Starting New Churches

UNIT STUDENT REPORTS AND ANSWER SHEETS

DIRECTIONS

When you have completed your study of each unit, fill out the unit student report answer sheet for that unit. The following are directions how to indicate your answer to each question. There are two kinds of questions: TRUE-FALSE and MULTIPLE-CHOICE.

TRUE-FALSE QUESTION EXAMPLE

The following statement is either true or false. If the statement is

TRUE, blacken space A.

FALSE, blacken space B.

1 The Bible is God's message for us.

The above statement, *The Bible is God's message for us*, is TRUE, so you would blacken space A like this:

B C D

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION EXAMPLE

There is one best answer for the following question. Blacken the space for the answer you have chosen.

- **2** To be born again means to
- a) be young in age.
- **b)** accept Jesus as Savior.
- c) start a new year.
- **d)** find a different church.

The correct answer is b) *accept Jesus as Savior*, so you would blacken space B like this:



STUDENT REPORT FOR UNIT ONE

Answer all questions on Answer Sheet for Unit One. See the examples on the DIRECTIONS page which show you how to mark your answers.

PART 1—TRUE-FALSE QUESTIONS

The following statements are either true or false. If the statement is

TRUE, blacken space A.

FALSE, blacken space B.

- 1 I have carefully read all of the lessons in Unit One.
- **2** Christians should take the gospel to their own community first
- **3** Evangelistic services to reach the unsaved is the primary purpose of the local church body.
- **4** Churches multiply under preaching based on divine authority.
- **5** The gospel must be taken to unbelievers out in the world where they live.
- **6** Preaching against idolatry is the biblical way to win the lost.
- **7** Ministry gifts of healing are used only within the church body.
- **8** Teaching is a ministry gift used primarily within the church.

PART 2—MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS

There is one best answer for each of the following questions. Blacken the space on your answer sheet for the answer you have chosen.

- **9** Preaching the gospel in spite of persecution is a result of
 - a) a strong personality.
 - **b)** the anointing of the Holy Spirit.
 - c) not following God's leading.
 - d) an indication to preach elsewhere.

- 10 The church planter's message must be Bible-based and
 - **a)** socially acceptable.
 - **b)** Christ-centered.
 - c) authoritative.
 - d) forceful.
- 11 The primary mission of the church may be defined as
 - a) starting a church in my community.
 - **b)** sending Christian workers to every nation.
 - c) establishing Bible schools to train pastors.
 - **d)** proclaiming the redemptive purposes of God to the world.
- **12** Ministry gifts are given to all members of the body of Christ
 - a) but only certain leaders may actively use the gifts.
 - **b)** to attract unbelievers by the working of miracles.
 - c) to build up the body of Christ and prepare members for service.
 - d) primarily for prophetic preaching.
- 13 Faith received by hearing the Word is one aspect of the
 - a) work of the Holy Spirit in church planting.
 - **b)** planning of the church planter.
 - c) work of the pastor in a new church.
 - d) church planter's responsibility in evangelism.
- 14 Organizational structure of a church should be developed
 - a) when the church has a board of deacons.
 - **b)** according to a pattern established by a neighboring church.
 - c) to meet the needs of the church.
 - **d)** as evidence that the pastor is an effective leader.
- **15** The New Testament pattern of church financing is that
 - a) regular giving is an act of worship and love.
 - **b)** every member gives ten percent of his income to the church.
 - c) a finance committee agrees on a budget for the church.
 - **d)** the pastor describes the needs and asks for offerings.

- **16** Churches usually multiply more quickly when planted
 - a) among people of a similar religion.
 - **b)** in a small, friendly town.
 - c) near large schools.
 - d) in strategic cities.
- **17** The primary purpose of an administrative church council is to
 - a) establish the rules and policies of the church.
 - **b)** promote unity of the church body.
 - c) grant ordination to pastors.
 - d) control the election of church officials.
- **18** To prevent personality divisions in church leadership it is wise to
 - a) limit pastoral ministry to two years at one church.
 - **b)** avoid designating any one person as a leader.
 - c) demonstrate that all believers are co-laborers with Christ.
 - d) pray for humility.
- **19** Believers are protected from false teachers when they
 - **a)** study God's Word and have a firm faith in Christ.
 - **b)** hear various opinions and make their own decisions.
 - c) memorize a statement of faith.
 - **d)** listen to the teaching of only one pastor.
- **20** A purpose of the letters to the Galatians and the Corinthians is to refute false doctrine and
 - a) warn the believers to fear other teachers.
 - **b)** build understanding and faith in the person and work of Christ.
 - c) require believers to follow Paul's teaching.
 - **d)** prepare young pastors for ordination.

END OF REQUIREMENTS FOR UNIT ONE. Follow the remaining instructions on your answer sheet and return it to your GU instructor or office in your area, then begin your study of Unit Two.

STUDENT REPORT FOR UNIT TWO

Answer all questions on Answer Sheet for Unit Two. See the examples on the DIRECTIONS page which show you how to mark your answers.

PART 1—TRUE-FALSE QUESTIONS

The following statements are either true or false. If the statement is

TRUE, blacken space A.

FALSE, blacken space B.

- 1 I have carefully read all of the lessons in Unit Two.
- **2** Self-governing churches' main goal is to recognize the ability of the local church members.
- **3** Self-government is needed early in the life of the church.
- **4** A church naturally becomes smaller as it self-propagates.
- **5** Open air evangelism is a method useful only in large cities.
- **6** A self-propagating church is one that plants new churches.
- **7** New Testament teaching indicates that all churches can be self-supporting.
- **8** Church financial reports need to be given only to the pastor.

PART 2—MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS

There is one best answer for each of the following questions. Blacken the space on your answer sheet for the answer you have chosen.

- **9** Self-government is the foundation needed for
 - **a)** a self-propagating, self-supporting church.
 - **b)** the development of community leadership.
 - **c)** a cooperative fellowship.
 - **d)** recognition by civil authorities.

- **10** Paul established self-governing churches by
 - a) calling trained leaders from Jerusalem.
 - **b)** requiring monthly reports from each new church.
 - c) training and giving responsibility to local leaders.
 - **d)** appointing a board of deacons in every church.
- **11** Early self-government is needed primarily to
 - a) prevent friction among candidate leaders.
 - **b)** promote local leadership and spiritual growth.
 - c) free the church planter for other ministries.
 - **d)** encourage leadership talents in local members.
- **12** Agreement on doctrinal standards is a first step in self-government needed for
 - a) cooperation with other churches.
 - **b)** the appointment of the best leadership in the new church.
 - c) effective evangelistic work for surrounding areas.
 - **d)** the prevention of doctrinal error and promotion of unity.
- **13** Self-government must include discipline of members in order to
 - a) protect the reputation of the church.
 - **b)** prevent sin in the church.
 - c) establish a standard of conduct for the church members.
 - **d)** restore an erring member to a right relationship with God.
- 14 A self-propagating church will have as its primary goal the
 - **a)** teaching of a body of believers who are committed to Christ.
 - **b)** bringing of many people to hear the gospel.
 - c) evangelism of all the surrounding communities.
 - d) establishment of a standard of faith.
- **15** The primary benefit realized by a self-propagating church is
 - a) the increased fellowship of many members.
 - **b)** being a good example to daughter churches.
 - c) its spiritual strengthening in ministry and fellowship.
 - **d)** its enlarged vision for the needs of the world.

- **16** To plant new churches the mother church must first
 - a) determine the best locations for new churches.
 - **b)** find people who are ready to receive the gospel.
 - c) schedule prayer into all the planning.
 - d) train teams of reliable workers.
- 17 Self-support gives a church the advantage of
 - a) independence from accounting to others.
 - **b)** freedom from dependency and limitations of growth.
 - c) demonstration of fund raising ability.
 - d) no foreign influence.
- 18 Correct management of church finances includes
 - a) the sole authority of the pastor to spend the money.
 - **b)** a finance committee who oversees safekeeping, recording, and reporting of funds.
 - c) a bank account with emergency funds.
 - d) regular fund raising programs.
- 19 New believers should be taught
 - a) to give exactly ten percent of their income to the church.
 - **b)** not to be concerned about financial needs.
 - c) the responsibility, joy, and blessing of giving to God's work.
 - **d)** to share their possessions with other believers.
- **20** A self-supporting church will have greater growth for the following reasons. Which one is NOT true?
 - a) Donors in other areas will want to assist the church.
 - **b)** The members feel a greater responsibility to the church.
 - c) The pastor and members feel a mutual concern for the ministry.
 - **d)** There is growth in spiritual maturity.

END OF REQUIREMENTS FOR UNIT TWO. Follow the remaining instructions on your answer sheet and return it to your GU instructor or office in your area, then begin your study of Unit Three.

STUDENT REPORT FOR UNIT THREE

Answer all questions on Answer Sheet for Unit Three. See the examples on the DIRECTIONS page which show you how to mark your answers.

PART 1—TRUE-FALSE QUESTIONS

The following statements are either true or false. If the statement is

TRUE, blacken space A.

FALSE, blacken space B.

- 1 I have carefully read all of the lessons in Unit Three.
- **2** Leaders within the church promote stability and continuity.
- **3** Jesus used on-the-job training methods.
- **4** Qualifications for church leaders vary according to abilities.
- **5** A good leader will teach others to lead.
- **6** The church planting team should have a clearly defined target group.
- **7** Church planters must not build relationships with the community.
- **8** The only purpose of edification is to attract the unsaved.

PART 2—MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS

There is one best answer for each of the following questions. Blacken the space on your answer sheet for the answer you have chosen.

- **9** A church planter trains local leaders by
 - **a)** doing all the work himself to set a good example.
 - **b)** showing the work of well-trained leaders from another church.
 - c) helping the members develop their abilities.
 - **d)** giving responsibility to the person of greatest ability.

- **10** Qualifications for church leaders
 - a) will depend on local cultural standards.
 - **b)** are too rigid for all but very mature Christians.
 - c) are stated in Scripture and apply to all cultures.
 - **d)** will vary according to educational level of the people.
- **11** The first requirement for training church leaders is
 - a) intellectual preparation.
 - **b)** practical experience.
 - **c)** administrative preparation.
 - **d)** spiritual preparation.
- 12 The qualities required of a deacon can be measured by
 - a) the number of hours he works at his job.
 - **b)** his reactions to daily life situations.
 - c) the regularity of his church attendance.
 - d) his faithfulness in paying tithes.
- **13** Does a believer need to be specifically called to plant a church or is the need the call?
 - The believer must be specifically called by God to plant a church.
 - **b)** The need is the call.
 - c) Anyone can plant a new church.
- **14** A philosophy of ministry is
 - a) a blend of philosophy and theology.
 - **b)** the way the church planters feel about church life.
 - **c)** a set of unchangeable principles that guide the life of the church.
- **15** Because the process of church planting is so complex the author recommends that
 - a) church planters work alone.
 - **b)** church planters form a team.
 - c) new churches be started only by experienced church planters.

- **16** What is the first step in the church planting process?
 - a) Receive a ministry vision from God
 - **b)** Rent a building in which to hold services
 - c) Raise money for the project
- **17** A multiplying church will practice the concepts of
 - a) self-identity, self-government, and self-education.
 - **b)** self-government, self-satisfaction, and self-discipline.
 - c) self-propagation, self-support, and self-identity.
 - d) self-government, self-propagation, and self-support.
- **18** Church self-government is evidenced by
 - a) the submission of the members and the pastor.
 - **b)** the responsible participation of the members in ministries.
 - c) adequate offerings to support the pastor.
 - d) an active church board.
- **19** A non-multiplying church can experience spiritual renewal by
 - a) learning and obeying God's purpose for the church.
 - **b)** studying books on effective church growth.
 - c) remorse over their failure to obey the Scripture.
 - **d)** listening more faithfully to the pastor's teaching.
- **20** Which of the following is a hindrance to church growth?
 - a) the church planter gives responsibility to the members.
 - **b)** a daughter church relies on its own resources.
 - c) The pastor makes all the difficult decisions.
 - **d)** New believers participate in evangelism.

END OF REQUIREMENTS FOR UNIT THREE. Follow the remaining instructions on your answer sheet and return it to your GU instructor or office in your area. This completes your study of this course. Ask your instructor to recommend another course of study for you.