

ECONOMICS 100B: MICROECONOMICS

Winter 2013

Section A MWF 3:00-3:50, Center Hall 101

Section B MWF 4:00-4:50, Center Hall 101

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Office Hours: Th 10-1 in Econ 111

TAs	Session place/time	Office, Office Hours
Sec. A: Martha Gimbel	CENTR 119; Th 7:00pm-7:50pm	ECON 117; W 12:00pm-2:00pm
Sec. A: Andrew Chamberlain	CENTR 119; Th 8:00pm-8:50pm	SH 139; T 9:00am-11:00am
Sec. B: Veena Jeevanandam	WLH 2005; M 8:00pm-8:50pm	ECON 113; M 9:30am-10:30am
Sec. B: Xuan Ding	WLH 2005; M 8:00pm-8:50pm	SH 206; T 2:00pm-3:00pm
Sec. B: Kilian Tobias Heilmann	WLH 2005; M 9:00pm-9:50pm	ECON 116; Th 3:30pm-5:30pm

Course Objectives: Econ 100B analyzes the theory of the firm and markets when there is price taking behavior. Topics include the theory of production, commodity supply and input demand in competitive markets, and competitive market equilibrium.

Required Texts:

- (1) Perloff, Jeffrey M. (2011) *Microeconomics: Theory and Applications with Calculus*, 2nd edition. Pearson/Addison-Wesley.
- (2) Mark Machina's Econ 100ABC Math Handout.

Web Resources: You are encouraged to take advantage of the following supplemental material for the 100ABC sequence, available free over the Internet.

- (1) Martin Osborne's intermediate mathematics tutorial:
<http://www.economics.utoronto.ca/osborne/MathTutorial/index.html>
- (2) Preston McAfee's Introductory textbook (this material is at a level between most microeconomics principles textbooks and Perloff's more advanced treatment.) <http://www.introecon.com/>

Weekly Homework: Each week, I will post practice problems on Ted. They will not be graded. The best way to prepare for the exams is to form study groups and practice doing the problem sets together. I will post the answers after the problems are reviewed in TA sessions.

Exams: Grading will be based on three midterms (15% each) and a final examination (55%). The final exam will be cumulative. If you miss a midterm exam for a valid medical reason, you must inform me by e-mail no later than 24 hours after the exam and provide me with a doctor's note no later than one week after the exam. Then, the full weight of the midterm exam will be transferred to the final exam. All exams are closed book, and you may not use calculators and cell phones during the exams.

Regrade Requests: I will give back the midterm exams in class. You can ask for a regrade before you leave the room with your exam. Your whole exam will be regarded, and your score can go up or down. If you don't think you have enough time to look at your exam after the class, you can pick up your exam from my office during my office hours.

Schedule:

Week	Topic	Text Ch./Math Handout Section
1, 2	Theory of Production	Ch. 6
	Midterm 1, January 25	
3, 4	Theory of Cost	Ch. 7
	Midterm 2, February 15	
5, 6	Profit Maximization and Supply Under Perfect Competition	Ch. 8
7	Demand for Factors of Production	Ch. 15
	Midterm 3, March 1	
8	Equilibrium, Dynamics & Comparative Statics of Perfectly Competitive Markets	Ch. 9
9, 10	General Equilibrium	Ch. 10
	Final, March 20 (Section A), March 22 (Section B)	

FAMOUS OPTIMIZATION PROBLEMS IN ECONOMICS

Optimization Problem	Objective Function	Constraint	Control Variables	Parameters	Solution Functions	Optimal Value Function
Consumer's Problem	$U(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ utility function	$p_1 \cdot x_1 + \dots + p_n \cdot x_n = I$ budget constraint	x_1, \dots, x_n commodity levels	p_1, \dots, p_n, I prices and income	$x_i(p_1, \dots, p_n, I)$ regular demand functions	$V(p_1, \dots, p_n, I)$ indirect utility function
Expenditure Minimization Problem	$p_1 \cdot x_1 + \dots + p_n \cdot x_n$ expenditure level	$U(x_1, \dots, x_n) = u$ desired utility level	x_1, \dots, x_n commodity levels	p_1, \dots, p_n, u prices and utility level	$h_i(p_1, \dots, p_n, u)$ compensated demand functions	$e(p_1, \dots, p_n, u)$ expenditure function
Labor/Leisure Decision	$U(H, I)$ utility function	$I = I_0 + w \cdot (168 - H)$ budget constraint	H, I leisure time, disposable inc.	w, I_0 wage rate and nonwage income	$168 - H(w, I_0)$ labor supply function	$V(w, I_0)$ indirect utility function
Consumption/Savings Decision	$U(c_1, c_2)$ utility function	$c_2 = I_2 + (1+i) \cdot (I_1 - c_1)$ budget constraint	c_1, c_2 consumption levels	I_1, I_2, i income stream and interest rate	$c_1(I_1, I_2, i), c_2(I_1, I_2, i)$ consumption functions	$V(I_1, I_2, i)$ indirect utility function
Long Run Cost Minimization	$w \cdot L + r \cdot K$ total cost	$F(L, K) = Q$ desired output	L, K factor levels	Q, w, r desired output and factor prices	$L(Q, w, r), K(Q, w, r)$ output-constrained factor demand functions	$LTC(Q, w, r)$ long run total cost function
Long Run Profit Maximization (in terms of Q)	$P \cdot Q - LTC(Q, w, r)$ total profit	none	Q output level	P, w, r output price and factor prices	$Q(P, w, r)$ long run supply function	$\pi(P, w, r)$ long run profit function
Long Run Profit Maximization (in terms of L and K)	$P \cdot F(L, K) - w \cdot L - r \cdot K$ total profit	none	L, K factor levels	P, w, r output price and factor prices	$L(P, w, r), K(P, w, r)$ factor demand functions	$\pi(P, w, r)$ long run profit function