

OSFP-800G-2FR4-OPC

Arista Networks® Compatible TAA 800GBase-2xFR4 PAM4 OSFP Transceiver (SMF, 1310nm, 2km, 2xLC, DOM, CMIS 5.0)

Features

- Supports Both Ethernet and InfiniBand NDR
- 2x400GAUI-4 C2M Electrical Interface
- 2x400GBASE-FR4 Optical Interface
- Support 850Gbps Aggregate Bit Rate
- InfiniBand NDR Electrical and Optical Interface
- Type 2 Housing with Dual LC Connector
- Class 1 Laser Certified
- I2C Management Interface Compliant to CMIS Rev5.0
- Hot-Pluggable OSFP Form Factor
- Operating Temperature: 0 to 70 Celsius
- RoHS Compliant and Lead-Free



Applications:

• 2x400GBase Ethernet

Product Description

This Arista Networks® compatible OSFP transceiver provides 800GBase-2xFR4 throughput up to 2km over single-mode fiber (SMF) PAM4 using a wavelength of 1310nm via a 2xLC connector. It can operate at temperatures between 0 and 70C. All of our transceivers are built to comply with Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) standards and are uniquely serialized and tested for data-traffic and application to ensure seamless network integration. Additional product features include Digital Optical Monitoring (DOM) support which allows access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

OptioConnect's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|--|--------|------|--------|------|------|-------|
| Power Supply Voltage | Vcc | -0.5 | | 3.6 | V | |
| Storage Temperature | Tstg | -40 | | 85 | °C | |
| Operating Case Temperature | Тс | 0 | | 70 | °C | 1 |
| Relative Humidity (Non-Condensing) | RH | 5 | | 95 | % | |
| Maximum Power Dissipation | PDISS | | | 16.5 | W | |
| Maximum Power Dissipation (Low-Power Mode) | PDLP | | | 2 | W | |
| Signaling Speed Per Lane | DRL | | 53.125 | | GBd | |
| Operating Distance | | 2 | | 2000 | m | |

Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter | | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Power Supply Voltage | Vcc | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | V | | |
| Data Input Voltage Diffe | rential | IVdip-VdinI | | | 1 | V | |
| Control Input Voltage Di | ifferential | Vi | -0.3 | | Vcc+0.5 | V | |
| Control Output Current | | lo | -20 | | 20 | mA | |
| Instantaneous Peak Cur | rrent at Hot Plug | lcc_IP | | | 6600 | mA | |
| Sustained Peak Current | at Hot Plug | lcc_SP | | | 5494.5 | mA | |
| Control Input Voltage - | High | VIH | Vcc*0.7 | | Vcc+0.3 | V | |
| Control Input Voltage - | Low | VIL | -0.3 | | Vcc*0.3 | V | |
| 2-Wire Serial Interface | Clock Rate | | | | 400 | kHz | |
| Power Supply Noise (1k | | | | 66 | mVp-p | | |
| Transmitter | | | | | | | |
| Differential Pk-Pk Input | Voltage Tolerance (TP1a) | | 750 | | | mV | |
| Pk-Pk AC Common- | Low-Frequency (VCMLF) | | | | 32 | mV | |
| Mode Voltage Tolerance | Full-Band (VCMFB) | | | | 80 | | |
| Differential-Mode to Co | ommon-Mode Return | RLcd | 802.3ck 120G-2 | | | dB | |
| Effective Return Loss | | ERL | 8.5 | | | dB | |
| Differential Terminatio | n Mismatch | | | | 10 | % | |
| Single-Ended Voltage Tolerance Range | | | -0.4 | | 3.3 | V | |
| DC Common-Mode Voltage Tolerance | | | -0.35 | | 2.85 | V | |
| Receiver | | | | <u> </u> | | | |
| Pk-Pk AC Common- Mode Voltage | Low-Frequency (VCMLF) | | | | 32 | mV | |
| | Full-Band (VCMFB) | | | | 80 | | |

| Differential Pk-Pk | Short-Mode | | | | 600 | mV | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|----------------|---------|---------|----|--|
| Output Voltage | Long-Mode | | | | 845 | | |
| Eye Height | Eye Height | | | | | mV | |
| Vertical Eye Closure | Vertical Eye Closure | | | | 12 | dB | |
| Common-Mode to Differ Loss | ential-Mode Return | RLDc | 802.3ck 120G-1 | | | dB | |
| Effective Return Loss | | ERL | 8.5 | | | dB | |
| Differential Termination | Differential Termination Mismatch | | | | 10 | % | |
| Transition Time | Transition Time | | | | | ps | |
| DC Common-Mode Volta | DC Common-Mode Voltage Tolerance | | | | 2.85 | V | |
| Low-Speed Control and So | ense Signals | | | | | | |
| Module Output SCL and | SDA | VOL | 0 | | 0.4 | V | |
| Module Input SCL and SI |)A | VIL | -0.3 | | Vcc*0.3 | V | |
| | | | Vcc*0.7 | | Vcc+0.5 | V | |
| InitMode, ResetL, and M | VIL | -0.3 | | 0.8 | V | | |
| | VIH | 2 | | Vcc+0.3 | V | | |
| IntL | IntL | | 0 | | 0.4 | V | |
| | | VOH | Vcc-0.5 | | Vcc+0.3 | V | |

Optical Characteristics

| Optical characteristics | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|----------|------------|------|--------|-------|---|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Notes | |
| Transmitter | | | | | | | |
| Wavelength L0, L4 | | λC0, λC4 | 1264.5 | 1271 | 1277.5 | nm | |
| Wavelength L1, L5 | | λC1, λC5 | 1284.5 | 1291 | 1297.5 | nm | |
| Wavelength L2, L6 | | λC2, λC6 | 1304.5 | 1311 | 1317.5 | nm | |
| Wavelength L3, L7 | | λC3, λC7 | 1324.5 | 1331 | 1337.5 | nm | |
| Side-Mode Suppression Ratio | | SMSR | 30 | | | dB | |
| Total Average Launch Power | | AOPT | | | 10.4 | dBm | |
| Average Launch Power Pe | rLane | AOPL | -3.2 | | 4.4 | dBm | 1 |
| Outer Optical | TDECQ<1.4dB | TOMA | -0.2 | | 3.7 | dBm | |
| Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) Per Lane | 1.4dB≤TDECQ≤3.4dB | | -1.6+TDECQ | | | | |
| Difference in Launch Powe (OMAouter) | er Between Any Two Lanes | AOPd | | | 3.9 | dB | |
| Transmitter and Dispersio (TDECQ) Per Lane | TDECQ | | | 3.4 | dB | | |
| Transmitter Eye Closure for PAM4 (TECQ) Per Lane | | TECQ | | | 3.4 | dB | |
| TDECQ – TECQ | | | | 2.5 | dB | | |
| Overshoot/Undershoot | | | | | 22 | % | |

| Transmitter Power Excursi | | | | 1.8 | dBm | | |
|---|---|----------|--------|------|---------|-------|---|
| Average Launch Power of | Toff | | | -16 | dBm | | |
| Extinction Ratio | ER | 3.5 | | | dB | | |
| Transmitter Transition Tim | ne (Maximum) | Tr | | | 17 | ps | |
| RIN _{17.1} OMA (Maximum) | | RIN | | | -136 | dB/Hz | |
| Optical Return Loss Tolera | nce | ORL | | | 17.1 | dB | |
| Transmitter Reflectance | | TR | | | -26 | dB | 2 |
| Receiver | | | | | | | |
| Wavelength LO, L4 | | λC0, λC4 | 1264.5 | 1271 | 1277.5 | nm | |
| Wavelength L1, L5 | Wavelength L1, L5 | | | 1291 | 1297.5 | nm | |
| Wavelength L2, L6 | Wavelength L2, L6 | | 1304.5 | 1311 | 1317.5 | nm | |
| Wavelength L3, L7 | | λC3, λC7 | 1324.5 | 1331 | 1337.5 | nm | |
| Damage Threshold Per Lar | ne | AOPD | 5.4 | | | dBm | |
| Average Receive Power Pe | er Lane | AOPR | -7.2 | | 4.4 | dBm | |
| Receive Power (OMAoute | r) Per Lane | OMAR | | | 3.7 | dBm | |
| Difference in Receive Powe (OMAouter) Maximum | er Between Any Two Lanes | AOPg | | | 4.1 | dB | |
| Receiver Reflectance | | RR | | | -26 | dB | |
| Receiver Sensitivity | TECQ<1.4dB | SOMA | | | -4.6 | dBm | |
| (OMAouter) Per Lane | 1.4dB≤TECQ≤3.4dB | | | | -6+TECQ | | |
| Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter) Per Lane | | SRS | | | -2.6 | dBm | 3 |
| Stressed Eye Closure for PA Under Test | Stressed Eye Closure for PAM4 (SECQ) Per Lane Under Test | | | 3.4 | | dB | |
| OMAouter of Each Aggress | | | 1.4 | | dBm | | |

Notes:

- 1. Average launch power, per lane (minimum) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength.
- 2. Transmitter reflectance is defined looking into the transmitter.
- 3. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 for the BER= 2.4×10^{-4} .

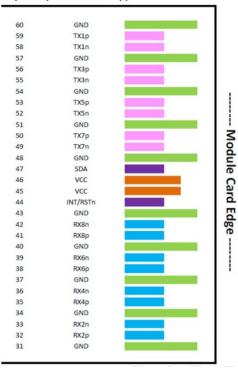
Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Logic | Symbol | Name/Description | Notes |
|-----|-------------|-----------|--------------------------------|-------|
| 1 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 2 | CML-I | Tx2+ | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 3 | CML-I | Tx2- | Transmitter Data Inverted. | |
| 4 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 5 | CML-I | Tx4+ | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 6 | CML-I | Tx4- | Transmitter Data Inverted. | |
| 7 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 8 | CML-I | Tx6+ | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 9 | CML-I | Tx6- | Transmitter Data Inverted. | |
| 10 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 11 | CML-I | Tx8+ | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 12 | CML-I | Tx8- | Transmitter Data Inverted. | |
| 13 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 14 | LVCMOS-I/O | SCL | 2-Wire Serial Interface Clock. | |
| 15 | | Vcc | +3.3V Power. | |
| 16 | | Vcc | +3.3V Power. | |
| 17 | Multi-Level | LPWn/PRSn | Low-Power Mode/Module Present. | |
| 18 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 19 | CML-O | Rx7- | Receiver Data Inverted. | |
| 20 | CML-O | Rx7+ | Receiver Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 21 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 22 | CML-O | Rx5- | Receiver Data Inverted. | |
| 23 | CML-O | Rx5+ | Receiver Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 24 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 25 | CML-O | Rx3- | Receiver Data Inverted. | |
| 26 | CML-O | Rx3+ | Receiver Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 27 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 28 | CML-O | Rx1- | Receiver Data Inverted. | |
| 29 | CML-O | Rx1+ | Receiver Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 30 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 31 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 32 | CML-O | Rx2+ | Receiver Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 33 | CML-O | Rx2- | Receiver Data Inverted. | |
| 34 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 35 | CML-O | Rx4+ | Receiver Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 36 | CML-O | Rx4- | Receiver Data Inverted. | |
| 37 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 38 | CML-O | Rx6+ | Receiver Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 39 | CML-O | Rx6- | Receiver Data Inverted. | |

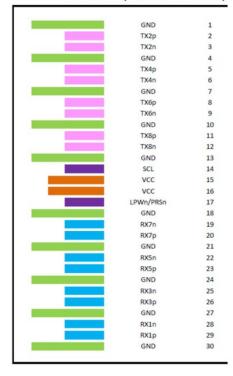
| 40 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
|----|-------------|----------|--------------------------------|--|
| 41 | CML-O | Rx8+ | Receiver Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 42 | CML-O | Rx8- | Receiver Data Inverted. | |
| 43 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 44 | Multi-Level | INT/RSTn | Module Interrupt/Module Reset. | |
| 45 | | Vcc | +3.3V Power. | |
| 46 | | Vcc | +3.3V Power. | |
| 47 | LVCMOS-I/O | SDA | 2-Wire Serial Interface Data. | |
| 48 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 49 | CML-I | Тх7- | Transmitter Data Inverted. | |
| 50 | CML-I | Tx7+ | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 51 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 52 | CML-I | Tx5- | Transmitter Data Inverted. | |
| 53 | CML-I | Tx5+ | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 54 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 55 | CML-I | Tx3- | Transmitter Data Inverted. | |
| 56 | CML-I | Tx3+ | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 57 | | GND | Module Ground. | |
| 58 | CML-I | Tx1- | Transmitter Data Inverted. | |
| 59 | CML-I | Tx1+ | Transmitter Data Non-Inverted. | |
| 60 | | GND | Module Ground. | |

Electrical Pad Layout

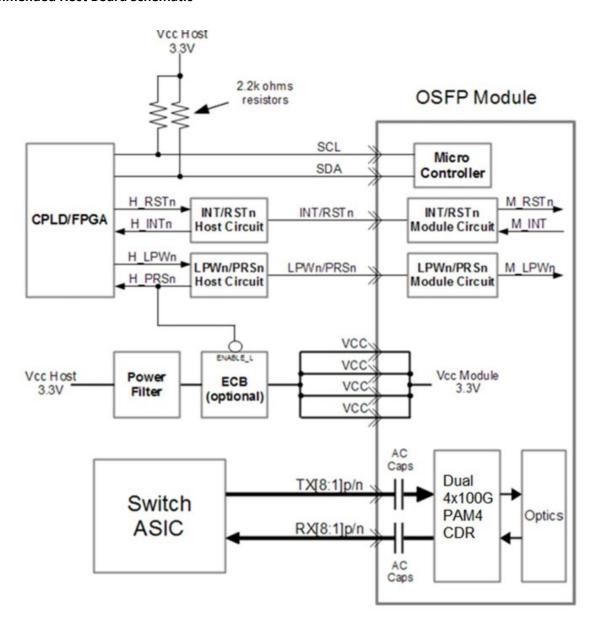
Top Side (viewed from top)



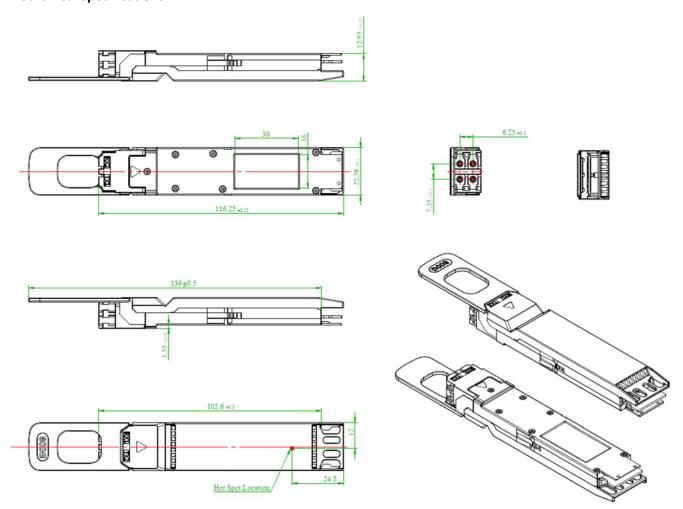
Bottom Side (viewed from bottom)



Recommended Host Board Schematic



Mechanical Specifications



OptioConnect

Innovation for the Future of High-Speed Networking

Who We Are

OptioConnect is reshaping the landscape of communication and high-speed networking through intelligent technology. With a core focus on cutting edge technology, we deliver smarter fiber optic solutions for enterprise networks, data centers, and next-gen telecom infrastructures.

What We Do

At OptioConnect, we fuse advanced engineering with intelligent automation to drive the future of networking. Our Al-integrated solutions are designed to optimize performance and streamline operations with:

- Superior Performance
- Network and traffic optimization
- Intelligent energy management
- Seamless OEM compatibility
- Scalable cost-efficiency

Smarter Networks by Design

Innovation isn't just a goal—it's our process. We embed AI and machine learning across our R&D and product lines, enabling adaptive performance, automated tuning, and faster deployment cycles. The result? Networks that don't just work—they learn, evolve, and outperform.

Our Team

Our engineers, data scientists, and network architects bring decades of experience and a future-focused mindset. We provide hands-on support with intelligent insights that turn complex challenges into simple solutions.

Our Mission

To deliver AI-enhanced connectivity that reduces cost, increases speed, and maximizes efficiency—empowering our partners to operate at the forefront of a rapidly evolving digital world.

Let's Connect

Discover how OptioConnect's intelligent infrastructure solutions can power your network's next leap forward. www.optioconnect.com | info@optioconnect.com







