

## SFP-10GB-BXD43-10-WS-AO

Waystream® PacketFront Compatible TAA 10GBase-BX SFP+ Transceiver (SMF, 1490nmTx/1310nmRx, 10km, LC, DOM)

### Features

- Operating Data Rate up to 10.31Gbps
- Hot-Pluggable SFP+
- Single 3.3V Power Supply
- Compliant with MSA SFP+ Specification
- Simplex LC Connector
- 10km with 9/125 $\mu$ m SMF
- Operating Temperature: 0 to 70 Celsius
- Power Consumption: 1.5W
- RoHS Compliant and Lead-Free



### Applications

- 8x/10x Fibre Channel
- 10GBase-BX Ethernet
- Access, Metro and Enterprise

### Product Description

This Waystream® PacketFront compatible SFP+ transceiver provides 10GBase-BX throughput up to 10km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1490nmTx/1310nmRx via an LC connector. This bidirectional unit must be used with another transceiver or network appliance of complementing wavelengths. It can operate at temperatures between 0 and 70C. Our transceiver is built to meet or exceed OEM specifications and is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with Waystream® PacketFront. It has been programmed, uniquely serialized, and tested for data-traffic and application to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. All of our transceivers comply with Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) standards to provide seamless network integration. Additional product features include Digital Optical Monitoring (DOM) support which allows access to real-time operating parameters. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

AddOn's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S.-made or designated country end products."



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Operating Case Temperature	Tc	0		70	°C	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40		85	°C	
Relative Humidity	RH	5		85	%	
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5		3.6	V	
Data Rate	DR	1.25		10.3125	Gbps	
Power Budget		9			dB	

## Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	
Power Supply Current	Icc			450	mA	
<b>Transmitter</b>						
CML Differential Input	VIN	150		1200	mVp-p	1
Input AC Common-Mode Voltage		0		25	mV	RMS
Input Differential Impedance	ZIN	85	100	115	Ω	2
Tx_Disable	High	2		Vcc	V	
	Low	0		0.8	V	
Tx_Fault	High	2		Vcc+0.3	V	3
	Low	0		0.5	V	4
<b>Receiver</b>						
CML Differential Output	VOUT	350		700	mVp-p	5
Output Differential Impedance	ZOUT	85	100	115	Ω	
Rx_LOS	High	2		Vcc+0.3	V	3
	Low	0		0.8	V	4
MOD_DEF(0.2)		VOH	2.5		V	6
		VOL	0	0.5	V	6

### Notes:

1. AC coupled inputs.
2. RIN > 100kΩ @ DC.
3. Io = 400µA; Host\_Vcc.
4. Io = -4.0mA.
5. AC coupled outputs.
6. With serial ID.

## Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
<b>Transmitter</b>						
Center Wavelength	$\lambda_C$	1480	1490	1500	nm	
Spectral Width (-20dB)	$\Delta\lambda$			1	nm	
Average Output Power	$P_{OUT}$	-5		0	dBm	1
Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
Average Power of Off Transmitter	$P_{off}$			-30	dBm	
Side-Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Transmitter Dispersion Penalty	TDP			2	dB	
Tx_Disable Assert Time	$T_{off}$			10	us	
<b>Receiver</b>						
Center Wavelength	$\lambda_C$	1270	1310	1360	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity	$P_{min}$			-14	dBm	2
Receiver Overload	$P_{max}$	0.5			dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-15	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	LOSH	0.5			dB	

### Notes:

1. Output is coupled into a 9/125 $\mu$ m SMF.
2. Minimum average optical power is measured at BER less than 1E<sup>-12</sup>. The measure pattern is PRBS2<sup>31</sup>-1.

## Pin Descriptions

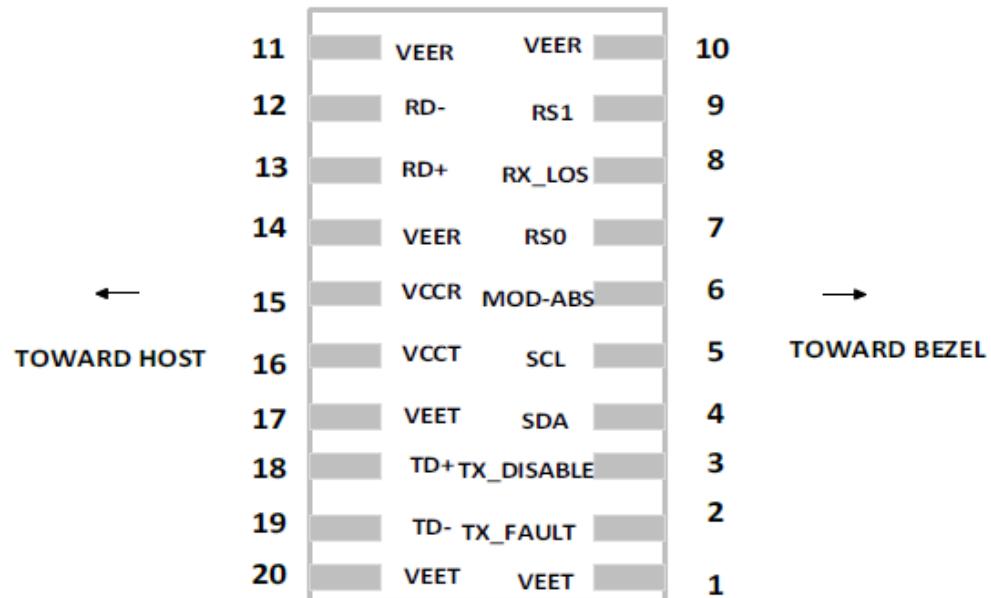
Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5
2	Tx_Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication.	3	1
3	Tx_Disable	Transmitter Disable. Module disables on “high” or “open.”	3	2
4	SDA	Transmitter Disable. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface.	3	3
5	SCL	Module Definition 2. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface.	3	3
6	MOD_ABS	Module Definition 1. Grounded within the module.	3	3
7	RS0	Rx Rate Select (LVTTL). No User Connection. Pin Not Used.	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal.	3	4
9	RS0	Tx Rate Select (LVTTL). No User Connection. Pin Not Used.	1	
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
12	RD-	Receiver Inverse Data Out.	3	6
13	RD+	Receiver Data Out.	3	6
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
15	VccR	3.3 ± 5% Receiver Power.	2	7
16	VccT	3.3 ± 5% Transmitter Power.	2	7
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5
18	TD+	Transmitter Data In.	3	8
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverse Data In.	3	8
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5

### Notes:

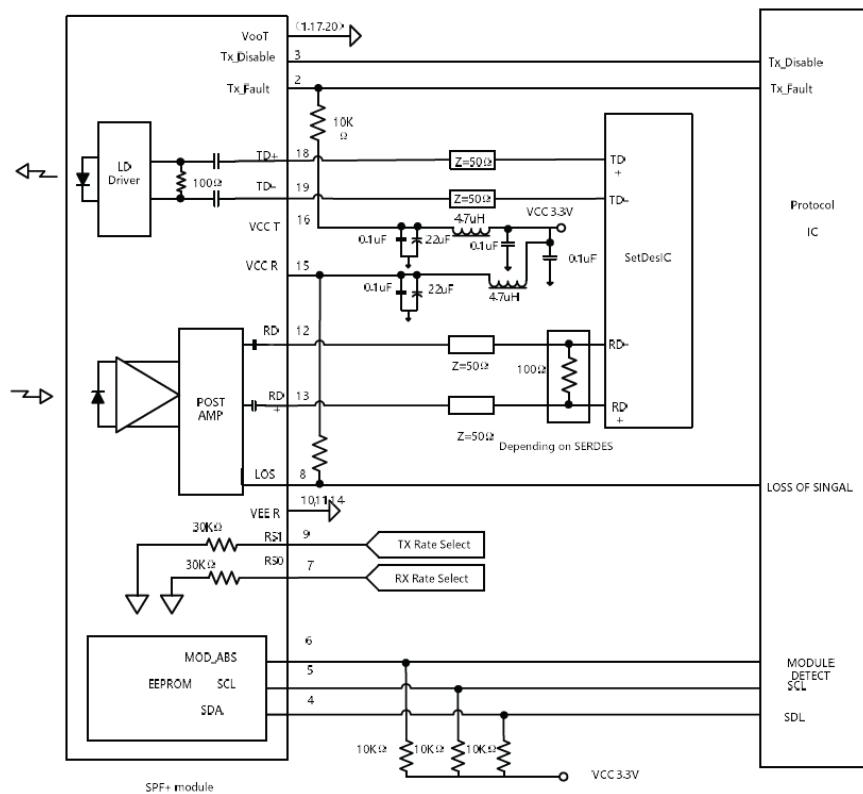
1. Tx\_Fault is an open collector/drain output that should be pulled up with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ resistor on the host board. When “high,” output indicates a laser fault of some kind. “Low” indicates normal operation. In the “low” state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.
2. Tx\_Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ resistor. Its states are:
  - Low (0V – 0.8V): Transmitter On
  - (>0.8V, <2.0V): Undefined
  - High (2.0V – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled
  - Open: Transmitter Disabled.
3. Modulation absent. Connected to VeeT or VeeR in the module.
4. LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output that should be pulled up with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ resistor. When “high,” this output indicates that the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). “Low” indicates normal operation. In the “low” state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.
5. VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.

6. RD-/. These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC-coupled,  $100\Omega$  differential lines that should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES.
7. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as  $3.3V \pm 5\%$  at the SFP connector pin.
8. TD-/. These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module.

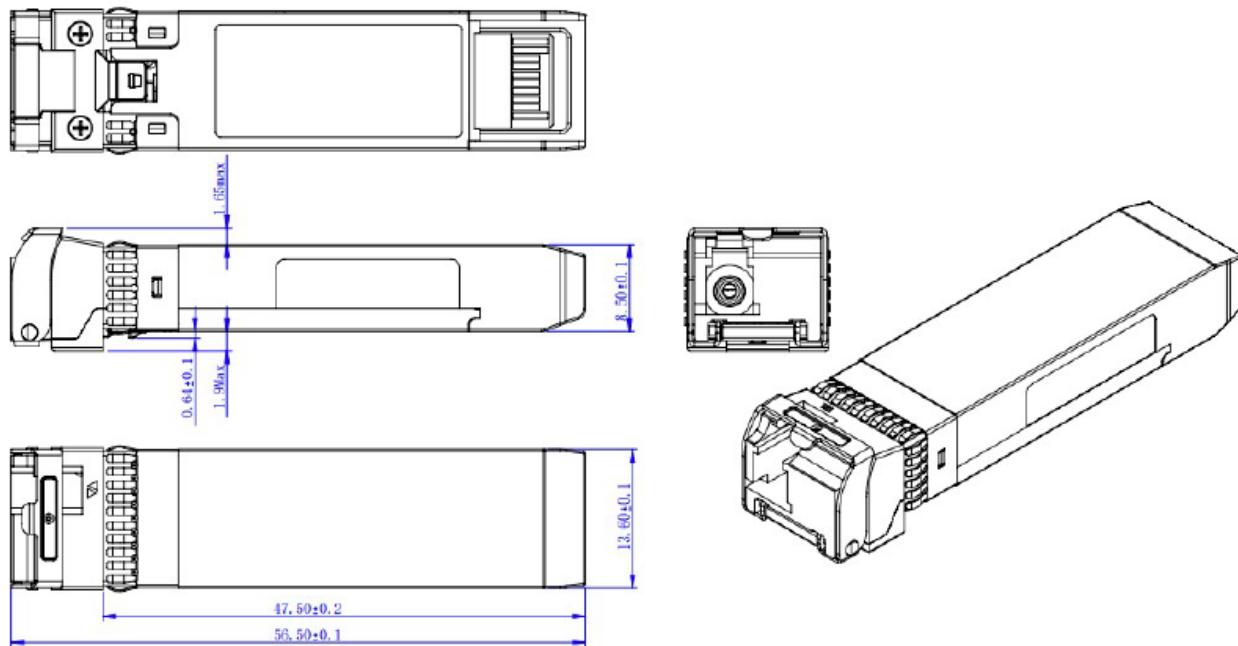
## Electrical Pad Layout



## Recommended Circuit Schematic



## Mechanical Specifications



## About AddOn Networks

In 1999, AddOn Networks entered the market with a single product. Our founders fulfilled a severe shortage for compatible, cost-effective optical transceivers that compete at the same performance levels as leading OEM manufacturers. Adhering to the idea of redefining service and product quality not previously had in the fiber optic networking industry, AddOn invested resources in solution design, production, fulfillment, and global support.

Combining one of the most extensive and stringent testing processes in the industry, an exceptional free tech support center, and a consistent roll-out of innovative technologies, AddOn has continually set industry standards of quality and reliability throughout its history.

Reliability is the cornerstone of any optical fiber network and is engrained in AddOn's DNA. It has played a key role in nurturing the long-term relationships developed over the years with customers. AddOn remains committed to exceeding industry standards with certifications from ranging from NEBS Level 3 to ISO 9001:2005 with every new development while maintaining the signature reliability of its products.



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