

## SFP-1GB-BX34U-40-SC-AO

MSA and TAA 1000Base-BX SFP Transceiver (SMF, 1310nmTx/1490nmRx, 40km, SC, DOM)

### Features

- SFF-8472 and MSA Compliant
- Simplex SC Connector
- Up to 1.25Gbps data links
- Single 3.3V power supply
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Single-mode fiber
- Metal with lower EMI
- Support Hot Pluggable
- RoHS compliant and Lead Free



### Applications

- 1000Base Ethernet

### Product Description

This MSA Compliant SFP transceiver provides 1000Base-BX throughput up to 40km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1310nmTx/1490nmRx via a SC connector. It is built to MSA standards and is uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that they will integrate into your network seamlessly. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

AddOn's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products."



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Maximum Supply Voltage		V <sub>cc</sub>	-0.5		3.6	V
Storage Temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	-40		85	°C
Operating Case Temperature		T <sub>c</sub>	0		70	°C
Operating Relative Humidity		RH	5		85	%
Data Rate	GBE			1.25		Gbps
	FC			1.063		Gbps

## Notes:

1. Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device immediately.

## Electrical Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Power Supply Voltage		V <sub>cc</sub>	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	
Power Supply Current		I <sub>cc</sub>			300	mA	
Transmitter							
LVPECL Differential Inputs		V <sub>IN</sub>	400		1800	mVp-p	1
Input Differential Impedance		Z <sub>IN</sub>	90	100	110	Ω	2
Tx_Disable	Disable		2		V <sub>cc</sub> +0.3	V	
	Enable		0		0.8	V	
Tx_Fault	Fault		2		V <sub>cc</sub> +0.3	V	
	Normal		0		0.8	V	
Receiver							
LVPECL Differential Outputs		V <sub>OUT</sub>	400		2000	mVp-p	3
Output Differential Impedance		Z <sub>OUT</sub>	90	100	110	Ω	
Tx_Disable Assert Time		T <sub>off</sub>			10	us	
Rx_LOS	LOS		2		V <sub>cc</sub> +0.3	V	
	Normal		0		0.8	V	
MOD_DEF(0.2)		V <sub>OH</sub>	2.5		V <sub>cc</sub> +0.3	V	4
		V <sub>OL</sub>	0		0.5	V	4

## Notes:

1. LVPECL logic. Internally AC coupled inputs.
2. R<sub>IN</sub>>100kΩ @DC.
3. LVPECL logic. Internally AC coupled outputs.
4. With Serial ID.

## Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
9µm Core Diameter SMF	L		40		km	
Data Rate			1.063/1.25		Gbps	
Transmitter						
Center Wavelength	$\lambda_C$	1290	1310	1330	nm	
Spectral Width (-20dB)	$\Delta\lambda$			1	nm	
Average Output Power	POUT	-5		0	dBm	1
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB	2
Rise/Fall Time (20-80%)	Tr/Tf			0.26	ns	
Total Jitter	TJ			0.43	UI	
Output Optical Eye		Compliant with IEEE802.3				2
POUT @Tx_Disable Asserted	POUT			-35	dBm	
Receiver						
Center Wavelength	$\lambda_C$	1450		1540	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity	Pmin			-24	dBm	3
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-3			dBm	
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-25	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-35			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		1		4	dB	3

### Notes:

1. Output power is power coupled into a 9/125µm single-mode fiber.
2. Filtered. Measured with a PRBS  $2^7-1$  test pattern @1250Mbps.
3. Minimum average optical power is measured at  $BER < 1E^{-12}$  with  $2^7-1$  PRBS and ER=9dB.

## Pin Descriptions

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Plug Sequence	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5
2	Tx_Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication.	3	1
3	Tx_Disable	Transmitter Disable. Module Disables on “High” or “Open.”	3	2
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2. 2-Wire Serial Interface Data.	3	3
5	MOD-DEF1	Module Definition 1. 2-Wire Serial Interface Clock.	3	3
6	MOD-DEF0	Module Definition 0. Grounded Within the Module.	3	3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected.	3	7
8	LOS	Loss of Signal.	3	4
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
12	RD-	Inverted Received Data Out.	3	
13	RD+	Received Data Out.	3	6
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
15	VccR	Receiver Power. 3.3±5%.	2	6
16	VccT	Transmitter Power. 3.3±5%.	2	6
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5
18	TD+	Transmit Data In.	3	
19	TD-	Inverted Transmit Data In.	3	
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5

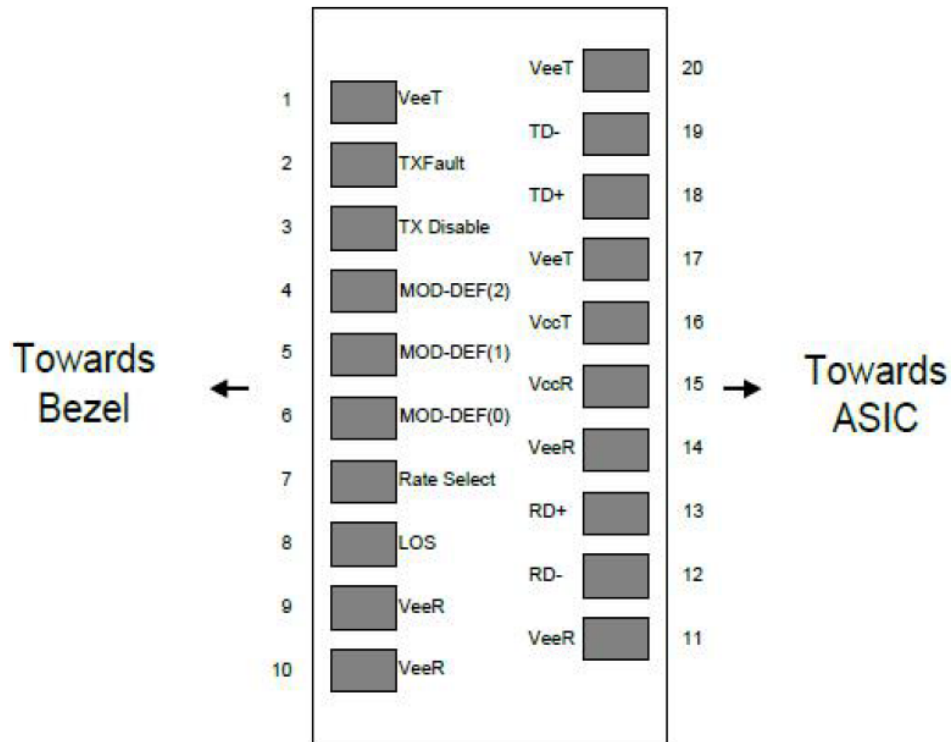
### Notes:

1. Tx\_Fault is an open collector/drain output which should be pulled up with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ resistor on the host board. When “high,” the output indicates a laser fault of some kind. “Low” indicates normal operation.
2. Tx\_Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up in the module with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ resistor. Its states are the following:
  - Low (0V-0.8V): Transmitter On
  - (>0.8V, <2.0V): Undefined
  - High (2.0V-3.465V): Transmitter Disabled
  - Open: Transmitter Disabled.
3. MOD-DEF0, 1, and 2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ resistor on the host board.
  - MOD-DEF0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present.
  - MOD-DEF1 is the clock line of the 2-wire serial interface for serial ID.
  - MOD-DEF2 is the data line of the 2-wire serial interface for serial ID.
4. LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output which should be pulled up with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ

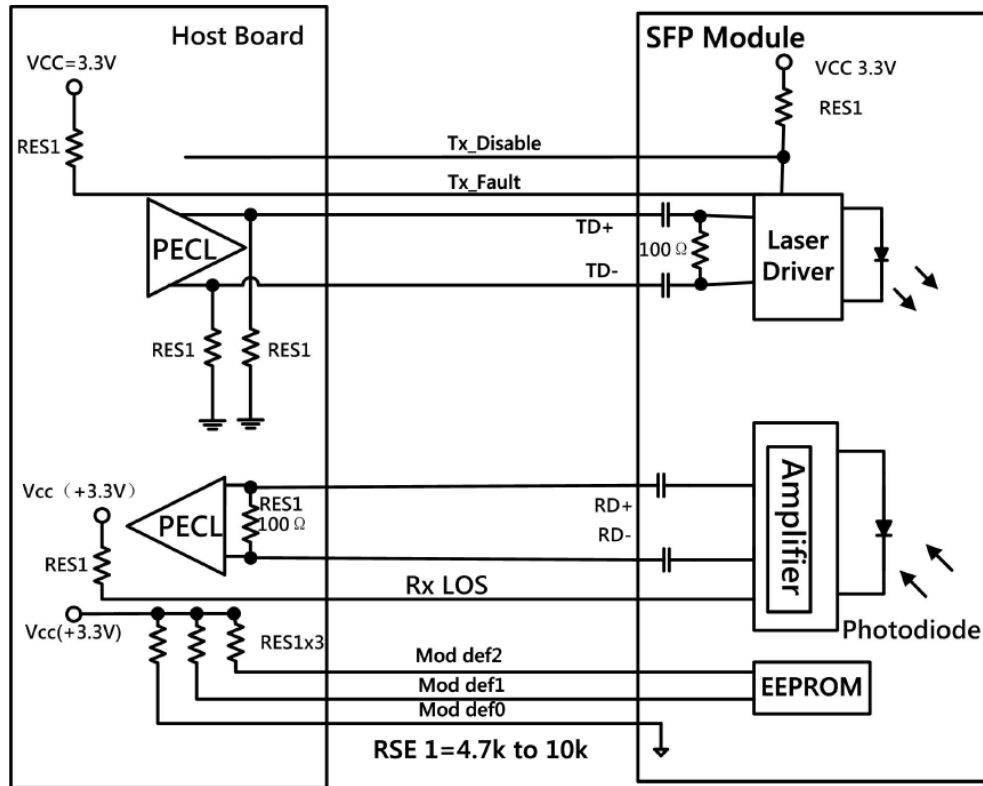
resistor. When “high,” this output indicates that the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity. “Low” indicates normal operation.

5. VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
6. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as  $3.3V \pm 5\%$  at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
7. Function not available.

### Electrical Pin-Out Details



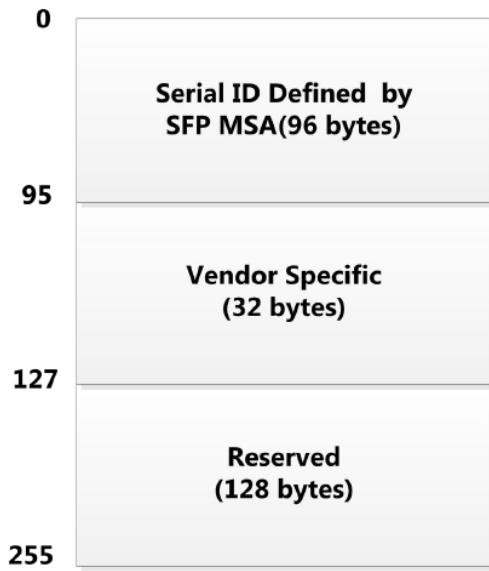
## Recommend Circuit Schematic



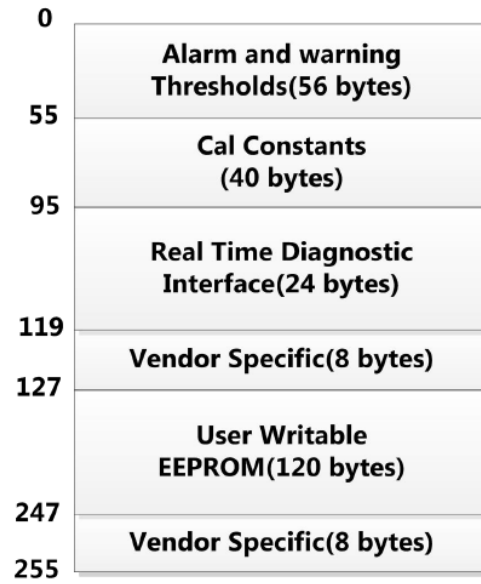
## EEPROM

The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24c02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not write protected within the SFP+ transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP+ transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bidirectional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially. The module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring, and temperature monitoring all are implemented. If the module is defined as external calibrated, the diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2h. The Digital Diagnostic memory-map specific data field define as following. For detailed EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF8472 Rev 10.2.

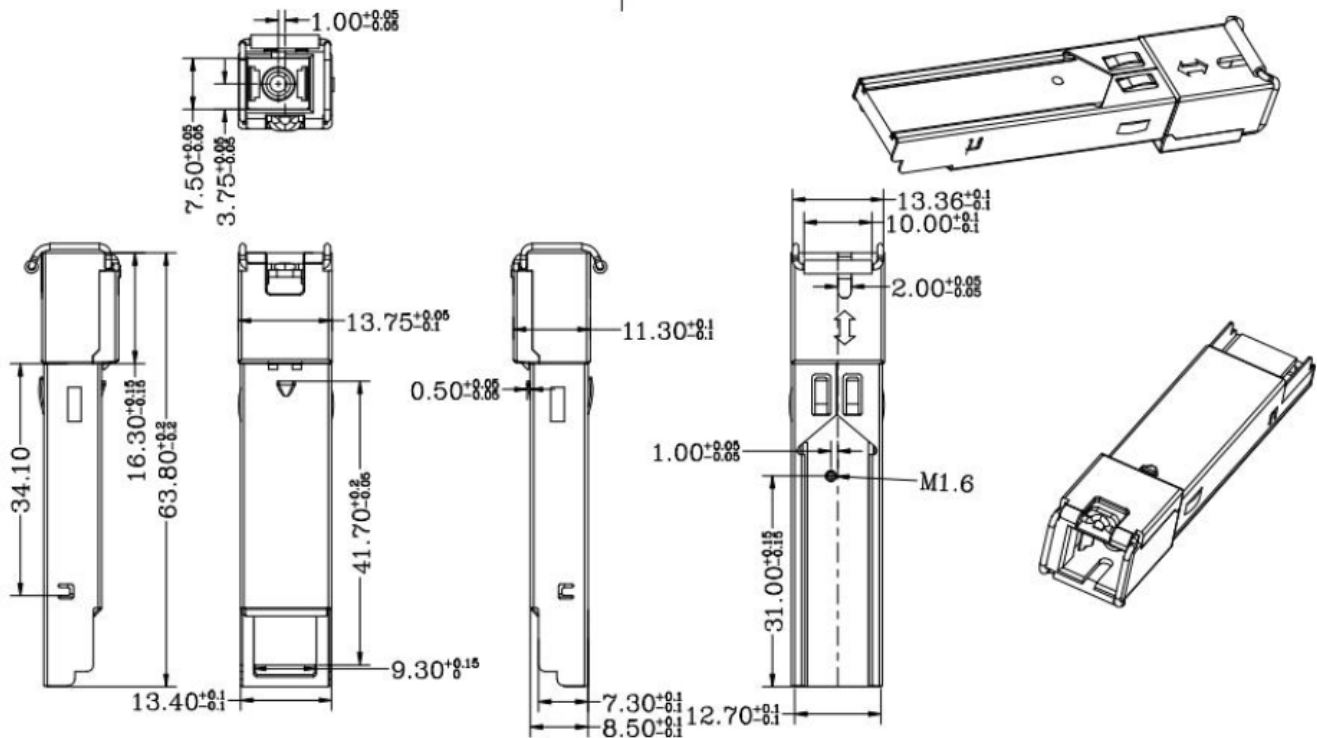
## 2 wire address 1010000X(A0h)



## 2 wire address 1010000X (A2h)



## Mechanical Specifications



## About AddOn Networks

In 1999, AddOn Networks entered the market with a single product. Our founders fulfilled a severe shortage for compatible, cost-effective optical transceivers that compete at the same performance levels as leading OEM manufacturers. Adhering to the idea of redefining service and product quality not previously had in the fiber optic networking industry, AddOn invested resources in solution design, production, fulfillment, and global support.

Combining one of the most extensive and stringent testing processes in the industry, an exceptional free tech support center, and a consistent roll-out of innovative technologies, AddOn has continually set industry standards of quality and reliability throughout its history.

Reliability is the cornerstone of any optical fiber network and is ingrained in AddOn's DNA. It has played a key role in nurturing the long-term relationships developed over the years with customers. AddOn remains committed to exceeding industry standards with certifications from ranging from NEBS Level 3 to ISO 9001:2005 with every new development while maintaining the signature reliability of its products.



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