Voltage        | V <sub>EN</sub>                | V <sub>ee</sub> |      | V <sub>ee</sub> +0.8 | V    |       |
| Receiver                       |                                |                 |      |                      |      |       |
| Differential Data Output Swing | V <sub>OUT,pp</sub>            | 300             |      | 850                  | mV   |       |
| Output Differential Impedance  | T <sub>r</sub> /T <sub>f</sub> | 28              |      |                      | ps   |       |
| LOS Assert                     | V <sub>LOSA</sub>              | 2               |      | Host_V <sub>cc</sub> | V    |       |
| LOS De-Assert                  | V <sub>LOSD</sub>              | V <sub>ee</sub> |      | V <sub>ee</sub> +0.5 | V    |       |

### Notes:

1. For the electrical power interface.

## Optical Characteristics

| Parameter                       | Symbol             | Min.  | Typ. | Max.  | Unit  | Notes |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| <b>Transmitter</b>              |                    |       |      |       |       |       |
| Optical Power (Average)         | P <sub>TX</sub>    | 2     |      | 7     | dBm   | 1     |
| Transmitter Dispersion Penalty  | TDP                |       |      | 1     | dB    |       |
| Optical Extinction Ratio        | ER                 | 3.5   |      |       | dB    |       |
| Optical Wavelength              | λ <sub>C</sub>     | λ-6.5 | λ    | λ+6.5 | nm    |       |
| Side-Mode Suppression Ratio     | SMSR               | 30    |      |       | dB    |       |
| Relative Intensity Noise        | RIN                |       |      | -128  | dB/Hz |       |
| Launch Power of Off Transmitter | P <sub>off</sub>   |       |      | -30   | dBm   | 1     |
| <b>Receiver</b>                 |                    |       |      |       |       |       |
| Receiver Sensitivity @10.3Gbps  | R <sub>X_SEN</sub> |       |      | -14.4 | dBm   | 2     |
| Receiver Overload               | P <sub>OL</sub>    | 2     |      |       | dBm   |       |
| Receiver Wavelength             | λ <sub>C</sub>     | 1260  |      | 1620  | nm    |       |
| Receiver Reflectance            | TR <sub>RX</sub>   |       |      | -12   | dB    |       |
| LOS Assert                      | LOSA               | -30   |      |       | dBm   |       |
| LOS De-Assert                   | LOSD               |       |      | -17   | dBm   |       |
| LOS Hysteresis                  | LOSH               | 0.5   |      |       | dB    |       |

### Notes:

1. Average.
2. Average. Measured with worst ER, BER<10<sup>-12</sup>, and 2<sup>31</sup>-1 PRBS.

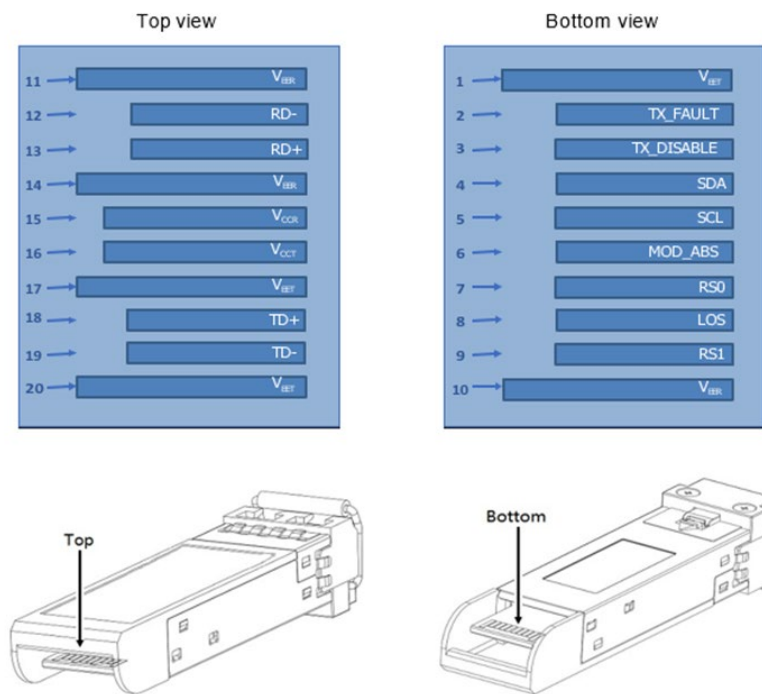
## Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Symbol     | Name/Description                                                 | Notes |
|-----|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| 1   | VeeT       | Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground).                | 1     |
| 2   | Tx_Fault   | Transmitter Fault.                                               | 2     |
| 3   | Tx_Disable | Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on “high” or “open.”  | 3     |
| 4   | SDA        | 2-Wire Serial Interface Data.                                    | 4     |
| 5   | SCL        | 2-Wire Serial Interface Clock.                                   | 4     |
| 6   | MOD_ABS    | Module Absent. Grounded within the module.                       | 4     |
| 7   | RS0        | No Connection Required.                                          |       |
| 8   | Rx_LOS     | Loss of Signal Indication. “Logic 0” indicates normal operation. | 5     |
| 9   | RS1        | No Connection Required.                                          | 1     |
| 10  | VeeR       | Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground).                | 1     |
| 11  | VeeR       | Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground).                | 1     |
| 12  | RD–        | Receiver Inverted Data Out. AC Coupled.                          |       |
| 13  | RD+        | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Out. AC Coupled.                      |       |
| 14  | VeeR       | Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground).                | 1     |
| 15  | VccR       | Receiver Power Supply.                                           |       |
| 16  | VccT       | Transmitter Power Supply.                                        |       |
| 17  | VeeT       | Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground).                | 1     |
| 18  | TD+        | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data In. AC Coupled.                    |       |
| 19  | TD–        | Transmitter Inverted Data In. AC Coupled.                        |       |
| 20  | VeeT       | Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground).                | 1     |

### Notes:

1. The circuit ground is isolated from the chassis ground.
2. Tx\_Fault is the open collector output and should be pulled up with 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ on the host board to a voltage between 2V and Vcc+0.3V.
3. Disabled: T<sub>DIS</sub>>2V or open, enabled: T<sub>DIS</sub><0.8V.
4. Should be pulled up with 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ on the host board to a voltage between 2V and Vcc+0.3V.
5. LOS is an open collector output and should be pulled up with 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ on the host board to a voltage between 2V and Vcc+ 0.3V. The “logic 0” indicates normal operation. “Logic 1” indicates that the receiver signal is lost.

Electrical Pad Layout



Block Diagram of Transceiver



Mechanical Specifications



LATCHED



UNLATCHED

## About AddOn Networks

In 1999, AddOn Networks entered the market with a single product. Our founders fulfilled a severe shortage for compatible, cost-effective optical transceivers that compete at the same performance levels as leading OEM manufacturers. Adhering to the idea of redefining service and product quality not previously had in the fiber optic networking industry, AddOn invested resources in solution design, production, fulfillment, and global support.

Combining one of the most extensive and stringent testing processes in the industry, an exceptional free tech support center, and a consistent roll-out of innovative technologies, AddOn has continually set industry standards of quality and reliability throughout its history.

Reliability is the cornerstone of any optical fiber network and is ingrained in AddOn's DNA. It has played a key role in nurturing the long-term relationships developed over the years with customers. AddOn remains committed to exceeding industry standards with certifications from ranging from NEBS Level 3 to ISO 9001:2005 with every new development while maintaining the signature reliability of its products.



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