

SFP-2-5GBASE-LX-N2-I-AO

Alcatel-Lucent Nokia® Compatible TAA 2.5GBase-LX SFP Transceiver (SMF, 1310nm, 10km, LC, DOM, -40 to 85C)

Features

- INF-8074 and SFF-8472 Compliance
- Duplex LC Connector
- Industrial Temperature -40 to 85 Celsius
- Single-mode Fiber
- Hot Pluggable
- Excellent ESD Protection
- Metal with Lower EMI
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



Applications

• 2500Base Ethernet

Product Description

This Alcatel-Lucent Nokia® SFP transceiver provides 2.5GBase-LX throughput up to 10km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1310nm via an LC connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Alcatel-Lucent Nokia® transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

AddOn's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products."



Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|----------------------------|--------|------|-------|------|------|-------|
| Maximum Supply Voltage | Vcc | -0.5 | | 4.0 | V | |
| Storage Temperature | Tstg | -40 | | 85 | °C | |
| Operating Case Temperature | Тс | -40 | 25 | 85 | °C | |
| Relative Humidity | RH | 5 | | 95 | % | |
| Data Rate | | | 2.488 | | Gbps | |
| Power Supply Current | Icc | | | 300 | mA | |

Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter | | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------|------|-------|---------|-------|-------|
| Supply Volta | ige | Vcc | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V | |
| Data Rate | | | | 2.488 | | Gbps | |
| 9μm Core Diameter SMF | | L | | 15 | | km | |
| Transmitter | | | | | | | |
| LVPECL Inputs (Differential) | | Vin | 400 | | 1600 | mVp-p | 1 |
| Input Differential Impedance | | Zin | 85 | 100 | 115 | Ω | 2 |
| Tx_Dis | Disable | | 2 | | Vcc+0.3 | V | |
| | Enable | | 0 | | 0.8 | V | |
| Tx_Fault | Fault | | 2 | | Vcc+0.3 | V | |
| | Normal | | 0 | | 0.5 | V | |
| Receiver | | | | | | | |
| LVPECL Outputs (Differential) | | Vout | 400 | 800 | 1200 | mVp-p | 3 |
| Output Differential Impedance | | Zout | 85 | 100 | 115 | Ω | |
| Tx_Disable Assert Time | | Toff | | | 10 | us | |
| Rx_LOS | Loss of Signal (LOS) | | 2 | | Vcc+0.3 | V | |
| | Normal Operation | | 0 | | 0.8 | V | |
| Mod_Def(0. | Mod_Def(0.2) | | 2.5 | | | V | 4 |
| | | Vol | 0 | | 0.5 | V | |

Notes:

- 1. AC Coupled inputs. LVPECL logic. Internally AC coupling.
- 2. RIN> 100kΩ @ DC.
- 3. AC Coupled outputs. LVPECL logic. Internally AC coupling.
- 4. With Serial ID.

Optical Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|-----------------------------|--------|------------|-----------------------|------|------|-------|
| Transmitter | | | | | | |
| Center Wavelength | λς | 1260 | 1310 | 1360 | nm | |
| Spectral Width (-20dB) | Δλ | | | 1 | nm | |
| Side Mode Suppression Ratio | SMSR | 30 | | | dB | |
| Average Output Power | POUT | -5 | | 0 | dBm | 1 |
| Extinction Ratio | ER | 8.2 | | | dB | 2 |
| Rise/Fall Time (20%-80%) | Tr/Tf | | | 150 | ps | |
| Total Jitter | | TJ | | 0.07 | UI | 2 |
| POUT@Tx Disable Asserted | POUT | | | -45 | dBm | |
| Output Optical Eye | | ITU-T G.95 | ITU-T G.957 Compliant | | | |
| Receiver | | | | | | |
| Center Wavelength | λς | 1260 | | 1600 | nm | |
| Receiver Sensitivity | Pmin | | | -18 | dBm | 3 |
| Receiver Overload | Pmax | -3 | | | dBm | |
| LOS De-Assert | LOSD | | | -19 | dBm | |
| LOS Assert | LOSA | -35 | | | dBm | |
| LOS Hysteresis | | 0.5 | | | dB | |

Notes:

- 1. Output power is measured by coupling into a 9/125mm single-mode fiber.
- 2. Filtered. Measured with a PRBS 2²³-1 test pattern @2500Mbps.
- 3. Minimum average optical power is measured at BER less than $1E^{-12}$ with 2^{23} -1 PRBS and ER-9dB.

Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Symbol | Name/Descriptions | Plug Seq. | Ref. |
|-----|-------------|---|-----------|------------------------|
| 1 | VeeT | Transmitter Ground. | 1 | 5 |
| 2 | Tx_Fault | Transmitter Fault Indication. | 3 | 1 |
| 3 | Tx_Disable | Transmitter Disable. Module disables on "high" or "open." | 3 | 2 |
| 4 | MOD-DEF2 | Module Definition 2. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface. | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | MOD-DEF1 | Module Definition 1. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface. | 3 | 3 |
| 6 | MOD-DEF0 | Module Definition 0. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface. | 3 | 3 |
| 7 | Rate Select | Not Connected. | 3 | Function not available |
| 8 | LOS | Loss of Signal. | 3 | 4 |
| 9 | VeeR | Receiver Ground. | 1 | 5 |
| 10 | VeeR | Receiver Ground. | 1 | 5 |
| 11 | VeeR | Receiver Ground. | 1 | 5 |
| 12 | RD- | Inverse Received Data out. | 3 | 6 |
| 13 | RD+ | Received Data out. | 3 | 7 |
| 14 | VeeR | Receiver Ground. | 1 | 5 |
| 15 | VccR | 3.3 ± 5% Receiver Power. | 2 | 7 |
| 16 | VccT | 3.3 ± 5% Transmitter Power. | 2 | 7 |
| 17 | VeeT | Transmitter Ground. | 1 | 5 |
| 18 | TD+ | Transmitter Data In. | 3 | 8 |
| 19 | TD- | Inverse Transmitter Data In. | 3 | 8 |
| 20 | VeeT | Transmitter Ground. | 1 | 5 |

Notes:

- 1. TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7k\Omega-10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT/ R+0.3V. When "high," output indicates a laser fault of some kind. "Low" indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 2. Tx_Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7k\Omega-10k\Omega$ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter On (>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined.

High (2.0 – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled.

3. MOD-DEF0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a $4.7k\Omega-10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

MOD-DEF 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present.

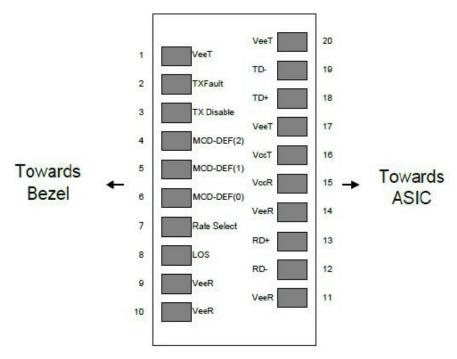
MOD-DEF 1 is the clock line of 2-wire serial interface for serial ID.

MOD-DEF 2 is the data line of 2-wire serial interface for serial ID.

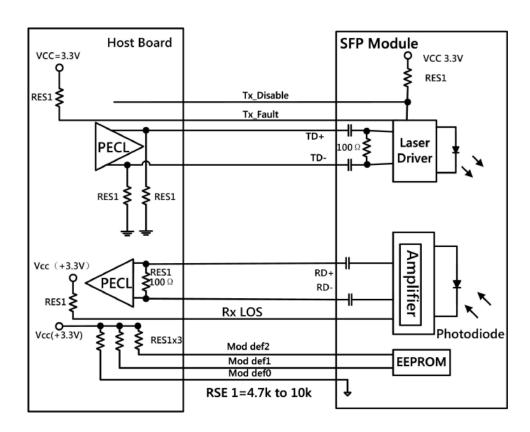
4. LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7k\Omega-10k\Omega$

- resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When "high," this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). "Low" indicates normal operation. In the "low" state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.
- 5. VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- 6. RD-/+: these are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100 (differential) lines which should be terminated with 100 (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400mV and 2000mV differential (200mV –1000mV single ended) when properly terminated.
- 7. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as $3.3V\pm5\%$ at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1Ω should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot-plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an in rush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
- 8. TD-/+: these are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100 differential terminations inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 400mV 2000mV (200mV 1000mV single-ended).

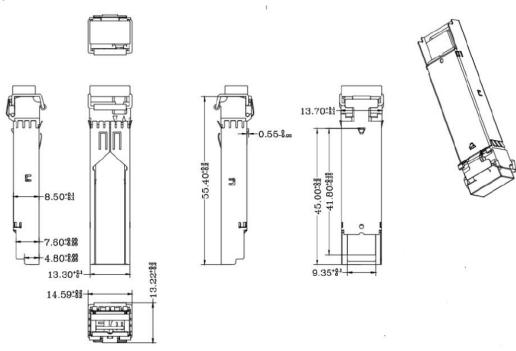
Electrical Pin-out Details



Recommended Application Interface Block Diagram



Mechanical Specifications



About AddOn Networks

In 1999, AddOn Networks entered the market with a single product. Our founders fulfilled a severe shortage for compatible, cost-effective optical transceivers that compete at the same performance levels as leading OEM manufacturers. Adhering to the idea of redefining service and product quality not previously had in the fiber optic networking industry, AddOn invested resources in solution design, production, fulfillment, and global support.

Combining one of the most extensive and stringent testing processes in the industry, an exceptional free tech support center, and a consistent roll-out of innovative technologies, AddOn has continually set industry standards of quality and reliability throughout its history.

Reliability is the cornerstone of any optical fiber network and is in engrained in AddOn's DNA. It has played a key role in nurturing the long-term relationships developed over the years with customers. AddOn remains committed to exceeding industry standards with certifications from ranging from NEBS Level 3 to ISO 9001:2005 with every new development while maintaining the signature reliability of its products.













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