

#### QSFP28-100GB-SR2-AR-OPC

Arista Networks® Compatible TAA 100GBase-SR2 QSFP28 Transceiver (MMF, 850nm, 100m, MPO, DOM)

### **Features**

- Supports 106.25Gbps
- MPO12 PC/APC Connector
- PIN and TIA array on the Receiver Side
- Compliant to SFF-8665 MSA
- Single 3.3V Power Supply
- Up to 100m Transmission on MMF OM4
- Up to 70m Transmission on MMF OM3
- VCSEL Transmitter
- Class 1 Laser
- Operating Temperature: 0 to 70 Celsius
- RoHS Compliant and Lead-Free



### **Applications:**

• 100GBase Ethernet

### **Product Description**

This Arista Networks® compatible QSFP28 transceiver provides 100GBase-SR2 throughput up to 100m over OM4 multi-mode fiber (MMF) using a wavelength of 850nm via an MPO connector. Our transceiver is built to meet or exceed OEM specifications and is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with Arista Networks®. It has been programmed, uniquely serialized, and tested for data-traffic and application to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. All of our transceivers comply with Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) standards to provide seamless network integration. Additional product features include Digital Optical Monitoring (DOM) support which allows access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

OptioConnect's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Maximum Supply V	/oltage	Vcc	-0.5	3.3	3.6	V	
Storage Temperature		T <sub>Stg</sub>	-40		85	°C	
Relative Humidity		RH	5		85	%	
Operating Case Temperature		Тс	0		70	°C	
Power Supply Total Current					1212	mA	
AC Coupling Internal Capacitor				0.1		μV	
Modulation Format				PAM4			
Fiber Length	OM3				70	m	
	OM4				100	m	

### **Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Module Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.135	3.3	3.6	V	
Power Supply Noise				25	mVp-p	1
Receiver Differential Data Output Load			100		Ω	
Power Consumption				4	W	

### Notes:

1. Power Supply Noise is defined as the peak-to-peak noise amplitude over the frequency range at the host supply side of the recommended power supply filter with the module and recommended filter in place. Voltage levels including peak-to-peak noise are limited to the recommended operating range of the associated power supply.

**High-Speed Electrical Characteristics** 

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
@TP1 Test Point						
Signaling Rate Per Lane			25.78125 ± 100ppm			
Differential Pk-Pk Input Voltage Tolerance	TP1a	900			mV	1
Differential Input Return Loss	TP1	Equation (83E-5)			dB	2
Common- to Differential-Mode Conversion Return Loss	TP1	Equation (83E-6)			dB	2
Differential Termination Mismatch	TP1			10	%	
Single-Ended Voltage Tolerance Range	TP1a	-0.4		3.3	V	
DC Common-Mode Output Voltage	TP1	-350		2850	mV	3
Module Stressed Input Test	TP1a					4
Eye Width			0.46		UI	
Eye Height			95		mV	
Applied Pk-Pk Sinusoidal Jitter			Table 88-13			4
@TP4 Test Point						
Signaling Rate Per Lane			25.78125 ± 100ppm			
AC Common-Mode Output Voltage (RMS)	TP4			17.5	mV	
Differential Pk-Pk Output Voltage	TP4			900	mV	
Eye Width	TP4	0.57			UI	
Eye Height (Differential)	TP4	228			mV	
Vertical Eye Closure	TP4			5.5	dB	
Differential Output Return Loss	TP4	Equation (83E-2)				5
Common- to Differential-Mode Conversion Return Loss	TP4	Equation (83E-3)				5
Differential Termination Mismatch	TP4			10	%	
Transition Time (20-80%)	TP4			12	ps	
DC Common-Mode Voltage	TP4	-350		2850	mV	2

## Notes:

- 1. Equation (83E-5) and Equation (83E-6) refer to IEEE 802.3-2018.
- 2. DC common-mode voltage is generated by the host. Specification includes the effects of ground offset voltage.
- 3. Meets BER specified in 120E.1.1 of IEEE 802.3-2018.
- 4. Table 88-13 refers to IEEE 802.3-2018.
- 5. Equation (83E-2) and Equation (83E-3) refer to IEEE 802.3-2018.

**Optical Characteristics** 

Signaling Rate Per Lane       DR       26.5625 ± 100ppm       GBd         Center Wavelength       λ       840       868       nm         RMS Spectral Width       Δλrms       0.6       nm         Average Launch Power Per Lane       Pavg       -6.5       4       dBm         Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) Per Lane       POMA       -4.5       3       dBm         Inamitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane       TDECQ       -5.9       4.5       dB         Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane       TDECQ       4.5       dB         TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane       TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq)       4.5       dB         Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane       Poff       -30       dBm         Extinction Ratio Per Lane       ER       3       -128       dB/Hz         Optical Return Loss Tolerance       ORLT       12       dB         Encircled Flux       EF       ≥86% at 19μm ≤30% at 4.5μm	1 2 3
Center Wavelength     λ     840     868     nm       RMS Spectral Width     Δλrms     0.6     nm       Average Launch Power Per Lane     Pavg     -6.5     4     dBm       Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) Per Lane     POMA     -4.5     3     dBm       Launch Power in OMAouter Minus TDECQ     OMA-TDECQ     -5.9     dBm       Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane     TDECQ     4.5     dB       TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane     TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq)     4.5     dB       Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane     Poff     -30     dBm       Extinction Ratio Per Lane     ER     3     dB       RIN₁₂OMA     RIN₁₂OMA     -128     dB/Hz       Optical Return Loss Tolerance     ORLT     12     dB       Encircled Flux     EF     ≥86% at 19μm ≤30% at 4.5μm	2
RMS Spectral Width	2
Average Launch Power Per Lane     Pavg     -6.5     4     dBm       Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) Per Lane     POMA     -4.5     3     dBm       Launch Power in OMAouter Minus TDECQ     OMA-TDECQ     -5.9     dBm       Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane     TDECQ     4.5     dB       TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane     TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq)     4.5     dB       Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane     Poff     -30     dBm       Extinction Ratio Per Lane     ER     3     dB       RIN₁₂OMA     RIN₁₂OMA     -128     dB/Hz       Optical Return Loss Tolerance     ORLT     12     dB       Encircled Flux     EF     ≥86% at 19μm ≤30% at 4.5μm	2
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) Per Lane     POMA     -4.5     3     dBm       Launch Power in OMAouter Minus TDECQ     OMA-TDECQ     -5.9     dBm       Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane     TDECQ     4.5     dB       TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane     TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq)     4.5     dB       Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane     Poff     -30     dBm       Extinction Ratio Per Lane     ER     3     dB       RIN₁₂OMA     RIN₁₂OMA     -128     dB/Hz       Optical Return Loss Tolerance     ORLT     12     dB       Encircled Flux     EF     ≥86% at 19μm ≤30% at 4.5μm	
(OMAouter) Per Lane     dBm       Launch Power in OMAouter Minus TDECQ     OMA-TDECQ     -5.9     dBm       Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane     TDECQ     4.5     dB       TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane     TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq)     4.5     dB       Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane     Poff     -30     dBm       Extinction Ratio Per Lane     ER     3     dB     dB/Hz       RIN₁₂OMA     RIN₁₂OMA     -128     dB/Hz       Optical Return Loss Tolerance     ORLT     12     dB       Encircled Flux     EF     ≥86% at 19μm ≤30% at 4.5μm	
Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per Lane     TDECQ     4.5     dB       TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq) Per Lane     TDECQ-10log₁₀ (Ceq)     4.5     dB       Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane     Poff     -30     dBm       Extinction Ratio Per Lane     ER     3     dB       RIN₁₂OMA     RIN₁₂OMA     -128     dB/Hz       Optical Return Loss Tolerance     ORLT     12     dB       Encircled Flux     EF     ≥86% at 19μm ≤30% at 4.5μm	3
for PAM4 (TDECQ) Per LaneTDECQ-10log10 (Ceq) Per Lane4.5dBTDECQ-10log10 (Ceq)4.5dBAverage Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per LanePoff-30dBmExtinction Ratio Per LaneER3dBRIN12OMARIN12OMA-128dB/HzOptical Return Loss ToleranceORLT12dBEncircled FluxEF≥86% at 19μm ≤30% at 4.5μm	3
	3
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
RIN₁₂OMA     RIN₁₂OMA     -128     dB/Hz       Optical Return Loss Tolerance     ORLT     12     dB       Encircled Flux     EF     ≥86% at 19μm     ≤30% at 4.5μm	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance     ORLT     12     dB       Encircled Flux     EF     ≥86% at 19μm     ≤30% at 4.5μm	
Encircled Flux EF ≥86% at 19μm ≤30% at 4.5μm	
≤30% at 4.5µm	
	4
@TP3 Test Point	
Signaling Rate Per Lane       DR       26.5625 ± 100ppm       GBd	
Center Wavelength       λ       840       868       nm	
Damage Threshold 5 dBm	5
Average Receiver Power Per Lane -8.4 4 dBm	6
Receiver Power Per Lane (OMAouter) 3 dBm	
Receiver Reflectance -12 dB	
Stressed Receiver (OMAouter) Per Lane -3.4 dB	7
LOS Assert LOSA -17 dBm	
LOS De-Assert LOSD -11 dBm	
Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter) Per Lane Max. (-6.5, SECQ-7.9)	8
Conditions of Stressed Receiver Sensitivity Test	
Stressed Eye Closure for PAM4 4.5 dB (SECQ) Per Lane Under Test	9
SECQ-10log10(Ceq) Per Lane Under Test 4.5 dB	9, 3
OMAouter of Each Aggressor Lane 3 dBm	9, 10

## Notes:

- 1. RMS spectral width is the standard deviation of the spectrum.
- 2. Even if the TDECQ < 1.4dB, the OMAouter (minimum) must exceed this value.
- 3. Ceq is a coefficient defined in 121.8.5.3, which accounts for the reference equalizer noise enhancement.

- 4. If measured into type A1a.2 or type A1a.3, or A1a.4, 50µm fiber, in accordance with IEC 61280-1-4.
- 5. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to an optical input signal having this average power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.
- 6. Average receive power, per lane (minimum), is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
- 7. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 (see 138.8.10) for the BER specified in 138.1.1.
- 8. Receiver sensitivity is informative and is defined for a transmitter with a value of SECQ up to 4.5dB with BER $< 2.4 \times 10^{-4}$  without FEC in PRBS  $2^{31}$ -1.
- 9. These test conditions are for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.
- 10. Ceq is a coefficient defined in 121.8.5.3, which accounts for the reference equalizer noise enhancement.

### **Pin Descriptions**

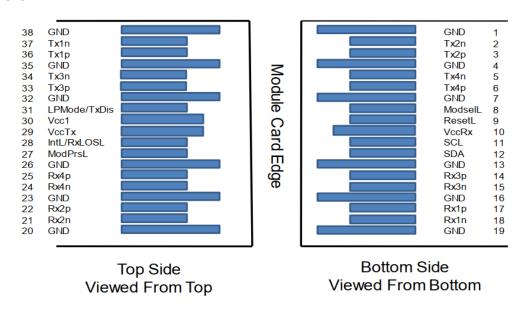
Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Description	Plug Sequence	Notes
1		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
2	CML-I	Tx2-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
3	CML-I	Tx2+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
4		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
5	CML-I	Tx4-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
6	CML-I	Tx4+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
7		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
8	LVTTL-I	ModSelL	Module Select.	3	
9	LVTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset.	3	
10		VccRx	+3.3V Receiver Power Supply.	2	2
11	LVCMOS-I/O	SCL	2-Wire Serial Interface Clock.	3	
12	LVCMOS-I/O	SDA	2-Wire Serial Interface Data.	3	
13		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
14	CML-O	Rx3+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
15	CML-O	Rx3-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
16		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
17	CML-O	Rx1+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
18	CML-O	Rx1-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
19		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
20		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
21	CML-O	Rx2-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
22	CML-O	Rx2+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	

23		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
24	CML-O	Rx4-	Receiver Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
25	CML-O	Rx4+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
26		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present.	3	
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt.	3	
29		VccTx	+3.3V Transmitter Power Supply.	2	2
30		Vcc1	+3.3V Power Supply.	2	2
31	LVTTL-I	LPMode	Low-Power Mode.	3	
32		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
33	CML-I	Tx3+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
34	CML-I	Tx3-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or Not Used).	3	
35		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
36	CML-I	Tx1+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
37	CML-I	Tx1-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input (25G NRZ or 53G PAM4).	3	
38		GND	Module Ground.	1	1

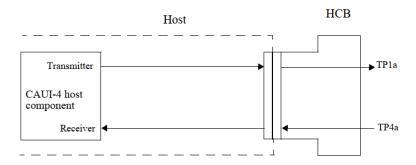
### **Notes:**

- 1. GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for the module. All are common within the module, and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal common ground plane.
- 2. VccRx, Vcc1, and VccTx are applied concurrently and maybe internally connected within the module in any combination. Vcc contacts in SFF-8662 and SFF-8672 each have a steady state current rating of 1A.

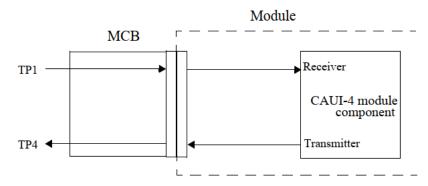
### **Pin-Out Definitions**



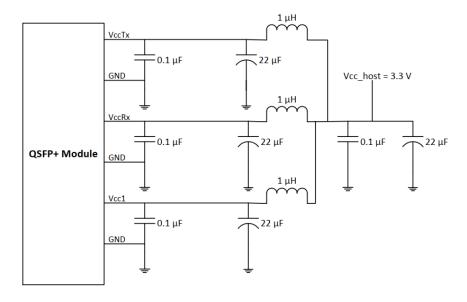
# IEEE 802.3bm Compliance Points TP1a, TP4a



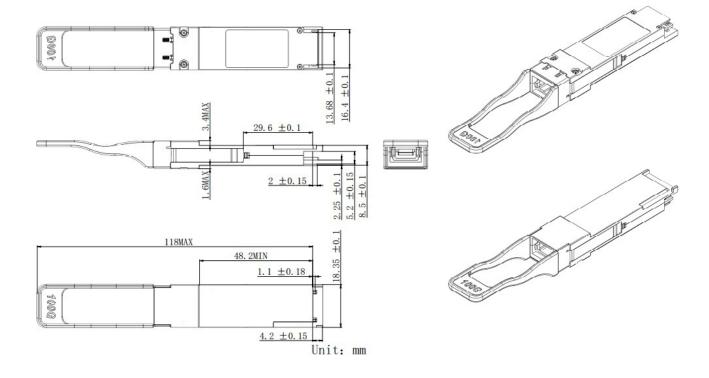
## IEEE 802.3bm Compliance Points TP1, TP4



# **Host Board Power Supply Filter**



# **Mechanical Specifications**



### **OptioConnect**

## Innovation for the Future of High-Speed Networking

### Who We Are

OptioConnect is reshaping the landscape of communication and high-speed networking through intelligent technology. With a core focus on cutting edge technology, we deliver smarter fiber optic solutions for enterprise networks, data centers, and next-gen telecom infrastructures.

### What We Do

At OptioConnect, we fuse advanced engineering with intelligent automation to drive the future of networking. Our Al-integrated solutions are designed to optimize performance and streamline operations with:

- Superior Performance
- Network and traffic optimization
- Intelligent energy management
- Seamless OEM compatibility
- Scalable cost-efficiency

### **Smarter Networks by Design**

Innovation isn't just a goal—it's our process. We embed AI and machine learning across our R&D and product lines, enabling adaptive performance, automated tuning, and faster deployment cycles. The result? Networks that don't just work—they learn, evolve, and outperform.

### **Our Team**

Our engineers, data scientists, and network architects bring decades of experience and a future-focused mindset. We provide hands-on support with intelligent insights that turn complex challenges into simple solutions.

### **Our Mission**

To deliver AI-enhanced connectivity that reduces cost, increases speed, and maximizes efficiency—empowering our partners to operate at the forefront of a rapidly evolving digital world.

### **Let's Connect**

Discover how OptioConnect's intelligent infrastructure solutions can power your network's next leap forward. <a href="https://www.optioconnect.com">www.optioconnect.com</a> | info@optioconnect.com







